

photo copies on hand - Benjamin & Reuben each bought, for 5 pounds 16p. & 3d sterling 250 acres in Stratford Dist on NE of Little Pudding on Treadwell's Creek 5 Jun 1786

ANS
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ADONIRAM TREADWELL 1701-1782 OF CT AND CHILDREN

First Generation

M224

1. Adoniram¹ TREADWELL,¹ son of John TREADWELL and Abigail MINOR (MINER), was born in Woodbury, ~~Fairfield~~ ^{Fairfield} Co CT 14 January 1701/1702. Adoniram died 1782 in Black River Reg, Duplin Co NC, at age 81.²

He married twice. He married Beulah GREGORY before 1723 in Stratfield, Fairfield Co CT.³ Beulah was born 1703 in Fairfield, Fairfield Co CT. She was the daughter of Samuel GREGORY and Mary SILLAVEN. Beulah died April 1776 in Stratford, Fairfield Co CT, at age 73. He married Mary (TREADWELL) after 1752 in NC.⁴ Mary was born date unknown in NC. Mary died after 1782 in Duplin Co NC, at age unknown. ADONIRAM TREADWELL 1701 - 1782 M448

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Adoniram TREADWELL was the first child and son of John and Abigail MINOR TREADWELL and was born on 14 Jan 1700/1. He probably was educated in the school at Pequonnock (Stratfield) CT and was a farmer and land speculator. His father died when he was 15. His father's will was probated in Stratfield on 1 Feb. 1716 with his Mother and Dean Thomas Hawley as executor. She later married LT. Richard MILES in Woodbury CT. It is possible that she died in 1721 as ~~the~~ that was when Adoniram's minor brothers were assigned guardians.

1725

Adoniram married Beulah GREGORY of Fairfield, Fairfield Co, CT before 1723. Their first son, Gilead, was born about ~~1725~~ at Stratfield, CT. It appears that Adoniram and Beulah moved from Stratfield to Brrokfield/New Milford CT before 1729. According to records compiled by John Henry TREADWELL of New Fairfield, CT in 1981, Adoniram might have been the first settler of North Parish on land he called New Dilloway. This 250 acre land was in the extreme northeast corner of North New Fairfield Parish bordering on the river then call Ousatunneck, now the Housatonic River on land near New Milford. Capt. John MINOR his grandfather was granted 100 acres of this land in 1684 which was left to MINOR's heirs and obtained by Adoniram in 1728. Adoniram purchased 150 adjoining acres from the Scatacook Indians on 24 April 1729. John Henry TREADWELL of New Fairfield, CT obtained copies of the deeds or patent to the land in New Dilloway in 1980. Adoniram built a house and two barns on his 250 acres.

He also had a partnership with 4 other men from NY State for land and mineral rights along the Whemesinck Brook which enters the Housantonic River about

Gaylordsville, 6 miles northwest of New Milford, between April 1737 and Jan. 1739.

However, for some reason, he became dissatisfied or in need of money and sold the the whole property to Roger SHERMAN, then a young (22) apprentice shoemaker and surveyor, for 1300 Old Tenor Pounds on 5 April 1743. ~~Roger established a family farm with the purchase. His father had died in 1741 in Stoughton MA with the familt moving to CT. Roger sold or swapped the property with Gamaliel BALDWIN for a house in Park Lane, New Milford in 1748. Roger became a businessman and was admitted to the CT Bar in 1754. He was self taught. His illustrious life led him to be the only signer of all famous Revolutionary War documents, The Association of 1774, Declaration Of Independence, The Articles of Confederation and The Constitution. In 1802 when New Fairfield was divided into two towns, the upper part where Adoniram and Roger lived was name Sherman. Evidently, Adoniram returned to the Town of Brookfield which is listed in Westchester Co., NY by some. There is also the Brookfield CT 10 miles south of Sherman. He was living in Brookfield on 7 December 1750 according to information obtained by Mrs. GARRETT of Atlanta GA.~~

I have found no direct records of the children born to Adoniram and Beulah, but it appears that children other than Gilead, and Adoniram Jr. who were probably born before 1730, were John in 1735 with Phoebe and Beulah born before 1750 all in New Dilloway or Brookfield. These children are mentioned in Adoniram's will probated at Duplin Co NC in 1782. Gilead is also mentioned in Samuel Gregory's, his grandfather, will of 1743 in Stratfield, CT. John Henry TREADWELL reports, however, that 2 Daughters of Adoniram were born at New Dilloway, Mereum and Jemima, and baptised in New Milford in May 1737 and Feb. 1739. Miriam (Mereum) has been identified by Mrs. Donna NEILSON of New Brunswick, Canada as being Adoniram's daughter who did not go to NC and married Ephraim TREADWELL in 1759 at Stratford, CT. Ephraim later declined to join Washington's Army and enlisted in the British Army. The family spent the war in Long Island and migrated to New Brunswick, Canada in 1783. Ephraim died in 1784 and Miriam remarried and died after 1793.

It is hard to establish the reason for Adoniram at age 50 to leave the well established CT family life for the uncertainty of the southern colonies. His younger brother, John, had left Stratfield for North Carolina in 1729 when he was 24 years old. John bought 100 acres on Lewis Creek in Onslow Co on 7 April 1749. This location is now part of Lejeune Marine Base. (John died about 1753/54, leaving his blind wife and son, Stephen.) They sold the land on 7 March 1761. Another family member to go south before Adoniram was his son Gilead. It appears that Gilead went to VA in the 1740's at about the same age as John above. Gilead had a son, Reuben in 1751 while in Bertie Co. NC and bought his first land in 1753, New Hanover Co. NC using 10 lbs. of VA currency. He was identified as a carpenter by trade. Neither John or Gilead could be said to have established a new successful life in NC, but their letters to Adomiram must have indicated how easy it was to obtain substantial land holdings and the land speculator took a gamble. He left his wife, Beulah and two youngest daughters in CT. Beulah died in Stratford, CT on April 1776.

Adoniram TREADWELL was granted warrants for 400 acres of land in Bladen Co, NC by petition to the Royal Council in New Bern on 28 Sep 1751. The Council also

granted warrents for 400 acres of land in New Hanover Co on 11 Oct 1751 to Beniram TREADWELL. It is not clear whether the name Beniram is for Adoniram or Benjamin. There was no known Benjamin TREADWELL in NC at this time. John HERRING, later to be a close associate of Adoniram, also received 500 acre warrent in Duplin Co from the Council on 30 Sep 1751. Bladen Co. was formed in 1734 and Duplin Co in 1750 from New Hanover Co. Gabriel Johnston was the Royal Governor from 1734 to 1752 as appointed by King George II. Adoniram was probably influenced by John and Gilead to apply for the land petition. Adoniram finally settled on the Black River and was paying taxes in 1755 to the Royal Administrator in Wilmington, New Hanover Co. NC. Adoniram married again as his second wife, Mary is mentioned as the heir in his will written in 1779.

I think that Adoniram Jr. (21), ²²⁴ John (16) and the his daughters, Phoebe and Beulah accompanied Adoniram on his move to NC. Gilead bought his first land of 100 acres on the west side of the Black River on 9 Oct 1753 and obtained 200 more acres (Zero Shucks) in 1754. Adoniram and Adoniram Jr. are on the 1762 New Hanover tax list. John, is also on the 1762 tax list, having started purchasing Black River land in 1760 and through 1787. Adoniram sold 100 acres of his land on the west side of the Black River opposite the mouth of the Great Cohary River to John for 100 pounds in Sep. 1776. Gilead sold 230 acres of his land on 17 Oct. 1767 and later in 1767 land transactions. ¹ Adoniram died in 1782 with his will being proved in the October Court of Duplin County in 1782.

The original will and probate resides in the North Caolina State Archives. Copies of the will signed by Adoniram have been obtained from the NC archives. *not sure*
The will reads as follows:

In the Name of God Amen. I Adoniram Treadwell of Black River in the County Duplin being very sick and weak in body but of perfect mind and memory Thanks begiven unto God; taking into mind the motality of my body and knowing that it is appointed for all men Once to Die do make and Ordain this my last will. Will and Testament that is to say principally and first of all. I give and recommend my soul into the hand of Almighty God that gave it and my body I recomend to the Earth that be buried in Decent Christain Burial at the discretion of my excecutors Nothing Doubting but at the General Resurrection I shall receive the same again by the Almighty Power of God and as touching such wordly Estate where it has pleased God to bless me with in this life . I give demise and dispose of the same in the following Manner and Form. First I give to the heir of my Deceased Son Gilead one shilling lawfull money of England to be raised and levied out of my estate. Also I give to my beloved son Adoniram and my beloved son John and my beloved daughter Phebe and my beloved daughter Bulah and also my beloved grandson Enos Mathis each and every one of them one shilling lawfull money of England to be raised and levied out of my Estate Also I give to my well beloved Wife Mary Whom I likewise constitute make and ordain the Sole Executor of this my last will and testament all and singular my lands messages and tenaments with all my goods and clothes real and personal by her freely to be possed and enjoyed and i do hereby utterly disallow revoke and disannul all and every other former testament wills bequid - and executors by me in any wills before named willed and bequithed ----- and confirming This and no other to be my last will and testament in wittnessed whereof I have herewith set my hand and seal this sixteenth day of

January In the Year of Our Lord One Thousand Seven Hundred and Seventy Nine.
(Signature) (Seal)

Witwitnessed Richard Herring, Abner Sythey ?, Enoch Herring

Mary was listed in the 1784 Sampson Co census when it was formed from western part of Duplin Co. ~~She also sold Adoniram's lands on Black River to Richard Herring and son John who had established considerable land holdings and slaves before and after his service as a Major with NC Militia.~~ The date of Mary's death is unknown, but there is little doubt that John who had a large plantation and over 20 slaves took care of her after Adoniram died.

As a 65 to 82 year old patriot, Adoniram, must have had strong feelings about the Revolutionary War as there were thousands of Highland Scot Loyalists in the Cape Fear region who had come to NC directly from Scotland in the 1730-40's. Duplin Co turned out volunteers for the Militia "Sons of Liberty" in 1765 and marched to Wilmington to protest the Stamp Act being enforced by Gov. Tyron. Tyron never enforced the Stamp Act in NC before its repeal in 1766. At the beginning of the Revolution, the people of Duplin were generally united for independence. They formed committees, elected officers, encouraged recruitment, and trained the Militia in the exercise of arms. They held frequent meetings and sent delegates to the conferences in New Bern, and Hillsborough where independence was proclaimed by the Provisional Congress of NC in 1775. In February 1776 British General Donald McDonald organized about 1600 Scot Highlanders, Loyalist in the vicinity of Campbelton (now Fayetteville) to march on Wilmington to destroy the patriot arm supplies. Col. Kenan, a patriot, recruited about 300 Duplin Co Militia and went to Rockfish near Fayetteville and about 40 miles from the Treadwell's plantation on the Black River to resist the Tories. John TREADWELL was an officer in this Militia Army. McDonald army drove east from Cambleton toward Wilmington but a group of continental minutemen and militia under Capt. Clinton & Love joined others to fight the Tories at "Moore's Creek" on Feb. 26 1776 near Wilmington. They captured Gen. McDonald and dispersed the Scottish Highlanders. This battle was one of the first to be fought by only the local men of the provinces. A true Civil War between the Scots and patriots was being conducted in the South. The blood and bitterness of their battles typlifies much of the Revolutionary war in the South. Adoniram's son, John, grandson, Reuben who was the son of Gilead, and his nephew, Stephen, a son of John, Adoniram's brother, all fought in the battle of Moore's Creek. Adoniram and his loyal neighbor, John Herring had established a small weapons manufacturing facility on their farms in support of the Militia. This facility was later destroyed by the Scot Loyalists in about 1778-79.

After the defeat of British arms, the Royal Governor Josiah Martin left NC for Charleston SC when British fleet anchored off of Wilmington. This was the last time NC had a Royal Governor. After Moore's Creek, the NC State Represenatives sent Duplin Co and other Volunteers to SC to resist the British Army threatening Charleston. ~~Reuben TREADWELL was drafted for this duty.~~ In June 1776, British Gen. Clinton tried to capture Charleston SC by naval bombartment but failed. Sgt. William Jasper was a hero during the naval bombartment as he retrieved the patriots' flag from its fallen position from Fort Moultrie. This victory brought 2 years of time free from the British. In November 1778, the British captured Savannah GA and by the spring of 1779 had subdued all of GA.

General Clinton and Cornwallis renewed their effort to capture the South and defeated the Patriot General Lincoln at Charleston SC on May 12 1780. Using mainly Loyalist soldiers, Cornwallis passed back and forth through the region. Major John TREADWELL, Adoniram's son, took three companies of Duplin Co Militia to SC and joined General Gates. Gates' army numbered 2600 to 3000 men with 2000 of them Militia was attacked at Camden SC by Cornwallis and defeated. Gates fled and lost his army command after this battle. However, 1400 Loyalists were defeated at Kings Mountain, NC on 7 Oct. 1780 and caused Cornwallis to retreat from his base in Charlotte NC to Windsboro SC. During this period NC Militia from Duplin Co with Reuben TREADWELL being among them 56
~~served a three month tour of duty on the PeeDee River at the boundry of NC-SC,~~ to restrain the Loyalists. Many of these men including Reuben later received land grants from SC for this duty. The Duplin Militia fought the rest of the war against the local Loyalists and probably did not join General Greene' army pushing Cornwallis to Yorktown.

Adoniram TREADWELL and Beulah GREGORY had the following children:

- + 2 i. Gilead² TREADWELL, was born circa 1723.
- + 3 ii. Adoniram TREADWELL Jr. was born before 1730.
- 4 iii. Beulah TREADWELL⁵ was born in New Milford, Litchfield Co CT before ~~1750~~; Beulah died at age unknown.
- + 5 iv. John TREADWELL Major Rev.War,NC was born circa 1735.
- + 6 v. Miriam TREADWELL was born before May 1737 (see chr.).
- 7 vi. Phoebe TREADWELL⁶ was born in New Milford, Litchfield Co CT before 1750. Phoebe died at age unknown.
- 8 vii. Jemima TREADWELL⁷ was born in New Milford, Litchfield Co, CT before February 1739/1740 (see chr.). Jemima died date unknown at age unknown.

Second Generation

2. Gilead² TREADWELL (Adoniram¹)⁸ was born in Fairfield Co CT circa 1723. Gilead died before 1779 in New Hanover Co, NC, Will of Father, at age 56.

GILEAD TREADWELL 1723 - 1779



172 Gilead TREADWELL was the first child and son of Adoniram and Beulah GREGORY TREADWELL and was probably born about 1723 in New Dilloway, Fairfield County, CT. It is hard to follow Gilead's life since the first documented record is his purchase of 100 acres of land in New Hanover Co, NC on the west side of the Black River on 9 Oct. 1753 with 10 lbs. VA Currency. He is identified as a Carpenter by trade. He also is noted in his Mother's Father (Samuel GREGORY) will of 8 Feb 1742/43 at Stratfield, Fairfield Co. CT. I believe that Gilead left CT sometime in the 1740's and headed south. He probably resided in VA as a carpenter for a period to obtain the VA currency, and moved to the Bertie District, NC.

It appears entirely possible that he is the father of Reuben TREADWELL who was born in 1751, Bertie Co. NC. Gilead might have been responsible for encouraging his father and brothers Adoniram Jr. and John to come to NC in the 1750's. He bought 200 acres in New Hanover Co. in 1754. His father Adoniram was a tax payer in New Hanover Co. NC as early as 1755.

Gilead sold to his brother, John, 100 acres on the west side of the Black River on 7 March 1759 for 30 lbs, making a nice profit on his 1753 transactions.

The New Hanover County Court Minutes 1738 to 1785 shows that Gilead was active in court duties as juror, witness, and deed proven during the time frame of March thru June 1765.

He bought 320 acres of land in Duplin Co. from William Stephens in 1766. He also bought two tracks of land in Duplin Co. from William Stephens on 1 Oct. 1767. Gilead Treadwell of Bladen Co. sold 230 acres of land in Duplin Co. on 1 Oct. 1767 to William Vann.

The doggeral of the NC Treadwells in the South Carolina University Carolina Library reports "Gilead as a nimble lad". He might have died early from his carpenter trade as was to happen to his grandson, a mason, Adoniram.

The time of Gilead's death as between 1767 and 1779 can only be estimated from his land transactions and his father's will which assigned one shelling to the heir of his son, Gilead, on 6 Jan 1779. I think that Gilead had 2 sons, Reuben and Benjamin, and they both left the Black River Region in 1779 after selling their NC lands for Georgetown District, SC.

Gilead TREADWELL had the following children:

- 9 i. Reuben³ TREADWELL (Pvt. Rev War)⁹ was born in Bertie Co. NC 1751. Reuben died 29 May 1833 in Rutherford Co. NC, at age 82.

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He married Amelia DAWSEY 22 October 1779 in Georgetown, Dist. SC, Rev. War Claim, also gives ¹⁰ Amelia was born 4 May 1764 in Georgetown Dist., Later ~~North~~ SC. She was the daughter of William DAWSEY. Amelia died 8 April 1844 in Lamar, Marshall Co, MS, at age 80.¹¹ REUBEN TREADWELL 1751 - 1833

Reuben TREADWELL is believed to be the son of Gilead TREADWELL who migrated south to VA & NC from CT before 1753. Reuben was born in Bertie County NC in 1751 according to his Revolutionary War Pension claim W 6311. This claim is

*#2
can I get
a copy?*

*JTA - Doesn't
this refer
instead to
4 of Reuben's
sons?*

recorded in the National Archives Microfilm No. 804 Roll 2411 "Revolutionary War Pension and Bounty-Land-Warrant Application Files" covering names from Alpheus TREADWAY to Cato TREDWELL.

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Handwritten mark

Gilead TREADWELL purchased 100 acres of land on the west side of the Black River in New Hanover Co in October 1753 with VA currency so Reuben moved from Bertie Co. to New Hanover as an infant. Reuben's entire boyhood must have been spent farming and craftwork in the Black River region. Judy Prisley found an interesting doggerel about Gilead and Reuben in the University of South Carolina, Caroliniana Library. It goes:

93 believes this remains to sons of Reuben #56 not as indicated below

Gilead was a nimble lad, b. 1806
Adinorum was a drone, b. 1794
John lives to run about, b. 1798
and Reuben stays at home. b. 1790

These words which were probably made in the 1750s and before John was married in CA 1756. They do not place Reuben as the son of Gilead or Adinorum, but he was not a drone. John's will does not mention a son Reuben and Adinorum (Adoniram) was a drone as he absconded on loans in SC and had sheriff orders for his arrest.

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The first documented record (Rev. War Pension Files) of Reuben's activities is his volunteering in Dec 1775 for NC Militia duty. He was called to duty in January 1776 for three months and joined Captain Steven ANDERSON's Company in Col. CASWELL's NC Regiment to fight the Tories under command of General MacDonald. MacDonald had collected an army of 14 to 15 hundred men from the Scotch Loyalists around Campbelltown (Fayetteville) NC and was proceeding to Wilmington to take over the supplies of the Patriots, and provide troops for the British effort in the south and New York.

M. 14 #1

Brigadier James Moore was in command of the Patriot forces which included Col. Caswell Regiment of 800 men who had marched from New Bern while adding men to his regiment. The Patriot force maneuvered north and west of Willmington and met the Tories at Moore's Creek Bridge on 27 Feb 1776. This is the first major military action of the Revolutionary War in the south. General McDonald attacked but was driven off with about 30 killed and wounded. McDonald was captured by the Patriots the next day. The Patriots casualties were 2 wounded with one, John Grady, dying. This engagement temporarily put an end to the Loyalists, Scottish Highlanders effort to gain control of Wilmington. NC

M. 14 #2

remained free of Loyalists disturbances until 1779.

The following words about Moores Creek Bridge Battle are from Reuben's testimony on 24 October 1832 when he applied for his Rev. War Pension before a Justice of the Peace in Rutherford County, NC. The microfilm copy and the handwriting are poor so many words are indistinguishable.

"As well as I can recollect --- in year 1775 I was living in Hanover County North Carolina when we -----
 ---. I was called out in January (1776) for three months. I was under Steven Anderson Capt. We served at the Battle of Moores Creek Bridge where we defeated the enemy. We were there under the command of Col. Caswell. After the battle was over we was all --- to return home. Shortly after we returned home, I was drafted on another tour at Wilmington. I was placed under the same Captain Anderson, Col. Robertson commanded this regiment. (A Col. Robeson of Bladen Co. headed a NC Regiment in 1777) We --- --- up some breast works --- the British could not land at --- point. --- --- by reports of the spy. We could hear the roar of his cannons was at a place below Wilmington. --- --- large vessels to fill up the channel to prevent their ships from --- up the sound. I remained at this place until our leave of service expired and we returned home". Note that the British forces and fleet left Wilmington in May 1776 to attack Charleston, SC. They were unsuccessful.

The next record of Reuben is when he witnessed a deed of sale for 300 acres to his brother Benjamin on 25 Sep 1777 in Duplin Co on the Cohary River. The assumption that Benjamin was Reuben's brother is based on deduction from the known TREADWELL family names and settlements around the Cohary and Black River region. We know that neither Reuben or Benjamin were sons of Adoniram Sr. or John his son as they are not mentioned in either of their wills. That leaves only Gilead and Adoniram Jr. as their possible father. The only record we have of Adoniram Jr. in NC is his having paid taxes in Duplin Co in 1762 together with his father. He is mentioned in his father's will of 1779. Adoniram Jr. probably came to NC with his father in the 1750's. Gilead is the more logical choice as he was undoubtedly in VA & NC before his father and the date of birth for Reuben is consistent with this assumption. Also Benjamin and Reuben continue to follow one another in location from 1777 to 1786. They were in Duplin Co. NC in 1777. Benjamin sold his 300 acres on Cohary River to William Vann on 26 April 1779. Both, Reuben and Benjamin obtained bounty land grants in Georgetown, (later 1801 Horry) District, SC near Galivants Ferry and

Tredwell Swamp following the Rev. War in 1786.

To continue with Reuben's pension application testimony:
 "I from that place went into South Carolina Horry District. (Georgetown District in 1779) I --- in the year 1779. Shortly after my arrival at that place, I was drafted for a three month tour under Capt. Benjamin Jarrel, under the command of Col. Horry. We was stationed at Doctors Creek about two miles from George Town. We was kept at that station for time until we was discharged and returned home. (Reuben married Anealia Dawsey of the Dawsey family at Galivant Ferry, Georgetown District on 2 or (22) October 1779). Some short time after, I was drafted again under Capt. Benjamin Jarrel. We was ordered to Orangeburg under the command of Col. Giles (Jiles). We was placed as a guard over some waggons bound for Charleston with provisions. Since Clinton --- Commandant --- --- --- --- --- Charleston. We was stationed there for four (six) months. I was then discharged by Captain John James and returned home. Some time after my return I was called on again and went to George Town under Captain Benjamin Jarrel. Stationed there under Col. Peter Horry --- --- --- was a guard until our time expired and returned home. Shortly after that time peace was proclaimed." The battle of Yorktown was 19 October 1781.

Reuben's pension application continued with questions by the Court:

"Question 1 by the Court: Where and in what year were you born?

Answer 1 I was born in the State of North Carolina, Bartie (Bertie) County in the year 1751.

Question 2: Have you any record of your age, if so where is it?

Answer 2 I know it from some correspondence of my age at the time when I entered the service and from the declaration of my parents in their lifetimes.

Question 3: Where were you living when called into service? Where have you lived since the Revolutionary War and where do you now live?

Answer 3 I was living in Hanover County North Carolina when called into service from that place. I moved to Horry District North Carolina in the year 1779 where I resided until sometime after the Revolutionary War. (Note that Horry District was not formed from Georgetown District until

19 Dec 1801) I then moved to Darlington District S. Carolina. Sometime after that I came to Rutherford County N. Carolina where I now reside.

Question 4: How were you called into service? were drafted, or were you a volunteer, or were you a substitute and if a substitute for whom?

Answer 4 In my first tour I volunteered for 3 Months

In my second I was drafted for 3 Months

In my next tour I was drafted in S. Carolina for 3 Months

My next service drafted in S. Carolina for 3 Months

My next tour drafted for 4 (6) Months

My next service drafted for 3 Months

Makes nineteen months I was on actual service. In fact I was scarcely out of service for we could not stay at home at peace. Our county was -----

Court: State some of the Generals --- --- you know in the Regiments or Militia, officers and then general commanders as you can recollect.

Answer: At Moores Creek Bridge, Governor Col. Caswell; at Wilmington General Moore and Colonel Robertson; at S. Carolina, General Marion, General Moultrie, General Lee whilst --- Horry District the British took the greatest part of peoples --- that belonged to what was theirs Col. L- --- was --- ---".

Reuben was granted a pension on his testimony of 24 October 1832. The North Carolina Rev. War Pension Rolls page 117 shows that Reuben began receiving the pension effective 4 Mar. 1831 and had received \$148.19 until death on 29 May 1833 in Rutherford County, NC.

54 Reuben met Amelia Dawsey in Georgrtown District SC (later Horry District) and they were married on 22 October 1779. Amelia was 15 years old and Reuben was 28. After Reuben's death, Amelia traveled to Lamar, Marshall County MS in 183- with her sons Reuben D. and Timmons. She applied for a MS Rev. War Pension on 9 June 1840. The MS Pension Court has the following record:

"Marshall County, Mississippi 24 Aug. 1840

Personally appeared in Court, Amelia Treadwell, resident of Lamar, in said County, age 76 years. Married to Reuben Treadwell the 22nd of October 1779, that her husband died the 29th of May 1833.

Benjamin Treadwell, their oldest son born 25th Feb. 1781;

Sarah Treadwell, daughter, born 11th April 1783; James Treadwell, another son, born 22 August 1785; Reuben D. Treadwell, another son, born 22 Feb. 1790; Samuel Treadwell was born on 11 Jan. 1792; Adoniram Treadwell, a son, born 16 Jun 1794; William D. Treadwell was born on the 4th of Feb. 1796; John H. Treadwell, a son born 11th Sept. 1798; Timmons L. Treadwell, a son born on the 27th of Aug. 1800; Thomas D. Treadwell was born on the 11th of March 1802; Julia Ann Treadwell born on the 11th Aug. 1804; Gilead C. Treadwell born on the 6th Feb. 1806; Bethel D. Treadwell, a son born 27th Sept. 1808; Lovick P. Treadwell, a son was born the 26th of September 1812. Signed by her mark, Amelia Treadwell".

Amelia Treadwell, widow of Reuben Treadwell was placed on the Pension Roll at Jackson, Miss. \$63.33 per annum. Court #5780 issued 29 March 1844.

Amelia and Reuben's first child, Benjamin Franklin, was born on 25 February 1781 in Wade County, VA according to the DAR Linage # 230510 and # 611015 or possibly Edgefield, SC according to Judy Prisley. There is no Wade County in VA and Edgefield is far west of Georgetown District where Reuben appears to have been during 1781. More research on this location will have to be done. Their second child, a daughter Sarah, was born 11 April 1783 probably in Georgetown (Horry) District SC.

Reuben obtained his Rev. War land grant of 250 acres in Georgetown (Horry) District on the N.E. side of Little Pee Dee River with a creek running through the property on 23 April 1785. His brother, Benjamin, also obtained his land grant adjacent to Reuben on the same date. The creek became known as TREADWELL Creek. The US Geodetic map of 1982 shows this area as TREDWELL SWAMP just south of Galivants Ferry, SC. DAWSEY SWAMP is just north of Galivants Ferry.

The 3rd child, James, was born on 22 August 1785 in Georgetown (Horry) District.

Reuben probably moved the family to Sparrow Swamp area, Darlington, Cheraws District SC after the birth of James.

Reuben is recorded in the 1790 census as living in the Cheraw District. This district was composed of Darlington, Chesterfield and Marlboro Counties. The family had 2 males under 16; three males were born between 1781 and 1790. Benjamin b 1781, James b 1785 and Reuben D. b 1790; only 1 female is listed and it must have been Amelia even though their daughter Sarah was born in 1783. They had 1 slave.

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Reuben is recorded in the 1800 census as living in Darlington Co SC, probably at Sparrow Swamp, with 5 males under 10, Samuel b 1792, Adoniram b 1794, William D. b 1796, John H. b 1798, and Timmons L. b 1800; 2 males 10 & under 16, James b 1785 and Reuben D. b 1790; and 1 male 45 & up, Reuben b 1751. There were 1 female under 10, and 1 of 26 & under 45, Amelia b 1764. The female under 10 could be an error as Sarah was born in 1783 as the only daughter to that time. They had 2 slaves according to the census. Benjamin, their first son born in 1781 must have moved on as he is not accounted for in the Darlington census. We later find him in Columbia SC 1830 census under the name of TRADEWELL. He married Eliza McKennedy Byrd of Columbia SC in 1808.

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The 1810 SC census has Reuben TRADWELL listed as living in Darlington District. Note the last name spelling. His home was probably in the Sparrow Swamp area as many of his recorded census neighbors are shown on the first SC state atlas, Mills 1826 Atlas as living in Darlington District, around Sparrow Swamp which is 15 miles south of the city of Darlington. Reuben is recorded as having 3 males less than 10, 3 males 10 and under 16, 2 males 16 and under 26, 1 male 45 or greater, 1 female less than 10 and 1 female 45 or greater. No slaves. This census record agrees with the childrens birth dates except for Benjamin, Sarah and James. It is possible that Benjamin had left for the ministry in Richland District and Sarah and James had died.

The next record for Reuben is witnessing a will for Thomas Hickson in Darlington District on 10 Feb. 1810 and a note for 15 Jan. 1812 that Reuben Treadwell formerly of Darlington now of Richland District.

It is not known when Reuben took the family to Rutherford County, NC. The family is shown in the 1820 Census of Rutherford Co. NC with 2 Males 10 to 16, (Gilead B. & Bethel C.) 1 Male 16 to 18, (Thomas D.) 2 Males 18 to 26 (John H. & William D.) and 1 Male over 45 (Reuben). Only one female is listed as over 45, (Amelia).

The Rutherfordton Weekly Newspaper published a notice that Reubin TREADWELL had letters at the post office on 8 Jan and 9 April 1831 so he could probably read unless his son Rev. John H. TREADWELL who also had letters at the post office read them to him. He was granted his Rev. War Pension in Rutherford Co NC on 24 October 1832 and died there the next year on 29 May 1833.

- 10 ii. Benjamin TREADWELL was born in New Hanover Co, NC circa 1755. Benjamin died after 1805 in Horry District, SC, at age 51.¹²

3. Adoniram² TREADWELL Jr. (Adoniram¹)¹³ was born in New Dilloway, Fairfield Co CT before 1730. Adoniram died after 1801 in Georgetown Dist. SC, at age 72.

He married Mourning LAMB before 1762 in New Hanover Co, NC.¹⁴ Mourning was born before 1750. Mourning died after 1790 in SC, at age 56. ADONIRAM TREADWELL Jr. before 1730-after 1801

Adoniram TREADWELL Jr. was the second son of Adoniram and Beulah TREADWELL and was probably born in New Dilloway, Fairfield Co., CT about 1730 between sons Gilead ~1723 and John 1735. He migrated to Duplin Co, NC with his father in the early 1750's and settled in the Black River region. Adoniram's name is on the 1762 New Hanover Co, NC Tax List so he must have owned property at that time. Duplin Co. was formed from part of New Hanover in 1750 and it remained the the Administration Center for Duplin Co.

Adoniram TREADWELL Sr. will of 6 January 1779 in Duplin Co. specifies that "I give...to my beloved son Adoniram one shilling lawfull money of England be raised and leaved out of my estate". January 1779 was a low point in the Southern Revolution as Savannah, GA was retaken and with Loyalist flocking to GA, the state was back in the British Empire. Obviously the Loyalists in NC were encouraged and the times on the Black River were obviously black. This is the last record of having Adoniram Jr. in NC.

The 1790 census of SC gives Mourning LAMB as living with Adoniram, in the Georgetown District, Prince Fredericks Parish so it is assumed that he married Mourning LAMB in Duplin Co. where there were several LAMB families. His children were probably born in NC.

There is no record of his children, but from date relationships, I believe that one of his children was Samuel TREADWELL who was a Marine aboard the SC Continental Navy ship South Carolina from May 1780 to 1782. Since Charleston SC was captured in April 1780, Samuel was probably recruited in Wilmington NC, not far from the Black River Region.

Adoniram has SC Court records showing significant indebtness in Georgetown District from 1784 to 1788. He also owned land in Georgetown District that was adjacent to TREADWELL Swamp on the NE Side of the Little PeeDee River SC where a Plat of Land of 200 acres was provided to the heirs of Sergeant William JASPER for his service in the SC Continental Line. As a sidelight, Sally and my first home after getting married in 1951 was the SERGEANT JASPER Apartment in Charleston, SC overlooking the naval mine base.

There is also a record of Adoniram receiving a Plat survey for 500 acres of land on 2 Feb 1801 in District of Georgetown, SC on the North East side of the Little PeeDee River on Pomette Swamps, Horry Co, SC. The 1822 and 1982 SC Atlas shows that the TREADWELL SWAMP is located at Galivants Ferry, SC. ✓
No further record of Adoniram Jr. has been located.