EXCERPTA FUNERARIA.

It was during the tyranny of Robespierre that the execution of Madam de Roland, and of the beautiful wife of the celebrated Camille Desmoulins, took place. The following narration relates to the latter of these. Fouquier Tinville, a week after the death of Camille Desmoulins, his wife, a charming woman of twenty-three years of age, was led to the scaffold. For her fate no eye, except those of her barbarous judges, refused a tear. Her execution has been so epoch in the annals of the French revolutionary government, since on that occasion, for the first time, a conspiracy against parliament, in the next sessions, for powers to convert the court into a railway.

Small Debts Act.—Judges in several parts of the country have already been appointed under the Small Debts Act, and it is intended to apply to her Majesty in Council to increase the jurisdiction of the court to the amount of £20 instead of £10 in the ninth section of the act of last session. There is a condition that the jurisdictions of the courts shall not be enlarged unless they are presided over by a barrister, pleader, or attorney.

The Naval Retirement.—On the 1st inst. 239 captains of the navy had sent in their names as accepting of the proffered retirement offered by the admiralty. Of them, 140 are in the senior 250 on the list; five hold good service pensions, nine hold out-pensions from Greenwich, and fifteen are Companions of the Bath, and hold good service pensions; nor the out-pensions are lost by the acceptance of the proffered boon.

More Concession.—The *Dublin Evening Post*, the organ of the Irish Whigs, says that it has been intimated to us, on an authority which we are not disposed to question—though we are far from announcing the statement as "gospel"—that it is the intention of her Majesty's government to dedicate the quitrents of this country to the building and repairs of the Catholic places of worship, from the next year inclusively.

The Statistical Institution.—The *Belfast Protestant Journal* says of the revival of the Orange societies:—Immense numbers continue to join this loyal body. Nobles are joining the ranks, and the preparations are in preparation which will make it invulnerable to the law, and infuse increased vigour and energy into its councils. The Grand Lodge of Ireland will shortly publish a code of their duties; and ere long there will be such an organisation of Protestants throughout the length and breadth of the land, as never previously existed.

The Dublin Detectives.—Mr. O'Connor has been removed, or suspended, from his situation of Inspector of the Detective Police, in consequence of his ordering a person named Phillips to be put on the Newcastle train on Saturday week, with a placard affixed to his hat, bearing the words "English swell mob." A requisition has been presented to the Lord Mayor calling on him to convene a special meeting of the town council for the purpose of considering what means should be taken for the abolition of the detective department of the Dublin police.

Clergymen and Railways.—The following letter has been sent by the Bishop of Exeter to those clergymen in his diocese whose names appear in the list of proprietors of railway parliamentary companies:—"Bishopstowe, Oct. 2, 1845.—Dear Sir: Without the slightest intention of scribing any improper purpose to you, I accept it as a duty to remind you that, in the Canons, 105, 88, 29, 30. I think that the words 'dealing for gain or profit,' in the 29th section, taken in conjunction with the exceptions in the 30th section, may be held to bring railroad companies within the provision of the statute, and therefore that being members of parliament committees might possibly expose clergymen to the penalty of the statute. I am, dear sir, yours sincerely, H. Exeter."

Iron Steamers.—The steam frigate building for the King of Prussia, and the yacht operation building, is the admiration of all passengers up and down the river. This fine vessel is entirely constructed of Iron. She appears a striking specimen of the great progress made by the projectors of these vessels, and cannot fail to give a great impetus to the manufacture of iron. Her burthen, it is said, will be at least one thousand tons. In consequence of the success attending the Great Britain, it is said that the gentlemen are now in some more favourable than ever to iron-built vessels, with safety compartments or water-tight bulkheads. The seven steamers now building have a great advantage over iron boats over paddle-wheels. This new order of naval architecture is beneficial to the iron trade, but likely to depress, in some instances the trade of those who, formerly, the caulker, and other classes employed in the ordinary course of ship-building in the dock-yards. Time, the great innovator, has produced in this respect amazing changes.—*Iron Times.*

The Great European Railways' Company.—Among the numerous, indeed, almost unlimited number of projects for the formation of new lines of railway which are now before the public, and other proposals for the judicious and profitable investment of capital, the above Company comes forward with the most comprehensive and practicable scheme, the completion and working of all the proposed Continental lines, as also a full and elaborate establishment of railways in our Colonial possessions. It is proposed that the revenues of the railway lines, and the profits of the successful negociation of this Company, such grant shall be constituted a separate and distinct Company; the holders of shares in the original Company to be entitled to *pro rata* proportion of the shares in every new Company formed by the obtainment of further concessions. A body of Directors will be selected from the Company for their individual wealth and standing in society, but as men of sound practically scientific views. A portion of such directors, accompanied by a sufficiency of efficient engineering staff, will visit the various localities where railways are required, report on the nature of the soil, population, and commercial resources of the country and every circumstance connected with the full development of the right capital. Daily, as proposals for the investment of capital are being made in the railways in the United Kingdom, they are not sufficient to meet the enormous hoard of wealth which still remains to be poured into the lap of speculation; and a Company such as this, formed from among the most respectable and wealthy men of the city, merchant princes, our fundholders, and large land proprietors, will have resources at hand which will enable them to undertake the most extensive projects in the way of railway communication, and secure to the shareholders a large return for the capital invested. At present only a preliminary announcement can appear, but in a few days hence, a prospectus will shortly be issued, with a powerful list of Directors, a complete detail of the Bankers, Solicitors, Engineers, &c., and should the demand be such as to be extensive a scheme, when we shall devote some considerable attention and space in our columns for the full consideration of this highly important subject.—*The Mining Journal.*

Death of Jackson, the Pugilist.—This celebrated character died, in his 77th year, on Tuesday, at his residence, 4, Bury Street, Bloomsbury, of a fit of apoplexy was the immediate cause of his death. Mr. Jackson was born in London, and was the son of the eminent builder by whom the church was thrown down in Bury Street, Mr. Jackson, soon after defeating Mendoza, established a school in Bond-street, not only for giving lessons in his numerous pupils, but for the introduction of such men as had either distinguished themselves in combat or were desirous of seeking fame in the pugilistic arena. He received the encouragement of the Dukes of York and Clarence (William IV.), the Duke of Queensberry, Earls Aberdeen and Sefton, Marquis of Worcester (the present Duke of Beaufort), Marquis of Tweddale, Lords Byron, Craven, Somerville, Barrymore, Foley, Fife, Cole, Ely, W. W. Wynn, Colonel Berkeley (now Earl Fitzhardinge), Mr. Harvey Combe, &c. After the coronation of George IV., at which Mr. Jackson and 17 of the most distinguished prize-fighters of the day were employed, dressed as pages, to guard the entrances of Westminster Hall and Abbey, which they did most effectually, he retired from public life, remaining, still, however, the frequent companion of nobleman and gentlemen who felt desirous of maintaining the old national sport of the ring. He, also, through life, distributed those rewards which the conduct of the exhibitants deserved. As a private associate and "boon companion" his company was extremely fascinating. Mr. Jackson was a man of great benevolence, proved by his charitable acts. In manners he was unassuming, and in language and demeanour perfectly the gentleman, and in easy circumstances, and his property will be inherited by his neice, his constant attendant.

A LION FIGHT.

In an extract which the *Debats* gives from a letter dated Bona, in Africa, on the 14th ult., the writer states:—"I have already spoken of the Bedouins of the Sahel, a tribe which have been given by the Marechal de-Bugis Gerard in his expeditions against the Ions. I must now tell you of one of his exploits, which occurred in the month of May. I should, however, mention that at midnight, on the 2nd of August, he killed a lioness near the Bedouins of Mohammed-ben-Ali, which had taken up in the country of Oulad Hamza, but without any remarkable incident attending it.

"On the 15th the brave young fellow was called on by the inhabitants of Meiro, near the Garden of Lions, in the gorges of the Mahmora, to rid the country of a black lion, which had depopulated it, and attacked the flocks for a distance of 4 leagues. For several nights Gerard posted himself with the expectation of meeting with the lion, but he lost the track of the animal, for the purpose, for the lion never took the same way twice. Tired of waiting, he pitched his tent, on the evening of the 19th, in the Garden of the Lions, and near the only spring which exists in this immense gorge.

"Seated a few paces from a narrow path, and partly hidden by an enormous stone, Gerard waited some hours for his terrible adversary. About eleven o'clock the noise of steps warned him of the animal's arrival: Gerard prepared for his reception, and the lion, which, whatever *ennui* may assert to the contrary, is endowed with the sense of smelling, with the nostrils of the intrepid hunter, and set up a fearful roaring.

"The moon shone brilliantly, and enabled Gerard to let him approach within about four or five paces, as a target for a sure aim. When the lion saw him he bristled with rage, and Gerard had a bullet ready in his pocket, which, if not exceedingly bounded back and stretch the brave fellow on his chest. At the same instant the lion darted towards him, striking with his chest the stone behind which he was placed, and overturned it on Gerard's feet. Unable to fire on account of being so near, he as quickly as possible seized his dagger, which he was accustomed to carry at his side without a sheath, and aimed a blow at the animal's left temple, but the blade broke and the lion walked off roaring fearfully. It was with great difficulty that Gerard could extricate his feet, which were much bruised, from the stone that had fallen on them. He however at last escaped, safe and sound, from a strife in which he reckoned his death as certain, but where he gave indisputable proofs of his coolness and bravery."

PROVINCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

Funeral of the late Earl Spencer.—The mortal remains of the late Earl Spencer left Wiseton-hall on Wednesday, for Brington Church, near Althorp, where they were deposited on Thursday morning in the family vault, by the side of his late wife, Lady Althorp, in compliance with his lordship's last wishes. At three o'clock p.m. the funeral procession was formed for the railway station at Mablethorpe, and presented a large concourse of spectators from the surrounding towns and villages.

Attack on Mr. Marshall by a Bull.—We yesterday received information that Mr. J. W. Marshall, Jr., Alderman Lucas's steward, was last week assisting to remove a bull from one pen to another, for the purpose of being sent to Smithfield market, when he strangely upon Mr. Marshall and Holder, the bailiff, both of whom he knocked down. Holder got away, however, without being much injured, but the bull knelt on Mr. Marshall, and very seriously injured him, and nobody could release him. Mr. Alderman Lucas immediately sent for Mr. Prout and Mr. Gould, Dr. Sibbald and Mr. Callaway, of London, but we regret to add, that at half-past 8 o'clock, the intelligent gentleman died. Mr. Marshall is universally and deservedly respected.

SANDWICH QUARTER SESSIONS.

These quarter sessions were held on the 9th instant, before William Fuller Butler, Esq., Q.C., Recorder.

Edward Stephen, was indicted for stealing at Ramsgate, three live tame rabbits, the property of Richard King.—Acquitted.

Sarah Tugwell, for having, on the 1st day of August, at Ramsgate, obtained from Thomas Gardner, one pair of boots, by false pretences.—Also for having obtained from William Wyborn, two pairs of boots, by false pretences.—Pleaded guilty.—Six months' imprisonment.

George May, in default of finding sureties for his appearance at the quarter sessions and to keep the peace, pleaded guilty, especially towards Henry Mackney.—Discharged.

Mary Moiles, for stealing at Ramsgate, a half-sovereign, the property of Mary Ann Page.—Discharged.

James Clarke Major, charged with stealing, at Ramsgate, one wooden shutter, the property of Walter Monger.—Discharged.

ROCHESTER AND CHATHAM.

James Espinasse, Esq., has been unanimously elected judge of the Rochester Court of Requests.

The Rochester Quarter Sessions took place on Saturday. Sophia Miles, the woman charged with the robbery at Miss Wilson's school, was found guilty of the offence, and on Saturday week, with a placard affixed to his hat, bearing the words "English swell mob." A requisition has been presented to the Lord Mayor calling on him to convene a special meeting of the town council for the purpose of considering what means should be taken for the abolition of the detective department of the Dublin police.

The Janus, steam-sloop, was tried at Chatham on Saturday last, by taking her to Sheerness, and on Monday and Tuesday she underwent a trial of speed, under the superintendence of the Gent of Dundonald, but although her engines have been taken to pieces, and every alteration supposed to be necessary to ensure success, still at present she is nearly as far from answering the expectations formed of her as on the first trial.

WOOLWICH.

Oct. 13.—The Myrtle steam-vessel, with the crew of the Princess Alice steam-vessel, arrived at Woolwich on Monday, to be paid off, preparatory to their leave of absence for sea, to Dover, to resume her duties at that station. One of the engineers, named Stone, had his hand so seriously injured on the passage round in the Myrtle, that it was considered advisable to put him on shore at Sheerness to obtain surgical assistance. Three of his fingers are so bruised as to render it probable that they will have to be amputated, and it is now expected he would be taken to Chatham for that purpose.

The Bulldog steam-frigate arrived at Woolwich yesterday, towed by the Commodore steamer, and moored in the river this morning to the East India Docks, to have her engines fitted by Messrs. Rennie and Co.

The Avenger steam-frigate is expected in having her engines fitted, and will be tried in the course of next month.

The Athol troop-ship arrived at Woolwich to-day from Devonport, with Brigade-Major Cuppage's Company, 9th battalion of the Royal Artillery, relieved from that station by Captain Garstin's Company of the same battalion. Captain Lake's Company, 5th battalion, is expected to arrive at Woolwich to-morrow in the Athol, for a passage to Leith, to relieve Captain Thorndike's Company, 4th battalion, under orders to return to head-quarters in the same vessel.

Oct. 14.—The Aron steam-vessel, Commander Denham, under orders to proceed to the Bight of Benin about the 18th inst., to relieve the Pluto, arrived at Woolwich.

The Athol troop-ship, Master-Commander Pearn, is now ordered to embark Captain Lake's Company, 5th battalion, at Woolwich on Friday morning, for a passage to Leith, to relieve Captain Thorndike's Company, 4th battalion, and on her return to proceed to Jamaica. Nine prisoners were landed from the Athol yesterday morning, for a number deserters from line regiments in America, and who had been sent home to this country under sentence of transportation. They were conveyed in the policeman this morning from Woolwich to Milbank Penitentiary, preparatory to undergoing their sentence of transportation.

M. Thiers.—This distinguished Frenchman, at present on a visit to this country, arrived at Woolwich Dockyard on Monday afternoon, and was accompanied by the Hon. H. T. L. Corry, Secretary to the Admiralty, with a party of friends of the Admiralty. Commodore Sir Thos. Hastings arrived at three o'clock p.m., and was received by Commodore Sir F. A. Collier, C.B. and K.C.H., and the authorities of the dockyard, with the usual honours. The artillery, boilers makers' and foundery departments, and over the Grampus frigate of 50 guns, the Terrible war-steamer of 800-horse-power, and the Bellerophon first-rate man-of-war of 120 guns, and also over every part of this great naval depot worthy of notice. After remaining upwards of an hour and a half in the dockyard M. Thiers and party returned to London.

The Late Fatal Accident in the Royal Arsenal.—In consequence of the fearful results of the late fatal accident, the authorities have determined on a more energetic effort to guard against the possibility of any event of a similar nature occurring in the Royal Laboratory Department. The manufacture of large shell and cartridges, which has hitherto been carried on in sheds in the centre of the square, attached to the Royal Laboratory Department, has been removed to the Ordnance Wharf, on the bank of the canal, and it is understood that the work of extracting the saltpetre from the fusees will also be carried on in this spot as soon as the necessary arrangements for that purpose can be made.

EXPERIMENTS IN WOOLWICH MARSHES.

October 15.—Colonel Cockburn, Lieutenant-Colonel Dansey, C.B., Lieutenant-Colonel Tulloch, C.B., Major Cator, C.B., Assistant Director-General of Artillery; Lieutenant-Colonel Harry Jones, R.A., Lieutenant-Colonel Boxer, Captain and Adjutant Tiernan, Captain and Adjutant Bean, Captain Hewitt, Lieut. Gardiner, and Lieutenant Macpherson, with a number of officers of the Royal Artillery and Royal Engineers, left the Mar Ice at one o'clock p.m., to witness experiments with rockets, and invention of Mr. Hale; and concussion fuses for exploding shells, invented by Sergeant Major Bennett, of the Royal Artillery. The rockets submitted to the members of the select committee on this occasion, and the experiments, were all commenced by firing them from Lieutenant Boxer's tube, at 1,000 yards range. The first rocket fired went over the mound at the extreme end of the marshes, and was considered a considerable elevation, nearly in a line with the target. The tube was then lowered, and the second rocket fired, which went over the mound at the butt head or target. The third rocket, without any apparent change in the elevation, went over the mound at the extreme end of the marshes, and the fourth—the last—the fourth rocket fell considerably short, the inventor himself suggesting that it must be attributed to the fuse, which was to stand 1,200 yards' range; it then rebounded, and went nearly the entire distance. The fifth rocket fell at an apparent distance of about 30 yards short of the target, and the inventor stated the tube proceeded at a considerable angle to the westward, going over the tops of the Government Powder Magazines, and the entrance from the Marshes, and striking the ground at 152 paces from the lock gate.

The inventor of the danger to be apprehended from the flight of the rockets should any of the others proceed in a similar direction, seemed to be completely allayed, as the ground on the second side of the lock gates, Colonel Cockburn, the senior officer of the select committee present, would not permit any more to be fired. Mr. Hale was very anxious that he should have been allowed to fire more of his rockets, having come to the Marshes prepared with 24 rockets. Colonel Cockburn was decline to opposing any further experiments with them, and the other officers of the select committee present concurred, as they would not hold themselves responsible for the result, if he should be allowed to fire them, for discontinued, and preparations made for trying experiments with Sergeant-Major Cochrane's fusees. A detachment of the Royal Artillery, under the command of Lieutenant-Colonel, and charge of the range, and the two 32 pounders and one 68 pounder guns were under the direction of Lieutenant-Colonel Chalmer. The first shell from No. 1 gun grazed the ground a short distance before it reached the entire length of the range, 800 yards, and did not explode. The second, a 68-pounder shell, struck the target and exploded with excellent effect. The third, a 32-pounder shell, struck the target, and scattered the splinters on exploding betwixt the timbers in all directions. The fourth, fifth, and sixth shells fired were all good, bursting in continuation of the striking of the target, and the fifth, seventh, eighth, and ninth were excellent and equally effective as the three previous, and the sixth striking near the top of the building, raised the upper piece of massive timber nearly a foot out of its original position, tearing the solid timber and bolts into fragments. The tenth, eleventh, and twelfth shells burst exceedingly the tenth and eleventh, the twelfth appearing to burn out its powder without bursting the shell.

The 13th, 14th, and 15th shells burst better than any we have ever witnessed, the 14th, a 68-pounder, actually setting the timber of the bulk head on fire. The 15th shell did not strike the bulk-head, having passed about two feet to the eastward of it, and entered the mound. The 17th and 18th burst on striking the bulk-head with powerful effect. Out of the 18 shells fired, 15 burst in as perfect a manner as could have been wished.

Sir Pr. Weller Pepys, Bart., expired at Tunbridge-park, Godstone, on Sunday week. The deceased was eldest son of Sir William Weller Pepys, by Elizabeth, daughter of the Right Hon. William Dowdeswell, was born the 4th of May, 1778, and, therefore, in his 68th year. Sir William was unmarried, and is succeeded by his brother, Lord Cottenham; and by his demise the Bishop of Worcester and Lord Lady Cottenham are placed in mourning.

A Veteran Shearer.—Among those who have been engaged in cutting down the crop on the farm of Mains of Haulkerton, in Kincardineshire, belonging to the Earl of Kintore, belonging to Laurencekirk, of the name of Wm. Mason. He was shearing early among the "seventies," and was a "hand" on the occasion of the great fall of Scotch cold snow in the "snowy harvest of '82," and relates how chilling and dismal it was to bear up in the intensity of the frost and snow of that dreadful season.

Partridge Shooting.—The Duke of Rutland and Lord George Manners commenced shooting on Saturday week, on his grace's estate at Cheveley. The sport, on the whole, was good, and the bags, on the average, were good. The hares are not so numerous this season as last, his grace having left orders to have them killed down, as regret was expressed by him from his tenantry, that they were suffering from the ravages made by them.—*Bury Post.*

Mr. Richard Marsh, son of Mr. Marsh, farmer, Singlidge, farm, by Hythe, was thrown from his chaise for the second time, set out on the 29th ult. from his father's house to Eythorne, to bid farewell to some friends. On returning, it appears, he got as far as Elmstone, when he rode upon its mettle, and attempted several leaps, in one of which he was thrown with considerable violence. When discovered he was insensible, and bleeding profusely from his mouth and ears. The horse, after his fall, ran home, and the loss of a watch in his fob being broken, the hoof of the horse had evidently come in contact with his side. He was conveyed home, and medical gentlemen attending, every possible attendance, died on the 7th instant. An inquest was held before Mr. T. T. Delasaux on the 8th instant, and a verdict of "Accidentally death" returned.

Death of Admiral Page.—This venerable admiral expired at his house on Friday last. As Ipswich was the place of his birth, he also made it the place in which, after active services for his country, he spent the declining years of his life. He lived much respected in the town, and has left to the corporation a valuable evidence of his generosity in the possession of a series of marine paintings, which have been observed Ipswich Town Hall. They were originally executed for his patron Vice-Adm. Hughes, and were subsequently purchased by Admiral Page, at a very considerable price. The splendid portrait of the admiral, painted by Robert Hannah, Esq., and which also was presented to the corporation, will now become increasingly valuable.

Death of Admiral Sir C. Rowley.—Admiral of the White Sir Charles Rowley, bart. G.C.B., G.C.H., who has only ceased to be commander-in-chief of the Channel squadron, and whose decease has been expected for some time past, died on Friday, at his residence at Brighton, at the advanced age of 75. His eldest son, Colonel Rowley, succeeds to the baronetcy. The other sons are in the navy—one commands the St. Vincent, 120, and the other, the Satellite, 18. The family of Rowley have long been distinguished in the service of Great Britain. Sir Charles was the grandson of Admiral Sir William Rowley, K.B., fourth son of Vice-Admiral Sir Joshua Rowley, and brother to the celebrated Admiral Sir Josiah. Sir Charles was officially complimented by Sir Sidney Smith, Lord Exmouth, Sir Thomas Fremantle, and Count Nugent. He commanded in chief in the Medway, at Jamaica, and at Portsmouth.

FAVERSHAM.

In the night of the 8th inst., the stable of W. A. Munn, Esq. at Throwley House, near Faversham, was entered, and no old brown mare stolen. She has a white stripe on her forehead, the near hind foot is white, and her hoofs have been cut. No clue has been obtained to the offender.

Lord Harris has kindly placed at the disposal of the committee of the Faversham Sunday School Anniversary a premium of £2 for the competition of those ploughmen who, by reason of their previous success at the annual ploughing matches, are considered the most competent to gain for the society's prizes for three years; and 15s. to the driver of the same. This offer has afforded much gratification, and will no doubt be the means of eliciting some superior skill.

Your obliged servant,

An Admirer of all genuine Old British Sports.

Tuesday, October 14, 1845.

P.S.—The insertion of the above will oblige.

REPORT OF THE CANTERBURY DIOCESAN EDUCATIONAL SOCIETY.

The Diocesan Board begs to submit to the Society a statement of their proceedings during the past year, by which it will be seen that the affairs of the diocese have gone on in the same satisfactory course.

LOCAL BOARDS.

The assistance afforded by these boards has been found equally valuable during the past year as in former years, and with the view to carry out the designs of the Diocesan Board more effectually, the Diocesan Board have recommended that the Secretary of each Local Board should be ex officio a member of the Diocesan Board. A Local Board has been formed for the Deanery of West Ilera, which will increase the means of the usefulness of the Society.

GRANTS.

The applications for pecuniary assistance have increased, and since the last report the following grants, amounting to £649 6s., have been voted by the Board:—

£50 towards the Diocesan School at Great Chart.
75 ..... at Sainghill Minnis.
80 ..... at Ashford.
70 ..... at Kingdown.
35 ..... at Elham.
250 towards fitting up a school at Hythe.
£40 in aid of school at Queenborough.
£6 6s. towards providing books and maps for school at Appledore and a similar sum at Ivychurch Dockyard.

£5 in aid of school at Brenchurst.

£100 on the building of Diocesan School at Maidstone.

£6 for a set of models for the Commercial School at Canterbury.

£30 to Canterbury Model School in part payment of salary of master.

£30 to Canterbury Model School pupil teachers.

£30 to Maidstone Model School to part payment of salary of master.

£30 to Maidstone Model School pupil teachers.

£84 towards the expenses of pupil teachers in training

£5 to the Principal for expenses.

£2 to the manager of Boughton Monchelsea at Maidstone.

Applications to the amount of £750 are still under the consideration of the board.

In the last report the board stated that there were eleven persons in training for masters and mistresses of schools—nine of the "Dover" having subsequently been added, leaving ten years, of whom there are now under the care and tuition of the principal, one manager of a Boughton Monchelsea school, one dismissed, and three have left from various causes.

Since the last report six masters and four mistresses have been appointed to schools in the diocese.

A master to a school at Allington; ditto, at Barham; ditto, at Chilham; ditto, at Chilham; ditto at Higgleswade, Bedfordshire; ditto, at Penshurst.

A mistress to a school at Ickworth, in Suffolk; ditto at Barmer, in Bedfordshire; ditto at Ivychurch; ditto at Ashford; ditto, at Fordwich.

The board have pleasure in reporting that the accounts of them received by the Principal from the managers of the schools are in every respect most satisfactory. The total number of schools now in connection with the Society is 100.

COMMERCIAL SCHOOLS.

The Commercial School at Canterbury is now paying its own expenses. The total number of scholars is 60, and the school continues to merit and enjoy the support of the public, under the efficient management of Mr. Lansdall, who has the superintendent master in the room of Mr Parker; upon his recommendation, and at the request of several parents of the scholars, the Board have allowed latin to be taught as part of the course of instruction, given in the school, on an extra payment of 10s. per quarter.

The number of scholars in the Commercial School, at Tenterden, is 22. The affairs of this school are conducted in a very satisfactory manner, under the superintendence of the Tenterden Local Board—and the hope expressed by the Board in their last report, that it would eventually become a self-supporting institution, has been realised. The number of scholars in the Maidstone Commercial School is 35. The Board have voted a further loan of £100 towards carrying it on, in the expectation of its ultimate success; the repayment of which has been secured by a subscription among the neighbourhood, in case the school should not pay its own expenses in the course of three years.

The Model Schools at Canterbury are in a very efficient state. The attendance is large and the behaviour of the boys highly satisfactory—and there is also a marked improvement in the girls school.

The Model Schools at Maidstone are well conducted and continue to deserve the support of the society.

It is gratifying to the Board to report, that the pecuniary affairs of the Society, which both at Canterbury and Maidstone, have been so much improved by proper management during the past year, that the Board have resolved, that it is no longer necessary to make applications for grants of only £30 instead of £60 as heretofore, towards the payment of the salaries of each of the masters.

The receipts of the board, during the past year amount to £1,287 18s. 2d., and the expenditure to £1,001 6s. 2d. The Board are pledged to the payment of £280 the amount of grants voted and unpaid; and they have been compelled to sell a portion of their stock in consols, and use some of their capital entirely on the annual contributions.

Such is the statement which the Board have to make of the events of the past year, and of the financial affairs of the society. The Board takes this opportunity of requesting attention to the following suggestions and recommendations, which they have, it would be very desirable, if all in arrear would kindly pay their subscriptions, as it is scarcely possible for the board to carry out their exertions and their designs unless such subscriptions are regularly paid. It becomes more evident every year that the Society must depend for its support, not so much with adequate education, even within its present limits, much more when the operations of the society are extended by the encouragement of the Diocesan Board of Education for the Diocese of Rochester which takes place after the present year. With a view to this, an offer has been made by the Earl of Romney to let eligible premises, in the town of Maidstone for the purpose of a Middle School, in which youth may be trained to Agricultural and commercial pursuits as well as to the business of school masters.

Considering therefore the variety, the extent and vast importance of the objects entrusted to the board considering how much has been effected, and how much more there is to be done, a strong claim is now made upon the liberality of all friends of sound religious education.

WEEKLY CALENDAR.

Oct. 22: Clock slow 15 min. 22 sec.—Oct. 23: Moon enters last quarter at 19 min. past 3 morning.—Oct. 24: Sun rises at 57 min. after 6, and sets at 23 min. after 4.—Oct. 25: St. Crispin.—Oct. 26: Twenty-third Sunday after Trinity. Lessons: Morning, Prov. 11. Luke 9. Evening, Prov. 12, Ephes. 6.—Oct. 28: St. Simon and St. Jude.

GENERAL KENT AND CANTERBURY HOSPITAL WEEKLY REPORT.

Admitted.....	In-Patients.	4—Out-Patients.	15
Discharged.....	4		
Remaining on the books.....	66		

Vacancies for In-Patients { Males ..... 12 / Females .. 30 }

Patients are admitted every Friday under Dr. Lochet, or every Tuesday under Dr. Rigden.

Surgeon for Friday, Oct. 24, Mr. Crawford—for Tuesday, Oct. 28, Mr. Tritton.

House Visitors for the week commencing Saturday, Oct. 25, Mr. W. Sankey, esq. and Mr. Capon Weekes.

Friday, Oct. 17, 1845. BYRNE, Secretary.

Children may be vaccinated by application being made at the Hospital on Wednesday and Saturday, at Eleven o'clock.

CANTERBURY DISPENSARY.

Number of Patients admitted during the past Week	21
Remaining on the Books	21
Total admitted since the opening of the Institution	19,000
Patients vaccinated	1

Patients are vaccinated every Wednesday, Nine and Ten o'clock under the care of Mr. Rigden, Surgeon.

By order of the Committee.

Burgate, Oct. 17, 1845.

*** Vaccination performed gratuitously.

THE KENTISH TIDE TABLE.

Showing the Time of High Water at the following Places, for the ensuing Week, both in the Morning and Afternoon.

1845 Oct.	Whitstable. MORN. H. M.	Whitstable. AFTER. H. M.	N. & S. Foreland Dover and Deal. MORN. H. M.	N. & S. Foreland Dover and Deal. AFTER. H. M.	Kelsey Crossing Sandwich Bay. MORN. H. M.	Kelsey Crossing Sandwich Bay. AFTER. H. M.
21	3 16	3 36	2 34	2 54	3 1	3 21
22	3 56	4 18	3 34	2 56	3 15	3 37
23	4 42	5 4	4 12	4 32	4 1	4 21
24	5 43	6 20	4 29	4 55	4 58	5 26
25	6 58	7 38	5 57	6 18	5 18	5 37
26	8 14	8 49	6 52	7 27	6 28	6 57
27	9 20	9 50	7 58	8 28	7 39	8 9

CORN EXCHANGE, Friday, Oct. 17.

Our supplies of English wheat continue moderate, and the trade ruling very heavily, prices are almost nominal. For the few rows of English wheat left over Monday, 2s. per qr. for higher rates are demanded, and in the transactions occurring in foreign wheat, a decline of 1s. per quarter from Monday is held as further advance of full 1s. per quarter, for bonded wheat, and in good demand; and free samples are only offered in limited quantities, obtaining in some instances higher prices. Barley is lower by 1 from 1s. to 2s. per quarter down for grinding qualities, 32s. a 34s. high bigger, whilst malting barley is selling samples at general some improvement. Beans are in request, and in advance of 1s. to 1s. per quarter, but pass of all sorts but little doing at Monday's rates. Peas have a good sale, and, coming from Ireland, with tolerably good quality, prices are about 1s. higher than Monday's quotations, and improving prices are realised. We note prices generally full 1s. per quarter dearer since Monday. Malt is held at a further advance of from 1s. to 2s. per quarter.

PRICE OF SEEDS.

Per Cwt.—Red Clover, English, fine 50s. a 55s. fine 55s. fine 60s. Foreign, 45s. fine, 55s. Dutch White Clover, —s. fine, 120s 130s—oils. —s. —s—Trefoil, —s. —s—Rape, —s. —s—cold, 46s 26s—Trefoil, —s. —s—Rape, —s. —s—Caraway, English, 60s 65s—Foreign, —s. —s—Coriander, 16s 0d 20s.

Per Quarter.—Sanfoin, 40s 45s—fine, 40s 45s—Hay Grass, 30s 35s—new, 25s 30s—Trefoil, 30s 35s—Linseed for feeding, 52s 55s; for sowing, 60s 68s; ditto for crushing, 52s 55s—Hemp, 24s 36s.

Per Bushel—White Mustard Seed, 14s 0d 24s 0d—new, —s—brown ditto, 8s 12s 0d—new, —s —Tares, 9s 0d 10s 0d—Rape Cake, 5s 0d 5s 6d.

Per Last—Rape Seed, English, new, £25 £30 f.—Foreign, old, £24 £26.

SMITHFIELD, Friday, Oct. 17.

The supply of cattle in this market was very small, buyers in their disposal, and all were cleared off early at Monday's quotations. Sheep were also very limited, but there was not the activity in the trade which prevailed on Monday, and prices, though all were sold, there was no advance in prices. The supply of pigs was very small, and the trade, though on equal lower the figure Pork was very brisk, selling at from 4d. to 6d. per stone.

To stink the offal—per stone of 8lb.

Beef ... 3s 0d 3s 4d 3s 8d 4s 0d 4s 4d

Mutton 3s 8d 4s 0d 4s 6d 4s 8d 5s 0d

Head of Cattle this day.

Beasts, 693; Sheep, 3720; Calves, 233; Pigs, 341.

NEWGATE and LEADENHALL—By the Carcase.

Beef, 2s 8d 3s 0d 3s 4d 3s 8d 4s 0d 4s 4d

Mutton 3s 0d 4s 0d 4s 6d 4s 8d 5s 0d

COVENT GARDEN and FARRINGDON MARKETS.

Oranges, 6s to 12s, and Lemons, 6s to 10s a 100.—Pines, 6s a 1b.—Apples, ordinary, 2s 6d to 4s 6d; and best table Apples, 6s 6d to 10s 6d per bushel.—Pears, ordinary, 2s 6d 6s 0d a doz.—English Melons, 3s to 5s each.—Dutch ditto, 12s 6d per dozen.—Pineapples, 2s 6d to 3s 6d per lb.—Mulberries, 1s per gallon.—Tomatos, 20s to 24s a barrel.—Hothouse Grapes, 1s to 3s per lb; and Foreign, 6s to 12s per dozen lbs.

Cauliflowers, 1s to 2s per doz.—Spinach, 1s per bush.—Celery, 1s 6d per bundle.—Beans, 2s per bush.—Onions, 1s per bush.—Cucumbers, 2s 6d to 3s each.—Rhubarb, 2s per bundle.—Parsley, 1s to 6s 6d per bushel.—Pickling Onions, 3s to 4s per bushel.—Pickling Onions, 3s to 4s per sack.

BUTTER.

Best fresh, 12s 6d to 13s per doz., second quality, 11s 6d to 12s 0d.

POULTRY AT LEADENHALL MARKET.

Large Young Fowls, 5s 6d to 6s 0d—ditto, 6s 6d to 7s; Chickens, 4s 6d to 5s 6d; Ducks, 4s 6d to 5s 0d a couple.—Turkeys, 7s 6d to 8s 6d—Geese, 7s 6d to 8s 6d—Pigeons, ditto (wild), 9d to 12s per dozen.—Pigeons, 4s to 7s 6d dozen.—Essex Fowls, 4s 6d to 6s 6d a couple.—Geese, 5s to 7s 6d each.—Turkeys, 6s 6d to 8s 6d—Pigeons, 4s to 7s a brace.—Partridges, 3s to 4s a brace.—Hares, 2s to 3s each.—Pheasants, 8s to 9s a brace.

SPIRITS, PER GALLON.

Brandy, duty free, Hennessy, 14s 0d 16s 0d—Cognac, 14s 0d 5s 0d. Rum, duty 9s 4d. 1s. 8d. to 3s. 0d.; Holland, duty 2s 6d., 1s. 9d. to 2s. 0d.; Scotch and Irish Spirits, 9s. 6d. 1s. 0d., 5s 0d.

NITRATE OF SODA—18s 0d to 18s 6d.

GUANO—Ichaboe, 15ss to 16ss 0d; and Peruvian, 21ss to 0s per ton.

TURPENTINE—Spirits, carboys, 30s 0d to 32s 6d; and puncheons 38s 6d; Rough, 8s 3d to 8s 6d.

TAR—Stockholm, 17s 0d to 17s 6d; Archangel, 16s 0d to 18s 0d; American, 14s 0d 15s 0d.

ASHES—Canada Pot, 26s 0d to 22s 0d; and Pearl, 29s 0d to 23s 0d.

POULTRY AT LEADENHALL MARKET.

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