A New Edition
Of
The Cossart Family History

Originally Compiled And Published
By
The Cossart Family Association
In 1939

There were twenty one members of the association listed on the letterhead of the form letter used by the association to solicit information from family members all across the country.

The original edition was typewritten on mimeograph stencils and printed by mimeograph on only one side of the paper. The type was pica 10 pitch (10 characters per inch) so the six volumes ran to more than 1200 pages and each volume was bound separately. They had originally been punched and inserted in three ring binders but the library had re-bound them in hard back.

This current edition is printed in Century ten point proportional type and on both sides of each sheet so it came out to 800 pages and fits nicely into a single book.

Transcribed and Printed
In 2002 By
Landon Cozad
E-mail address: Landon@San.RR.com
PREFACE

"All things hasten to decay; all fall; all perish; all come to an end. Man dieth, iron consumeth, wood decayeth, towers crumble, strong walls fall down, the rose withereth away, the war horse waxeth feeble, gay trappings grow old, all the works of man's hands perish.

Thus we are taught that all die, both clerk and lay; and short would be the fame of any after death, if their history did not endure by being written in the book of the clerk."

As written by Master Wace in the preface to his ancient "Chronicle of the Norman Conquest".
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Dear Reader:

In 1940 my family received a letter, a copy of which follows, from "The Cossart Family History Association" requesting information regarding our family and ancestors. It was on the letterhead of the Association bearing the four “Coats-of Arms of The Cossart Family” and the names of 21 officers and members of the Association. It was from “Office of Historian and Registrar, Dr. James A. Cozart of Canonsburg, PA.” Dr. Cozart was working on the family history in the 1890s. The president of the association was Joseph A. Cossairt, who helped compile the information and was the publisher of the original edition of this work.

It was addressed to my grandfather who was born in 1834 and had been dead since 1916. My father or my sister responded to the letter. Within a month there was a second letter asking for information about Grandfather’s siblings and even later a letter saying the book would soon be published and though there was no obligation to buy, it would be available for $20.00. I was 21, in love and courting my future wife at the time and had no interest in such mundane things as family history.

In 1992 my sister visited me (we are in our “late middle age”, she is 92 and I am 83). She had been working from time to time over the years on the family history and was unable to connect our family with records she had been able to find. She had followed Anthony’s line. (Youngest son of the immigrant, Jacques Cossart II.) We did some work while she was here putting what we had into my computer. In order to connect our family with previous records she had found, our 2-greats grandfather had to have married three times which, though possible of course, seemed unlikely to me and I was skeptical.

After she went home I went to the library in a neighboring city and found the within six volume Cossart Family History. The librarian retrieved the six volumes for me and within less than a half hour I had found the connection and it was documented all the way back to the Huguenot refugee Jacques Cossart, born in 1595, who with his wife Rachelle Gelton fled France and settled in Leyden, Holland. They were my 8-greats grandparents! But, I found, we are not descended from Anthony but from his brother David. They were the sons of the second Jacques Cossart, the original immigrant to this country.

I was so thrilled I decided to really do a history of my family. This was in February of 1992. I was 73 and retired so was able to spend virtually full time on it. I got a lot of anecdotal help from my sister and other family members and in 1996 during another visit by my sister we printed 41 copies and had them beautifully bound by a master bookbinder so as to provide one for each of our family members. They should last for many generations to enjoy.

We are so proud of them and of our family history and it was all made possible because we found these volumes. In 1993 I went back, with a friend to help me, and we spent a whole day copying the 1200 plus pages of the six volumes at 15 cents a page. They have been worth it to me as reference sources and I have so enjoyed the many, many stories and anecdotes of the adventures of my ancestors.

In this publication every effort has been made to follow the original text as closely as humanly possible. The spelling of names, even when the same person’s name is spelled several ways on a single page, have been copied carefully from the original with no changes. In a few instances
where there were obvious typographical errors, they have been corrected with care that the meaning of a sentence has not been corrupted. It seems preposterous to even consider, but it is possible that I have included some typos of my own. After all, no one is perfect!

I hope you enjoy this book, bound by the same master bookbinder mentioned above, and find all of the information you are looking for and have the same good luck that we had with our family history.

__________________________________________

Landon Cozad

__________________________________________

Date
Mr. Samuel Cozad,

Tainter, Molaski County, Iowa.

March 26, 1940

Dear Cousin:

Our "COSSART FAMILY HISTORY" should be ready to print in book form during the next few months.

This should be interesting news for every known descendant—and there are several thousand of us. However, it is very important that all records be made as complete as possible, from every standpoint, before the printer commences work.

Will you kindly fill out and return to the writer, at once, the enclosed "record" blank? You alone can supply the desired information as to your immediate family. Please do not lay aside this letter or blank until it is forgotten. We are quite anxious to have our "family history" printed in book form at the earliest possible moment.

The book should contain, if possible, the names and records of all known descendants of our large and interesting family. It is up to each member of the individual families, as to how quickly and completely this work is completed.

Frankly, there is NO obligation for YOU to buy a book. You MAY do so if you desire. We are not soliciting any funds. However, I feel sure that you will prize highly a copy of the book. In any event, it will be nice to know that there is such a record which can be consulted or referred to when necessary. Don't overlook the importance of such records in tracing one's ancestry back to Revolutionary, Colonial and other prominent ancestors; and even in proving one's birth date and place, in connection with old age pensions and other forms of social security, in the not distant future.

Will YOU please assist in this collection of needed family records? Give all the facts you may have at hand or can secure quickly. Send us the names and addresses of all relatives or those using any known spelling of the family name, so we can communicate with them. For your assistance, we thank you.

Sincerely yours,

James A. Cozad
The Cossart Family in America

The NAME is variously spelled
as:


Regardless of the exact present spellings of the family name or ancestors were the Huguenot immigrants: JACQUES (JACOB) COZATT (1639-1685) and his wife, LEA VILLENAM (Lydia Wilemam or Willemam) came, October, 1662, from Holland on the Purmerlander on board a vessel from Amsterdam, now New York City; joined Dutch Reformed Church at New Amsterdam, April first, 1663.

1. JANETTE COZATT
   JACOBUS GOETZE
   Church of New Amsterdam
   known Ne-
VICE PRESIDENTS
DAVID B. CAZART
890 Mt. Carmel Road
Dubuque, Iowa

BARNETT C. CAZART
1311 West Rowland Ave.
Covina, California

MRS. ELLA COZARD PERRY
218 N. "D" Street
Exeter, California

MRS. PAULINE COZARD BERRY
636 Fair Street
Franklin, Tennessee

DR. ALBERT B. COZARD
1004 Franklin Street
Oakland, California

DR. WILLIAM H. COZARD
414 High Street
Morgantown, West Virginia

JOSEPH H. KOCH
2500 Thirty-seventh St.
San Diego, California

CLARENCE E. CAZART
281 Pike Street
Wabash, Indiana

DR. ALAN GARNER CAZART
703 Main Street
Little Rock, Arkansas

HARRISON COZART
Morris, New York

J. P. COZARD
4701 Main Avenue
Ashland, Ohio

ERNEST H. COZARD
503 Roseville, Illinois

KIRK COZARD
303 Ridgewood Avenue,
Charlotte, N. C.

MARY LEE COZART
908 East Hill Street
Charlotte, North Carolina

OFFICE OF
HISTORIAN & REGISTRAR
DR. JAMES A. COZART
Citizens Trust Building
CANONSBURG, PA.

HONORARY PRESIDENT
MRS. CLARA COZARD KUEFFER
Hindman Settlement School
Hindman, Kentucky

PRESIDENT
JOSEPH A. COZART
CPC, USN.
Care Bureau of Navigation
Washington, D. C.

SECRETARY
MISS PANNY L. COZART
1733 Roxboro Road
Durham, North Carolina

TREASURER
JOSEPH B. COZATT
251 Seybold Building
Miami, Florida

GENEALOGIST
CHARLES B. COZADD
David Scott Building
Detroit, Michigan

CHAPLAIN
REV. CHARLES A. COZARD
Grassville, Florida

April 12, 1940

Mr. John Naylor Cozard
702 E. 10th St. South
Newton, Iowa

Dear Cousin:

Permit me to thank you for your kindness in forwarding the "family record" which arrived on April 4th.

Would it be possible for you to give me the names of any brothers or sisters of your father, Samuel Martin, or of his father or the descendants of either of these men, in order that we may communicate with them?

Perhaps you will be glad to learn that your grandfather's name was John Peter Cozard and the name of his wife was Lydia Martin. We can trace the records from him straight back to the original immigrant ancestor and such records, of course, will be included in the book when published. This we hope will be sometime during the summer.

Thanking you for any additional assistance which you can give at any time, I am

Sincerely yours,

[Signature]

---

WANTED: All possible information as to descendants in either male or female lines, of our original (1662) emigrant ancestor.
The Cossart Family in America

The name is variously spelled as:

Casad, Casart, Casat, Cassad, Cassad, Cassait, Cassart, Casat, Cassart, Cazad, Cazadd, Cazat, Cazatt, Cazort, Corzatt, Cosad, Cosart, Cosart, Cosard, Cosart, Cozt, Cossart, Cossart, Cossart, Cossart, Cossar, Cossart, Cousar, Cossart, Cossad, Cozadd, Cozade, Cozar, Cozard, Cozark, Cozar, Coz, Cozat, Cozatt, Cozort, Crozatt, Cuzzort, Cuzzow, Caxhow, Casshow, Cassou, Cassow, Cassow, Kershaw, Kershow, Koshow, Kosar, Kosart, Kozart, Etc.

Regardless of the exact present spellings of the family name, our ancestors were the Huguenot immigrants: JACQUES (JACOB) COSSART (1639-1685) and his wife, LEA VILLEMAN (Lydia Willems or Williams), who came, October, 1662, from Holland on the Purmerlander Kerck to New Amsterdam, now New York City; joined Dutch Reformed Church at New Amsterdam, April first, 1663.

CHILDREN:

1. JANETTE COSSART, baptized in 1665, New York City. Married JACOBUS GOELET, of New Amsterdam. Members of Reformed Dutch Church of New York City. Had ten children—the progenitors of the well-known New York family of that name;

2. JACQUES (Jacob) COSSART, Jr., baptized 1668, New York City. Married Anna Maria Springsteen. Members of Reformed Dutch Church of New York City. Had ten children. Descendants use the surnames of Cashow, Cassow, Cassow, Cassart, Casart, Kassow, Kassow, Kershaw, Kershow, Koshow, Etc.

3. DAVID COSSART, born 1671, New York City. Married Syntje Joris Van Horne. Members of Reformed Dutch Church. Had eleven children. Descendants are now using the surnames of Cassart, Casat, Cassart, Cosart, Cozt, Cossart, Cossart, Cozart, Cozatt, etc.

4. ANTHONY COSSART, born 1673, Brooklyn, New York. Married first, Elizabeth Valentine; and second, Judith __________. (?) Members of Reformed Dutch Church. Had eight or more children. Descendants are now using surnames of Casad, Cazort, Corzatt, Cosad, Cozad, Cozart, Crozatt, Etc.

Records have been compiled of more than FIVE thousand descendants of JACQUES and LYDIA COSSART. These can be made complete, down to the hour of publication in book form, ONLY as the result of the immediate, active assistance of all known descendants with their family records!

N. B.—FROM WHICH ONE OF THE IMMIGRANT'S CHILDREN CAN YOU CLAIM DESCENT?
The Cossart Family History

Volume 1

Containing

The Cossarts of France
Jacques Cossart I
Jacques Cossart II
Remarks by The Original Publisher
Joseph A. Cossairt

How can an American citizen be a real patriot who knows naught of his forbears and of their contributions, great or small, to establish, maintain and preserve the American Republic?

The greatest gift a parent can make to his child is to give him a nativity more complete and meaningful than just the accidental place of his birth. Genealogy is the source of this personal, individual definition of oneself. Those Americans who have neglected this important field within the last fifty years cannot hope, without great industry and expenditure of countless hours of research and money, to establish their family lineage unless someone else has generously gathered the data and published a family history for them,

The glories and honors of the past were definite recognitions bestowed upon the recipients and civilization. All historical research and publication, more or less, preserve the annals of the famous and distinguished. Those whose names are not to be found upon the rolls of honor can only be memorialized by the relation of descendants to them, and to be evidenced in genealogical establishment. No person can emulate the character and virtues of an honorable sire unless he enroll his own name upon the proud family banner. Then his name, place and reality will forever reveal his identity. At least as long as any man-made history shall endure. This is what genealogy does for the family loyalty and makes good citizenship even more genuinely patriotic,

/s/ J.A.C.
THE COSSAIRT COLLECTION
1180 To 1937
Vol. 1.
(Various spellings in records).

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Families Allied by Marriage

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Published by Joseph A. Cossairt
FOREWORD

The branch of the C0SSART family mentioned here are all the descendants of the Huguenot refugee JACQUES COSSART (b.ca. 1595) and his wife, Rachel Gelton., through their son Jacques Cossart (1639-1685) who was the first person bearing this surname to migrate to the American Colonies. He was descended from a very old and distinguished family of Norman-French Huguenots whose original homes were in Normandy and Picardy in northern France. A Catholic branch of the family still live there, near Rouen.

During the period of the great persecution of the Huguenots through the seventeenth century many members of the family perished, others fled to the mountains of Switzerland and Germany, and into Holland, England, Scotland and Ireland. The branch of the family whose descendants are found in this tabulation is said to have resided at Liege (now in Belgium) before migrating to Holland.

Jacques Cossart, the immigrant to the New World, was born in Leyden, Holland, and came to New Amsterdam (now New York City) in 1662 with his wife Lydia Willems and two minor children. The Grandfather of the immigrant probably resided in Normandy and is unknown to the compiler.

Like most family names of ancient origin, the C0SSA R T name in America has undergone many changes. Records reveal that COSSART has been variably spelled, "COSART", "COESART", "COESAR", "COSSAART", "COSAT", "COSSAIRT", "CASSAIRT", "CASSAT", "CASSATT", "COZATT", "COZART", "CASAD", "COZAD", "COZAD", "CASSOW", "KERSHOW", "KERSHA W", etc. The variation of spelling has greatly altered the pronunciation. A great many of the family may be found who still retain the original and correct spelling of the name but sound the final letter "t", in pronouncing the name.

Research has found our family in various parts of the United States using more than twenty different forms of spelling their "family name". Some of the family in the state of New York and Pennsylvania and states farther west still retain the original spelling. However, some of them in New York dropped an "s" from the name and spell it "COSART". Another branch the descendants of Peter Cossart, the Kentucky pioneer, who are numerous in the mid-west and west, added an "i" to the name making it "COSSAIRT". A branch of this same family to originate in York County (now Adams), Pennsylvania, took the name "CASSAT" and "COSSATT", while the Kentucky branch of the same family adopted "COSSATT", "COSAT", and "COZATT".

Then one of the Cossart family went to North Carolina and settled in Orange and Caswell Counties, used "COZZART", and "COZART", and now all his line throughout the south uses that same name. However, a grandson of Peter Cossart, the Kentucky pioneer, and his descendants used the surname "COZART" and settled in eastern Tennessee.

A branch of the Cossart family to remove from Minnesota to California have dropped two letters from the name making it "COSART". In New Jersey, some took the name of "COSAD", "COZAD", "CASAD", and "CORZATT", etc. On Long Island, New York, they use the name "CASHOW". About New York City and Brooklyn and some over in Central New Jersey spell the name "KERSHAW" and "KERSHOW". Others in the states of New York and Florida use the family name of "COSSAART".

Yet these people are the descendants of JACQUES COSSART (1639-1685), our common ancestor, born in Holland of Huguenot ancestry, and who came over to the Colonies in 1662.

Jacques Cosseau who came to New Amsterdam as early as 1657 is sometimes confused with Jacques Cossart. Mention is made of these two men in "Baird's Huguenot Emigration to America".
Those people using the "COSSITT" and "COSSETT" are the descendants of the immigrant RENE COSSITT who came to New England from France and settled in Connecticut about 1712, and are probably unrelated to the Cossart family in America. The “COSSEER” family came from England and are probably unrelated to the Cossart family.

The origin of a surname is not always easily found. In many cases the spelling has been twisted and distorted caused by the persons writing, or inscribing them and by the provincial or dialectic pronunciation which accounts for many variations. When surnames were brought into common use not everyone could write or read and some persons pronouncing their names could not read them even after they were written.
"It is clearly shown by existing records that, during the fifteenth, sixteenth and seventeenth centuries, a number of COSSART families were living in Normandy and Picardy, as well as in two adjacent districts of the Isle de France known as the French Vexin and the Beauvoisis and that representatives of the name had likewise established themselves in Paris as well as the vicinity of Soissons. Some of these Cossarts belonged to the "Noblesse" and others to the "bourgeoisie", and the question naturally arises as to whether there was any consanguinity between them.

"As they practically all lived in close proximity within a limited territory and as the patronymic is a very unusual one, there appears to be a fair presumption of a common origin in the remote past. While it is true that some of them belonged to the 'noblesse' and others to the 'bourgeoisie', too much importance should not be attached to this circumstance, as in those days and particularly in Normandy the term 'bourgeois' merely indicated residence of a 'bourg' (town or city) and participation in the Various 'privileges accorded to those who belonged to the 'bourgeoisie'. This fact has been pointed out by numerous writers on heraldic subjects and is illustrated by the respective qualifications of three brothers of the ancient and noble house of Tournebu: in 1460 the elder was styled 'Monseigneur' and 'Chevalier'; the second, who resided in Rouen, 'bourgeois' of that City; and the third, who lived in the country, 'ecuyer', or Noble. Another instance, one of the many which could be given, is that of the great grandfather of the celebrated poet, Corneille, Jehan Houel, second Seigneur of Valleville in 1548, who thought a man of noble birth was a 'bourgeois' of Rouen. We styled him 'second' to differentiate him from the ranger of the Forrest of La Londe mentioned in the 17th chapter, though it is possible that the two Jehan Houels were one and the same persons.

"While the above considerations are entitled to due weight, the fact remains that there is no documentary evidence of consanguinity between the COSSARTS of Noble extraction and those who belonged to the 'bourgeoisie'. Even if they all came originally from the same stock, which is not at all impossible, it is plain that the relationship was so distant that the common ancestor could not have been one Bertin Cossart, page of the King's son, of Jehan of France, Comte de Poitiers, who received from the latter's treasurer, Jacques Lempereur', July 20, 1359, a recompense in gold coin for 'good and agreeable services'. A much more plausible hypothesis would make all those of the name descend from a certain Radulphe Cossart, 'bourgeois' of La Fere, a town in Picardy now in the department of Aisne, who bought, in September 1224, from prioress Marguerite and the Nuns of the Comunity of Santinge, a tract of land between La Fere and Trowecoq called the meadow of the sieur Jume', the consideration being a perpetual annual payment of twenty sous of Loudun on the feast of Saint Remy (October 1st).

COSSART FAMILIES OF THE "NOBLESSE"

"The most prominent Noble family of the name was that of Cossart d' Espies of Picardy and the French Vexin, which descended from a certain Jehan Cossart, who is reputed to have come in 1450 from the City of Liege, in what is now Belgium, to enroll himself in one of the military companies made up of men of Noble birth, which Charles VII raised. in 1447. It is asserted, but
apparently without any documentary proof, that he was a native of that city and of the same family as the Knight called 'Valthier de Coslart' or 'Cossart', who during the first two decades of the Fourteenth century made various grants to the Monastery of St. Trou near Liege: about 1456 this Jehan de Cossart espoused Catherine de Villepoix, daughter of Colart de Villepoix and widow of Raoul de Soyecourt, who, subsequent to her last marriage inherited from her father and sister great landed properties in Picardy, as well as the estates of Loudemont, Fontaine, Lavagant, and Beaufresne, and Le Veneur in Normandy. The only issue of this matrimonial alliance, as mentioned by the standard genealogists, was Francois de Cossart, 'Capitaine' des villes et Chateaux de Ham et de Perone', who is said to have added the name of Espies to that of Cossart upon his marriage in 1490 with Rose Le Bouracher, 'dame' of Espies, a feudal manor near the village of Annery which is less then a mile from the town of Poutoise in the French Vexin.

"There was, however, a second Cossart de Espies family whose representatives resided at the above named Annery and styled themselves Seigneurs of that place as well as of Espies, and it seems perfectly evident that two families bearing the same name, living contemporaneously in the same locality and taking a special designation from the same estate, must have had a common progenitor in the past. Moreover, it would appear practically certain that a third family, known as the 'Cossarts de La Tour' came originally from the same stock, inasmuch as its distinctive coat-of-arms was identical with that of the second family.

"The Cossarts de La Tour descended from Jehan Cossart, 'Garde des sceaux' of the town of Chastellenie of Pontoise. In a document executed in 1483 by 'Noble Homme Jacques Cossart', ecuyer', living at Annery, and the Jehan Cossart just mentioned, the latter is simply qualified as 'bourgeois' of Poutoise, which, however does not prove anything beyond the fact that he was a resident of the 'bourg' or town of Poutoise. Jehan Cossart's office of 'garde des sceaux' was a very important one, as it included the functions of principal Judge of the town and district, and it should be remarked that in the old days Pontoise was the strongest place in the French Vexin fronting on the English possessions in Normandy and was considered one of the keys of Paris. Among the descendants of the garde des sceaux' was Gabriel Cossart, born in 1615, a Jesuit Priest who was professor of rhetoric at the college of Louis le Grand in that City, where he died September 18, 1674. He was the author of poems in Latin verse which were collected and published after his death. In 1721 there still existed in the foubourg St. Jacques an institution funded by him, which furnished free board and lodging to impecunious students who were called 'Cossartins'.

"From what has been said above, it would seem that the supposed Belgic origin of the Cossarts d’Espies of Picardy and the French Vexin should not be taken too seriously, and that the three Cossart families to whom we have just referred must have come originally from the same stock. While the escutcheon of the first named family was wholly different from that borne in common by the two other families of the name, the divergence is explained by the fact that the family in question had assumed the Arms of the Villepoix, which were 'de queules a la croix an cres d’or, cantonee de cinq anceres de sable’ while those borne by the others were d’argent, au chevron d’azur, accompagne en chef de deux crosses de genet de sinople et en pointe d’une tete de maure de sable, bandee du champ’.

THE COSSARTS OF ROUEN

“So far as we have been able to ascertain after a most exhaustive search of the remaining records of the city, the first of the name therein mentioned was one Pierre Cossart of the Parish of St. Jehan, a maker of weights and scales. Although his place of nativity is not known, he was evidently born during the latter years of the 14th century, as he and his spouse were living in Rouen as early as 1429. No sons.
The Cossarts of France

“As records show that neither Pierre nor one Perin Cossart of the parish of St. Laurent, by occupation a plasterer, were members of the Rouen ‘bourgeoisie’, they both belonged, in all probability, to some of the families of the name who domiciled in the smaller Norman towns. On the 6th of May 1467, the last named and his wife Jehanne sold a house and lot which they had purchased in 1445. Perrin seems to have had no issue, was living July 22,1471, as on that date he took over a mortgage of 200 livres which he had assigned some three years previously to the venerable presbyters of the Cathedral of Notre Dame.

“The next Cossart who figures in the Rouen archives was Marc (or Marquet) Cossart whose wife was Marion Sibes living temporarily in Rouen in 1509.

“There was a Thomas Cossart Of Rouen and his descendants were interested in the dyeing business.

“At the time of the Reformation, the Cossarts of Rouen were divided in their religious opinions. Those of the name who forsook the Catholic Church, as well as their descendants, held fast to the Reformed faith with the utmost zeal and courage until the Revocation, at which epoch every Cossart who belonged to the Huguenot Church, with the sole exception of Isaac Cossart, third, of Fescamp, left France and sought an asylum in foreign parts.

“Had the Cossart family been long established in Rouen, it would have been surely of sufficient importance, in view of the wealth and prominence, to have had some mention in the parochial records and municipal annals, but such, however, was not the case. Prior to 1514, with the exception heretofore noted, we have been unable to find the name Cossart in the Church registers. The records do show, however, that in the Norman town of Neufchalelen-Bray was the abode of some Cossarts.

COSSART FAMILIES OF THE ‘BOURGEOISISE” IN PICARDY, NORMANDY AND THE CITY OF PARIS, EXCLUDING THOSE OF ROUEN.

“We now pass to the Cossart families belonging to the 'bourgeoisie' who dwelt in Picardy and the City of Paris, excluding those who were residents of Rouen.

Robert Cossart, a resident of Paris, son of Eustace Cossart and Marie Drevet, represented in 1560 one of these families: he was 'controleur des aides et tailles' and his son Eustace Cossart, the younger, held the same office at Montfort Lamaury. Pierre Cossart of Aumale, one of the most opulent members of the 'bourgeoisie' of that town, who made a loan to the Government in 1558 was the head of another family of the name, to which no doubt belonged one Charles Cossart and his nephew, Jehan Cossart, both living in 1572 at Mullemont, a village in the immediate vicinity of Aumale.

“The Rouen records reveal the existence of a third Family of Cossarts in the town of Evreux, some forty miles from the former city. On the tenth of March, 1562. Pierre Cossart, ‘bourgeoisie’ and merchant of Evreux, who died before 1577, and Jehanne du Buse, his wife, entered an appeal to the court of Parliament of Rouen in a suit which they had begun in the local courts against ‘Maistre Bengne Le Clerc, ieur de Pommrenh, Marie Apparat, se disant demoiselle’ and their accomplices. The suit was brought because of the forcible abduction of the defendants of a son of the plaintiffs, then not of age, Jehan Cossart; the younger,of Evreux. It was referred for examination by the parlement to Pierre du Four, heretofore mentioned and Claude Anvroay, ‘Conseiller du ray’, but nothing is known of the case.

“On the 27th of February, 1577, this same Jehan Cossart, the younger, ‘bourgeois’ of Evreux, sold a tract of land situated in the Parish of St. Martin due-Champaigme, near Evreux, to his uncle, Nicolas du Buse, second ‘bourgeois’ and Merchant of Rouen, Parish of St. Michel, who has been mentioned in the 9th Chapter’ another son of Pierre Cossart of Evreux, perhaps by a former marriage, was Jehan Cossart, the elder, also deceased before 1577, a "bourgeois" of that city and
Volume I

'lavocat au siege Presidial'. On the 18th of February, 1561, he gave one Jehan Le Duc ‘procureur en le court de Parlement de Rouen’, a mortgage of 1000 livres, his father being the surety for the interest payments; and on the ensuing Good Friday April 8th, another mortgage of 800 livres to Jehan Dudoyt ‘burgois’ of Rouen guaranteed by the above named Nicolas du Buse, second.

"Pierre Cossart of Evreux and his wife had still another son, Adrien Cossart, who went to Rouen, became Secretary to Madame de Rubempre, and in 1585 espoused Anne de La Ruelle, daughter of Pierre de La Ruelle, merchant of that city, and Anne Le Cocq. There is not however, the slightest indication in the records of the existence of any social or business connection between Adrian who was a Catholic and the Cossarts of Rouen, some of whom professed the same faith.

"As early as the 15th century, a fourth and very numerous family of Cossarts was established at or near the Norman town of Neufchatel-en-Bray on the borders of Picardy. Some 32 miles from Rouen, and this family, as we shall see later: was a kin to the Cossarts from whom the Du Pont family came. The first of the name mentioned in the remaining records was a certain Jehan Cossart of the parish of Notre, Dame, who on the 20th of September, 1461, gave a mortgage of 200 livres on the house in which he lived, on rue de Cedelai, adjacent to the city walls, the document being witnessed by another Cossart, Cardin by name. The transaction was in the nature of a settlement of the claims against him of Jehan Le Roy and wife, residents of Fesque, and Jahannette de La Boe, probably the latters sister. In December of the same year, reference was made to a Jacques Cossart living in the Parish of Quevrecourt, near Neufchatel; and on the 21st of May, 1465, a Guillaume Cossart of the Parish of Douvrend near that town bought a garden in said parish from Guillaume d’Aousten of Rouen."

(Reference: The Early Generations of the Du Pont and Allied Families by H.A, Due Pont; Pages 527 to 670, Volume II).

FRENCH NOBLESSE.

"There is nothing about which there has been so much misconception as the question of "Noblesse". There is no analogy between the English nobility of today and the French "noblesse" of the 16th and 17th centuries. The English nobility begins with the baron. The lowest rank of the French noblesse was the "ecuyerr", or esquire - "Armiger". It was the rank of "Esquyer' which alone constituted nobility, "Noblesse", in the reign of Louis XIV was more analogous to the peerage, baronetc, knightage and landed gentry of to-day - with the added resemblance that the easiest way of acquiring it was by money, either by the purchase of a "fief or some official post, such as "Conseiller" or "secretaire du Roy", The baron, comte, etc. was merely a seigneur - "ecuyer" - whose property was a barony, etc, larger than a parish.

"The terms of French nobility are not analogous to modern English terms. "Ecuyer" and "Esquire" certainly are near relations: but "seigneur" always translated literally "lord" is not always synonymous with *earl" or "baron", but generally, simply "lord of the manor". Neither was “gentilhomme” the equivalent of "gentleman", which usually signifies a person of education, manners or social position: the French term being strictly applied to those of ancient race - though not necessarily of means or great landed property - whose origin was lost in the night of time. It was one title which even the King could not create: for, though he could. create an “ecuyer" by Letter Patent or by sign manual on the skin of a drum, as Henry of Navarre did on the field of Contras, he could not make a “gentlehomme", who was the product of race and time: nor could he unmake him, for "once a gentleman always a gentleman".

"Noble Homme, is generally taken to mean "Noblesse" but, although it did so in earlier days, it had long ceased to do so in the 17th century, and was then universally used to designate a burggeois who had bought a fief. The term "bourgese" itself never was used in a derogatory sense
The Cossarts of France

, but simply to denote a non-noble person. In the 13th and 14th centuries it was an honor sought, by great nobles to be made "burgeois" of some town, and was then equivalent to "freeman". Seigneur and sieur originally were the same, but in the 17th century “sieur” is invariably used in deeds when speaking of a bourgeois who owned a fief, while “seigneur” is to used to denote an esquire of one of higher rank.

“Feudalism lasted till the Revolution as an organized system and died a violent death, and did not, as in England, undergo a gradual change: but it had entirely lost its old original life and vigor. Its functions had been taken over by the bureaucratic system of centralization perfected by Louis XIV, who carried out on a larger scale the idea of curbing the power of the Throne. By opening the door still wider to the coveted rank of “ecuyer” he created a multitude of small seigneurs and "anoblis", while he attracted the higher nobility to his court at Versailles, where they basked in the splendour of "Le Roi Socil". The King smiled on his courtiers, but ruled France through his Intendants.

“But, though the feudal system was sapped of its power and usefulness as an administrative system, it still retained its old forms. “Nulle terre sans seigneur, nul seigneur sans terre” were still in theory the rule. Nobility derived from the possession of a fief, and was not a personal and hereditary rank in essence.

"In earlier days the possession of a "terre" implied obligations. The seigneur was the administrator of his territory, over which he was lord, holding his court and administering justice, even to life and death. He was subject to his landlord, whom he followed to the wars with such vassals as he was called upon to bring in obedience to “ban” and “Aeeiere-ban”. He was also responsible for defending his vassals and tenants against attacks on their rights. Exempt from taxation himself he paid the blood tax, or “impot du sang”, and paid for his privileges by personal service. As province after province became subject to the crown as overlord, instead of a number of semi-independent and often rebellious petty principalities dukedoms, more and more power passed into the hands of the King. The abjuration of Henry of Navarre brought his Kingdom into that of France, and the last of the independent provinces, Roussillon, came finally under the French crown in the reign of Louis XIV the first King of France who was able to say with truth “L'etat, c'est roi".

(Reference: O.E. Monnette, Los Angeles, Calif., 1933).

HERALDIC INDICATIONS

"French Heraldry was more of distinctive blood connections than English heraldry, when followed the fief largely, or land ownership. Proprietorship was more frequently the basis of the grant. But with the ancient origin most early Germanic, followed by Frankish, or French, there is somewhat more of antiquity, as well as standardization in the use and employment of blazonry by the latter people.

"Very many of the French Protestant refugees to New York were armigerous families, with a long used and well established preferment. Like the changes of surnames sent into oblivion many noble origins, so the lack of use in Colonial America has submerged the evidence of heraldic bearings, in some cases, unfortunately not preserved to descendants. Yet, it is most interesting to review Reitstap, and to note how many of the older New York and New Jersey families of French descent possess clear identification of coats-of-arms, entirely to be displayed, or “to be borne” by descendants. They rank high in antiquity of origin, points of emblazonment, and carry, fine continuity of pedigree not at all of uncertainty of establishment by French heraldic records, particularly by those of "d'Hozier, Conseiller Du Roy", for so many years the heraldic authority and registration recorder, for French armour bearings as disclosed by records preserved in La Bibliotheque Nationale, at Paris". (Reference: O.E. Monnette, Los Angeles, Calif.)
A BRIEF HISTORY OF HERALDRY

The word Heraldry is derived from the German word Heer, a host, an army - and Held, a champion and the term bason, by which the science is denoted in French, English, Italian and German, has probably its origin in the German word Blazen, “to blow the horn”. Whenever a new knight appeared at a Tournament, the herald sounded the trumpet, and as the competitors with closed visors, it was his duty to explain the Bearing of the shield or coat-armour belonging to each. Thus the knowledge of the various devices and symbols was called HERALDRY, and as the announcement was accompanied, by or with the sound of the trumpet, it was termed 'blazoning the arms'. The Germans transmitting the word to the French, it reached us after the Norman conquest.

Heraldry may be defined as the art of blazoning, assigning, and marshalling coat armour, or more particularly the art of arranging and explaining in proper terms all that relates or appertains to the bearing of arms, crests, badges, quarterings, and other hereditary marks of honour.

At first, armorial bearings were probably like surnames, assumed by each warrior at his free will and pleasure; and, as his object would be to distinguish himself and his followers from others, his cognizance would be respected by the rest, either out of an innate courtesy or a feeling of natural justice disposing man to recognize the right of the first occupation, or really from a positive sense of inconvenience of being identified or confused with those to whom no common tie united them. Where, however, remoteness of stations kept soldiers aloof, and extensive boundaries, and different classes of enemies from without subdivided the force of a kingdom into many distinct bands and armies, opportunities of comparing and ascertaining what ensigns had been already appropriated would be lost, and it might well happen, even in the same country, that various families might be found unconsciously using the same arms.

It has long been a matter of doubt when the bearing of coats-of-arms first became hereditary. Certain it is that it was not until the Crusades that heraldry came into general use, The earliest heraldic document that has been handed down to us is the Roll of Arms, made between the years 1240 and 1245.

The Coats-of-Arms of the COSSART family are four in number, vis: “Cossart of France”, “Cossart d’ Espies”, “Cossart of Normandy” and “Cossart of Rotterdam in Holland.
HUGUENOTS

The Cossart family dealt with herein were all members of the Protestant faith. Huguenot was the name given to the French Protestants during the period of the Edict of Nantes. The name is said to have been applied in much the same way as the term Papist was given to the Catholics. The edict aiming at the extermination of the heretics in 1535 had caused many Protestants to emigrate, and in 1538 the first French Protestant Church was established at Strasbourg with the famous John Calvin as its pastor. About this time in spite of the great opposition, the church of Paris was organized, and a union of all Protestant Churches in the kingdom was attempted. In 1559 the Synod of Paris was called to consider the constitution of Calvin; this Synod gave it its form as its name to like assemblies of the later organized Presbyterian Church. The Huguenots had by this time attained considerable strength in France and counted among their numbers such influential people as Admiral Boligny, the Estinnes and Jeanne d' Albert, the mother of Henry of Navarre. With such assistance the Huguenots were enabled to form a political party, which was opposed by the house of Guise, the leaders of the Catholic party. The contests between the parties became as much political as they were religious, from this time, and resulted in a series of religious civil wars. After the massacre of St. Bartholmew's Day (1572) the Protestants that remained fled to their fortified towns, where after sieges and determined opposition war was temporarily terminated. The Huguenots, though accused of an attempt to set up a government of their own, were at heart Royalists, and the little Republic which they instituted was rather religious than civil. Of this republic the Prince of Conde was the first President, and later Henry of Navarre headed it until he became King of France. The accession of Henry IV to the throne of France filled the Huguenots with hope temporarily which was extinguished when Henry acknowledged the Catholic faith, but was rewarded by the Edict of Nantes in 1598, allowing religious liberty to Protestants. During the following years in the reign of Louis XIV the edict was revoked, and such persecution of Protestants ensued that the Huguenots were driven in numbers to the New World, where their settlements in Nova Scotia, along the St. Lawrence, in South Carolina and along the Gulf hastened colonization. The Code Napoleon enacted in the 19th century placed Protestants and Catholics upon an equality in France.

HUGUENOTS IN AMERICA

"A great many French Huguenots settled in New Amsterdam prior 1662, but, in 1681 and 1682, on the threatened repeal or revocation of the Edict of Nantes, which took place October 22, 1685, originally enacted in 1598 for the protection of the Protestants of France, more than 500,000 people, it is supposed, left their native country, taking refuge in England, Holland and other parts of Europe, where they were in general kindly received and entertained. Many thousand of these unfortunate individuals found their way to America, by some of whom the town of New Rochelle was founded, and a few families came some years later and settled in this town, where, strange to say, a few if any of their posterity can now be discovered. They, as well as the great majority of their fellow immigrants, were the most respectable and valuable accession ever made to the population of this country. A very great number of their descendants have always ranked among the most intelligent and virtuous of our citizens. Indeed it is doubtful if a more excellent race of men can be found in any part of the world than they who claim to be descended from those who have been designated by the general denomination of Huguenots, although less is known of their origin and subsequent history than of almost any other class of our inhabitants. Even the name by which they have so long been known, is involved in doubt and uncertainty, which is perhaps, at this day, impossible to remove." (Reference: O.E. Monnette in First Settlers of New Jersey).
COSSART ITEMS COLLECTED IN HOLLAND.

by the late Prof, Edmund J. James, Chicago University.

1606, 15 January    Susanne, daughter of Laurent Cossart and d'Anne Jaquot, baptised at Amsterdam.

1607, 14 June       Jacob, son of Laurent Cossart and d'Anne Jaquot, baptised at Amsterdam.

1612, June          Claire, daughter of Laurent Cossart and d'Anne Giaquot, baptised at Amsterdam.

1615, 17 January    Martin Cossart received into the church at Amsterdam.

1632, 24 June       RACHELLE, the daughter of Jacques Cossart and Rachelle Gelton, baptised at Amsterdam. (Rachelle was the sister of the immigrant Jacques Cossart who came to New Amsterdam in 1662)

1624, 5 May         Anna, the daughter of Jeremie Cossart and Marie Spraugers, baptised at Amsterdam.

1627, 27 April      Laurent, son of Jeremie Cossart and Marie Spraugers, baptised at Amsterdam.

1629, 28 October    Johannes, son of Jeremie Cossart and Maria Spraugers, baptised at Amsterdam.

1630, 14 November   Paul, son of Jeremie Cossart and Maria Spraugers, baptised at Amsterdam.

1635, August        Jaqueline Cossart and Adam le Fvevre were received as members of the church at Leyden, Holland, from the church at Guines.

1636, 3 March       Nicolas Cossart was received in the church from Paris.

1636, 5 June        Pierre Cossart was received into the church at Amsterdam.

1637, 8 February    Maurice, son of Jean Cossart and (?) was baptised at Leyden.

1637, 9 March       An infant of Antonine Cossart was baptised at Leyden.

1637, June          Jean Cossart was received into the Church at Leyden.

1637, August        Marie Cossart was received into the Church

1637, 6 September   Jean Cossart and Cateline de Souvale were married at Leyden.

1638, 24 May        Anne, daughter of Jean Cossart and (?) was baptised at Leyden.

1638, 15 January    Gillis Cossart and Anne de Vos were married at Middlebourg, Holland.

1638, August        Jenne Cossart, widow, was received into the church at Leyden from
The Cossarts of France

Calais.

1639, 29 May  JACQUES son of Jacques Cossart and Rachelle Gelton, was baptised at Leyden, Holland, in Huguenot church at that place. (Jacques, the above mentioned son, came to New Amsterdam in 1662).

1639, 2 August  Jacques Cossart was received into the Church at Leyden. (Above mentioned).

1639, 30 October  Sussane, daughter of Jean Cossart and Catherine Dessauval was baptised at Harlem, Holland.

1640, 12 February  Aaron, son of d'Anthoine Cossart and (?) was baptised at Leyden.

1640, August  Jenne Cossart was received into the Church at Leyden.

1641, 1 April  Marie, daughter of Jan and (?) was baptised at Leyden.

1641, October  Jeanne Cossart was received into the Church at Leiden.

1642, 22 July  Judith Cossart, was received into the Church at Leyden from Gorcum.

1642, 6 December  Jean, son of Jean Cossart and (?), was baptised at Leyden.

1644, 31 July  Susanne, daughter of Jean Cossart and (?), was baptised at Leyden.

1644, 11 December  Athonine, son of Jean Cossart and (?), was baptised at Leyden.

1644, 25 December  Jeanne, daughter of d'Anthoine Cossart and (?) was baptised at Leyden.

1644, 25 December  Susanne, daughter of d'Anthoine Cossart and (?) was baptised at Leyden.

1646, October  Guillamme Cossart was received into the Church at Leyden. (Homme marie, Par confession de foi).

1646, 12 December  Isaac, son of Guillamme Cossart and (?) was baptised at Leyden.

1648, 1 June  An infant of Jean Cossart and Cateline Desauval was baptised at Leyden.

1649, April  Anne, daughter of Jean Cossart was received into the Church at Leyden.

1649, 16 June  Isaac Cossart was buried at Amsterdam.

1649, December  Marie Cossart was received into the Church at Leyden.

1650, 4 September  Jacob, son of Guillame Cossart and Marie Caille, was baptised at Leyden.

1651, 11 June  Laurent, son of Pierre Cossart and Margrite Tonneman, baptised at Leyden.

1652, 10 June  Marie Cossart departed from Leyden for (?). The wife of Anthoine Cossart.
1652, 18 July        Jean Cossart and wife departed from Leyden.
1653, October       Philippe Cossart and wife were taken into the church at Leyden.
1653, October       Marie Cossart, daughter of Susanne Beaude was taken into the Church at Leyden.
1655, August        Jacques, son of Anthoine Cossart was received into the Church at Leyden.
1655, October       Moyse, son of d'Anthoine Cossart was taken into the Church at Leyden.
1655, December      Anne, daughter of Jean Cossart was received into the Church at Leyden.
1656, 5 December    Sara., daughter of Matheus Cossart and Judith Liehout was baptised at Amsterdam.
1656, 16 December   Matheus Cossart was buried at Amsterdam.
1657, 7 January     JACQUES COSSART and wife departed from Leyden, Holland. (The immigrants to New Amsterdam).
1657, 28 February   Marie Cossart departed from Leyden.
1659, December      JACQUES COSSART and his wife Lea Villman were received into the Huguenot Church at Leyden, Holland, from the Church at Frankenthal, Pfalz Province in Germany. (The Immigrants to America).
1660, 7 April       JACQUES COSSART and his wife went away from Leyden, Holland for (?). (This couple settled in New Amsterdam.(NYC))
1660, 8 September   Jean, son of Moyse Cossart and dAgnite de la Court was baptised at Leyden.
1661, February      Susanne, daughter of Jean Cossart was received into the church at Leyden.
1662, 27 September  Jean Cossart with wife and daughter departed from Leyden for (?).
1662, 11 October    Anne, daughter of Moise Cossart and d’Aganite de la Court, was baptised at Leyden.

A continuation of data on members of the Cossart family by the late Edmund J. James of the University of Chicago, who was a descendant of Anthony Cossart, the youngest son of the immigrant, may be found in the New York Genealogical and Biographical record, 1896-7, Volumes 27 and 28.

Chester Brook Farm,  
Berwyn P.O. Pennsylvania,  
December 3, 1920
The Cossarts of France

Mr. O. L. Cozad
227 Blaine Ave.,
Marion, Ohio.

Dear Mr. Cozad:

I send you herewith copies of two documents recently received from my aunt Mary Cassatt, sister of my father. One is a list of Cossart entries 103 in number, in the records of the Commission de l'Histoire des Eglises Wallones. I hope you will notice the remarkable performance in 1664, of Jacques Cossart and Marie Delmonte. Perhaps you will be able to identify from this list that Jacques Cossart who is responsible for all of us. Can it be that Lea Vilman is identical with Lydia Willems., said to be the wife of Jacques?

The other document is from a manuscript mailed to my Aunt on August 28, 1901, from Oak Street, Ottawa, Kansas. The envelope bears the name of "Keezel". There is on the manuscript no indication of its authorship. You will note that it gives quite a description of descendants of Jacob, son of (125) Peter Cossart the Indian fighter who was killed in Kentucky. I send it for what it may be worth.

Yours very sincerely,

/is/ EDWARD BUCHANAN CASSATT

P.S. I heard someone say the other day that Harding had been elected President. Can this be true?"

(The list referenced above starts on the next page.)
RECORDS FROM THE WALLOON CHURCH AT
LEYDEN, HOLLAND.
Furnished
By
Mary Cassatt

Commission de l'Histoire des Eglises Wallones,
Leyde, le 5 Janiver 1901.

No. 886 (SEAL)

COSSART 1600 - 1699 103 actes.

1600 7 octobre Maries a Leyde
MYKEN BEKANS, DE Rossen, veuve d'Aernout
Cossaer. Et METHYS de LAMERE, de Ronssen.

1606 15 janiver Baptisee a Amsterdam
SUSANNA COSSART

1607 14 juin Baptise a Amsterdam
JACOB COSSART
fils de LOURENS et ANNA JAKOT

1312 14 juin Baptise a Amsterdam
CLARA COSSART
Fille de LOURENS et ANNA GIACOT

1615 27 janiver Recu membre de l'Eglise d'Amsterdam
MARTIN COSSART

1624 5 mai Baptisee a Amsterdam
ANNA COSSART,
file de JEREMIAS et MARIE SPRANGERS

1627 20 avril Baptisee a Amsterdam
LAURENS COSSART
fils de JEREMIE et MARIE SPRANGER

1629 20 octobre Baptisee a Amsterdam
JOHANNES COSSART
fils de JEREMIE et MARIE SPRANGER

1630 14 novembre Baptisee a Amsterdam
PAUL COSSART
fils de JEREMIE et MARIE SPRANGER

1632 23 juin Baptisee a Amsterdam
RACHEL COSSART
file de JACQUES et RACHEL GELTON
(Rachel was sister of Jacques Cossart who came
to America).

1635 aout Recu membre de l'Eglise de Leyde
JACQUILIE COSSAR et ADAM le FEVRE
par attestation de l'Eglise de Guines

1636 Recu membre de l'Eglise de Leyde
JACQUELINE COSSAR
par confession de foi

1636 3 mars Recu membre de l'Eglise d'Amsterdam
NICOLAS COSSARD
par attestation de l'Eglise de Paris

1637 8 fevrier Baptisee a Leyde
MAURICE COSSART, fils de JEAN
1637 9 mars  
Baptisee a Leyde  
Un enfant D’anthonine cossaet

1637 juin  
Recu membre de l’Eglise de Leyde  
par confession de foi

1637 aout  
Recu membre de l’Eglise de Leyde  
MARIE COSSAR  
par confession de foi

1637 6 septembre  
Maries a Leyde  
JEAN COSSAR et CATELINE de SAUVALE

1638 24 Mai  
Baptisee a Leyde  
ANNE COSSAR, fille de JBM.

1638 15 janvier  
Maries a Middlebourg  
GILLES COSSART et ANNE de VOS.

1638 aout  
Recu membre de l’Eglise de Leyde  
JEANNE COSSART, veuve  
par attestation de l’Eglise de Calias.

1639 29 mai  
Baptisee a Leyde  
JACQUES COSSART, fils de JACQUES  
(This Jacques emigrated to America).

1639 aout  
Recu membre de l’Eglise d’Amsterdam  
JACQUES COSSART.

1639 30 octobre  
Baptisee a Harlem  
SUSANNE COSSART  
fille de JÉAN et CATHERINE de SAUVAL.

1640 12 février  
Baptisee a Leyde  
AARON COSSART  
fils d’ANTHOINE.

1640 aout  
Recu membre de l’Eglise de Leyde  
JEANNE COSSAR  
par attestation de foi.

1641 1 avril  
Baptisee a Leyde  
MARIE COSSART, fille de JÉAN.

1642 6 décembre  
Baptisee a Leyde  
JEAN COSSART, fils de JÉAN.

1644 21 juillet  
Baptisee a Leyde  
SUSANNE COSSART, fille de JÉAN.

1644 11 décembre  
Baptisee a Leyde  
ANTHOINE COSSART, fils de JÉAN.

1644 25 décembre  
Baptisee a Leyde  
JEANNE COSSART, fille d’ANTHOINE.

1646 octobre  
Recu a membre J’Eglise de Leyde  
GUILLAUME COSSART, homme marie,  
par confession de foi.

1646 12 décembre  
Baptisee a Leyde  
ISAAC COSSART, fils de GUILLAUME.

1648 29 mai  
Baptisee a Leyde  
JEAN COSSART, fils de GUILLAUME.

1648 1 juin  
Baptisee a Leyde  
Un enfant de JEAN COSSART et CATELIE DESAUVAL.

1649 avril  
Recu membre de l’Eglise de Leyde  
ANNE COSSART, fille de JÉAN,  
par confession de foi.

1649 décembre  
Recu membre de l’Eglise
MARIE COSSART
par confession de foi.

1649 16 juin
Inhume a Amsterdam
ISAAC COSSART.

1650 4 septembre
Baptise a Leyde
JACOB COSSART
fils de GUILLAUME et MARIE CAILLE.

1651 11 juin
Baptise a Amsterdam,
LAURENS COSSART
fils de PIERRE et MARGUERITE TONNEMANS.

1652 10 juillet
Parti de Leyde
ANTHOINE COSSART
avec sa femme et leur fille MARIE.

1652 10 juillet
Parti de Leyde
JEAN COSSAR et sa femme.

1653 octobre
Recu membre de l'Eglise de Leyde
PHILLIPE COSSART et sa femme.

1653 octobre
Recu membre de l'Eglise de Leyde
MARIE COSSAR
par confession de foi.

1655 aout
Recu membre de l'Eglise de Leyde
JACQUES COSSART, fils d'ANTHOINE
par confession de foi,

1655 octobre
Recu membre de l'Eglise de Leyde
MOYSE COSSART, fils d'ANTHOINE,
par confession de foi.

1655 decembre
Recu membre de l'Eglise de Leyde,
ANNE COSSAR, fille de JEAN,
par confession de foi,

1655 5 decembre
Baptisee a Amsterdam
SARA COSSART,
file de MATTHIEU et JUDITH LIEFHOUT.

1656 16 decembre
Inhumme a Amsterdam
MATHIEU COSSART.

1657 7 janiver
Parti de Leyde
JACQUES COSSART. (The immigrant).

1657 20 fevrier
Parti de Leyde
MARIE COSSART.1659 decembre
Recu membre de l'Eglise de Leyde
JACQUES COSSAR et LEA VILMAN. (The immigrants)

1660 7 avril
Parti de Leyde
JACQUES COSSAR et sa femme. (The immigrants).

1660 8 septembre
Baptise a Leyde
JEAN COSSAR
fils de MOISE et AGNIETTE de la COURT.

1661 fevrier
Recu membre de l'Eglise de Leyde
SUSANNE COSSART, fille de JEAN,
par confession de foi.

1662 27 septembre
Parti de Leyde,
JEAN COSSAR et sa femme et sa fille.

1662 11 octobre
Baptisee a Leyde
ANNE COSSART
Fille de MOISE et AGNIETTE de la COURT

1664 23 mars
Maries a Leyde
1664 20 aout  JACQUES COSSART et MARIE DELMOTTE.
Baptise a Layde
JACQUES COSSAR,
fils de JACQUES et MARIE DELMOTTE.

1664 23 novembre  Baptise a Amsterdam
JEREMIE COSSART
fils de LAURENS et SUSANNE COSSART.

1665 2 aout  Recu membre de l’Eglise de Amsterdam
JACQUES COSSART,
Per attestation de l’Eglise de Rouen.

1666 17 mai  Maries a Leyde
ANTHOINE COSSART et JACOMINE VERBUS (or VERBENS).

1666 3 octobre  Recu membre de l’Eglise d’Amsterdam
MARTINE COSSART.

1667 3 aout  Baptise a Amsterdam
SUSANNE COSSART,
fille de LOURENS et SUSANNE COSSART.

1668 1 octobre  Recu membre de l’Eglise de Leyde
JEAN COSSART
per confession de foi.

1668 7 décembre  Baptise a Amsterdam,
MATHIEU COSSART
fils de MATHIEU et JUDISTH LIESHOUDT.

1669 9 juin  Baptise a Leyde,
MARIE COSSAR,
fille de JEAN et CATHERINE LAURENS.

1669 3 juillet  Baptise a Leyde
JEAN COSSART,
fils d’ANTHOINE et JAOUELINE BARLUS (or BARBUS).

1672 20 mars  Maries a Leyde
JEAN COSSART et JEANNE de HOUN.

1672 13 juillet  Parti de Leyde
JEAN COSSAR et son, fils JEAN.

1672 15 juillet  Recu membre de l’Eglise de Harlem
JEAN COSSAR
par attestation de l’Eglise de Leyde.

1673 11 janvier  Baptise a Leyde
ABRAHAM COSSAR
fils de PIERRE et MARY de SAUX.

1674 aout  Recu membre et de l’Eglise de Leyde
JEAN COSSART
par attestation de l’Eglise de Harlem,

1675 juin  Recu membre de l’Eglise de Leyde
ANTOINE COSSART
par attestation de l’Eglise de Harlem.

1675 13 octobre  Baptise a Leyde
MARIE COSSAR
fille de MATHIEU et ANNE FRASE.

1676 15 avril  Parti de Leyde
ANTOINE COSSART et sa femme.
1677 17 aout Baptisée à Amsterdam
MARGUERITE COSSART
fille de PIERRE et CATHERINE MARIN.

1677 10 novembre Baptisée à Leyde
JEAN COSSAR,
fils de JEAN et MARIE LEPAER.

1677 20 décembre Inhumée à Amsterdam
CATHERINE COSSART, demeure Heerengracht.

1678 17 novembre Inhumée à Amsterdam
JEREMIE COSSART, demeure Voorburgwal.

1680 juin Recu membre de l'Eglise de Leyde
ANDRE COSSAR
par confession de foi,

1680 24 septembre Baptisée à Leyde
ABRAHAM COSSAR
fils de JEAN et MARIE PAIR.

1681 2 avril Baptisée à Amsterdam
JACOB COSSART
fils de PIERRE et CATHERINE MARYS (or MARIN).

1681 19 octobre Recu membre de l'Eglise d'Amsterdam
PIERRE COSSART
par attestation de l'Eglise de Paris.

1684 juin Recu membre de l'Eglise de Leyde
ISAAC COSSART
par attestation de l'Eglise de Rouen.

1686 24 février Baptisée à Rotterdam
PIERRE COSSARD
fils de NOEL et ANNE PETIT.

1688 29 juin Devenus bourgeois à Amsterdam
JACQUES COSSART
Marchand venu de Rouen.

1689 aout Recu membre de l'Eglise de Leyde
JUDITH COSSART
par attestation de l'Eglise de Rotterdam,

1689 10 novembre Inhumée à Amsterdam
MATHIEU COSSART demure spui.

1690 15 mars Mariés à Amsterdam
ISAAC COSSART et SUSANNE CORNELIE de la FONTAINE.

1691 .31 aout Baptisée à Leyde
ANDRE COSSART
fils d'ANDRE et MARIE WERS.

1693 29 avril Mariés à Rotterdam
JEAN COSSART, de Rouen, et JUDITH FANEUIL.

1693 8 novembre
PIERRE COSSART
fils de ISAAC et SUSANNE CORNELIE DE LA FONTAINE.

1694 2 mai Baptisée à Rotterdam
JEAN COSSART
fils de JEAN et JUDITH FANEUIL.

1695 20 mars Recu membre de l'Eglise d'Amsterdam
SUSANNE COSSART
par confession de foi,

1695 2 avril Baptisée à Rotterdam,
MARIE COSSART
1696 15 janvier
Baptisée à Amsterdam
MARIE CATHERINE COSSART, fille de ISAAC et SUSANNE CORNELIE de la FONTAINE.

1696 11 novembre
Baptisée à Rotterdam
MARIE COSSART, fille de JEAN et JUDITH FANEUIL

1698 6 juillet
Baptisée à Rotterdam
JEAN COSSART, fils de JEAN et JUDITH FANEUIL

1699 6 février
Baptisée à Amsterdam
MARGARITE COSSART, fille d'ISAAC et SUSANNE CORNELIE de la FONTAINE.
COSSARTS OF ENGLAND, IRELAND AND THE MADERIA ISLANDS.

A Letter By
Charles J. Cossart.

Brigade Royal Field Artillery. Born August 27, 1877; son of the late Charles John Cossart, merchant The following is a copy of a letter written by Mr. Charles J. Cossart of Panchal, Island of Maderia, September 25, 1899, written to Mrs. Jennie Cossart Finch, of Syracuse, New York.

"Your letter of August 13, 1899 sent me at my London firm’s address was duly forwarded on here. We have a house of business here as well as at London, England, and I am the managing partner here and reside on this Island.

I was much interested in reading your letter and notes. I knew there were members of one or two branches of the Cossart family in America. When I was in Philadelphia in 184 I came across the name in the city directory.

The family is or was a very numerous one in the north of France. My direct ancestor came from Rouen, and I am a direct descendant of JEAN OOSART, Sieur (or Lord of the Manor) of Bosc Betre in Normandy. He was father of NOEL COSSART who was murdered in 1572 at the massacre of St. Bartholomew. The family were from Rouen and it was in the Rouen prison that NOEL was murdered.

The name can be traced back as far as the 13th century among the old charters and etc., at Rouen. Notwithstanding the murder of NOEL COSSART the branch of the family remained on in France, though many COSSARTS left for Holland and England during the latter part of the 16th Century and the first half of the 17th century.

In 1685 after the Revocation of the Edict Of Nantes my great-great-great grand Uncle NOEL COSSART fled to Rotterdam with his wife ANNE PETIT, abandoned and leaving all his property at Rouen.

My great-great-great grandfather ISAAC COSSART born at Rouen in 1651 married SUSANNE CORNELIE de la FONTAIN at Amsterdam, March 15, 1690. He was naturalized in Amsterdam with his only son PIERRE COSSART, March 20, 1710.

This PIERRE COSSART who was baptised at Amsterdam November 8, 1693 left Amsterdam and settled at Cork, Ireland, in May 1716, and there married. He was father to JEAN COSSART my great grand Uncle who was sheriff of Cork in 1753.

PIERRE (Peter) COSSART’S family remained in Ireland until quite recently. Now my brothers and sisters live in England and I out here on this Island on account of my business.

The aforesaid PIERRE COSSART, my great-great grandfather, was a brother to MARIE CATHERINE COSSART who married ANDREW FANUEIL (de la Rochelle). This Andrew Faneuil was the donor of "Fanueil Hall” to the City of Boston. (Known as the "Cradle of Liberty"). I saw the hall when in Boston, Mass., in 1884.

In the note you give me of the Fanueil pedigree it is mentioned that Pierre Cossart married Jeane Faneuil. This Pierre cannot be my great-great grandfather whose sister Marie Catherine Cossart married Andrew Faneuil. Pierre Cossart married Elizabeth Perdman, August 29, 1693. I see, though, from some old copies of registers in my possession that a JEAN COSSART married a JUDITH FANUEIL at Rotterdam, August 29, 1693. Andrew Faneuil of Boston in his will dated
The Cossarts of Great Britain

September 12, 1734 speaks of his brother-in-law PIERRE (Peter) COSSART of Cork (my great-great grandfather aforesaid) and of his sister-in-law SUSANNA COSSART of Amsterdam. Both sisters, SUSANNA and MARIE CATHERINE COSSART are mentioned in our pedigree. The former died unmarried and was buried at Amsterdam, September 18, 1749.

The Cossart family was a numerous one - some think the original cradle of the race to have been Liege (in modern Belgium).

Liege sent a branch of Cossarts to France in 1456. This branch was ennobled in France under the name of "Cossart d'Espies". This branch held high position about the Court and in the French Army during the 16th and 17th Centuries. One or two of the name were killed at the Battle of Waterloo, while fighting under Napoleon. The family still exists in France, the head being the Marquis Cossart d'Espies.

A Madam Cossart d'Espies was buried in the Bazaar fire at Paris in 1897. These Cossarts of course were and are all Catholics.

Another branch of the family (a Huguenot branch) left Liege for northern Holland about 1600 and then there is my branch which were from Rouen and went to North Holland in the latter part of the Century at the time of the Revocation of the Edict of Nantes. Our pedigree traces them to Rouen from father to son and up to the time of the massacre of St. Bartholomew and as I said before, the name occurs in the old charters and etc., at Rouen as far back as the 13th century.

There are not less than five Coats-of-Arms used by the different branches of the family. That used by my branch was registered in Holland and I think given to our family after their leaving France, as it is not a French Coat-of-Arms. Neither can I trace it in France. It is the same Coat-of-Arms as is over the tomb of my kinsman JACOB COSSART, Burgomaster of Rotterdam in 1769, who descended from NOEL COSSART of Rouen, before mentioned.

Even up to the beginning of this century my ancestors in Ireland kept up intercourse with their relatives in Holland. Take the following as an instance: My grand Uncle born 1772 had as his godfathers SAMUEL COSSART of Rotterdam and ISAAC COSSART London, England.

I do not think I can give you any further information regarding the Cossart family at present.

Without further particulars as to the JACQUES COSSART who landed in New York from the Pumerlander Kerch from Leyden in 1662, I cannot tell whether he belonged to our branch or to an earlier branch settling in Holland.

The name JACQUES occurs several times in my pedigree and among my copies of registers. There was a JACQUES COSSART ancien d'Espies de Rouen, who was my 6th great grandfather back. Then there was the grandson JACQUES COSSART born 1622, married in 1646 to JUDITH COUGUARD, and others. A JACQUES COSSART and wife, people of wealth were imprisoned by the Catholics in 1685, he at the old Palace and she in a convent where she died. Years afterwards in 1791 a Cossart (Catholic) at Rouen laid claim to the property formerly belonging to this JACQUES COSSART and was allowed to take possession.

Hoping to have again the pleasure of hearing from you, especially if you have anything further to communicate regarding the American Cossarts. I remain, Dear Madam,

Very truly yours,

London House
/S/
CHARLES J. COSSART,
75 Marke Lane, E. C. Funchal, Island of Maderia."

The following is a copy of a letter written by Charles J. Cossart of Funchal, Island of Maderia, to Prof. Edmund J. James of the University of Chicago.

"We have a pedigree tracing back to about 1500. Our family was then settled at Rouen, where my ancestor NIEL COSSART, Sieur de Bose Betre, was killed at the time of the massacre of St. Bartholomew. His imprisonment and death are given by Bordier in his work "La France Protestants". My branch left France after the Revocation of the Edict of Nantes in 1685 and took refuge in Holland. The PETER COSSART of Cork you speak of was my great-great grandfather. He left Amsterdam for Ireland in May 1716. He was the only son of ISAAC COSSART of Rouen who fled to Holland after the Revocation of the Edict of Nantes.

PIERRE COSSART came over to Ireland in 1716, settled and married there and became the ancestor to my branch of the family of Cossart. His eldest son, my great-uncle was sheriff of Cork in 1753.

I don't quite see how Andrew Faneuil of Boston could have been a brother-in-law to PETER COSSART of Cork unless by marrying his sister MARIE CATHERINE COSSART. She was baptised at Amsterdam January 15, 1696. My pedigree does not give any further particulars of her, whereas the younger sister SUSANNA COSSART died at Amsterdam September 18, 1749. I have a very complete pedigree which has been handed down from one generation to another and in spare moments have added much valuable information to it from researches made by a friend of mine at Rouen. Cossarts appear in old charters at Rouen as far back as the 12th century. I have an idea, however, that the family was not either French or Norman, but that it came from Liege, when, I do not know. All that I know is that a Cossart came from Liege to France at the beginning of the 13th century. He was an ancestor of the branch of Cossarts afterwards ennobled in France under the name of Cossart d'Espies (Cossart of Espies). Their pedigree are given in full in the Dictionaire de la Noblesse, Third Edition, 6th Volume, Paris. I was under the impression that the family was extinct in France, but a year or so ago, I came across the name in a newspaper. None of my Cossarts were at Rouen as far back as 1200. It is a vexed question whether they also originally came from Liege or whether one of them threw out a branch to Liege which afterwards returned members to France.

The name of Cossart, apart from the Cossart d'Espies is still extant in France. I mean of course the Catholic branches who did not flea from the persecutions. The name is not a common one, therefore not often met with.

If you can tell me who your Cossart ancestor was, I will see if I can find him in any of my pedigrees or with the numerous registers and etc., which I have. He must have left France before the Revocation of the Edict of Nantes, as several of them did.

DAVID COSSART was Alderman of Doublin at the end of the 17th Century and the registers of the French Conformist Church in Doublin give the names of Coossarts from 1670.

The JOHN COSSART merchant, who died in New York City in 1700 may be the JEAN (John) COSSART born in 1656 shown in my pedigree. I have no further information about him. JEAN COSSART was an uncle to PIERRE (Peter) COSSART of Cork and therefore my great-great-great grand uncle.

I think, but am not sure, that there are still some Cossarts in Holland. An Aunt of mine who
The Cossarts of Great Britain

died a very old, lady in 1870 told me she remembered as a child, Dutch cousins, of the name of Cossart coming over to Dublin where her home was on visits to her family. My grand uncle PETER JAMES COSSART born 1772 had for his godfather SAMUEL COSSART of Rotterdam and ISAAC COSSART of London. This shows that at that time the Cossarts in Holland kept up intimate connections with their family in England and Ireland. The London Cossarts, other than those of my immediate family are now extinct.

To return to the Dutch Cossarts. My great-great-great grand uncle NOEL COSSART also fled to Rotterdam with his wife ANNE PETIT in 1685 (vide Haig's Book) and there had issue. From him was descended JACOB COSSART, Burgomaster of Rotterdam in 1769-80. He lies buried in the Walloon Church yard there and over his tomb is his Coat-of-Arms of the same device as mine. My family Coat-of-Arms was granted my ancestor in Holland and is registered at the College of Arms at the Hague. It is not the same as that of the Cossarts d'Espies which is "De gueules a la croix ancre d'or chargée de cinq ancrés d'azur" whilst that of the Cossarts of Normandy was a 'Chevron two crosses de genat and a Moor's head", if the latter was that of my branch before leaving France they must have thrown it up in disgust. It is very difficult to follow up investigations of this sort in France as so many old papers and charters were destroyed during the persecutions.

Yours very truly,
/s/ CHARLES J. COSSART, Funchal, Island of Maderia.”

Note: Mr. Cossart of Funchal, Maderia and his partner in London were wine merchants and did their business under the firm name of "Cossart, Gordon and Company".

The following is the son of the late Charles John Cossart, Quinta da Levada, Maderia. This extract was copied from allows Who's Who 1933, pages 718-719, an annual Biographical Dictionary with which is incorporated men and women of the time.


Quotations from the FANUEL Genealogy, Vol. 1, page 283:
"Benjamin Fanueil · Huguenot Merchant of La Rochelle, France, born 1598. Married 1616 to Susanna de l’Espine, died 1677; had a son Perrie born 1618.

Perrie married. MARIE COUSSEAU 1640. They had children: Benjamin married Marie Bureau July 28, 1699, died in New York, March 31, 1719, aged 50 years, 8 months; Perrie married Marie Du Pont · they had three sons and two daughters, Benjamin, Jean and Andrew Faneuil who married MARIE CATHERINE COSSART, she was born 1696. baptised January 15, 1696 daughter of ISAAC COSSART and SUSANNE CORNELIE de la FONTAINE. MARIE died at Boston, Mass. July 16, 1724. He died at Boston February 13, 1737. Jean Fanueil died at La Rochelle June 24, 1737, Sussanne Fanueil married Abraham de La Croix. JEANNE FANUEIL married Perrie Cossart., she died in Ireland 1749."

The will of ANDREW FANUEIL of Bostan, Mass., September 12, 1734 mentions "My loving brother-in-law, PETER COSSART of Cork in Ireland, and his sister SUSANNA COSSART of Amsterdam, Holland"........

(Reference: New England Historical and Genealogical Register, 1895, Volume 49m, page 515).

Andrew Fanueil of Boston donated “Fanueil Hall” to the city and the building is known as “The Cradle of Liberty”. The building is still standing (1935).

Benjamin and Andrew Fanueil conducted the merchantile business of Fanueil and Company at Boston, Mass. Benjamin removed to New York. Andrew remained in Boston where his residence is said to have been the most attractive private residence and his warehouses the most exclusive in Boston. The ashes of this Huguenot Merchant lie in the Fanueil tomb beside the present, Park Street Church, at the front of the tomb are the Fanueil Arms, beautifully cut in the stone. Fanueil Hall known throughout the world as the “Cradle of Liberty” was a gift to the town of Boston, The weather vane upon Fanueil Hall is a Grasshopper, the crest of the Arms of the Fanueils. The death of MARIE COSSART wife of Andrew Fenueil is recorded in the Boston Gazette No. 248. It further says "A gentlewoman of extraordinary perfection of mind and body”.

Mr. J.S. Willems, Avenue D'Auderghen, 40, Bruxells, Belgium, who is a genealogist, Historical and Documentary searcher, and who specializes in studies relating to European families having emigrated to America; their origin, derivation of surnames, their life, history, social standing civil, military and ecclesiastical appointments, titles, coats of arms seals, portraits, engravings, etc., says relative to the Cossart family:

"That Cassart, Cassard, Cossart is a French name still to be met with in France. That Croseti another name, is of the same origin. That the family name WILLEMS is the genitive of the prenomen Willem (in English William) and is purely Dutch. Willems is very frequently met with in Flanders and in the Flemish part of Belgium. In the Netherlands, this genitive is more currently Willems and Willems(s)en."

Liege is a Walloon City and the name of Willems would not, therefore, find its origin there, but a Willems family of no connexion with my own, settled in the past at Liege, coming from the Province of Limberg.

With regard to the name Cossart: The multifarious ways of spelling it and which leave the door open to many other possible spellings are such as to render searches complicated.

An examination made by me in a portion of my Indexes has led. me to discovering, so far, the following: Cossar, Cassard, de Cossard, Cossart, de Cossart, Cassard, de Cassard, Cassart, Cassaert, Cassaerts, Casa, etc., and these with (in round figures) say a hundred references relating to divers French Provinces, to Belgium, to the Netherlands · the whole obviously previous to the French Revolution. Many other sources remain to be compiled.

On the otherhand, I have pro tem, left aside the spellings:
Cossani, Cossan, Cosa, Cosat, Cosset, Cosan, Cossat, Casan, Cassault, Cassae, etc., which are probably of a nature to interest you as well.

I am quite disposed to procure for you all the text shown in these references, together with English translations from the French or Dutch, etc., if required.

I may tell you that, according to investigations made by me in my collections, the name Cossart, Cassart was completely unknown in the city of Liege. It is quite possible it may have turned up at a certain moment in the vicinity of Liege, is, in what commune?

As a matter of fact, the Cassarts or Cossarts originate in France where they are found in numerous Provinces and cities. Much later and even at the present time, they are met with in the Belgium Walloon Provinces and, under the Flemish form of Cassart or Cassaerts, in the Flemish part of the country.

With regard to your ancestor JACQUES COSSART, my experience in these matters leads me to say that it is more probable that he, or at least his father, came from France to escape from the religious persecutions. Alike all his other Protestant compatriots, he passed through Belgium (Liege country) on his way to Holland, the country of religious freedom and in this way arrived at Leiden, Holland.

I should add the following, which will be likely to interest you, viz., according to my books on Heraldry, there are specially known, with as many different coats-of-arms, besides the names of Cassan, etc., the names Cassart · a noble family of Brittany · Cassard in Dauphine and Cossart (in Normandy, in the old Province of France and in the Beauvoisis), and further Cossart, likewise spelt in ancient documents Cossaert, in Holland.

There is a great deal in common in the coats-of-arms Cossaert-Cossart of Holland and Cossart of the Dauphine, and if one considers that the name Cossaert most closely resembles orthographically and phonetically your own name of Cossaert, it may be inferred that your origin lies there and that investigation should be directed in that quarter.

With the expression of my best regards,
Yours very truly,

J. S. WILLIAMS."
THE COSSARTS OF EUROPE

JACQUES COSSART THE FIRST

OF

LIEGE IN BELGIUM

AND OF

LEYDEN, HOLLAND
The Cossarts of America

(No record of parents).

Jacques Cossart, born 1595, died ....? Married Rachelle Gelton, both from the City of Liege, now in Belgium and settled in Leyden, Holland. Birth records show that they were residing in Amsterdam, Holland in 1632.

“The Cossarts of Leyden from whom the American Cossarts descended is claimed to have lived in Liege according to the Early Generations of the du Pont and allied families, genealogy, by H. A. du Pont, Volume II, which is herewith quoted.

“Monsieur du Rieu, a member of the ‘Commission pour l'Histoire des Englishe Wallonnes’, states that documents in the possession of the Commission show that the Cossarts of Leyden came to that city from Liege in Belgium about the beginning of the 17th century, and that these Cossarts were apparently wholly distinct from those who fled from Rouen to Amsterdam and Rotterdam at the time of the Revocation of the Edict of Nantes. (1685).

“Jacques Cossart of Leyden, born in 1595, married Rachel Gelton by whom he had Rachel Cossart, baptised at Amsterdam, June 24, 1632, and Jacques Cossart, the younger, baptised at Leyden, May 29, 1639. The last named immigrated to America in 1662 with his wife, Lea Vilman (or as she is sometimes called, Lydia Willems) where they joined the Dutch Church in New York, April 1, 1663, and their numerous descendants have established themselves subsequently in different parts of the United States, the family name, in many instances, having been modified in many ways, such as Cozart, Cosad, Casad, and Cassatt.

“As the Leyden Cossarts came from Liege, it is difficult to predicate any consanguinity between them and the Cossart families who had their abode in western and central France. An impression prevailed, however, in the Leyden family, that Rouen was the birthplace of the grandfather of the American emigrant. As the emigrant’s natal year was 1639 and that of his father, 1595, it is evident that the grandfather whose first name is not known, could not have been born much later than 1575, and might well have came in the world some 20 or 25 years sooner. In either contingency his birth must have occurred about the era of the Reformation. The records, however, of our Cossart family of Rouen during that period, which are very complete, do not show that any of its members established themselves in foreign parts, there having been no emigration on account of religious persecution, all of which upsets the above tradition. Another story which has been handed down among the Leyden Cossarts ascribes their place of origin to Picardy, and as in many cases family traditions have much real basis, it is not at all impossible that they descended from one of the Cossart families of that Province. All this, however, is pure hypothesis, and the reader will observe that the connection, if any existed, between the American Cossarts and the descendants of the Rouen family from which we (du Pont) come, is of a wholly undetermined and conjectural character.”

CHILDREN:

1.1 (2)  
   i. Rachel Cossart, was baptised at Amsterdam, Holland, on June 24, 1632. No further record.

1.2 (3)  
   ii. Jacques Cossart, was baptised at Leyden, Holland, on May 29, 1639. He died in Brooklyn, New York, in 1685.
Volume I

JACQUES COSSART and LYDIA WILLEMS

Immigrants to America

1662

And Their Descendants

Historical, Genealogical and Biographical Collections

Relating to

The COSSART-Cosart-Cossairt-Cossiart-Cossaart-Cosat

Casat-Cassat-Cassatt-Cossat-Cossatt

Cozatt-Cozart-Cozzart-Crozatt-Corzatt

Cosad-Casad-Cozad

Cashow-Kershow-Kershaw

etc., etc., etc.
Jacques Cossart, baptised at Leyden, Holland on May 29, 1639, and died at Bushwick (Brooklyn), Long Island, N.Y. in 1685. He was the first immigrant bearing the name COSSART to come to the American Colonies. (See “Baird's Huguenot Emigration to America”, Volume 1, pages 182-3).

He married Lydia Willems (or, as she is sometimes called, Lea Vilman) at Leyden, Holland, the place of his birth, and they left there in 1657, and returning in December 1659 from Franckendal, Pfalz Province, in Germany, where they were received into the Church at Leyden, Holland and again left there on April 7, 1660.

Records show that members of the Cossart family had left France and settled in Holland as early as 1605. After taking their letter from the Huguenot Church at Leyden, Jacques and his wife, and their two children aged five years and eighteen months respectively, (claimed to have been Lea, baptised May 31, 1657 and Susanna, christened February 3, 1661 by the late Oliver L. Cozad of Marion, Ohio), left Holland on the sailing vessel “De.Pumerlander Kerck”, of which Captain Benjamin Barentz, was master, arriving at New Amsterdam on October 14,1662, and settling in the Dutch Colony of New Netherland, at the town of New Amsterdam, on Manhattan Island.

"By the advise of some gentlemen and reading of the New Netherland conditions, immigrants were allured and persuaded to emigrate with their families to the new world". "..... they embarked on October 12, 1662, in the ship Pumerland Church, of which Captain Barentsen was skipper, and which on the 14th weighed anchor and passed the village on the Texel bound with supplies to New Amsterdam. Of the approximately ninety men, women and children passengers, the French composed a third and the Dutch colonists the remainder. Each adult was charged for passage and board 39 florins, children of ten years and under, except infants, half price, which was then considered a large sum of money. At that time a Florin was worth about $1.60 of our money. The ship is said to have arrived early in 1663 via the Delaware River." (Reference: History of Harlem - Ryker - page 119).

The charges for their passage stand thus in the accounts of the West India Company:

‘Jacques Cossart debet Voor vrocht en costght day hy A^1662, 12 October pr’t Schip de Pumerlander Kerch,
Schippr, Benjamin Barentsen, is herwaerts gecomen ............... Fl. 39
Voor syn vrou.......................................................... . 39
En 1 kinder unter 10 Jaeren............................................................19½
T. Fl............................................................... .97½

"Early Emigrants to New Netherland,1657-1664. Passengers on the Pumerland Kerch October 1662:
Claus Paulus and wife,
Nicolas du pui, and wife and 3 children,
Arnount du Tois, wife and 1 child,
Gideon Merlit, wife and 4 children,
JACQUES COSSARIS, wife and 2 children,
Louis Louhman, wife and 3 children,
Jan de Conchilier, wife and 5 children,
Jaco Clopp, from Leyden, wife and 2 children,
The following are quotations from the Justice Collection of the Genealogical Society of Pennsylvania:

“October 12, 1662, Jacques Cossaris, wife and two children aged 5, and one 1½ years arrived at New Amsterdam or New York City, on the ship “De Pumerlander Kerch”, Captain Benjamin Barentz, with other passengers mostly from Leyden, Holland. (Year Book of the Holland Society, 1902, page 22).

“The Latinization of the name COSSART, by the addition of the letters “is” or “us” , is not uncommon; a similar change occurred in the name of Francis Daniel Pastorius, the founder of Germantown, Pa. The late Dr. Learned of the University of Pennsylvania, on visiting the town from which Pastorius came, ascertained that his name was Pastor, and the “ius” had been added.

“The evolution of the name “Cossaris” to Cassatt, makes a very interesting study in patronymics.

“The Dutch in their efforts to follow phonetically the spelling of French and English names, have made it quite difficult in many cases to trace families. The Christian names were nearly always recorded in the Dutch equivalent, and some surnames as well. Jacques became Jacob, Jacobus, sometimes James and occasionally Jacob. Pierre was usually termed or translated Peter. The French surname Le Blanc became De Witt, etc.

“The family connections of Jacques Cossart, and the place of his nativity, are unknown to the writer, but he was doubtless a Huguenot, persecuted for his religious views and obliged to leave his country and seek refuge among the hospitable Dutch.

“Some of the Huguenot refugees succeeded in saving a part of their property, but by far the greater number were left destitute.

“The Huguenots were generally well educated, and most of them came from the yeomenry, but as is well known, many belonged to manorial families.

“The social position of the Cossarts is evidenced from the will of David, son of Jacques, who calls himself “Gentleman”. In the “Dictionaire de la Noblesse” will be found the family of “Cossart” and it is quite probable he may have been connected with this family. The records of the Huguenot Church at Leyden will probably furnish the clue because Jacques was a member of that church.

“Upon his arrival at New Amsterdam as the City of New York was then called, he and his wife Lydia Willems, joined the Dutch Church at this place where the records of the births of their children will be found.
The Cossarts of America

“It is evident that Jacques Cossart was not a rich man; March 19, 1663, Nicolas Dupuy, Gideon Merlet, Arnout du Toict, Jacques Cossart, Louis Locquerman, Jacob Kolver and Jean de Conceeleer, immigrants, requested grants of land and seed grain with provisions for six months. (Calendar of N.Y. Hist. Manuscripts Dutch 1630-1664, age 245).

“That he was an honest man and trusted by the Dutch, appears from the following:

(Not verbatim)

“October 9, 1666, Jacques Cossart, Collector of the moneys promised by the inhabitants for the support of the clergy, appeared in court and requested a commission for collecting; the court allowed him 4%. Later he requested the court to tell him how he was to get payment for commission due, and the court authorized him to deduct it from his collections. Complaint having been made by the ministers to the Mayor and Aldermen of the City, as to non-payment of their fixed salaries, it was ordered that the deacons of the city are to exert all possible means to collect from the delinquents in cooperation with the Collector, Jacques Cossart. (Court minutes of New Amsterdam, Vol. VI, pp. 40, 44 and 79).

Among the “List of Early Emigrants to New Netherlands”, appears the name of “COSSARIS, Jacques, wife and two children, aged 5 and 1½, October 1662.” Extract from the Manuscripts of the late Teunis G. Bergen. (Reference: New York Genealogical and Biographical Record, Volume 14, page 185, for the year 1883).

The name of Jacques COSSIART appears in the “Index, Volume VII, p. 126 of the Ecclesiastical Records of the State of New York”.

ARRIVAL IN NEW AMSTERDAM

“The little town of New Amsterdam, nestled upon the lower end of Manhattan Island, presented a curious appearance to the strangers, enclosed within the limits of Wall Street and Broadway, two hundred poorly constructed houses gave partial comfort to some fourteen hundred people. The Fort loomed up broadly in front, partially hiding within it the Governors residence and the Dutch Church. The flag of the States-General and a windmill on the western bastion, were notable indications of Holland rule.

“The increasing harshness of the government toward its Protestant subjects, at this period, led many of them to remove from the kingdom. As in the case of the earlier emigrants, the greater number of these refugees made their way to Holland; and from Holland not a few, between the years of 1657 and 1663, crossed over to America. For the most part, they were natives of northern provinces of France. Phillippe Casier and David de Marest were from Picardy. Jacques Cousseau came from La Rochelle.

“Other French colonists, whose places of birth are not recorded, emigrated about this time to New Amsterdam, (1662), by way of Holland. We have the names of... JACQUES COSSART .. Though the fact is not expressly stated, it may be presumed that the greater number of these immigrants, like the previously named, originated in the provinces of Picardy, Normandy and Bretagne.” (Reference: “History of The Huguenot Emigration to America”, 1884, by Charles W. Baird, Volume 1, pp. 182, 183 and 189).

"Isaac Vermilye had as companions on the voyage, JACQUES COSSART, Nicolas du Puis, Gideon
Merlett, Jean le Conseille, Louis Locqcueman, Jacob Kolver, and Jana Boockhoolts, as also Arnout du Toict, all having lived at Leyden, we presume, and probably all Wallons except Buckhout. Vermilye, with his wife and daughter Maria and all his fellow passengers above named, save Culver and Buckhout, joined the Church at New Amsterdam April 1, 1663, no doubt by letter, The wives of COSSART, Du Puis and Locqueman also united. They made application, March 19, 1663, for land and seed grain, and victuals for six months, showing their necessities.

"COSSART brought his wife Lydia Williams and two children of 18 months and 5 years. They had also Jacob born 1668, David 1671, Anthony 1673. Jacob married 1696 Anna Maria, daughter of Joh. Caspars Springsteen. He and Anthony who married 1696, Elizabeth, daughter of Jan Tymensen Valentine, of Schenectady, were residents of Brooklyn: their posterity bearing the name of Cashow or Corshow. Jacob Cosart born at Brooklyn 1701, a son of Anthony, died at Bound Brook, N.J., April 19, 1772. David Cosart married 1696. Styntie, born 1677, daughter of Joris Jansen van Hoorn, and had with other children born in New York City, sons George, Jacob, David, John, Francis. He died between 1736 and 1740, in Somerset County, New Jersey, leaving farms there to his sons George, David and Francis" (Reference: “History of Harlem, 1881 - Ryker, page 227).

“COSSART, Jacques, on assessment rolls of Brooklyn 1675 and 1683. There were KOSAERTS residing on the Raritan in 1733. This may be Jacques Cousard. There was a Jacob Cossar who took the oath of Allegiance to the English in New York in 1664.” (Reference: "Early Settlers of Kings County, New York, 1881" by Bergen, page 76).

“COUSARD or Cosseau, Jacques or Jacob, a Frenchman, of Bushwick, Long Island, married Lydia Willems of Brooklyn. Took the oath of allegiance to the English in 1664: on assessment rolls of Bushwick in 1693 and census of 1698. There was a Jacques Cousseau and Magalena du Tullier, his wife, members of the Reformed Dutch Church of New Amsterdam, prior to 1660. Issue - Jacques, baptised April 11 1668, and David baptised June 18, 1671, both in New York.” (Reference: "Early Settlers of Kings County N.Y. 1881" - Bergen page 76).

Jacques and his wife Lydia joined the Dutch Church at New Amsterdam on April 1, 1663. The Council Minutes as recorded in the Dutch Manuscripts 1630-1664: show that on "March 19, 1663 Jacques Cossart, immigrant, made a petition, praying for a grant of land and seed grain with provisions for six months”. (Ref. “Register of the Early Settlers of Kings County, Long Island, N.Y.”, by Teunis G. Bergen, page 49).


“The secretary delivering into court the a/c of the weekly assessment collected by Claes Van Eslant from 18th December 1665 to last April 1666, being 19 weeks and the same being examined by their Worships they find, that many persons are still in arrers for a large sum and that Claes Van Eslant has received thereupon to date the sum of Fl. 3359:5 and per Contra has paid to the Secretary no more than Fl. 2909:9, so that there remain thereon Fl. 449:16, whereof his commission amounting to the sum of Fl. 167:18 being deducted there should remain per balance the sum of Fl. 281:18 which being stated to Claes Van Eslant by W. Court, he says he paid in to the Secretary all the money that he received. Whereupon their W. resolved to appoint another in
Eslant’s place as collector, until he shall have called in the remainder of his list and have paid in his arrers, and thereunto their W. elected JACQUES COSSART, on the same condition that Eslant was accepted: and to wit that he shall receive, from all he shall have collected a commission of 5% provided he make good therefrom the loss in ZEWANT, and he is therefore obliged to count the same and the following certificate was granted him: ‘Be it hereby made known to all, whom it may concern, that Jacques Cossaert, the bearer hereof, is by us, the Mayor and Aldermen of the City of New York elected and appointed collector of the weekly assessment for the behoof of the soldiers, to whom every one from now and henceforth shall have promptly every week to pay as much, as they are assessed on the following list. Done N. Yorck. Ady, this first of May 1666.” (Reference: “The Records of New Amsterdam from 1653 to 1674” by Berthold Fernow, 1897, Volume V, page 352).

“Jacques Cossaert, collector of the weekly assessment for the behoof of the soldiers, appearing in court, states that pursuant to the courts order, he made the collection last week and says that he has fallen so much short in the receipts, that the surplus can hardly pay his commission; offering if the W: Court will please allow him 7½% as a commission on his receipts, that he shall then undertake to make good from his commission whatever shall fall short. The W: Court having heard the remonstrance and offer of the petitioner, allow him for commission 7½ per cent, from which he shall be bound to make good whatever falls short in the money to be collected, provided he do his utmost to bring the money in weekly.” (Reference: “The Records of New Amsterdam from 1653 to 1674” by Berthold Fernow, 1897, Volume VI, pages 4 and 5).

*Court Minutes of New Amsterdam .
N. York, 9th October A 1666,

Jacques Cossaert, collector of monies promised by the inhabitants for the support of the Clergy, appears in court requesting that something may be allowed him for the collection of said. money. The W. Court having heard petitioners request, allow him 4 per cent. for the collection of said money. Ady as above.
(References: “Record of New Amsterdam from 1653 to 1674 anno ,domini”, Volume 6, page 40. Also Ecclesiastical Records of the State O:E New York, 1901, Volume 1. page 582).

“N. York., October 30th 1666.

Jacques Cossaert requesting to know, from whom he is to get his commssion of 4 per centum which was allowed. him on the 9th instant by the Mayors Court for collecting the money for the Clergy. It is apostilled as followeth: The W. Court order, that he shall be paid his commission out of the money he has collected for the behoof of the Clergy.
(References: Records of New Amsterdam from 1653 to 1674 Anno Domoni, Volume 6, page 44. Also Ecclesiastical Records of the state Of New York, 1901, page 584).

"Court Minutes of New Amsterdam, June 18th A0 1667.

Whereas the General has complained to his Worshipful Court, that many persons fail to pay the money promised by them for the support of the preachers, the following order is sent to the Deacons by direction of the Worshipful Court; Whereas divers complaints have been made to us the Mayor and Aldermen of the City of New York regarding the non payment of the promised and fixed salary of the ministers of this City, therefore
we do hereby order and command by and with the advise of the Honorable Governor, all the inhabitants of the City who are in arrears to said salary, promptly to pay their dues on this warning, and the Deacons of this City are requested to collect the same from said persons with the Collector Jacques Cossaert, and to exert possible means to promote the collection of said arrears. Ady as above.

(References: Records of New Amsterdam from 1653 to 1674 Anno Domini By Berthold Fernow Volume 6, page 79. Also · Ecclesiastical Record. of the State of New York, 1901, page 588).

New Netherlands became an English possession on the 6th day of September 1664, articles of capitulation were signed by the commission representing the States-General of Holland and the King of England: And the Dutch City and province received the name of the City and province of New York.

“In October 1664 JACOB COSSAR, together with several others, swore allegiance to the british by the following oath. The name of Pieter G. Stuyvesant appears among the list of names who took this oath:

"I swear by the name of almighty God, that I will be a true subject to the King of Great Brittaine, and will obey all such commands, as I shall receive from his Majestie, His Royal Highness James, Duke of York, and such Governors and Officers as from time to time are appointed over me, by his authority, and none other, whilst I live in any of his Majesties territoryes: So help me God."

(Reference: Documents relating to the Colonial History of the State of New York, 1853; Volume III By Broadhead).

It will be noted that Jacques held the offices of collector under the British administration. He had arrived here Just 36 years after Manhattan Island was purchased from the Indians.

In 1667. Jacques, purchased a house and lot in New York City, which property is now (1938) covered by the New York Produce Exchange Building at the corner of Whitehall and Marketfield Sts. If one should stand in the Lobby of this building and directly under the tower of same he would be standing on a spot that was once the back yard of the property of Jacques Cossart.

Marketfield St. between Whitehall and New Streets was sold to the New York Produce Exchange by the City of New York under authority of Chapter 159, laws of 1880. The Costello Plan of New Amsterdam in 1660 which is a pen drawing and shows the residence of Jacques Cossart. A reproduction of it is shown on the following page.
The following is a description of the property (House No. 23) acquired by Jacques:

"Block D, Lot 1

April 5, 1667 - Confirmed by governor Nicolls to Jacques Cossart (Patents Albany IV: 39)
Recites transport Jacob Leendertsen Vander Grift to Simon Jansen Romein August 26, 1666 (See Library B., New York Co. 101), and is by him since conveyed to Jacques Cossart.
Description: South Side Marketvelt Steegh joining on the East to Nicolas Boot; on the South to Jonas Bartletts (Bartelste); on the West Frederick Aertsen; and on the North to said Lane; Continuing in breadth on the north and south sides 20 feet 3 inches; on the East side in length 48 feet and on the west side 45 feet 6 inches, Wood Measure."

(Reference: "The iconography of Manhattan Island. The Dutch Grants", Volume II page 375.)

The Costello Plan of New Amsterdam in 1660 which is a pen drawing shows the residence of Jacques Cossart. This plan is on file in the New York Public Library, Corner 5th Avenue and 42nd Street, New York City. One may obtain a photostatic copy of this plan from the library for Fifty Cents which includes postage. Ask for "B-41 Redraft of the Costello Plan, New Amsterdam in 1660." And to locate the residence of Jacques Cossart in Block D, Lot 1, it is the second house directly opposite the north-eastern point of the Bastion to the Old Dutch Fort, and is the first house east of the corner house of the above block.

Publishers note: Don’t count on the 50¢ price quoted above. When compiling our own family history my sister, Lulu, wrote to the New York Public Library at the above address and was able to get the Costello Plan of New Amsterdam mentioned above (1999). After fifty years the address is unchanged and the photocopy of the plan is very good. The house of Jacques Cossart is plainly discernable. I had an enlargement of it made and framed and it hangs on the wall of my family room and is always an object of curiosity for my guests.

The neighbors and property owners of Jacques were as shown below. We will take the residence on the North-west corner of Block D which is at the corner of Whitehall and Marketfield Streets and read in an anti-clockwise direction:

House No. 1:

“In 1660, and until 1880, the Markvelt, Steegh began at the Market Field, as it naturally would. The corner house was built by Frederick Arentensen, a turner, from Swortensleys, who came to New Amsterdam in 1654, under contract for 3 years to Lourens Andrieissen, from Boskert, a master turner. A year before his term expired on Sunday morning July 23, 1656, he ran away without either word or reason and married Grietje Pieters, of Breda. His master sued to recover his services, but to no purpose. Having bought his lot from Teunis Tomasson, the mason, who agreed to take part of the price in chairs, he insisted on having it delivered to him at 13 inches to the foot, which Tomassen and his, wife, Beltje Jacobs disputed. He hired Christian Barenson to build his house; then sued him, in April 1658 because it was not finished. Barenson answered that no time had been specified, and that he could get no money; finally, that he had turned the contract over to Jacob Lennissen, who finished it by September 1658. Before the grading and fencing were finished, Arentsen quarreled with his neighbor on the South, Gerrit Hendrickse, attacking him so fiercely with a broom stick that he broke his own windows in his rage, as all the neighbors testified. In 1670 he tore down the south fence again, in a dispute with Warner Wessels,
and was fined 20 guilders and costs. Surveyor Cortelyou was then called in to make a survey in the presence of the Mayor, which was to be absolute.

“Arentsen was an expert cabinet maker. Both he and his wife appear to have been extremely contentious. He prospered however. In 1667, ‘Mr. Frederick Arentsen was taxed here on a high valuation.’ Riker’s History of Harlem says that this settler was Frederick Arents Bloem, ancestor of the Bloom family of N.Y.”

House No. 2:

“Two houses of Gerrit Hendricksen, from Hardenwick, who was paghter (farmer) of the excise on cattle during 1657-8 and of the liquor excise in 1660. He also owned house No. 23 which was later acquired by Jacques Cossart in 1667.

House No 3:

“Teunis Quick lived here in 1660. Teunis Tomassen, a mason, from Norden province of North Holland, is often referred to in early records of Teunis Quick · a surname held by his descendants at present time. The two vacant lots between 2 and 3 were owned by Jan Jansen de Jough and which he sold to his brother-in-law Jacob Teunissen Kay, the baker. His property remained in the Kay family until 1771.

House No. 4:


House No. 5:

“Philip Geraerdy’s old tavern, ‘where the wooden horse hangs out’ being a cake house. Philipe Geraerdy of Paris was a soldier in the West Indies Company service. Was in New Amsterdam as early as 1640.

House No. 6:

“The house of Maria Polet, widow of Philip Geraerdy.

House No. 7:

“Jeronimus Ebbing of Hamburg one of the New Netherlands wealthiest merchants bought from Dierckie Van Glen, widow of Skipper Willem Tomassen.

House No. 8 and 9:

“Double house owned by Isaac De Forest in 1687. Property had belonged to Surgeon Harmen Myndertsen van der Bogart, March 1647 while at Fort Orange. The house here shown was granted by James, Duke of York, to former Governor Richard Nicoll, July 5, 1669. Nicolls conveyed it to Captain Thomas Delavall the following day.

House No. 10, 10a, 10b, 10c:

“This was the property of Olaff Stevensen van Cortland. Houses 10b and 10c were located on the
opposite side of the block between Nos. 19 and 20. Van Cortland lived in No. 10 and in the rear was No. 10a which was his brewery. No. 10b had belonged to Jan Cornelissen Van Horn between 1645 and 1658; No. 10c had belonged to Cales Paulussen.

House No. 11:

“Pieter Hartgers who married daughter of Annetje Jans lived here. This property was confiscated by Governor Nicolls, and granted to Captain Sylvester Salisbury. He sold it to John Sharpe, May 17, 1677. The site of this house is the rear of the building at No 88 Broad Street. The garden ran back to No. 80 Broadstreet. 

(Publisher’s note: Effort has been made to copy this old text verbatim including mispellings, inconsistences, etc. such as the two Broad Street - Broadstreet.)

House No. 12:

“Property of Frederick Lubbertsen and in 1667 sold it to his family physician, Dr. Hans Kierstde.

Houses Nos. 13, 14 and 15:

“Olaff Stevenson van Cortland bought them from Frederick Lubbertsen in 1667. He lived in No. 13. No. 14 was purchased by Hendrick Jansen Spiers and sold it in 1662 to Christoffee Gerritzen van Lear, a shoemaker, who married Catharina Jans, paid 1,500 guilders for same. No. 15 was purchased by Gerrit Jansen Roos, a carpenter. These cottages were in the site of Nos. 86, 84 and part of 82 Broad Street.

House No. 16:

“Reynout Reynoutsen, master shoemaker lived here.

House No. 17:

“Alber Pietersen, a trumpeter, sold this house to Reynoutsen in 1664, and he sold to Pieter Winster, a master hatter in 1665 who lived here until 1675. Sold to Captain William Merritt, a prominent politician of his day in 1671, he built here a large dwelling house which was known for over 100 years as Merritt’s Great House. One of the City’s wells stood before its doors. The Popham building at Nos. 78-80 Broad Street now covers the ground.

House No. 18:

“Coëraet Ten Eyck, the tanner lived here. Site No. 76 Broad St.

House No. 19:

“Van Noorden built a substantial house on the corner (Cor. Of Broad Street and Market Field Street), his widow, Aschee Jans, was confirmed here by Governor Nicolls in 1668.

House No. 20:

“Joannes Vervelen bought this house from Joannes de la Montague Jr., 1659, who sold it in 1665 to Lambert Hendricksen.
House No. 21:

“The lot of Jan Evertsen Bout. The history of this site is of more than ordinary significance. Here was erected the first French Church. The site is now covered by the Court of the New York Produce Exchange. The church was built circa 1688. This site was very near the property once owned by Jacques Cossart and on the same street. Jacques had moved to Bushwick about fifteen years previous to the erection of the church. “The Rev. Pierre Daille is said to have been the first pastor of the French Church in New York. For some years the church had worshiped in a plain structure near the fort: that is on the south side of Marketfield Street, also called ‘Petticoat Lane’ and so called till 1703, which had become in a sense the French quarter.” (Ref: History of Harlem - Ryker - page 377). In the court of the New York Produce Exchange and on the west wall of the building one may see a bronze plaque with this inscription, “Erected by the Huguenot Society of America in 1902.” The church was within 100 feet and on the same street of what was once the home of Jacques Cossart who had lived here between 1667 and 1672. At the corner of Broad and Marketfield Streets, one may find another bronze plaque with this inscription, “To mark the lost thoroughfare called ‘Petticoat Lane’, one of the oldest thoroughfares of New Amsterdam. It began at this point (Marketfield and Broad Sts.) And extended by the fort to what is now battery place.” “This tablet is placed by Ellen Hardin Walworth Chapter D.A.R. 1925.”

House No. 22:

“A house and double lot belonged to Nicolas Boot. Skipper Boot’s house, and the wide garden east of it, had a frontage of nearly 80 feet. His garden fence, shown on the plan, nearly coincides with the west side of New Street. In 1659 he mortgaged the property to Pieter Jacobsen Buys for 1055 guilders, a large sum in the real estate transaction of the day, and lost it under foreclosure in 1663. (Mortgages, 1654-1660 Translated by O’Callaghen, 133; Records New Amsterdam III: 203; IV:300: Libr. Deeds B:124,126).

Boot spent much of his time in Virginia, where from an early date, he traded heavily in tobacco. (Rec. New Amsterdam II: 394). In the fall of 1662, when Boot was “about to depart for Virginia”, he left his affairs in the hands of his son-in-law, Cristoffel van Laer. (La Chair’s Register, in Holland Society Year Book, 1900, p. 152). Evidently they did not prosper. His domestic affairs, too, were embarrassing. His wife, Merritge Joris, unfortunately, was addicted to drinking, and often disgraced herself and family. Boot tried to restrain her, on occasion even locking her up in the house and nailing up the doors and windows. Finally they separated. He shook the dust of New Amsterdam from his soles, and removed to Virginia, after making arrangement to pay his unfortunate wife 1200 lbs. Of good Va. Tobacco, yearly, for her maintenance.

(Records of New Amsterdam II: 335-338, IV: 328).

House No. 23:

“House No 2 and 23 were the property of Gerrit Hendrickson, as above stated. The Marketfield lot No. 23. Sold at public auction January 1658, was conveyed to Hendricks by deed which stipulated 13 inches to the foot. (Leber. Deeds A’129). His neighbor, Arentsen, claimed the same generous measurement. Their differences on the question are most amusingly set forth in the Records of New Amsterdam, II: 395-6. When Gerrit secured a license to marry his second wife, Lysbeth Cornelis, October 2, 1659, the Orphan Master required that he should hypothecate his house, to secure to the children the legacy which their mother, Ytje Jans, had left them. Otto, 13 years old, Lysbeth, 6 years old, were each to receive 200 guilders, at their majority; little Jan, 9 years of age, was to have 250 guilders, because of his infirmities.

Between May and October 1663, Garrit Hendrickson died. His last widow renounced every claim to his estate, “except a few clothes appertaining to her body, so that no obstacle may remain
whereby her good intentions to solemnize her approaching marriage may be superceded.” Her next husband to whom she was married October 19, 1664 was Gerut Gerritzen, from Zutphen.”

Jacques Cossart acquired this property April 5, 1667 · see pages 33 to 36, herein.

The block immediately north of Block D was known as Block R and was long and narrow. Owners of property in this block were:

A dwelling and tobacco warehouse owned by Albert Andriessen of Fort Orange. The house was built by Roelf Jansen Haes before 1642. Aidressen established a trading post here. Facing now Bowling Green. Claes Van Eslant Sr., and Adries Claessen, his son lived directly across the street from Jacques Cossart. Eslant was Commissary for the West Indies Company and an importer of tobacco in 1638-9, and was court messenger from 1653 to 1662. The others who lived in Block R were · Jan Jansen Hagenaar, carpenter; Pierre Pia, a Frenchman, who ran a tavern; Hendrick Egbertsen: Hendrick van Bommel; and Willem Cornelis, a sea captain.
(Reference: “The Iconography of Manhattan Island. The Dutch Grants”).

Jan Cornelison Van Horn, the grandfather of Styntje Joris (Van Horn) Cossart, owned considerable property (vacant) in Block D mentioned above, about 1641.

After the Dutch government had re-captured the Fort and had re-occupied New York in 1673, Jacques Cossart removed to a small farm over in Bushwick, Long Island and lived there until his death in 1685. It will be noted above that in 1664 he swore allegiance to the English crown and also that he held office as collector during the English regime. The writer is of the opinion that the returning of the Dutch may have had something to do with his leaving the city.

“Jacques Cossart, born circa 1640, from Holland in the ‘Pumerland Church’, married Lydia Willems, arriving 1662, and settling at Bushwich, Long Island, N.Y.”

“Jacques Cossart of Brooklyn, New York, died 1685, came from Leyden, Holland, to New York in the ship “Pumerlander Kerch”, 1662, took oath of allegiance to the English Crown in 1664 (Married Lydia Willems in Leyden, Holland). There was a Jacques Cossart, baptised in Leyden, May 29, 1639, Left Leyden 1657, returned with his wife Lea Vilman 1659, and left Leyden with his wife 1660.”

“They later lived on Long Island (now Brooklyn) where the name of the wife appears on an old church list as “Lydia Willems, widow of Jacques Cossart”.
(Reference: Cozad Genealogy, 1897, by the late Oliver L. Cozad of Marion, Ohio).

The name of Jacques Cossart appears on the assessment rolls of Bushwick for the years 1675 and 1683 as follows:
“Assessment Roll of the real and personal property in BOSWICK, made up on the 19th august 1675.

Jacques Cossartt (or Cossardt): 1 Poll, 2 cows, 1 hog, 5 sheep, 5 morgens of land · Personal tax £ 31: Real estate £ 10, Total £ 41.”
“Rate list of Bushwick, 8 September A° 1683 · Jacques Cossart, 1 Poll; 2 horses, 1 of 2 years; 5 cows, 1 of 2 years; 1 hog and 18 morgens of land. Personal property tax £ 78; Real estate tax £ 36; Total tax £ 114.”


Assessment rates in effect were:

“Real estate at £ 2 per morgan or acre. (1 morgan of land consisted of 8640 sq. Ft., while an acre consists of 4356 sq. ft. A morgan is a superficial measure equaling 600 square perches of 144 sq. Ft. each); personal estate, each man £ 18; horses, £ 3 to £ 12; cows, £ 1.10 to £ 5 according to age; hogs £ 1; sheep £ 0.8.6.”

“Old and New Communicants of Brooklyn: Extracted from a list of communicants in the Protestant Reformed Churches of Brooklyn, Flatbush, Flatlands, and New Utrecht, from September 6th, 1677 to 1685, copied by the Hon. Teunis G. Bergen, from the church records of Flatbush, in the handwriting of Rev. Casparus Van Zuuren, who, during such period, was pastor of the churches in the above mentioned towns. The original spelling of the records has been followed as nearly as possible. (List mentions following localities: Bithfort · Bedford; Wale·Bocht; Kreupel-Bosch; veer van Breukelen (ferry); Dorp; Gouwanus). Residing in quarters in Brooklyn not specified in these lists is: . . . . . . .JACQUES COUZARD (dead) and LYDIA WILLEMS his wife (of Bushwick) . . . . . . .

(Reference: History of Brooklyn, 1869, Volume 1, page 427 · Henry R. Stiles).

There seems to be no record of the death of Lydia Willems, widow of Jacques Cossart. The church buildings have all disappeared and with them most of the church books and documents. The burying grounds have disappeared likewise, and no one knows positively where he or his wife were buried. One might hazard the guess that the place of their burial now lies under the paving stones or the sky-scrapers of Brooklyn, and not be far from the truth.

“The burial ground of the early settlers of Boswick village was situated on the Woodpoint road, being a square plot of land at the intersection of Kingsland Avenue, Withers and Parker Streets. In 1879 the grounds were abandoned and the remains were re-interred under Bushwick Church. A new graveyard had been established in 1814 around the old church edifice on plot bounded by present Humbolt St., Old Woodpoint Road, Conselyea Street and Skillman Avenue. The new church building was erected 15 years later on the old site of the churchyard. Private burial places were on some of the farms.

“The ancient graveyard of the settlement was a short distance from the church. Since 1814 most of the interments had been made in the new churchyard. In 1879 such remains as were left in the old burial ground were removed, estimated to be about 250, and the bones were collected in seven casket boxes, and these were deposited under Bushwick Church. Tombstones with inscriptions of the early days are rarely found, as there were no sculptors among these settlers. A few stones bearing dates as far back 1771 were decipherable and were removed to the new burial ground.”

(Reference: The Eastern District of Brooklyn 1912, pages 85 and 86, by Eugene L. Armbrusler).

The old Bushwick Dutch Reformed Church was an octagonal edifice, located as stated above, and facing the same way as the present one. Its portrait or drawing may be found in the Ecclesiastical History of Kings County, N.Y.”

The compiler visited the original site of the above church during the latter part of August 1934 and was very much disappointed to find that the Dutch Church had been torn down and in 1922 St. Francis Catholic Church had taken its place. Upon inquiry in the neighborhood he was informed that what remained of the bones had been removed elsewhere and that the caskets mentioned
above had fallen apart from deterioration.

Leyden, from whence the immigrants came, was the second city in Holland, was a handsome place with one of the famous universities.

In the public library of New York City is a map showing the landowners of 1645 on Manhattan Island. A photostat of this map may be obtained from the library for about Fifty cents which includes postage (Wanna bet?). Ask for “B-98 Sir Henry Moores Map, 1767 of Manhattan in 1642” stating that negative to this map is in map room.

Church Records in Holland

“1639 29 May Baptise a Leyde: Cossart, Jacques, file de Jacques et de . . . . . .(?)."

There was a Johannes Coessaert, merchant, freeman, of New York City, N.Y., living there May 20, 1697, and who died at this place prior to 1700. This may have been one of the immigrants own children, a brother or near relative of Jacques (3) as he resided in the South-ward or the same section of the city with other members of the Cossart family.

“John Cossart, paid taxes in the South Ward between 1695 and 1699 in the amount of £430; 24:22 as the records show. His name is also shown on the Tax lists as Jan Cousarts.”

“I, John Coesart, merchant, and having the effects of my own estate and others at a great distance from my kindred.” Makes Mr. Durzell Van Seriton executor, “to dispose of all my goods and to return the proceeds to the executors of my former will.” Dated April 25, 1700. Witnesses: Gerritt Van Horn, Daniel Jamison.”

“Codicil, dated July 20, 1700, makes Jacob Van Cortland Executor.
“Witnesses: William Aerts, Daniel Jamison, Richard, Earl of Bellmont, Captain General and Governor, etc

“To all to whom these presents shall come, know ye that at Fort William Henry, in New York, the 30th day of July, before me the last will of John Coesart, late of this city, merchant, was proved and allowed, etc., July 30, 1700.”
(Reference: Volume of Wills published by the New York Historical Society, page 346)

On page 353 of the above reference may be found a record of an Inventory of the estate of John Coesart, December 23, 1700, made by John Barberie and Stephen Delancy and Rip Van Dam. The total value of the estate was £9,196 guilders. A very long list of goods of all sorts, and a very long list of debts due him. No further record of this Jan Cossart can be found by the compiler.

Societe de l’Histoire du Protestantisme
Francais, 54, ru des Saints-Peres, Paris.

Walloon Church:
“Married August 14, 1656, Jacques Cossart and Lea Villemen,”
May 31, 1657 - Baptised - Lea, daughter of Jacques Cossart and Lea Villemen, his wife. God father - Phillipi Lefeore. God mother - Lea Lanoix, wife of Etie Chantem (or Chenteur).”

November 11, 1658 - Baptised, Rachel daughter of Jacques Cossart and Lea Villeman, his wife. God father Etie Chantem (or Chanteur). God mother, the sister Rachel Villeman.


(Rererence: Extract from a letter to the late O.L. Cozad of Marion, Ohio and written by J.A. Keden who states this is all the information that could be found)

Mr. O.L. Cozad
Marion, Ohio.

Sir:
Here is the answer to your letter of December 21, 1905. It was not possible to give it an earlier date as it required a good deal of preliminary correspondence. In the Walloon Church records of Frankenthal, are the following entries concerning your family:

“1656 August 14 - Marriage of Jacques Cossart and Lea Villemin.”
“1657 May 31 - Baptism of Lea, daughter of Jacob Cossart and Lea Villemin.
   Godfather - Philippe Lefebure.
   Godmother - Lea Lanoix, wife of Elie Charteur.”
“1658 Nov 11 - Baptism of Rachel, daughter of Jacques Cossart and Lea Villemin.
   Godfather - Elie Charteur
   Godmother - Rachel Villmin, step daughter of Eli Charteur.”

Those records seem to prove that, If in December 1659 Jacques Cossart and Lea Villemin or Villeman joined the Huguenot Church at Leyden, for some other reason or other they were again in Frankenthal in February 1661.

Now, if we return to Rouen, we find there, during the seventeenth century several families of the name of Cossart. As we preserve in the library of our Huguenot Society indexes to the marriage and baptism record of the church of Rouen at that time. I went over the baptisms and found the following which might interest your Jacques Cossart.

“1622 August 18 - Baptism of Jacques Cossart, son of Pierre Cossart and Marie Baudonins.”

One other Jacques Cossart, son of Pierre Cossart and Marie Loquet was also baptised on March 4, 1646, but in 1656 he would have been only 10 years old - It is therefore likely that the one who in 1656 was married in Frankenthal is the Jacques baptised in 1622 who married at the age of 34.

As a rule, being secretary of our Society, and editor of its Bulletins, which comes out every two months, I have not much leisure for those researches which take up a good deal of time, but if you wish to have more information about the Cossarts of Rouen, I might undertake to satisfy you.
Societe De L'Histoire De Protestantisme Francais,
Paris, le 25 mai 1906.

Mr. O. L. Cozad,
Marion, Ohio.

Sir:
On December 21, 1905 you asked me to trace the whereabouts of your ancestor Jacques Cossart. Through various researches and a certain amount of correspondence I succeeded in finding what you wanted. I sent you a detailed answer on February 24, 1906. Having had no reply I doubt whether my letter reached you. In this country we acknowledge information of that designation, but I wonder if this is the case in the United States.

Very truly yours,
N. W. Weiss,
Secretary.

Sundry Notes.

Lydia Willems, wife of Jacques Cossart does not appear on the Census Returns of 1698, she probably died before this date.

Emigrants from Holland. Jacques Cossart came over in the “Pumerland. Kirk” - perhaps you do not know that the date given October 12, 1662 - means the date when the vessel was appointed to sail from Holland, not when it arrived here. She must have reached New Amsterdam in December, sometime. She sailed from here in February 1663. She made a number of voyages, both before and after October 1662, the date of arrival of some of the vessels appear on the records, for instance, the “St. John Baptist,” which sailed May 9, 1661, arrived at New Amsterdam, August 6, 1661, it took her nearly three months to cross.

“Morgen” an old Dutch measure, equals about two acres of our present English measure.

Jacques Cosseau who arrived in New Amsterdam on the “Gilded Beaver”, which sailed from Holland May 17, 1658 never lived at Flatbush or on Long Island. Always on Manhattan Island; he died when Jacques Cossart was yet a young man. I don’t think the two families were closely related, if at all.

Jacques Cossart references:
Witness to baptisms at the New York Dutch Church February 4, 1663; May 27, 1664; October 1, 1664; December 6, 1664; May 25, 1665; June 30, 1669.

_Baird's Huguenot Emigration, Volume 1, page 183._
_Rikers History of Harlem, pages 227 and 228._


Court records of New York April 31, 1669. Court Proceedings regarding a Horse Mill on Mill Street (now South William St.).

New York Deeds June 30, 1665 Isaac Bedloo (Bedlow) and David Anderson convey a property on High Street to Jacques Cosseau.

Documents relative to the colonial history of New York State, Volume 3, page 75.

Oath of Allegiance to the English October 21—26, 1664.


Records of the Court of Burgomaster and Schepens · Fernow, Vol. 5, p. 352, May 1, 1666; Vol. 6, P. 4, May 8, 1666; Vol. 6, p. 40, October 9, 1666; Vol. 6, p. 444, October 30, 1666; Vol. 6, p. 79, June 18, 1667. All these refer to Jacques Cossart as collector.

Stiles, Volume 1. p. 427 · Church members September 6, 1677, Bushwick, Long Island.

_Ancient Families of New York. New York Genealogical and Biographical Record, Volume 10, p. 42; Volume 14, p. 185._

_Stiles History of Brooklyn · Church Members of Brooklyn to 1685 Jacques Cousard and Lydia Willems._

_June 30, 1687 Lydia Willems a witness at the New York Dutch Church._

It is the compilers belief that Jacques and Lydia were buried in the Dutch Graveyard in the vicinity of the Bushwick church and that their remains were later removed to a vault under the church or were reburied in the church yard. The following letters are in reply to an enquiry sent out as to what became of the remains of those members of this church who were buried within the boundaries of the church property:

“Collegiate Reformed Protestant Dutch Church
Of the City of New York,
October 1, 1934.

Mr. Joseph A. Cossairt,
U.S.S. Arizona.

Dear Sir:
Your letter of September 26th enclosing one of September 7th is received.

I find from the manual of the Reformed Church that the old Bushwick Church formerly on Bushwick Avenue, Brooklyn, went out of existence in 1919. We would have no record of what happened to the property or the records of the church, but if you will write to the Rev. W. T. E. Adams, the Stated Clerk of the North Classis of Long Island, he should be able to give you the information you desire. His address is 547A Kosciusko Street, Brooklyn. It might also be well to address a letter to the Librarian, Gardner Sage Library, Theological Seminary, R. C. A., New Brunswick, New Jersey. It has been the endeavor of the reformed church to have the records of defunct Churches sent to the Library above mentioned.

Trusting that the above information may be of use to you,

Sincerely,
/s/ H. P. Miller
Assistant Clerk.”

“Sage Library,
New Brunswick, New Jersey,
October 17, 1934.

Mr. Joseph A. Cossairt,
U.S.S. Arizona

My dear Sir:

I regret that no record of the Bushwick Reformed Church of Brooklyn are listed here. We maintained a separate room where the records of discontinued churches may be cared for, but if the last survivors prefer to deposit them elsewhere there is nothing, unfortunately, that we can do about it. It is a pity, for this is not the first request we have had for information about Bushwick families.

The Bushwick Church was organized in 1654 and continued for over 250 years. The last settled pastor left in 1902, but the pulpit was supplied at intervals until 1910. The final record is “Dropped, 1919”. Some organization may have persisted for the time after the property was disposed of, but the Classis to which the church belonged should, it seems to me, have gone after the records. Perhaps it did. I would suggest you write to the clerk of the South Classis of Long Island, Rev. John G. Addy, 1460 East 10th Street, Brooklyn, N.Y. He might in any case know, or be able to find out, what was done about the burials you speak of.

Very truly yours,
/s/ Edward S. Worcester,
Librarian.”

Woodlawn Reformed Church,
Avenue N at 3ast 10th Street,
Brooklyn, New York City,

5 January 1935.

Dear Sir:

Upon receipt of your inquiry in November last, concerning the disposition of the remains of those who had been interred in the churchyard of the Old Bushwick Church, I immediately endeavored to secure some information.

Within the last half-hour information has come that in all probability Mr. E. C. Hulst, 35-15 Parsons Boulevard, Flushing, NY., will be able to supply the information desired. I am
therefore forwarding your letter to Mr. Hulst with the request that he communicate with you.

You will realize that I have not been indifferent to your request, even though this is the first reply to your communication.

Very truly yours,

/\ Rev. John Gilmore Addy,
Minister."

Reformed. Church of Flushing,
Flushing, N.Y.,

January 9, 1935.

Mr. Joseph A. Cossairt.

Dear Sir:

There has been referred to me for answer your letter of November 15, 1934 with reference to the records and burial plot or vault of the Old Bushwick Church.

The records of the church seem to have been lost and tho we have made diligent search we can find none that are more than eighty years old. It is regrettable but the church fell on evil days in the later years of its existence and doubtless there was carelessness.

With reference to the burial vault supposed to be under the Old Bushwick Church. The Board of Trustees of the North Classis of Long Island had responsibility for winding up the affairs of the Church. There was a tradition that there was a vault under the Church in which the remains removed at the time of the sale of the burial ground had been deposited. When however the Church building was demolished. the most careful examination failed to reveal any trace of the existence of such a vault. I regret therefore that I can afford you no assistance in your request. With all good wishes I am

Sincerely yours,

T. H.. Mackenzie,
President, Trustees of the North Classis of Long Island."
The compiler visited the site of the old Bushwick Church in August 1934 and found that the old church property had been sold and a Catholic Church erected on the grounds. The compiler talked with residents of the district, most of whom were Italians, who are the principal occupants of this section of the city at the present time, and was reliably informed that there was a vault containing the bones of those who had been removed to this spot and that after some arrangements made with the city Engineer members of the Conselyea family claimed the remains and had them interred in some cemetery in Brookline See page 40-41.

Jacques Cossart and his wife Lydia Willems (or Lea Villman) may have had other children than those mentioned below, but if so no record of them has been found to date. Married, August 14, 1856.

**CHILDREN:**

1.2.1 (4) i. Lea Cossart, baptised at Frankenthal, Germany, in the Walloon Church, May 31, 1657. Mentioned in ship’s log as aged five years in 1662. Her Godfather was Philippe Lefebure, and her godmother was Lea Lanoix the wife of Elie Charteur. The first child of the immigrants. No further record.

1.2.2 (5) ii. Rachel Cossart, baptised at Frankenthal, Germany, in the Walloon Church, 11/11/1658. Her Godfather was Elie Charteur and her Godmother was Rachel Villmin step daughter of Eli Charteur. She probably died in infancy. No further record.

1.2.3 (6) iii. Susanne Cossart, christened at Frankenthal, Germany, in the Walloon Church, February 3, 1661. Her Godfather was Charles August, and her Godmother was Susanne Poland of Frankenthal. Mentioned in ship’s log as being 18 months old in 1662. No further record.

1.2.4 (7) iv. Janneetje Cossart, baptised in the Dutch Church of New York City, N.Y., November 28, 1665. Died Ca. 1736. Married 1888 to Jacobus (James) Goelet baptised April 11, 1668 of New Amsterdam. They had nine children baptised at the Reformed Dutch Church, New York and they are the progenitors of the American family of that name. They had 10 children.

1.2.5 (8) v. Jacques (Jacob) Cossart, baptised April 11, 1668 in the Dutch Church at New York City, N.Y. Died in 1731. Married Anna Maria Springsteen in 1695. They had 8 children. Some settled in on Long Island and others on the Raritan in New Jersey. Descendants of the couple are now using the surnames of Cossart, Cassou, Casow, Cashow, Kassou, Kassow, Kershaw and Kershaw, etc., etc.

1.2.6 (9) vi. David Cossart, born in New York City, July 18, 1671, member of Dutch Reformed Church at that place. Died Circa 1740. Married October 11, 1696 (at Dutch Church, New York) Styntje Joris Van Horn of Flushing, Long Island, her name in English would be “Christiana George”, daughter of Joris Jansen Van Horn and Maria Rutgers. David Cossart was one of the early settlers of Somerset County, New Jersey, and settled at Bound Brook. His social status is indicated by his will in which he is called Gentleman, which makes it quite sure that his father Jacques, belonged to a Manorial Family: they are the progenitors of the Cossart, one branch of Cozad, Cozatt, Cassat and Cassatt etc. etc. families.

1.2.7 (10) vii. Anthony Cossart, baptised. November 19, 1673. Member of Dutch Reformed Church. Date of death unknown. Married 1August 1696, Elizabeth Tymensen Valentine, of Schenectedy, N.Y.. Married 2nd Judith .......?. His nephew Raphael Goelet, mentions his uncle Anthony Cossart’s family as living at Raritan, N.J. He had four children by his first wife and two by his second wife.” Progenitors of the Cosad., one branch of Cozad, and the Casad. families.

Jannetje Cossart, Daughter of Jacques II

NOTE:
There may have been other children, Viz:; Jan Cossaart and, George Cossart mentioned. elsewhere herein.

Additional Notes from the original manuscript VOLUME 5:

THE VARIOUS BRANCHES OF THE COSSART FAMILY IN AMERICA.

JACQUES COSSART (1639-1685), born in Leyden, Holland, son of Jacques Cossart (b. 1595) and his wife Rachael Gelton of Liege; both probably born in Normandy, Northern France, and and members of a distinguished Huguenot family. Jacques Jr. married 1656 Lea Villman in Frankenthal, Germany. This couple were the first to bear the name of COSSART to come to the American Colonies. Arrived at New Amsterdam (NYC) on the sailing vessel the “Pumerlander Kerck” in 1662. They lived on what is now the present site of the New York Produce Exchange Building, near the Battery and Bowling Green. Both were members of the Reformed Dutch Church of N.Y.C. Jacques was a mill owner and collector for the support of the Clergy and Soldiers of New Amsterdam. About 1673 removed to Bushwick (Brooklyn), Long Island, to a farm of about 40 acres. Here both died.

CHILDREN:
2. i. JANETJE COSSART, baptised 1665, married 1688 Jacobus Goelet of New Amsterdam. Members of Reformed Dutch Church of N.Y.C. This couple are the progenitors of the wealthy New York family of that name. Had 10 children

3. ii. JACQUES (Jacob) COSSART Jr., born April 11, 1668, in N.Y.C. Married 1695 Anna Maria Springsteen. Member of Reformed Dutch Church of N.Y.C. Couple had eight children. Some settled on Long Island and others on the Raritan in New Jersey. Descendants of this couple are now using the surnames of Cossart, Cassou, Casow, Cashow, Kassou, Kassow, Kershaw, etc., etc.

4. iii. DAVID COSSART, born in N.Y.C. June 18, 1671: married 1696 Styntjte Joris Van Horne. He was a builder and contractor of N.Y.C. About 1700 removed to Bound Brook, Somerset County, N. J., where he purchased large quantities of land. Member of Reformed Dutch Church. Couple had eleven children. Their descendants who removed to New York State are using the surnames of Cosart and Cossaart, etc. A son Francis married Margaret Van Nest, removed to near Gettysburg, Pa., 1764, and became a prominent figure in the stirring events of the Revolutionary period. Was a member of the Committee of Correspondence from York County, a Delegate to the Convention 1776, a member of the Provisional Assembly 1776 and a member that framed the first State Constitution. Descendants of this couple are now using the surnames of Cossart, Cosart, Cossaert, Cassaert, Cosat, Cassat, Cassatt, Cozatt and a few use Cozart and may be found residing in Pennsylvania, the central and western states.

5. iv. ANTHONY COSSART, born in Brooklyn, November 14, 1673. Owned farm in vicinity of present site of Brooklyn Navy Yard. Married 1696 1st Elizabeth Valentine, married 2nd Judith. Members of Reformed Dutch Church. Removed to the Raritan region of N. J. Engaged in farming. His descendents are now using the surnames of Cazort, Crozatt, Cosad, Cozad, and Casad, and are numerous throughout the central and western states. A son Anthony Jr., removed 1753 to Orange and Granville Counties, N. C., and reared a large family who use the surnames of Cozart and Cazort, and are numerous throughout the south, central states and the southwest.
NOTE
The compiler has a record of over four thousand descendants of Jacques and Lydia, and if you desire, would be pleased to assist you in tracing your lineage **without cost to you** providing you assist by filling out enclosed forms and furnish what data you can on members of the clan.

/ls/ JOSEPH A. COSSAIRT.
Jannetje Cossart, Daughter of Jacques II

JANNETTE COSSART
Daughter Of
Jacques The Immigrant

1.2.4 7 JANNETTE COSSART
(Jacques 1.2; Jacques 1)

Jannetje Cossart was baptised November 28, 1665 in the Dutch Reformed Church of New York City, N.Y. She married January 10, 1688 to Jacobus Goelet who was baptised April 11, 1668 and died 1731 in New York City, N.Y. They had ten children all baptised in the Dutch Church, New York. Jacobus was the son of Francis Goelet from La Rochelle, France, who went to Amsterdam, Holland, 1621. Arrived in New Amsterdam in 1676. Returned to Holland and was lost at sea. Records of the church show that Jannetje Cosaar witnessed the baptism of Rebecca Jacobsen March 2, 1701.

CHILDREN:
1.2.4.1 (11) i. Jacob Goelet Jr., bapt 1/30/1689, married 5/11/1716 to Catherine Bole.
1.2.4.2 (12) ii. Frans (or Francis) Goelet, baptised November 29, 1691.
1.2.4.3 (13) iii. Jan (John) Goelet, bapt 2/7/1694, m. May 21,1718 to Jannetje Cannon.
1.2.4.5 (15) v. Phillipus GoeletI, baptised August 13,1699, died an infant.
1.2.4.6 (16) vi. Aefje GoeletI, baptised July 18,1700, died an infant.
1.2.4.7 (17) vii. Phillipus GoeletII, baptised November 8,1701,died an infant.
1.2.4.8 (18) viii. Leah Goelet, baptised November 22, 1702.
1.2.4.9 (19) ix. Aefje GoeletII, baptised December 27,1704.
1.2.4.10 (20) x. Phillipus GoeletIII, baptised February 1,1708/9.

THE WILL OF JACOBUS GOELET (HUSBAND)

“In the name of God, Amen. The 15th day of September 1722. Know all men by these presents that I Jacobus Goelet of the City of New York, Stationer, shopkeeper and now in good health, of perfect mind and memory, “Thanks be given into God for his great mercy”.

I leave to my wife Janette all my real and personal estate, none excepted., to be possessed. during the time she remaineth my widow, with full power to trade, buy or sell all moveable estate and with the advice and consent of my three eldest children, to mortgage or sell my house or houses and lands. But if she should happen to remarry, then she shall deliver unto my dear and well beloved children by she and me begotten. My great Dutch Bible and 2/3 of my real and personal estate that is then in being and not by her disposed of. After the death of my wife if she should not remarry. I will that my dear and well beloved, children named Jacob, Jan, Raphael and Phillipus shall be my true and lawful heirs, to inherit my estate. That is to my eldest son Jacob and my old Dutch Bible as his acknowledgment of his birthright, and it is my will that my daughter Aefie if
not then married shall be set out in order, furnished with mourning and wedding robes, and reasonable linen and housing stuff as becomes a young woman of our degree. And my youngest son Phillipus if his apprentice time be not ended, I will that methods be taken by my children to fund him as be agreement between his master and myself and at the expiration of his apprenticeship so much as a new suit of clothes come from top to toe, linen and woolen answerable to his reputation, and a near calculation to be made and collected out of my estate to find him with meat and drink, lodging, washing and mending, or else my married children take turn to find him as aforesaid at their houses and in their own families until he is of the age of twenty-two years. And all the rest of my estate is to be equally divided between my children.

I appoint my wife Janette and my three eldest sons Jacob, Jan and Raphael Executors.
Witneses: Cornelius Clopper, William Meyer, Jacob Bloom.
Proved. September 2, 1731.

NOTE:
Jacobus Goelet, the ancestor of the well known family first appears as a school master and afterwards a bookseller and stationer, his place of business being the “Sign of the Bible”. This, which was also his dwelling place was in what is now Hanover Square, directly opposite No. 114 Pearl Street, New York City; here he had two dwelling houses which previously belonged to Abraham Delanoy who was also a school master.

These buildings and many others around them were bought by the City in 1819. They were all removed, and Hanover Square opened as at present. Jacobus Goelet was for many years before his death, the Clerk of the Dutch Church and the records of baptism and etc., were in his handwriting.

(Jacques; Jacques). Jacob Goelet Jr., baptised January 30, 1689, married May 11, 1716 to Catherine Bole.

CHILD:

1.2.4.1 11 JACOB GOELET:
(Jannetje; Jacques; Jacques).

1.2.4.3 13 JAN (JOHN) GOELET:
(Jannetje; Jacques; Jacques).

CHILDREN:
1.2.4.3.1 (22) i. Peter Goelet, mentioned on page 51.
1.2.4.3.2 (23) ii. Francis Goelet, mentioned in uncle’s will.

Peter Goelet, founder of the fortunes of the well known family in New York City, was born in 1727, and became one of the most wealthy and prominent merchants of New York. Originally in partnership with Peter T. Cortenius, for many years subsequent to 1763 he conducted the business alone. He was an importer of hardware and cutlery, and was one of the first in the city to import violins, guitars, flutes, and other musical instruments. His place of business was in Hanover Square. He was a member of New York’s first “Committee of Fifty”, or Committee of Correspondence, appointed in May 1774, to resist British oppression. He was also a member of Committee of One Hundred of 1775, which had charge of local affairs, and issued the call for a provisional congress, upon receipt of the news of the Battle of Lexington. He married in 1755 Elizabeth Ratis, daughter of another wealthy merchant of the City. He himself was the son of...
Jannetje Cossart, Daughter of Jacques II

John Goelet and Jannetje, daughter of Jean Cannon, a New York merchant of French Huguenot descent; was the grandson of Jacobus Goelet and Jannetje Coessar both of Huguenot descent, and was the great grandson of Francis Goelet, of a family which had removed, from La Rochelle, France, to New Amsterdam, Holland, as early as 1621. Francis reached New York in 1676, accompanied by his son, Jacobus, then ten years of age. Essaying to return to Holland on business soon after, Francis was lost at sea, while his son was brought up in the family of Frederick Phillipse, the most opulent of New York merchants of his day, and the first lord of Phillipse Manor.

CHILDREN:

1.2.4.3.1.1  i  John Goelet;  
1.2.4.3.1.2 (26) ii Peter P. Goelet; married Almy Buchanan.


1.2.4.3.1.1  i. John Goelet  
(Peter; Jan; Jannetje; Jacques; Jacques).

John Goelet, b. about 1760 at New York City; married 1788.

CHILD:

1.2.4.3.1.1.1 Frederick Goelet, b. about 1793; married Margaret;  
(Wikitree here here here 
CHILD:

1.2.4.3.1.1.1.1 Louise Marie Goelet, b.5/28/1826, m. Joshua Frederick Grant

CHILD:

1.2.4.3.1.1.1.1.1 Adelaide Eugenia Grant who married Banjamin Hampton

CHILD:

1.2.4.3.1.1.1.1.1.1 William Goelet Hampton who married Gertrude Young

CHILD:

1.2.4.3.1.1.1.1.1.1.1 Adelaide Hampton b. 2Feb1897,Salt Lake City, Utah, married 6/14/1933 William Walter Tichner of Los Angeles

1.2.4.3.1.2 (26) ii Peter P. Goelet  
(Peter; Jan; Jannetje; Jacques; Jacques).

Peter P. Goelet, son of Peter Goelet and Elizabeth Ratse, inherited from his father considerable real estate, which rapidly increased in value, and to which he added by judicious investment. He was born, in New York City in 1764 and died in 1828. In 1799 he married Almy, daughter of Thomas Buchanan, one of the leading merchants of New York City and a member of the Revolutionary Committee of One Hundred of 1775. They had two sons, the late Peter and the late Robert Goelet, and two daughters Jean B., and Hannah, wife of the late Captain Thomas Gerry, U.S.N., and mother of the present Elbridge Gerry (dated 1898).

CHILDREN:

1.2.4.3.1.2.1 (27) i. Peter Goelet, b. 1800, d. 1879, single.  
1.2.4.3.1.2.2 (28) ii. Robert Goelet, m. Sarah Ogden.  
1.2.4.3.1.2.3 (29) iii. Jean B. Goelet.  
1.2.4.3.1.2.4 (30) iv. Hannah Goelet.... Child: Elbridge Gerry


1.2.4.3.1.2.1 27 PETER GOELET:  
(Peter P; Peter; Jan; Jannetje; Jacques; Jacques).

Peter Goelet, eldest son of Peter P. Goelet and Almy Buchanan, was born in New York City in 1800 and died in 1879. He was one of the largest holders of real estate in New York and was an officer of various financial institutions. He was one of the founders of the Chemical Bank. During the Civil War he contributed liberally in aid of the sick and wounded Union Soldiers. He resided in the old Goelet mansion on Broadway, at the corner of 19th Street and indulged his mechanical
Volume 1

genius in the frequent forging of ingeniously contrived locks and other inventions, having established a forge in the basement. **He never married**, and left the bulk of his fortune to his nephews, the present Robert Goelet and the late Ogden Goelet.

1.2.4.3.1.2.2 | 28 ROBERT GOELET:

(Peter P; Peter; Jan; Jannetje; Jacques; Jacques).

Robert Goelet, the younger of the two sons of the late Peter P. Goelet and Almy Buchanan, and who alone married and left issue, was born in New York City in 1809 and died in 1879. In his business relations he was closely associated with his brother Peter, their fortunes being largely invested in real estate in New York City, of which they were extensive owners. They were also among the founders and first officers of the famous Chemical Bank. Robert Goelet married Sarah, daughter of Jonathan Ogden, of the notable New Jersey family of that name. His two sons, the present Robert Goelet and the late Ogden Goelet, having been among the most prominent citizens of New York City.

CHILDREN
1.2.4.3.1.2.2.1 (31) i. Robert Goelet, Jr.
1.2.4.3.1.2.2.2 (32) ii. Ogden Goelet.

1.2.4.3.1.2.2.1 31 ROBERT GOELET JR:

(Robert Sr.; Peter P; Peter; Jan; Jannetje; Jacques; Jacques).

Robert Goelet, the present (1898) head of one of the most prominent of the Old New York families, is the oldest son of the late Robert Goelet and Sarah, daughter of Jonathan Ogden was born in New York City, September 29, 1841; in 1860 was graduated from Columbia College, studied law, and was admitted to the bar. He has never practiced his profession, but has devoted himself to directing the business policy in connection with the large estates inherited by himself and his brother, the late Ogden Goelet, who were heirs not only of their father, but of their uncle, Robert Goelet, who died in 1879. He has been a pioneer among the inheritors of extensive real estate holdings in New York City in erecting notable and attractive buildings, from an architectural standpoint, upon the properties under his control. He is also an officer of some of the most powerful financial institutions of the city. He is a trustee of the Union Trust Company, and the New York Life Insurance and Trust Company, and director of the Chemical National Bank, the Bank of New Amsterdam, the Guaranty Trust Company, and the Metropolitan Opera Company. His father and his uncle were among the founders of the Chemical Bank, while he himself in 1887 was one of the founders of the Bank of New Amsterdam, established with a financial policy similar to that which has given the older institution its novel pre-eminence. He has country places at New Port, R.I., and Tuxedo, N.Y. His steam yacht Nahma, is one of the most magnificent pleasure palaces afloat. He is a member of the Patriarchs, the Union, Metropolitan, Knickerbocker, Tuxedo, Racquet Players, New York Yacht, and South Side Sportsmans Club, the City Bar Association, the Upton Association, the St. Nicholas and Holland Societies and the Columbia Alumni Association. He is also a member of the Metropolitan Club of Washington, the Philadelphia Club of Philadelphia and the Royal Clyde Yacht Club of Glasgow, Scotland. He married in 1879 Henritta Louise, daughter of the late George Henry Warren, Sr., an eminent lawyer of New York City, and of Mary Caroline, daughter of Hon. Jonas Phillips Phoeniz, and has a son, Robert Walton Goelet, and a daughter Beatrice.

CHILDREN
1.2.4.3.1.2.2.1.1 (33) i. Robert W. Goelet.
1.2.4.3.1.2.2.1.2 (34) ii. Beatrice Goelet.
Jannetje Cossart, Daughter of Jacques II

1.2.4.3.1.2.2.2 32 OGDEN GOELET:
(Robert Sr.; Peter P; Peter; Jan; Jannetje; Jacques; Jacques).

Ogden Goelet, the younger son of the late Robert Goelet and Sarah Ogden, was born in New York City, June 11, 1846, and died on board the yacht, Mayflower, at Cowes, England, August 27, 1897. He gave much attention to the management of the large estates inherited by himself and his brother, and was prominent as a patron of yachting. The most important annual prizes for sloops and for schooners racing in American waters are the Goelet cups, which he gave to the New York Yacht Club in 1882. He also gave a number of prizes for races in European waters, one of which was won by the Prince of Wales Britanna. At one time the owner of the fast schooner Yacht Norseman, more recently he built the Mayflower, which, when launched in 1896 had few rivals among luxurious steam yachts, and added the novel feature of mounting six rapid fire guns. This craft was acquired by the U.S. Government for $1.00 for the war with Spain, and equipped as a torpedo destroyer. (Later this became the Presidents of the United States private yacht and remained so until the Hoover Administration when it was placed out of Commission at Navy Yard, Philadelphia, Pa., and sold). Mr. Goelet was a member of the Patriots, and of the Union, Metropolitan, Knickerbocker, Tuxedo, Racquet, Riding, Players', New York Yacht, Scawannahita· Cornithian Yacht, Westminster Kennel, and South-side Sportsman's Club, as well as of the Royal Yacht Squadron and other European Clubs. He married in 1877 Mary E., eldest daughter of Richard T. Wilson, well known banker of New York City, and had a son, Robert Goelet, and a daughter, Mary Goelet. His widow and both children survive him.


OGDEN GOELET:(Newspaper extracts printed about 1903)

The late Ogden Goelet wanted no title for his daughter Miss May Goelet, who became the Duchess of Roxburge this afternoon, is about 25 years old. She will, come into her fortune, variously estimated at from 15 to 20 million dollars, in a short time. When Ogden Goelet was alive, although he entertained the nobility and was entertained in London, he objected angrily whenever the name of his daughter and her coming fortune was mentioned with that of a title. He gave an interview once upon the Duke of Manchester, when that debt-ridden young man was reported to be engaged to Miss Goelet, that probably made the young man wince. Her father objected seriously to her engagement to a French prince, and subsequently Prince von Hohenlohe was reported to be the man.

Miss Goelet's mother was Miss Wilson, daughter of R.T. Wilson, and sister to Mrs. Cornelius Vanderbilt, Jr. When Consuelo Vanderbilt married the Duke of Marlborough, May Goelet, who had then never been introduced to society, was a bridesmaid. Not long after she was taken by her parents to London, where the social position of her married aunt, the Hon. Mrs. Michael Henry Her bert, wife of one of the nobility, guaranteed her introduction everywhere.

Miss Goelet's father, Ogden Goelet, was an intense patriot. He had no dearer ambition for his pretty, slight, dark eyed daughter than to see her happily married to some man who satisfied his conception of the best type of Americanism. And, seeing no magic in foreign titles, Ogden Goelet is known to have declared just before his death, and after repeated attention to his daughter on the part of the young Duke of Manchester:

"I would rather see my daughter dead than Duchess of Manchester!"

The Duke of Manchester, who it will be remembered eloped in London with the Cincinnati heiress, Helene Zimmerman, was the first of a most remarkable procession of suitors for the hand of Miss Goelet. For a time Manchester was considered to have a rival in the Duke of Roxburge, cousin of the Duke of Marlborough. Then it was reported that Roxburge had triumphed. Then the Earl of Shafsbury appeared. The Earl is one of the most distinguised of the younger noblemen, is a Lieutenant in the crack Prince of Wales's Own Tenth Hussars and is extremely popular. But at this time, Miss Goelet appeared to prefer the Marquis of Tullibardine, who is the future Duke of Athol. However, she married neither, and the next sensation was that she was about to become betrothed to Prince Francis of Teck, to carry out an ambition said to be cherished by her mother.

All England talked of this possible match. The Duchess of York, the prince's sister, paid conspicuous attention to Miss Goelet and the affair seemed settled. It was claimed that in this single instance Queen Victoria's insistence on caste had yielded to expediency. Americans looked
to see Miss Goelet the sister-in-law of the future Queen of England. But Miss Goelet suddenly proved capricious or the prince's advisers obdurate. At all events the matter dropped.

At this point appeared Viscount Crichton, said to be the “handsomest man in London” and oldest son of the Earl of Erne, but on the viscount’s departure for the Transvaal, an enterprise said to have been undertaken expressly to win Miss Goelet's favor, his place as a possibly successful suitor was quickly filled by Prince Henri of Orleans, who, with M. Paul Deschannel, president of the French chamber of deputies, and Captain Oswald Ames, the tall, handsome, but poor young life guardsman, were among the most recent of Miss Goelet's cavaliers.

Captain Ames, who is 6 feet 8 inches high, and one of the handsomest men in Europe, led the great procession in honor of Queen Victoria's jubilee.

Then last summer, when Miss Goelet was in England, the Roxburghe rumors began again. Miss Goelet returned to America in August. The attentive duke accompanied her. On board the steamer they seemed devoted to each other. A month later, in September, the engagement was announced in London and confirmed in Newport.

In the last few years of his life Ogden Goelet became a figure in English society. He leased Wimborne house, in London, where he entertained lavishly and where he gave a dinner to the then Prince of Wales at the diamond jubilee. He had meanwhile built at Newport, of which place he was very fond, the superb villa of Ochre court, modeled after a famous French chateau. In all his entertaining Mr. Goelet was seconded by his wife, whose beauty and charm of manner made her popular both here and in Europe. In failing health for some years, Mr. Goelet finally succumbed to a pulmonary affection at Cowes, six years ago, leaving his immense fortune to his widow and children in trust. These, with his sister-in-law, Mrs. Michael Herbert, and her late husband, were with him on the Mayflower at his death.

Henry John Innis-Kerr, who adds multitudinous minor titular dignities both in England and Scotland to the exalted one of eighth Duke of Roxburghe, is spoken of in Scotland, as a sensible young man who has been carefully reared by his mother to an appreciation of the benefits of a real home life. The home in question is a huge castle by the Tweed river on the border between England and Scotland. The duke is 27 years old. The estates of the duke consist of 60,500 acres and two palaces. The ancestral seat of the family is called Floors. Although the duke’s strong box is not overflowing, his finances are not in the condition of several of the British noblemen who have sought wives in the United States. It is said that the match is more of a love affair than most of these marriages.

Here are some of the Roxburghe titles:

“Marquis of Bowmont and Cressford, earl of Roxburghe and Auldbonburn, Viscount Broxmouth, Baron Roxburghe and Baron Ker, Earl Innes in the United Kingdom, Baronet of Nova Scotia, Sir Henry John Innes-Kerr”. His motto is:

“Pro Christo et Patria.” The duke’s coat of arms consists largely of fur and it was a joke among the duke’s friends long ago when his engagement to Miss Astor was rumored that fur had something to do with it. The first American Astor made his fortune in fur.

The eighth Duke of Roxburghe was born in 1876 and succeeded his father in 1892. His name is Henry John Innes-Kerr, and he is a lieutenant in the Royal Horse guards.

Until today there was no present “reigning” Duchess of Roxburghe. The Duke of Roxburghe’s mother was Lady Anne Spencer-Churchill before her marriage and is another of the duchess aunts whom Consuelo Vanderbilt achieved by her marriage. The young duke has money of his own.

The founder of the family was John Ker of the Forest of Selkirk, who in 1357 obtained valuable land patents from the king of the Scots. A few generations later the family intermarried with the great Douglas clan. The first to be elevated to the peerage of Scotland was Sir Robert Ker, who in 1616 became Earl of Roxburghe. He crossed to England with King James when the latter assumed the crown of the United Kingdom, and on the death of his patron became lord of the privy seal to Charles I. The third duke of Roxburghe became famous as a collector of books. His library when sold at auction after his death brought more than $100,000.
The young duke has a good record in the South African war. A private in an infantry regiment wrote to a friend, in England concerning the duke’s gallant conduct at the battle of Rensburg. “We had the order to retire, which took a little time, as we were all dismounted on top of a high hill, and the horses were a little way off. By the time we had reached the bottom of the hill someone had galloped off with my horse, so I was left without a mount. The firing was heavy and I thought my last day had come, for I had no chance of getting away alone. But the Duke of Roxburghe came back for me, and I got upon his horse behind him and he carried me safely away from the fire. So I owe my life to him.” The ancestors of the duke have been in the army and the diplomatic service of England for many generations.”

The gift of the duke to his bride was a diamond tiara.

The following was reprinted in a Kansas City, Mo., paper and was taken from the Women’s National Daily. No dates shown. Picture of Duchess with following notation appeared.

“American Woman To Help Crown Queen. The Duchess of Roxburghe, formerly Miss May Goelet, will be one of the America women to have a prominent place in the coronation ceremonies next June. It is rumored that she will be one of the four duchesses chosen to hold the canopy over Queen Mary when she is crowned.

The duchess is a favorite in London society and has come to be intimate with many of the relatives of the king and queen of England.”

The Wedding of Miss May Goelet of New York.

An English Nobleman became her husband. She is an American heiress with many millions - Sir Michael Herbert’s death dimmed the occasion’s brilliancy.

New York, November 10. - Miss May Goelet, only daughter of Mrs. Ogden Goelet, one of the richest American heiresses, was married to Henry John Innes-Ker, 8th Duke of Roxburghe, today in St. Thomas church, Bishop William Croswell Doane of Albany, assisted by the Rev. Ernest M. Stires of St. Thomas Church, performed the ceremony. A company of 250 guests, a small number for an international marriage of such importance, saw the ceremony. Palms, Japanese chrysanthemums and English primroses were combined in an artistic color scheme, with which the orchids upon the pulpit and the lilies about the altar toned.

The bridal party marched down the aisle to the channel steps, the bride upon the arm of her brother, Robert Goelet. She was gowned in white satin, veiled with point valenciennes lace and trimmed with wreaths of orange blossoms. She wore a tulle veil and carried a bouquet of lilies of the valley. The maid of honor, Miss Beatrice Mills, and the other bride-maid, Miss Martha Johnston, Miss Alice Babcock, Miss Marian Haven, Miss Therese Iselin, Miss Nina Thayer of Boston and Miss Pauline Whittier, wore gowns of pink mousseline de soie, of the quaint and effective Louis Seize period, combined with ecru lace, toques of pink velvet trimmed with sable and carried, in place of bouquets, muffs of pink velvet and sable. The ushers: Hugo Baring, Howard Brassy, Robert Wharton Goelet, Rogers Winthrop. Henry Bull and William Woodward, did not precede the bridal party, as customary, but were seated before the bride entered.

At the chancel steps the bride was met by the duke and his best man, the Hon. Reginald Ward, son of the late Earl of Dudley. The betrothal service of the Protestant Episcopal church was led by Mr. Stires. The party then advanced to the altar rail, where the Episcopal marriage ceremony was said by Bishop Doane.

Afterwards the duke and duchess went to the home of Mrs. Ogden Goelet of Fifth Avenue, where an informal reception to which only a part of the wedding guests were bidden, was held. It had been intended to make the wedding a more brilliant function, but the death of Sir Michael Herbert, uncle of the bride, caused the change in the plans.

Among the donors of gifts were: Mr. and Mrs. Elbridge Gerry, large centerpiece; Mr. and Mrs. W. D. Sloan, gold purse studded with saphires: Mr. and Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt, Jr., sapphire bracelet; Mr. and Mrs. Orme Wilson, diamond comb; Mrs. William Astor, ruby diamond ring; Mr. and Mrs. Baliss, topaz ring; Miss Gladys Mills, diamond bon-bon box; Mr. and Mrs. John Jacob Astor, fan;
Mr. and Mrs. P.W. Ogden, silver dessert dishes: Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Belmont, turquoise chain: Mr. and Mrs. E.C. Post, gold pin with emeralds and diamonds: Mr. and Mrs. Hugo Barin of London, silver basket: Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Mackay, diamond bracelet: Mrs. Ogden Mills, gold dish: Mr. and Mrs. Whitehall Reid, gold salver: Earl and Countess of Pembroke, case of antique furniture: Lady Alywin Compton, gold belt, and Mrs. Clement Moore, bracelet of rubies and diamonds. From the servants in the Goelet mansion came a silver basket, and from the employees in the Ogden Goelet estate office. etc. (Reference: Clipping from a Kansas City, Mo., paper).

1.2.4.4

RAPHAEL GOELET

(Jannetje: Jacques: Jacques).


In the name of God., Amen, I Raphael Goelet, of New York, painter and glazier, being very sick, I leave to my nephew Jacobus, son of my brother Jacob Goelet, my silver watch and chain and seal. I leave to my nephew, Francis Goelet, son of my brother John, my clock and cane. To my nephew Isaac, son of my brother Philip Goelet, my gun and fowling piece, my cartridge box, and my silver hilted sword. I leave to my nephew, Mathew Lyne, son of my late sister Aessie Lane, deceased, my two best coats, one waist coat, one pair of breeches, three shirts, my neck cloths, and all the gold and silver belonging to my body. All the rest of my wearing apparel I leave to my uncle Anthony Cossard’s family, living at Raritan in New Jersey. I leave to my God-son, Ernest Kip, son of my brother-in-law, Jacob Kip, £20. To my niece, Margaret Vandursen, daughter of Rachel Vandursen £30. All the rest of my estate, real and personal, I leave 1/3 to my wife Breckie, and the use of 2/3 for life, for her better and more comfortable support, and after her decease, to the children of my brothers Jacob, John, and Philip, and the children of my sister, Aessie Lyne. I make my wife and my brother Jacob, and my good friends, Joseph Ledell and John Bogart, executors.

Dated December 23, 1747

Witnesses: John Alstyne, Stephen Terhune, Simon Johnson.

Proved: January 7, 1847-8.

1.2.4.9

AEFJE GOELET

(Jannetje: Jacques: Jacques).

Aefje Goelet, the second, baptised December 27, 1704. Married a Mr. Lyne or Lane.

CHILD

1.2.4.9.1  (24) i. Mathew, mentioned in uncle’s will.

1.2.4.10

PHILLIPUS GOELET:

(Jannetje: Jacques: Jacques).

Phillipus Goelet, the third, baptised February 1, 1708-9. Married ...........(?).

CHILD

1.2.4.10.1 (25) i. Isaac Goelet, mentioned in uncle’s will.

THE WILL OF PHILIP GOELET.

In the name of God, Amen. Be it known and manifest to all people that I Phillip Goelet of New York, goldsmith, being in good health, I leave to my son Isaac £5 to be paid by my executors when of age. I leave to my loving mother-in-law, Catherine Boelen, her maintainance in my house and family. I leave to my wife Catherine all my estate real and personal during her widowhood, for the better bringing up of my underaged children, and she and the executors have full power to sell (names of children not given). I make my wife and my brothers Jacob, John and Raphael Executors.

Dated February 20, 1743.

Witnesses: John Bogart, Abraham Vandewater, William Ellis.
Jannetje Cossart, Daughter of Jacques II

Proved April 4, 1748.

(Reference: New York Historical Society Collection 1895, p. 160.)

Marriages Reformed Dutch Church, New York, 1639—1801.
Jacob Goelet and Catherine Boele May 11, 1716.
John Goelet and Jannetje Cannon May 21, 1718.
Raphael Goelet and Bertje Pels April 17, 1720.
Johannes Burgen and Aefje Goelet May 16, 1725.
Phillipus Goelet and Catherine Boelen March 28, 1730.
Volume 1

Jacques (Jacob) Cossart

Son Of

Jacques The Immigrant

CASHOW, CASOW, CASSOU, KASSOW, KASSOU, KESSOU,
KESSOW, KERSHAW AND KERSHOW

Etc. Etc.

1.2.5 8 JACQUES (JACOB) COSSART:

(Jacque; Jacques).

Jacques (Jacob) Cossart, was born April 11, 1668 and baptised April 18, 1668 in New York City; removed to Brooklyn, New York, where he died in 1731.

Jacques married, in 1695 to Anna Maria Springsteen, the daughter of John Caspers Springsteen. The Kershaw and Kershaw family of Somerset County, N.J., to 1806 are the descendants of this couple through their sons, Joost and Jerome who settled near Harlingen, New Jersey.

“Jacob Cossart, born 1668, married 1695 Anna Maria, daughter of John Caspars Springsteen. He was a resident of Brooklyn, their posterity bearing the name Cashow or Corshow.” (Reference: History of Harlem - 188], Riker, page 228).

“September 28, 1695 · Jakop Cassou, a young man born in New York, married to Anna Maria Johannes or Teunissen, born in Cripplebush, L. I.” (Reference: Holland Society of New York, Year Book 1897, page 143 also King County Genealogical Club · Collection, Volume 1, Nos. 1-6, page 96, of 1884).

“Casshow or Cassou, Jacob, born in New York; married September 28, 1695, Anna Maria Rapalje, daughter of Tunis, and is the ancestor of the Long Island. Casshows.

CHILDREN:
(a) Antje, baptised June 18, 1699
(b) Johannes, baptised September 21, 1701 (Sup.);
(c) Jacob, who married Lena Stockholm; and
(d) Annetje, baptised March 21, 1708 · all in Brooklyn.

“Made his mark to documents.” (Reference: Early Settlers of Kings County, N. Y., 1881, page 60; by Bergen).
“Cossart, Kershaw, Kershow are the descendants of Jacob Cossart and wife, Anna Maria Springsteen, of Brooklyn, through their two sons, Joost and Jerome, who settled near Harlingen, N.J.”

“Jacob Cashow of Brooklyn born in New York, married September 28 1695, Anna Maria Rapalje, daughter of Tunis and Sarah Van Veshton, born at Cripple Bush. His will dated May 31, 1754: proved. October 2, 1758 (R.L. 21 F., 105, N.Y.). He gives to Jacob’s son, Tunis, his gun; and to Abraham the land at Cellers Neck.
(Reference: First Settlers around. Oyster Bay, Long Island.).

**CHILDREN**

“Among the Freeholders of Brooklyn, 1698, we find the name of Jacob Cousseau, (Frenchman), with family consisting of - 1 man, 1 woman and 1 child.”
(Reference: History of Brooklyn, Volume 1, page 438 · Stiles).

The children of Jacques Cossart by his wife Anna Maria were as follows:

1.2.5.1 34 i. Johannes (John) Cashow, married Marytje Symonsen.
1.2.5.2 35 ii. Jacob Cashow, married Feurnetje Van Cleef
1.2.5.3 36 iii. Abraham Cashow
1.2.5.4 37 iv. Angentia (Antje/Anna) Cashow, baptised 6/18/1699. No further record.
1.2.5.5 38 v. Joost Cossart, changed name to Kershaw.
1.2.5.6 39 vi. Jannetje (Anna) Cashow, baptised March 21, 1708. No further record.
1.2.5.7 40 vii. Jeronemus Cossart, changed name to Kershaw.
1.2.5.8 viii Catherine
1.2.5.9 ix. Angenetie

(Reference: First Settlers around. Oyster Bay, Long Island.).

1.2.5.1  34 **JOHANNES (JOHN) CASHOW:**
(Jacob; Jacques; Jacques).

Johannes (John), was baptised September 21, 1701, in Brooklyn; buried July 25, 1777; married Marytje Symonsen and settled near Oyster Bay, Long Island. Their sons settled on Long Island and elsewhere. Mary Symonsen, was the supposed daughter of Frederick and Lea Fonteyn; buried May 9, 1772. On August 5 1769, Johannes sold land to his son Mouris, 130 acres between Wolver Hollow and Norridge (East Norwich), for £ 200.

Johannes (John) Cassou of Oyster Bay, Long Island., son of Jacob (7) baptised at Brooklyn September 21, 1701. In his father’s will he is given his birthright which proves him to be the eldest son · he was named for his grandfather Johannes Springsteen. He married Mary Simonson daughter of Frederick and wife Lea Fonteyn of Van Tuyu · originally de la Fontaine in France. They settled., lived and died in Oyster Bay Township, Queens County, Long Island, where in 1732 John became one of the founders and builders and later an elder of the Wolver Hollow Dutch Church. ( This church is now in Brooksville). The old Wolver Hollow church records show that Johannes Cusyou owned mens seat No. 8 and womens seat No. 9 in the 7th place in row and these seats still stood in this name as late as 1789. His son Johannes Cussow Jr. was also the owner of a seat this same year and later Ecclesiastical Records of the State of New York, Volume IV pp. 3088-9 Meeting of the 4th Coetus (Conference) of the Dutch Reformed Churches at the City of New York September14, 1749 mentions as delegates from the Wolver Hollow Church of Oyster Bay, Long Island, Peter Luyster and John Cousjou (Elders). Meeting of the 5th Coetus at same place November 7, 1749 the same delegates are mentioned · see p. 3099. We have not found any will left by him, but on church and other records we find his name given as Cusyou, Cosyou, Cosjou & etc. He was buried. July 25, 1777 and his wife Mary was buried May 9, 1772.

NOTE: These burial records are from an old diary kept by the Hegeman family of this community.

**CHILDREN:**

1.2.5.1.1 41 i. Jacob Cashow, married Lena Stockholm.
1.2.5.1.2 42 ii. Frederick Cashow, married Maragriete Snedeker.
John and Mary may have had other children, but if so, no trace of them has been found. The last records we can find being John’s name is found in Collection of History Mss., relating to the War of the Revolution, in the Secretary of States Office at Albany, N.Y., 1868, Volume 1, page 168. Poll list of voters for choosing Deputies to the Provisional Congress taken at Jamacia, Queens County, L.I., November 7 to November 11, 1775. Against the proposition appears the name of Johannes Cashow. This was less than two years before his death.

1.2.5.1.1 41 JACOB CASHOW: (Johannes 34; Jacques 1).

Jacob Cashow, son of Johannes or John (34), date and place of his birth is not known, but we think he was born in Kings County, Long Island about 1723. He was married at Flatbush, that county, on November 9, 1745 to Lena, daughter of Andres (Andrew) Stockholm and Margaret of Bushwick. In 1749 his name, with that of his father Johannes and brother Frederick appear on the Hegeman deed for land in the cedar swamp or East Hillside burial ground in Oyster Bay Township, Queens County, Long Island. He was doubtless buried in the same burial place October 19, 1774, and his wife Lena Stockholm was buried January 30, 1775.

CHILDREN:
1.2.5.1.1.1 (59) i. Andreus (Andrew) Cashow, baptised 1747, married Anne Valentine
1.2.5.1.1.2 (60) ii. Jonannis (John) Cashow, bapt. 4/16/1749, Wolver Hollow, buried 6/6/1812.
1.2.5.1.1.3 (61) iii. Jacob Cashow, bapt 3/17/1751, Wolver Hollow, m. Sarah Barabasco
1.2.5.1.1.4 (62) iv. Nettie Cashow, baptised March 12, 1754, at Success or Hempstead.
1.2.5.1.1.5 (63) v. Mary Cashow, baptised June 26, 1757, at Wolver Hollow.
1.2.5.1.1.6 (64) vi. Margaret Cashow, baptised 1759
1.2.5.1.1.7 (64) vii. Itye (Ida) Cashow, bapt 6/4/1761, Wolver Hollow, m. Samuel Mott

Surrogates Office, New York City, Liber 27, p. 286.

Jacob Kershow, witness to will of John Simonson of Wolver Hollow, Oyster Bay Township Queens County. Date 2 December 22, 1769. Proved February 27, 1776. This record doubtless refers to Jacob (41) and the John Simonson was probably his mother’s brother.

1.2.5.1.1.1 59 ANDREAS CASHOW:

(Jacob 41: Johannes 34: Jacob 7; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Andreus Cashow, married Anne Valentine. No further record.

CHILD:
1.2.5.1.1.1.1 (74) i. Janatie Cashow baptised May 24, 1774. Witnesses: grand parents Jacob Cashow and Lena Stockholm.

1.2.5.1.1.3 61 JACOB CASHOW:

(Jacob 41: Johannes 34: Jacob 7; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Jacob Cashow, baptised March 1751 in Wolver Hollow: Witnesses: Abraham Snediker and Mary Cashow; married Sara Barbasco (Perbasco); buried December 19, 1805 at Cedar Swamp A 49.

CHILD:
1.2.5.1.1.3.1 (75) i. Jacob Cashow, baptised, July 14, 1782. Witnesses: Margarite Hardenberg, wife of Frederick Cashow.
1.2.5.1.2  42  FREDERICK CASHOW:

Frederick Cashew, son of John (34), born on Long Island., date and place unknown. He married Margaret, daughter of Hendrickus (Henry) Hardenbergh and Jannetje Dorland, baptised at Jamica, L. I., October 12, 1728. He lived in Oyster Bay Township, L.I., till between 1768 and 1771 when he removed with his family to Clinton, Dutchess County, New York. We find no complete list of their children. Only the following six. The first census of Clinton (1790) lists Frederick’s family as having at that time 3 males over 16 years of age and 4 females. The only known children were:

CHILDREN:

1.2.5.1.2.1  i.  John Cashow
1.2.5.1.2.2  ii.  Hendrickus (Henry) Cashow, bapt 10/3/1750 Wolver Hollow.
1.2.5.1.2.3  iii.  Elizabeth Cashew
1.2.5.1.2.4  iv.  Frederick Cashow, bapt 10/5/1763 Wolver Hollow, died childhood.
1.2.5.1.2.5  v.  Rem Cashow, b 2/19, bapt 3/27/1768 at Wolver Hollow.
1.2.5.1.2.6  vi.  Frederick, 2nd, b. 2-11, bapt. 6-2-1771 at Paughkeepsie, N.Y.

1.2.5.1.2.5  67  REM CASHOW:

(Frederick; Johannes; Jacob; Jacques; Jacques)

Rem Cashow, born February 19, 1768; baptised March 27, 1768, in Wolver Hollow; died September 27, 1816; married 1st time Hendricke (called Hanke) Hegeman, daughter of Adrian and Egbertie Van Norstrand., born April 11, 1772, baptised May 7, 1772, in Wolver Hollow; married 2nd. Time to Maratye Bennet, daughter of Nicholas and. Mary Duryea, born September 25, 1774; baptised October 11, 1774, in Wolver Hollow; died July 23, 1830.

CHILDREN:

1.2.5.1.2.5.1  i.  Margarite Cashow,  bapt October 5, 1788; married. Thomas Wood.
1.2.5.1.2.5.2  ii.  Maria Cashow, married. Benjamin Wilson.
1.2.5.1.2.5.3  iii.  Peter Cashow, m. Ann Baily; married 2nd. time to Elizabeth Garry.

Children by second. wife.

CHILDREN:

1.2.5.1.2.5.4  iv.  Nicholas Cashow, baptised. April '7, 1799, died July 1, 1853.
1.2.5.1.2.5.5  v.  Hendrick Cashow, married Henritta Topping.
1.2.5.1.2.5.6  vi.  Abraham Ceahow, baptised 2/1/1814; died on his way to California.
1.2.5.1.2.5.7  vii.  Jane Cashow; married James Voorhis Duryea.
1.2.5.1.2.5.8  viii.  Febe Onderdonk Cashow, married George Bogart.

1.2.5.1.2.5.3  78  PETER CASHOW:

(Rem: Frederick; Johannes; Jacob; Jacques; Jacques).

Peter Cashow, born September 16, 1794; died May 19, 1835; married Ann Baily born June 16, 1792; died March 10, 1827; he married 2nd time in 1828 to Elizabeth Garry. They were buried in an old cemetery not far from the old mill at Cow Neck. He built the sloop “Anna. Maria” and sailed her as Captain in 1823.

CHILD:

1.2.5.1.2.5.3.1  i.  William Cashow, died September 17, 1824.

1.2.5.1.2.5.5  80  HENDRICK CASHOW:

(Rem: Frederick; Johannes; Jacob; Jacques; Jacques).

Hendriok Cashow, baptised April 24, 1803, married March 21, 1824, Heneritta Topping (1st wife), she died April 9, 1824.

CHILD:

1.2.5.1.2.5.5.1  i.  Ann Maria. (Sup) by second wife; married. 5/6/1860 to James Baker.

1.2.5.1.3  43  MARY CASHOW:
Mary Cashow, daughter of John (34), baptised at Jamaica, Long Island, August 4, 1732, she married Abraham Snedeker who was baptised February 25, 1734. They lived and died in Oyster Bay Township and are buried in the old Wolver Hollow or Brookville burial ground. Mary died August 14, 1806. The Wolver Hollow church records only show the baptism of three children. They probably had others.

CHILDREN:
1.2.5.1.3.1  1. Mary Snedeker, baptised 10/12/1753 at Wolver Hollow, died in infancy.
1.2.5.1.3.2  2. Mary Snedeker, baptised April 17, 1757 at Wolver Hollow.
1.2.5.1.3.3  3. Abraham Snedeker, baptised September 3, 1758 at Wolver Hollow.

1.2.5.1.4  44  JOHANNES (JOHN) CASHOW:  (Johannes; Jacob; Jacques; Jacques).

Johannes Cashow, buried August 8, 1811; married Antenatte Snedeker, daughter of Garret and Christiena Lequeer, born March 31, 1730 and buried March 13, 1812.

CHILDREN:
1.2.5.1.4.2 (69)  ii. Gerrit Cashow, baptised 9/3/1758. Witnesses - Garret Snediker and his wife.

John Cashow, son of John (34), date and place of birth or baptism not known. He married Antonette daughter of Garret Snedeker and Christiana Luqueer or Lequear of Oyster Bay Township, Queens County, Long Island, born March 31, 1730, buried March 13, 1812. The Wolver Hollow Church records only show the baptism of two children, there were doubtless others.

CHILDREN:
1.2.5.1.4.2.1 (68) 1. John Cashew, born November 21, baptised December 25, 1754.
1.2.5.1.4.2.2 (69)  ii. Garret Cashow, baptised September 3, 1758.

1.2.5.1.4.1.1  68a  JOHN KIRK CASHOW:  (Johannes; Johannes; Johannes; Jacob; Jacques; Jacques).

John Kirk Cashow, son of Johannes Cashow and Phebe Kirk. Born February 1, 1793; baptised April 21, 1793, in Wolver Hollow; died September 27, 1849; married December 6, 1813 to Elisabeth Underhill, daughter of Daniel, born March 18, 1793. John was a Captain in the war of 1812, and stationed at Fort Green in Brooklyn. His two boys attended school in Wolver Hollow in 1823. Their teacher was Aaron Simonson.

CHILDREN:
1.2.5.1.4.1.1.1 (86) 1. Daniel N. Cashow, married ......(?) Velson;
1.2.5.1.4.1.1.2 (87) ii. John Cashow, married Heather Craig.
1.2.5.1.4.1.1.3 (88) iii. George P. Cashew, born April 4, 1820; di•d. Karoh 9, 1827;
1.2.5.1.4.1.1.4 (89) iv. Benjamin K. Cashow, born 11/1/1821; died January 18, 1834;
1.2.5.1.4.1.1.5 (90) v. Alexander Cashow, born October 29, 1823;
1.2.5.1.4.1.1.6 (91) vi. Phebe Anne Cashow, born July 2, 1828.

1.2.5.1.4.1.2  87  JOHN CASHOW:  (John Kirk; Johannes; Johannes; Jacques; Jacques; Jacques).

John Cashow, of Mill Neck, born December 30 1817; baptised September 19, 1819 at Mill Neck; married Hester Craig.

“Ex-Assemblyman John Cashow died at his house in Mill Neck. He was the oldest Freemason in Brooklyn, being a member of Hohenlinden Lodge No. 56, and Nassau Chapter R.A.M. He was born at Brookville, L.I. December 30, 1817, and attended the district school until nearly attaining his majority. He removed to Brooklyn in 1835, where he became prominently identified. in politics.”
He was an Alderman for five years and was Chairman of the Committee which recommended the resolution providing for the removal of the remains of the Martyrs of the British Prison Ship to their last resting place. He was appointed Harbor Master of the Port of New York by Governor John A. King, re-appointed by Gov. Edwin D. Morgan, and also by Gov. Reuben E. Fenton.

He was for many years connected with the Farragut Fire Insurance Company of Manhattan. Mr. Cashow was a volunteer fireman, the old Cashow Hose Company in Brooklyn being named after him, and with which Company he was for many years identified.

At a meeting of the Brooklyn Common Council December 12, 1857 presented a Memorial of the Trustees of the Association for the erection of a monument to the memory of the martyrs of the prison ship. In connection he offered the following:

Whereas the remains of more than 11,000 of the martyrs of the Prison Ship of the Revolution at the Wallabout have been too long suffered to remain in their obscure and unhonored graves in the City of Brooklyn, without any monument to commemorate their patriotic and heroic deeds: and whereas, the Legislature of this state, at its last session, passed an Act providing for the erection of a tomb and monument on Washington Park, formerly known as “Fort Green” and authorising the Common Council to take measures to erect the same, and, whereas we the representatives of the people of this city, are in favor of said Act, and of its being carried into execution, and thus render partial though long delayed justice to the memory and due honor to the remains of the brave men who sacrificed their lives for their country.” (The tomb was afterwards built and the remains removed thereto. Compiler).

CHILDREN:
1.2.5.1.4.1.1.2.1 (92) i. Thomas M. Cashow, died in the War of the Rebellion.
1.2.5.1.4.1.1.2.2 (93) ii. John C. Cashow.
1.2.5.1.4.1.1.2.3 (94) iii. Phebe Cashow.

(Reference: History of the Oyster Bay Dutch Congregation 1903 - By Henry A. Stoutenburgh).

1.2.5.1.5 45 MOURIS CASHOW:
(Johannes; Jacob; Jacques; Jacques).

Mouris Cashow, son of John (34), no record of birth or baptism. Not to speak too positively, I think his mother had a brother named Mouris Simenson and I further think that this was probably the Dutch name for Mourise. His wife Catherine daughter of Garret Van Wicklen and Helen Ammerman was born October 10, baptised. November 4, 1726 at Jamaica, Long Island. Mouris died April 23, 1812 and his wife Catherine was buried April 23, 1784. The Wolver Hollow Records only show the baptism of one child.

CHILD:
1.2.5.1.5.1 (70) i. Mary Cashow, born December 25, baptised. January 19, 1755. married Wilhelmus Snediker

1.2.5.1.6 46 ABRAHAM CASHOW:

Abraham Cashow, son of John (34) baptised at Jamaica, Long Island, March 21, 1740. Married Sarah daughter of George Downing and Amy Hopkins. They obtained their marriage license at New York City, February 18, 1763. He died November 9, 1775 and his youngest son Abraham was born after his death. The Wolver Hollow church records only gives them three children. But they had about four others.

CHILDREN:
1.2.5.1.6.1 (71) i. John Cashow, baptised May 23, 1764.
1.2.5.1.6.2 (72) ii. Amy Cashow, baptised April 6, 1766.
1.2.5.1.6.3 (73) iii. Abraham Cashow, baptised June 15, 1776. Presented by his mother alone.

The witnesses were the grandfather Johannes and his daughter Maria.

1.2.5.2 35 JACOB CASHOW:
(Jacob; Jacques; Jacques).

Jacob Cashow, married 1st Janette Bogart and remained at the old Home in Brooklyn. Married 2nd. (license dated. March 10, 1758) Femmetje Van Cleef, a widow with three children by
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her former husband. They were Beltje, Michel and Femetje. Jacob's will dated May 23, 1765; proved June 14, 1766 (R.L. 25 F. 298, N.Y.). The executors were Cornelius Duryea of Cripple Bush and Abraham Schenck.

Jacob Cassou, son of Jacob (7), as his baptism cannot be found we do not know his proper place in the family. He married as his first wife Jannetie Bogart, daughter of Tunis and wife Catherine Hegeman. They had four children. She died about 1756 and he married as a second wife Mrs. Femmetie (Phoebe) Van Cleef, marriage license dated June 10, 1758. They had one daughter. After Jacob’s death his widow Phoebe married, as her third husband, John Snedeker; license dated July 24, 1768. Jacob died at Brooklyn where he had lived. His will dated, May 23, 1765 was proved June 14, 1766. The names appearing in this will are: Wife Femmetie, children by first wife Maria, Tunis, Jacob, Isaac; by second wife Jannetie, second, wife’s children by first husband Van Cleef: Bella, Michael, Femmetie. Executors - sons Tunis and Jacob and friends Cornelius Duryea of Cripplebush and. Abraham Schenck. Witnesses Jacob and. George Remsen and Tunis Rapalie.

The signature of this will appears to be Jacob Cussou while in the will it is given as Cassou and Casou as struck the writers fancy.

**CHILDREN: (By 1st marriage)**

1.2.5.2.1 (47) i. Maria Cassou, born February 10, 1741.
1.2.5.2.2 (48) ii. Tunis Cassou
1.2.5.2.3 (49) iii. Jacob Cassou (or Kershaw) of Somerset Co., N.J
1.2.5.2.4 (50) iv. Isaac Cassou, baptised March 27, 1754.

**CHILD: (By 2nd marriage)**

1.2.5.2.5 (51) v. Jennetie Cassou, born about 1759—60.

Jacob and. his two wives may have had children other than the above five, but if so, no trace of them has been found about Brooklyn. Tunis Bogart came from Hiekop, Holland, in 1662, he settled at Brooklyn where he married the widow of Hans (John) Bergen the ancestor of the Bergen family. Tunis Bogart, father of Jannetie was a grandson of Tunis Bogaert the immigrant 1662.

**1.2.5.2.1 47 MARIA or MARY KERSHOW:**

Maria (or Mary) Kershow, daughter of Jacob (35) born at Brooklyn February 10, 1741, married Auke or Oakley Voorhees. They secured the marriage license at New York City May 24, 1768. After Mary’s death Voorhees in June 1805 married Mary’s niece Alema Kershow daughter of Mary’s brother Jacob (41) - Alema was baptised August 2, 1781, died March 23, 1863. Voorhees was baptised August 27, 1743, died May 21, 1819. His will dated May 20, 1819 was proved June 14, 1819. In a long list of Somerset County, New Jersey slave owners who set their slaves free between 1805 and 1861, I find this record: Samuel, a slave belonging to the estate of Oakley Voorhees late of Montgomery Township, set free November 25, 1824. See the Somerset Historical Quarterly, Volume 1, page 279. Harlingen and Blawenburg were both located in Montgomery Township.

**1.2.5.2.2 48 TUNIS KERSHOW:**

Tunis Kershaw, son of Jacob (35) born at Brooklyn about 1744, received his name from his grandfather Tunis Bogart, he married Effie, daughter of Gabriel Cook and ......(?) of Bushwick, Long Island. They obtained their marriage license at New York City September 23, 1773. The name of Tunis and wife Effie appears on the following records of Kings County, Long Island. Registers Office Liber 35, p. 419. Deed of Tunis Cershaw and Effie his wife · Abraham Cook and Catherine his wife, Garret Cook, Maria Cook, Margaret Gilbert and Magdalena Rensen children and legal heirs of Gabriel deceased of Bushwick. Date December 20, 1805. Recorded April 13, 1833. Liber 11, p. 512 · Deed of children and legal heirs of Gabriel Cook, deceased of Bushwick. Tunis Cershaw and wife Effie. Abraham Cook and wife Catherine. Garret Cook and wife Maria. Margaret Gilbert and Magdalena Rensen. Date December 20, 1805. Recorded. May 8, 1816.
Liber 11, page 537 - Deed of Tunis Kershow, Gabriel Kershow and wife Elizabeth. Maria Kershow, Jane Kershow of Bushwick, land there to John Flood. Signed by Tunis Cershow, Gabriel Cershow and wife Elizabeth. Maria Kershow, Jane Kershow, Elizabeth Cershow. Date May 9, 1816. Recorded July 10, 1816. Effie Cook wife of Tunis evidently had died before deed was given.


Registers Office, Kings County, Liber 12, page 540. Deed of John McKnight and wife Maria. William Fox and wife Jane of Newton, L.I. to Gabriel Carshow and Elizabeth Carshow (single) of Bushwick, for land there. Date June 30, 1820. Recorded July 1, 1820.

The first census (1790) lists Tunis Cershow of Bushwick as having a family of 1 male over 16, 1 male under 16 and 5 females. This would indicate that he probably had 4 daughters in 1790, but the foregoing records only name 3. The children as far as known were:

CHILDREN:

1. Gabriel Kershow.
2. Maria Kershow.
4. Elizabeth Kershow.

1.2.5.2.3 49 JACOB KERSHOW:

Jacob Kershow, son of Jacob (35), born at Brooklyn, 1747. Like all other members of the Brooklyn family his surname is found spelled in many different ways on various New York, Long Island and New Jersey records but the evidence indicates that both he and his elder brother Tunis (49) spelled their name Cershow when they used their names themselves. November 19, 1783, Jacob with Rachel Smith appears at New York City to obtain a marriage license. The clerk giving him the name of Carshow. The year previous 1782 his half sister Jannetie or Jane appeared at this same office with Cornelius Duryee and their license gives her name as Cosseau while ten years before (1773) Jacob's brother Tunis (49) is given the name of Kershow when he and Effie Cook are granted, a license at this office. The first U.S. Census of Brooklyn (1790) lists Jacob's family as follows: Jacob Kershow, 1 male over 16, 1 male under 16, 4 females, 5 slaves. The name of both Jacob and his brother Tunis Kershow appears on the list of Kings County Freeholders who signed their Allegiance to Great Britain after the battle of Long Island (Brooklyn) in 1776. See Early Long Island. by Martha B. Flint, p. 527.

H.R. Stiles History of Brooklyn, Volume 1, page 67, plan of the town of Brooklyn as surveyed in 1776 and 1767 by B. Ratzer shows property of Jacob Kershow fronting upon the East River, joining lands of Abraham Boerum. The will of Jacob's father was proved June 14, 1766 showing that he had died previous to this date so it is uncertain which Jacob is referred to on this map, but it may be assumed that the land passed from the father to the son.

At the Registers Office, Kings County, N.Y. Liber 19, p. 90 may be found the following deed given by Jacob Cershow and wife Rachel of Cripple Bush, Brooklyn to Jacobus Lott, farm at Cripple Bush and other lands, consideration $2,000. Signed by "X" mark Jacob Cershow, Rachel Cershow. Dated March 27, 1802. Recorded February 3, 1826.

That Jacob and Rachel left Cripplebush, Brooklyn and went to Somerset County, N.J., this same year is evidenced by the fact the following spring, April 13, 1803, they appeared at the Reading-ton, N.J. Dutch Church to have a daughter Hannah Blackford baptised.

Following is an abstract of the will of Jacob Kershow of Bridgewater Township, Somerset County, N. J., as recorded in 1829-R-Somerset Wills · Trenton, N.J.

“Date February 7, 1822, wife Rachel, son Jacob Kershow, Daughters Rachel, wife of Peter Buyer, Mary wife of Gilbert Lane, Phoebe wife of Jacob Low; Anna wife of Garret Stryker; Jannetie wife of Abraham Voorhees; Kammetie widow of Ouke Voorhees; Catherine and Hannah B. unmarried Executors; Wife Rachel and friend John M. Schneck, Isaac Voorhees and Aaron Lane. Witnesses: William Spadet, Garret Van Doren, Peter D. Vroom. Proved December 14, 1822.”

Note: Jacob died November 21st.
Abstract of Will of Rachel Kershow of Branchburg Township, Somerset County, New Jersey.

Date: January 12, 1846. Son Jacob Kershow and wife Margaret. Daughters: Maria wife of Gilbert Lane; Phoebe wife of Jacob C. Lowe; Ann wife of Garret Stryker; Catherine wife of Peter Brokow; Hannah B. wife of Cornelius Ammerman. Executors: Bergim Brokaw. Witnesses: John P. Voorhees, Gilbert S. Ammerman. Proved November 15, 1847.

Note: She died October 22nd. She was about 16 years younger than her husband Jacob Cershow or Kershaw.

In what is today known as the Vossler burial ground located west of South Branch in Branchburg Township, Somerset County, New Jersey, on a farm formerly owned by John Smith then by Jacob Vossler and subsequently by his widow Margaret (who afterwards became Mrs. Henry Ammerman) and which now forms part of the Bradley Property may be found the following inscriptions:

"Jacob Kershaw, died November 21, 1822, aged 74 years 8 months, 27 days.

"Rachel Smith wife of Jacob Kershaw died October 22, 1847, aged 83 years 7 months 29 days.” Also the following:

“John Smith died June 6, 1813 in his 94th year.”

“Rachel Bond wife of John Smith died August 20, 1801 in her 81st year.”

“John Smith died February 14, 1819, aged 68 years 3 months 9 days.”

“Phoebe Van Doren wife of John Smith died June 6, 1792, aged 44 years 8 months 17 days.”

I think it quite probable that the elder John and wife Rachel Bond were the parents of Rachel Smith Cershow, Kershaw or Kershow, and that the younger John and wife Phoebe Van Doren were her parents. If this assumption is correct, then it doubtless reveals the reason why Jacob and Rachel sold their Brooklyn property and removed to this same locality. Jacob at the time of his death seems to have been a resident of the extreme south corner of Bridgewater Township near the intersection of the township with Hillsborough and Branchburg Townships, the latter being a long narrow township extending north and south along the west line of Somerset County. Jacob and his family attended the Readington or what was formerly called the north Branch Reformed Dutch Church, it being located just over the line in Readington Township, Hunterdon County. The church was organized in 1717 or 1718. Its records which are among the best found in New Jersey, date from February 21, 1720. For a complete list of the inscriptions found in the Smith or Vossler burial grounds, see the Somerset County Historical Quarterly, Volume 3, page 303 and for additional information regarding the Readington Church and its pastors, see Ibid Volume 4, page 142.

CHILDREN:

i. Jacob Kershow

ii. Maria Kershow

iii. Ann Kershow

iv. Phoebe Kershow

v. Hannah B. Kershow, born February 15, baptised April 13, 1803

1.2.5.2.4 50 ISAAC CASHOW:

Isaac Cashow, son of Jacob 35, died June 9, 1837; married Phebe Van Norstrand, daughter of Isaac and Martha Simonson, born January 2, 1783. Isaac was a farmer in Cedar Swamp

Isaac Kershow’s name does not appear on the list of free holders of Long Island who pledged their allegiance to Great Britain after the battle of Brooklyn, indicating that he at this time was not a resident of Long Island. The New York military records show that Isaac Kershow was a member of Captain Van Dycks Company, Colonel Abraham Brinkerhoff’s Dutchess County state troops.

1.2.5.2.5 51  JANNETIE KERSHOW:

Jannetie Kershaw, daughter of Jacob (35) born at Brooklyn about 1759. In her father’s will dated May 23,1765, she is called Jannetie Cassow. Seventeen years later April 6, 1782 when she and Cornelius Duryee appear at New York City to obtain their marriage license, her name then goes on the record as Jane Cosseau. This is the first intermarriage of these two French families: Cossart and Dorie, Durie, Duryee, Duryea, etc., as this name was variously spelled by the Dutch.

The will of Jacob Cossart or Cassow (35) names Cornelius Duryee of Cripplebush, Brooklyn as one of the Executors. He was probably the father of this Cornelius who later married Jane Cosseau. The surname or family name of Jane’s mother Phoebe has not been ascertained, but she first married a.... Van Kleef, Van Clef, Van Cleef, Van Cleave etc., as this name was variously spelled by the Dutch and they had at least three children, Belle, Michael and Phoebe Van Cleef. Phoebe’s husband Van Cleef then dying, also Jacob Cassow’s wife Jannetie Bogart dying near the same time. Jacob and Phoebe on July 24, 1768 obtain their marriage license at New York. Jannetie or Jane so far as the records show, was their only child. Jacob then dies in 1766 and two years later July 24, 1768 Phoebe for the third time visits the New York marriage license office, this time in company with John Snedeker, whose brother Abraham married Mary Cashow (43) and whose sister Antonette married John Cashow (44) all three being children of Garret Snedeker and Christina Luqueer or Lequear of Oyster Bay, Long Island.

1.2.5.3 36  ABRAHAM CASHOW / KERSHOW

Abraham Cashow, who married Jannette Nevius and resided at Bushwick, Long Island, N.Y. Their sons remained on Long Island. Jacob’s will dated April 31, 1754, probated October 2, 1758 gives his son Abraham the land at Cellers Neck.

“Abraham Kershow (or, Corshow) was Deacon in the Bushwick Dutch Reformed Church in 1752.”


The old 1st Dutch Church of Brooklyn and burial ground where the old 1st settlers of Brooklyn were largely buried. The Church itself stood in the center of the County highway, on Flatbush Road, two or three blocks from the City Hall in Brooklyn.

Abraham Casson, of Bushwick, Kings County, Long Island, son of Jacob (7) born at Brooklyn of which the town of Bushwick is now a part. As no record of his birth or baptism can be found, his proper place in the family of Jacob (7) is not known. His marriage license which is recorded at Trenton, N.J., gives his name as Abraham Chussview of Long Island and his bride name as Jannetie Nefies of Somerset County, N.J., date of the license being May 1, 1747.

This Jannetie Nevius was the second daughter of Martin Nevius and wife Wilhelmina Van Voorhees a granddaughter of Steven Van Voorhees the first immigrant and father of all the Voorhees and Van Voorhees family ‑ see the Van Voorhees family history.

Martin Nevius was an elder brother of Peter Nevius the father-in-law of Abraham’s brother Jerome Cashow. Jerome’s wife Jannetie or Jennie and Abraham’s wife Jannetie were first cousins, their fathers Martin and Peter Nevius both came from Flatlands, L.I., to Marlboro then to the Blawenburg, Harlingen, settlement in New Jersey.

Jannetie wife of Abraham was born about 1726 and her husband was probably born a year
Volume 1

or two previous - but we have no proof regarding these dates. The will of Martin Nevius probated August 16, 1766 is on file in the Secretary of States Office, Trenton, N.J. Liber 12 page (?).

The will of Abraham Kessow, Kings County, Long Island, dated October 11, 1764 proved September 5, 1785, names his wife Jannetie and his sons Jacob and Martin and daughters Maria, Wilhelminia and Anna, a younger daughter Catherine who was then deceased. Anna and Martin were twins. The executors names were his wife, Jannetie, Garret Van Norstrand and Volker Rapalie. The witnesses were Abraham Kipp, John Coghil Knapp and a woman named Elizabeth, her last name now being illegible. This will was never recorded, but it may be found in the New York Historical Society Collections of 1902, pages 205-206.

The will of Jennetie Remsen, widow of Jeremiah Remsen, late of Brooklyn, dated February 7, 1780, proved June 28, 1782, makes mention of Wilhelmina daughter of Abraham Casyou deceased - this will fixes the time of Abraham's death as being between October 11, 1764 when Abraham's will was drawn and February 7, 1780 when Mrs. Remsens will was drawn. The Remsen will is recorded in Liber 35, page 33, Kings County Wills. The four younger children of Abraham and Jannetie were baptised at the New York Dutch Church - the two eldest children, it is supposed were baptised at Brooklyn - these records are now missing. Abraham probably met and became acquainted with his future wife through visits to his brothers Joost and Jerome of Harlingen, New Jersey. He lived and died at Bushwick where his grandfather Jacques Cosart had died near a century before, and it is not unlikely that he may have owned the same land.

"Abraham Kershaw (Cashow, Cershow, or Carsou) of Bushwick in 1761 came in possession of 60 acres of land that extended along the East River, from the old. Brooklyn line to a little north of the present Broadway and from the East River front to near Tenth Street, on which during the early days of 1667 a block house was erected, as a resort for the scattered settlers in case of hostility from the Indians, upon the high point of land which jutted into East River about the foot of 4th Street, and which was known in the olden time as the "KEIKE" or "Lookout". In 1693 Kip's executors sold the farm to Jacobus Bobin, a resident of Long Island, who was in possession until his death about 1741. It is afterwards found in the possession of one Abraham Kershow (Cashow, Cershow, or Carsou) who devised it to his sons Jacob and Martin, who were in possession as late as 1786, when they divided the farm, Jacob taking the northerly and Martin the southerly half. Jacob Kershow's portion passed, by deed, to one Peter Miller, and the farm afterwards became known as the "Old Peter Miller Farm".

(Reference: History of Kings County and Brooklyn 1884 - Stiles - Page 270).

The children of Abraham and Jannete were as follows.

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Before leaving the family of Abraham Cassou of Bushwick I will here insert a bit of historical data copied from the History of Kings County, N.Y., by H.R. Stiles, 1884, page 270.

The Town of Bushwicik.

"............ a block house was res erected upon the high point of land that is now the foot of south Fourth Street, Brooklyn, known in the olden times as the "keicke" or "Lookout" ....... Jacobus Robin was in possession until his death about 1741. It is afterwards found 1761 in the possession of one Abraham Kershaw (Cashow, Cershow, etc.) who devised it to his sons Jacob and Martin who were in possession as late as 1786 when they divided the farm Jacob taking the northerly and Martin the southerly half. Jacob Kershaw's portion passed by deed to one Peter Miller who before his death in 1816 devised it to his sons David P. and John P. Miller .... Martin Kershaw's portion by sale under chancery decree in 1820 passed to Jacob Berry who surveyed and mapped it into building lots, his map bearing date 1828. This property became part of the town of Williamsburgh which was later annexed to the City of Brooklyn, page 285. The inhabitants residing along the waterside (East River) at the close of the Revolutionary War were Martin Kershaw, David Miller.
and six others named.

In connection with the foregoing extracts from Stiles History I will add the following:

“Kings County, New York, Registers Office, Volume 1, page 192. Deed of Abraham Schenck and wife Elyse of Bushwick and Andries Counceljee - land at the “Kiekout”, joins farm of Abram Corshow, etc., 450 pounds; 15½ acres along the East River. Date August 15, 1761. Recorded June 5, 1773.

In Liber B-12, page 564, same office, is the following:

“Deed of J.J. Drake, Master of Chancery of Jacob Berry land in Bushwick - the mortgaged premises of Martin Kershaw, $8,350.00, bounds west on East River, north by Peter Miller, south by heirs of Jacob Bloom, east by land of Bernard Bloom, 25 acres. Also a salt meadow of 3 acres bound west land of Peter Colyer, north by David Miller, east by Main Creek, south by land of Jacob Kershaw. Date August 10, 1820. Recorded September 7, 1820.

1.2.5.3.1 MARIA (or Mary) KERSHOW:

Maria or Mary Kershaw, daughter of Abraham (36) born at Bushwick about 1748, married Bernard Bloom of Bushwick (now Brooklyn); they obtained their marriage license at New York May 2, 1776. At the Kings County Registers Office, Liber B-12, p. 564 may be found the following: “Deed of J. J. Drake, Master in Chancery, to Jacob Berry, land in Bushwick, being mortgaged premises of Martin Kershaw, $8,350.00 bounded west by the East River, north by Peter Miller, south by the heirs of Jacob Bloom, East by land of Bernard Bloom, containing twenty-five acres, also a salt meadow of 3 acres, bounded west by Peter Colyer, north by David Miller, east by Main Creek, south by Jacob Kershaw. Date August 10, 1820. Recorded September 7, 1820.

This deed would indicate that Bernard Bloom must have lived and died at Bushwick, he was probably near 70 at this time. The Jacob Bloom mentioned as being deceased was doubtless Bernard’s father or brother, and the Jacob and. Martin Kershaw mentioned were Bernard’s bothers-in-law.

1.2.5.3.2 WILHELMINA KERSHOW:

Wilhelmina Kershaw, daughter of Abraham (36) born at Bushwick, Long Island about 1750, died after 1796. She married her third cousin John Neife or Neaphe who was baptised at New Brunswick, N.J. July 8, 1750, he being the son of John Neife and Catherine of New Brunswick and he a son of John Neife and Anne Garretson of Slotterdam, Bergen County, N.J. and the son of Cornelius Nevius and Agatha Boroman of Staten Island., N.Y.

The Nevius Family History p. 414 says there seems to be some uncertainty regarding the identity of this man, but he is supposed to be the John Neaphe or Neufe who was killed in the Revolutionary War October 15, 1776 and the same John Neaphe who served in the Western Battalion, Morris County, New Jersey, Militia and the New Jersey State Troops in Captain John Conways Company, 1st New Jersey Regiment, commanded by the Right Honorable William, Earl of Stirling of Basking Ridge, N.J. It is thought that he and his wife Wilhelmina Kershaw had at least one child named David, they may have had one or two others.

At the Surrogates Office, New York City, Liber 35, p.33, may be found the large and voluminous will of Jannetie Schenck, widow of the late Jeremiah Remsen of Brooklyn, the will bears date of February 7, 1780 and was proved June 28, 1782: her brother Luke Schenck and various other members of the Schenck family receive bequeaths in Mrs. Remsen’s will and among others mentioned we find the following: “To Wilhelmina daughter of Abraham Cassou deceased, etc.” this proves that Wilhelmina was living and that her father was not, when this will was drawn February 7, 1780. The Schenck family in America is descended from the two brothers John and Ralph Schenck who came over from Holland in 1650. Wilhelmina’s mother Jannetie Nevius was a granddaughter of Ralph Schenck and it may be that Mrs. Remsen was also in the deed given by the heirs of Martin Nevius Jr., of Harlingen, N.J. (Wilhelmina’s uncle) to Abraham Ditmars (December 17, 1796, she signed her name as Wilhelmina Neaphe, widow of John Neaphe, deceased). See copy of this deed and sketch of the early Nevius family herein. We find no further trace of Wilhelmina, after this date.

1.2.5.3.3. 52 JACOB KERSHOW:
Jacob Kershow, son of Abraham (36) baptised at New York Church January 17, 1752 and Elizabeth Rapalie obtained their marriage license at New York May 31, 1779. Note: On the Rapalie Family - "George de Rapalie, Huguenot, from Rochelle, France, (ancestors traceable to the 11th century) came to America in 1623 in the vessel "Unity", settling first at Albany, but finally at Brooklyn, where he became prominent. His wife Catherine Trico, daughter of George, was baptised in Paris about 1605 and died 1689. Their sons were John, Jacob, Jerome and Daniel. The family became large on Long Island and in New Jersey." 

(See Somerset County, N.J. Historical Quarterly, Volume V, page 283).

Teunis Rapalie born May 22, 1726 married March 12, 1757 to Catherine Stockholm, their first child Elizabeth born in 1758 married Jacob Kershow of Bushwick, Long Island in 1779. Rem Rapalie (brother of Tunis) born August 3, 1728 married March 14, 1751 to Ellen Hardenbrook, their son George born August 9, 1771 married July 19, 1798 to Susanna Elizabeth Provost (sister of Bishop Provist) of New York City (Episcopal) as will be seen. Elizabeth and George were cousins. In the New York Surrogates Office, Liber 74, p. 189 may be found the will of George Rapalie of 310 Broadway, New York City, this will which disposes of a large estate (George being very wealthy) indicates that he left no children, his estate being devised to various friends and relatives. The settlement of this estate subsequently led to much litigation in which the children of his cousin Elizabeth (Rapalie) Kershow of Fonda, N.Y. and other relatives took a part. See New York records of 1849 and Fonda, N.Y. records of 1850.

1.2.5.3.4 ANNA KERSHOW:

Anna Kershow, daughter of Abraham (36) baptised at New York church March 27, 1754, she and her brother Martin (53) being twins. Her name appears in her father's will, dated October 11, 1764, proved September 5, 1758. Her name also appears among the list of heirs to the property of her uncle Martin Nevis of Harlingen, N.J., she then being 42 but unmarried. See the Martin Nevis heirs deed of December 17, 1796, between Jerome (40) and Abraham (36). The last word we have of her found bearing her name is dated March 25, 1798. See records of her twin brother Martin (53).

1.2.5.3.5 MARTIN KERSHOW:

Martin Kershow, son of Abraham (36) baptised at New York Church March 27, 1754, twin to his sister Anna ( ) above. Received his name from his grandfather Martin Nevis of Harlingen, N.J.

The name of Martin Kershow and others appear in “Stiles History of Brooklyn” (1869), Volume 1, as being members of the Kings County, Long Island Troop of Horse, Revolutionary War. Martin's name with that of his brother Jacob (52) and their cousin Tunis (49) and Jacob (47) with other Kings County Freeholders sign their Allegiance to Great Britain after the defeat at the Battle of Long Island in 1776. See “Early Long Island.” by Martha B. Flint (1896) pp. 525—527.

The Kings County Registers Office has the following records relating to Martin: Deed of Martin Carshow to Jacob Kershow land at Bushwick. Date June 23, 1786. Recorded April 27, 1830. Liber 28, p. 268.


U.S. Census 1790 Town of Bushwick, L.I. - Martin Kershow, 1 male over 16, 3 females, 3 slaves.

Deed of Tunis Rapalie to Martin Carshow of Bushwick of Long Island, one half part of land at the Wallabout. Date January 13, 1798. Recorded September 1, 1798. Liber 7, page 136.

$9,000.00 bond of Martin Carshow in which he is to pay Ann or Anne Carshow (sister) the sum of $4,500.00 before March 21, 1800. Date March 25, 1798. Recorded June 7, 1798. Liber 8, page 178.

Deed of Martin Carshow and wife Mercy of Bushwick. Land there to Justus Thompson - consideration $10,000.00. Joins land of Jacob Carshow (brother) and Bernard Bloom (brother-in-law). Date June 6, 1804. Recorded May 11, 1805. Liber 8, p. 178.
Deed of J.J. Drake, Master in Chancery, to Jacob Berry - land in Bushwick, the mortgaged premises of Martin Kershow, $8,350.00. Bounds west on East River, North by Peter Miller, south by heirs of Jacob Bloom, east by land of Bernard Bloom, 25 acres. Also a salt meadow of 3 acres, bound west by Peter Colyer, north by David Miller, east by Main Creek, south by land of Jacob Kershow. Date August 10, 1820. Recorded September 7, 1820.

A SUMMARY
In the account of the third generation it will be noted that only two of the grandsons of Jacques Cossart (3) the immigrant left the old home settlement about Long Island and Somerset County, New Jersey, these two being Anthony (603) who in 1753 removed, to and established his large family of sons in Granville County, North Carolina, where they are to become the progenitors of the very large Cozart family now found throughout the southland. The other New Jersey grandson being Anthony’s cousin Francis Cossart (103) who accompanies a large party of New Jersey Colonists to Straban Township, York (now Adams) County, Penna., about 1765 where he establishes the ancestral home of the present day Cassatt - Cosatt - Cassait - Cozatt lines of our family. (Also Cozad, current publisher.) But in the next generation we will find the younger members of the family pushing further westward from Long Island, from Somerset County, New Jersey, from Pennsylvania, to Kentucky and from North Carolina to Tennessee. However, before taking up the account of other generations, we will here turn aside long enough to insert a few historical items relating to some of the family whose names will appear in other generations. As it is very largely due to the fact that we have had access to the records of the early Dutch churches, which as a rule have been well preserved that has made it possible for us to trace the early family down through the old colonial period as well as we have. A few notes on these early Long Island Dutch churches will not be out of place at this time. Before the year 1800 Kings County, Long Island, had six churches, viz: Flatlands, Flatbush, Brooklyn, New Utrecht, Bushwick and Gravesend, in the six towns which eventually became the City of Brooklyn. In Queens County which adjoined Kings County on the east, there were four churches, Viz: Jamaica, Newton, Success and Wolver Hollow. Near the close of the last century Queens County was divided and three of its townships (Hempstead, North Hempstead and Oyster Bay) were set off to form the new County of Naussau. Queens County now consists of three towns only, Viz: Jamaica, Elmhurst (formerly Newton) and Flushing which had no Dutch church. The Church at Success (now called. Lakeville) was removed to Manhasset in North Hempstead Township. The Wolver Hollow church is now in Brookville in Oyster Bay township.

Kings, Queens, Richmond, New York and Bronx Counties now constitute Greater New York. The last named county being the last formed from part of Westchester County.

As many of the fourth as well as a few of the fifth generation of our family will be found not only passing through but many of them taking a very active part in the stirring events in the Revolutionary period, a bit of historical data relating to our family who chanced to be residents of Long Island at this time, will doubtless be of interest to their posterity. In the history of “Early Long Island” by Martha B. Flint 1896 pp. 518 to 527 will be found a Petition of Freeholders and Inhabitants of Long Island to the Lord Viscount Howe, and the Honorable William Howe, General of His Majesties Colonies (Pledging Allegiance to Great Britain).

On the total list of 1293 names appearing on this petition, will be found the signatures of the following members of our family, who were at this time Freeholders or property owners in Kings and Queens counties, Long Island.

Queens County. 111., October 21. 1778:
Andries Kershow
Jacob Cashow
Moury Kershow (45)
John Cashow
John Kashow

Kings County. L.I., November 1776:
Martin Carshow (53)
Jacob Carshow (52)
Jacob Kershaw (49)
Tunis Kershaw (48)

(The numbers after the names indicate their genealogical number in this work).
Also in “Revolutionary Incidents of Queens County, L.I.” by Henry Onderdonk Jr., 1846, may be found on pages 125 and 129 the same Queens County list, but the Kings County list does not appear in the Onderdonk Book.

Relative to the Battle of Long Island. (Brooklyn) the foregoing note may be added. The battle had but recently taken place, in which the American Forces had been badly defeated by the British. It then simply became a matter of the residents of the Island signing their allegiance to Great Britain or losing their homes and property. Although military records show that some of these men later saw service with the colonial forces.

In the “Documentary History of Oyster Bay, Long Island”, by H.A. Stoutenburg, pp. 721-722 may be found a copy of a Deed given by Adrian Hegemon for a plot of land to be used for burial purposes at what was known as Cedar Swamp. The deed being dated April 1749. Among the eighteen men, all of them residents of Oyster Bay Township, to whom this land was deeded, appears the following: Henry Hardenbergh, Frederick Simonsen, Maurus Simmonsen, Garret Snedaker, Garret Van Wackleu, Johannes Kissow (34), Jacob Kissow (41), Frederick Kissou (42). These men whose names appear on this deed evidently were among the earliest settlers of Oyster Bay Township, Queens (now Nassau) County, Long Island. Johannes Cassou, Kissou, Cashow, etc. (34) was the father of the Oyster Bay settlement of our family as well as one of the founders of the Wolver Hollow Dutch Church of which he was also an Elder. Jacob and Frederick, whose names also appear on the deed were his eldest sons, while Simonsen, Snedaker, Hardenbergh, Hageman and Van Wacklen families were all intermarried. Cedar Swamp is now called Glen Head and the old burying ground is now a part of the East Hill Side Cemetery. In this old burying ground may be found the following inscriptions:

“Mary wife of Abraham Snedeker, died August 14, 1806, aged 73 years 4 months 21 days.”
“Sarah wife of Jacob Kashow died December 19, 1805, aged 49 years.” A stone standing about 26 feet in front of Sarah’s grave bears the initials “J.K.”
“Rem Cashow, born February 19, 1768, died September 27, 1816.”
“Mary Cashow, born September 24, 1774, died July 23, 1830.”
“Samuel Mott died January 18, 1846, aged 89 years 1 month.”
“Margaret wife of S.M. died February 8, 1847, aged 85 years 9 months 26 days.”
“John Cashow died March 4, 1839, aged 84 years 3 months 11 days.”
“Phoebe K. wife of John Cashow died November 21, 1845, aged 89 years 11 months 28 days.”
“John K. Cashow Jr., died September 27, 1849, aged 57 years 7 months 27 days.”
“George F. Cashew, son of John K. and Elizabeth died March 9, 1827, aged 7 years 11 months 5 days.”
“Benjamin K. Cashow son of John K. and Elizabeth died January 18, 1834 and 12 years 2 months 17 days.

Only the following six inscriptions being the names of members of the Cashow family are now to be found in the old Wolver Hollow burial ground which is now a part of Brookville Cemetery, both this and Cedar Swamp burial ground was established in Oyster Bay Township by the early pioneers of this region.

“Maria, daughter of William and Mary Snedeker, died September 12, 1809, aged 13 years.”
“Daniel U. Cashow, born May 27, 1816, died April 26, 1897.”
“Margaret E. wife of Daniel U. Cashow, born February 15, 1820, died August 13, 1898.”
“Thomas A. Cashow, born April 15, 1849, died July 26, 1890.”
“George B. son of Danuel U. and Margaret W. Cashow died December 23, 1844, aged 3 years and 24 days.”
“Sarah E. daughter of Daniel U. and Margaret E. Cashow, died February 26, 1859, aged 16 years 3 months 18 days.”

The Hageman deed shows that the Hegeman, Simonson, Cashow, Hurdenburgh, Snedeker, Van Wicklen and others named purchased and established the Cedar Swamp or Hillside burial ground and as the inscriptions show the older members of the families found their last resting place here, it would indicate that this burial place must have been located in their immediate neighborhood. While the Wolver Hollow church and burial ground must have been some distance away.
The Hegeman family for many years kept a diary in which they jotted down important events (including funerals) which took place in the community. These Hegeman diaries are now preserved with the records of the Wolver Hollow church now at Brookville and it is from these that we get the burial dates found in this work. Before passing from this family settlement it may here be stated that our splendid patriotic American ex-President, the late Theodore Roosevelt spent his last years and is now resting from his labors in this same township. Mr. John Neafie of New York City visited and made a careful examination of the old Long Island church records, burial grounds, diaries and etc. for this work. The old burial ground at Newton, Bushwick and Brooklyn are all now destroyed and gone and nothing of interest to our family may now be found at these places. The public records of Kings County however furnished considerable historical data regarding the old Brooklyn family settlement and this may be found under the heads of the various Brooklyn families. So this family settlement will here be passed without further comment other than to state that had it not been for the fact that the Brooklyn Tory Town Clerk carried the early records of that place away to England at the close of the Revolutionary war, it is possible that additional records relating to our family might be found at that place. Likewise we find ourselves greatly handicapped in New Jersey on account of the fact that the first U.S. Census of that state taken in 1790 was destroyed when the British burned the capitol at Washington during the war of 1812. Every family genealogist who has found occasion to trace their family through New Jersey has suffered as a result of this great loss, however we are fortunate in finding that the early members of our family were identified with the Raritan and Harlingen Dutch churches in Somerset County, New Jersey, and that the records of these churches have been well preserved. We are also fortunate in having the assistance of the Somerset County Historical Society through whose efforts practically every bit of historical and genealogical data resulting to that county has been gathered and published by that organization in the Somerset County Historical quarterly.

Biographical and Historical incidents relating to the Raritan and Harlingen family settlements may be found under the heads of the various families, so we will here take our leave of New Jersey and accompany those members of our family who went out to York County or what is more commonly called the Conewago settlement. See pages 234 et seq.

1.2.5.4 37  ANGENTIA (ANNA) CASSOU:
(Jacob; Jacques; Jacques).

Anna Cassou of Brooklyn, daughter of Jacob (7), baptised at Brooklyn June 18, 1699, died before 1708 as in that year another daughter is given the same name. It is thought that Jacob (7) had an older child, born in 1697, as the Brooklyn Census of 1698 lists a child in his family that year - but of this we have no proof as no records of its baptism can be found either at New York or Brooklyn.

Angenetie Cassou, daughter of Jacob (7) of Brooklyn. As no record of her birth or baptism can be found I have placed her as the youngest child of Jacob (7) simply because she was the last daughter to marry, in case she was past the average age at the time of her marriage she may have been older than her brothers Jerome and Abraham. The only record we can find of her outside of her father's will is the following taken from the records of the New York Dutch Church. Married December 7, 1736 Johannes Peers and Marytie Jibout. They had the following five children baptised: Margeitje baptised December 2, 1737; Maria baptised August 15, 1739; Willem baptised August 2, 1741; Sara baptised April 4, 1743; Willem (2nd) baptised August 14, 1745. Married December 4, 1746 Johannes Peers widower and Agnietje Cushowd of Brooklyn. Witnesses to the baptism March 27, 1754 Angenietje Cussouw and husband Johannes Peers.

We find no record of any children having been born to Johannes and Angenetie. The name of Peers is various spelled — Peers, Pears, Paers, etc. The translation of the name Angenietje we do not know. Some think the name was Agnes, while others think it was meant for Angenetta.

1.2.5.5 38  JOOST COSSART / KERSHAW / CASSOU:
(Jacob; Jacques; Jacques).

Joost Cossart changed name to Kershaw. Married Maria, about 1735, and about 1738/9 settled near Harlingen, N.J. They had four sons who were the fathers of practically all the
Kershaw and Kershow families in Somerset County, N.J. up to 1806.

Joost Cassou, son of Jacob (7) as no record of his baptism can be found, the year of his birth is not known, but it was probably about 1711 or 1712 as his first child was born in 1737. The father was usually about 23 or 24 when their first child was born. The first record we find of him is at New Brunswick, N.J., when on November 27, 1737 Joost Cassou and wife Maria have a son Jacob baptised. The witnesses given on the records being Jannetie Cassou, she being a sister of Joost and the wife of John Voorhees. Joost was named for his uncle Joost Springsteen. His wife Maria’s family name does not appear on any records that we have found, so we do not know who her parents were or where he married her. Sometime between 1737 and 1740 he settled near Harlingen where he was joined by his brother Jerome and sister Jannetie Voorhees. The Harlingen church records show that he had at least five children baptised at that place. His name also appears on a list of contributors toward the building fund of the Neshanic church. He seems to have left no will as no record bearing his name can be found at Trenton, New Jersey.

CHILDREN
1.2.5.5.1 (54) i. Jacob Cassou / Kershow, bapt 11/27/1737 at New Brunswick, NJ
1.2.5.5.2 ii. Mareya Cassou / Kershow, bapt January 11, 1740 at Harlingen, NJ
1.2.5.5.3 iii. Marya Cassou / Kershow, bapt June 18, 1742, at Harlingen, N.J.
1.2.5.5.4 iv. Aelte Cassou / Kershow, bapt December 16, 1746, at Harlingen, NJ
1.2.5.5.5 (56) v. Cornelius Cassou/Kershow, b 9/2/1750, bapt 9/15/1750 at Harlingen. He was a soldier in the Revolutionary War. Mr. Walter Ryson Jones of 245 Madison Ave., New York City, a member of the Huguenot Society of America says: ‘My great grandfather was Cornelius Kershaw, a soldier in the Revolution. The Dutch in New Jersey spelled his name the same as it was pronounced in French. His father was a Cossart, Cosseau or Cassand. Two or three generations of the family in New Jersey brings them back to the original Jacques Cossart who settled on Long Island very early, about 1665.’
1.2.5.5.6 (57) vi. Abraham Cassou / Kershow, bapt July 8, 1753 at Harlingen, NJ
1.2.5.5.7 (55) vii. George Kershaw.

54 JACOB KERSHOW:

Jacob Kershaw, son of Joost baptised at New Brunswick, New Jersey November 27, 1737. The New Brunswick church records give his parents names as Jost Cassou and wife Maria. Maria or Mary’s surname is not given on either of the New Brunswick or Harlingen records and it is therefore not known who her parents were.

Both Jacob and his father Joost or George, lived and died in the vicinity of the Harlingen church in Montgomery Township, Somerset County, N.J. and it is quite probable that many of the early family are buried in the old church yard, although scarcely any stones are now to be found. there bearing the family name. Jacob’s first wife Catherine (whose family name we have not ascertained) is buried here and her gravestone may yet be seen. They had at least three children, George, Derrick (Richard) and Charity who married Paul Ammerman. Catherine then dies and a few years later Jacob marries Mary Van Arsdale by whom she has at least two more sons—Jacob and Cornelius. They may have had other children, but if so their names do not appear on the church records, nor in Jacob’s will. This, so far as we know, is the first intermarriage of the Cossart and Van Arsdale families. This family is traceable to John Van Arsdale a knight of Holland who in 1211 erected a castle Van Arsdale from which the family took its name. Isaac and wife, a Miss Johnson came over to the Colonies in 1645 and in 1653 their son Simon came and he died at Flatlands, L.I. about 1710, his son Cornelius had six sons all of whom went to New Jersey, where they became fathers of numerous Van Arsdale families. Jacob Cassou, Cashow or Kershaw and his brothers, Cornelius and Abraham and his eldest son George all saw service in the Revolutionary war. (See records at Trenton, N.J.).

Somerset County Wills 1825-R, Secretary of State’s Office at Trenton, New Jersey. Abstract of Will of Jacob Kershaw Montgomery Township, Somerset County, N.J. Date October 19, 1815. Wife · Mary: Sons · George, Derrick, Jacob, Cornelius: Daughters · Charity.


/S/ JACOB KERSHOW.”
1.2.5.5.3 MARYA CASSOU / KERSHOW

Maria (or Mary), 2nd., daughter of Joost. It is supposed that the eldest of these two daughters died in infancy and that the next daughter was given the same name. We find no further trace of either of these two daughters of Joost. I think it not unlikely that Joost may have had another child born in 1744, but if so no record of it is found either on the Harlingen church records or elsewhere.

Maria or Mary Kershow, daughter of Joost (38) baptised at Harlingen, N.J., 1/11/1740.

1.2.5.5.4 AELTE CASSOU / KERSHOW

Aelte Cassou / Kershaw, daughter of Joost. Baptised at Harlingen, December 16, 1746. This Dutch name, also spelled Aaltje was equivalent to Adeline or Aletta. She married Adrian Voorhees son of Court Voorhees and Nellie Hegeman, and Court being a son of Garret Voorhees. The Van Voorhees Family History only lists two children to Adrian and Aeltie or Aletta, they being Adrianna and Maria, this last named daughter was baptised at the New York Dutch Church April 25, 1773, the witness named, being Anna Voorhees wife of John Duryee (Anna was Adrians sister). Adrian lived at Gravesend., Long Island. Both the Van Voorhees Family Book and "Bergens First Settlers of Kings County, L.I. gives Adrian's wife's name as Couvenhoven, but the New York Church Record proves that they are both wrong. This matter has been carefully investigated. by Mr. John Neafe of New York City.

1.2.5.5.5 CORNELIUS CASSOU / KERSHOW:

On November 24, 1774 he married Wilhelmina Nevius baptised December 25, 1756, died May 9, 1837, she being the daughter of Lucas Nevius a Deacon in the Harlingen church 1770 and in 1773 was elected an Elder, he being a great grandson of Johannes Nevius of New York and Brooklyn, the immigrant ancestor of the Nevius, Neafie, Nevyus, &c., family. See the Nevius family history under related or allied families herein.

He was a soldier in the Revolutionary War. Mr. Walter Ryson Jones of 245 Madison Ave., New York City, a member of the Huguenot Society of America says: "My great grandfather was Cornelius Kershaw, a soldier in the Revolution. The Dutch in New Jersey spelled his name the same as it was pronounced in French. His father was a Cossart, Cosseau or Cassand. Two or three generations of the family in New Jersey brings them back to the original Jacques Cossart who settled on Long Island very early, about 1665.

The farm one mile east of Harlingen which was owned by Cornelius and Wilhelmina Kershow is now, or was recently, owned by David Gabriel. Cornelius was a Corporal in Captain Duryeas Company during the Revolutionary War. See Trenton Records.

"Somerset County Wills, 2489-R-Trenton, N. J. Abstract of Will of Cornelius Kershaw of Montgomery Township. Date May 26, 1832; Wife · provided for, but her name is not given; Son · George; Daughter · Margaret, wife of Cornelius Van Cleef. Executors: Cornelius Kershaw and Cornelius S. Strykr Esq. Witnesses: Stephen Stryker, John Hoaglsnd, Peter Hoagland. Proved November 12, 1834.

/s/ CORNELIUS KERSHOW. “

In a long list of Somerset County, N.J. Slave Owners, who freed their slaves between 1800 and the time of the Civil War, and which list has been published, in Volume 1 and Volume 2 of the Somerset County Historical Quarterly, I find that on April 28, 1832 Cornelius Kershaw of
Montgomery Township freed a male slave named Peter and again on April 8, 1834 his name appears on these records as having freed a female slave named Judith. This fixes the time of his death as being between April 8 and November 12, 1834 when his will was proved.

**CHILDREN:**

1.2.5.5.5.1 i. George Kershow born about August 4th baptised September 22, 1776.
1.2.5.5.5.2 ii. Margaret Kershow born 9/7/1778 baptised 10/28/1778 died 4/20/ 1856.

### 1.2.5.6 57 ABRAHAM KERSHOW:

Abraham Kershow, son of Joost baptised at Harlingen, N.J., July 8, 1753. He married Anne Kennedy, their marriage license being dated November 27, 1779, her parentage has not been ascertained. Back in the early times the Island on which now stands the Statue of Liberty in New York harbor was owned by Captain Archibald Kennedy (afterwards the Earl of Cassilas) and during his ownership it was called Kennedy’s Island. (See Doc. Relating to Colonial History of New York, Volume 14, p. 339; also the Nevius Family History, p. 83).

Whether Anne was a descendant of this family or not, we have been unable to say. She was baptised, August 18, 1851. The original copy of their marriage license may be found, in I.J.K. 1711-1790, N.J. Marriage License, Trenton, N.J. It is as follows: “Abraham Kershaw and Joseph Cornell of Somerset County, N.J. go on bond November 27, 1779. Wherein Abraham Kershaw hath license to marry Anne Kennada. Witnesses: Nehemiah Sexton, Benjamin Sexton.”

That Abraham only lived about 12 years after this marriage is shown by the following Somerset County Wills 1782-1789; Trenton, N.J. Peter Stryker, Cornelius Kershaw and Abraham Van Arsdale of Somerset County go on bond December 2, 1791. Wherein Peter Stryker and Cornelius Kershaw are made administrators of the estate of Abraham Kershaw, late of the Weston Precinct of said County.

Inventory of the estate of Abraham Kershaw late of said Precinct and County, Yeoman, having been made November 22, 1791, by Peter Stryker, Cornelius Kershaw both of same place. Administrators and by Jacob Van Arsdale and Stephen Terhune Jr.

The records of the Harlingen church show that Abraham and Anne had the following four children baptised at that church.

**CHILDREN:**

1. i. Mary Kershaw, baptised July 29, 1781.
2. ii. Catherine Kershaw, baptised November 23, 1783.
3. iii. George Kershaw, baptised January 8, 1786.
4. iv. Henry Kershaw, baptised April 19, 1789. Died about October 1, 1821.

### 1.2.5.6 39 JANETJE (ANNA) CASSOU / COSSART

Anna Cassou, daughter of Jacob (7), baptised at the Brooklyn Church March 21, 1708, this being the last baptism of the children of Jacob (7) that can be found at this church. The records of which are very incomplete after about 1710. This Anna is the second of that name in this family; the first Anna having previously died. In her father’s will she is referred to as being deceased and provision is made for her children · but her husbands name is not mentioned · nor do we find any trace of her or her family about New York, Long Island or New Jersey.

Jannetie Cassou, daughter of Jacob (7), her baptism cannot be found either at New York or Brooklyn, so we do not know whether this is her proper place in the family of Jacob (7) or not. She married John Abram Voorhees of Flatbush, Long Island, sometime during 1730. When her brother Joost Cassou (38) had his eldest son Jacob (54) baptised at New Brunswick, N.J., on November 27, 1737, Jannetie’s name appears on the record as a witness. This indicates that she and her husband, and her brothers Joost and Jerome Cassou or Kershaw must have gone from about Long Island to the vicinity of present Harlingen, N.J. at about the same time. The records of the Harlingen church shows that Jannetie Cassou wife of John Voorhees was a member of that church in 1769. The Van Voorhees Family History says that they subsequently settled at Princeton, New Jersey and that they had a family of five sons as follows:

**CHILDREN:**

1. i. John C. Voorhees, born December 1731, died 1807; married Margaret Van Zant.
3. iii. Oakley Voorhees, born August 27, 1743, died May 21, 1819, marriage license New York City May 24, 1768: 1st wife Mary Kershaw (50); 2nd. wife Alema or Lammetie
Kershaw ( ), daughter of Mary’s brother Jacob (47).


v. Abraham Voorhees, born May 19, 1753, died September 14, 1828; married 1st time May 5, 1792 to Leah Voorhees, daughter of Peter Voorhees and his 2nd wife was Leah Nevius, youngest daughter of Martin Nevius and Wilhelmina Van Voorhees of Harlingen, N. J. Leah died 1808 and Abraham then in October 1805 married 2nd wife Jane Kershaw, daughter of Jacob Kershaw (47). Alema the second wife of Oakley and Jene the second wife of Abraham were both the daughters of their first cousin Jacob Kershaw (47).

1.2.5.7. 40 JERONEMUIS (JEROME) COSSART / KERSHAW:

(Jacob; Jacques; Jacques).

Jerome Cossart changed name to Kershaw. Married Jane Nevius about 1744, and together with his brother Joost, settled near Harlingen, New Jersey. He died about 1754 leaving only one son.

Jerome Cassou, son of Jacob (7) born at Brooklyn, but no record of birth or baptism can be found. The fact that his wife was born in 1722 and their first child was born in 1745 indicates that Jerome was born about 1721. The first trace we have of him is at the Sourlands as it was then known — now Harlingen, New Jersey, when on February 1, 1745 he appears at the Harlingen church to have his first child Jacob Baptised. He married about 1743 Jennete (Jane) or Jennie Nevius, the eldest daughter of Peter Nevius and wife Altie Ten Eyck daughter of Tobias Ten Eyck and Elisabeth Hegeman of Brooklyn. This Peter Nevius was a son of Peter and grandson of Johannes Nevius the immigrant of New York and Brooklyn who is the father of all the Nevius, Nevius, Neefie, Neafie, Neaphy, Neaphey, and etc., family of America today. The Peter here mentioned, known as Captain Peter (he having served as Captain of Militia in Kings County, Long Island) like his father became a men of education, prominence and ability. After his marriage he first settled at Marlboro, Monmouth County, N. J., where the daughter Jannete was baptised January 27, 1723, having been born December 25 previous.

Jerome Cassou or Cashow only lived about ten years after his marriage, as on March 18, 1854 his father-in-law Peter Nevius was appointed administrator of his estate. (See Liber F, page 161, Secretary of State’s Office, Trenton, N.J.). At the time these administration papers were granted Jannete (Jerome’s widow) had married. Frederick Blaw or Blawenberg, by whom she had four more children. In the will of her father Peter Nevius of Blawenburg probated November 24, 1768 he provided for his two grandchildren, Jacob and Mary Corshow and also for the children of his daughter Jennie by Frederick Blaw, she to have the use of the Blaw children’s money during her lifetime. See Liber K, page 7, Trenton, N.J.

Jecobus or James Nevius of Blawenburg, a son of the foregoing Peter and brother to Jannetie Nevius Cashow, in his will dated March 11, 1809, Probated, March 29, 1811 devised his estate to his wife Leah and to his nephews Jacob Kershaw, Peter Voorhees and Peter and John Sutphen. See Liber A, page 275, Trenton, New Jersey. His widow Leah in her will dated June 16, 1815 probated September 19, 1821 devised the remainder of the estate to these same nephews. See Book C, page 44, Somerset County Wills, Trenton, N.J.

James and Leah Nevius owned one of the finest farms of 291 acres in Somerset County. They had no children.

The two children of Jerome Cashow aid. Jannetie Nevius were:

CHILDREN:

1.2.5.7.1 58 i. Jacob Cassou Kershaw, baptised. February 1, 1745, at Herlingen, N.J.

1.2.5.7.2 ii. Maria Cassou, baptised. July 19, 1747, at Harlingen, New Jersey. No further trace of these two children.

1.2.5.7. 58 JACOB KERSHOW:

Jacob Kershaw, son of Jerome (40) baptised at Harlingen, N.J. February 1, 1745. His mother Jannetie or Jennie or Jane Nevius was the eldest daughter of Peter Nevius and Altje (Aletta. or Alice) Ten Yeck of near Blawenbuxg, N.J. Peter Nevius in his will probated November 24, 1768 provides for his grandchildren, Jacob and Mary Corshow. Liber K, p. 7, Trenton, N.J.:
also the will of their uncle James Nevius, proved March 29, 1811: Liber A, p. 275 and the will of his wife Leah, probated September 19, 1821, Book C, p. 44, Trenton, N.J. Their nephew Jacob Kershaw receives legacies in both these wills. James and Leah Nevius owned the Peter Nevius homestead near Blawenburg.

1.2.5.7.2 MARY (or Maria) KERSHOW:

Mary Kershaw, daughter of Jerome (40) baptised at Harlingen, N.J., July 19, 1747.

1.2.5.8 CATHERINE CASSOU:

Catherine Cassou, daughter of Jacob (7) was baptized at the New York Dutch Church January 9, 1704. She married Gerrit Hoppe or Hopper who was baptised at the Hackensack Dutch Church December 25, 1696, he being a son of Hendrick (Henry) Hoppe and wife Mary Van Blarcom. The first trace we find of their marriage is on May 10, 1724 when they appear at the Hackensack church as witnesses to the Baptism of a child of John Hoppe. They also appear again at this church as witnesses on January 9, 1732 for a child of Gysbert (Gilbert) Van Blarcom. Gerrit and Catherine lived on a farm at Polifly near Hackensack, Bergen County, New Jersey. His will dated November 7, 1770 was proved June 14, 1786. In it he devised all his real estate to his wife Catherine during her widowhood then to his son Jacob — see Liber 29, page 212.

The Hackensack Church records only show the baptism of two children as follows:

CHILDREN:
( ) I Maria Hopper, baptised. December 27, 1724, married at Hackensack August 16, 1774 to Isaac Van Giesen who was baptised at Hackensack March 13, 1721.
( ) ii. Jacob Hopper born in 1727, died. in 1815 aged 88 years. He married at Hackensack October 26, 1750 to Cornelia Ackerman, baptised. at Hackensack April 4, 1731. All these people lived about Hackensack, Bergen County, New Jersey.

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The Cossart Family History

Volume 2

Containing

Anthony Cossart
and
His Descendants
1.2.7 ANTHONY COSSART:

(Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Anthony Cossart, the youngest son of the immigrant Jacques Cossart and Lydia Willems who came to New Amsterdam October 14, 1662, was born in Brooklyn, N.Y., on November 14, 1673 and was baptised there November 19, 1673 as shown by the records of the Dutch Reformed Church of New York City.

Anthony married 1st time August 2, 1696 to Elizabeth Tymensen Valentine, the daughter of Jan Tymensen Valentine of Schenectady, New York. The marriage records of the Dutch Church, New York, 1639—1801, shows:

“Anthony Cousart Ingeschreven July 17, 1696, j.m. Van N. Yorck, en Lysbeth Valentine, August 2, 1696, j.d. Van Schenectade, beyde woonende alhier.”

Anthony married a second time to “Judith”, and had two children by her, i.e., Elizabeth and David.

Anthony Cousaar and his wife Elizabeth sold their house and lot in Cripple Bush Brooklyn (Near present site of Brooklyn Navy Yard), March 26, 1703. (Reference: Brooklyn Deed Book, Liber 2, page 190) and on the records of the Dutch Reformed Church of Raritan at Somerville, N.J., appears the name of Anthony Cossart.

A list of Freeholders of Brookland, Census of Kings County, L.I., about 1698 — shows:

“Anthony Coesser, 1 male, 1 wife, 1 child, 1 apprentice and no slaves.”

It appears to be a reasonable supposition that Anthony, with his eldest son Jacob migrated to the Raritan region of New Jersey prior to 1712 with other settlers who left in such large numbers from the neighborhood of Brooklyn between 1680 and 1720. He is listed as Anthony Cozar among the early settlers of Piscataway township, Middlesex County, N.J. This list was published in the Boston Evening Transcript of May 3, 1916, and represents the leading names of the early settlers to this new colony.

His son Jacob was the progenitor of the Casad, Cosad Cozad and Cozart families found throughout the United States today.

The four sons of Anthony Cossart became the fathers of numerous families, the descendants of which are widely scattered throughout the United States and some in foreign lands.

By referring to old documents, church lists, etc., now on file in New York, New Jersey and Pennsylvania, it will be found that about this time the family began changing the spelling of the name from French and German to English, and it may be found spelled in different ways, Viz., Cozad, Cosad, Casad and Cozart. The descendants of the three eldest sons of 601 — Jacob Cosart, i.e. Jacob, Samuel and Job, finally adopted COZAD as their name, while the descendants of his son Anthony, retained the “s” instead of “z” in the name. Those remaining in the east, spelling it COSAD and those in the West later changed it to CASAD.

For most of the foregoing early history of the family we are indebted to the late Prof. Edmund J. James, of the University of Chicago, and the late Oliver L. Cozad of Marion, Ohio, they having traveled through the east and having access to public documents, church records, cemeteries, etc., in New York, Brooklyn and New Jersey, and spent much time in looking up the early history of the family. Mr. James was a great-great grandson of Anthony and Catherine Coon-Cosad, through Thomas, Anthony Wayne and Amanda Kezia, wife of the Rev. C.D. James, of the Illinois conference.

New Jersey was first settled largely by Puritans, Quakers and Scotch Presbyterians. David and Anthony Cossart (sons of the immigrant Jacques 3) were among the early settlers on the banks of the Raritan. The family later scattered through other portions of the state. Morris County was formed from a portion of Hunterdon in 1738. The town of Mendham was called Roxiticus prior to 1749.

Morris Township, Washington, County, Pa., or that portion lying along the banks of the middle branch of “Ten Mile Creek” in the vicinity of the village of Prosperity, was first settled by the Lindleys, Baldwins, Parkhursts and other Morris County, N.J. families about 1785—90. They
were joined in 1796 by other Morris County families, among the number being the COZADS, Casterlines, Rays, Owens', Axtels, Mintons, Days and others. The town was so named on account of the many Morris Co., N.J. families who first settled it.

“October 1717 - Anthony Cozar was a witness to the Will of Edward Doty of Piscataway Township, Middlesex County, N.J.“
(Reference: New Jersey Archives · Abstract of Wills 1670—1730, Series 1, page 141).

THE JUSTICE PAPERS:

“Anthony Cossart, bapt. November 19, 1673; married lst August 2, 1696 Elizabeth Valentine of Schenectady, N.Y.; married second Judith (?). His nephew 13 · Raphael Goelet, mentions his uncle Anthony Cossart’s family as living at Raritan, N.J. He had four children by his first wife.

It is believed that Anthony Cossart lived in the vicinity of Somerville, Somerset County, N.J., and that he is buried somewhere in that vicinity.

CHILDREN:

1.2.7.1 600 i. Lea Cossart, baptised in Brook1yn, N.Y., June 4, 1697.
1.2.7.3 602 iii. John Cossart, baptised November 11, 1711; died 1757.
1.2.7.4 603 iv. Anthony J. Cossart, baptised at Raritan, N.J., August, 1712. Married twice. married Wilhelmina or Willemtie Hendrickson. He had issue by Judith:
1.2.7.5 604 v. Elizabeth Cossart, baptised April 15, 1723.
1.2.7.6 605 vi. David Cossart, baptised August 1, 1725.

(Reference: Justice Collection in possession of The Genealogical Society of Pennsylvania, 1300 Locust Street, Philadelphia, Pa.).

1.2.7.2  601 JACOB COSART:

(Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Jacob Cosart (601) was born in Brooklyn, N.Y., on October 16, 1701 and died sometime between April 1-19, 1772 and is buried in the old Presbyterian Cemetery on East Street near East Main Street in Bound Brook, N.J.

His will was dated February 4, 1772, and was proved May 2, 1772 and is on file at Trenton, N.J.

In this will he mentions his wife Annah, his sons Jacob Jr., Samuel and Job and Anthony.

It is evident that the Jacob Cosart lying in the Bound Brook graveyard is the one who made the will which is on file at Trenton. Jacob lived at Bound Brook and later at Beardstown, Somerset Co., N.J. His grave is located not far from the church which burned in 1881. The headstone is broken in three places. It was a fine red sandstone slab, evidently imported from England, and by placing it together an inscription may still be read.

The old burying ground on the hill at Bound Brook is the resting place of many of the early dead. The oldest stone on which an inscription is legible is that of Sarah McCoy, who died in 1744. The compiler has visited this graveyard and found it in an excellent condition. As there are thirty some odd Revolutionary soldiers buried here the D.A.R's keep the grounds in good shape. Jacob married Annah Cox about 1723 daughter of Philip (4) Cox and his first wife Hannah Trembley. She is mentioned in his will.

THE WILL OF JACOB COSART:

“1772, February 4, COSART, Jacob, of Bridgewater, Somerset County; Will of.

Orders a headstone.

Wife, Annah, the interest of money my land will bring.

Son, Jacob, 5 shillings as a birthright, and then an equal share with my other sons, Samuel, Job and Anthony.

Daughter, Annah wife at present to Onisimus alias Simeon Bell, £ 20.
Daughter, Mary Sutton, widow, £ 20.
Grandson, Abraham Lewis £ 10.

Signed by his Mark, X

Executors: Sons, Samuel Consort and Anthony Consort and friend Thomas Terril Esq.

Witnesses: Thomas Coon, Philip Wineans, Edward Terrell.

Proved May 2, 1772.

“1772, April 22 - Inventory £ 282.12.1, made by Robert Dennes, Abraham Van Tuyl and Anthony Cosart.”

(Reference: Record of Wills, K 423 Trenton, N.J., Also New Jersey Archives, Volume 34, 1st series, page 110).

THE LOUIS ROBERT HAMILL PAPERS.
Apartado 107
Matanzas, Cuba.

April 10th 1934,
Mr. J.A. Cossairt, C.P.C., U.S.N.,
c/o Bureau of Navigation,
Washington, D.C.

My dear Kinsman:
Received yours of March 24th. Will be pleased to exchange family history with you and cooperate with you in the Cozad Genealogy. While I have some family history would like much more.

I am a descendant of Jacques Cosart (3) in the 8th generation which I have compiled on another paper. The records that I have state that he was born in Rouen, France, fled to Frankenthal, Germany, then to Leyden Holland, where he married in the French Huguenot Church, Lydia Williams; then in 1662 they came to New Haven, Conn., in 1663 to Harlem, New York. He is listed in Rykers Harlem and at some time lived in Brooklyn. I am not sure but would deduct that he owned land over on Staten Island. I cannot find, his grave, think he was buried in the Old First Dutch Reformed Church Cemetery in Brooklyn and this cemetery was sold to the City and public buildings were erected on its site.

You have found more ways of spelling the family name than I ever knew of, in fact I only know of 16 variations.

Of the children of Jacob (601) I have a record of two only, Francis Casart (Cosart) who is mentioned in the Cox Family papers as a prominent surveyor in New Jersey, also listed as taxpayer in “Ye First Settlers of Piscataway and Woodbridge Olde East New Jersey”.

Anthony Cozar-Cosar-Cosart (9), my great 5 grandfather born in Brooklyn, November 19, 1673, married July 17, 1696 Elizabeth Valentine; they lived in Brooklyn, and at Somerville, N.J. I have no record of his death, and of only one child. Jacob Cosart (601) my 4 great-grandfather, born in Brooklyn October 16, 1701, died April 19, 1772. He is buried in the cemetery (Presbyterian) at Bound Brook, N. J. Am
Anthony Cossart, Son of Jacques II the immigrant

enclosing a picture of his gravestone. Jacob’s son Anthony Cosad (609) is also buried in the Presbyterian graveyard at Bound Brook.

Jacob Cosart (601), his wife was Hannah Cox, a daughter of Philip Cox, born January 17, 1677 who married September 24, 1698 to Hannah Trembly. She was born June 7, 1679 a daughter of John and Mary (Noe) Trembly. (Page 205, The Cox Family in America).

The will of Jacob Cosart (601) is of record at Trenton, N.J. It was probated May 2, 1772 at Bridgewater, Somerset County, N.J. He mentions his wife Annah. Sons — Jacob (606); Job (608); Anthony (609); daughters - Anna (610) ;who married Sutton; Leah (613) who married Riggs.

As far as I can find out, Job (606) born 1724, died 1812 and his brother Job (608) (married Hannah Winans), spelled the surname COZAD, and were the first to do so, and now all of their descendants spell it that way.

Anthony (609), born (?), died 1790 the youngest, who is buried with his wife Catherine Cox in the same cemetery with his father at Bound Brook spell the name CASAD. All of Anthony’s (609) descendants spell the name Casad—Cosard—or Cosart.

Our kinsman Mr. Charles W. Cox, 1701 Spencer Street, et Little Rock, Ark. is a 2 Great-grandson of Anthony (609), through Rev. Thomas Cosard who’s daughter Lydia (761) married Isaac Cox and they were his grandparents.

Rev. Jacob Cozad (606), born 1724, died 1812 buried in the Mt. Olive Cemetery, Morris County, N.J.; married Elizabeth Sutton, daughter of Rev. David Sutton born at Piscataway, July 31 1703 and Sarah Trembly born 1715. As far as I can ascertain they had only two children, Rev. Jacob Cozad (625) born February 10, 1754, died August 22, 1827 and Mary (626) Cutler nee Coon nee Cozad (my 2 Great—grandmother) born May 7, 1756 died June 14, 1811. Both are buried in the old Cozad farm cemetery between Fairfield and Osborn, Ohio.

An excellent book that has much Cozad and other genealogy is Border Settlers of Northwestern Virginia., Chapter XXXI is on the Cozads and in the back of the book is a copy of the family Bible of Charity Hintzman nee Coon a daughter of Mary Cutler nee Coon nee Cozad (626) by her first husband John Coon. I bought a copy from Goodspeeds.

On page 538 Cutler Memorial. The Benjamin Cutler listed here is my 2 Great-grandfather and the Mrs. Coon that he married was Mary Coon nee Cozad (626).

The Cox Family papers are of great use to the descendants of Jacob Cosart (601), born 1701 died 1772 who married Annah Cox a daughter of Philip Cox born in England January 17, 1677, died September 1785 and his first wife Hannah Trembley born June 7, 1679. See page 205 "Cox Family in America.”

Also the descendants of his son Rev. Jacob Cozad (606), 1724-1812 by his first wife Elizabeth Sutton a daughter of David Sutton born at Piscataway July 31, 1703. See page 241, Part II, First Settlers of Ye Plantation of Piscataway and Woodbridge Olde East New Jersey.
The Suttons and Cozads were very much intermarried. Mr. John H. Cozad Box 121; San Rafael, California, a descendant of Jacob Cozad (606) is very much interested in the Cozad genealogy. He corresponds with some of the descendants of Job (608), brother of Jacob Cozad (606).

Am enclosing a picture of the grave stone of my 4 Great grandfather Jacob Cosart (601) in the Presbyterian Cemetery at Bound Brook, N.J. His son Anthony (609) born (?), died 1790 and wife Catherine Coon are buried close by.

Mrs. Lillie P. Young, 77 South Kanawa Street, Buckhannon, West Virginia is a 2 Great granddaughter of Rev. Jacob Cozad (625), through his son Jacob Cozad (671) who was captured by the Indians in 1794 near Olarksburg, West Virginia. Rev. Jacob Cozad (625), a Baptist Minister is mentioned in the Baptist History of Virginia.

I served 23 years, 4 months and 11 days in the United States Army. Retired February 28, 1921 as 1st Lieutenant, Act of May 7, 1932.

Louis R. Hamill, born December 26, 1879 at Newton, Kansas,

son of Robert McHamill, born in Enon Valley, Pa., Nov. 30, 1849 died at Wichita, Kan., April 11, 1898. Married January 16, 1879 to Ruby E. Johnson, born at Osceola, Iowa, January 6, 1861, died August 5, 1885,

grandson of Benjamin Cutler Johnson born September 28, 1816 Washington, Ind., died at Newton Kan., April 1896, married at Spencer, Owen, County, Ind., October 28, 1837, and Ellen Susan Barrackman (Bergman) born May 20, 1820, two miles East of Uniontown, Pennsylvania, died February 3, 1894.

Great Grandson of David Johnson, born May 5, 1782, Harrison County, W. Va., died Own County, Ind., 6/17/1856, married at Clarksburg, W. Va., 1/29/1799, and Martha Cutler born in Mohawk Valley, N.Y., 12/25/1782, died August 1, 1823.

2 Great Grandson of Benjamin Cutler died at Washington in 1814 and Mary Coon nee Cozad (626) born in Somerset County, N.J. m. 5/7/1756 died at Fairfield, Ohio.

3 Great Grandson of Jacob Cozad (606) born 1724, died 1812 of Somerset Co., N.J. who married Elizabeth Sutton (Page 206, Cox Family Papers).

4 Great grandson of Jacob Cozart (601) born in Brooklyn October 16, 1701, died April 19, 1772 who married Annah Cox.

5 Great-grandson of Anthony Cozart (9), born November 19, 1673 in Brooklyn, married July 17, 1696 Elizabeth Valentine.

6 Great-grandson of the immigrants Jacques Cossart (3) and Lydia Williams.

I would deduct that after the Indian raid Jacob Cozad (606) , with his family including children and grand children moved back to Somerset County, New Jersey. The Revolutionary War came along and John Coon Sr. was killed. His widow then married Benjamin Cutler about 1775 and lived near the mouth of the Mohawk River in N.Y. The Benjamin Cutler in the Census of N.Y. 1790, living in Westfield Town,
Anthony Cossart, Son of Jacques II the immigrant

Washington County, must have been the same Benjamin Cutler mentioned above. He is listed on page 538 in Cutler Memorial. On account of the Indian hostility Benjamin Cutler and family moved to the New Jersey settlement in Harrison County, W. V. where Jacob Cozad (625), a brother of Mary Cutler (626) was already a settler. Benjamin Cutler bought September 19, 1793, 118 acres of land on Buck Run, a left fork of Simpson Creek, in Harrison County, W. Va., 50 I would deduct that he and his family came to W.V. in that year. Just when and where Benjamin Cutler was born I do not know. He was from Providence, Rhode Island. He died at Washington Ohio, in 1814..

( ) Louis Robert Hamill, great-great-great grandson of Jacob Cozad (606), was born December 26, 1879 at Newton, Harvey County, Kansas, Resides at Apartado 107, Matanzas, Cuba, and is the field Superintendent for the Texas Oil Company in Cuba. Married November 14, 1901 to Enriqueta Elvira Bofill y Vicido who was born June 23, 1880. She was the daughter of Enrique Bofill y Oliver and Elvira Viciedo y Reyes.

CHILDREN:

i. Louis Henry Hamill, born August 19, 1902, Matanzas, Cuba.
ii. Moses Lino Hamill, born September 23, 1906, Matanzas, Cuba.
iii. Blanca Herminia Hamill, born May 20, 1908, Matanzas, Cuba.
iv. Enriqueta Susana Hamill, born November 2, 1910 Matanzas, Cuba.
v. Benjamin Robert Hamill, born April 17, 1913, 618 92nd Street, Brooklyn, NY.

(Memo by publisher: Handwritten in margin was: “m. At Brooklyn Apr. 18, 1937. Res. 9713 5th Ave., Brooklyn”).

Louis Robert Hamill, Apartado Num 107, Matanzas, Cuba, October 15th, 1935.


My Dear Kinsman:
Received both your letters, September 15th and October 3rd, am very thankful for the data. However, there are some errors and omissions. Let me suggest that you buy a copy of “Border Settlers of North Western Virginia”. I bought one from Goodspeed’s Book Shop, No. 7 Ashburton Place, Boston, Mass., it has much of our genealogy in it and Chapter 31 is on the Cozads.

Yes, some 10 years I tried to get in communication with the late Dr. James Cozad of Reynolds, Ill., but my letter was returned. I think I sent you some of his history that Mrs. Lillie Young, 77 South Kanawah Street, Buckhannon, W. Va., sent me.

No, none of our Jacob Cozad’s ever went out to Ft. Madison, Iowa, as I have their records as follows:

(625) Jacob Cozad IV, b. February 10, 1754 d. August 22, 1827, he is buried in the old Cozad farm between the towns of Osborn and Fairfield, Ohio. His son Jacob Cozad V (671), the Indian captive, b. 1773 d. 1862, went to Ohio but returned to West Virginia, in 1808 where he died in his
89th year and is buried in the Morrison Cemetery in Lewis County.

This lady of Ft. Madison was without doubt a grand daughter of Jacob Cutler b. June 17, 1778 d. March 24, 1865. He and Isaac Johnson, both my Great-great uncles settled there in 1836. If you have the addresses of any Cutlers in Ft. Madison, please send them to me.

If you find anything about the Cutlers, Suttons, be sure and send it to me. Perhaps in some of John C. Cox's letters something will be found.

We are all well. Had luck this year one storm passed just to the north of us and the other to the east, but we had some very strong winds.

Our plant (Texas Oil Co.) at Cienfuegos was destroyed, also in the Florida Keys, very many of our old. friends were lost: one family all five were drowned.

Would be pleased to hear from you at any time.

Your kinsman,
/s/ Louis R. Hamill.

CHILDREN:

1.2.7.2.1 606 i. Jacob Cossart Jr., b.1724, d.January 26, 1812, aged 88, buried at Mt. Olive, Morris Co. N.J.
1.2.7.2.2 607 ii. Samuel Cozad (Crozatt?), born 1725, died 1811.
1.2.7.2.3 608 iii. Job Cozad (Crozatt?), born 1727-8; died 1815. married Lydia Coon
1.2.7.2.4 609 iv. Anthony Cozad (or Cozart / Crozatt), b.?; d. Millstone, N.J.1790, m.Caty Coon
1.2.7.2.5 610 v. Anna Cosad, married Onisimus alias Simeon Bell.
1.2.7.2.6 611. vi. Mary Cosad, married Nathan Sutton.
1.2.7.2.7 612 vii. Elizabeth Cosad, b. 4/4/1725. m.4/12/1743, Eliphalet Lewis, Mt. Freedom, N.J.
1.2.7.2.8 613 viii. Leah Cossart or Cosad b. July 8, 1743; d. February 27,1827. m.Joseph Riggs.

NOTE: SEE (781) LYDIA CASAD FOR Crozatt lineage

1.2.7.2.1 606 JACOB COSSART: Cozad.

Rev. Jacob Cossart, born 1724; died January 26, 1812 at Mt. Olive, N.J. at the age of 88 years and is buried in Mt. Olive Cemetery at that place. Jacob and his brother Job were the first of the family to use the surname COZAD and all of their descendants now spell the name that way. Jacob married 1st time to Elizabeth Sutton who is buried at the same place with her husband. She was the daughter of David Sutton born at Piscataway July 31, 1703 and died December 1775 and Sarah Trembly born in 1715.

It is claimed that Jacob Cozad and Elizabeth Sutton were descendants of Henry IV of France, Charles I of England, William the Silent of Holland, Lord Berkley, Sir Philip Casteret, Sir Helier De Casteret and Peter Stuyvesant. Refer to Louis Robert Hamil Papers in addenda herein. Jacob was a Baptist minister and removed to West Virginia where he preempted 1,000 acres of land on the Cheat River in 1770. Owing to Indian hostilities he and his family were compelled to leave here. He removed to Mt. Olive N.J. where he died.

Jacob married a second time to Elizabeth Tingley, born 1724; died March 12, 1842.
CHILDREN:
1.2.7.2.1.1 625  i. Jacob Cozad, born February 10, 1754; died August 22, 1827, and is buried in the Cozad Cemetery at Fairfield, Ohio.
1.2.7.2.1.2 626  ii. Mary Cozad, born May 7, 1756, died June 14, 1811; married first time John Coon; married second time to Benjamin Cutler. She is buried in Cozad Cemetery at Fairfield, Ohio.
1.2.7.2.1.3 627  iii. Eunice Cozad, born 1758; married Lawrence Tingley.
1.2.7.2.1.4 628  iv. “Deacon” Samuel Cozad, born July 26, 1760; died at Mt. Olive, Morris County, N.J. March 7, 1841. Married first time March 14, 1782 Lydia Coon born in 1763; died October 1, 1813, the daughter of Thomas Coon. Samuel married second time April 26, 1814 to Lucretia A. Boss, born October 30, 1783; died April 29, 1840. He married a third time September 4, 1840 to Elizabeth Aber. No children.

CHILDREN by second wife:
1.2.7.2.1.5 629  v. Lea Cozad, baptised August 24, 1743.
1.2.7.2.1.6 630  vi. Nancy Cozad, born ..., (?) died at Mt. Olive, Morris County, N.J. Married John Wolf of Mt. Olive and they had issue — George, Jacob, Augustus, Christopher, Elizabeth and Lydia.

1.2.7.2.1.1 625  JACOB COZAD:

(Jacob 606; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

“Jacob Cozad was born 1754/5, and died on August 22, 1827. His father was the fourth in line from the Cossart immigrant: came from New Jersey and settled on Cheat River, W. Virginia, just before the revolution. While yet in his teens he was married to Mercy Woodward. They at a later date settled on Harkers Creek about one mile below Berlin where Lewis Morrison now resides. A hewed log cabin was recently removed which he built. A large pear tree planted by Jacob measured 60 feet from branch to branch, three feet in diameter eight feet from the ground. It is still vigorous and bears fruit.”

Jacob was a Baptist minister, one of the early pastors of the Baptist church at Buckhannon in 1766. He removed to Fairfield, Ohio, and was minister there. He died August 22, 1827 aged 72 years. His wife died in 1835 aged 80 years and both are buried on the old Casad farm at Fairfield. (Bath, Green Co., Ohio).

Mercy was the daughter of William Woodward and Esther Buckman. See addenda for further record.

CHILDREN:
1.2.7.2.1.1.1 670  i. William Cozad. Was executor of his father’s will. M. 1st Maria Bailey; m. 2nd Charlotte Curtis.
1.2.7.2.1.1.2 671  ii. Jacob Cozad, born 1773, died 1862, aged 89 years. M. 1st Sarah Taylor; m. 2nd Rubia Beeman. Went to Ohio but returned to West Virginia in 1808. He died in his 89th year and is buried in the Morrison Cemetery in Lewis County, West Virginia.
1.2.7.2.1.1.3 672  iii. Benjamin Cozad. Killed by Indians when 6 years old.
1.2.7.2.1.1.4 673  iv. John Cozad, who married Mary E. Haney, (or, Elizabeth Haney); m. 1st to Sara Powers.
1.2.7.2.1.1.5 674  v. David Cozad.
1.2.7.2.1.1.6 675  vi. Mary Cozad. Married Moses Hall, ?? December 28, 1812, Fairfield, Ohio. Their daughter Mercy Hall married her cousin Woodward Cozad.
1.2.7.2.1.1.7 676  vii. Mercy Cozad, born 1800, living in 1891 at Piqua, Ohio. Married first time to Samuel Williamson; married second time to John Hawthorn.
1.2.7.2.1.1.8 677  viii. Elizabeth Cozad; married John Jackson as his second wife.
1.2.7.2.1.1.9 678  ix. Samuel Cozad, m. Mary Mercer, only daughter of Jonathan Mercer and Sophia Ogg.
William Cozad, son of Jacob (625) and Mercy Woodward Cozad, born February 26, 1781 in Virginia and married Mary Bailey of Virginia January 9, 1807, who was born January 13, 1790 and died December 2, 1833 at Fairfield, Ohio. Their children were:

**CHILDREN**

1. Woodward Cozad. married his first cousin, Mercy Hall, March 31, 1836.
2. Bailey Cozad.
3. John G. Cozad. married his step-sister Rhoda Jane Cozad, November 2, 1841
7. Mary Cozad married her 1st cousin June 18, 1837, Moses Hall. ?? She was born October 6, 1820, died February 9, 1890. Their children were:

**CHILDREN**

- (a) John G. Hall, m. Mary Shearer Green Co., Ohio.
- (b) Mariah Hall, m. Isreal Dear, Green Co., Ohio.
- (c) Eliza Hall m. Dr. Thomas Cook, Green Co., Ohio.
- (d) Mary Elizabeth Hall, m. Benj. H. Miller, 1862.
- (e) George W. Hall, m. Almeda Mullen, 1873.
- (f) Moses L. Hall, m. Mary C. Ropp, Clark Co., Ohio.
8. Rhoda Cozad.

12.7.2.1.1.2 671  JACOB COZAD JR:

(Jacob 625; Jacob 606; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques; Jacques 1).

Jacob Cozad married Sarah Taylor. He first built a log cabin and then a frame house. The latter is still standing. He removed from West Virginia to Fairfield, Ohio, in 1807-8. Later returned to Hacker's Creek and died there in 1862, aged 89 years. He is buried in the Morris Cemetery at Berlin, West Virginia.

Jacob married a second wife, Ruby Beeman and they had four children: he married a third wife, a Miss Skidmore. Jacob was a “Hard Shell Baptist Minister”, preaching in Buckhannon. He was also a sweet and herb doctor and obtained his learning from the Indians. He owned slaves and freed them before his death; willing them £ 100 each when they became of age. He resided at Monongalia County, W. Va.

On July 26, 1794 four of the Cozad brothers, i.e., William, 670; Bennie 672; David 674 and the subject of our sketch were swimming in a creek, shouting and laughing as children do. Some Indians came upon and captured them. Jacob thinking it a neighbor boy, dived and said “you can't get me”, but when he came up he was taken prisoner by the Indians. When first taken the Indians asked how many people were at the house and the boys said, twelve, and the Indians replied “too many mans” and marched the children on without going to the house to investigate. However, they were concealing the fact that only their parents were in the house. There were only four Indians in the party, one a squaw. As they walked along, Benny cried and could not be hushed so an Indian seized him by the heels and dashed his brains out against the roots of a beech tree. He was only six years old and had cried piteously for his mother. An Indian took his scalp and the party went on toward the top of the ridge. When they reached the top of the ridge, Jacob gave a long drawn whoop and was knocked senseless by a blow from a gun barrel in the hands of an Indian. When he became conscious he was being dragged by the foot through the trail by the squaw. They camped that night on west fork, near where Edward Jackson’s mill was later built and where stonewall Jackson was born. Here one of the Indians sold Benny’s scalp. The children were kept until the following year. They were treated well except when the Indians had whisky. Jacob cared for the children and when he was an old man he used to sing Indian songs that he sang when a boy. An Indian child was threatened by a rattle snake which Jacob killed. The Indians held the snake in reverence and would not kill it. The mother of the child was always kind to Jacob after that incident and he was treated more like the Indian children. He was well schooled in the hardships, head shaved and went almost naked in the winter and was given the
Anthony Cossart, Son of Jacques II the immigrant

entrails of the turkey to eat. In 1794 after Wayne's Army defeated the Indians, Jacob was to be burned at the stake. Preparations were being made and he was allowed to go among the natives to bid certain of his friends farewell. While doing this an Indian woman whispered instructions to him and hid him under her blanket. They searched for him everywhere and came close to the blanket under which he lay. He was scared for fear they would hear his heart beating. Two Indians afterwards took him to Old Delaware town until the treaty of Greenville was made. He had been adopted by a chief. He stayed with his captors until he was found by an older brother at Sandusky and brought home. Benny's body was found soon after his death near the beech tree. It was buried in the Morrison Cemetery on the old Cozad farm. There is a block of stone marking the spot with these words: “Benny Cozad, killed by the Indians July 26, 1794.”

The children of Jacob and Sarah Taylor were as follows:

CHILDREN: (By 1st wife)
1.2.7.2.1.1.2.1 811 i. Woodward Cozad, married.
1.2.7.2.1.1.2.2 812 ii. Jacob Cozad Jr. married.
1.2.7.2.1.1.2.3 813 iii. Samuel Cozad, died young.
1.2.7.2.1.1.2.4 814 iv. David Cozad, died young.
1.2.7.2.1.1.2.5 815 v. Mercy Cozad, married.
1.2.7.2.1.1.2.6 816 vi. Jackson Cozad, married.

CHILDREN: (By 2nd wife)
1.2.7.2.1.1.2.7 817 vii. Elijah Cozad.
1.2.7.2.1.1.2.8 818 viii. Frank Cozad.
1.2.7.2.1.1.2.9 819 ix. Clerinda Cozad; married George Lawson, son of G.C.
1.2.7.2.1.1.2.10 820 x. Elizabeth Cozad; married John A. Maxon Jr.

1.2.7.2.1.1.2.2 812 JACOB W. COZAD JR:

(Jacob 671; Jacob 625; Jacob 606; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Jacob Woodward Cozad, son of Jacob and Sarah (Taylor) Cosad (671), was born in 1810 or 1811, died in 1845. Was a Republican in politics. Married 2nd time 1832 to Bedee Beaman (1st wife was Rhode Beaman). Bedee Beamari was born in 1816, died 1900 at Wheeling, W. Va., the daughter of Elijah Beaman, b. 1781 d. 1823, and Claudia Ulix, married 1800.

CHILDREN: (1st wife)
() Cecilia Cozad (Rhoda Cozad.)

CHILDREN:
() John Lincoln, b. November 19, 1861: Buckhannon.
() Jacob Grant b. February 18, 1865: Buckhannon, W. Va.
() Jacob Grant, died March 5, 1866,
() Lillie Pifer Young, daughter of Cecilia Cozad above, Lives at Buckhannon, W. Va. Born March 12, 1869 at same place as she now resides (1935). Married July 11, 1893 at Buckhannon, Upshur County, W. Va., to Ulysses Grant Young and they had four children.

CHILDREN: (2nd wife)
() Clava Cozad
() David L. Cozad
() Frank M. Cozad
() George W. Cozad
() Felix Sutton Cozad

1.2.7.2.1.1.4 673 JOHN COZAD:

(Jacob 625; Jacob 606; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).
John Cozad married Mary E. Haney and lived in New Jersey, and later removed to Fairfield, Ohio, from West Virginia.

CHILD:
1.2.7.2.1.4.1 821 i. Ella C. Cozad, married a Mr. Pederson and resided at Fairfax, Calif. (See Addenda.)

1.2.7.2.1.9 678 SAMUEL COZAD:
(Jacob 625; Jacob 606; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Samuel Cozad, son of Jacob and Mary (Woodward) Cozad, was born October 7, 1785 and was married January 25, 1806 to Mary Mercer, only daughter of Jonathan Mercer and Sophia Ogg. Married 2nd wife, Ruhanna Redmond.

CHILDREN (Mary, 1st wife):
(   ) i. Rachel Cozad, b. May 8, 1807, d. 1873, m. Isaac Summers, had –
CHILDREN:
(   ) a. Simeon
(   ) b. Mary
(   ) c. Jonathan
(   ) d. Stephen

(   ) ii. Jonathan Mercer Cozad, b. May 25, 1809, d. October, 1860, married Evelene Yunt and they had
CHILDREN:
(   ) a. Marion
(   ) b. Mary
(   ) c. Sally
(   ) d. Piety
(   ) e. Thomas Jefferson Gorham Cozad, b. 7/25/1838 (see below for wife’s affidavit and list of children)
(   ) f. Josephine
(   ) g. Texas
(   ) h. Louis. Cozad, b. March 7, 1852

(   ) iii. Sophie Cozad, b. July 6, 1811, daughter of Samuel and Mary Mercer Cozad, married Jonathan Wayne, Galena, IL.
CHILDREN:
(   ) a. Mary Wayne
(   ) b. Isaac Wayne
(   ) c. Samuel Wayne
(   ) d. Mercy Wayne.

(   ) iv. Jacob Cozad, b. July 10, 1815, d. 1823

(   ) v. Mercy Cozad, b. May 24, 1818, daughter of Samuel and Mary Mercer Cozad, married 1st Jacob Yunt, married 2nd to Albert Austin.
CHILDREN (1st spouse):
(   ) a. Elizabeth Yunt
(   ) b. Nicholas Yunt
(   ) c. Emily Yunt
(   ) d. Benjamin Yunt
(   ) e. Sophia Yunt
(   ) f. Jonathan Yunt

CHILD (2nd spouse):
(   ) g. Jerry Austin

(   ) vi. Mary Cozad, b. Nov 12, 1813, daughter of Samuel and Mary Mercer Cozad, married
Anthony Cossart, Son of Jacques II the immigrant

Oliver Jones. She died 2/1/1844
CHILDREN
(  ) a. Nancy Jones
(  ) b. Sophia Jones
(  ) c. Mary Ann Jones.

vii. Martha Cozad, b. July 11,1820, daughter of Samuel and Mary Mercer Cozad,
Married John Lancaster. She died December 18, 1882
CHILDREN
(  ) a. Mary Lancaster
(  ) b. Malilda Lancaster
(  ) c. Rachel Lancaster
(  ) d. Francis Lancaster

viii. Samuel Cozad, b. July 21,1822, died 1828
(  ) ix. Benjamin Cozad, b. March 29, 1824, son of Samuel and Mary Mercer Cozad,
moved Aryaletta Sumpter. Married 2nd wife, Sarah J. Rohrbaugh. He died Jan 9, 1904
CHILDREN (Aryaletta, 1st wife):
(  ) a. Julia Cozad
(  ) b. Willie Cozad
(  ) c. Nancy Cozad
(  ) d. Emily Cozad
(  ) e. Johnathan Cozad
(  ) f. Franklin Cozad
CHILDREN (Sarah, 2nd wife):
(  ) g. Josephine Cozad
(  ) h. John Cozad
(  ) i. Sylvester Cozad
(  ) j. Anna Cozad
(  ) k. Aryaletta Cozad
(  ) l. Benjamin Cozad
(  ) m. Minnie Cozad
(  ) n. Thomas Cozad
(  ) o. Dora Cozad
(  ) p. Samuel Cozad
(  ) q. Carman Cozad
(  ) r. Mary Cozad
(  ) s. James Cozad
(  ) t. Clyde Cozad
(  ) u. Clarence Cozad
(  ) v. Hartley Cozad
(  ) w. Edna Cozad
(  ) x. Roy Cozad
(  ) y. Martin Cozad.

x. Rhoda Cozad. b. Feb 29,1826, died 1828

CHILDREN (Ruhanna, 2nd wife)
(  ) xi. Elizabeth Cozad married a Mr. Williams.
(  ) xii. Samuel W. Cozad Jr., born 1832
John (Jonathan) S. Cozad born September 10, 1836, died November 2, 1866, married Martha E. Green, born May 22, 1839, now living at the age of 93 years at the home of her niece Mrs. Nettie Barr, Box #6, Isabel, Illinois. Jonathan and Martha had one daughter, Emily Florence, born July 22, 1862, died March 22, 1929. Married August 28, 1881 to John M. Whitehead of Chrisman, Illinois; they had no children.

Martin Van Buren Cozad married Eliza Hanby. They had no children.

Andrew Jackson Cozad

Seven of the first children raised families, viz.: Rachel, Johnathan, Sophia, Mercy, Mary, Martha and Benjamin. All the others died while small. Benjamin is the only one living (1891) of the first wife's children. He lived at Buffalo, Missouri. Samuel Cozad's children by his 2nd wife all raised families.

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Samuel Cozad (678) of Burbon County, Ky., came to Kentucky from Ohio and married Ruhemma Redmond at Shelbyville, Shelby Co., Kentucky. Ruhemma was Samuel's second wife, they had the following children:

- i. Samuel Cozad.
- Samuel W. Cozad, son of Samuel (678) and Ruhemma was born in 1832, died in 1909: married Susan Mildred Gritten who was born 1843 and died December 18, 1916. She had been blind many years before her death which occurred about 1918. She was burned to death in their home north of Danville, Illinois.

Samuel W. Cozad, who for many years was familiarly known about the city of Danville, Illinois, during his lifetime as “Sassafras Sam”, earning most of his living by selling Sassafras bark and roots from door to door. The family lived at Tilton, Illinois, before they moved to a farm where both mother and son met tragic fates.

Susan Mildred Cozad was blind for years. A relative, Mrs. Nettie Barr, Box #6, Isabel, Illinois, remembers seeing her thread a needle by putting the thread and needle in her mouth and threading the needle with her tongue, she also says that Susan was a wonderful seamstress. She was a great smoker and it is supposed she fell asleep while smoking and that her pipe overturned and set fire to the house, the two sons were away at the time and said that she was smoking when they left the house. Another report or story is that they were reported to be a miserly family and that they had money in the house (according to Mrs. Barr) and that some one knowing this robbed and set fire to the house.

They had:

- c. Logan Cozad died at the age of 22 years.
- d. Mary Cozad died at the age of 16 years.
- e. Thomas Cozad died in infancy.

All buried south of Paris, Illinois, in a family cemetery on the Greene farm.
The following is a newspaper article appearing in a Danville paper:

"Newton E. Cozad aged recluse and bachelor, about 62 years old, was found tied and brutally murdered in his shack five miles north of Danville, Illinois, on March 2, 1933. Robbery was the motive for the murder. He is known to have resources of some kind and it was recalled by neighbors of the neighborhood that the man who had been killed raked a tin can containing several hundred dollars from the burning embers of the home in which his mother was burned to death. He is also known to have money to buy the things he needed, although he did not raise much produce. The only farming he did was to cultivate a patch of turnips. A mound near the shack was found to contain several bushels of these. He spent most of his time tramping through the river bottoms and hunting and fishing. He also attended sales in Danville and was familiarly known to many. The deceased had money in the bank amounting to several hundred dollars. Newton Cozad was known to be extremely devoted to his blind mother while she lived. Whether this love kept him living alone near the spot where his mother met a tragic end, or whether he chose this kind of life to others will probably never be known. There are one or two indications, however, that tend to prove that the murdered man remained at the place because of the love for the woman who bore him. One of these was the presence of an old arbor which was formerly attached to the Cozad family home. Another indication is a small two foot square bed of flowers near the shack where the son lived. All traces of the Cozad family home has been obliterated by time except the posts of the old arbor. They remain standing with the braces that were attached to the house sagging downward as though they, too, were tired of existence. It was believed by residents of the community near where the man lived that he chose to spend his life near where his mother died. Her fate was so violent, for she burned to death in the home which had been built for her and her sons by “Sassafras Sam” Cozad, the husband and the father. Newton is also known to have loved his father. The only picture found in his entire personal effects was that of his father, Samuel Cozad. This picture was sent to Newton by his brother, John Cozad, whose whereabouts is unknown. Fate did not deal kindly with this family at the place where they established their home. The fire which burned the mother to death also destroyed several hundred dollars in currency, and the son who chose to remain at the homesite was the victim of one of the most brutal murders in history in that section of the country."

The following article appeared in a Danville, Illinois, paper under date of September 5, 1933:

“Torture killer admits murder of aged recluse. Slaying of hermit in hut near Danville solved with confession of Henry Shelby of Tilton, Illinois, and two others. These men are also being held for the murder of Mrs. Mary Schrader, 82, during the robbery of a farm home near Newton.”

(  ) ii. Jonathan Cozad.
Jonathan Cozadd, son of Samuel (678), born September 10, 1836, died November 2, 1866, married Martha E. Green, born May 22, 1839, now living at the age of 93 years at the home of her niece Mrs. Nettie Barr, Box #6, Isabel, Illinois. Jonathan and Martha had one daughter, Emily Florence, born July 22, 1862, died March 22, 1929. Married August 28, 1881 to John M. Whitehead of Chrisman, Illinois; they had no children.
We had the pleasure of meeting Aunt Martha Cozad not so long ago, she is an invalid but a wonderful old lady. She told us that the family formerly spelled the name Cozad, and that one winter there was a school teacher who came from the East and told the boys that their name should be spelled “Cozadd”. Jonathan wanted to have the correct spelling (according to the teacher's version) so he adopted Cozadd. She also told us that about seven miles west of Shelbyville, Kentucky, stands an old stone house, built by her ancestors when they first came to Kentucky; it is now occupied by a cousin.

( ) iii. Van Buren Cozad.
( ) iv. Jackson Cozad.
( ) v. Elizabeth Cozad married a Mr. Williams

There were children by the first wife but we have found no record of them.

We are unable to trace this family back further, it seems that the father brought the two boys, Samuel and Jonathan to Paris, Illinois, when they were very young to live with their mother's sisters, the Redmans and the Greens, further back than this Aunt Martha did not remember.

Mr. Joseph A. Cossairt,
U.S.S. Lexington,
San Pedro, Calif.

Dear Cousin:

It has been some time since we have written to you, now that you are back home, will try to do better.

We thank you for the Coat of Arms. We have had drapery fixtures cast with the Coat of Arms in the center, making a nice fixture, also for the data sent from the East. We received a copy of the Costello plan of New Amsterdam in 1660. We have a photostatic copy of the land transaction of Jacques Cossart (3) as shown on this plan.

Should liked to have been with you on your explorations this summer, we have not been doing much research work for some time, although we did make a trip to Ohio a few weeks ago and connected Samuel Cozad's family ("Sassafras Sam"). If you remember we found his family by his second wife at Paris, Illinois. Am enclosing an affidavit by Sarah D. Howard-Cozad of Canyon City, Oregon, which will give you the connection.

I believe that you have Samuel’s family (678) by his second wife Rhuemma Redmon.

Since writing you Aunt Martha (Green) wife of Jonathan Cozadd (son of Samuel (678) and Rhuemma) has passed away as also has her daughter's husband, John Whitehead, July 4, 1933. Aunt Martha died June 29, 1933.

On this trip we stopped at Greenville, Darke County, Ohio, and could find no records of the
Anthony Cossart, Son of Jacques II the immigrant

Cossart family.

We stopped at Osborn and Fairfield, a cousin of mine had died and willed me my Grandmother's Bible and an old picture of my grandmother. The Bible is over a hundred years old and I am very proud of it. This cousin was Alice Helmer Young, daughter of Julia Ann Casad (1111). She was born August 25, 1849, died September 11, 1931, married Ransom Young April 11, 1872. He was born February 19, 1845, died March 8, 1899.

At Bellfontaine, Ohio, we found the following record of Anthony Casad (788), a son of Aaron Casad (650). He was the first Probate Judge of Logan County. His picture was presented to the County by his grand daughter and hangs in the court room at Bellfontaine. His will was probated July 4, 1862. His wife's will was probated July 7, 1891.

We visited the Casad graveyard at Osborn, Ohio. There are a number of Casads and Halls buried there, but it will not be long now unless someone makes necessary repairs and upkeep until it will be something of the past. My grandfather and family were removed from here to the Fairfield Cemetery. Jacob and Mercy Woodward Cozad (625) were buried here. We came across some additional data on that family.

JOHN H. COZAD, son of Joseph Cozad ( ) of Decatur, Illinois:

Texas College Confers Degree on Rev. John H. Cosad, June 12, 1932. Former Champaign, Illinois, Pastor honored when he goes to deliver Graduation address.

Rev. John H. Cosad, who was for four years pastor of the First Baptist Church of Champaign, and, for the last two years, pastor of the First Baptist Church at McKinney, Texas, was honored recently by Howard Payne College, Brownwood, when the College conferred the honorary degree of Doctor of Divinity upon him. Dr. Cosad was in Brownwood upon an invitation to deliver the baccalaureate and commencement addresses at the college, when the honor, which came as a complete surprise, came to him.

On June 12, the second anniversary of Dr. Cosad's pastoral of the McKinney Church will be observed. The year preceeding his coming to McKinney, he served as pastor at Mexia, Texas. North Texas Baptist last year elected him president of the North Texas Baptist Encampment, one of the largest regional encampments of the Southern Baptist denominations at present, he is serving as superintendent of missions in the Collins County Baptist Association.

I, Sara D. Howard-Cozad of Canyon City, County of Grant, State of Oregon, depose and say:

"That I am eighty-four (84) years of age, having been born in the state of Missouri on the 28th day of January 1844:

That I am the widow of Thomas Jefferson Gorham Cozad, a grandson of Samuel Cozad, and the identical person who married Mary Mercer, a daughter of Jonathan Mercer Sr., on January 25, 1806, and am familiar with the Mercer-Cozad family histories as follows, to wit:"
That I was personally acquainted with Jonathan Mercer Cozad, the father of my late husband, and have heard him and my late husband discuss and recite the history of the Mercer-Cozad families many times, have also learned much concerning same from family Bibles, and furthermore, read the genealogy of the Cozad family as compiled by Oliver L. Cozad of Marion, Ohio.

MERCER:

That Reverned Amos Mercer had three sons: Jonathan, born 1652; Moses, born 1654; Edward, born 1656, and one daughter named Jane.

Moses Mercer had a son named Jonathan Mercer, born 1676, who married Mary Elizabeth Bentley in 1708.

BENTLEY:

That Mary Elizabeth Bentley was a great grand daughter of Lord, Sir John Berkley and a lineal descendant of the Noes, (or Naus), the Coxes, the Trembleys, the Townleys and Bentleys.

Peter Noe married Elizabeth Cox and they had a daughter named Mary Noe who married John Trembley, but had no issue by him. After John Trembley died, Mary Noe-Trembly married John Bentley, Jr. son of John Bentley and Mary Townley. John Bentley Jr. and Mary Noe were the parents of Mary Elizabeth Bentley. Lord John Berkley bequeathed to Mary Elizabeth Bentley property in Maiden Head Township in New York province and in New York City, and she was also beneficiary under the wills of the Noes, the Coxes, the Trembleys, the Townleys, the Bentleys and others, to lands in New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Virginia and North Carolina. Mary Elizabeth Bentley married Jonathan Mercer in 1708 and was the mother of Gideon Mercer. She died in 1712.

MERCER - BENTLEY - HARPER

That Gideon D. Mercer, born 1709, was the only child of Jonathan Mercer and Mary Elizabeth Bentley, and the only one to share in the fortune of his mother. Gideon married Ann Harper in 1729, she died in 1739 and in 1740 he married Mary Harper, a sister of his first wife. Gideon D. Mercer died in 1765 and Mary Harper died in 1771.

Jonathan Mercer, son of Gideon D. Mercer was born in 1736 or 1741 and died at Fairfield, Green County, Ohio, in 1805. He married first one Sarah Davis but they separated and afterwards he married a half niece by the name of Tamson Babb.

Jonathan had six children: Mary, Robert, Moses, Aaron, Henry and Jonathan Jr.

Mary Mercer daughter of Jonathan Mercer Jr., above, married Samuel Cozad (678) on January 25, 1806.

MERCER - COZAD

That Samuel Cozad (678), the fourth son of Jacob and Mercy Woodward Cox Cozad (606) was born in what is now Lewis County West Virginia, October 7, 1785. About 1805 he came to Fairfield, Ohio, with his parents. As above stated he married Mary Mercer a daughter of Jonathan Mercer Jr., on January 25th 1806. They did not remain at the Fairfield, Ohio, settlement but a few years when they removed to Indiana. Then again about 1825 they pushed on
Anthony Cossart, Son of Jacques II the immigrant

further west and settled near Paris, Vermillion County, Illinois. That while making this journey from Indiana to Illinois in an old time covered wagon they met with an accident in which the wagon containing the mother and children was overturned, and as a result of this accident Mary Mercer Cozad (who was about to give birth to another child) received injuries from which she died after the child (Rhoda) was born. The child (a cripple) lived two years and also died:

That after the death of his wife Mary Mercer Cozad, Samuel Cozad (678) met and married Ruhemma Redmond at Paris, Illinois, and they some years later, settled about two miles east of Lewiston, Fulton County, Illinois, where Samuel died in 1842.

That Samuel and Mary Mercer Cozad had the following children:

( ) i. Rachel, born May 8, 1807, died 1873, Married Isaac Summers, Putnam County, Missouri.
( ) iii. Sophia, born July 6, 1811; married Jonathan Wayne, Galena, Illinois.
( ) iv. Mary, born 11/12/1813, died February 1, 1844; married Oliver Jones.
( ) v. Jacob, born July 10, 1815, died 1823.
( ) vi. Mercy, born May 24, 1818, married 1st Jacob Yunt; 2nd Aultman Austin.
( ) vii. Martha, born July 11, 1820, died 12/18/1828; married John Lancaster.
( ) viii. Samuel Jr., born July 21, 1822, died 1828.
( ) ix. Benjamin born March 29, 1824, died January 9, 1904; married 1st Anjaletta Sumpfer, 2nd Sarah J. Rohrbaugh.
( ) x. Rhoda, born February 29, 1826, died 1828.

That my father-in-law, Johnathan Mercer Cozad ( ) was born in Fairfield, Green County, Ohio, or possibly Indiana, on May 25, 1809. He married Evaline Yunt, resided in Illinois, California and Oregon, and died at Oakland, Douglas County, Oregon, in October 1860. Johnathan Mercer Cozad ( ) and Evaline (Yunt) Cozad had eight children:

( ) i. Marion Francis, now dead, resided in Douglas County, Oregon.
( ) ii. Mary died on the plains in 1853, single.
( ) iii. Sarah Frances, married Garrett Van Ripper, Klamath Falls, Oregon.
( ) v. Texas, died in childhood in Carthagem Hancock Co., Illinois.
( ) vi. Piety Grizard, married Payton Harris.
( ) vii. Josephine, married Dr. James William Howard. She died at San Jose, California in November 1923, and had seven children, all boys: John Mercer Howard; James William Howard; Harry H. Howard; Louis L. Howard; 3d Earl Howard; L. Dee Howard and Eugene Howard, all living.
( ) viii. Louis Kossuth Cozad, unmarried, born at Navau or Carthage, Illinois, 3/7/1852 and died at Portland, Oregon July 18, 1924. William Ferre, 549½ East Yamhill Street, Portland, Oregon, is the Administrator of his estate.

That my husband, Thomas Jefferson Gorham Cozad ( ), the 4th child, of Jonathan Mercer Cozad ( ) and Evaline Yunt Cozad was born in Randolph County, Missouri, July 25, 1838 and died at Canyon City, Oregon, September 29, 1909. He came across the plains in 1853 and settled in Oakland, Douglas County, Oregon, where we were married on December 18, 1862. In 1879 we moved to Canyon City, Oregon, where the family residence has been maintained ever since.
We had eleven children, one of whom died in infancy, the others are:

( ) i. Victor Gorham Cozad, born near Oakland, Douglas Co., Oregon, May 3, 1864. He is now residing at Burns, Harney County, Oregon.

( ) ii. Evaline Frances Cozad born near Oakland, Douglas County, Oregon, August 25, 1865. She married William Miller at Canyon City, Oregon, November 30, 1887, and died at Ontario, Malheur County, Oregon, March 1, 1898, leaving surviving her four children: Vincent Irving; Genevieve Edna; Lulu May; and Agnes Eva.

( ) iii. Louis Howard Cozad, born near Oakland, Oregon, April 3, 1867, he is married and resides at Canyon City, Oregon.

( ) iv. Benjamin Nicholas Cozad born near Oakland, Oregon, May 3, 1869 and died at Canyon City, Oregon, September 1, 1918. He was single.

( ) v. Garret Bradner Cozad, born near Oakland, Oregon, November 15, 1870. He is married and lives at Klamath Falls, Oregon.

( ) vi. Sarah D. Cozad., born near Oakland, Oregon, August 21, 1872. She married William Farre at Canyon City Oregon, October 24, 1895, and now resides at 459½ E. Yamhill Street, Portland, Oregon.

( ) vii. Josephine Laura Cozad., born near Oakland, Oregon, September 15, 1874, married to Charles J. McIntosh and resides at 327 South 9th Street, Corvalis, OR.

( ) viii. Mary Grace Cozad, born near Oakland, Oregon, September 2, 1878. She is single and resides at Canyon City, Oregon.

( ) ix. Lulu Maud Cozad, born at Canyon City, Oregon, March 7, 1880; married Perry F. Chandler and resides at 637 Hickory Street, Portland, Oregon.

( ) x. Charles Homer Cozad., born Canyon City, Oregon, September 7, 1884. Married and lives at Bannir Nrae Apartments, Hancock Street, Portland, Oregon.

That the four children surviving my daughter, Evaline Frances (Cozad) Miller ( ), are or were

( ) i. Vincent Irving Miller, born at Canyon City, Oregon, November 20, 1888. He is married and now resides at No. 439 West Ivy Street, Glendale, California.

( ) ii. Genevieve Edna Miller, born at Harney, Harney County, Oregon, May 15, 1890 and died at Baker, Oregon, April 7, 1899. Her father William Miller resides at Seaside, Ore

( ) iii. Lulu May Miller, born at Ontario, Oregon, November 24, 1894, she is single and resides at 637 Hickory Street, Portland, Oregon.

( ) iv. Agnes Eva Miller, born at Ontario, Oregon, December 15, 1896, married A. Boyd Williams and resides at 637 Hickory Street, Portland, Oregon.

/s/ SARAH D. HOWARD COZAD.

State of Oregon ( )ss
County of Grant("
Sarah D. Howard Cozad, being duly sworn, deposes and says:
That she is the affiant herein; and that she has read and knows the contents of the foregoing affidavit, and that the same is true to her own knowledge, except as to matters therein stated to be alleged upon information, and as to those matters she believes to be true.

/s/
Sworn and subscribed to before me this 1st day of January, 1928.
(SEAL)
/s/

******************************************************************************
Anthony Cossart, Son of Jacques II the immigrant

1.2.7.2.1.2 (626) MARY COZAD:

(Jacob 606; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Mary Cozad, daughter of Jacob III (606) and Elizabeth Sutton, was born May 7, 1756 and died June 14, 1811. She married 1st time to John Coon before the revolutionary war and by him had three children, namely, Charity Coon, John Coon taken captive by the Indians, and an infant that was killed by Indians. About 1775, Mary Coon married 2nd time to Benjamin Cutler, from Fairfield, Ohio. They lived in New York State east of the Hudson River and opposite the mouth of the Mohawk River. Left there for Harrison County, West Virginia in the spring of 1793. Benjamin Cutler died, in the year 1814 in Washington, C.H. Ohio. Mary is buried in the Cozad Cemetery at Fairfield, OH. See addenda.

Louis Robert Hamill deduced that the Indian raid where John Coon Jr. was taken captive and the baby killed was made on a 1000 acres of land that Jacob Cozad (606) preempted on the Cheat River, West Virginia, in 1770. The raid must have been made by the Shawnees as Florence M. Espy in a letter written in 1888, states that the descendants of John Coon were then living in the Indian Territory.

Louis Robert Hamill deduced that after the Indian raid Jacob Cozad (606), with his family including children and grand children moved back to Somerset County, New Jersey. (see Hamill Papers)

John Coon is said to have been killed in Revolutionary War Full account of family given in Louis Robert Hamill papers herein.

CHILDREN: (by 1st husband.)

1.2.7.2.1.2.1 679 i. Charity Coon, born about 1772, died March 13, 1872 (she was clubfooted) married September 16, 1794 at Clarksburg, W. Va., Henry Hinsman a veteran of the Revolutionary war. She was a widow in 1842 and moved with her youngest daughter Charity who married Stephen Starcher to Spencer, Roane Co., West Virginia. She is buried in a cemetery 12 miles from Spencer. (See picture of her headstone in album).

1.2.7.2.1.2.2 680 ii. John Coon taken captive by the Indians

1.2.7.2.1.2.3 681 iii. An infant that was killed by Indians.

CHILDREN: (By 2nd husband).

1.2.7.2.1.2.4 682 iv. Benjamin Cutler, born Circa. 1776; married Hannah Clark June 4, 1795; resided at Fairfield, Ohio. Died young. No issue.

1.2.7.2.1.2.5 683 v. Jacob Cutler, born June 17, 1778; married 1st November 19, 1798 to Nancy Rowan; married 2nd December 27, 1812 to Sidney Clark; moved to Shelby Co., III., where some of his children stayed, thence to Ft. Madison, Iowa where he died March 25, 1865.

1.2.7.2.1.2.6 684 vi. Martha Cutler, born December 25, 1782; married David Johnson 1/29/1799, settled at Spencer, Owen County, Ind. Died 8/1/1823

1.2.7.2.1.2.7 685 vii. Mercy Cutler; married John Sutton, her 1st cousin once removed, they had eight children, lst settled in Shelby Co., Ill., then in Anderson Co., Kan.

1.2.7.2.1.2.8 686 viii. Mary Cutler, married Benjamin Shreve June 13, 1796, at Clarksburg, W. Va., settled in Ohio.


The above two children (Martha and John) married their spouses at Clarksburg W. Va. at a double wedding by the Rev. Jacob Cozad III b. 1724 d. 1812 a Baptist minister and paternal grandfather of John and Martha Cutler. (David Johnson and Martha Cutler)
were the great grandparents of Louis R. Hamill, the writer of the Hamill Papers (see below)

1.2.7.2.1.2.1 679  CHARITY COON

(Mary 686; Jacob 606; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Charity Coon born about 1772, died March 13, 1872 (she was club-footed) married September 16, 1794 at Clarksburg, W. Va., Henry Hinsman a veteran of the Revolutionary war. She was a widow in 1842 and moved with her youngest daughter Charity Hinsman who married Stephen Starcher to Spencer, Roane Co., West Virginia. She is buried in a cemetery 12 miles from Spencer. (See picture of her headstone in album).

CHILDREN:

1. Abraham Hinsman, born June 29, 1795.
2. Thomas Hinsman, born March 2, 1797.
3. Sarah Hinsman, born February 6, 1799.
4. Massey Hinsman born March 19, 1801.
5. Elizabeth Hinsman, born March 19, 1801.
8. David Hinsman, born May 10, 1807.

The above is a true copy from the Hinsman (Hinseman) Family Bible. Her descendants still (1934) live at Buckhannon and Spencer, Roane County, West Virginia.

1.2.7.2.1.2.6 684  MARTHA CUTLER

(Mary 686; Jacob 606; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Martha Cutler, born in Mohawk Valley, N.Y., December 25, 1782, died August 1, 1823. Daughter of Mary Coon nee Cozad (626) born in Somerset County, N.J. and Benjamin Cutler, died at Washington in 1814. Married David Johnson, born May 5, 1782, Harrison County, W.Va., died Own County, Ind., June 17, 1856, married at Clarksburg, W.Va., January 29, 1799. They had

CHILDREN

Benjamin Cutler Johnson born September 28, 1816 Washington, Ind., died at Newton Kan., April 1896, married at Spencer, Owen, County, Ind., October 28, 1837, to Ellen Susan Barrackman (Bergman) born May 20, 1820, two miles East of Uniontown, Pennsylvania, died February 3, 1894. Benjamin Cutler Johnson had

Ruby E. Johnson, born at Osceola, Iowa, January 6, 1861, died August 5, 1885, who married January 16, 1879 to Robert McHamill, born in Enon Valley, Pa., Nov. 30, 1849 died at Wichita, Kan., April 11, 1898. Ruby E and Robert McHamill had

Louis Robert Hamill, born December 26, 1879 at Newton, Kansas ( ) Louis Robert Hamill, great-great-great grandson of Jacob Cozad (606), was born December 26, 1879 at Newton, Harvey County, Kansas, Resides at Apartado 107, Matanzas, Cuba, and is the field Superintendent for the Texas Oil Company in Cuba. Married November 14, 1901 to Enriqueta Elvira Bofill y Vicido who was born June 23, 1880. She was the daughter of Enrique Bofill y Oliver and Elvira Viciedo y Reyes.

CHILDREN:

1. Louis Henry Hamill, born August 19, 1902, Matanzas, Cuba.
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ii. Moses Lino Hamill, born September 23, 1906, Matanzas, Cuba.

iii. Blanca Herminia Hamill, born May 20, 1908, Matanzas, Cuba.

iv. Enriqueta Susana Hamill, born November 2, 1910, Matanzas, Cuba.

v. Benjamin Robert Hamill, born April 17, 1913, 618 92nd Street, Brooklyn, New York.

(Memo by publisher: Handwritten in margin was: “m. At Brooklyn Apr. 18, 1937. Res. 9713 5th Ave., Brooklyn”).

1.2.7.2.2 607 SAMUEL COZAD: Cossart-Cosad-Cozart:

(Captain Samuel Cozad was born 1725/6 in Somerset County, N.J., and died in 1811. (Also said to have died sometime between 1775 and 1780.

Samuel married Anna Clark born January 26, 1729; died Circa 1775/80. She was the second daughter of Henry and Anne Clark, they having in 1728 purchased a large tract of land and settled on the head waters of Whippany river between the villages of Mendham and Mt. Freedom. Mr. Cozad after his marriage purchased a portion of this tract and settled just west of the old Clark homestead, where he continued to live the remainder of his life. He had by his first wife a family of seven children. After her death he married a second wife, Mrs. Percilla Fairchild, nee Percilla Burt, widow of Ezra Fairchild of the same settlement, she being born in 1739, died in 1825. There were no children by this second marriage.

Samuel and his first wife were buried near the old hill top Presbyterian Church of Mendham, in which church he was an elder. At the time the church was burned in 1816, the headstones were destroyed. His will of February 15, 1806, is on file at Morristown, N.J. His second wife’s children by her former husband were Polly, Eunice and Rhoda.


THE WILL OF SAMUEL COZAD:

“In the name of God, Amen.

I, Samuel Cozad of Mendham in the County of Morris and the State of New Jersey, yeoman, being of sound mind and memory, do make and ordain therefor my last will and Testament in manner and form following:

First, I will that all my just debts and funeral charges be first paid out of my moveable estate, and

Second, I give and bequeath to my wife Persilla two hundred dollars and if she should be taken away before me then my will is that her son Ebenezer Fairchild shall have one hundred dollars, And, I give unto her three daughters, namely Polly, Eunice, and Rody one hundred dollars to be equally divided between them and their assigns. And my will is that if my wife survive me that she shall have twenty-five dollars per year during her widowhood and to have the use of my house and land where Bethel Day formerly lived excepting the privilege of the cyder works which is reserved, and to have her choice of one bed and bedding.

Third, I give and bequeath unto the First Presbyterian Church of Mendham one hundred dollars to be put in the hands of the trustees and by them to be put out at interest yearly every year as long as the church endures.

Fourth, I give and bequeath to my daughter Anne, wife of Nathaniel Bunnel the sum of twenty dollars.

Fifth, I give and bequeath the one half of the remainder of my estate unto my two sons,
namely, Samuel and Henry equally in the manner and to form following, the one half of Henry’s part to be kept at interest until his two children come of lawful age, namely, Eliphalet and Caty. His son to have two parts and that of his daughter one.

Sixth, I give and bequeath the remainder of the other half of my estate to my four daughters, namely, Abby, wife of Andrew McGrath, Elizabeth wife of Ziba Casterline, equally to be divided between them, taking twenty-eight pounds of Abby’s part which she has already received.

Seventh, I do hereby constitute and appoint Nathaniel Clark and Ebenezer Fairchild executors to this my last will and testament with full power to sell and convey any part of my land or all at their discretion, and to make deeds and fulfill all bargains and contract which I have here made.

/Signed/ SAMUEL COSAD
Sworn at Mendham, March 5, 1811. Dated February 15, 1806.


CHILDREN:

1. 2. 7. 2. 2. 1 631
   i. Anne Cozad, born 1754; died Circa 1820.
   (Samuel 607; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Anne Cozad was born in 1754; and died Circa 1850; married 1774 to Nathaniel Bonnel. (or Burnell); they lived and died in the Cozad and Clark settlement near Mt. Freedom, New Jersey.

CHILDREN:

1. 2. 7. 2. 2. 1. 1 688
   i. Elizabeth Bonnel, born 1775/6; died 1850; married Ruben Hulbert.

1. 2. 7. 2. 2. 1. 2 689
   ii. Henry Bonnel, born 1778.

1. 2. 7. 2. 2. 1. 3 690
   iii. Nathaniel Bonnel, born 1780; married Polly Sturgiss.

1. 2. 7. 2. 2. 1. 4 691
   iv. David Thompson Bonnel, born 1782; m. Massey Clark in 1802.

1. 2. 7. 2. 2. 1. 5 692
   v. Aaron Bonnel.

1. 2. 7. 2. 2. 1. 6 693
   vi. Anne Bonnel, born 1786; married Jacob Drake in 1805. He being the only child of Daniel Drake and Catherine Lozier.

1. 2. 7. 2. 2. 1. 7 694
   vii. William Bonnel, born 1788; married Elizabeth Conger in 1812.

1. 2. 7. 2. 2. 2 632
   SAMUEL COZAD, JR:
   (Samuel 607; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Samuel Cozad Jr., was born June 12, 1756; died March 28, 1822. Married March 28, 1785 to Jane McIlrath born October 4, 1765; died October 6, 1824. They first settled near Mendham, N.J. In 1796, in company with his brother-in-law Henry Casterline and other Morris County, N.J. families, went to Washington County, Pa., and settled one mile up “Ten Mile Creek”, above the village of Prosperity (place is now owned by John Blackshiers). Ten years later he went, with his family to Cuyahoga County, Ohio, settling 4½ miles east of Cleveland. This site may now be found directly in front of the Western Reserve of Adelbert College building, City of Cleveland. He was a member of, and is buried at, the Old Euclid Presbyterian Church east of Cleveland. In 1806 Samuel came west and was one of Cleveland’s pioneers. His log cabin stood for a long time on the south side of Euclid Ave. He bought land on that side of the street from Doan’s Corners out to Lake View Cemetery. The sons of Samuel and Jane purchased a considerable amount of property on the north side of the street, including what is now Wade Park.

In the book “The Pioneer Families of Cleveland 1796—1840, page 92 may be found the following reference to this family:

“To be a Cleveland McIlrath is not always to be also a Cozad, but if one is a Cozad, in this
Anthony Cossart, Son of Jacques II the immigrant

part of the country, he surely is a McIlrath as well. For the grandmother or great-grandmother of them all was Jane McIlrath.

The Cozad family are descended from Jacques Cossart, a French Huguenot, who came to New Amsterdam (N.Y. C.) from Holland in 1662. He was accompanied by his wife, Lydia Willems Cossart, and two children, the eldest of whom, a daughter, married a Goelet. There were three more children born to this couple in this country. The youngest of whom was Anthony Cossart. He and his son Jacob removed from Brooklyn, where they had lived some years, to Mendham, N.J., where he died. The family name by this time, began to be pronounced and later written COZAD.

Samuel Cozad, fourth in descent from the American ancestor, married Anna Clark, and had a family of five children who were Daughters and two children who were boys. Three of these children came west in 1806 and were Cleveland Pioneers. They were Samuel Cozad Jr., above, Abigail Cozad and Elizabeth Cozad.

CHILDREN:

1.2.7.2.2.2.1 695   Jacob Cozad, born April 6, 1786; died April 7, 1850.
1.2.7.2.2.2.2 696   Elias Cozad, born May 6, 1790; died September 15, 1870-80.
1.2.7.2.2.2.3 697   Anne Cozad, born March 19, 1792; died August 23, 1813.
1.2.7.2.2.2.4 698   Samuel Cozad Jr., born April 4, 1794; died May 22, 1870.
1.2.7.2.2.2.5 699   Henry Cozad, born January 8, 1796; died February 27, 1813.
1.2.7.2.2.2.6 700   Sarah Cozad, born March 11, 1799; died January 10, 1855.
1.2.7.2.2.2.7 701   Andrew Cozad, born July 11, 1801; died May 20, 1873.
1.2.7.2.2.2.8 702   Nathaniel Clark Cozad, born July 26, 1803; died 9/22/1828.

1.2.7.2.2.2.1.1 822   Elizabeth Cozad:
   (Jacob 695; Samuel Jr. 632; Samuel 607; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

   Jacob Cozad was born April 6, 1786 in the Mendham, N.J. settlement. In 1796 went with his parents and uncles to Prosperity, Washington County, Penna. Married in that county to Rosanna Brownee. After his marriage went with his father’s family to Cuyahoga County, Ohio, settling near a spring, which may now be found in Wade Park, Cleveland. In 1812-13 returned to Prosperity, Pa., and entered Washington College and became a Presbyterian Minister. Then sold his place to his cousin, Eliphalet Cozad, and took charge of a church, near Independence, Washington County, Pa., known as Lower Buffalo; also at the same time had charge of a church across the line in Ohio, known as Center Church. In 1828 moved to and took charge of a church at New Hagerstown, Ohio, and. some ten years later removed to and took charge of a church at West Lebanon, Warren County, Indiana, where he ended. his labors in 1850.

   CHILDREN:

1.2.7.2.2.2.1.1.1 823i.   Eliza Cozad, born March 23, 1809; died March 10, 1874.
1.2.7.2.2.2.1.1.2 823ii.  Alice Cozad, born March 23, 1809; died August 30, 1868.
1.2.7.2.2.2.1.1.3 824i.   Elias Cozad, born November 13, 1810; died 9/4/1882.
1.2.7.2.2.2.1.1.4 824ii.  John Jerline Cozad, born 7/23/1812; died 9/4/1882.
1.2.7.2.2.2.1.1.5 826v.   Thomas Cozad, b. 6/24/1814; died 10/16/1839. single.
1.2.7.2.2.2.1.1.6 827vi.  Henry Cozad, born March 23, 1816; died May 3, 1880.
1.2.7.2.2.2.1.1.7 828vii.  Joseph Stephenson Cozad, b. 2/11/1818; died 12/2/1820.
1.2.7.2.2.2.1.1.8 829viii. Jacob Cozad, born July 2, 1819; died April 13, 1863.
1.2.7.2.2.2.1.1.9 830.   ix.  Samuel Cozad, b. 3/21/1821; died 10/31/1845. single
1.2.7.2.2.2.1.1.10 831.   x.  Jane Cozad, born July 22, 1823; died November 30, 1887.
1.2.7.2.2.2.1.1.11 832xi.  Nathan Clark Cozad, born August 31, 1824; died August 31, 1877.
1.2.7.2.2.2.1.1.12 833xii. Andrew Cozad, born June 23, 1826; died 11/7/1834.

1.2.7.2.2.2.1.1 822   ELIZABETH COZAD:
   (Jacob 695; Samuel Jr. 632; Samuel 607; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

   Elizabeth Cozad was born October 31, 1807 near Cleveland., Ohio, and died January 25, 1887, near Independence, Pa., married August 22, 1832 to Joseph Scott, born May 12, 1808, died. January 1, 1893. They were members of the Lower Buffalo Presbyterian Church at Independence. Mr. Scott having been for fifty years a ruling elder in the church. Both are buried. at this place.
CHILDREN:

1190. i. John Scott, born August 16, 1833; Independence, Pa.
1191. ii. Margaret A. Scott, born August 3, 1835; died young.
1192. iii. William Henry Scott, born January 26, 1837; died December 11, 1888.
1195. vi. David Arthur Scott, born December 2, 1842.
1197. viii Jacob Oliver Scott, b.12/27/1846; Washington, Pa.

1.2.7.2.2.1.2

823 ALICE COZAD:

(Alice 823; Jacob 695; Samuel Jr. 632; Samuel 607; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Alice Cozad was born March 23, 1809 in Cuyahoga County, Ohio, settlement (now East Cleveland), went with his parents to Washington County, Pa., Now Hagertown, Ohio, and, thence to Warren County, md., where he married Emeline Swank in May 1840, and later went to Decatur County, Iowa, where he resided at the time of his death. He was first a Presbyterian and, later a class leader in the Methodist Episcopal Ch.

CHILDREN:

1199. i. Jacob Andrew Cozad, b.12/8/1841; d.2/16/1892.
1200. ii. John Swank Cozad, b.5/3/1843; Moulton, Iowa.
1201. iii. Aaron Austin Cozad, b.2/16/1845; Pleasantown, IA.
1203. v. William Courtland Cozad, born 12/19/1849, Spring Valley, IA.
1205. vii. Lucinda Jane Cozad, born 4/14/1854, d.8/24/1888.
1206. viii Mary Emeline Cozad, born 10/12/1856, Spring Valley, IA.
1207. ix. Josephine Elizabeth Cozad, b.2/5/1860, Spring Valley, IA.

1199 JACOB ANDREW COZAD:

(Alice 823; Jacob 695; Samuel Jr. 632; Samuel 607; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1)

Jacob Andrew Cozad was born December 8, 1841, in Warren County, Indiana, and resided at Moulton, Iowa.

“Jacob Cozad, farmer, Section 5, Morgan Township, Decatur County, Iowa, is a son of Alice and Emeline Swank Cozad, native of Ohio. The father was born in Cuyahoga County and the mother in Warren County. Alice Cozad was of Scotch-Irish Descent. His grandfather Samuel Cozad, immigrated to America before the Revolutionary War. His father Jacob Cozad was born in New Jersey. Alice immigrated to Indiana about the year 1834. He was married in Warren County, that state. In 1854 they came to Decatur County where they arrived November 13, having been just one month on the road, coming all the way with teams and wagons. Alice Cozad settled in Section 7, Morgan Township, where he entered and improved 80 acres of land, and where he lived until his death, which occurred August 30, 1868. His wife lives at the old homestead. Mr. Cozad was one of the prominent and well known pioneers of this county. Politically he was a Democrat of the Jackson School. He was well informed on the general topics of the day, and a great reader. He held, the office of Drainage Commissioner two years, when the office was abolished. He also held prominent Township offices, having served as Justice of the Peace several years, and was a member of the Board of Supervisors. He was reared a Presbyterian, and always adhered to the principle of that faith; but, there being no church of that denomination near him he united with the Methodist Church, and was for many years a class leader in that church,
Anthony Cossart, Son of Jacques II the immigrant

and a liberal supporter of the gospel. He had ten children: six sons and four daughters. Five sons and four daughters are living (1887), and all are residents of Decatur County, except one son, John, who resides in Appanoose Co. Jacob A. the subject of this sketch, was born in Warren County, Ind., December 8, 1841. He enlisted April 1, 1862, in the 3rd Missouri Cavalry, which was afterwards consolidated with the 7th, and he served until the close of the war, a period of over three years. He was in active service during the whole time of his enlistment. His Regiment operated in Southern Missouri and Arkansas. He participated in many important events of the war, principally against the Confederate General Price. He was wounded by a gunshot in the right foot, July 10, 1864 and has never fully recovered from its effects. Since the war he has been engaged in farming in Morgan Township. His present farm consists of 180 acres and he has 20 acres of timber elsewhere in the Township. He was married March 4, 1869, to Sarah J. Hubbard a daughter of Mark L. Hubbard of Morgan Township, and they have five children: Alta, Levette, Merton, James and Oril. Minnie the eldest died at the age of 6 years. Mr. Cozad is a democrat politically. He has held office as Justice of the Peace fourteen years, and still holds that position (1887). (Reference: Biographical Record of Ringgold and Decatur Counties, Iowa, 1887, page 534.. By Lewis Publishing Company, Chicago).

CHILDREN:

1686. i. Minnie B. Cozad, born November 29, 1869, died May 6, 1876.
1687. ii. Alta May Cozad, born April 21, 1873, Spring Valley, IA. Resided in Spring Valley, IA. Married Albert B. McClaren December 31, 1890.
1688. iii. Levitt Carl born February 20, 1876; Spring Valley, Iowa.
1689. iv. Merton Linsey Cozad, born January 9, 1880; Spring Valley, Iowa.
1690. v. James Clifton Cozad, born February 15, 1883; Spring Valley, IA
1691. vi. Orril Raymond Cozad, born May 13, 1886; Spring Valley, IA.
1692. vii. Leona Juanita Cozad, born July 1, 1889; Spring Valley, IA.

1200 JOHN SWANK COZAD:

(Alice 823; Jacob 695; Samuel Jr. 632; Samuel 607; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

John Swank Cozad was born May 3, 1843 in Warren County, Ind. Resided in Moulton, Iowa. Married Rebecca Dale July 3, 1866.

CHILDREN:

1693. i. Emma E. Cozad, born February 3, 1870; Moulton, Iowa. She resided at Moulton, Iowa. Married Peter McElderry February 3, 1891.
1695. iii. Delbert Cozad, born August 31, 1873; Moulton, Iowa.

1201 AARON AUSTIN COZAD:

(Alice 823; Jacob 695; Samuel Jr. 632; Samuel 607; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Aaron Austin Cozad was born February 16, 1845 in Warren County, Indiana. Resided at Pleasanton, Iowa. Married Elisabeth Gammill March 9, 1871.

CHILD:

1696. i. Nattie A. Cozad, born October 26, 1874; Pleasanton, Iowa.

1202 JAMES HARVEY COZAD:

(Alice 823; Jacob 695; Samuel Jr. 632; Samuel 607; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

James Harvey Cozad was born March 25, 1847 in Warren County, Indiana. Resided at Leon, Iowa. Married Rebecca Still January 19, 1871.

CHILDREN:

1697. i. Cora Cozad, born November 16, 1872, Leon, Iowa.
1698. ii. Millie Cozad, born February 21, 1875, Leon, Iowa.
WILLIAM COURTLAND COZAD:

William Courtland Cozad was born December 19, 1849 in Warren County, Indiana; resided at Spring Valley, Decatur County, Iowa. Married Nancy Bright November 11, 1875.

CHILDREN:

1. Herbert Cozad, born August 5, 1874; Spring Valley, Iowa.
2. Lottie Cozad, born June 12, 1877; Spring Valley, Iowa.
3. Floyd Cozad, born February 7, 1881; Spring Valley, IA.

SARAH ROSANNA COZAD:

Sarah Rosanna Cozad was born in Warren County, Indiana, and resided at Linville, Iowa. Married William W. Wood April 6, 1876.

CHILDREN:

1. Otto Wood.
2. Bertha Wood.
3. Carl Wood.

MARY EMELINE COZAD:

Mary Emeline Cozad was born October 12, 1856 in Decatur County, Iowa. Resided in Spring Valley, Iowa. Married February 20, 1883, Robert Dunham.

CHILD:

1. Ancel Clyde Dunham, born January 20, 1886.

ELIAS COZAD:

Elias Cozad was born November 13, 1810, in Cuyhoga County, Ohio, went with his parents to Washington County, Pa., and on to New Hagerstown, Ohio, where he married Jane Lyons March 24, 1831., and then went on to Warren County, Ind., and later on to Warren County, Iowa, settling near Indianola, which was his home at the time of his death. He was the last surviving member of the family.

CHILDREN:

1. Elizabeth Cozad, b.3/24/1832, died 6/25/1836.
4. Mary Catherine Cozad, born 6/6/1837, Amity, OR.
5. Sarah Isabella Cozad, born 1/16/1840, Fulton, IL.
8. Joseph Scott Cozad, b.4/26/1847, Bannock City, MT.
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1217 ix. Amanda Eleanor Cozad, born 5/25/1850, Indianola, IA
1218 x. Elias Harvey Cozad, born 8/17/1852, Indianola, IA

1210 JOHN COZAD:
(Elias 824; Rev. Jacob 695; Samuel Jr. 632 Samuel 607; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

John Cozad was born June 14, 1833 near Hagerstown, Ohio, went with his parents to Warren County, Indiana, and thence to Warren County, Iowa, and later went to Kansas and Minnesota. Finally settled at Red Bluff, California. Married May 2, 1853, to Margaret Arnold, born in Hardee County, Virginia, October 18, 1834.

CHILDREN:
1707. i. Amellia Ann Cozad, born April 23, 1855, died September 11, 1866.
1708. ii. Elizabeth Jane Cozad, born October 6, 1857, died January 18, 1879.
1709. iii. Izetta Cozad, born April 21, 1861, died March 22, 1883.
1710 iv. Ella Bell Cozad, born February 12, 1866 in Johnson Co., Kansas. Resided at Selma, Fresno County, California. Married Louis Augustus Cary, March 1, 1884.
1711 v. Lillie Alice Cozad, born February 17, 1868 in Warren County, Iowa, and resided at Pasadena, Harris County, Texas. Married Benjamin Franklin Lewis, April 2, 1890.
1712 vi. Herbert Cameron Cozad, born October 21, 1870, Red Bluff, CA

1212 MARY CATHERINE COZAD:
(Elias 824; Rev. Jacob 695; Samuel Jr. 632 Samuel 607; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Mary Catherine Cozad was born June 6, 1837. Resided at Amity, Oregon. Married February 26, 1871 to David Proctor, born July 16, 1828, died January 3, 1882.

CHILDREN:
1713. i. Elias Walter Rea, born July 18, 1856.
1715. iii. Irene Almira Rea, born January 18, 1861, died December 21, 1862.
1717. v. Anna Bell Rea, born March 26, 1864.
1718. vi. Clara Viola Rea, born June 1, 1867.
1719. vii. Fanny Mariah Rea, born December 18, 1868, died December 30, 1876.
1720 viii. Oscar Luellin Rea, born December 23, 1870, died December 20, 1876.
1722. z. Orlando Rea, born July 8, 1875, died December 14, 1876.
1723. xi. Adolphus Rea, born November 24, 1878.

1213 SARAH ISABELLA COZAD:
(Elias 824; Rev. Jacob 695; Samuel Jr. 632 Samuel 607; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Sarah Isabella Cozad was born January 16, 1840, in Warren County, Indiana. Resided at Fulton, Ill. Married February 26, 1871 to David Proctor, born July 16, 1828, died January 3, 1882.

CHILDREN:
1724 i. Charles Proctor, born June 1, 1874.
1725. ii. George David Proctor, born March 14, 1876.
1726. iii. Hester Proctor, born January 17, 1879.
Margaret Louisa Cozad, was born July 8, 1842 in Warren County, Indiana. Resided at Washington, Minn. Married December 23, 1859 to John Mawer born December 29, 1829.

**CHILDREN:**

1729. iii. Laura Amy Mawer, born October 28, 1866.
1730. iv. Ida May Mawer, born April 5, 1872.
1731. v. Margaret Ellen Mawer, born August 28, 1880.

1215 **THOMAS CRANMER COZAD:**

Thomas Cranmer Cozad, was born September 30, 1844 in Warren County, Ind, resided in Indianola, Iowa. Married November 21, 1872 to Sarah M. Brown born in Warren County, Indiana, April 29, 1844.

**CHILDREN:**

1732. i. Charles Perry Cozad, born April 9, 1874; Indianola, Ia.
1733. ii. Mary Lulu Cozad, born November 22, 1875; Indianola, Ia.

1216 **JOSEPH SCOTT COZAD:**

Joseph Scott Cozad was born April 26, 1847 in Warren County, Indiana. Resided at Bannock City, Montana. Married September 7, 1871, to Roxanna Haines born near Columbus, Ohio, October 14, 1851.

**CHILDREN:**

1734. i. Albert Elmer Cozad, born July 5, 1872.
1735. ii. Lester Elton Cozad, born October 9, 1874.
1736. iii. Lilly Bell May Cozad, b. April 17, 1876, d. December 5, 1888.
1737. iv. Leona Lulu Cozad, born February 8, 1878.
1738. v. Mamie Rosella Cozad, born August 3, 1880.
1739. vi. Leroy Vernon Cozad, born July 17, 1887.

1.2.7.2.2.1.4 **REV JOHN JERLINE COZAD:**

Reverend John Jerline Cosad was born July 23, 1812 in Cuyahoga County, Ohio, went with his parents to Pennsylvania, Ohio, and to Warren County, Ind., where he married, Lucinda Kyle November 12, 1835, and went to Warren County, Iowa. He was a minister of the M.E. Church, preached in Warren Co., Ia., and died near Liberty Center, that county.

1.2.7.2.2.1.6 **HENRY COZAD:**

Henry Cozad, was born March 23, 1816, near Prosperity, Pennsylvania, went to Warren County, Indiana, with his parents, where he married December 1838 to Elizabeth Poyenter who was born in Tennessee, January 17, 1812 and died October 14, 1875. They settled, lived and died in Warren County, Indiana.
Anthony Cossart, Son of Jacques II the immigrant

CHILDREN:
1223 v. William Henry Cozad, born 12/31/1848, Attica, KS
1225 vii. Samuel Clark Cozad, born 3/25/1852 in Warren County, IN. Resided at Chrisman, Ill
1226 viii. Mary Josephine Cozad, born 1/4/1855 in Warren County, IN. Married William Parrient

1223 WILLIAM HENRY COZAD:

(William 85½; Jacob 695; Samuel Jr. 632; Samuel 607; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

William Henry Cozad was born December 31, 1848 in Warren County, Ind. Resided at Attica, Ken. Married Barbara Ellen Coon, born in Dallas County, Mo., November 2, 1856.

CHILDREN:
1740. i. Claude Lee Cozad born August 9, 1885.
1741. ii. William Dwight Cozad, born May 24, 1892.

1.2.7.2.2.1.8 829 REV JACOB COZAD JR:

(Rev. Jacob 829; Jacob 695; Samuel Jr. 632; Samuel 807; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Revern Jacob Cozad. was born July 2, 1819 in Washington Co., Pa., and went with his father’s family to West Lebanon, Warren County, Ind., was educated for the ministry at New Albany, Ind. He was minister and presiding elder of the M.E. Church through northern and. central Indiana; died at Russellville, Putnam Co., married at Michigan City, September 10, 1846, to Sarah French Corey, born February 24, 1829, died February 17, 1878.

CHILDREN:
1227 i. Caroline Crene Cozad, born 7/11/1847, Dayton, Ohio.
1228 ii. Elcy Jane Cozad, born 2/7/1849, died May 25, 1880.
1229 iii. Artimisia Liva Cozad, b.12/3/1851, Indianapolis, MD
1230 iv. Margaret Elizabeth Cozad, b.3/3/1854 at Shawnee Prairie, Ind, resided in Oakland, Calif. Married .... Anglin, January 1892
1232 vi. Catherine Bell Cozad, b.11/23/1860, Indianapolis, Ind.

1227 CAROLINE CYRENE COZAD:

(Rev. Jacob 829; Jacob 695; Samuel Jr. 632; Samuel 607; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Caroline Cyrene Cozad was Born July 11, 1847 at Delphi, Indiana. Resided at Dayton, Ohio. Married Revern John Harrison, September 1, 1869, he being a minister of the M.E. Church born at Vanderburg County, Ind., December 10, 1842. Lived in Indiana and at Athens, Tenn.
CHILDREN:
1742 i. Ulela Gertrude Harrison, b. Juno 26, 1870, m. Rev. LH. Stephens.
1745 iv. Genevieve Harrison, born June 23, 1877.

1229 ARTEMISIA LIVA COZAD:

(Rev. Jacob 829; Jacob 695; Samuel Jr. 632; Samuel 607; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Artemisia Liva Cozad was born December 3, 1851, at Yorktown, Ind. Resided at Indianapolis, Ind. Married William Arthur Moore, November 8, 1874.

CHILDREN:
1746 i. Artemisia May Moore, b. December 25, 1875, died August 3, 1888.
1748 iii. Rousa Ethel Moore, born March 16, 1885.

1231 JOSEPH FLETCHER COZAD:

(Rev. Jacob 829; Jacob 695; Samuel Jr. 632; Samuel 607; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1)

Joseph Fletcher Cozad was born March 21, 1857 in Indiana. Resided at Redonia, Kansas. Married September 7, 1880 to Elizabeth Clara McClure, who died December 5, 188..(?).

CHILD:
1749. i. Clare Cozad, born July 27, 1881.

1232 CATHERINE BELL COZAD:

(Rev. Jacob 829; Jacob 695; Samuel Jr. 632; Samuel 607; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Catherine Bell Cozad was born November 23, 1860, at Bainbridge, Indiana. Resided at Indianapolis, Ind. Married May 17, 1882, to David Zenor Bain, born September 7, 1855.

CHILDREN:
1750. i. Ruth French Bain, born March 11, 1883.

1.2.7.2.2.1.10 831 JANE COZAD:

(Jacob 695; Samuel Jr. 632; Samuel 807; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1.).

Jane Cozad was born July 22, 1823 in Washington County, Pa., and died in Decatur County, Iowa. Married in Iowa, to Hurd Ingram May 13, 1857.

CHILDREN:
1233. i. Joseph Ingram.
1234. ii. Mary Ann Ingram.
1235. iii. Emeline Ingram.
1236. iv. Isabelle Ingram.
1237 v. Jacob Ingram.
1238. vi. Harvey Ingram.
Anthony Cossart, Son of Jacques II the immigrant

1.2.7.2.2.2.1.11 832    NATHANIEL CLARK COZAD:


Nathaniel Clark Cozad., was born in 1824 in Washington Co., Pa., went with his parents to New Hagerstown, Ohio, and West Lebanon, Ind. Married, in Douglas County, Illinois, to Jane Davis, by whom he had one daughter. At breaking out of the Civil War he enlisted from Douglas County in Company "G", 79th Illinois Infantry, was taken prisoner and, while confined in a southern prison his wife and daughter died. At close of war he returned. to Warren County, Indiana, and married. a second wife, by whom he had three children. After his death his wife married a Mr. Charles Jackson.

1.2.7.2.2.2.2 696    ELIAS COZAD:


Elias Cozad was born May 6, 1790 in Mendham, N.J. settlement; went to Washington County, Pa., settlement: married in that county to Hannah Palmer, born August 1, 1795; died June 10, 1879. After marriage went to Cuyahoga County, Ohio. Site of settlement may be found at a well near the entrance to Lake View Cemetery, Cleveland. At the time of his death he was the last surviving member of the family.

CHILDREN:
1.2.7.2.2.2.1 834i. Cynthia L. Cozad, born 7/14/1814; died 7/16/1845. Not married.
1.2.7.2.2.2.2 835ii. Julia Ann Cozad, born January 14, 1816; died June 1, 1895.
1.2.7.2.2.2.3 836iii. Ethan Allen Brown Cozad, born 11/8/1819; died 12/29/1849. Never married.
1.2.7.2.2.2.4 837iv. Amelia H. Cozad, born April 18, 1822; died September 5, 1847. Never married.
1.2.7.2.2.2.5 838v. Aurilla Cozad, born July 14, 1827, Cleveland, Ohio.

1.2.7.2.2.2.2 835    JULIA ANN COZAD:


Julia Ann Cozad was born January 14, 1816 at Cleveland, Ohio, married August S. Andrews, lived at Cleveland, Waupun, Wis., and Mayfield, Ohio.

CHILDREN:
1239i. Julia Amelia Andrews, born July 24, 1845; married Dr. J.R. Bell.
1240ii. Ellen Comelia Andrews, born 8/21/1849; married Frederick L. Miner.

1.2.7.2.2.2.2.5 838    AURILLA COZAD:


Aurilla Cozad. was born July 14, 1827. Born and lived in Cleveland, Ohio; married Wells E. Beckwith, now deceased.

CHILD:
1241. i. Eda Aurilla Beckwith, born May 24, 1860.

1.2.7.2.2.2.3 697    ANNE COZAD:


Anne Cozad was born March 19, 1792. Went from New Jersey to Pennsylvania settlement in Washington County, thence to Cuyahoga County, Ohio, where she married John Carlton March 1809. He was a soldier in the War of 1812, was wounded, from the effects of which he died.
Samuel Cozad the third was born April 4, 1794. Went from Morris County, N.J. to Washington County, Pa., and thence to Cuyahoga County, Ohio, settlement. Married January 11, 1816, to Mary Condit, born December 20, 1796; died September 4, 1871. After their marriage they first settled where the Cosad Hall now stands, lived and died on what is now Wade Park, Cleveland, this farm formerly being his farm. The following is an excerpt from the Condit Genealogy:

“Mary Condit (or Abner) married January 11, 1816, Samuel Cozad, born April 6, 1794; died May 23, 1870. She died September 5, 1871. They resided at Cleveland, Ohio. Early in life she formed a strong desire to go west, and in the spring of 1815 removed, to Euclid, Ohio, with her married sister, Martha Dickerson, making the entire trip by wagon over the mountains of Pennsylvania. Her marriage to Samuel Cozad occurred in January 1816 and the following month the newly married couple made the journey back to New Jersey in a sleigh through New York State. They remained, in New Jersey till June, when they returned to Ohio and purchased a farm near “Doan’s Corners”, now East Cleveland., which is a prominent part of Wade Park. Here they remained until the death of Mr. Cozad in 1870. She died a year later at the residence of her eldest child, in her eighty-second year. Mrs. Cozad possessed a strong mind, good judgement, a kind heart and a pleasant disposition. In her later years she was called “Aunt Polly” by everyone, and those in trouble or poverty always found her a friend and benefactor. Samuel Cozad, with three of their children, were among the small number who organized the Euclid Avenue Congregational Church at Cleveland, Ohio.

“Samuel Cozad 3rd, who married Mary Condit of the Pioneer Condit Family, settled on Euclid Ave., opposite his father, at Dean’s Corners. His log cabin was situated on a spot now the center of a pond in Wade Park. Afterward he built a frame house directly opposite Hatch Library. His farm consisted of 100 acres of woods, undergrowth and marsh. The nearest neighbors were Job Dean, keeping the Dean Tavern, north-west corner of Euclid Ave., and East 107th Street, and Hendershott’s, living back of the College grounds. East 107th Street was then Newburgh Road. Mr. Newell S. Cozad, son of Samuel Cozad 3rd., is yet living and relates many exceedingly interesting stories of his boyhood. He inherited or succeeded his father as owner of the Wade Park property. From the first he recognized and appreciated the unusual beauty of the spot, its towering trees, loveliness of brook flowing through the place, and the charm of the ever changing ravine, its deep banks covered with flowering bushes and wild flowers. He gave much time and a great deal of money in improving the property. He met with serious business reverses, which compelled him to part with it at a great financial loss, and the late J. R. Wade became the owner of it. Mr. Cozad states that along Dean Creek for miles in both directions were bear dens. Farmers slept each night with muskets by their bed sides, ready for nocturnal attacks upon their pigpens. These were not infrequent, and many a night the terrified squalls of a young porker sounded the alarm to all farmers of the neighborhood, bringing them to the rescue. “We were awakened one night by a commotion in the pig pen”, he relates, “and hastened out with loaded musket to determine the cause. The pen was constructed with logs placed one above another, with space of six inches between them. Upon the convenient ladder thus afforded, we discovered a large bear with a squalling pig held in his strong embrace, ascending the steps to the top of the high enclosure. It took but one shot to settle him forever, and bear meat was a drug on the market around Doan’s Corners next day”. Samuel Cozad 3rd was a pioneer in the temperance movement, and actively interested in the slavery question. With Cyrus Ford, a pioneer neighbor, he assisted, slaves into Canada. Newell S. Cozad, who was a lad experienced much of pioneer life, is still a prominent resident of the east end.”


CHILDREN:

1.2.7.2.2.2.4.1 840i. Hetty Ann Cozad, born November 7, 1816, West New Brighton, Staten Island., N.Y., married May 22, 1845 to Joseph D. Bennett, born October 29, 1815, died May 18, 1897.

1.2.7.2.2.2.4.2 841ii. Silas Hanes Cozad, born March 3, 1819; died single October 26, 1847. Never married.

1.2.7.2.2.2.4.3 842iii. Mary Condit Cozad, born April 7 1821; died August 6, 1869; married September 25, 1866 to Joel B. Hawkins. No issue.

1.2.7.2.2.2.4.4 843iv. William Mather Cozad, born April 22, 1823; died February 2, 1872. Married June 11, 1849 to Sarah Bennett, born September 17, 1817; died December 12, 1898.

1.2.7.2.2.2.4.5 844v. Newell Samuel Cozad., born July 23, 1831, Cleveland., Ohio. Resided at...
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Caidwell, Kansas. Died in 1928.

1.2.7.2.2.2.4.6  845 vi. Martha Jane Cozad, born January 12, 1834; died September 9, 1858. Never married.

1.2.7.2.2.2.4.1  840 HETTY ANN COZAD:

(Samuel 698; Samuel Jr. 632; Samuel 607; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Hetty Ann Cozad was born November 7, 1816 in East Cleveland, Ohio. Lived at West New Brighton, Staten Island, N.Y. Married Joseph Dimick Bennett May 22, 1845.

CHILDREN:

1242.  i.  Sarah Cordelia Bennett, born April 23/1846, d. 4/30/1862.
1244.  iii.  Ida May Bennett, born 1853; died young.
1245.  iv.  Mary Alida Bennett, born December 27, 1856.
1246.  v.  Martha Bell Bennett, born January 16, 1859.

1.2.7.2.2.2.4.3  842 MARY CONDIT COZAD:

(Samuel 698; Samuel Jr. 632; Samuel 607; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Mary Condit Cozad was born April 7, 1821 in East Cleveland, Ohio, and lived at that place and at Kankakee, Ill. Married Joel Baldwin Hawkins, September 25, 1860. No issue.

1.2.7.2.2.2.4.4  843 WILLIAM MATER COZAD:

(Samuel 698; Samuel Jr. 632; Samuel 607; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

William Mather Cozad was born April 22, 1823 in East Cleveland, Ohio, and died in Minnesota. Is buried in the Lake View Cemetery, Cleveland, Ohio. He married June 11, 1849, to Sarah Bennett, born September 17, 1817.

CHILDREN:

1248.  i.  Newell Judson Cozad, killed in 1876, fell off bridge.
1249.  ii.  Emma Gertrude Cozad, born 3/19/1854, Alhambra, CA
1250.  iii.  William Howard Cozad, born 8/24/1855, Madison, Ohio.
1251.  iv.  Anna E. Cozad, born March 19, 1858, Cleveland, OH
1252.  v.  Mary C. Cozad, born 11/20/1861, Cleveland, Ohio.

1249 EMMA GERTRUDE COZAD:

(William M. 843; Samuel 698; Samuel 632; Samuel 607; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Emma Gertrude Cozad was born March 19, 1854 at Cleveland, Ohio. Resided at Alhambra, Calif. Married Byron C. Lattin.

CHILDREN:

1752.  i.  Clarence Judson Lattin, born June 3, 1875.
1753.  ii.  Kelly Walter Lattin, born May 27, 1877.
1754.  iii.  Alice Gertrude Lattin, born November 8, 1880, died 11/12/1882.
1755.  iv.  Emma Helen Lattin, born April 28, 1891, died January 30, 1893.
1756.  v.  Laura Lulu Lattin, born March 12, 1893.

1250 WILLIAM HOWARD COZAD:
William Howard Cozad was born August 24, 1855 at Cleveland, Ohio, and resided at Madison, Ohio. Married August 12, 1879, to Mary A. Baker, born May 17, 1856.

CHILDREN:
1757. i. Homer D. Cozad., born August 30, 1880.
1758. ii. Alice B. Cozad, born August 11, 1883.
1759. iii. William Howard Cozad, born January 4, 1886.
1760. iv. Henry Clark Cozad, born June 22, 1892.

1251 ANNA E. COZAD:

Anne E. Cozad, was born March 19, 1858. Born, married, and lived at Cleveland, OH. Married June 23, 1880, to George L. Sanbrook, b May 13, 1858.

CHILDREN:
1763. i. Arthur J. Sanbrook, born March 6, 1881.
1765. iii. George N. Sanbrook, born August 24, 1884.
1767. v. Annie Gertrude Sanbrook, born October 12, 1888.
1768. vi. Horance I. Sanbrook, January 26, 1891.

1252 MARY C. COZAD:

Anne E. Cozad, was born November 20, 1861. Born, married, and lived at Cleveland, Ohio. Married October 14, 1886, to E. Warner White, born December 16, 1865.

CHILDREN:
1761. i. Harold Jonas White, born December 3, 1888.

1.2.7.2.2.4.5 844 NEWELL SAMUEL COZAD:

Newell Samuel Cozad, was born July 23, 1831 in East Cleveland, Ohio; died in 1928; married June 16, 1858 to Sarah J. Goe, born in Trumbull County, Ohio, May 7, 1835. First lived at Cleveland, Ohio, later in Caldwell, Kansas, and then later returned to Cleveland, maintaining an office and residence at the corner of Euclid and East End Ave. First a member of Old Euclid Avenue Presbyterian Church, later a member of Old Euclid Ave. Congregational Church.

CHILDREN:
1253. i. Mary A. Casad., born May 14, 1862, Cleveland, OH
1254. ii. Charles Newell Cozad, b.6/11/1865, Caldwell, KS

1253 MARY A. COZAD:
Anthony Cossart, Son of Jacques II the immigrant

Mary A. Cozad was born May 14, 1862. Born and lived at Cleveland, Ohio. Married at Caldwell, Kansas, to George W. Bradford., October 11, 1882.

CHILDREN:
1769. i. Charles Cozad Bradford., born May 27, 1884.

1254 CHARLES NEWELL COZAD:

(Charles 844; Samuel 698; Samuel 632; Samuel 607; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Charles Newell Cozad, was born June 11, 1865 at Cleveland., Ohio. Resided. at Caldwell, Kansas. Married. Edna Edwins Jones, December 31, 1891.

CHILD:
1771. i. Martha Anita Cozad, born December 12, 1892.

1.2.7.2.2.2.6 700 SARAH COZAD:

(Samuel Jr. 632; Samuel 607; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Sarah Cozad was born March 11, 1799 near Prosperity, Washington County, Pa.. Went with her parents to Cuyahoga County, Ohio; married December 2, 1817, to William Dudley Mather, born December 7', 1790, died September 5, 1824. They resided near Bath, Summit County, Ohio.

CHILDREN:
1.2.7.2.2.2.6.1 846i. George Mather, born March 6, 1819.
1.2.7.2.2.2.6.2 847ii. Jane Mather, born January 10, 1821.
1.2.7.2.2.2.6.3 848iii. Betsy Mather, born March 9, 1823; died November 12, 1840.

After the death of her 1st husband, Mather, Sarah married a second. time, November 2, 1830, to Johnathan Hale of Boston, Summit Summit County, Ohio, who died May 4, 1854.

Issue by second husband:

CHILDREN:
1.2.7.2.2.2.6.4 849iv. Jonathan D. Hale, born December 4, 1831, died July 20, 1854.
1.2.7.2.2.2.6.5 850v. Mercy Ann Hale, born April 3, 1835; died January 1, 1869.
1.2.7.2.2.2.6.6 851vi. Samuel Cozad Hale, born 3/9/1838; died September 22, 1867.

1.2.7.2.2.2.7 701 ANDREW COZAD:

(Samuel Jr. 632; Samuel 607; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Andrew Cozad was born November 7, 1801 near Prosperity, Washington County, Pa. He went with his parents to Cuyahoga. County, Ohio, where he married May 12, 1825, Sally Simmons, born August 17, 1805, died April 6, 1884, settled near his father's place at what is now the intersection of Euclid Ave., and Mayfield Street, East Cleveland, Ohio. The old homestead is now occupied by his daughter Sarah L. Duty (1921).

CHILDREN:
1.2.7.2.2.2.7.1 852i. Jane Clestia Cozad, born 9/9/1826, died January 8, 1829.
1.2.7.2.2.2.7.2 853ii. Mary Ann Cozad, born March 31, 1829, died January 25, 1830.
1.2.7.2.2.2.7.3 854iii. Nathan Clark Cozad, born 1/25/1831, died January 9, 1836.
1.2.7.2.2.2.7.4 855iv. Justus Lafayette Cozad, born August 18, 1833, Cleveland.
1.2.7.2.2.2.7.5 856v. Charlotte Cozad, born 2/19/1836; died September 18, 1838.
ANDREW DUDLEY COZAD:

(Andrew 701; Samuel Jr. 632; Samuel 607; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1)

Andrew Dudley Cozad was born June 9, 1839. Born, married and lived in Cuyahoga County or East Cleveland, Ohio, present address unknown (1898). Married Lucy Jane Crosby October 16, 1861.

CHILDREN:

1255. i. Florence Cozad, b.10/12/1859, Cleveland, Ohio.
1256. ii. Olive Cozad, born July 12, 1861, Cleveland, Ohio.
1257. iii. Jane Cozad, b.1/5/1863, Missionary in Japan.

OLIVE COZAD:

(Justus L. 855; Andrew 701; Samuel Jr. 632; Samuel 607; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1)

Olive Cozad was born July 12, 1861 in Case County, Nebraska. Resid.ed. at Cleveland, Ohio. Married August 30, 1882, to Theodore M. Bates, born March 19, 1858.

CHILDREN:

1773. ii. Olive Bates, born October 20, 1885, died May 1886.
1774. iii. Rosamond Bates, born April 14, 1887.

JANE COZAD:

(Justus L. 855; Andrew 701; Samuel Jr. 632; Samuel 607; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1)

Jane Cozad was born January 5, 1863 at Cleveland., Ohio, went as a Missionary to Japan.


CHILDREN:

1777. i. Florence Cozad. Newell, born November 7, 1890.
1779. iii. Harriet Newell.

ANDREW DUDLEY COZAD:

(Andrew 701; Samuel Jr. 632; Samuel 607; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1)

Andrew Dudley Cozad was born June 9, 1839. Born, married and lived in Cuyahoga County or East Cleveland, Ohio, present address unknown (1898). Married Lucy Jane Crosby October 16, 1861.

CHILDREN:
Anthony Cossart, Son of Jacques II the immigrant

1259. i. Andrew Crosby Cozad, born January 1, 1863.
1261. iii. Arthur Dudley Perry Cozad b.6/24/1871, Kansas City, MO

1259 ANDREW CROSBY COZAD:
(Andrew D. 857; Andrew 701; Samuel Jr. 632 Samuel 607; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Andrew Crosby Cozad, born January 1, 1863 at Cleveland, Ohio. Traveling - no permanent address. Married July 29, 1885 to Annie Elder of Jackson, Mich.

CHILD:
1780. i. Louis Andrew Cozad, born September 20, 1887: Lockport, New York.

1261 ARTHUR DUDLEY PERRY COZAD:
(Andrew D. 857; Andrew 701; Samuel Jr. 632; Samuel 607; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Arthur Dudley Perry Cozad was born June 24, 1871, at Cleveland, Ohio. Resided in Kansas City, Kansas, and was manager of the Cozad Printing Company. Married August 16, 1894, to Miriam Constance Dieren, born January 18, 1875.

CHILD:
1781. i. Allen Miriam Cozad, born June 15, 1895.

1.2.7.2.2.2.7.7 858 HENRY IRVING COZAD:
(Andrew 701; Samuel Jr. 632; Samuel 607; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Henry Irving Cozad born December 11, 1842. Born, married lived and died in Cuyahoga County, Ohio, or East Cleveland, Ohio. Married Emma L. Hine January 3, 1872.

CHILD:
1262. i. Dr. Henry Irving Cozad Jr., born 1873, Cleveland, Ohio.

1.2.7.2.2.2.7.8 859 SARAH LOWELLIN COZAD:
(Andrew 701; Samuel Jr. 632; Samuel 607; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Sarah Lowellin Cozad was born July 22, 1844. Born, lived at the old homestead, at the intersection of Euclid Ave., and Mayfield Street, Cleveland. Married May 12, 1875, to Daniel Duty, born September 12, 1832.

CHILDREN:
1263. i. Horance Andrew Duty, born July 24, 1876.
1264. ii. Spencer Marcus Duty, born September 28, 1878.
1265. iii. Alice Duty, born December 21, 1882.
1266. iv. Edith Duty, born December 21, 1882, died February 6, 1883.

1.2.7.2.2.2.7.9 860 MARCUS EUGENE COZAD:
(Andrew 701; Samuel Jr. 632; Samuel 607; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Marcus Eugene Cozad was born August 10, 1846. Born and lived in East Cleveland, Ohio. Lived
for a time in Pittsburg, Pa. Married November 30, 1872, to Margaret S. Wagoner, born at Ravena, Ohio, July 29, 1850.

CHILDREN:
1267. i. Henry Otis Cozad, born October 8, 1875.
1268. ii. Ellen Louisa Cozad, born February 6, 1881.
1269. iii. Margaret Cozad, born August 13, 1885.

1.2.7.2.2.2.8 702 NATHANIEL CLARK COZAD:
(Samuel Jr. 632; Samuel 607; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques i).

Nathaniel Clark Cozad, was born on July 25, 1803, near Prosperity, Washington County, Pa., and went to Cuyahoga County, Ohio, where he married June 26, 1824, to Anne Collier, who died September 11, 1828. After their marriage they settled on the old Homestead of his father, Samuel Jr., this site being now in the grounds of Adelbert College, East Cleveland, Ohio.

CHILDREN:
1.2.7.2.2.2.8.1 861. i. Martha Cordelia Cozad, born May 27, 1825, Cleveland, O.
1.2.7.2.2.2.8.2 862. ii. Minerva. Cozad, born August 1826, died 1831.

1.2.7.2.2.2.3 633 HENRY COZAD:
(Samuel 607; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Henry Cozad was born September 30, 1758; married about 1790 to Catherine Drake, nee Catherine Lozier, widow of Daniel Drake, of the Cozad and Clark settlement in New Jersey, who died soon after his marriage. Henry first settled near the old New Jersey homestead, but in 1796 went with his brother Samuel Jr., brother-in-law Casterline, and others to Washington Co., Pa., first settling on the brook, one mile north of the village of Prosperity (near present residence of Hugh A. Day) and later settling on the hill, one mile south west of Prosperity (near present residence of Hamilton Bell). Here he died in 1812. They were members of and are buried at the Upper Ten Mile Presbyterian Church, near Prosperity.

CHILDREN:
1.2.7.2.2.3.1 703 i. Eliphalet Cozad, born April 16, 1790; died November 10, 1836.
1.2.7.2.2.3.2 704 ii. Catherine Cozad, born March 22, 1801; died November 28, 1831.
1.2.7.2.2.3.3 705 iii. Oliver Cozad, born January 25, 1808; died September 6, 1888.

1.2.7.2.2.3.1 703 ELIPHALET COZAD:
(Henry 633; Samuel 607; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Eliphalet Cozad, was born April 16, 1790 in Mendham, N.J. settlement, went to Prosperity, Washington County, Pa., and married Mary A. Montgomery, March 11, 1818, lived in various places in western Pennsylvania. Removed to Cleveland, Ohio, and thence to Western Illinois. He died at Roseville, Warren County, Illinois.

CHILDREN:
1.2.7.2.2.3.1.1 863. i. Lucinda Cozad, born March 27, 1820; Lincoln, Nebr.
1.2.7.2.2.3.1.2 864. ii. Henry Cozad, born October 15, 1823; Red Cloud, Nebr.
1.2.7.2.2.3.1.3 865. iii. Stephen Montgomery Cozad, b. October 19, 1827; Malcolm, NE.

1.2.7.2.2.3.1.1 863 LUCINDA COZAD:
(Eliphalet 703; Henry 633; Samuel 607; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Lucinda Cozad was born March 27, 1820 in Pennsylvania. Resided at Topeka, Kan. Married W.J. Montgomery September 25, 1838.

CHILDREN:
1270. i. Eliphalet Montgomery.
Anthony Cossart, Son of Jacques II the immigrant

1271. ii. William Edmund Montgomery.
1272. iii. Irvin E. Montgomery.

1.2.7.2.3.1.2

864 HENRY COZAD:

(Eliphalet 703; Henry 633; Samuel 607; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Henry Cozad was born in Pennsylvania; resided at Red. Cloud, Nebraska. Married Mary Tutle, born August 18, 1826. He and his family were members of the Presbyterian Church, he formerly being an elder in the Presbyterian Church at Long Island, Kansas.

CHILDREN:

1274. i. Elizabeth Mary Cozad, born June 18, 1850; Long Island, Kan.
1275. ii. Stephenson Edmund Cozad, born July 31, 1852; Lincoln, NE.
1276. iii. James Oliver Cozad, born January 15, 1855, Lincoln, Neb.
1280. vii. Simeon Irvin Cozad, born September 10, 1864, Red Cloud, Nebr.
1281. viii. Henry Walker Cozad, was born June 14, 1867, Nebraska City, NE.
1282. ix. Arthur Bronson Cozad, born September 17, 1869, Red Cloud NE. Married Edith Brown, November 2, 1895.

1274 ELIZABETH MARY COZAD:

(Henry 864; Eliphalet 703; Henry 633; Samuel 607; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Elizabeth Mary Cozad was born June 18, 1850. Resided at Long Island, Kansas. Married Henry Hilliard, January 19, 1869.

CHILDREN:

1782. i. Albert Chester Hilliard, born 12/25/1873, died 2/18/1879.
1783. ii. Estella Crystal Hilliard, born 12/25/1873, died 2/20/1879.
1784. iii. Florence Irene Hilliard, born 9/2/1875, died 2/22/1879.

1275 STEPHENSON EDMUND COZAD:

(Henry 864; Eliphalet 703; Henry 633; Samuel 607; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Stephenson Edmund Cozad, born July 31, 1852. Resided at Lincoln, Nebraska. Married Hope Robotham March 16, 1877.

CHILDREN:

1785. i. Minnie May Cozad, born January 1, 1878, died May 11, 1879.
1786. ii. Lewis Elmer Cozad, born January 25, 1880.
1787. iii. Charles Stephenson Cozad, born 9/14/1882, died 7/14/1883.
1788. iv. Mary Elizabeth Cozad, born March 25, 1884.
1789. v. Simeon Earl Cozad, born May 12, 1887.
1790. vi. Robert Henry Cozad, born July 4, 1892.

1276 JAMES OLIVER COZAD:

(Henry 864; Eliphalet 703; Henry 633; Samuel 607; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).
James Oliver Cozad was born January 15, 1855. Resided at Lincoln, Neb. Married Margaret Woods August 17, 1892.

**CHILDREN:**

1791. i. George Hampson Cozad, born January 6, 1893.
1792. ii. Lizzie Irene Cozad, born April 6, 1895.

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**CHILDREN:**

1793. i. Henry Amos Cozad, born May 25, 1881.
1794. ii. Mary Elizabeth Cozad, born February 7, 1883.
1795. iii. Charles Titus Cozad, born May 1, 1885, died 11/17/1892.
1796. iv. David James Cozad, born June 5, 1887.
1797. v. Leslie Eliphalet Cozad, born 1/19/1890, died 1/24/1890.
1798. vi. Florence Emma Cozad, born February 4, 1891.

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Extracts from Orange County papers relative to their 50th wedding anniversary:

“Wednesday November 9, 1932 marks the fiftieth wedding anniversary of Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Cozad of Westminster, Calif.

For fifty years the couple have shared their joys and sorrows and the event is to be celebrated next week.

The major celebration will take place next Saturday and Sunday when thirty descendants of the couple will join them in the celebrations along with neighbors and friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Cozad were both born in Warren County, Ill., only six miles apart. However, they met for the first time at York, Nebr. During their Courtship they moved to Perry, Iowa, where they married in 1882. The couple moved to Auburn, Nebr., where Mr. Cozad went into business, later selling out and migrating to Long Island, Kansas. In 1901 they moved, to Alameda, Kan.

In 1904 Mrs. Cozad visited California, remaining here where her husband joined her after disposing of the Kansas property. Until 1923 they lived at Santa Anna, then coming to Westminster.

Mr. Cozad served in the Regular Army for six years beginning in 1879. During the Civil War, when only three years old, he learned to drum from his father who manufactured drums for the Army. By hand, Mr. Cozad has made over 400 pair of drum sticks, believed to be the largest collection in existence.
Anthony Cossart, Son of Jacques II the immigrant

The couple is affiliated with the Masonic lodges and the Odd Fellows and Rebekah Lodges.

Next Saturday afternoon the couple will be hosts to their many friends in this vicinity, who wish them continued. good health and success.”

The Westminister Gazette, Westminster, Calif., Thursday, November 10, 1832 says:

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Cozad were greatly surprised on the evening of their golden wedding anniversary, Wednesday November 9, 1932, when a large group of the Spanish War Veterans of Santa Ana surrounded their home for a charivari in commemoration of the event. The veterans' fife and drum corps were among the group and entertained with their music until a late hour. The honorees, Mr. and Mrs. Cozad, were presented many lovely bouquets along with congratulations from their many friends.

Saturday the two will be guests of honor at a reception being arranged by Sycamore Rebekah Lodge of Santa Ana, of which both have been members for many years, and Sunday they will be honored guests at their Westminster home.

As the parents of eight children and grandparents of nine, the latter generation, including twin girls, the golden wedding celebrants are proud of the fact that four of the progeny today are identified with the Odd Fellow end Rebekah orders which Mr. and Mrs. Cozad have been associated with for 42 and 40 years, respectively, both are past officers of their lodges. In the Cozad family are two past noble grands of the Rebekah branch and two past grands of the Odd Fellow branch. William John Cozad Jr., a past grand, also is past officer of Laurel Encampment No. 81, as is his father, Mr. Cozad and his wife, who was Ida I. Bishop, settled at Aurora, Neb. soon after their marriage, moving in 1901 to Almena, Kansas. In December 1908, they came to California, making their residence at Santa Ana until 1923, when they moved to Westminster.

The Cozad's eight children, all of whom reside within 40 miles of their parents, are Mrs. John A. Scott and Mrs. H.M. Ellis of Long Beach, Calif., Mrs. V. L. Finister, Santa Aria, Calif., Mrs. L. D. McDaniel, Westminster, Mrs. Verona M. Goetz and Mrs. W. E. Blanton, Glendale, Calif., William J. Cozad Jr., Balboa Island, Calif., Simeon T. Cozad.

Born in Warren County, Illinois, in 1859 and in 1865, respectively, and married in Perry, Dallas County, Iowa, on November 9, 1882. Mr. and Mrs. William John Cozad completed their fiftieth year of wedded life Wednesday, and the community joins in extending them their best wishes.

A copy of letter to the son of the compiler:

“Westminster, Calif.,
December 28th 1933.
My dear Master Joseph Cossairt Jr:

Got your letter mailed December 5th, also your nice Christmas Card, and had I been home, would have answered sooner. Now I will give you a little history of the drum stick. I was born September 22, 1859. My father had made drums for several years, and my earliest recollections were drums. From the time I began to crawl, they gave me a drum to keep me quiet, and in 1861 father began making them for the Civil War. On May 15th he took one of his own make, and steamed down the Mississippi, to or near Fort Donaldson. He was made Major, and participated in the battle of Fort Henry, and several others, until the battle of Vicksburg, July 2nd, 3rd, and 4th 1863. He was
sent home to make more drums. He never went back. It is estimated that he made 1,100 base drums and snare drums. His receipts were burned when our house burned in 1866. We saved some things, however, among them were the drums, and sticks that he used from May 16th 1861 to July 5th 1863. I have some of them here with me, also a drum used by E. M. Peakes during the war. Now I have at this time 400 pair drumsticks and keep them in a showcase. I had just finished, your pair calculating to send. them for Christmas 1932. The next morning I went back to the ranch at Fontana, and did not get back home until June 1, 1933. During this time the quake came, and turned my showcases over, and it was several months before I could. get at them, and when I came to your pair, (they were wrapped up ready for mailing) I took them over and mailed them, and returned to the ranch. Now my son has sold the ranch and I will be home from now on, hence the delay of this letter.

I have 98 different kinds of wood, from nearly every foreign country. The pair I sent you, were sent to me from the Philippine Islands, and was labeled Philippine light mahogany. Mr. Ellis who was overseas during the World War, mailed the wood to me. Of course there are several kinds of wood that I have not got, but different varieties keeps coming in. Some day I want your father and mother and you to come over and see my collection. I will make arrangements to come to Long Beach after you, and we will have an old fashioned chicken dinner.

I have been ill for almost a year and am down to 105 pounds. It seem like a shadow compared to the 180 pounds I weighed for 5 years. Our children and grandchildren prepared a Christmas dinner and we had a grand time. Another grandson makes 28 of us.

Hope you had a very pleasant and happy Christmas, and wish you a happy new year. I see that I have made many mistakes in this letter, but you will have to do like the man that got a letter from the Dutchman, who said: “Just read what I mean and not what I say.” With best wishes for you all.

I am very respectfully,

W. J. COZAD, Sr.”

The compiler visited Mr. Cozad in January 1935 and he was then recovering from the pneumonia and had been in very poor health for some time past.

CHILDREN:

1800. i. Eulalia Alice Cozad, born January 29, 1884.
1801. ii. Issola Albina Cozad, born September 29, 1885.
1802. iii. Mida Elizabeth Irene Cozad, born January 13, 1888.
1802. iv. India Estella Helen Cozad, born August 22, 1895.
1803 v. William John Cozad, Jr.
1804. vi. Simeon T. Cozad.
1805. vii. A daughter.
1806 viii. A daughter.

1279 CHARLES CUTLER COZAD:

(Henry 864; Eliphalet 703; Henry 633; Samuel 607; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).


CHILDREN:

1807. i. Cora Crystal Cozad, born September 24, 1885.
1808. ii. Albert Oliver Cozad, born February 9, 1887.
1809. iii. Laura Ellen Cozad, born November 17, 1888, died 12/25/1888.
1810. iv. Elizabeth Luticia Cozad, born June 26, 1890.
Anthony Cossart, Son of Jacques II the immigrant

1812.  vi.  Paul Calvin Cozad, born February 22, 1895.
1813.  vii.  Glen Alvin Cozad, born 2/22/1895, died June 1, 1895.

1280  SIMEON IRVIN COZAD:

(Henry 864; Eliphalet 703; Henry 633; Samuel 607; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Simeon Irvin Cozad was born September 10, 1864. Resided at Red Cloud, Neb. Married Harriet Vasbury, January 27, 1891.

CHILDREN:
1814.  i.  Gerald Clinton Cozad, born December 7, 1891.
1815.  ii.  Mary Elinor Cozad, born September 12, 1894.

1.2.7.2.3.1.3  865  STEPHENSON MONTGOMERY COZAD:

(Eliphalet 703; Henry 633; Samuel 607; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).


CHILDREN:
1283.  i.  Sarah Bell Cozad, born November 20, 1874.
1284.  ii.  Walter Franklin Cozad, born November 27, 1876, Malcolm, Nebr.

1.2.7.2.3.2  704  CATHERINE COZAD:

(Henry 633; Samuel 607; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Catherine Cozad, was born March 22, 1801, near Prosperity, Washington County, Pa., where she lived all her life. She married September 17, 1817 to William Houghland.

CHILDREN:
1.2.7.2.3.2.1  866i.  Delilah Houghland b. 8/14/1818; d. 8/19/1884; m. Samuel Lively
1.2.7.2.3.2.2  867ii.  Alvira Houghland (Elvira) b. 3/14/1820; d. 6/18/1863; m. Joseph Knight
1.2.7.2.3.2.3  868iii.  Samuel Houghland b. 10/29/1821; d. December 31, 1896.
1.2.7.2.3.2.4  869iv.  Mary Houghland b. June 4, 1825; m. Hamilton Holdren.
1.2.7.2.3.2.5  870v.  Malinda Houghland b. June 18, 1823; d. March 3, 1825.
1.2.7.2.3.2.6  871vi.  Milton Houghland b. 6/11/1827 d. 6/23/1904; m. Sarah Jane Russell
1.2.7.2.3.2.7  872vii.  Emilene Houghland b. 11/14/1829; d. 3/1/1903; m. Samuel Lively, his 2nd wife
1.2.7.2.3.2.8  873viii.  Catherine Houghland (Katherine) b.2/5/1831; d. 8/25/1838.

(The information about the Houghland children in parentheses above was penciled in by some individual who read the volume after its publication. Current Publisher, L.K.C.)

1.2.7.2.3.3  705  OLIVER COZAD:

(Henry 633; Samuel 607; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Oliver Cozad was born January 25, 1808 near Prosperity, Washington County, Pa., and died near Van Buren, same county. Married January 19, 1832, Jane Van Kirk, born November 12,
1817, died March 16, 1884. They were first members of the Cumberland Presbyterian Church at Van Buren and later became members of the United Presbyterian Church at Prosperity. They were buried in the new cemetery at Prosperity.

CHILDREN:

1.2.7.2.3.3.1  874  HENRY VAN KIRK COZAD.

(Oliver 705; Henry 633; Samuel 607; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Henry Van Kirk Cozad was born March 31, 1834 near Van Buren in Washington County, Pa. Married May 24, 1860 to Elizabeth Ann McCollister, born November 11, 1839, at Jefferson, Pa. After his marriage he settled in Vermillion County, Illinois, and later returned to Pennsylvania (1784), and resided near Clayville, Washington County. First member of Cumberland Presbyterian Church, later became a member of the Methodist Episcopal Church at Clayville.

CHILDREN:

1285. i.  Oliver Lindley Cozad, born March 23, 1862, died 1933.

1285  OLIVER LINDLEY COZAD:

(Henry V. 874; Oliver 705; Henry 633; Samuel 607; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Oliver Lindley Cozad, born March 23, 1862, near Danville, Illinois, went with his parents to Washington County, Pennsylvania in 1874. Resided at Marion, Ohio. Married December 23, 1890 to Mary Lighter, of Ninevah, Penna., born April 14, 1865. Mr. Cozad was a fourth cousin of the late President Warren G. Harding. Mr. Cozad collected data on the descendants of Jacques Cossart for about 43 years, from 1889 to 1892, and it is said that his collection was greater than anyone else had ever accumulated on his branch of the family. Most of the data herein was collected by Mr. Cozad. See his letters on pages 177 and 178. He died either in 1932 or 1933 from injuries sustained when he fell from the roof of his residence at Marion, Ohio. Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Rogers, 113½ West Madison Street, Gibsonburg, Ohio, are now in possession of his collection of Cossart data.

CHILD:

1816. i.  Bertha Elizabeth Cozad, born April 18, 1894.

1.2.7.2.3.3.2  875  CAROLINE COZAD:

(Oliver 705; Henry 633; Samuel 607; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Caroline Cozad was born June 14, 1836, near Van Buren, died at Graysville, Pa. Married August 12, 1856, to Robert Johnson, born October 26, 1833, died March 26, 1883, lived in Washington County and Allegheny County, Pa., Vermillion County, Illinois, Cameron, W. Va. Were members of Christian Church.

CHILDREN:

1290  i.  Oliver Allen Cozad Johnson, born May 9, 1857; Washington, Pa.
1291. ii. Ella Jane Johnson, born March 26, 1861; married Ellsworth Cathers; Rogerville,
Anthony Cossart, Son of Jacques II the immigrant

1292. iii. Ellsworth Windom Johnson, born September 4, 1863, died September 9, 1892.

1.2.7.2.3.3

MARY ELLEN COZAD:

(Oliver 705; Henry 633; Samuel 607; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Mary Ellen Cozad was born February 28, 1840, near Van Buren. Married Isaac Riggle October 15, 1869, first settled near Washington, present residence near Jefferson, Pa. (1896).

CHILDREN:

1293. i. Marcus Cassius, born August 12, 1870, Jefferson, Green County, Pa.
1295. iii. Ruth O’Ella Riggle, born May 18, 1874, Jefferson, Green County, Pa.

1.2.7.2.3.5

CASSIUS CLAY COZAD:

(Oliver 705; Henry 633; Samuel 607; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Cassius Clay Cozad, born June 12, 1844, near Van Buren, Washington County, Pa. Married May 23, 1872, to Mary O’Ella. Stockton, born near Washington, Pa. December 2, 1851. They lived at Cleveland, Ohio, Pittsburg, Pa., Cincinnati, Ohio, and Chicago, Illinois. His office was in the Omaha Building on Van Buren Street, Chicago. They were members of the Presbyterian Church and had no children.

1.2.7.2.3.6

SAMUEL WEIR COZAD:

(Oliver 705; Henry 633; Samuel 607; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Samuel Weir Cozad was born August 10, 1847. Born, married and first settled near Van Buren, Washington County, Pa. Married September 8, 1872, to Ann Elizabeth Lindley, born March 19, 1853; first settled on father’s old homestead, later at Washington, Pa. Present residence San Diego, Calif. (1896). Member of Cumberland Presbyterian Church.

CHILD:

1299 i. Oliver Oscar Cozad, born September 6, 1875, San Diego, Calif.

1.2.7.2.4

ABIGAIL COZAD:

(Samuel 607; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Abigail Cozad was born January 6, 1761; married Andrew McIlrath and first settled near Mendham, N.J. About 1806 they went from New Jersey to Cuyohoga County, Ohio, settling near the village of Cleveland, near Euclid. They were among the founders of the Euclid Presbyterian Church, which was founded in August 1807, and they were buried beside this church.

CHILDREN:

1.2.7.2.4.1 706 i. Anne McIlrath; married David Bunnell.
1.2.7.2.4.2 707 ii. Lydia McIlrath; married Abraham Mattox.
1.2.7.2.4.3 708 iii. Abbigail McIlrath; married Abram L. Norris.
1.2.7.2.4.4 709 iv. Polly McIlrath; married Jesse Adams.
1.2.7.2.4.5 710 v. Samuel McIlrath; married Betsy Carlton.
1.2.7.2.4.6 711 vi. Elizabeth McIlrath; married Nehemiah Dille.
1.2.7.2.4.7 712 vii. Phoebe McIlrath; married Poul P. Condit.
1.2.7.2.2.4.8 713  viii. Andrew McIlrath: married Angeline O'Connor.

1.2.7.2.2.5 635  ELIZABETH COZAD:
(Samuel 607; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Elizabeth Cozad was born June 10, 1763; married Thomas McIlrath and first settled near Mendham, N.J. About 1806 went to Cuyahoga County, Ohio, settling near Euclid. They were among the founders and are buried, beside the Euclid Presbyterian Church.

CHILDREN:
1.2.7.2.2.5.1 714  i. Thomas McIlrath: married Jerushah Brainard.
1.2.7.2.2.5.2 715.  ii. Samuel McIlrath: married Lucy Brainard.
1.2.7.2.2.5.3 716. iii. Phoebe McIlrath: married Mr. Frost.
1.2.7.2.2.5.4 717  iv. Mary McIlrath: m. 1st time Mr. Thomas; m. 2nd time Mr. Baldwin.
1.2.7.2.2.5.5 718  v. Henry McIlrath. Never married.

1.2.7.2.2.7 637  PHOEBE COZAD:
(Samuel 607; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Phoebe Cozad was born August 26, 1769; married Ziba Casterline and first settled in the Cozad and Clark settlement, near Mendham, N.J., in 1796; later in company with the families of Samuel Jr., and Henry Cozad and other New Jersey families went to Washington County, Pa., near Prosperity. They lived near this place and what is now near Sparta P.O. Phoebe and youngest daughter died in 1824 and Casterline soon afterwards went to Trumbull County, Ohio, where he remarried and settled at what is now the town of Cortland. He was born October 30, 1767, died November 24, 1838. His children by Phoebe Cozad were as shown below.

CHILDREN:
1.2.7.2.2.7.1 719  i. Daniel L. Casterline, born 1/6/1794; died February 15, 1868.
1.2.7.2.2.7.2 720  ii. Anne Casterline, b. 2/28/1786; died 3/13/1700. m. Henry Hathaway.
1.2.7.2.2.7.3 721  iii. Mary Casterline, born September 6, 1798; died November 30, 1843; married Artemas Hathaway.
1.2.7.2.2.7.4 722  iv. Joel Casterline, born February 16, 1801; died April 18, 1867.
1.2.7.2.2.7.5 723.  v. Ziba Casterline, born July 21, 1803.
1.2.7.2.2.7.6 724.  vi. Ithiel Casterline, born February 9, 1806.
1.2.7.2.2.7.7 725. vii. Elizabeth Casterline, born August 20, 1809; died June 12, 1824.

1.2.7.2.3 608  JOB COZAD:
(Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Job Cozad was born 1727/8; died in August or September of 1815. He and his brother Jacob were the first members of the Cossart family to change the spelling of the surname to COZAD. He married Hannah Winmans, born 1733; died March 2, 1815.

Job appears to have been an extensive dealer in real estate as the public records of Sussex County, N.J., shows many deeds of conveyance of lands, etc., on which his name appears.

He took an active part in religious work as will be seen by the following clause which appears in his will.

"First, I give and bequeath the meeting house which I built and named "Bethel", to the inhabitants of the neighborhood adjacent, etc." This will is dated August 8, 1812 and is on file at Newton, New Jersey.

Job and his wife settled, lived and died in Frankfort Township, Sussex County, N.J. They had a family of nine children, six of whom were living at the time of his will.

A headstone was erected at his grave but has since been broken and it is said was used in constructing the foundation of a barn nearby. Some of his descendants through his youngest daughter Hannah still live in Sussex County, New Jersey.
Anthony Cossart, Son of Jacques II the immigrant

The Will of Job Cosad:

“In the name of God, Amen. I Job Cosad of the township of Frankford in the County of Sussex and state of New Jersey, being of sound mind and disposing memory but bearing in mind the mortality of the body, do make publish and declare, this to be my last will and testament, revoking disallowing and making void, all my former wills and testaments, or any gifts or bequests heretofore given or bequeathed, or any act or thing by the same named, fully ratifying this to be my last will and testament in manner and form as follows.

Item 1st - I recommend my soul to God who gave it.

2nd · I recommend that my body be buried in a decent Christian like manner, at the discretion of my Executors hereafter named, near the meeting house, where I at this time live, not doubting but I shall receive the same again with joy at the resurrection of the just, and as touching my worldly estate wherewith it hath pleased God to help me I give and dispose of in the following manner (that is to say).

First, I give and bequeath the meeting house which I built and named Bethel, to the inhabitants of the neighborhood adjacent for the time being, to be hereafter called the Congregational Meeting House (reserving to my heirs forever two Pews therein such as they may choose) or as long as the said house shall be kept for a place to worship God.

Secondly, I give and bequeath unto my beloved wife Hannah, one half of the income of all my estate both real and personal which I may be seized of at the time of my death, during her natural life, to be paid to her by my executors, as she may want the same. All this I give her in lieu of her right of dower, in case she accepts thereof under her hand in writing in forty days after my decease.

I also give and bequeath unto my daughter Anne who married Peter Fisher the sum of one hundred and fifty dollars to be paid to her or her legal representatives with interest after my decease. And in regard to my daughter Phebe, I having advanced her in cash and my own obligation to the amount of two hundred dollars, I consider that sum as her full share of my estate and therefore order her nothing more.

Also, I give and bequeath to my daughter Hannah who is married to John Allet and to her heirs, all the land I own adjoining the lands of John Phillips excepting two lots adjoining which I bought of Benjamin Roe of about ten acres, and the other I bought of Martin Ryerson of about seven acres.

Also I give and bequeath unto Job Cosad Allet son of my said daughter Hannah and to his heirs and assigns forever the two last named lots adjoining the lands bequeathed to his mother namely the lot bought of Benjamin Roe and the lot bought of Martin Ryerson, in the two lots upwards of seventeen acres, one acre and a half having been heretofore disposed of or sold.

Also I give and bequeath unto my son Job Cosad all the residue of my lands and improvements whatever in the said township of Frankford to him and to his heirs and assigns forever together with the former plantation where I now live.

Also I give and bequeath to my son Nathaniel Cosad the sum of five hundred dollars to be paid to him or his legal representatives.

Also I give and bequeath unto my son Elihu Cosad the sum of five hundred dollars to be paid to him or his legal representatives, the residue of my personal estate, if any, to be divided among my three sons.

Lastly I nominate constitute and appoint my trusty friends John Gustin, Leonard Struble and William Hough executors of this my last will and testament, beseeching them to execute the same agreeable to my intention as herein set forth.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my seal this eighth day of August in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and twelve.

Signed sealed published and declared by the said Job Cosad to be his testament and

JOHN COZAD (SEAL)
Last Will in the presence of us:

Benjamin Roe Junr.
William Roe
Peter L. Strubel,

A Codicil to the Will.

The within named Job Cozad do further order and direct that the four shares I hold in the extension of the Union Turnpike road be held and kept for the use of the minister or ministers of the Gospel that shall or may regularly preach in the within named meeting house and that the income of the sd shares be regular paid to them as often as the same is received. Given under my hand and seal this 9th day of August eighteen hundred and twelve. Signed sealed published and declared by Job Cozad to be a codicil to the within will in presence of Peter L. Struble, Benjamin Roe Junr., William Roe.

JOB COZAD (L.S.)

An additional Codicil to the within will.

Whereas since I Job Cozad have published the within testament, my within named daughter Hannah has died.

I do now will and direct that the land willed to her and her heirs, be given to her son William and Job Allet to be divided as follows beginning at a white oak stump for a corner of the lot called the Roe lot and run by marked lines which I have marked to the line of John Phillips. William to have the north west end and Job to have the lower or south east end their heirs and assigns forever. And it is my will that the lots reserved out of the land willed to my said daughter Hannah be added hereunto and as a part of the same And I do further will and direct that in lieu of the land willed and bequeathed to my son Job Cozad that he have the sum of one thousand dollars, the one-half to be paid after my decease and the other half after the decease of my present wife, and any overplus that may arise from my estate after all legacies paid I will and bequeath to be equally divided between my sons Nathaniel and Elihu, and in regard to the Meeting House willed to the inhabitants of the neighborhood, my meaning is that they have the use thereof as such to be free for Presbyterians, Baptists, Methodists, Congregationalists, Quakers, &c.

My will further is that the six cows and six sheep now in possession of John Allet be given to the two daughters of my sd daughter Hannah. Signed sealed published and declared to be the codicil to the within will in presence of William A. Gustin, Jacob Caney, Daniel Predmore Junr.

(JACOB COZAD) (LS)

SUSSEX COUNTY ss

Peter L. Struble and Benjamin Roe Junr. two of the witnesses to the within will and Codicil being duly sworn did severally depose and say that they saw Job Cozad the testator therein named sign seal the same and heard him publish pronounce and declare the writing to be his last will and testament and Codicil thereto annexed and at the several times of doing thereof the said testator was of sound and disposing mind and memory as far as they know and as they verily believe and that William Roe the other subscribing evidence was present at the same time and signed his name as witness to the said will and Codicil together with these deponents in the presence of the said testator.

Sworn at Newton the 25th day of September, anno Domini 1815 before me, D. STUART, Surrogate.

Benj. Roe Junr.
Peter L. Strube.

William A. Gustin, one of the subscribing witnesses to the within additional Codicil to the within last will and testament being duly sworn did depose and say that he saw the said Job Cozad sign and seal the within additional Codicil and heard him publish pronounce and declare the same to be an additional Codicil to his last will and testament. And that the doing thereof the said testator was of sound and disposing mind and memory as far as he knows and as he verily believes. And that Daniel Predmore Jun. and Jacob Caney the other subscribing evidence was present at the same time and signed their names as witnesses to the said additional codicil together with this deponent in the presence of the said testator. Sworn at Newton the 25th day of
Anthony Cossart, Son of Jacques II the immigrant

John Gustin, Leonard Struble and Wm. Hough the executors in the within testament named being duly sworn did severally declare that the within writing contain the time last will and testament of Jacob Cosad the testator therein named with the codicils thereto annexed, as far as they know and as they verily believe, that will well and truly perform the same by first paying the debts of the said deceased and then the legacies in the said testament and codicils specified as far as the goods chattles and credits of the dec'd. can thererunto extend. And that they will make and exhibit unto the Surrogate's Office of Sussex, a true and perfect inventory of all and singular the goods chattles and credits of the said dec'd. that have or shall come to their knowledge or possession or to the possession of any other person or persons for their use and render a true account when thereunto by law required. Sworn at Newton the 25th day of September, Anno Domini 1815 before me.

D. Stuart, Surrogate.

John Gustin
Leonard Struble
Wm. Hough

I Daniel Stuart, Surrogate of the County of Sussex, do certify the annexed to be a true copy of the last will and testament and Codicils thereto annexed of Job Cosad late of the county of Sussex, dec'd.: and that John Gustin, Leonard Struble and Wm. Hugh the executors therein named proved the same before me and are duly authorized to take upon themselves the administration of the estate of the testator agreeably to the said will. Witness my hand and seal of Office the 25th day of September Anno Domini 1815.

D. Stuart.

STATE OF NEW JERSEY.
Sussex County Surrogates Office,

SUSSEX COUNTY, ss )

I, Samuel Johnson, surrogate of the County of Sussex, and Clerk of the Orphan's Court thereof, do hereby certify that I have compared the foregoing copy of the Last Will and Testament and Codicils thereto and Proofs &c., with the original records thereof, now remaining in my office, and have found the same to be a true copy therefrom.

(SEAL)

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my official seal at Newton, this 27th day of March A.D., eighteen hundred and ninety four.

/s/ SAMUEL JOHNSON,
Surrogate.”

(Copy of will mentioned above is in the possession of Mrs. Clara Cozad Keezel, Reynolds, Illinois).

CHILDREN: (of Job and Hannah)

1.2.7.2.3.1 638  i.  Benene Cozad, born September 27, 1761.
1.2.7.2.3.2 639  ii.  Anne Cozad, born December 13, 1763; she married Peter Fisher and was living at the time of her father's death. We have no further record of her family.
1.2.7.2.3.3 640  iii.  Nathaniel Cozad, born July 16, 1764.
1.2.7.2.3.4 641  iv.  Abigail Cozad, born January 7, 1766.
1.2.7.2.3.5 642  v.  Rev. Job Cozad Jr., born August 16, 1769; died 1820.
1.2.7.2.3.6 643  vi.  Elishu Cozad., born December 20, 1771; died 1829.
1.2.7.2.3.7 644  vii.  Jacob Cozad, born January 31, 1774.
1.2.7.2.3.8 645  viii.  Phoebe Cozad, born in 1776. She was living at the time of her fathers death (1815) as her name is mentioned in his will but there are no records as to what became of her.
1.2.7.2.3.9 646  ix.  Hannah Cozad, born February 10, 1778; died September 26, 1812.

NOTE:
As no mention is made in Job's will of Benene, Abigail or Jacob, they had probably died in infancy, or without issue previous to the time of the will in 1812.
NATHANIEL COZAD:
(Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Nathaniel Cozad was born July 16, 1764; married in New Jersey about 1784 (wife's name unknown). Not long after his marriage he went to Washington County, Pennsylvania and was among the earliest settlers of that county. In 1796 he moved to Mercer County, Pa., and was among the early settlers of Lackawanock Township. (See history of Mercer Co., Pa.).

CHILDREN:
1.2.7.2.3.3.1 726. i. Mary Cozad, born July 5, 1785, she married a Mr. Jennings of Mercer County, Pennsylvania. No record
1.2.7.2.3.3.2 727. ii. Elizabeth Cozad, born June 2, 1787, married a Mr. Ritchey. No farther record
1.2.7.2.3.3.3 728. iii. Catherine Cozad, born September 7, 1789; she married a Mr. Jewell. No further record.
1.2.7.2.3.3.4 729 iv. Jacob Cozad, born September 20, 1795; died October 30, 1797.
1.2.7.2.3.3.5 730 v. Job Cozad, born September 29, 1793.
1.2.7.2.3.3.6 vi. Nathaniel Cozad Jr., born April 15, 1800.

JACOB COZAD:
(Nathaniel 640; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Jacob Cozad was born September 2, 1795; married 1st wife, Hannah Jones who was born at Winchester, and had six children. After her death he married a second wife (name unknown) and had two children by her. They all lived in Mercer County, Pa.

CHILDREN: (By 1st wife)
1.2.7.2.3.3.4.1 880. i. Elias Cozad, born April 12, 1823.
1.2.7.2.3.3.4.2 881. ii. Hiram Cozad, born October 8, 1824.
1.2.7.2.3.3.4.3 882. iii. Eliza Cozad, born May 3, 1826, died October 5, 1846. (Eliza Jane Cozad)
1.2.7.2.3.3.4.4 883. iv. Julia Ann Cozad, born in January 1828, died October 15, 1879.
1.2.7.2.3.3.4.5 884. v. Aaron Cozad, born December 14, 1829, died April 29, 1886.
1.2.7.2.3.3.4.6 885 vi. Carver Cozad, born August 23, 1831.

CHILDREN: (By 2nd wife)
1.2.7.2.3.3.4.7 886 vii. William Cozad, died, while serving in the Army. See military data on a William Cozad. Company K, 4th Iowa Volunteer Infantry in addenda.
1.2.7.2.3.3.4.8 887 viii. Phoebe Cozad, born May 27, 1833, died August 16, 1853.

JOB COZAD:
(Nathaniel 640; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Job Cozad was born September 29, 1793; he was a soldier in the War of 1812. His first wife was Mary Calberson. Second wife's name not known.

CHILDREN: (By 1st wife)
1.2.7.2.3.3.5.1 888. i. John Cozad, born July 10, 1813.
1.2.7.2.3.3.5.2 889. ii. Jacob Cozad, born April 4, 1816, died April 6, 1889.
1.2.7.2.3.3.5.3 890. iii. Martha Cozad.
1.2.7.2.3.3.5.4 891. iv. Elizabeth Cozad, born August 22, 1822, died March 22, 1890.
1.2.7.2.3.3.5.5 892. v. Nancy Cozad. Married Hikirk. No record.
1.2.7.2.3.3.5.6 893. vi. Ann Cozad. Married No record.
1.2.7.2.3.3.5.7 894 vii. Sarah Cozad. Married No record

CHILDREN: (By 2nd wife)
1.2.7.2.3.3.5.8 895 viii. Mary Cozad, married a Mr. Kennard; no further record
1.2.7.2.3.3.5.9 896 ix. Margaret Cozad.
1.2.7.2.3.3.5.10 897 x. Hannah Cozad.
1.2.7.2.3.3.5.11 898 xi. Thomas Pearson Cozad.
Anthony Cossart, Son of Jacques II the immigrant

1.2.7.2.3.3.5.12  899  xii.  Wil William Cozad was born December 9, 1836 of Coalburg, Trumbull Cnty, OH; married, January 9, 1858 to Elsie Edwards who was born March 28, 1838. No record of family.

1.2.7.2.3.3.5.1  888  JOHN COZAD:
(Job 730; Nathaniel 640; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

John Cozad was born July 10, 1813, Mercer County, Pa., was living in 1895 at Watkins, Benton County, Iowa. Married January 1835 to Polly Smith.

CHILDREN:
1300. i.  Mary Cozad, born December 23, 1838.
1301. ii.  Benjamin Cozad, born August 8, 1840, died July 3, 1883.
1103. iv.  Rebecca F. Cozad, born October 30, 1843; never married.
1304. v.  Barbara Cozad, born May 12, 1850, died February 1863.
1305. vi.  Elizabeth Cozad, born October 21, 1852.

1301  BENJAMIN COZAD:
(Job 888; Job 730; Nathaniel 640; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Benjamin Cozad was born August 8, 1840. Lived and died near Watkins, Iowa. Married January 7, 1868 to Mary A. Hill.

CHILDREN:
1817. i.  John A. Cozad, born January 8, 1868, died August 17, 1877.
1819. iii.  Edwin Cozad, born May 7, 1874, Watkins, Iowa.
1820. iv.  Orra Cozad, born March 21, 1877. Married, September 6, 1894 to Harry E. Troutman, and lived at Eldora, Hardin Co., Iowa.
1821. v.  Leonora Cozad, born November 9, 1878.
1822. vi.  Emma Cozad, born April 1, 1882.

1302  NANCY J. COZAD:
(Job 888; Job 730; Nathaniel 640; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Nancy J. Cozad was born March 31, 1842. Married December 3, 1866 to Jacob Liehty of Watkins, Iowa. They had three children.

CHILDREN:
1823. i.  John F. Liehty, born January 3, 1868.
1824. ii.  Mary B. Liehty, born January 18, 1872.
1825. iii.  George H. Liehty, born January 10, 1878.

1.2.7.2.3.3.5.2  889  JACOB COZAD:
(Job 730; Nathaniel 640; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).
Jacob Cozad was born April 14, 1816, married December 23, 1834 to Sarah Ann Pipenger who was born October 15, 1819 and was living in 1895 in Crawford County, Pa.

**CHILDREN:**

1306  i.  Margaret Jane Cozad, born November 5, 1837; married Calvin Reeder, no children.

1307  ii.  Jacob David Cozad, born January 12, 1842, died October 8, 1859.

1308  iii.  William Alexander Cozad, born February 12, 1844.

1309  iv.  Lydia Merilda B. Cozad, born July 5, 1847.

1310  v.  Mary Frances Cozad, born June 3, 1850.

1311  vi.  Lovey Adelaide Cozad, born April 18, 1853.  

1308  **WILLIAM ALEXANDER COZAD:**

(Jacob 889; Job 730; Nathaniel 640; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

William Alexander Cozad was born February 12, 1844, Married February 14, 1865 to Sarah Elizabeth McCarthey.

**CHILDREN:**

1826  i.  James E. Cozad, born November 18, 1865.

1827  ii.  Henry Scott Cozad, graduate of Medical College at Cincinnati, Ohio.

1310  **MARY FRANCES COZAD:**

(Jacob 889; Job 730; Nathaniel 640; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Mary Frances Cozad was born June 3, 1850. Married December 25, 1866 to George W. Shaffer of Mercer County, Pa., had six children.

**CHILDREN:**

1828  i.  Mathias Shaffer, born December 16, 1867.

1829  ii.  Lydia J. Shaffer, born August 25, 1869.

1830  iii.  Sarah Ann Shaffer, born August 21, 1872; married Morgan Shallenburger.

1831  iv.  Anna Shaffer, born October 13, 1875, died in infancy.

1832  v.  Jacob David Shaffer, born November 13, 1879.

1833  vi.  Callie Jane Shaffer, born June 12, 1882.

1311  **LOVEY ADELAIDE COZAD:**

(Jacob 889; Job 730; Nathaniel 640; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Lovey Adelaide Cozad was born April 18, 1853. Married December 22, 1870 to Joseph Webster of Mercer County, Pa.

**CHILDREN:**

1834  i.  Mary Alice Webster, born 4/23/1873. Married William Metcalf, 2/14/1899.

1835.  ii.  Harry Edison Webster, born June 30, 1877.

1836  iii.  Addie Belle Webster, born October 6, 1880.

1.2.7.2.3.3.5.3  **890  MARTHA COZAD:**

(Job 730; Nathaniel 640; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Martha Cozad, married her cousin John Cozad, oldest son of her Uncle Nathaniel.

**CHILDREN:**

1313  i.  William Cozad, born May 6, 1837, died circa 1875.

1314.  ii.  John C. Cozad, born April 7, 1839.

1315.  iii.  Nathaniel Cozad, born 2/12/1844. Married March 1873 to Mary Miner.

1316.  iv.  Elizabeth Cozad, born November 11, 1845.

Anthony Cossart, Son of Jacques II the immigrant

Anthony Cossart

William Cozad:

William Cozad was born May 6, 1837 in Mercer County, Pa. Married June 16, 1856 to Jane Watson. He settled in Michigan and died somewhere in that state about 1875.

CHILDREN:

1837. i. Alice A. Cozad.
1838. ii. Lilliam M. Cozad.
1839. iii. John C. Cozad.
1840. iv. Charles E. Cozad, Detroit, Michigan.
1841. v. Leroy Cozad.
1842. vi. William Cozad.

John C. Cozad:

John C. Cozad was born April 7, 1839 in Mercer County, Pa., married. February 12, 1863 to Mary Elizabeth Gill.

CHILDREN:

1844. ii. Florence Luthalia Cozad, born February 15, 1866.
1846. iv. Harry Staunton Cozad, born December 16, 1868. Mercer Co, Pa., married August 1, 1892 to Emma Miller.
1847. v. William Adrian Cozad, born February 6, 1871.
1848. vi. Alva Clyde Cozad, born January 15, 1873.
1849. vii. Irene May Cozad, born April 30, 1875.
1851. ix. Charles Eugene Cozad, born September 15, 1879, died February 12, 1889.

Elizabeth Cozad:

Elizabeth Cozad was born August 22, 1822, married May 23, 1839 to Nicholas Pipenger who died December 25, 1861.

CHILDREN:

1321. i. Isaac Job Pipinger, born February 20, 1840, died from wounds received while serving in the 3rd. Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry in 1861.
1323. iii. Frances Jane Pipenger, born February 18, 1842: married Leary Payne May 22, 1865.
Thomas Pearson Cozad, was born January 16, 1831; married June 2, 1854 to Jane Jones who was born April 2, 1838.

CHILDREN:
1328. i. Thomas Jones Cozad, born October 2, 1854. Married Lillian Wells December 1886
1329. ii. John Wesley Cozad, born March 2, 1859 Chicago, IL
1330. iii. William F. Cozad, born May 23, 1861. Chicago, IL
1332. v. Mary Jane Cozad, born July 28, 1865. married. Henry Deems
1333. vi. Anna E. Cozad, born December 5, 1867.
1334. vii. Albert A. Cozad, born February 13, 1870.
1336. ix. Ida Margaret Cozad, born August 4, 1874.
1337. x. E11a May Cozad, born July 24, 1877.

1.2.7.2.3.3.5.12 899 WILLIAM COZAD:
(Job 730: Nathaniel 640: Job 608: Jacob 601: Anthony 10: Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

William Cozad was born December 9, 1836; married. January 9, 1858 to Elsie Edwards who was born March 28, 1838. No record of family. Lived at Coalburg, Trumbull County, Ohio.

1.2.7.2.3.3.6 731 NATHANIEL COZAD JR:
(Nathaniel 640: Job 608: Jacob 601: Anthony 10: Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Nathaniel Cozad, Jr. was born April 15, 1800.

CHILDREN:
1.2.7.2.3.3.6.1900. i. John Cozad was born April 7, 1839; married his cousin 890 -Martha Cozad, daughter of his uncle Job Cozad. They had eight children. For record. see No. 890.
1.2.7.2.3.3.6.2 901. ii. William Cozad, died December 22, 1891.
1.2.7.2.3.3.6.3 902. iii. Ann Cozad.
1.2.7.2.3.3.6.4 903. iv. Eliza Cozad, married William Steese. They had one son.
1.2.7.2.3.3.6.5 904. v. Deassa Cozad.
1.2.7.2.3.3.6.6 905. vi. Jane Cozad.
1.2.7.2.3.3.6.7 906. vii. Lucy Cozad.

1.2.7.2.3.3.6.2 901 WILLIAM COZAD:
(Nathaniel 731: Nathaniel 640: Job 608: Jacob 601: Anthony 10: Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

William Cozad, died December 22, 1891. Married January 9, 1858 to Eliza Edwards who was born March 28, 1838.

CHILDREN:
1338. i. Mary Cozad, born March 28, 1859.
1340. iii. William Roger Cozad, born June 10, 1862, died August 13, 1862.
1342. v. Merida Jane Cozad, born September 23, 1866; married. Mr. William Bennell.
1343. vi. Sarah Ann Cozad, born May 19, 1869, died October 12, 1870.
1344. vii. Eliza Alice Cozad, born April 1872.
1345 viii. William George Cozad, born April 1, 1876.
1344. ix. Birda Wilma Cozad, born January 31, 1876.
1345. x. Thomas James Cozad, born November 11, 1876, died September 7, 1877.
Anthony Cossart, Son of Jacques II the immigrant

1346. xi. Florence Ellsworth Cozad, born November 11, 1876; died September 4, 1878.

1.2.7.2.3.5 642 REVEREND JOB COZAD:
(Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

The Rev. Job Cozad was a Methodist minister while yet a young man and went down into Upshur County, Va., and settled near Buckhannon, on Hews River where he was married to Catherine Fink and about 1800 he crossed over into Ohio and settled in Ross County. He and his eldest sons Harry and Daniel were soldiers in the war of 1812 and were surrendered by General Hull at Fort Detroit. After the war he returned to Vinton County, Ohio, and died of cold plague, while preaching on his circuit near McArthur in 1820.

CHILDREN:
1.2.7.2.3.5.1 732 i. Henry Cozad, born 1792; died 1857.
1.2.7.2.3.5.2 733 ii. Daniel Cozad, born 1793 in Upshire County, Va. Came to Ohio and was in the War of 1812 with his brother Henry and his father. He died in Vinton County of cold plague in 1820. He was never married.
1.2.7.2.3.5.3 734 iii. Abigail Cozad, born 1795-6.
1.2.7.2.3.5.4 735 iv. John Cozad, born December 8, 1797; died October 2, 1859.
1.2.7.2.3.5.5 736 v. Susan B. Cozad, born February 7, 1799; Married Joshua Evans of Allensville, Ohio. They had one son, Joshua Jr. She and Evans parted and she married for a second husband, Lewis Gregg, and they had two children, Viz., Sallie and Abigail Gregg. She married a third time, William Gregg and had two children, Viz., Joseph and John Gregg. She died in Dallas County, Missouri in the fall of 1869.
1.2.7.2.3.5.6 737 vi. Abraham Cozad, born May 9, 1801.
1.2.7.2.3.5.7 738 vii. Job Cozad Jr., born October 24, 1803; died October 24, 1855.
1.2.7.2.3.5.8 739 viii. William Cozad, born June 4, 1806, died October 15, 1865.
1.2.7.2.3.5.9 740 ix. Joseph Cozad.

1.2.7.2.3.5.1 732 HENRY COZAD:
(Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Henry Cozad was born in 1792 in Upshire County, Va.; about 1800 he went with his father's family to Ross County, Ohio. He and his younger brother Daniel and their father the Rev. Job were in the war of 1812 and were surrendered by General Hull at Fort Detroit. After the war he returned to Ross County, Ohio, and settled some six miles south of the present village of Hallsville. He later settled and died near Allensville, Vinton County. He married four times, his first wife being Jane Law, by whom he had four children. His third wife was Mary Gregg - no children. His fourth wife was Sintia Fry - no children.

CHILDREN:
1.2.7.2.3.5.1.1 907 I. William Cozad, born 2/26/1814, died December 14, 1839.
1.2.7.2.3.5.1.2 908. ii. Elizabeth Cozad was born March 11, 1817, married December 16, 1835 to Aaron Gregg, Allensville, Ohio. After marriage they removed west. No record of family., died August 1846
1.2.7.2.3.5.1.3 909. iii. Daniel Gregg, born January 26, 1819, died May 12, 1888.
1.2.7.2.3.5.1.4 910. iv. Catherine Cozad, born April 6, 1823, died February 4, 1894.

CHILDREN:
1.2.7.2.3.5.1.5 911. v. Abraham N. Cozad, born 2/3/1827, died February 26, 1889.
1.2.7.2.3.5.1.6 912. vi. Job Cozad, born February 4, 1829, died in 1870.
1.2.7.2.3.5.1.7 913 vii. John Jackson Cozad, born November 9, 1830.

1.2.7.2.3.5.1.1 907 WILLIAM COZAD:
(Henry 732; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

William Cozad was born February 26, 1814. Married, lived and died near Allensville, Ohio. Married November 20, 1835 to Mary Ann Gregg. They both died a few years after their marriage.

CHILDREN:
Daniel Cozad was born January 26, 1819. Married, lived and died at Allensville, Ohio. Married December 15, 1839 to Sarah Gregg.

CHILDREN:
1349. i. William H. Cozad, born September 28, 1839, died February 7, 1865.
1350. ii. Elizabeth J. Cozad, born December 21, 1840, died November 21, 1890.
1351. iii. Henry Jackson Cozad, born June 17, 1842, died December 14, 1864.
1352. iv. John D. Cozad, born December 21, 1843: Allensville, 0.
1353. v. Alice C. Cozad, born March 1, 1845: Urial, Ohio.
1354. vi. Tracy A. Cozad, born October 4, 1846, died September 17, 1869.
1358. x. Mary L. Cozad, born December 17, 1855: Joplin, Mo.
1360. xii. Theresa Cozad, born June 22, 1859, died October 17, 1861.
1361. xiii. Samuel M. Cozad, born August 26, 1861: Allensville, Ohio.

WILLIAM H. COZAD:
(Daniel 909; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).
William H. Cozad was born September 25, 1839 near Allensville, Ohio, where he spent his life. Married Cynthia Graves 1/23/1859.

CHILDREN:
1852. i. Arminta A. Cozad was born Near Allensville, Ohio. Married Sherman Yearian in 1888, and lived near Jackson, Ohio. Had six children.


HENRY JACKSON COZAD:
(Daniel 909; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).
Henry Jackson Cozad was born June 17, 1842; married. November 20, 1858 to Amy Clerk.

CHILDREN:
1845. i. Thomas Marion Cozad, was born August 29, 1859, married. June 5, 1878 to Mahala Tucker, Allensville, Ohio. Had two children: William H., born May 13, 1879 and Charity, born July 27, 1891, she died June 20, 1892.
1847. iii. Henry Jackson Cozad Jr. born near Allensville, Ohio, married. January 9, 1886 to Tibbetts.

CHILDREN:
Charles Chester, born October 15 1886.
Theresa May, born October 19, 1888.
Henry Clinton, born October 7, 1890.
Mary Agosta, born November 8, 1892.
Samuel Sylvester, born February 16, 1895.
Jennie Etta born December 19, 1897.
Edna Pearl, born February 2, 1900.

JOHN D. COZAD:
(Daniel 909; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).
John D. Cozad was born December 21, 1843 and lived at Allensville, Ohio. Married October 18,
Anthony Cossart, Son of Jacques II the immigrant

1866 to Louisa Dillen.

CHILDREN:

1848.  i.  William P. Cozad son of John (1352), was born 3/24/1868. Married May 29, 1890 to Lydia B. Brown, born 9/11/1877. Lived at Allensville, Ohio.

CHILDREN:

(  ) Effie Lowell, born October 7, 1891.
(  ) Elma Odessa, born July 10, 1893.


1851.  iii.  John O. Cozad, born February 12, 1878.


1859  DANIEL H. COZAD:

(Daniel 909; Henry 732; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Rev. Daniel H. Cozad was born June 11 1857. He was a minister of the Christian Church. Lived near Allensville, Ohio. Married February 19, 1878 to Louise Arganbright.

CHILDREN:

1853.  i.  Sarah L. Cozad born January 17, 1879.

1854.  ii.  Martha M. Cozad, born October 10, 1880.


1856.  iv.  Lelia J. Cozad, born February 9, 1890.

1861  SAMUEL M. COZAD:

(Daniel 909; Henry 732; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Samuel M. Cozad was born August 26, 1861; married December 25, 1885 to Nancy J. Arganbright, they lived at Ural, Ohio.

CHILDREN:

1857.  i.  Gladys F. Cozad, born July 2, 1888.

1858.  ii.  Mazie E. Cozad, born June 23, 1891.

1859.  iii.  S. Everett Cozad, born October 10, 1893, died May 6, 1896.

1.2.7.2.3.5.1.4  910  CATHERINE COZAD:

(Henry 732; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Catherine Cozad, was born April 6, 1822. Married, lived and died near Allensville, Ohio. Married April 5, 1842 to William Graves.

CHILDREN:

1363.  i.  Tracy A. Graves, married a Stewart, Allensville, Ohio.

1364.  ii.  Joseph Graves; Eagle Mills, Ohio.

1365.  iii.  Jane M. Graves, married John Scott.

1366.  iv.  Mary Graves, married Thomas Nichols.

1367.  v.  Maria Graves, married A.S. Babb, Clarksburg, Ohio.

1368.  vi.  Albert Graves.

1369.  vii.  Henry Graves.


1371.  ix.  Sylvanus Graves.

1.2.7.2.3.5.1.5  911  ABRAHAM COZAD:

(Henry 732; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Abraham Cozad was born February 3, 1827, lived most of his life in Allensville. During the Civil War he lived in Illinois and some years in Missouri. He married Ann Graves December 6, 1847, who was born February 19,
CHILDREN:
1372. i. Elizabeth Cozad, born January 11, 1849.
1373. ii. John Jefferson Cozad, born August 12, 1850; Beyer, Jackson County, Ohio.
1374. iii. Anna Margaret Cozad, born June 9, 1852; Chillicothe, Ohio.
1375. iv. William Richard Cozad, born April 18, 1855, died December 4, 1856.
1376. v. Charles Albert Cozad, b. September 10, 1857; Foraker, Hardin County, Ohio.
1377. vi. Mary Loviena Cozad, born October 2, 1860, Chillicothe, Ohio.
1378. vii. Charity Almira Cozad, born March 20, 1862, Chillicothe, Ohio.
1379. viii. Sarah Louisa Cozad, born August 26, 1864, died September 16, 1865.

1373  JOHN JEFFERSON COZAD:

(Abraham 911; Henry 732; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

John Jefferson Cozad was born August 12, 1850 near Allensville, Ohio. Married November 15, 1870 to Etta Hill, they had one daughter. First wife died September 8, 1871. He then married Rachel McMullen, May 15, 1873, who was born May 23, 1850. There were four children by this union.

CHILDREN: (1st marriage)
1860. i. Anne E. Cozad, born September 1, 1871, died August 21, 1900, (2nd marriage)

CHILDREN: (2nd marriage)
1861. ii. John David Cozad, born August 9, 1874.
1862. iii. Daisy Cozad, born November 4, 1876.
1864. v. Frederick Cozad, born August 3, 1883.

1376  CHARLES ALBERT COZAD:

(Abraham 911; Henry 732; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Charles Albert Cozad was born September 10, 1857 at Allensville, Ohio. Lived at Foraker, Hardin County, Ohio. Married November 17, 1877 to Jane Bery who was born September 22, 1857.

CHILDREN:
1865. i. Mary B. Cozad, born October 8, 1878, died October 15, 1884.
1866. ii. Ella C. Cozad, born August 26, 1880.
1867. iii. Hattie M. Cozad, born January 8, 1883, died November 9, 1884.
1868. iv. Franklin H. Cozad, born April 24, 1886.
1869. v. Cloa A. Cozad, born February 8, 1890.
1870. vi. Icy R. Cozad, born November 15, 1892. Twin.
1872. viii. Charles A. Cozad, born April 26, 1894.

1.2.7.2.3.5.1.6  912  JOB COZAD:

(Henry 732; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Job Cozad born February 4, 1829. Lived about Allensville and Baker Js., Ohio. In 1858 he married Anna Claypool and they had two sons. He enlisted in the Civil War in the 42nd Ohio volunteer Infantry and served until the close of the war, when he returned to his family in Vinton County, Ohio. In 1866 went with his family to Arkansas: in 1870 to Texas and died soon thereafter. He had other children but compiler has no record of them.

CHILDREN:
1380. i. John Cozad. Lived somewhere in Texas. No further record.
1381. ii. Humphrey Cozad. No record.

1.2.7.2.3.5.1.7  913  JOHN JACKSON COZAD:

(Henry 732; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).
Anthony Cossart, Son of Jacques II the immigrant

John Jackson Cozad was born November 9, 1830. Left his father’s home near Allenstown while a young man and has since been a wanderer on the face of the earth. He married Theressa Gatewood of Virginia in 1858 and settled in Warren County, Ohio, in 1866 when he founded Cozaddale. He also lived about this time at Cincinnati, Ohio. About the time that the Union Pacific railroad was built he went to Nebraska and purchased some forty thousand acres of land along the line of that road in Dawson County and founded Cozad City on the Union Pacific Railroad. From there he went to Denver, Colorado. While living in Denver he visited Cozad City and became involved in trouble, which resulted in his having to leave America, and has since lived in Europe, visiting America occasionally to look after his property in this country, he being very wealthy.

CHILDREN:
1382.i. John Cozad. Place of residence unknown.
1383.ii. Robert Cozad.

1.2.7.2.3.5.3 734  ABIGAIL COZAD:
(Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Abigail Cozad, born 1795-6; married 1st John Lightle of Ashville, Ohio. They had seven children. Her second husband was Jacob Gregg, they had five children.

CHILDREN: (By 1st husband.)
1.2.7.2.3.5.3.1 914 i. Andrew Lightle.
1.2.7.2.3.5.3.2 915 ii. John Lightle.
1.2.7.2.3.5.3.3 916 iii. Job Lightle.
1.2.7.2.3.5.3.4 917 iv. Henry Lightle.
1.2.7.2.3.5.3.5 918 v. Stewart Lightle.
1.2.7.2.3.5.3.6 919 vi. Mary Lightle.
1.2.7.2.3.5.3.7 920 vii. Isabel Lightle.

CHILDREN (By 2nd husband.)
1.2.7.2.3.5.3.8 921 viii. James Gregg.
1.2.7.2.3.5.3.9 922 ix. Elizabeth Gregg.
1.2.7.2.3.5.3.10 923 x. Abbigail Gregg. < >Twins.
1.2.7.2.3.5.3.11 924 xi. George Gregg. <
1.2.7.2.3.5.3.12 925 xii. Nancy Gregg. <

1.2.7.2.3.5.4 735  JOHN COZAD:
(Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

John Cozad was born December 8, 1797; married Sarah Colvin who was born November 6, 1801. They lived and died near Alensville, Ohio.

CHILDREN:
1.2.7.2.3.5.4.1 926 i. Elizabeth Cozad, born October 5, 1816.
1.2.7.2.3.5.4.2 927 ii. Catherine Cozad, born 9/14/1818, died October 15, 1883.
1.2.7.2.3.5.4.3 928. iii. Benjamin Cozad, born 10/26/1822, Weethoro, Atchison Cnty
1.2.7.2.3.5.4.4 929 iv. Susan Cozad, born January 6, 1825.
1.2.7.2.3.5.4.5 930 v. Margaret Cozad, born 1827.
1.2.7.2.3.5.4.6 931 vi. Job Cozad, born November 27, 1829, Chillicothe, Ohio.
1.2.7.2.3.5.4.7 932 vii. John Washington Cozad, born 8/17/1832, died March 30 1898.
1.2.7.2.3.5.4.8 933 viii. Jesse Cozad, born April 6, 1834.
1.2.7.2.3.5.4.9 934 ix. Sarah Ann Cozad, born November 20, 1835, died 9/3/1891.
1.2.7.2.3.5.4.10 935 x. Mary Meneia Cozad, born July 24, 1838, Allensville, Ohio.

1.2.7.2.3.5.4.1 926  ELIZABETH COZAD:
(John 735; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Elizabeth Cozad was born October 5, 1816. Lived and died near Allensville, Ohio. Married November 14, 1835 to William Wyatt.

CHILDREN:
1384. i. Rachel Wyatt, born February 26, 1836, deceased. Married Elisha Henderson Wyatt
1385. ii. Sarah Ann Cozad born July 9, 1838; married James Zeigler, Allenstown, Ohio.
1386. iii. John W. Wyatt born November 5, 1841. 1st wife was Jane Claypool, after her death he married Elizabeth Berry, Washington Court House, Ohio.
1387. iv. Joseph Wyatt, born September 2, 1843, died August 31, 1864 in the Confederate "Andersonville Prison", while serving the Union cause.
1388. v. Benjamin Wyatt, born September 7, 1845, died August 7, 1896; married 1st Elizabeth Hutt (deceased); second wife was Sarah J. Garrett.
1389. vi. William A. Wyatt, born August 10, 1848; married Lucretia Fry; Hope, Kansas.
1390. vii. Job Wyatt, b December 20, 1852; m Alice Hutt; Washington Court House, Ohio.

1.2.7.2.3.5.4.2

Catherine Cozad was born September 14, 1818, married. Enoc G. Dixon January 28, 1840, by whom She had eight children.

CHILDREN:
1391. i. Sarah Dixon, born October 26, 1840, never married.
1395. v. Elizabeth Dixon, born June 27, 1851, died November 25, 1892; married George Rockhold.
1398. viii. Martha J. Dixon, born October 10, 1860, married Elihu Sammons, We1ston, Ohio.

1.2.7.2.3.5.4.3

Benjamin Cozad was born October 28, 1822. He was born and married. near Allensville, Ohio. Married February 27, 1841 to Sarah Dixon who was born October 22, 1824 died August 1, 1896. In 1865 he went to Missouri where they lived at Westboro, Atchison County. They had eleven children.

CHILDREN:
1399. i. Enoch Cozad, born November 22, 1842, died. July 3, 1844.
1401. iii. William Cozad, born September 3, 1846, died October 9, 1862.
1402. iv. Lydia Cozad, born January 11, 1849, Blanchard, Page County, Iowa.
1403. v. John Washington, born May 1, 1852, Westboro, Missouri.
1404. vi. Elizabeth B. Cozad, born May 1, 1852, Westboro, Mo.
1407. ix. Henry Ellsworth Cozad, born September 13, 1862, Weetboro, Mo.
1408. x. Lou Cozad, born June 26, 1868, Arkansas City, Cowly County, Kansas.
1409 xi. Charles L. Cozad, born May 23, 1870, Westboro, Mo.

1403

John Washington Cozad:


John Washington Cozad was born May 1, 1852 near Allensville, Ohio. Went west with parents and married August 23, 1894 to Minnie Olive Ward. They lived at Westboro, Atchison County, Missouri.

CHILD:
1879. i. Ralph Jennings Cozad, born May 6, 1896.
Anthony Cossart, Son of Jacques II the immigrant

1407   HENRY ELLSWORTH COZAD:

(Benjamin 928; John 735; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Henry Ellsworth Cozad was born September 13, 1862 near Allensville, Ohio. Went west with parents and married Olive Webb April 27, 1890 and lived at Westboro, Missouri.

CHILDREN:
1874. i. Lester Ellsworth Cozad, born April 8, 1891.
1875. ii. Mearle Noble Cozad, born April 26, 1893.
1876. iii. Alma Ellen Cozad, born March 4, 1895.
1877. iv. Floyd Benjamin Cozad, born May 3, 1897.

1.2.7.2.3.5.4.4   929   SUSAN COZAD:

(John 735; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Susan Cozad was born January 6, 1825. She was born, lived, married and died at Allensville, Ohio. Married Caleb Alexander. They had five children.

CHILDREN:
1410. i. Sarah Alexander who married ..... Taylor, Washington Court House, Ohio.
1411. ii. Rebecca Alexander.

Names of other three children not given.

1.2.7.2.3.5.4.5   930   MARGARET COZAD:

(John 735; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Margaret Cozad was born in 1827 near Allensville, Ohio. Married Charles Sperry by whom she had seven children.

CHILDREN:
1412. i. Wesley Sperry.
1413. ii. Hester Sperry.
1414. iii. Sarah Sperry, Ridgeville, Ind.
1415. iv. Elizabeth Sperry.
1416. v. Tacy Ann Sperry.
1417. vi. John W. Sperry, Ural, Ohio.
1418. vii. Mary Sperry, Chillicothe, Ohio.

1.2.7.2.3.5.4.6   931   JOB COZAD:

(John 735; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Job Cozad was born November 27, 1829 near Allensville, Ohio. Removed to Chillicothe, Ohio, where he married December 23, 1855, Charity Fry who was born December 24, 1836 and had eight children.

CHILDREN:
1419. i. Henry H. Cozad, born November 6, 1856, died October 24, 1857.
1420. ii. Melissa Mandana Cozad born August 3, 1858.
1421. iii. Seitha Lorain Cozad, born September 26, 1860.
1422. iv. Sarah Elizabeth Cozad, born September 12, 1862.
1423. v. Semantha Alvilda Cozad, born April 28, 1866.
1424. vi. Lucretia. Arminda Cozad, born April 13, 1869.
1425. vii. Francis Clinton Cozad, born December 6, 1871. Married September 21, 1897 to Nellie Smith. They lived at Chillicothe, Ohio.
1426. viii. Anna. Mary Cozad, born August 6, 1877.
JOHN WASHINGTON COZAD:

John Washington Cozad was born August 13, 1832. Born and married near Allensville, Ohio. His first wife was Tacy McVey by whom he had three children. After her death he married Catherine Alders by whom he had nine children. About 1867 he settled near Precept, Furnas County, Nebraska, where he died March 30, 1898.

CHILDREN: (By 1st wife).

1427. i. James Milton Cozad, born August 6, 1853.
1428. ii. Ann Eliza Cozad, born February 24, 1856.
1429. iii. William Orlando Cozad, born November 6, 1858.

CHILDREN: (By 2nd wife).

1430. iv. Elmer Ellsworth Cozad, born November 8, 1861.
1431. v. Tacie Lorain Cozad, born September 16, 1863.
1432. vi. Sarah Eliza Cozad, born February 5, 1866.
1434 viii. Margaret Samantha Cozad, born June 5, 1875.

(Publisher's Note: At this point in the original manuscript, from which this text was copied, a page was missing. It had been torn out by some previous researcher. A terrible thing to do but other researchers had felt free to pencil in notes, cross out and enter “corrections” and inflict various other kinds of damage to the volumes. In this publication effort has been made to copy the original text as it was with no editing except where noted.)

1427 JAMES MILTON COZAD:

James Milton Cozad was born August 8, 1853 near Allensville, Ohio. Lived at Vinita, Schuyler County, Missouri. Married. March 6, 1873, to Mary Frances Boatman, born November 30, 1855.

CHILDREN:

1878. i. Melvina Elnora Cozad.
1879. ii. Walter Eugene Cozad, born December 13, 1875.
1880. iii. Tacie Jane Cozad., born March 9, 1878.
1882. v. Alice Mable Cozad, born August 4, 1882.
1883. vi. Alice Cozad, born February 4, 1895.
1884. vii. William Basil Cozad, born October 10, 1887.
1885. viii. Cecil Milton Cozad, born February 4, 1890.
1886. ix. John Michiel Cozad, born April 1, 1891.
1887. x. Iris Eliza Cozad born February 27, 1894. Twin.
1888. xi. Iris Abigail Cozad, born February 27, 1894. Twin.
1889. xii. Forest Dane Cozad, born December 29, 1896.

1429 WILLIAM ORLANDO COZAD:

William Orlando Cozad was born November 6, 1858 near Allensville, Ohio. Resided at Eaton, Weld County, Colb. Married February 2, 1887 to Mary Louisa Whitacre.

CHILDREN:

1890. i. Alonzo Milton Cozad, born November 16, 1887.
1891. ii. Carman E. Cozad, born April 21, 1890.
1892. iii. Arthur Ray Cozad, born May 6, 1891.
Anthony Cossart, Son of Jacques II the immigrant

1893. iv. Florence Ellen Cozad., born June 14, 1893;
1894. v. Millard Fillmore Cozad, born December 24, 1896;
1895. vi. Maud Cozad.

1430 ELMER ELLSWORTH COZAD:

(John Washington 932; John 735; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Elmer Ellsworth Cozad, born November 8, 1861 near Allensville, Ohio. Resided at Hamilton, Caldwell County, Missouri. Married December 25, 1884 to Nancy Jane Saddler, born May 6, 1867.

CHILDREN:
1896. i. Roland Emery Cozad born April 7, 1886;
1897. ii. Homer Ellsworth Cozad, born March 1, 1888;
1898. iii. Bessie Josephine Cozad., born August 14, 1895;
1899. iv. Royal Raymond Cozad, born August 22, 1897.

1.2.7.3.5.4.8 933. JESSE COZAD:

(John 735; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born April 6, 1834; married near Allensville, Ohio to Eliza Jane Hutt. Died near Frankfort, Ross Cnty, Oh

CHILDREN:
1438 i. Charles Ezra
1439 ii. John
1440 iii. James Riley
1441 iv. Homer, died young.
1442 v. Nancy; died young.
1443 vi. Lusey Emmett, b. Mar. 6, 1872; of Anderson, Ross County, Ohio.

1438 CHARLES EZRA COZAD:

(Jesse 933; John 735; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Charles Ezra Cozad married Sarah Jones, lived and died near Allensville, Ohio.

CHILDREN:
1900. i. Laura Belle Cozad, married William Waldron and died near Allensville, Ohio.

1440 JAMES RILEY COZAD:

(Jesse 933; John 735; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

James Riley Cozad was born near Allensville, Ohio, and died near Frankfort, Ross County, Ohio. Married Lillie E. Riley.

CHILDREN:
1902. i. Lindsey Emmit Cozad, deceased.
1903. ii. Mary Jane Cozad.

1443 LINDSEY EMMIT COZAD:

(Jesse 933; John 735; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Lindsey Emmit Cozad was born near Allensville, Ohio. Lived near Anderson, Ross County, Ohio. Married Myrtle Clark.
CHILDREN:
1904. i. Emmit Cozad;
1905. ii. Ernest Raymond Cozad.

1.2.7.2.3.5.4.10
935. MARY MAMIA COZAD

(John 735; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born July 24, 1838 near Allensville, Ohio, married James Hutt and lived (1898) near Allensville, Ohio.

CHILDREN:
1445. i. Cora Hutt, b. 8/4/1863, married F. E. Zeigl of Allensville, OH;
1446. ii. Minnie Hutt;
1447. iii. Anna. Hutt, b. 9/7/1868, married John Hysel of Allensville, OH;
1448. iv. Otto Hutt.

1.2.7.2.3.5.6
737 ABRAHAM COZAD:

(Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Abraham Cozad was born May 9, 1801. Married, lived and died in Allensville, Ohio. He was married in 1820 to Charity Davis who was born July 10, 1802, and died October 6, 1884.

CHILDREN:
1.2.7.2.3.5.6.1 936 i. Elizabeth Cozad, born 1823, Cozaddale, Ohio;
1.2.7.2.3.5.6.2 937 ii. Susan Cozad, born 1821, died 1857;
1.2.7.2.3.5.6.3 938 iii. Catherine Cozad, born 1825, died 1860;
1.2.7.2.3.5.6.4 939 iv. Levi Cozad, born May 16, 1828, died March 14, 1892;
1.2.7.2.3.5.6.5 940 v. Job Cozad, born 1830, died June 9, 1890;
1.2.7.2.3.5.6.6 941 vi. Lydia Cozad, born 1831, died 1832;
1.2.7.2.3.5.6.7 942 vii. Mary Cozad, b. 1833 near Allensville, OH, m. John Lewis and they had a family of fourteen children, died June 26, 1893;
1.2.7.2.3.5.6.8 943 viii. Henry Cozad, born 1836, died May 8, 1898;
1.2.7.2.3.5.6.9 944 ix. John B. Cozad, born 1841, died in the Army;
1.2.7.2.3.5.6.10 945 x. Abraham Cozad Jr., born 1843, died in infancy.

1.2.7.2.3.5.6.1
936 ELIZABETH COZAD:

( Abraham 737; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacon 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Elizabloth Cozad was born in 1823. Born and married near Allensville, Ohio, Lived at Cozaddale, Ohio, in 1900. Married in 1841 to Humphry Clark the stepson of her Uncle Henry Cozad. and son of his second wife Margaret Clark (See No. 732).

CHILDREN:
1453.1. Mary Clark, married David Claypool.
1454. ii. Charity Clark, married John Grayes.
1455. iii. Abraham Clark, never married.
1456. iv. Sarah Clark, married Dr. F. H. Darby, Columbus, Ohio.
1457. v. Teressa. Clark, married John Blevins, Columbus, Ohio.
1458. vi. Carrie Clark, married F. P. Freeland, Columbus, Ohio.

1.2.7.2.3.5.6.2
937 SUSAN COZAD:

( Abraham 737; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacon 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Susan Cozad was born in 1821, married lived and died in Vinton County, Ohio. Died on Salt Creek in 1857. Married Nathan Dixon by whom she had four children.

CHILDREN:
Anthony Cossart, Son of Jacques II the immigrant

1450. ii. Charity Dixon, deceased.
1451. iii. Nancy Dixon, deceased.

1.2.7.2.3.5.6.3 938  CATHERINE COZAD:

(ABRAM 737; REV. JOB 642; JOB 608; JACOB 601; ANTHONY 10; JACQUES 3; JACQUES 1).

Catherine Cozad, was born in 1825 near Allensville, Ohio, died near Byer, Ohio. Married Charles Hopson by whom she had three Children.

CHILDREN:

1459. i. Elisabeth Hopson.
1460. ii. Charles Hopson.
1461. iii. Albert Hopson.

1.2.7.2.3.5.6.4 939  LEVI COZAD:

(ABRAM 737; REV. JOB 642; JOB 608; JACOB 601; ANTHONY 10; JACQUES 3; JACQUES 1).

Levi Cozad was born May 16, 1828 near Allensville, Ohio. While yet a young man he went to Henry County, Illinois, where he married Catherine Segler who was born December 8 1826, died August 6 1870. They had ten children. September 28, 1877 he married Laura. Isabella Ketrow by whom he had five children. After his death she married Andrew Sanders. Levi at the time of his death was living near Maryville, Nodaway County, Mo.

CHILDREN: (By 1st marriage)

1462. i. Matilda Jane Cozad, born March 9, 1850.
1463. ii. Samuel McGiffin Cozad, born December 30, 1851, died in infancy.
1464. iii. Lydia Ann Cozad, born December 23, 1852, died in infancy.
1465. iv. Abraham Cozad, born August 24, 1856, died in childhood.
1466. v. William Allen Cozad, born April 1, 1858, residence unknown.
1467. vi. John H. Cozad, born September 6, 1862, Plattsburgh, Cass County, Missouri.
1468. vii. Mary Etta Cozad, born May 4, 1864, St. Joseph, Mo.
1471. x. Sarah Elizabeth Cozad, born May 30, 1870, died in infancy.

CHILDREN: (By second marriage).

1472. xi. Ethan Allen Cozad, died in infancy.
1473. xii. Levi Cozad, Jr., born February 9, 1884.
1474. xiii. Laura Isabella Cozad, born March 13, 1887.
1475. xiv. A child.

1467  JOHN H. COZAD:

(LEVI 939; ABRAM 737; REV. JOB 642; JOB 608; JACOB 601; ANTHONY 10; JACQUES 3; JACQUES 1).

John H. Cozad, was born September 6, 1862. Married at Sydney, Fremont County, Iowa, June 14, 1887 to Sarah Mayson, Lived at Plattsmouth, Cass County, Neb.

CHILDREN:

1906. i. Bessie Cozad, born June 12, 1889.
1907. ii. Clara Cozad, born May 16, 1891.
1908. iii. William Henry Cozad born May 14, 1894.
1909. iv. Walter Albert Cozad, born February 5, 1897.

1.2.7.2.3.5.6.5 940  JOB COZAD:
Job Cozad was born 1830 near Allensville, Ohio, and there married Nancy Dixon. Soon after his marriage he, with his brothers Levi, Henry and John and their sister Mary went to Henry County, Illinois. He enlisted in the Army from Whiteside County, Ill., and served during the Civil War in Company "G" Illinois Volunteer Infantry, (Regiment not mentioned.) At the close of the war he settled near Knoxville, Knox County, Ill., where his first wife died in 1865. From Knoxville he went to Iowa and from there to Henry County, Missouri, and in 1872 back to Henry County, Ill., in 1887 to Cuba, Republic County, Kansas and from there in 1889 to St. Joseph, Mo., where he died in 1890. His second wife was Margaret Jane Shaw. By his first wife he had four children.

CHILDREN:  (1st marriage)
1477. i. Nathan Cozad, born 1857 near Allensville, Ohio. Left his father's home in Henry County, Illinois, when about fifteen years old and no tidings since
1479. iii. Miles Clinton Cozad was born in 1861. Married 1889 to Ella Edwards. Lived near Cheney, Washington, and had three children.
1480. iv. Mary Belle Cozad, born in 1863, Rock Island, Ill.

CHILDREN:  (2nd. marriage)
1482. vi. Charity E. Cozad, born in 1868, Genesee, Ill.
1483. vii. Margaret Jane Cozad, born in 1870. died 1873.
1486. x. Sarah A. Cozad, born 1879.
1487. xi. Lillie L. Cozad, born 1884.

(Last four children were born at Wrayville).

1.2.7.2.3.5.6.8  943  HENRY COZAD:

(Abraham 737; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Henry Cozad was born 1838 near Allensville, Ohio. When a young man went to Henry County, Illinois. In the early seventies he went to Maryville, Nodaway County, Missouri. May 22, 1877 he married Samantha Shaw, who was born in 1859, Henry County, Ill. He died in Marysville where his widow and five children then lived.

CHILDREN:
1488.i. Andrew Job Cozad, born February 24, 1878.
1489.ii. Samuel Henry Cozad, born June 1, 1880.
1490.iii. Charity Jane Cozad, born September 17, 1882.
1491.iv. Estella Elizabeth Cozad, born June 19, 1886.
1492.v. Cora Belle Cozad, born March 27, 1889.

1.2.7.2.3.5.7  738  JOB COZAD JR:

(Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Job Cozad Jr. was born October 24, 1803, in Ross County, Ohio, married in Vinton County to Keziah Clerk by whom he had four children. After her death he married Elizabeth Speelman. No children by her. For a third wife he married Melvina Beale by whom he had eight children. About 1845-50 he went with his brother William to Benton County, Indiana, and settled near Oxford.

CHILDREN:  (by 1st wife).
1.2.7.2.3.5.7.1  946  Joseph Cozad, died November 1856.
1.2.7.2.3.5.7.2  947  Henry Cozad, died January 1, 1860. Never married.
1.2.7.2.3.5.7.3  948  Amy Cozad was born near Allensville, Ohio, went with parents to Benton County, Indiana. Died near Oxford, Indiana. Married James Beals. She died 1857.
James Cozad was born near Allensville, Ohio and went to Benton County, Ind., with his parents. He married Minerva Beals but had no children. Died near Greenfield, Ind.

Children:

iv. James Cozad was born near Allensville, Ohio and went to Benton County, Ind., with his parents. He married Minerva Beals but had no children. Died near Greenfield, Ind.

v. Elizabeth Cozad, b. 9/11/1841 (Gainesville, Harrison Cnty, MO or b. near Oxford, IN). Married August 21, 1859 to John Handley. They lived near Gainesville, MO. No family.

vi. Mary Cozad was married to George Weible. She was born near Oxford, Ind. and died in Hardin County, Iowa.

vii. Elihu Cozad, died in infancy near Allenwelle, Ohio.

viii. Martha Jane Cozad, born May 1, 1846. Martha Jane Cozad was born May 1, 1846 near Oxford Ind. She married William Lodin and died in Livingston County, Illinois. No record.

ix. William Nathan Cozad, b.2/12/1848, Canton, Lewis Cnty, MO

x. Rebecca Cozad, died in infancy near Oxford, Indiana.


xii. Melissa Cozad, born October 27, 1855, died January 1883.

JOSEPH COZAD:

Joseph Cozad was born near Allenville, Ohio; went with his parents to Benton County, Indiana. He married Louisa Call and died in that County, near Oxford.

Child:

i. Joanna Cozad, married xxx in McCook. Red Willow Co., NE. (?) (Maybe McCook, NE)

WILLIAM NATHAN COZAD:

William Nathan Cozad was born February 12, 1848 near Oxford, Indiana. Married Sarah Skief, lived at Canton, Lewis County, Mo., on the banks of Mississippi River. When twelve years old he had the misfortune to lose a foot by having it cut off in a machine.

Children:

i. Thomas Lee Cozad, born March 19, 1875.

ii. William Nathan Cozad, born February 4, 1877. Married Minnie Hampton and lived. at Canton, Lewis County, Mo.

iii. George Henry Cozad, born February 25, 1880.


vi. Edna Melvina Cozad, born November 2, 1883, died Aug. 3, 1884.

vii. Bessie Ellen Cozad, born January 9, 1892.


ix. Emma Jessie Cozad, born January 23, 1894, died in infancy.


All the above children lived at Canton, Lewis County, Mo.

MELISSA COZAD:

Melissa Cozad was born October 27, 1855 near Oxford, Ind. She married Richard Skiel and died in Wayne County, Iowa.

Child:

i. Bertie A. Skiel; Cape Fair, Stone County, Missouri.
WILLIAM COZAD:
(Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

William Cozad was born June 4, 1806 and married near Allensville, Ohio. He later removed to Benton County, Indiana, near Oxford, where he died. He married for his first wife Martha Bruhard by whom he had nine children. His second wife was Mary Ann Beals by whom he had three children.

CHILDREN: (By 1st wife).

1.2.7.2.3.5.8.1 958 i.  Mary Ann Cozad, born July 4, 1824, Oxford, Indiana.
1.2.7.2.3.5.8.2 959 ii.  Emeline Cozad.
1.2.7.2.3.5.8.3 960 iii.  Eliza Cozad, Loopertown, Vermillion County, Iowa.
1.2.7.2.3.5.8.4 961 iv.  Nancy Cozad was born near Allensville, Ohio, and died near Bourneville, Ross County, Ohio. She married John Flora.
1.2.7.2.3.5.8.5 962 v.  Eliza B. Cozad, born April 19, 1833, Oxford, Indiana.
1.2.7.2.3.5.8.6 963 vi.  Catherine Cozad was born in Vinton County, Ohio, went to Benton County, Ind., and died at Hoopestone, Illinois. Married 1st A. Everhart. Married 2nd. John Smiley.
1.2.7.2.3.5.8.7 964 vii.  Elizabeth Cozad, Agency City, Iowa.
1.2.7.2.3.5.8.8 965 viii.  Rebecca Cozad, died near Allenstown, Ohio.
1.2.7.2.3.5.8.9 966 ix.  Isabella Cozad, married. William Howell and lived near Morroco, Newton County, Indiana.

CHILDREN: (By 2nd wife).
1.2.7.2.3.5.8.10 967 x.  Amanda Cozad married in Benton County, Indiana, 1st to William Adkins, 2nd. to Isiah Marse, and. lived in Missouri
1.2.7.2.3.5.8.11 968 xi.  William Cozad lives somewhere in the West
1.2.7.2.3.5.8.12 969 xii.  Isaac Cozad went from Benton County, Indiana, west. Is supposed to reside in Lewis County, Iowa.

MARY ANN COZAD:
(William 739; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Mary Ann Cozad was born July 4, 1824 near Allensville, Ohio. She married 1st William Dugan by whom she had two children. Her second husband was Johnathan McLaughlin and they lived near Oxford, Indiana.

CHILDREN: 1st marriage)
1504 i.  Mary Jane Dugan, born January 3, 1845, died March 30, 1863.
1505 ii.  William Henry Dugan, born July 11, 1846.

ELIZA COZAD:
(William 739; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Eliza Cozad was born in Vinton County, went with her parents to Benton County, Indiana. Married 1st William Johnson, by whom she had eight children. Henry, William and Rebecca lived at Hoopestone, Illinois. Her second husband was William Nelson Beals of Hoopestone.

CHILDREN:
1506 i.  Henry Johnson.
1507 ii.  William Johnson.
1508 iii.  Rebecca Johnson.
1509 iv.  John Johnson.
1510 v.  Ambrose Johnson.
1511 vi.  Allen Johnson.
1522 vii.  Andrew Johnson.
1513 viii.  Sarah Johnson.

ELIJAH COZAD:
(William 739; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).
Elijah Cozad was born April 19, 1833 in Vinton County, Ohio, went with his parents to Oxford, Indiana. Died February 4, 1908. Married there to Eliza Rollins who was born January 9, 1839 and died December 23, 1893.

CHILDREN:
1515 ii. Carrie Cozad, born December 24, 1863, died January 8, 1877.
1516. iii. Franklin M. Cozad, b.12/28/1866, died 1930, married Alice Fletcher.
1518. v. Elijah Cosad Jr. born August 5, 1871, died December 30, 1904.
1523. x. An infant that died at birth.
1524. xi. Peter Cozad, married Elizabeth Wingarner.

1514 JOHN W. COZAD:

(Elijah. 962; William 739; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

John W. Cozad, was born November 24, 1861 and lived at Huntington, Indiana. Married November 5, 1881 to Anna E. Pletcher who was born August 15, 1864.

CHILDREN:
1910. i. Charles W. Cozad, born October 9, 1883. Married Dora A. Rhoades (Rhodes?) who was born May 4, 1904. They lived on a farm near Oxford, Indiana.

CHILDREN:
( ) Chalmer Lloyd, born March 15 1906. Is in the U.S. Navy and was stationed at the U.S. Naval Air Station, Lakehurst, N.J.

CHILDREN:
( ) Rena Pearl Powersborn April 18, 1928.
( ) Clarence Ray born October 7, 1911.
( ) Clinton Orval born February 23, 1913.
( ) Mildred Lorena, born August 5, 1918.
( ) Gladys Lillian born September 29, 1925.
1912. iii. Frederick Raymond. Cozad, born October 20, 1885.
1914. v. Edith Cozad, born December 21, 1891, died February 19, 1892.
1915. vi. Roy C. Cozad, born May 12, 1893.
1916. vii. Laura Belle Cozad., born August 1895.
1917. viii. Earle Dewey Cozad, born March 1, 1898, died young.

1516 FRANKLIN M. COZAD:

(Elijah. 962; William 739; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Franklin M. Cozad was born December 28, 1866, died 1930, near Oxford, Indiana. Married January 14, 1888 to Alice D. Pletcher who was born August 8, 1871. They had seven children.

CHILDREN:
1918. i. Clifford Cozad, born August 26, 1889. Married Florence Kiger who was born in 1893; married October 19, 1912.
1919. ii. Franklin Cozad, born 1891, September 19.
1920. iii. Ralph Cozad, born December 31, 1895, died 1912.
1922. v. Ruby Cozad, born October 24, (?) married Thomas Ellston.
1923. vi. Dolly Cozad, married L. Grant.
1924. vii. Grace Cozad, married Irvin Clark.

1518 ELIJAH COZAD:
(Elijah. 962; William 739; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Elijah Cozad was born August 5, 1871. Married Mary E. Wingarner who was born June 20, 1872. Died December 30, 1904. Lived near Oxford, Ind.

CHILD: 1925. i. Forrest Cozad, born April 26, 1897.

1519 ELMER COZAD:
(Elijah. 962; William 739; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Elmer Cozad was born November 29, 1873. Married December 23, 1897 to Alice Underwood who was born February 11, 1872.

CHILD: 1926. i. Walter Cozad.

1.2.7.2.3.5.8.7 964 ELIZABETH COZAD:
(William 739; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Elizabeth Cozad was born in Vinton County, Ohio, went to Benton County, Ind., thence to Agency City, Iowa. Married 1st M. Ford by whom she had two children. Her second husband was Anthony Verdow by whom she had two children.

CHILDREN: (1st marriage)
1525. i. Maria Ford.
1526. ii. Amanda Ford.

CHILDREN: (2nd marriage)
1527. iii. Schuyler Verdow.

1.2.7.2.3.5.9 740 JOSEPH COZAD:
(Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Joseph Cozad was born in Ross County, OH. Married 1830 to Mary Davis. Had nine children.

CHILDREN: 1.2.7.2.3.5.9.1 970 i. Jeremiah Cozad, born April 4, 1831, San Diego, Calif.
1.2.7.2.3.5.9.2 971 ii. Hezekiah Cozad, born 9/22/1833, Essex, Page County, Iowa.
1.2.7.2.3.5.9.3 972 iii. Josiah Cozad, born 1836; killed in 1862.
1.2.7.2.3.5.9.4 973 iv. Nancy Delia Cozad, born 8/14/1838 near Allensville, OH. Married John Winn, lived and died at Sedalia, MO in 1897.
1.2.7.2.3.5.9.5 974 v. Mary Catherine Cozad, b. 1841 near Allensville, OH, went west with her brothers and sisters and m. Samuel Starr. Lived near Silver Cliff, Custer Cnty, Colorado, died in 1893.
1.2.7.2.3.5.9.6 975 vi. William Cozad, b. 8/11/1843, Red Oak, Montgomery Cnty, IO
1.2.7.2.3.5.9.7 976 vii. Benjamin Franklin Cozad, b. 12/5/1847, Helena Cnty, NE
1.2.7.2.3.5.9.8 977 viii. Susan Abigail Cozad, b. 1845, Bournesville, Ross Cnty, Ohio. Married Martin Countryman lived near Bournesville, OH.
1.2.7.2.3.5.9.9 978 ix. Joseph Lafayette Cozad, born 1847, died 1850.
Anthony Cossart, Son of Jacques II the immigrant

1.2.7.2.3.5.9.1  JEREMIAH COZAD:


Jeremiah Cozad was born April 4, 1831 near Allensville, Ohio. After he grew to manhood he went to Missouri
and from there to Cozad City, Nebraska, and from there to San Diego, Calif., where he now resides (1900). He
was married March 13, 1872 to Fannie Ellen Brady. They had a family of six children.

CHILDREN:

1529.i.  John Jay Cozad.
1530.ii.  Franklin Cozad.
1531.iii.  Nora M. Cozad.
1532.iv.  Griswold. Cozad
1533.v.  Blanche Cozad.
1534.vi.  Clara Cozad.

1.2.7.2.3.5.9.2  HEZEKIAH COZAD:


Hezekiah Cozad, son of Joseph (740), was born September 22, 1833 near Allensville, Ohio. He enlisted in the
Army during the Civil War from Iowa. Age 30, residence Page County, Iowa. Nativity, Ohio. Enlisted in
Company "K" 4th Iowa Volunteer Infantry, on March 20, 1862. Mustered into Service March 20, 1864.
Mustered out of service on July 24, 1865 at Lexington, Kentucky. Three members of the Cossairt family served
in this same regiment, i.e., Francis, Henry and George W.

Hezekiah married at Alensville, OH to Margaret Burehard who was born at Stubensville, Ohio, February 22,
1835. They had two children. His second wife was Sarah A. Duckshire who was born in Miami County, Ohio.
They had twelve children.

CHILDREN:  (1st Marriage).

1535.  i.  Josiah V. Cozad, born May 1855; Glenwood, Iowa. Married in 1880 to Ellen Berry, Glenwood, Mills County, Iowa.

CHILDREN:  (2nd marriage).

1537  iii.  Rhoda M. Cozad, born 1860.
1538.  iv.  Mary B. Cozad, born 1861, deceased.
1539.  v.  Lydia C. Cozad, born 1863.
1541.  vii.  George S. Cozad, born. 1866.
1543.  ix.  Charlotte D. B. born 1869
1544.  x.  Charity R. Cozad, born 1871.
1546.  xii.  Charles E. Cozad, born 1876.
1547.  iii.  James F. Cozad, born 1879; Essex, Page County, Iowa.
1548.  xiv.  Onah L. Oozed, born 1883; Essex, Page County, Iowa.

1542  JEREMIAH COZAD:


Jeremiah Cozad was born in 1868 in Page County, Iowa. Married in that county 1888 to Grace
Tyner who was born September 7, 1869. They lived near Shanendoah, Iowa.

CHILDREN:

1927.  i.  Jeremiah J. Cozad, born April 10, 1889.
1928.  ii.  Jones Cozad born August 22, 1890.
1929.  iii.  Wilbur Cozad, born February 19, 1893.
1.2.7.2.3.5.9.3

972  JOSIAH COZAD:

(Joseph 740; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques i).

Josiah Cozad was born 1836 near Allensville, Ohio, and married in 1858 to Tacie Graves. They settled in Stark County, Illinois. At the breaking out of the Civil War he enlisted in Company “H”, 4th Illinois Volunteer Infantry, and was killed at the battle of Corinth, Miss., in 1862. His widow remained in Stark County. They had one son.

CHILD:
1549. i. Riley Cozad, Mound City, Holt County, Mo.

1.2.7.2.3.5.9.6

975  WILLIAM COZAD:

(Joseph 740; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

William Cozad was born near Allensville, Ohio, April 11, 1843. His father died when he was six years old, and two years later his mother remarried. He was taken by his uncle Mr. Davis, Montgomery County, Iowa, near Red Oak to make his home. He spent four years in the Army during the Civil War and served with Company “K”, 4th Regiment, Iowa Volunteer Infantry. His record in the office of the Adjutant General State of Iowa is as follows: “William Cozad, veteran, age at enlistment 18, residence Fremont, Ohio. Enlisted in Company K, 4th Iowa Volunteer Infantry on August 12, 1861. Mustered August 31, 1861. Re-enlisted and mustered on January 25, 1864. Promoted to Sergeant October 23, 1864. Mustered out July 24, 1865 at Louisville, Kentucky.” There was a Hezekiah Cozad, in his company who was probably his brother No. 971. Francis Cossairt and his sons Henry and George Washington were in Company “G” of the same Regiment as William. William married November 26, 1865 to Mary E. Hewitt who was born in Howard County, Indiana on November 1, 1849. They had seven children.

CHILDREN:
1550. i. Charles W. Cozad was born February 23, 1867.
1554. v. Minnie A. Cozad, born September 22, 1879, died October 19, 1881.
1556. vii. Donald E. Cozad, born March 20, 1884.

All the above children lived near Red Oak, Montgomery County, Iowa.

1550  CHARLES WILBUR COZAD:

(William 975; Joseph 740; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Charles Wilbur Cozad was born February 23, 1867 in Page Co., Iowa. Married in Montgomery County, Iowa December 19, 1898 to Elizabeth E. Brunson born in Henry County, Illinois June 3, 1869. They lived at Red Oak, Iowa.

CHILDREN:
1933. i. Marion L. Cozad, born August 2, 1890.
1934. ii. Ray C. Cozad, born May 19, 1892.
Anthony Cossart, Son of Jacques II the immigrant


1.2.7.2.3.5.9.7 976 BENJAMIN FRANKLIN COZAD:
(Joseph 740; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Benjamin Franklin Cozad was born December 5, 1847 near Allensville, Ohio. After the death of his parents he went to Iowa and was married at Red Oak, December 28, 1847 to Louisa C. Weoland., who was born September 1, 1856. In 1900 resided at New Helena, Custer County, Neb.

CHILDREN:

1557. i. William H. Cozad., born May 1, 1876.
1558. ii. Mary C. Cozad, born November 20, 1878.
1559. iii. Nora E. Cozad, born September 21, 1880.

1.2.7.2.3.6 643 ELIHU COZAD:
(Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Elihu Cozad, was born December 20, 1771; married September 11, to Anna McCoy. At the time of their marriage both were residents of Frankfort Township, Sussex County, N. J. (See Sussex County marriage records for 1801). Soon after the death of his father he moved to Mercer County, Pa., and settled on a tract of land he purchased near Mercer, where he continued to live until his death in 1829. His wife died in 1843. Both were members of the Presbyterian Church at Mercer.

CHILDREN:

1574. i. Abigail Cozad, born 1802.
1575. ii. Job Cozad, born 1804, died 1869.
1577. iv. Solomon Cozad, born 1809. Left his home in Mercer Co., Pa. when a young man and never was heard of afterwards.
1578. v. Jacob Cozad, born 1811, died August 25, 1850.
1579. vi. Joseph M. Cozad, born February 14, 1813; died 1859.
1581. viii. Thomas Cozad, born 1814; died in infancy.
1582. ix. Mary Elizabeth Cozad, born April 11, 1816; died 1893.
1583. x. Henry Anderson Cozad, b. 6/22/1823, Lamar, Baker Cnty, MO

1.2.7.2.3.6.1 741 ABIGAIL COZAD:
(Elihu 643; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Abigail Cozad was born in 1802 near Branchville, Sussex Co., N.J. Went with her parents to Mercer County, Pa. Married 1st time to a Mr. Buyer by whom she had six children. After his death she married a Mr. Griffin. She died near New Castle, Lawrence County, Pennsylvania.

CHILDREN:

1584. i. Nancy Buyer, married a Mr. Curtis.
1585. ii. Elizabeth Buyer.
1586. iii. Susan Buyer.
1587. iv. Sofrona Buyer.
1588. v. Rhoda Buyer.
1589. vi. Samuel Buyer.

1.2.7.2.3.6.2 742 JOB COZAD:
(Elihu 643; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Job Cozad was born in 1804 in Sussex County, N.J., and died in Mercer County, Pa. Married in 1829 to Elizabeth Cook who was born in 1810 and died in 1869.

CHILDREN:

1590. i. Lucinda Jane Cozad, born August 5, 1831.
1591. ii. Thomas Jefferson Cozad, born 11/1833, Enlisted from Mercer County, Pa. as a soldier in the Civil War in Company “B”, 140th
Pennsylvania Volunteer Infantry. Died while a military prisoner on Belle Isle, Virginia while serving in the Army in 1863.

1.2.7.2.3.6.2.3 987  iii. Sabina Cozad, born July 18, 1836. Unmarried (1865) and was a matron in the Dixmont Pennsylvania Hospital.

1.2.7.2.3.6.2.4 988  iv. Julia Ann Cozad, born October 1838.

1.2.7.2.3.6.2.5 989  v. John L. Cozad, died in infancy. 

1.2.7.2.3.6.2.6 990  vi. James Cozad, died in infancy.

1.2.7.2.3.6.2.7 991  vii. Oscar Cozad, died in infancy.

1.2.7.2.3.6.2.8 992  viii. Mary Cozad, died in infancy.

1.2.7.2.3.6.2.9 993  ix. William Adelbert Cozad, born April 1850, Sharon, Mercer County, Pennsylvania.

1.2.7.2.3.6.2.10 994  x. Orlando Chester Cozad, born January 1853.

1.2.7.2.3.6.2.1

Lucinda Cozad was born August 5, 1831; married September 9, 1856, to James W. Kerr of Mercer County, Pa.

CHILDREN:

1561.  i. Mary E. Kerr, born January 27, 1858.
1563  iii. George B. Kerr, born September 29, 1862, died January 24, 1866.
1564  iv. Thomas J. Kerr, born November 2, 1868.
1565.  v. Sabina Kerr, born March 15, 1866, died March 1868.
1566.  vi. Jenni, Kerr, born October 18, 1867, died November 1867.
1569  viii. James Kerr, born October 5, 1873.

1.2.7.2.3.6.2.4 988

Julia Ann Cozad was born October 1838, married in 1869 to James Brandon of West Middlesex, Pennsylvania. They had four children.

CHILDREN:

1570.  i. George B. Brandon.
1571.  ii. Elliot Brandon.
1572.  iii. Mary Brandon.
1573.  iv. Anna Brandon.

1.2.7.2.3.6.2.9 993

William Adelbert Cozad was born April 1850: married Amelia Stamm and resided at Sharon, Pennsylvania.

CHILDREN:

1574.  i. Charles Cozad.
1575.  ii. Alice Cozad.
1576  iii. Ethel Cozad.

1.2.7.2.3.6.5 745

Jacob Cozad was born in 1811 in Sussex County, N.J. and went with his parents to Mercer County, Pennsylvania, where he married in 1835 to Catherine Shaffer who was born in 1816 and died August 10, 1841, and by her had three children. In 1842 he married Margaret Moore and by her had three children. After the second marriage he settled in Lee County, Iowa, and died at Fort Madison.

CHILDREN: (By 1st wife).

1.2.7.2.3.6.5.1 995  i. James Cozad, born July 9, 1836, died August 14, 1897.
1.2.7.2.3.6.5.2 996  ii. Martha Jane Cozad, was born January 17, 1879. Married in 1857 to Jonathan E. Thompson by whom she had a large family. Mr. Thompson died a few years ago and his wife now
Anthony Cossart, Son of Jacques II the immigrant

lives in the state of Washington. No further record of family.

**CHILDREN:** (By 2nd wife).

1.2.7.2.3.6.5.3 997 iii. Louis Cozad, born 1841, died 1842.

1.2.7.2.3.6.5.4 998. iv. Leonard Cozad, born 1843. Married and has a family and resides in Pennsylvania or Virginia.

1.2.7.2.3.6.5.5 999. v. Mary Ann Cozad, born 1846. Has a family, lived in PA.

1.2.7.2.3.6.5.6 1000. vi. Thomas Cozad, born January 1848. Has a family.

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**JAMES COZAD:**

(Jacob 745; Elihu 643; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

James Cozad was born July 9, 1836, near Mercer, Pennsylvania. In 1846 he went with his father’s family to Lee County, Iowa. After his father’s death he went to Whiteside County, (?) where he taught school and studied medicine until the outbreak of the Civil War when he enlisted in Company “F”, 93rd. Illinois Volunteer Infantry. After serving through the war he returned to Illinois. Graduated from Rush Medical College in 1866. Married. December 11, 1867 to Martha Mitchell of Fulton, Illinois, where he continued to live until December 18, 1882 when he moved to Reynolds, same County, where he died August 14, 1897. In 1890 Dr. Cozad and his daughter Clara (Cozad) Keezel became interested in the collecting of a genealogy of the descendants of (608) Job and Hannah (Winmans) Cozad and have very successfully helped in collecting it and his collection is used in this tabulation of the descendants of Job Cozad. Dr. James Cozad was born in Mercer County, Pa. Married at Fulton, Ill. Was a Republican in politics and a member of the Masonic lodge. Martha his wife was born October 21, 1844 at Fulton, Ill., and died February 1, 1922 at Reynolds, Illinois. The daughter of David Mitchell and Isabella Work.

**CHILDREN:**


1581. v. Ruth Cozad, born May 25, 1882, died July 21, 1887.


1583. vii. Clara Isabella Cozad:

(James 995; Jacob 745; Elihy 643. Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Clara Isabella Cozad was born September 15 1868 at Andalucla, Rock Island, County, Illinois. Married, at Reynolds, Ill., January 11, 1894 to Joseph Windfield Scott Keezel. They lived (1898) at Kansas City, Missouri. Removed to Illinois. Mrs. Keezel before her marriage did much to assist her father the late Dr. James Cozad of Reynolds, Ill, in collecting and compiling the genealogy of the descendants of Job and Hannah (Winmans) Cozad. She is an excellent correspondent, writes a good hand and manifests an interest in matters pertaining to the history of the Cozad Family. At the time of her father's death she took charge of all his correspondence, manuscripts, records etc. Her present address (1935) is Hindman Settlement School, Hindman, Kentucky. She is a widow and her summer residence is in Reynolds, Ill. No children.

1.2.7.2.3.6.6 746 **JOSEPH M. COZAD:**

(Elihu 643; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Joseph M. Cozad was born February 14, 1813, died 1859. Lived and died in Mercer County, Pa. Married Elizabeth McIlvane who was born 1807, died May 15, 1879.

**CHILDREN:**

1.2.7.2.3.6.6.1 1001 i. Ann M. Cozad, born 4/9/1836, Mercer County, Pa. Married July 3 1859 to James L. Cook of Mercer County, Pennsylvania.

1.2.7.2.3.6.6.2 1002 ii. James (T. or W.) Cozad, born January 14, 1838. Born and lived at Mercer, PA. Married 4/24/1871 to Kate V. Stark. Had one son, three
1.2.7.2.3.6.6.3 1003 iii. Mary (B. or E.) Cozad, born November 20, 1839. Born and lived at Mercer, Pa. Married August 20, 1867 to W.G. Kerr. They had three daughters and two sons.

1.2.7.2.3.6.6.4 1004 iv. James (or John) A. Cozad was born March 25, 1841. Born and lived at Mercer, Pa. Married July 3, 1864 to Mary E. Kennedy, who died January 1881. They had two sons and one daughter.

1.2.7.2.3.6.6.5 1005 v. Joseph A. Cozad Jr., born September 20, 1843. Married and had five children, died October 10, 1874.

1.2.7.2.3.6.6.6 1006 vi. Narcissa Cozad, born February 5, 1845. Married. John Struthers and was living in 1895 at Struthers Station, Mahoning Co., Ohio.

1.2.7.2.3.6.6.7 1007 vii. Winfield Scott Cozad, born July 19, 1847, Lima, Ohio. Married Mary A. Johnston and they lived at Lima, Ohio.

1.2.7.2.3.6.6.8 1008 viii. Noble A. Cozad, born July 12, 1852, Mercer County, Pa.

1.2.7.2.3.6.6.2

1002 JAMES W COZAD:

James W. Cozad, son of Joseph M. (746), was born January 1838 at Mercer, Pa. Married April 24, 1871 to Kate V. Stark. Had four children.

CHILDREN:

() Cora, marred George Snyder, no issue; Greenville, Pa.

() Josephine M. married Fill, four children.


() James Morten Cozad, son of James W. (1002), born March 16, 1876. Married April 29, 1894 to Mary Barr, sister of Mand Barr who married George F. Cozad above. She was born September 16, 1878.

CHILDREN:

() Benjamin Franklin Cozad, b, August 23, 1895, died at age of 2 years.

() Fred Morten, born August 23, 1896, Married 1 June 6, 1922 to Elsie Eichle. No issue.

() Clifford James, born March 19, 1898. Went to Oregon about 1921 and married July 2, 1922 to Effie Carpenter, a widow, with three children. Has one Child of his own born in 1932.

() Ruth Sigrid born April 29, 1899, died March 4, 1925 at Cleveland, Ohio, and is buried, in Lakeview Cemetery. Was married July 21, 1922 to Walter Schutt, one child - Ruth, born 1925.

() Robert born July 2, 1900, died aged 4 days.

() Coral Benton born March 27, 1903. Married 1st Lew Stickney; married 2nd James Beresford.

1.2.7.2.3.6.6.4

1004 JAMES (OR JOHN) A COZAD:

James (John) A. Cozad, son of Joseph M. (746), born March 25, 1841 at Mercer, Pa., married July 3, 1864 to Mary E. Kennedy who died January 1881.

CHILDREN:

() William H. born July 25, 1867 at Mercer, Pa., Married Mary Eugene Nash, daughter of Johannah Tobin Nash and M. G. Nash. She was born at Crossingville, Pa., September 8, 1871.

CHILDREN:

() Ruth Eugenia, b. Feb. 12, 1898, Single, Teacher.


() Agnes b. Sept. 9, 1869, m. George Beaver.

() Edward, b, July 5, 1872, never married.

1.2.7.2.3.6.6.8

1008 NOBLE A. COZAD:

(Joseph 746; Elihu 643; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).
Anthony Cossart, Son of Jacques II the immigrant


CHILDREN:
1583. i. Frank George Cozad, born May 15, 1875, lived at New Castle, Pa. Was born in Mercer Co., Pa., May 15, 1875, died at New Castle, Pa., November 24, 1916. Married at Westfield, N. Y., July 17, 1898 to Minette Maud Barr, born April 14, 1876 at Pulaski, Pa., the daughter of Eliphas Bigelow Barr and Tirzah Ann Covert.

CHILDREN:
( ) George Franklin Cozad, born at Freedom, Pa., August 24, 1904. Resides at 12322 Chesterfield Ave., Cleveland, Ohio. Mason.
( ) Ralph Edwin Cozad, resides at 1244 Hayden Ave., East Cleveland, Ohio. Born April 12, 1906 at Greenville, Mercer Co., Pa., Married at Cleveland, Ohio, May 14, 1931 to Marion Agnes Leach, born April 20, 1909, at Lachine, Quebec. The daughter of James Thomas Leach and Lorena Rebecca Gallagher. Ralph is a member of Forest Hill Lodge No. 644, A.F. & A.M. George also belongs to same order.

CHILD:
( ) Barbara Joan Cozad, born June 2, 1934.

1584.ii. Myrtle Cozad Foxall.

1.2.7.2.3.6.9 749  MARY ELIZABETH COZAD:
(Elihu 643; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Mary Elizabeth Cozad was born April 11, 1816. Married, lived and died in Mercer County, Pa. She married James Means who died in 1860. She died in Greenville in February 1893.

CHILDREN:
1.2.7.2.3.6.9.1 1009. i. Rosina Means. m. Stephen Woodbury, Bay City, Michigan.
1.2.7.2.3.6.9.2 1010. ii. George Means, drowned in Lake Erie in 1892.

1.2.7.2.3.6.10750  HENRY ANDERSON COZAD:
(Elihu 643; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Henry Anderson Cozad, was born June 22, 1823. Removed from Mercer County, Pa., to Knox County, Illinois, where he married Catherine Annis, November 9, 1845.

CHILDREN:
1.2.7.2.3.6.10.1 1011. i. Catherine Nancy Cozad, b. 10/1/1846 m. Thomas A. Morrison. Lived at Milan, Sumner County, Kansas.
1.2.7.2.3.6.10.2 1012. ii. Mary Alice Cozad, b. 3/7/1849. m. Joseph Battey, Los Angeles

1.2.7.2.3.9 646  HANNAH COZAD:
(Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Hannah Cozad was born February 10, 1778; married about 1803-4 to John Allet of Frankfort township, Sussex County, N. J. She died September 26, 1812 and after her death her husband remarried. He died November 4, 1833.

CHILDREN:
1.2.7.2.3.9.1 751. i. William Allet.
1.2.7.2.3.9.2 752. ii. A daughter.
1.2.7.2.3.9.3 753. iii. A daughter.
1.2.7.2.3.9.4 754. iv. Job Cozad Allet, married, had four children and died at the early age of 24 years. His children were - Henry M. Allet a Presbyterian Minister; Daniel Allet who died at age of 15 years; Elizabeth Allet who married Mr. Ray, and Hannah Allet who
Anthony Cosad of Beardstown, was born in Somerset County, New Jersey. He died at Millstone, Somerset Co. N.J., in 1790. Married Catherine Coon, the daughter of Thomas Coon of Bernard township, Somerset County, who died in July 1785, and the grand-daughter of Thomas Coon of North Presinct, who died 1761. Anthony is buried with his wife Catherine Coon close to his father in the old Presbyterian burying ground in Bound Brook, N.J.

“Anthony Cosad, of Bernard Township (died 1790), was member and warm supporter of the Mt. Bethel Church. Nearly all his children, however, moved to Sussex County, N.J., and their children to Ohio, Virginia, Kentucky and the Carolinas, and had a great part in the building up of these commonwealths.”

(Reference: Somerset County Historical quarterly, 1918, Volume V, page 120).

The will of Anthony Cosad of Beardstown, Somerset Co., N.J., dated May 24, 1790, proved at Millstone, N.J., June 10, 1790 (860 Record of Wills 31. 509 Trenton, N.J.) mentions wife, Catherine; sons, Thomas (eldest), Samuel, Jacob, Aaron and John. Daughters, Mary Compton, Elizabeth Cosad, Catherine Cosad and Hannah Cosad.

Executors: Brothers Samuel and friend David, Smalley.
(Reference: Justice Collection in the Genealogical Society of Pennsylvania).

THE WILL OF ANTHONY COSAD:

“Anthony Cosad, of Bernards Township of Somerset County, N.J., 24 May 1790~

Wife, Catherine, use of house and land. Children to go to trades. Plantation where Mr. Sutton lives to be sold.

Son Thomas 5 shillings as birth right. Son Samuel, sons Jacob, Aaron and John.

Daughters, Mary Compton, Elizabeth Cosad, Catherine Cosad and Hannah Cosad.

Executors: My brother Samuel and friend David Smally, and if they die or refuse to act then my friend James Bishop

/Signed/ ANTHONY COSAD.

Witnesses: Benjamin Winans, Stephen Coon (by mark), James Bishop.

Proved at Millstone, N.J., 10 June 1700. Samuel Cosad and David Smally sworn as Executors.

Inventory made 10 June 1790 by Samuel Cosad and David Smally in the presence of Benjamin Winans and Elizabeth Winans and by David Kelly and James Bishop. “Note against Jonathan Compton”.
(Reference: 860 Record of Wills (31.509), Secretary of State of New Jersey).

In 1788, Anthony Cosad, was a Constable of Somerset, County, N.J.

CHILDREN:
The Reverend Thomas Coon Casad, was born at Bernado, Somerset County, N.J. September 13, 1763; died in Sussex County, N.J. November 19/23, 1808 and is buried at the Beemerville Cemetery near Newton in Sussex County. Thomas removed, from Somerset to Sussex County, N.J. in 1786. He was married at the home of Joseph Tingley of Somerset County in 1786 to Abigail Tingley, born September 16, 1765, the daughter of Joseph and Christian (Manning) Tingley of Somerset County.

The Tingley’s came from London, England, before the Revolutionary War. Abigail Tingley Casad, died August 25, 1825. Her mother Christian Manning Tingley was the sister of James Manning the first President of Brown University at Warren, later at Providence, R.I. The Mannings also came from England. Joseph Tingley was the son of Ebenezer Tingley and Elizabeth of Somerset County, N.J. Joseph Tingley had plenty of slave labor for field and home, and their children knew little about work. Soon after the marriage of Thomas Coon Casad and Abigail Tingley they placed their belongings in a cart and went to Sussex County, N.J. Here they bought 80 acres of land and his wife paid for it by weaving.

Thomas’ youth and early manhood were marked by his rudeness and mischief. He was very fond of Abigail but her folks were much averse to his visits because of his wayward life. He attended the Mt. Bethel Chapel where the Rev. Abner Sutton held meetings during the winter of 1785-6 and at one of these meetings Thomas was converted.

Abigail had been sent to her Uncle James Manning in Rhode Island, to keep them separated. After Thomas was converted she was allowed to come home and they were soon married. He cleared land, built a small house and planted an orchard. He had the care of four churches, visiting each once a month on Saturdays and Sundays. He was licensed to preach in the Baptist Church. From 1801 till his death November 19, 1808, he was pastor of the Second Wantage Baptist Church, known as Weston Church. His home at Rockville, Sussex County, N.J. is said to have lain on both sides of the state line between New Jersey and New York, in the Counties of Sussex and Orange. This home a humble log cottage upon the side of a mountain, with a small clearing for a garden and for field products. They left here for a farm 10 miles southwest which he rented for a year and in 1804 he purchased the Rebello place which had a two-story house on it.

After three years his health began to fail, and a sea voyage to the West Indies was advised. He started for New York and when he reached the Schooley Mountains he gave out and stopped with his Uncle Samuel Cosad (607) and Lydia Coon Cosad. He wrote to his mother to come to him as he could go no further. His Uncle Samuel sent for a hogshead of sea-water for him to bathe in and clams and oysters for him to eat. After eating plenty of sea food and bathing daily for a few weeks in the sea-water he was so much improved that he wrote his wife that if she would come and go along, he thought he would be able to make the trip. She came with baby John, Abner and Lydia, their three children, to Samuel’s at Scholey Mountains. He got in a carriage and they started for New York and the boat. Arriving at Black River or Lambertown, he gave out and for a week was
thought to be unable to proceed farther. But he recovered and was taken home.

Soon after his arrival home, John, the baby died. After this Thomas failed and on November 19, 1808, he died. In his will be provided that Abigail should have the farm, where he died, as long as she remained a widow, also all the stock and farming implements. If she married a certain portion, and if they stayed on the place they were to pay rent and the rent of the other place and the interest on the money, would pay for the childrens board and clothes.

In January 1811 she married a Baptist Minister, the Rev. John Wintermoot, a widower with seven children. She died near Greenville, Dark County, Ohio, on August 25, 1825.

(Reference: Extracts taken from Rev. Lydia Sexton’s Book).

CHILDREN:

1.2.7.2.4.1.1 755  i. Abner Sutton Casad., born June 9, 1787.
1.2.7.2.4.1.2 756  ii. Christian Tingley Casad, born 1/19/1789; died May 14, 1861.
1.2.7.2.4.1.3 757  iii. Anthony Wayne Casad, born May 2, 1791; died 12/15/1857.
Anthony Cossart, Son of Jacques II the immigrant

1.2.7.2.4.1.4 758  iv.  Joseph Tingley Cosad, born May 3, 1793; died 1795.
1.2.7.2.4.1.5 759  v.  Catherine Compton Cased, born 2/28/1795; died July 2, 1882.
1.2.7.2.4.1.6 760  vi.  Mary Coon Cosad, born April 15, 1797.
1.2.7.2.4.1.7 761  vii.  Lydia Casad, born 4/12/1799; died at Seattle, Wn., 12/19/1894.
1.2.7.2.4.1.8 762  viii.  Thomas Meade Casad, born May 12, 1801; died 1/14/1842.
1.2.7.2.4.1.9 763  ix.  Isaac Finch Casad, born September 18, 1803; died 1855.
1.2.7.2.4.1.10 764  x.  Jacob Cosad, born and died in 1806.
1.2.7.2.4.1.11 765  xi.  John Cosad was born 12/31/1807 and died in Sussex County, New Jersey, the following year.
1.2.7.2.4.1.12 766  xii.  Hannah Cosad; died in infancy.
1.2.7.2.4.1.13 767  xiii.  Elizabeth Cosad; died in infancy.

NOTE: Those children who remained in the East retained the surname of COSAD, while those who removed to the west changed the spelling of their surname to CASAD.

1.2.7.2.4.1.1 755  ABNER SUTTON CASAD:  (Cosad.)

(Rev. Thomas 647; Anthony 609; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Abner Sutton Casad was born June 9, 1787, Rockport, Sussex County, N. J. In 1804 he moved to near Newton, same county. Before 1811, Abner had gone to New York to enlist in the United States Navy. He attended school at Bath, Stuben County, N.Y. The money for his schooling was acquired by his selling his share of his father's property, 30 acres of hemp at $100.00 per acre. While in Stuben County he married Jemima Chauncey. They came to Ohio bringing Thomas Meade Casad with them and resided for a while in Cadiz, Ohio, and then removed to Bath, Greene County, Ohio, in 1817. In 1815 Abner on his way to Ohio stopped at his Uncle Lewis Bunnion's near Charlestown, Jefferson County, Ohio, and there got his sister Lydia Casad and they went to Fairfield, Ohio. In the vicinity there lived a large number of Jersey folks, many of whom were relatives of Abner; among them were Anthony Wayne Casad, his uncle Aaron and John Casad and his mother's brother John J. Tingley, all with large families.

CHILDREN:

1.2.7.2.4.1.1.1 1013  i.  Amanda Armita Dormer Casad, b. 1817, died 1888. Married William Lee.
1.2.7.2.4.1.1.2 1014  ii.  Amelia Emily Louisa Casad. Married John Keeling. They had a daughter that married John Black.
1.2.7.2.4.1.1.3 1015  iii.  Adelia Adeline Linda Casad, died young.
1.2.7.2.4.1.1.4 1016  iv.  Indiana Sophie Elizabeth Casad, died young.
1.2.7.2.4.1.1.5 1017  v.  Philander Lorenzo Orpheus Casad, died young.
1.2.7.2.4.1.1.6 1018  vi.  Sidney Andrew Jackson Casad, born 1830, died 1903.
1.2.7.2.4.1.1.7 1019  vii.  Thomas Lafayette Anthony Casad, born 1828, died 1903.

1.2.7.2.4.1.1.6 1018  SIDNEY ANDREW JACKSON CASAD:

(Abner S. 755; Rev. Thomas 647; Anthony 609; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Sidney. Andrew Jackson Casad was born in 1830 and died in 1873. Married Malinda Jane Hamilton April 23, 1846.

CHILDREN:

1585.1.  James Casad, died in infancy.

1586  WILLIAM H. CASAD:

(Sidney Andrew Jackson 1018; Abner S. 755; Rev. Thomas 647; Anthony 609 Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).


CHILDREN:
1936.  i.  Bertha A. Casad, born December 27, 1882.
1937. ii. Frederick M. Casad, born October 14, 1874, died March 10, 1875.

1.2.7.2.4.1.1.7  
1019  THOMAS LAFAYETTE ANTHONY CASAD:

(Rev. Thomas 647; Anthony 609; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Thomas Lafayette Anthony Casad was born in 1828, died in 1903. Married Elizabeth Sutton April 12, 1831 died October 26, 1895.

CHILDREN:
1587.  i.  Charles May Casad.
1589. iii. Seaberry Lafayette Casad, born September 27, 1852, married Thomas Watson August 17, 1873.
1590. iv. Marion A. Casad, born December 1, 1854, died September 31, 1855.
1592. vi. George F. Casad, born March 12, 1858, died November 21, 1859.
1593. vii. Sidney L. Casad, born September 19, 1861, died October 14, 1862;
1594. viii. Lavina A. Casad, born November 30, 1866. Married Joseph T. Womack, 1/1/1886
1595. ix. Alice J. Casad, born December 20, 1869, died August 29, 1880
1596. x. Amy Barch Casad, born June 16, 1872.
1597. xi. Simon Otto Casad, b.1875. Married Rose Ingalls, lives at Livingston, Calif. (1933).

1587  CHARLES MAY CASAD:

(Thomas L.A. 1019; Abner S. 755; Rev. Thomas 647; Anthony 609; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Charles May Casad married Harriet Thompson.

CHILDREN:
1939.  i.  Walter S. Casad.
1940. ii.  Orla Casad.
1941. iii.  Mae Casad.
1942. iv.  Ollie Casad.
1943. v.  Rolla Casad.

1.2.7.2.4.1.2  
756  CHRISTIAN TINGLEY CASAD:

(Rev. Thomas 647; Anthony 609; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Christian Tingley Casad was born January 19, 1789, at Rockport or Rockville, Sussex County, N. J. After her father's death she went to live with her aunt Polly (Elizebeth Casad m. Joshua Compton). She married William R. Coddington whom she met at church and they were soon wed and lived a long and happy life. They became wealthy, and were still living in Somerset County, New Jersey, in 1853 and were members of the Methodist Episcopal Church.

(Reference: Lydia Casad Sexton's Book).

Christian Tingley Casad was born June 19, 1789 and died May 14, 1861. She married February 6, 1816 to William B. Coddington, born September 2, 1784, died June 12, 1857.

(Reference: James O. Casad., Urbana, Ill. 1933).

CHILDREN:
1022.  iii.  Isreal Coddington, born 2/24/1824, died 2/19/1908; married Christina Roberts.
1023.  iv.  William Coddington Jr., born August 4, 1832; married Mary Spooner.
1024.  v.  Christina Coddington, b.3/16/1826, d.4/12/1815; m.Bartholimus Coddington.
1025.  vi.  Mary Coddington, born November 21, 1828; married Ira Mundy.
1026. vii.  Eliza Jane Coddington, born March 27, 1820, died January 2, 1902; married George W. Coddington.
Anthony Wayne Casad, clergyman and physician, was born in Wantage Township, Sussex County, N. J., May 2, 1791; died at Summerfield, Illinois, December 16, 1857. His father the Reverend Thomas Casad, was a Baptist minister, who with his wife, Abigail Tingley, was among the early settlers of Sussex County, N. J. He was descended from Dutch-Huguenot ancestry, the family name being originally COSSART, the American branch having been founded by Jacques Cossart 3, who emigrated from Leyden, Holland, to New Amsterdam (New York City) in 1662. At the age of nineteen Anthony removed to Green County, Ohio, settling at Fairfield, near the site of the present city of Dayton, where some of his relatives were residing.

On February 6, 1811, he married Anna, eldest daughter of Captain Samuel Stites and Martha Martin Stites, her mother's father and grandfather having been patriot soldiers in the war of the Revolution. Anthony Wayne Casad served as a volunteer from Ohio in the war of 1812, being a member of Captain William Stephenson's Company. In 1818 he removed with his wife's father to Union Grove, St. Clair County, Illinois. A few years later he entered the ministry of the Methodist Episcopal Church, and during 1821-23 was stationed at Kaskaskia and Buffalo, removing, in 1823 to Lebanon, where he taught school. Later he studied medicine and attained considerable prominence as a practitioner, being commissioned. Surgeon of the 49th Illinois Infantry in 1835. He was one of the founders of McKendree College and a liberal contributor to its support; was also for many years Deputy Superintendent of schools at Lebanon, served as County surveyor of St. Clair County, and acted as agent for Harper Brothers in the sale of southern Illinois lands. He was a prominent Free Mason and influential citizen. His youngest daughter, Amanda Keziah, married Rev. Collin D. James and removed from Normal to Evanston in 1876, and from the latter place to Kansas in 1879.


One of the children of Rev. Collin D. James was the late Professor Edmund J. James who in 1898 was a professor in the University of Chicago and who did much research work on the COSSART family, some of which has been incorporated in these tabulations.

“Anthony Wayne Casad was born May 2, 1791; married 1811 at Fairfield, Green County, Ohio, to Anna Stites, the daughter of Captain Samuel Stites and granddaughter of Colonel Ephriam Martin. He died at Lebanon, Illinois, 1858. Anthony decided to go to the “Hios” as Ohio was called. His mother fitted him out with plenty of clothing, as much as he could carry, a new saddle and Badger the best horse on the place; away went Anthony, then only 16 years old for the “Hios” over the Allegheny Mountains, a distance of over 800 miles through the wilderness, without roads or bridges, over hills and mountains. After one month’s hard riding brought him to Springfield, Ohio. His money was all gone but five dollars and he was too far away from home for anyone to change it but he logged on towards Fairfield and his Uncle Aaron Casad’s place. After arriving at his uncle’s he began teaching school and giving singing lessons. He joined, the Methodist Episcopal Church, and became an earnest, zealous, and successful minister in the church for many years, principally in Illinois near Lebanon and Summerfield. He was highly esteemed as a minister in his church and later in life as a physician and also a citizen. At his death he left a large estate to his grand children, but his children broke the will and the property amounted to about $14,000.00 each. When Anthony went back to Ohio he took his sister Lydia with him as far as her uncle Lewis Bunion’s which was among the hills of Jefferson County, Ohio, five miles from Charlestown, where they crossed the Ohio River. She remained here until the next year, till Abner came on his way to Fairfield.

Anthony was married 1st time to Anna; 2nd time to Elizabeth and 3rd time to Hannah. His daughter Anna was by his third wife.”

(Reference: Lydia Casad Sexton’s Book).

“Anthony Wayne Casad, born May 2, 1791, died December 15, 1857; married 1st time February 6, 1811 to Anna Stites, born December 10, 1796, died July 16, 1838; married 2nd time to Elizabeth Hall; married 3rd time to Hannah Casad who had been the wife of Jacob Casad, who was the son of Jacob Casad and Anna Hozen, she was born March 27, 1810 at Plainfield, New Jersey, the daughter of Enoch Ayers.”

(Reference: James G. Casad, Urbana, Illinois. 1933).
CHILDREN: (By 1st wife).
1027  i.  Martha Casad, born August 9, 1812, died August 12, 1813.
1028. ii. Thomas Casad, born 1/16/1816, died 10/7/1886. Married Sarah Hilton.
1031 v.  Lavina Casad, b. 10/17/1821, d.1899; married George Gilpin Smith, b.12/25/1800. They had a daughter who married a Mr. Legg.
1032 vi. Caroline C. Casad, born 12/19/1823. First husband was I. Burn; second husband was Moses Moore (He was Lydia Casad Sextons son).
1033 vii. Samuel S. Casad, born 11/11/1825; married Sarah Dew. He was a Civil War Vet.
1034 viii. Amanda Kesiah Casad, b.8/18/1827, d.9/23/1878; m.11/27/1870 to Collin D. James.
1035 ix. Isaac D. Casad, b.4/6/1829, d.9/7/1886; m. Mary Emanual James, born 4/24/1841.
1036 x. Anthony Casad, born February 16, 1831, died March 5, 1851.
1037 xi. Abigail Ann Casad, born November 20, 1832, died July 7, 1834.
1038 xii. Margaret Tingley Casad, born August 13, 1835, died October 13, 1837.

CHILDREN: (By 3rd. wife).
1040  xiv. Narcissa Ann Casad, b.4/26/1850; m. 1st time J.W. Stram; m. 2nd time L. Purdon.

1034  AMANDA KEZIAH CASAD:

(Anthony Wayne 757; Rev. Thomas 647; Anthony 609; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Amanda Keziah Casad was born August 18, 1827, died September 23, 1878, married November 27, 1870 to Colin D. James.

CHILDREN:
1598.  i.  Edmund J. James, born May 21, 1855, died June 19, 1925.
1599. ii.  Ella Amanda James, born April 10, 1857. 1st husband was Edward. J. Bicknell, 2nd. husband was Temple R. Noel.
1600. iii.  Benjamin B. James, born July 4, 1860. 1st wife was Emma .... 2nd. wife was Ida Bowman.
1601. iv.  John Nelson James, born April 15, 1865.
1602. v.  George Francis James, born August 18, 1867. Married Pauline Shoels.
1603. vi.  Clara Bell James, born April 12, 1871. Married June 1897 to Cheeseman Herriok.

1598  EDMUND J. JAMES:

(Son of 1034 - Amanda Kesiah Casad and Colin D. James).

Edmund J. James was born May 21, 1855, died June 19, 1925. Married August 22, 1879 to Margaretha Lange at Halle, Germany. Mr. James was a professor at the University of Chicago and did considerable genealogical work on the Cossart Family which may be found in the Cozad collection published by Oliver L. Cozad of Marion, Ohio, also his collections may be found elsewhere in these volumes.

CHILDREN:
1944.  i.  Herman S. James, President of the University of South Dakota.
1945. ii.  Helen Dickson James, Evanston, Illinois. married George Frazer.
1946. iii. Anthony John James, deceased. Commander. U.S. Navy retired October 1, 1931. Was born in Pennsylvania June 28, 1885. Was appointed to the Naval Academy September 7, 1901, from II.

1.2.7.2.4.1.5  759  CATHERINE COMPTON CASAD:

(Rev. Thomas 647; Anthony 609; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Catherine Compton Casad was born February 28, 1795, died July 2, 1882; married April 13, 1816 to Asa Elston born August 10, 1797, died April 24, 1876. They were of Sussex County, N.J. After the death of her father she went to live at the home of her uncle Jacob Casad.

CHILDREN:
1041 i.  Mardecia Wilson Elston, born 1821, died February 18, 1906; married Milicent Hoyt.
Mary Coon Casad was born April 15, 1797 at Rockville, Sussex County, N.J. After her mother’s marriage she went to live at Joel Crowell’s. She married Abram Bodle in the state of New York. He was of Irish descent, a lawyer and a fair scholar. Her brother Isaac Finch Casad took her share of the estate and purchased a farm near Greenville, Darke County, Ohio, and deeded it in such a manner that she could not sell it. After her husband’s death she built a pleasant and comfortable home. She lived a devoted and Christian life and was a member of the Christian Church. Her first home was located about twenty miles from Greenville and her last home was about four miles east of Greenville. She died in 1861 and is buried on an eminence on the north side of the turnpike road leading from Greenville to Richmond, Ohio, near her husband and their son Abram Boodle(?) Jr., a daughter Lydia Ann Boodle(?) and near the grave of Abigail Tingley Casad Wintermoot.

CHILDREN:
1051. i. Abigail Bodle, born 1820, died 1888; married Joseph Harris.
1052. ii. Tyle C. Bodle, born 1830.
1053. iii. Alexander Bodle, born 1827, died 1861.
1054. iv. Emma Bodle, born 1824; married Selby Summers.
1055. v. Lydia Amor Bodle, born 1835; married John Diehl.
1056. vi. Abraham Bodle Jr., born 1840, died 1844.

Lydia Casad was born in Sussex County, N.J., near Rockport, on April 12, 1799. She was married three times. Married 1st husband March 17, 1820 who was Isaac Cox and who belonged to a very large family of respectability and wealth.” Her book says: We went to the home farm, Isaac taking charge of the sawmill which was on the farm and which was propelled by the waters of Mad River. Soon after our marriage, father Cox, who owned several farms, gathered up a boat load of grain for the market in New Orleans. He hired several hands, leaving his boys to care for the large farms. He left June 1, 1820; before they reached the mouth of the Ohio river, the hired hands were taken sick and when they reached New Madrid, Missouri Territory, on the west bank of the Mississippi one died (John Tatman, a noble young man. He was buried here). Father Cox was gone nearly a year; June 1, 1821 we heard he was at Cincinnati, Ohio, and would be home on a certain day. We all went to the big brick house, in Fairfield. He had been sick and lived only a few weeks and was buried by the Masonic Fraternity on his father’s place, the old Isaac Cox homestead. He left a will giving a few favored children most of the estate, and to the mother, the home place, mill and 600 acres of land. Isaac was not mentioned, because he disobeyed, and married while yet a minor, having yet to serve his father two years. Isaac heard of the opening of the new territory of Indiana and went to seek a home near Indianapolis. I begged him not to go, for soon I would have help from the New Jersey estate. He felt that he could not lose this opportunity, so I gave him the money from my last drawing of my father’s estate, put his clothing
in order and with a heavy heart watched him go down the road toward Dayton, Ohio, until his figure faded from my sight, as it proved forever. It was generally regarded as a wild goose chase to emigrate to Indiana.

February 7, 1821 my son was born. He was named John Thomas Cox in honor of his grandfathers, John Cox and Thomas Casad. In November 1822 a letter came telling us of my husband's accidental death. I received word that my mother in Greenville, Darke County, Ohio, was dangerously ill and went to her. Married second time, April 1824, Moses Moore. He was reserved in his manners and showed a good degree of culture. He was engaged by the United States Government in the survey of lands in the vicinity of the Maumee River. He was a gentleman of much reading, extensive travel, and I was highly honored, for I was a widow, homeless, and without means. Mr. Moore obtained a situation as principal of a school at Middleton, Butler County, Ohio, and we moved to that place. January 28, 1825, my son Finley Moore was born. Mr. Moore died August 9, 1825. I then removed to Jacksonborough in Butler County and later met a young man by the name of Joseph Sexton whom I married September 12, 1829. He died in Wilson County, Kansas, October 23, 1873 and is buried at Fredonia. I began to preach and after a year was given my license by the United Brethren, and preached continuously through Indiana, Illinois and back to Ohio."

Copy of the license issued to Lydia Casad Sexton, the first licensed woman preacher in this country:

"This is to certify that Lydia Sexton is an approved Minister of the Gospel among us, the United Brethren in Christ, This given by order of the quarterly Illinois Conference, in the year of our Lord, 1851.

/s/ JOSIAH TURREL,
Presiding Elder."

The following is also an excerpt from the Autobiography of Lydia Casad Sexton, the story of her life through a period of over seventy-two years, from 1799 to 1872. Her early privations, and adventures, and Reminiscences. Clouds and Sunshine, as a child., wife, mother and widow; as minister of the gospel; as prison Chaplain. Her missions of help and mercy as published by the United Brethren publishing House of Dayton, Ohio, 1882, and as submitted to the compiler by Mrs. Carroll of Cleveland., Ohio~

“My grandfather, Anthony Casad (Cozart or Cozott) came to America in the early part of 1700. He had a grant of land taking in the Mississippi Valley from the Gulf of Mexico to Alaska Lake, embracing five miles on each side of the river. (See Starks History of the United States.)

“When this territory was ceded to the United States in 1803 and the question of title was so clouded that the claim has been as I understand it, abandoned.

“Grandfather and his brother Job, Samuel and Thomas and his sister Hannah settled in Somerset County, New Jersey. The two brothers Thomas and Samuel married two sisters, Caty and. Lydia Coon, (later in her book she says Anthony married Caty Coon, also says: “My grandfather was Anthony Casad and my grandmother was Katy Coon).”

“My grandfather, Joseph Tingley; married Christian Manning of Rhode Island, and they had eight children, viz.: Eunice, Adigail who married Thomas Casad; Sally who married Lewis Runion, Jeremiah; Joseph, Christian, John and. Ebenezer.

“All my mothers people died in New Jersey and were buried at Mt. Bethel Chapel, in Somerset County, N.J., except uncle Jerry who is buried near Cadiz, Ohio, and Joseph who died on his farm eight miles north of Dayton, Ohio, and two miles south of Fairfield, Ohio

“In 1852, My father's brother Samuel (648) was nearly 100 years old when I visited him. He was very wealthy and was living in luxury.

“Jacob, David and Samuel, boys of Uncle Samuel, started together for California when the gold fever was on in 1844. In crossing the plains with a large train of emigrants, Samuel and David were separated from Jacob and they never heard from him again. It is supposed he died while crossing the plains. Samuel gave out on the sandy plains, famishing for water. David started to get some water, a distance of about ten miles, but his mules sank knee deep in the hot sand beds
Anthony Cossart, Son of Jacques II the immigrant

until they finally gave out. After a short rest he drove the mules before him after tying himself to the tail of one of the animals he succeeded in getting to the spring. Drinking heartily and watering the mules and filling the kegs and canteens they went back where he had left Samuel. He had nearly perished, his tongue was badly swollen, his eyes were bloodshot. Other members of the party were in a much worse condition. When Samuel and David arrived at the diggings, Samuel was very restless and discouraged. He went to San Francisco and took a boat for New York. At the end of three days he returned home with $90,000.00 in gold.

“In 1834 I went from Clark County, Ohio, to Jasper County, Indiana. In 1862 went back to Battle Grounds, Tippacanoe County, Missouri. Sold out here August 18, 1869 and removed to Spring Hill, Kansas, and was later appointed Chaplain to the Kansas State penitentiary.

“I was born in Sussez County, now Rockport, in the State of New Jersey. It is claimed by some of the oldest survivors of our family that our home lay upon both sides of the state line, between New York and New Jersey, and in the counties of Orange and Sussex. My home a humble log cottage upon the mountain side, with a small clearing for garden, orchard and field products.

“My father 647 'Thomas Casad was an accredited Baptist Minister and like some of the earlier ministers of the Gospel, “labored with his own hands”, that he might not be chargeable to his congregations, which were made up of pioneers like himself.” He was the son of 609 ‘Anthony Casad (or Cozott) of Somerset County, New Jersey, and Katy (Caty) Coon. My mother’s maiden name was Abigail Tingley, daughter of Joseph and Christian Tingley of Somerset County, N. J., but who came from London, England, before the Revolutionary War. My grandmother on my mother’s side was also from England. Her maiden name was Christian Manning and she was a sister of James Manning, President of Brown University located at Warren and removed to Providence, Long Island.

“My great-grandfather Joseph Tingley was driven from his home by the Hessians; grandmother, the children and the servants took refuge in the Schooley’s Mountains, taking with them a few supplies to subsist on until relief could be procured from the Army. Grandfather took his eldest two boys, Ebenezer and Jeremiah and equipped themselves each with a flint-lock musket, powderhorn, homespun blankets, etc., set out for the headquarters of General Washington, not far distant. Grandfather being an Englishman but now an American peasant was very obedient in the presence of distinguished personages. Approaching General Washington, he took off his hat, putting it under his arm, addressing him said: “I believe I have the honor of being in the presence of General Washington”. The General replied, “My name is George Washington; put your hat on daddy.” Said grandfather: “I come to offer you my service and those of my sons, such as it is, to help in this struggle”. Washington said: “Noble offering, fall in rank, there and be roll call report your names.” The Hessians had taken possession of the house and barn for headquarters, who on leaving it, left only bare walls. Cattle, hogs, sheep, geese and chickens were either destroyed or driven off. Grandfather Tingley had plenty of slave labor so his children knew little of labor.

“My mother Abigail Tingley Casad came to Greenville, Darke County, Ohio, in 1821. In 1822 she received word that our grandmother Caty Coon Casad was blind in Dundee, New York. Mother died August 26, 1825 at Greenville, and is buried on the north side of the turnpike leading from Greenville to Richmond. A stone with “A.W.” on it is erected on the grave. This was done by her husband the Rev. John Wintermoot. I later erected a slab with an open bible upon it. Upon the face of the bible are these words. “Blessed are they that die in the Lord.” “Sacred to the memory of Abigail Wintremoot, wife of Rev. John Wintremoot and daughter of Joseph Tingley and Relict of Rev. Thomas Casad, departed this life August 28, 1825 in the 60th year of her age.” Here are buried her daughter Mary Casad Bodle and husband Abram Bodle, their child Abram Bodle Jr., and Ann Bodle; also Rev. John Wintremoot and his two daughters by his first marriage.

“In 1853 I went east on business and to visit, taking my son David who was not thirteen years old with me. We stopped first at Dundee, N.Y. and found my cousin Samuel Harpending, proprietor of the Harpending Hotel, and his mother, my aunt Hannah who was bowed down with grief, because of the condition of Ashbury who was dying of heart disease and who soon passed on. I saw him when dead. On our return we made a visit with aunt Hannah Harpending and her son, Honorable Abram Harpending, July 1853. At Dundee we found relatives among the Harpendings, Comptons, Blakemans, Casads, Andrews, Husons, Maltbys and other families. Then we went to my sister’s, Catherine Elstons place. While here we went to the town of Rockville, where we spent much time in play and sport as children. Thence to the New York State place, but she refused to go to the
place in Sussex County, N.J. where father died. But her son Thomas Elston went with us. The monument at Beemersville reads: “Sacred is this monument to the memory of the Rev. Thomas Casad, who departed this life November 19th 1808 in the Forty-fifth year of his age.” The funeral services were held by elder Lathrop of Goshen, State of New York.

“The children of 601 · Jacob were:

607  i.  Samuel Crozatt,
608  ii. Job Crozatt who married Lydia Coon,
609  iii. Anthony Crozatt, my grandfather, who married Caty Coon,  
Hannah Crozatt, who married Benjamin Coddington.

“After our mother’s marriage in 1811, Caty went to live with Uncle Jacob Casad’s. Polly went to live with Joel Crowell’s; Thomas went to live with Joseph Wilson; Christian went to live with aunt Polly Compton’s; Anthony had gone to Ohio; Abner had enlisted in the Navy before Anthony left home; Isaac went with mother. Uncle Jacob Casad was one of the executors of father’s will (estate) and he had ten years in which to settle it. In 1808 Lydia lived with Mrs. Isaac Finch, just down the road from the Ayers place. After father’s death and mother’s marriage I went to live with the family of Isaac Holly’s. While there never went to school nor was taught to sew, but did all the housework for a family of ten and was required to do the family wash and milk five cows. The neighbors complained and mother took me home. Then I went to uncle Jacob Casad’s. Aunt Hannah Casad was sick most of the time and I had to do the housework for a family of eight and had to milk five cows. Stayed here one year. Jacob Hand asked me to come and live with his family where he paid me to do the housework. They lived near Newton, and were very good to me, though I had eleven cows to milk before sunrise. He brought me a velvet bonnet with white feathers on it from New York which was wonderful during those days. They moved away and I went back to uncle Jacob Casad’s. Went to school and singing school and then went to Ohio with Anthony in 1814. Stopped with the Rumions in Jefferson County; Ohio, then to learn glove making of Hetty Knox, then to Aaron Cosad’s in Fairfield, Ohio, for six months, then helped Mrs. India Rush Tatman without pay. Wages for housework was seventy-five cents per week and for tailoring it was twenty-five cents per day. Went to live with the Pattersons who were Quakers and learned tailoring, but mother did not believe as the Quakers so took me home.” (The above submitted by Mrs. Rose M. Carroll, 3301 Euclid Ave., Cleveland Heights, Ohio).

The late Oliver L. Cozad. of Marion, Ohio, stated in a letter that, ‘Mrs. Sexton’s book contains some very misleading statements concerning our ancestry in Europe.” Mr. Cozad was the author of the “Cozad Family” genealogy published in 1897. He engaged in research work on the descendants of Jacques Cossart for more than thirty years.

The Casad Genealogy according to the book of Lydia (Casad) Sexton:

CHILDREN:

601  - Jacob Cosart
607  - Samuel Crozatt, who married Lydia Coon,
608  - Job Crozatt,
609  - Hannah Crozatt, married Benjamin Coddington.

CHILDREN:

647  i.  Thomas Casad.
648  ii.  Samuel Casad.
649  iii.  Jacob Casad.
650  iv.  Aaron Casad.
651  v.  John Casad.
652  vi.  Elizabeth Casad; married Joshua Compton.
653  vii.  Caty Casad, married a Mr. Steel.
654  viii.  Mary Casad

LYDIA CASAD CHILDREN:  (by first husband: Cox)

1057  a.  John Thomas Cox, born February 7, 1821, Fairfield, Green County, Ohio; married Catherine Rowen Allison. He was named after his grandfathers, John Cox and Thomas Casad. His father died about November 1822 and when three years old he was placed with Mr. and Mrs. Kurtz on Mad River. He stayed there for a year, then with his mother at Middletown, Butler County, Ohio. He rode on the first trip on the Miami and Erie Canals, from Middletown to Cincinnati, Ohio. While living with the Kurtz’s he was injured by having a tendon in his heel severed which caused him to be lame for life. Was in the Army of the Frontier at Fort Lincoln, Kansas, 1861-1864, and held a Commission as a Lieutenant, Captain, and later a Major. He had
Anthony Cossart, Son of Jacques II the immigrant

been a clerk of the Senate Committee on Public Lands. Lived at Fort Scott, Coffey County, Kan. Married Elizabeth Fagan and had children by her. He was also principal of Noblesville Academy, at Noblesville, Hamilton County, Indiana, and in 1853 was secretary of the Northwestern Christian University at Indianapolis, Indiana.

CHILDREN:
A. Ann Hemans Cox
B. Clara Alma Cox, married George W. McDiarmid.
   CHILDREN:
   i. Lillian McDiarmid.
   ii. Katie McDiarmid.
   iii. George McDiarmid.
C. John T. Cox; married Elizabeth Pagan.
   CHILDREN:
   i. Fagan Cox.
   ii. Irene Cox.
D. Charles W. Cox.
E. Herbert Finley Cox; m. Irene Fagan.
F. Lydia Katie Cox; married James M. Johnston.

LYDIA CASAD CHILDREN: (by second husband: Moore)
1058  b. Moses Finley Moore was first named Finley Moore; born January 28, 1825; married Caroline C. Burke. He enlisted in the Union Army and was a member of General Freemont’s Staff in Missouri.
   CHILDREN:
   A. Lydia Ann Moore.
   B. Moses Eddie Moore.
   C. John Thomas Moore.

LYDIA CASAD CHILDREN: (by 3rd husband: Sexton)
1060  d. David Finch Sexton; m. Jane Orra Downing November 19, 1867. Taught school at Waterloo, Ind. Enlisted during the Civil War and served under General Thomas in Tennessee.
1061  e. Joseph Zadok Sexton was 19 years old in 1861; married April 4, 1867 to Sarah Sheets. Taught school in Jasper County, Indiana, Iroquois, Illinois. His mother objected to his enlisting in the Civil War. He said, "Mother, I think I will be selling my manhood very cheap and will feel it keenly when our victorious Army return home; and I would, be ashamed to face them." He enlisted in August 1862.
   CHILDREN:
   A. Clarence David Sexton.
   B. Florence Sexton.
   C. John Homer Sexton.
   D. Lydia Lorinda Sexton.
   E. Joseph Zadok Sexton Jr.

The following article appeared in the “Seattle Post-Intelligencer” on Thursday, December 20, 1894:

“MOTHER SEXTON DEAD”
The Oldest Woman Preacher in the United States.
Long Life Full of Good. Work.
A pioneer of the West nearly a century old.
She passes away peacefully in Seattle, Wn.

"Good Old Mother Sexton, one of the most remarkable women of the Nineteenth Century, after a pilgrimage of nearly a hundred years upon this earth, peacefully sank to rest in this city at 6:00 O’clock last evening at the home of her late son, Joseph Z. Sexton, 2122 Seventh Street. Although 95 years of age, she retained consciousness up to within three hours of the time of dissolution, and was able to call her grandchildren by name. She had no fear of death, but looked upon it simply as going to sleep and an awakening on a brighter and. happier world. Since the death of her son, November 5, 1894, she frequently expressed a desire and willingness to follow him.

"Rev. Lydia Sexton was born April 12, 1799, in Sussex County, and Rockport, New Jersey, and preached for nearly fifty years of the 95 that she lived. She was a cousin of Bishop Mathew Simpson. Her grandfather Marquis Anthony Cozot, was a prominent character in the early history of America. He came to this country early in the last century, holding in his possession a grant of land. taking in the Mississippi Valley for five miles on each side of the stream from the Gulf of Mexico to “Alaska Lake”. When the territory was ceded to the United States in 1803, the Marquis, who was then quite old, abandoned his grant because, he said, “it would cost more than it would come to, to keep it”. He died in Somerset County, New Jersey, leaving nine children.

"The descendants of these children number many hundreds, and some of these have been making efforts to gather the heirs together and make a united demand upon the Government for at least part of the value of the grant which their ancestor let go so easily. The name CAZOT has long since been changed. by popular usage to CASAD.

"Mrs. Sexton was the daughter of Rev. Thomas Casad, a Baptist Clergyman. Lydia found herself an orphan when she was nine years old, and four years later she left her home for the “far west”, the “Hios”, as Ohio was then called. The trip was a perilous one of 800 miles over the Allegheny Mountains and through unsettled wilderness without roads or bridges and infested with bears, wolves and roving bands of Indians. She grew to womanhood in Ohio, and learned the glove making and tailoring trades. When quite a young woman she married Isaac Cox, who accidentally met his death soon after the wedding day. In April, 1824, she married Joseph Moore, but he also died within a short time. On September 12, 1829, she married Joseph Sexton, at Jacksonborough, Ohio, and with him she lived for over fifty years, until his death.

"In 1834: after a life of doubt upon religious matters, she joined the United Brethren Church and was baptised in the Great Miami river at Dayton, Ohio. A few days after joining the church she went to a dance, being very fond of the amusement. When she entered the hall she was suddenly stricken with a deep sense of disapproval of her own past conduct, and then felt the call to teach the word. She left the hall deeply moved, with the determination to become a minister. The opposition of her family, however, deferred her from carrying out her plans for several years, and it was not until, eight Years later that she commenced to exhort in public.

"From the first her success was notable. In 1851, Josiah Turrell, presiding elder at the quarterly Illinois Conference of the United Brethren, gave her a license to preach. Her forte was in revival work, and her converts during the twenty or thirty years following her regular initiation into the ministry numbered many thousands.

"In 1870 Mrs. Sexton, with her husband, moved to Kansas. She was no sooner there than she was importuned to preach. It seemed that half the people of the state knew good old mother Sexton, for many of the citizens of the new state had emigrated from Ohio, Indiana and Illinois. Before she had fairly gotten to work, however, Governor Harvey appointed her Chaplain at the State penitentiary. She took the position with some reluctance, for she was afraid she would not be able to successfully carry on the difficulties connected with the duties. She was over 70 years old, .and her kind, motherly and sympathetic tenderness awoke in many a poor man’s breast the love he had bore for his own mother years before. When her labors there were finished she counted 95 converts among the prisoners, who had embraced the Christian faith. She was a delegate in 1870 to the National prison congress at Cincinnati, and was the only woman who addressed that distinguished body.
Anthony Cossart, Son of Jacques II the immigrant

“A year or two later, when people of Kansas were in distress, owing to several successive crop failures, she started out to solicit aid. Her appeals through the eastern states were rewarded by beautiful gifts of food and clothing, and at one time she sent back a whole carload of flour. Her good work was cut short by the receipt, while in Washington City, of a dispatch from Governor St. John, telling her not to send any further supplies, as the distress had been relieved.

“About five years ago Mrs. Sexton moved to Seattle from Kansas, and she still frequently preached and made trips where she held revival services up to 1892. About that time her eyesight began to fail and deterred her from doing more active work in the way of preaching. A year ago it failed completely, and she was in physical darkness until called into the unseen world.

“Mrs. Sexton remembered the war of 1812 distinctly. Her brother Abner was in the war, and her grandfather on her mother’s side, Joseph Tingley, and his two sons, were soldiers under Washington in the Revolution. She remembered of hearing her grandfather tell of his first meeting with General Washington. ‘The old man, with his two sons, approached the general with some trepidation, taking off his hat and putting it under his arm, he said: ‘I believe I have the honor of being in the presence of General Washington?’ “My name is George Washington”, replied the great man. “Put on your hat, daddy”. “I come to offer you my services”, said the old man, “and, that of my sons, such as it is, to help in this struggle.” “Noble offering”, said Washington. “Fall in ranks there and at roll call report your names.”

“Mrs. Sexton leaves one son, David Sexton, of Snohomish, and five grandchildren, Clarence, J.H., Lydia, Florence and Joseph Z. Sexton Jr. A peculiar thing about Mrs. Sexton’s family is that its members all lived to a ripe old age. Lydia Sexton’s two sisters each lived to be over 90 years old, and died in almost the same manner as she did. No arrangements have yet been made for the funeral.”

1.2.7.2.4.1.8  762  THOMAS MEADE CASAD.

(Rev. Thomas 64; Anthony 609; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Thomas Meade Casad was born May 12, 1801, died January 14, 1842. He married October 3 (or 23), 1824 at Fairfield, Green Co., Ohio, Margaret Baker of that city. Abner Casad brought Thomas to Ohio from New Jersey. After his mothers marriage he went to live with Joseph Wilson and before this he had lived for a time with Lydia and Isaac Casad. During this time they received, their school from school masters who came into the neighborhood. He was baptised by the Campbellites and became a Deacon in the church. He died at Dayton, Ohio, where he was a manufacturer of Beaver hats. His wife Margaret was born August 17, 1806 in Frederick County, Va., and died January 24, 1887 at Springfield, Ohio.

CHILDREN:

1062  i.  Abigail Jane Casad, born July 30, 1825, died May 11, 1896. She married Louis Jones Francisco, and they had Charles Austin, William Roper, Francis Milton, Alice Casad.


1064  iii.  Thomas Finch Casad, born February 8, 1829, died December 1886 at Yellow Springs, Ohio; married Isabel Huff, and they had Francis Casad, no further record, and Campbell B. Casad, no further record.

1065  iv.  Margaret Ann Casad, born February 27, 1831. Married William Moorehouse October 3, 1849; 2nd husband was Mr. Cohoe; 3rd. husband was Mr. Moore. Had two children by Mr. Moorehouse: Stella and, Charles Moorehouse.

1066  v.  Lydia Ann Casad, born March 18, 1833, died February 25, 1921; married May 27, 1851 to Ferdinand Vandiveer Pittinger.

1067  vi.  Mary Caroline Casad, born May 1, 1835, died January 1931; married January 25, 1855 to Nathan W. Davis of Dayton, Ohio.

1068  vii.  Sarah Catherine Casad, born April 17, 1837, died. 1899; married. April 17, 1862 to Nathan Moore.

1069  viii. Christine Adeline Casad, born June 27, 1839, died August 29, 1868; married May 16.
FRANCIS BAKER CASAD:

Francis Baker Casad was born May 12, 1827 at Dayton, Ohio. He died February 1871 at Greenfield, Indiana. Married Emily Thomas in June 1849.

CHILDREN:
1604. i. Thomas Milton Casad, no record.

THOMAS FINCH CASAD:

Thomas Finch Casad was born February 8, 1829, died December 1886 at Yellow Springs, Ohio. Married Isabel Huff.

CHILDREN:
1607. i. Francis Casad. Had two children that died in infancy. No record.

ISAAC FINCH CASAD

Isaac Finch Casad was born September 18, 1803, in Sussex County N.J., died in 1855 and is buried in the Fairfield cemetery. Married Caroline Townsley of Yellow Springs, Ohio. After the death of his father he lived with his mother until he went to Ohio in 1817. In 1825 he read law with Mr. Wood and Tom Corwin at Hamilton, Ohio. His wife and six children died within a week of each other, leaving only Horance and Florence.

CHILDREN:
1070. i. Abner Casad.
1071. ii. Cornelia Casad.
1072. iii. Thomas Casad.
1074. v. Alice Casad.
1075. vi. Florence Casad. Married Ulysses Botsford and they had 7 children.
1076. vii. Caroline Casad.
1077. viii. Horance Casad.

SAMUEL COSAD: (1768 - 5/12/1866)

Married First, Rachel Smalley. Married Second, Sarah McCarn, b. 1805. Samuel Cosad died about 1876; married Rachel Smalley, and after her death he married at the age of 75 years to the widow McKern and they lived at Genesee Valley, New York

CHILDREN by his first wife:
1.2.7.2.4.2.1 768. i. Rachel Cosad: b.1/3/1814, m. Samuel Hunsen, a merchant of Dundee, New York and they had Melissa and Mary Husen.
1.2.7.2.4.2.2 769. ii. Eliza Cosad: b.10/27/1816, m. Mymus Malby CHILD: Theodore.
1.2.7.2.4.2.3 770. iii. Joel Cosad: born April 14, 1799; died February 15, 1890.
1.2.7.2.4.2.4 771. iv. David Cosad, born 2/19/1802; died 1885.
1.2.7.2.4.2.5 772. v. Samuel Cosad Jr.: married Adaline Whiting, Samuel b, 12/3/1807 CHILD: Theodor.
1.2.7.2.4.2.6 773. vi. Anthony Cosad, b. 12/14/1794.
1.2.7.2.4.2.7 774. vii. Hannah Cosad, b. 2/24/1797 m. Carman.
1.2.7.2.4.2.8 775. viii. Caty Cosad b. 3/3/1805 m. Carman.
Anthony Cossart, Son of Jacques II the immigrant

ix. James Cosad b. 11/19/1810

Children: (by 2nd marriage)

x. Samuel Van Buren Cosad b. 12/11/1845 d. 10/31/1923 married Marion Arabelle Stone, b. 4/11/1851 d. 8/30/1923.

CHILDREN:

i. Samuel Van Buren Cosad Jr. b. 4/6/1883 d. 12/3/1887.

"1744 Broadway,
Oakland, California,
December 15, 1937.

Mr. J. A. Cossairt,
130 Brooke Avenue,
Norfolk, Va. —

Dear Cousin:

I received your letter of December 6th and 7th as well as a communication from Dr. James A. Cozart. In your second letter you requested me to clear up a few apparent discrepancies, regarding the children of Samuel Cosad, my grandfather. I think the following information will prove of assistance:

Samuel Cosad, second son of Anthony and Catherine Coon Cosad, was born in either Somerset or Sussex County, New Jersey, in 1768. He married Rachel Smalley December 16, 1792. They lived in Warren Township, Somerset County until 1819, when they moved to Junius, Seneca County, New York. His second marriage was November 10, 1844, to Sarah McCarn (b. 1805, widow of John McCarn (d.August 3, 1838). She had three sons by her first marriage, William (b.1824), George (1826-1852) and Eli (b. 1830).

My father Samuel Van Buren Cosad was born of this second marriage December 11, 1845, at Junius. The extraordinary fact that his father was 76 years old at the time does perhaps seem implausible. It is nevertheless true. In substantiation, I offer the following sources of information: First, Samuel Cosad's Bible, published in 1831, and containing family records in his own handwriting. These entries include the dates of his marriages to Rachel Smalley and to Sarah McCarn, and the dates of births of his living children when in 1861 he divided his estate among his heirs; with these papers are deeds bearing his signature and registered in the records of Senaca County. Third, some correspondence of a genealogical nature between my father and two of his half-brothers, David Cosad and James M. Cosad. I also have photographs of both Samuel Cosad and Sarah McCarn.

I was interested in your mention of the late Prof. James, as I have two letters written by him to my father in 1896. The first of these is addressed to Martin Van Buren Cozad, Abeline, Kansas. This letter was forwarded to Oakland, California, as we had moved west two years previously. In it Prof. James said that he understood my father to be the son of Samuel Cosad of Junius, N.Y., and requested any possible family information for use in a genealogy which he was compiling. His second letter is addressed to Mr. V. B. Cosad, 1014 Broadway, Oakland, Calif., and is connected with requests for specific information regarding various members of the family. Prof. James’ listing of the children of Samuel Cosad and Rachel Smalley, to which you referred, was obtained from the Bible now in my possession.

Incidentally, my father never used his first name, but always signed himself “Van Buren Cosad.”

As to the extract from Lydia Sexton’s book, I note that she mentions but six of the ten offsprings of Samuel Cosad and Rachel Smalley, apparently ignores his second marriage and its issue, and says “he was nearly 100 years old” when she visited him. He was 84 at the time. The only indisputable fact she brings out his prosperity.

In connection with his wealth, it is worthy of note that during, the years 1861—’63, as mentioned above, he divided his land among his children, at the same time making several cash bequeaths. Apparently he preferred to apportion his estate among his heirs while he was still living. I have
the signed receipts for these deeds and sums of money. The wording of the receipts is identical in all cases: “Received of Samuel Cosad, my father, a deed of a certain piece of land, etc., etc.” The receipts are signed by Catherine Carman, Hannah Carmen, Joel Cosad, Eliza Maltby, David Cosad, Samuel Cosad Jr., James M. Cosad and Rachel Huson. One of these receipts is witnessed by my father, Van Buren Cosad. I have also a deed dated 1863, in which Samuel and Sarah Cosad convey to my father a tract of land. This deed is recorded in Book 65 of Deeds, Page 226, of the Records of Seneca County. Possibly this book is still extant.

The correspondence previously mentioned consists of letters to my father from his half-brothers, David Cosad and James M. Cosad. This correspondence was initiated by my father in 1886, in connection with the leg-endary “Mercy Cox legacy”. A digest of this correspondence elicits the following facts: My father’s grandparents were Anthony Cosad and Catherine Coon Cosad. After the death of her husband, Catherine Coon Cosad moved from New Jersey to Dundee, N.Y., where in 1824, she died. She was buried at the “old Starkey burying-ground”. (Evidently an old private cemetery.) Of their other children, Thomas, Aaron and John moved to Green County, Ohio. Jacob remained in Sussex County, N.J. Catherine and “Polly” (Mary?) married brothers named Compton and remained in New Jersey. Elizabeth moved to Junius, where she died. Hannah married a Harpending and lived at Dundee, N.Y.

I realize there are discrepancies regarding the marriage of the sisters with the Comptons and with Steele. It is possible that James M. Cosad, who provided this data, did not remember clearly, as he stated that he was 76 - 35 years older than my father at the time his letter was written. However, David Cosad's letters bear out this testimony. Incidentally, David mentions discussing the family records with his brothers, James and Samuel Jr. I think this resume of the material in my possession, while sketchy, is sufficient to prove that you have made some errors in registering the children of the two Samuels, father and son. If you desire full transcriptions of the letters and receipts, I will prepare them for you. I can give you no information as to the whereabouts of my cousins, save that one of them was living in Denver in 1904. We have not heard from any of the others since ’86.

I should be grateful if you would forward this letter to Dr. James Cozart, as its contents may prove of value in his researches.

Thanking you for your kindness in verifying the earlier periods on the chart I sent you,

I remain,
Yours truly,
/S/ ALBERT B. COSAD.”

1.2.7.2.4.2.3 770 JOEL COSAD:
(Samuel 648 Anthony 609; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Joel Cosad was born April 14, 1799, died February 15, 1890; married Rachel Carmen buried at Farina, Illinois. (Tombstone record).

CHILDREN:
1078 i. Jacob Cosad, married a Miss Reynolds and they had:

CHILDREN
Anna,
Ester,
Louis and
Lydia Cosad.

1079 ii. Eliza Cosad; married Mr. Harris and they had two sons that removed to the western states.

1080 iii. Amanda Cosad, married Moses White and they had

CHILDREN
Estelle and
Ida White.

1081 iv. Sarah Cosad.

1082. v. Madison Cosad; married Eliza Stout; second sister of his first wife.

1.2.7.2.4.2.4 771 DAVID COSAD:
(Samuel 648 Anthony 609; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).
Anthony Cossart, Son of Jacques II the immigrant

David Cosad was born in 1802 and died in 1855; married Eliza Ludlum.

CHILDREN:
1083  i.  Louise Cosad; married Simon Grout, had Cora and Floyd.
1084  ii.  Lettie Cosad; married Jacob Garret

CHILDREN
Burt,
Byron,
Louise,
Leon and
David Garret.

1086  iv.  David Cosad Jr.; m 1st time Sarah Clark; married 2nd time Hattie Young

CHILDREN
Wallice Gaylord Cosad.

1087.v.  Martha A. Cosad, born 1843; died 1894; Married 1858 George Brinly
1088  vi.  Elizabeth Cosad; married Mark Shattuck. Had children.

1.2.7.2.4.2.5  772  SAMUEL COSAD:
(Samuel 648; Anthony 609; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Samuel Cosad married Adeline Whiting.

CHILDREN:
1090  i.  Myron Cosad, born 3/7/1834, died 11/6/1923; married Ernestine Southwick.
1091  ii.  Mary Cosad, born November 1835; died 1856.
1092  iii.  Charles W. Cosad, born January 28, 1839; married Anor Callamer.
1093  iv.  Eugene Cosad, died at age of 11 years.
1094  v.  Hannah Cosad, married 1st time a Mr. Lazenier; married 2nd time a Mr. Steven D. Carmen and had four children.
1095  vi.  Katine Cosad; married John Carmen and had four children.
1096  vii.  Madison Cosad; married 1st Eliza Stout; married 2nd a sister to his first wife.
1097  viii.  Anthony Cosad, died at age of 14 years.
1098  ix.  Anthony Cosad II.
1099  x.  Van Buren Cosad, the only child by his father’s second wife. Van Buren married and had one son.

1090  MYRON COSAD:
(Samuel 772; Samuel 648; Anthony 609; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

CHILD:
1609.  i.  Eugene Cosad who married Myrtle Ruble and they had Alice E. Cosad born June 7, 1907.

1092  CHARLES W. COSAD:
(Samuel 772; Samuel 648; Anthony 609; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Charles W. Cosad, born January 28, 1839, married Anor Augusta Callamer. He died October 19, 1933.

CHILD:
1610.  i.  Mary Cosad who married Charles E. Whiting and they had Cosad and Anor Whiting.

1.2.7.2.4.3  649  JACOB CASAD/COSAD:
(Anthony 609; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).
Jacob Casad, son of Anthony (609) and Catherine (Coon) of Bernard Township, Somerset County, New Jersey, was born in 1772, died July 4, 1838.

Married 1st to Anna Hozen; married 2nd to Hanna Stevens. Jacob enlisted in the war of 1812 on September 17 and was discharged November 30, 1812. Jacob was born the same year his grandfather Jacob Cosart died; doubtless for this reason, he was named for him. Sometime not far from 1790 Jacob and his elder brother the Reverend Thomas settled in Wantage township, Sussex County, N.J., near Beemerville. His brother who died early in life, leaving a large family was at the time of his death pastor of the Baptist Church at Beemerville, at which place both he and Jacob's family were buried. Rev. Thomas in his will dated 1808 names his brother Jacob as one of the executors.

The military record of Jacob is on file in the office of the Adjutant General State of New Jersey at Trenton, shows that Jacob Casad of Sussex County served in the war of 1812, in Captain Peter Cole's Company; Lieutenant Colonel Joseph Jackson's Regiment. Enlisted September 17, 1812; discharged November 30, 1812; and was stationed at Palus Hoeck, N.J.

He married 1st time to Anna Hozen and they had at least three children who grew to maturity. After the death of the first wife he married as his second wife, Hannah Stevens and by her had at least five children. Jacob died July 4, 1838 and his wife died November 9th of the same year. They with their son Jacob Jr. and daughter Malinda and Caroline are all buried in the old churchyard at Beemerville where their headstones may be found. Jacob's will is on file at Newton, the county seat of Sussex County. The will shows that at the time of his death he was possessed of land in both New Jersey and Ohio. He had, besides the brother Thomas, three other brothers.

Samuel Casad, who in 1819 settled in Junius, Seneca County, N.Y., and Aaron and John Cosad who about 1805 settled at Fairfield., Green County, Ohio. Jacob's children were as follows:

CHILDREN:
1.2.7.2.4.3.1 773 i. Joel Casad. Was residing in Ohio in 1812.
1.2.7.2.4.3.2 774 ii. Samuel Casad. Married 1st time Amelia Schoonover.
1.2.7.2.4.3.3 775 iii. Catherine or Caroline Cased, by his second wife Hannah, born 1805; died 9/1/1865. Married Thomas Turner and they had Jacob (Anthony??) Turner, born 2/14/1845; died July 1931. Mr. James G. Casad of Urbana, Ill., states: “I called on this Turner. He lived and died at Wilkerton, Ind. He and his Uncle Jacob enlisted in the Civil War. He said that his mother and grandfather spelled their name Casad.
1.2.7.2.4.3.4 776 iv. John Casad, whose mother was Hannah Stevens Casad.
1.2.7.2.4.3.5 777 v. Jacob Casad, born February 7, 1810; died November 4, 1846.
1.2.7.2.4.3.6 778 vi. Malinda Casad, born 3/19/1819: died May 30, 1838 unmarried.
1.2.7.2.4.3.7 779 vii. Catherine(Caroline) Casad.: b.9/25/1820; d. 4/24/ 1839 unmarried
1.2.7.2.4.3.8 780 viii. Marie Casad married Dick (Decker) Ayers, a son of Enoch Ayers of Wingate Township, they had a son, Dick (Decker) Ayers Jr. who was a merchant at Elmira, New York, at which place Maria died

1.2.7.2.4.3.2 774

SAMUEL CASAD:

(Jacob 649; Anthony 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Samuel Casad, a cabinet maker by trade, married 1st time Amelia Schoonover (had at least 5 children) They lived at Deckertown, Sussex County, N.J., and at Seeleyville and Honedale, Wayne Co., Pa. They were separated about 1835. Amelia married a Mr. George Stratton, Samuel after his separation married in Wayne Co., Pa., to Alira or Claridan Smith by whom he had four more children. He settled with his second wife at Westerville, Franklin Co., Ohio, sometime about the close of the Civil War. His father's will shows that he was deeded a tract of land in Ohio. The place of his death is unknown.

CHILDREN:
1100 i. Andrew Casad, was drowned in the Delaware River at the age of 16 years.
1101 ii. Marie Casad married Peter Aspwell. died in Florida.
1102 iii. William Casad. It is said that he was engaged in some kind of mechanical work in Connecticut, where he died.
1103 iv. Dr. John Woodward Cosad, born at Seeleyville, Wayne County, Pa., October 27, 1827. Married at Honesdale, that county October 29, 1851 (1858) to Mary Cordelia Lane, by whom he had two daughters. He engaged in railroad clerical work during which time he also studied dentistry. His studies completed he opened an office in
Anthony Cossart, Son of Jacques II the immigrant

Jersey City in 1860. In 1873 he was elected president of the New Jersey Dental Association. He was also noted as a church and Sabbath school worker. One of his daughters married Thomas Low and resided in the old homestead at 56 Wayne St., Jersey City, N.J. where Dr. Cosad died in December 1885. One of his daughters died unmarried.

1104 v. Johanna Casad, married John Henry Dennis resided at San Diego, Calif., and had one daughter Josephine who married R. Burrows of Brooklyn, N.Y.

1105 vi. Napoleon Bonaparte Casad, probably born in Wayne County, Pa. He Settled and died at Gahanna, Franklin County, Ohio. He married about 1860 to Minerva Kittsmiller (Kitzmiller).

1106 vii. Lafayette Casad: married a Marie Budd.
viii. Martin Van Buren Casad ??? – volume 5
ix. Hannah Casad ??? – volume 5

1105 NAPOLEON BONAPARTE CASAD:
(Samuel 774; Jacob 649; Anthony 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Napoleon Bonaparte Casad., Married Minerva Kitsmiller. CHILDREN:

1611 i. John Alba Casad. Married Clara Emick
1612 ii. Rose Casad, died unmarried.
1613 iii. Minnie Casad. Died young.

1106 LAFAYETTE CASAD:
Lafayette Casad, probably born in Wayne County, Pa. He settled and died at Westerville, Franklin County, Ohio, where for several years he conducted a painting business and later a store. He married Marie Budd. They had:

**CHILDREN:**

- 1614 i. Ella Casad, married Paul Hatzburg (Ratzburg).
- 1615 ii. Arthur Casad.
- 1616 iii. Minnie Casad, married Fred Hartsburg (Ratzburg).
- 1618 v. Hannah Cased. – daughter of (774) Samuel
- 1619 vi. Martin Wan Baron Casad; m. Mary Williams. - son of (774) Samuel

1.2.7.2.4.3.4  776  JOHN CASAD:

John Casad, married 1st time to Malinda Dilletin; married 2nd time to Elmira Ayers. They had one son and one daughter. She died and the children were reared by the Ayers family. John is mentioned in his father’s will as one of the executors. About 1849 he set out for California. Where he settled and died in California has not been learned.

**CHILDREN:**

- 1107 i. Jacob Casad. His mother dying and his father leaving for California, he was reared by the family of his grandfather Enoch A. Ayers of Wantage Township, Sussex County, N.J. Enlisted in the Civil War and was killed at the battle of Gettysburg.
- 1108 ii. Carrie Casad, died in 1900; married a cousin Joel Van Aiken (or Van Auken) whose mother was also a daughter of Enoch Ayers. She died at Elmira, N.Y. about 1900. and they had a daughter, Minnie Van Aiken who married a Mr. Jennings.

1.2.7.2.4.3.5  777  JACOB CASAD:

Jacob Casad Jr., born February 7, 1810; married Hannah Ayers of Plainfield, N. J., the daughter of Enoch Ayers. Jacob and Hannah had two children. Consumption caused Jacob’s death November 4, 1846 — his headstone may be found in the churchyard in Beemerville, N.J. His will is on file at Newton, Sussex County. After his death in 1846, his widow about 1848 or 1849 married a cousin of Jacob’s by the name of Anthony Wayne Casad of Summerfield, St. Clair County, Illinois. She had by this second marriage a daughter Narcissa Ann (1040), born April 26, 1850, married first to John Willard Strann, second to Francis Pevedon. Mrs. Pevedon resided at Geyserville and later at San Francisco, Calif. After the death of Anthony Wayne Casad (757), Hannah married her third husband, Thomas Padfield of Summerfield Ill. No issue by this marriage. Hannah Ayers was born March 27, 1810, died November 16, 1865. The children of Jacob and Hannah (Ayers) Casad were:

**CHILDREN:**

- 1109. i. Mary Elizabeth Casad, when her father Jacob (777) died in New Jersey and her mother married Anthony Wayne Casad of Summerfield, Illinois, she accompanied them to their Illinois home. Here she taught school and in 1852 when consumption claimed her as a victim. She is said to have been a young lady possessing a kind disposition and much beloved by her acquaintances.
- 1110. ii. Sarah Ann Casad accompanied her mother and step-father to Illinois, where she married Jacob Spaniman and lived and died at Summerfield, Illinois. They had two sons and one daughter.

**CHILDREN:**

Edward Spaniman, Helen Spaniman, Louis Spaniman

1.2.7.2.4.4  650  AARON CASAD:
Aaron Casad was born 1776 and died in 1839. He was married to Rhoda Compton who was born in 1780 and died in 1849.

CHILDREN

i. Sarah Casad, born 1800; died 1856. Married Aaron Compton born 1793; died 1836. They were married August 5, 1818. They had a son Anthony Compton in whose home Caroline Casad Turner returned after the death of her husband Thomas Turner. She was blind. The second son of Sarah Cased Compton was John Compton.

ii. Rubin Casad, born November 10, 1803; died August 16, 1846.

iii. Dennis Casad, born 1805.


v. Betsy Casad; married Abraham Ragan June 18, 1829.

vi. Abigail Casad; married Samuel Chaney.

vii. Aaron Casad Jr., born 1799; died 1832; married 1st to Mary Hale; married 2nd to Charlotte Curtis.

viii. Anthony Casad was the first Probate Judge of Logan County. Anthony Casad and his wife Orpha had:

CHILDREN

a. John Casad, Tipton, Iowa.
b. Charles Casad, Mansfield, Ohio.
c. Dunn Casad, Tipton, Iowa.
d. Anna Casad, Chillicothe, Ohio, married Mr. Lewis.
e. Hattie Casad, Columbus OH, m. Mr. Prouty, had Alice Prouty
f. Mattie Casad, Carthage, Ohio, married ..... Ash.

ix. Catherine Casad; married William Goodfellow.

x. Revern John Casad, born 2/10/1808; died September 10, 1865.

xi. Samuel Casad; born November 20, 1815; died November 28, 1862.

NOTE:
Aaron Casad Sr. and his wife are buried at Fairfield, Ohio. Aaron owned the farm upon which the Casads and Cozads are buried. Mr. James G. Casad of Urbana, Illinois, has a record of the land transactions of his great-grandfather’s home up to and including the present owner of the property.

1.2.7.2.4.4.2 782  RUBIN (REUBEN) CASAD:


Reuben Casad was born November 10, 1803, died August 16, 1846; married July 20, 1826 to Mary A. Rockafield, born April 18, 1810, died December 25, 1869.

CHILDREN:
1111 i. Julia Ann Casad, born 1/19/1827; died 7/14/1905; married George Helmer.
1112 ii. Adarine Casad., born 3/1/1828; died 9/12/1902; married, Samuel Tritt.
1113 iii. Sarah Casad, born May 10,1829; died. April 5,1876; married Moses Dawson.
1114 iv. Martin R. Casad, born May 27, 1830; married. Mary Songstreth.
1115 v. Aaron Casad, born October 16, 1831; died. September 10, 1883.
1116 vi. Reuben Casad Jr., born December 18, 1832, died in infancy.
1117 vii. Dennis Casad, born December 18, 1832, died in infancy.
1118 viii. Harriet Casad, born November 26, 1833; married George Hattix.
1119 ix. Samuel Casad, born August 26, 1837; died in infancy.
1120 x. Mary Casad, born February 17, 1839; died in infancy.
1121 xi. John Finch Casad, born April 5, 1840; died. October 18, 1921. Married Mary E. Schlosser, born May 8, 1842; died February 7, 1899. (The father and mother of James G. Casad of Urbana, Ill., 1933, who contributed data on his family.
1122 xii. William H. Casad, born June 4, 1844, died in infancy.
1123 xiii. Cassius Casad, born 6/10/1845, died 9/16/1909; married Fannie Jones.
1124 xiv. Anthony Scott Casad, born November 10, 1846; died in infancy.

NOTE:
All the above children who died in infancy died on the same day of black diptheria.

1121  JOHN FINCH CASAD:

John Finch Casad, son of Reuben( 782), was born April 5, 1840, died October 18, 1921. Married Mary E. Schlosser, born May 8, 1842, died February 7, 1899.

CHILDREN:

( ) i. Charles Lamont Casad, born September 1, 1861, died June 22, 1922. married Carrie Smith, married 2nd. time Grace Helmer. Died without issue.
( ) iii. J. R. Lincoln Casad, born January 2, 1864, died October 9, 1864.

CHILDREN
( ) (a) William Andrew Casad, born January 9, 1905. Married Esther Dunlap, have one son, Charles William born November 18, 1926.
( ) (b) Price Casad, born December 2, 1907. Married Ruth L. Womack, they have one son Robert Eugene born May 30, 1925.
( ) (c) Eugene Woodford Casad, born December 26, 1909.
( ) v. Lillie Belle Casad, born August 22, 1870, died August 22, 1871.
( ) vi. Tony Frank Casad, born October 27, 1873, died May 23, 1930. Married Zoe Wunderle. Had one son, Sylvan Casad.
( ) vii. Clarence Merrick Casad, born May 12, 1875. Married Mable Fallon.
( ) viii. Daughter born and died November 18, 1877.
Harry Lloyd Casad, born August 27, 1885, Married Pauline Smith had one son and one daughter living and a daughter Esther who died at birth. (a) - Laura Louise Casad, born January 17, 1907. (b) - Robert Casad, born May 6, 1915

Lewis Edward Casad, born December 8, 1889, died February 13, 1891.

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THE JAMES GAYLORD CASAD COLLECTION.
By himself (born 7/29/1879).
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RE: JOHN FINCH CASAD FAMILY

i. Charles Lamont Casad, son of John Finch (1121), died without issue.

ii. John Newton Casad, son of John Finch (1121), and Bertha Davis Casad had one daughter - Florence Casad, married Wendyl Daggett, she had two children: Helen and Edward. I believe that Helen married Leonard Downie. Of my brother Newt and family, I know but little as I only saw him three times during his life. The first time was between two and three years old, at this time he gave my mother a set of fancy glass tableware which we have in our possession. The next time I saw him I was about ten years old, and the last time was in 1896. He was a very fine musician, his wife was a very fine violinist. After his death she was director of the Chicago Ladies Symphony orchestra. He lived in Kan., and Nebr. Composer of music.

iii. J.R. Lincoln Casad, son of John (1121), (1121), died in infancy.

iv. William Kerry Casad, son of John Finch (1121), better known as “Billy Casad” and Bessie Hoskins were married February 3, 1904 and have three Sons.

CHILDREN:
(a) William Andrew Casad, born January 9, 1905. Married Esther Dunlap, they have one son, Charles William born November 18, 1926.
(b) Price Casad, born December 2, 1907. Married Ruth L. Womack, they have one son Robert Eugene born May 30, 1925.
(c) Eugene Woodford Casad, born December 26, 1909.

“Billy Casad, was in the show business for thirty years, he was a slide trombone artist and was widely known among the older theatrical people.

v. Lillie Belle Casad died in infancy.

vi. Tony Frank Casad, son of John Finch (1121), better known as "Frank Casad", and Zoe Wunderle were married January 17, 1898 and have one son, Sylvan Casad, born January 21, 1899. He married 1st Dorothy Wristen, and Charlotte Reynolds born November 10, 1895. “Frank” was also a musician and black-face comedian, he and my brother Clarence were the youngest children and perhaps I might say the first to do a trapeze act, this was 50 years ago from 1932. My father always traveled with his family and if he happened to be with a show that stranded or went broke, he would take the kids, and would stretch & rope across the main street from building to building, with their trapeze in mid air, he would sit in the street below and would play his violin while the boys did their act, then he would pass the hat, this money was used for food and carfare toward home. Frank and Zoe and their son Sylvan known as the “Two and One half Casads” have played vaudeville from coast to coast. He was also an aeronaut in the days when
they used no safety device to keep them from falling off of their trapeze, he made the first night ascension and parachute jump in a hot air balloon, when the headlight of an engine was used for a searchlight. This balloon was made by him and has brother Clarence and there was two miles and five hundred lineal feet of sewing in it. This balloon was 100 feet tall and fifty feet in diameter when inflated.

( ) vii. Clarence Merrick Casad, son of John Finch (1121), and Mable Fallon were married about 1897. No children. Lives in South Bend, Ind. His younger days were spent very much like his brother Frank. After he was married he took life very easy and contented.

( ) viii. A daughter, born and died November 18, 1877.


Mr. Casad says: “I was born in the show business and stayed there until 1900, when I was married, was connected with the University of Illinois for seven years, during which time the late Edmund J. James was president of that institution. In 1916 I went into the paint manufacturing business.

My father John F. Casad played in the band during the first two years of the Civil War, was mustered out and rejoined, packed a gun until the end of the war. After the close of the war he took: my two oldest brothers and immediately went into the theatrical business, as his family grew they followed suit. After he quit the business he was an instructor of bands. I will always see my father in those days as they called him “Professor”. He was about five foot, six or seven inches, well built, wore a mustache and goatee, wore English trousers, cut-a-way coat, plug hat and carried a cane.

My brother Charlie was a comedian and had a good reputation as a performer and played the best of them in his minstrel days, I do not think there was ever a family of boys that had more fun, than when we were all together with the same show or all at home at the same time. I could perhaps, write a book on the doings of my immediate family, but it would only be interesting to myself.

CHILDREN:

( ) (a) Gaylord Ernest Shroyer, born January 24, 1927.
(b) Patrice Gene Shroyer, born July 2, 1929.
(c) Son born and died October 24, 1930.

x. Harry Lloyd Casad and Pauline Smith Casad have one son and one daughter living and a
daughter Esther who died at birth. (a) Laura Louise Cased, born January 17, 1907. (b) Robert
Casad, born May 6, 1915, Senior in the Champaign, Illinois, High School and plays Sax-horn. The
Sax quartette in which he played last year won the State Championship. After mother's death
Harry lived at Hamilton, Ohio, until he was married. He then removed to Champaign, Illinois,
where he now resides.

xi. Lewis Edward Casad, born December 8 1889, died February 13, 1891. Son of John Finch
Casad (1121).

1.2.7.2.4.4.3 783 · DENNIS CASAD:

(Aaron 650; Anthony 609; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Dennis Casad was born in 1805; married 1st time to Margaret Ogg who was born in 1810; married
second time to Louisa Lambert.

CHILDREN:
1125. i. Anthony Cased, born 1827.
1126. ii. Isaac Casad, born 1829.
1127. iii. Eliaabeth Cased, born 1835, died 1836.
1128. iv. Thomas J. Cased, born 1838; died 1836.
1129. v. John Cased, born 1838, died 1838.
1130. vi. William Henry Harrison Casad, born 1840, died 1919. Married Elizabeth Cobern,
born 1847, died in 1909, and they had Laura born 1865 and married 1st John Mosburg; married 2nd
F. Peck; they also had Mary Bell Casad who married Bub Yeagley.

1130 WILLIAM HENRY HARRISON CASAD:

(Dennis 783; Aaron 650; Anthony 609; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

William Henry Harrison Casad was born in 1840 and died Married Elisabeth Cobern born
1847, died in 1909,

CHILDREN:
1620. i. Laura Cased born in 1865. Married 1st John Mosburg, and had Hazel Mosburg
b. 1886 who married 1st Edw. Harris and had Mardelle Harris. Laura married 2nd Fay Peck and they had: Clyde, Lillian, Nina, Glen, Vivian and Kenneth Peck.
1621. ii. Mary Bell Cased, born 1868. Married Bud Yeagley and they had Marie Yeagley
b. 1894 who married Forrest R. Frederick born 1894, and they had Forest Ray, Carl DeLoise, Mary Eloise, Elisabeth Arline, Virginia Lois, Mardelle Irene, Geraldine Marie, John Bell and Eugene Allen Frederick.
1622. iii. John William Cased, born 1872; married Flora Weltz born 1881.
1623. iv. Isaac N. Casad, born 1876; married in 1905 to Esther Phillippe born 1885.
1624. v. Louise M. Cased born 1879; married George Frederick born March 27, 1859
died December 27, 1919.
1625. vi. Walter Guy Casad, born in 1886; married 1st Frances ......, married 2nd Pearl ....(?)
REV. JOHN CASAD:
(Aaron 650; Anthony 609; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

The Rev. John Casad was born February 10, 1808, died September 10, 1865; married June 7, 1832 to Jane Guthridge, born September 27, 1815, died October 1, 1887.

CHILDREN:
1131  i.  Welter S. Casad, b.10/18/1836; on 11/17/1861 m. America Gray (b.3/13/1858; d.2/2/1928.
1132  ii.  Mary A. Casad, born 1832, died March 4, 1914; married Daniel Gray.
1133. iii.  Dora A. Casad, born 1838, died 1912; married Albert White had Frank and S.R. White.
1134. iv.  Anthony Dunn Casad, died 1864.
1135. v.  Emma Casad, born May 14, 1849; married September 23, 1869.

WALTER S. CASAD:
(Rev. John 790; Aaron 650; Anthony 609; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Walter S. Casad was born October 18, 1836; married America Gray November 17, 1861. She was born March 13, 1858 and died February 2, 1928.

CHILDREN:
1626.  i.  Charles A. Casad, born November 28, 1862, died in 1927.
1627.  ii.  Duff A. Casad, born November 7, 1867.

SAMUEL CASAD:
(Aaron 650; Anthony 609; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Samuel Casad was born November 20, 1815, died November 28, 1862; married October 27, 1836 to Eliza Ann Sparks, born June 30, 1818.

CHILDREN:
1136.  i.  Rhoda Jane Casad, born August 20, 1837; married Mr. Lenn.
1137.  ii.  Joanna Elizabeth Casad, born 5/11/1839; married 11/15/1865 to Joe Corbly and had Mollie Anna.

1138.  iii.  Orpha Casad, born May 13, 1841; married Mr. Heton.
1139.  iv.  Reuben Dunn Casad, born February 17, 1843, died April 11, 1850.
1140.  v.  Andrew Sparks Casad, b.12/16/1844, d.11/24/1919; m.4/9/1867 to Cynthia L. Cain.
1141.  vi.  Aaron Casad, born March 10, 1846.
1143.  viii.  Edward Casad, born April 8, 1855.
1145.  x.  Rose Ellen Casad, born February 25, 1860; died December 6, 1860.

ANDREW SPARKS CASAD:
(Samuel 791; Aaron 650; Anthony 609; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Andrew Sparks Casad was born December 16, 1844, died November 24, 1919. Married April 9, 1867 to Cynthia L. Cain.

CHILDREN:
1629.  i.  William Aaron Casad, born December 28, 1870, married Viola ....(?) and they had Wilma Ada Casad, born May 23, 1911.

1631 Benjamin F. Casad:
(Son of 1140 Andrew Spark Casad, page 177).

Benjamin F. Casad, born January 11, 1868, married Lillie Beakly.

CHILDREN:
1947. i. Franklin Casad, born November 11, 1907, married January 13, 1928, to Alice Pohman and they had a son Donald Dean Casad born December 3, 1929.


1949. iii. Clarice Casad, born December 6, 1914.


1.2.7.2.4.5 651 John Casad:
(Anthony 609: Jacob 601: Anthony 10: Jacques 3: Jacques 1).

John Casad was born June 20, 1786; died May 15, 1854; married October 20, 1806 1st wife Rosannah Capitto or Cappato; born September 26, 1790; died January 27, 1813; married 2nd wife August 4, 1814 Sophia Shoup born February 22, 1797 died February 2, 1834. At his death John was 67 years 9 months and 26 days old.

CHILDREN: (By 1st wife)
1.2.7.2.4.5.1 792 i. Thomas Casad, born July 15, 1811; died January 1, 1883.
1.2.7.2.4.5.2 793 ii. Rosannah Casad, born 1/6/1813; married 17/8/1813 to Jesse Redcliff.

CHILDREN: (By 2nd wife)
1.2.7.2.4.5.3 794 iii. Samuel Casad, born September 29, 1815; died June 2, 1873.
1.2.7.2.4.5.4 795 iv. Jacob Casad, born May or June 22, 1817; died August 3, 1902.
1.2.7.2.4.5.5 796 v. Aaron Casad, born September 27, 1824, died February 17, 1893.
1.2.7.2.4.5.6 797 vi. Harriett Casad, born June 6, 1819—22; died March 14, 1881.
1.2.7.2.4.5.7 798 vii. Elizabeth Casad, born 7/16/1819; married 8/5/1848 to Frank Herr.
1.2.7.2.4.5.8 799 viii. Alice Casad, born October 19, 1826; died. ....(?); married John Rosser and they had Walter. The name of Alice is also shown as "Allyan".
1.2.7.2.4.5.9 800 ix. Sophia Jane Casad, born January 15, 1831-2; died February 14, 1914. Married March 23, 1852 to Arron Titlow born November 18, 1828; died August 24, 1912. They had Mead Titlow born December 31, 1865 and Lora Jane Titlow born October 11, 1872.

1.2.7.2.4.5.1 792 Thomas Casad:
(John 651: Anthony 609: Jacob 601: Anthony 10: Jacques 3: Jacques 1.)

Thomas Casad was born July 15, 1811 and died January 1, 1883; married 1st time June 5, 1834 to Zeralda Smith, born August 8, 1815, died September 18, 1838; married 2nd time December 30, 1839 to Sarah Ann Lehman, born January 24, 1823; died April 15, 1863; married 3rd time to Cynthia Banard, born May 29, 1825; died October 13, 1867; married 4th time to Fannie A. Schopf on April 12, 1870. She was born April 27, 1819.

CHILDREN: (By 1st marriage)
1146. i. Elenor Elizabeth Casad, born February 20, 1836; died September 17, 1838.
1147. ii. Thomas C. Casad, born May 24, 1837; died June 2, 1837.

CHILDREN: (By 2nd marriage)
1148. iii. Laura Rebecca Casad, born February 4, 1841, died October 6, 1842.
1149. iv. David S. Casad, born February 2, 1843; died December 25, 1862.
1150. v. John Alexander Casad, born January 21, 1845; died January 24, 1863.
She resides in Bremerton, Wn. (1933).

1153. viii Sally Bell Casad, born 3/23/1851; died May 15, 1851.

1154. ix. Annabel Casad, b. 5/19/1852, d. 9/20/1893. M James A. Cunningham, born November 29, 1869;

CHILDREN

Samuel

Rosa M

Joseph Earl

1155. x. Samuel F. Cased, b. 6/5/1856; m. 4/26/1877 to Mary Fowler, b. June 6, 1856;

1152 CHARLES DENMAN CASAD:
Charles Denman Casad born January 27, 1849 at Dayton, Ohio. Died October 10, 1924 at Bremerton, Washington. Married November 28, 1878 at Prestigo, Wis., to Minerva Fox now residing at 2146 8th Street, Bremerton, Wn. She was born June 27, 1859 in New York State and is the daughter of Stephen Henry Fox and Anna Maria Lou Ellis. Mr. Casad was a member of the Independent Order of Oddfellows. The compiler has had the pleasure of visiting with this branch of the Casad family on several occasions while in Bremerton.

CHILDREN:


1635 iii. Charles Clifford Casad, born March 18, 1889; resides in Bremerton, Washington, and is the City Engineer at that place.

Advertisement in Bremerton, Wn., paper during his campaign for election as Commissioner of public works:
"I have had over 20 years’ engineering experience on Government and municipal projects. Over 12 years as City Engineer of Bremerton, and have combined the office of City Commissioner and Engineer for more than 9 years, with no additional expenses to the taxpayers."

Mr. Casad was elected to the above position with a large majority of votes in his favor.


NOTE

The following two letter written by the late Oliver L. Cozad of Marion, Ohio, are in the possession of Mrs. May (Casad) Christenson. One was written to her sister Belle who used the name Jacqueline.

“Marion, Ohio’,
June 14, 1909.
Miss Jacqueline Casad.,
Seattle, Wn.

Dear Miss Casad:

The Casads, Cosads, Cozads, Cozarts, Cossarts, Cassats, etc., etc., in America are all the descendants of Jacques and Lea Vilman Cossart who came to America in 1662. I have almost a complete history of all the family in America. Have been collecting data for the past twenty years and have the line run back to Europe. Mrs. Sexton’s book contains some very misleading statements concerning our ancestry in Europe. One of my own cousins whose husband is a Professor in Harvard College, Boston, has just returned from a trip to Europe and while gone they made a very thorough search for me in Holland, Germany and France and as a result have brought back some additional information. I now have our line traced back to 1659 to Frankenthal.

The family originates about Rouen, France, but as Huguenots most were driven from France by the Catholics.

Yours,
/s/ O.L. COZAD.”

Another letter reads:

“Marion, Ohio,
June 26, 1921.
Miss May Casad,
Long Beach, Calif.

My dear Kinswoman:
Your card received yesterday. I am glad to make your acquaintance as a correspondent in California. Mrs. Narcissa (Casad) Purdon, youngest child of Anthony Wayne Casad is at Geyserville. The family of Samuel Naney Cozad is at Santa Rosa. The family of Samuel Grant Casad and others are at San Francisco. Edith M. Moss, whose mother is a Casad, lives at 110 West Islay Street, Santa Barbara. She is an excellent lady and a fine correspondent. Then at Los Angeles is Roland Cortex Casad and others of our family - then down about Santa Ana in Orange County is another Cozad settlement, also another at San Diego, and other parts of California. I understand they have been holding family reunions at Los Angeles of late years. My, how I would enjoy meeting with them. I note that you say you have been looking over the correspondence I sent to your sister Jacqueline. Is she living or dead, if living, is she married or single?

I have our family book completed down to the fourth generation and am working on that generation now. Just at present I am having a terrible time trying to trace down a branch of our family that spell their name “Cossairt”. They first start near Gettysburg, Pa., then they come to near Lebanon, Warren County, Ohio, then to Fulton County, Illinois, and Missouri and Iowa. If you ever hear of anyone who spells their name “Cossairt”, I wish you would send me their address at once as I am very anxious to get this line finished up.

Our family in various parts of America are now using about twenty different forms of spelling their family name, and here is some of them - The original family name in France was “COSSART” and some of the family in New York State still use this original name, while others in New York dropped one “s” and now spell it “Cosart”. Another branch as has been stated, added an “i” to the name making it “Cossairt”. Then one of the family who went to North Carolina in 1753 took the name of “Cozart” and all his line now throughout the south use that same name. In New Jersey some took the name “Cosad”, others “Cozad”, “Casadit”, and “Corzatt”. In Adams County, Penna., they took the name “Cassatt”, in Kentucky they used the name “Cosat”, “Cossatt”, “Cozatt”, etc. On Long Island they use the name “Cashow”, about New York and Brooklyn and some over in New Jersey spell it “Kershow” and “Kershaw”. Yet these people are all descended from Jacques Cossart, our common ancestor, who came over to the colonies in 1662. Hoping to hear from you again, and with best wishes for all our family in California, I remain,

Yours for the family history,

PS: Pres. Harding and I are fourth
/S/ OLIVER L. COZAD.”

Cousins.”

(1655) Charles Clifford Casad. Advertisement in Bremerton, Wn., paper during his campaign for election as Commissioner of public works.
"I have had over 20 years' engineering experience on Government and municipal projects. Over 12 years as City engineer of Bremerton, and have combined the office of City Commissioner and Engineer for more than 9 years, with no additional expenses to the taxpayers."

Mr. Casad was elected to the above position with a large majority of votes in his favor.

1155  **SAMUEL F. CASAD:**

(Thomas 792: John 651; Anthony 609; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).


<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CHILDREN</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1657. i. Walter H. Casad, born February 18, 1879, married Nellie Armstrong April 16, 1902.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1659 iii. Gertrude B. Casad, born January 29, 1878, died February 1, 1878.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1.2.7.2.4.5.3  **SAMUEL CASAD:**

(John 651; Anthony 609; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Samuel Casad was born September 29, 1815, died June 2, 1873; married June 3,1838 to Mary Artz.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CHILDREN</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1156. i. John Franklin Casad, b. 4/22/1839,d.8/19/1877.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1158. iii. Elizabeth A. Casad, b.7/20/1842 d.4/22/1915; m.12/28/1865 to Frank Speece</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>CHILDREN</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Frank Speece</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Charles Speece</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1180. v. Charles H. Casad, b.1/18/1858, died 10/2/1913.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1161. vi. Emma J. Casad, b.4/12/1853, d.8/25/1928. Married March 14, 1876 to Charles Bulger.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1162. vii. Samuel G. Casad, born 1/2/1864; m.1st Elizabeth Gail; m. 2nd Dora Heuston 7/2/1889.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1163. viii Joseph Casad, born 1/6/1848, died 9/22/1851.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1156  **JOHN FRANKLIN COSAD:**

(Samuel 794; John 651; Anthony 609; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

John Franklin Cased was born April 22, 1839, died August 19, 1877. Married Catherine Kauffman October 24, 1861.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CHILDREN</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1660. i. Ida C. Casad, born January 29, 1868. Married Rev. Wm. E. Biederwolf, born September, 1867</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1662 iii. Frank W. Casad, born February 2, 1870, died March 24, 1924. Married Mable Turner</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1663 iv. John Cosad, born; April 24, 1874 died January 11, 1924.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1157  **PETER A. CASAD:**

(Thomas 792: John 651; Anthony 609; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).
Anthony Cossart, Son of Jacques II the immigrant

Peter A. Casad was born September 13, 1844, died September 26, 1923. Married May 2, 1872 to Elizabeth Dimmet born January 21, 1849, died July 15, 1913.

CHILDREN:
1664. i. William Harry Casad born April 3, 1876. Married October 12, 1879, to Dorothy Marie Donbeck.
1665. ii. Jennie Lora Casad, born March 8, 1876, died December 7, 1876.
1666. iii. Mary Matilda Casad, born April 20, 1878.
1669. vi. Rose Ethel Casad, born March 3, 1886, died August 19, 1924, married to Guy Williams, born February 1, 1881.
1670. vii. Robert Charles Casad, born September 16, 1890.

THOMAS M. CASAD:
(Samuel 794; John 651; Anthony 609; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Thomas M. Casad was born April 5, 1850, died May 12, 1906, married December 24, 1874 to Catherine Schopf, born December 16, 1857, died August 23, 1930.

CHILDREN:
1671. i. Lieutenant-Colonel Adam F. Casad, b. 2/9/1878, died 11/14/1927.
1672. ii. Mable Casad, born September 1875, died January 4, 1899.
1673. iii. Annie Casad, born January 20, 1880.

JACOB CASAD:
(John 651; Anthony 609; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Jacob Casad was born in May or June 22, 1817, died August 3, 1902; married Jane Chamberlin January 15, 1843.

CHILDREN:
1164. i. George W. Casad, born 7/8/1851, died 2/3/1853.
1166. iii. Sophia Jan Casad, born 8/14/1853, died 11/8/1853.
1167. iv. Jacob S. Cozad Jr., born 7/20/1846, died 10/15,1901.
1168. v. Jesse F. Casad, born 11/19/1856; died 10/13/1867.
1171. viii. Laura A. Casad, born 2/14/1860, died. 7/10/1860.
1172. ix. Alice Casad, b.11/12/1858: m.9/20/1876: William White

CHILDREN
Jesse Casad White
William Kittendale White.
1173. x Effa May Casad, born 10/13/1866, died 11/11/1866.

JOHN C. CASAD:
(Jacob 795; John 651; Anthony 609; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

John C. Casad was born May 14, 1844, died September 24, 1894: married October 30, 1889 to Maze Brooks who died July 12, 1890.

CHILD:
1675. i. Walter Casad, born September 12, 1890.

JACOB S. CASAD JR.:
(Jacob 795; John 651; Anthony 609; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).
Jacob S. Casad Jr., born July 20, 1846, died October 15, 1901, married March 23, 1871 to Melinda Ellen Erwin who died February 10, 1911.

CHILDREN:

1676  i.  Glen Grant Casad, born November 18, 1872, married 12/27/1892 to Lillie J. Graham.
1677. ii.  Robert Clarence Casad, born March 27, 1877.
1678. iii.  Jessie Casad born August 4, 1879, married to William Krittendall March 9, 1921 and they had Catherine V. born March 21, 1919 dates??

1676  GLEN GRANT CASAD:

(Son of 1167 Jacob Casad, page 180).

Glen Grant Casad, was born November 18, 1872., married. December 27, 1892. to Lillie J. Graham born February 28, 1872.

CHILDREN:


1677  ROBERT CLARENCE CASAD:

(Son of 1167 Jacob Casad, page 180).

Robert Clarence Casad born March 27, 1877, married January 22, 1899.

CHILDREN:

1954.  i.  Even E. Casad, born August 22, 1903, married Christine Schille and they had Cecil Thomas and Gorden Lee.

1172  ALICE CASAD:

(Jacob 795; John 651; Anthony 609; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Alice Casad was Born November 12, 1858, married September 20, 1876 to William White.

CHILDREN:

1679  i.  Jessie Casad White born August 4th 18??; married March 9, 1921 to William Krittendall and they had Catherine V. dupe??

1.2.7.2.4.5.5  796  AARON CASAD:

(John 651; Anthony 609; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1.)

Aaron Casad was born September 27, 1824, died February 17, 1893. Married 1st time Martha Basset; married 2nd time Lodosky McCoron.

CHILDREN:

1174  i.  Anna Casad, born December 23, 1858; died 1876;
1175  ii.  Elizabeth Casad, b.1/11/1854, d.1873; m. Willits.
1176  iii.  Harriet Casad, born 12/18/1856; m. Nisley had Bert Nisley who married Emma Witt.
1177  iv.  Jennie Casad, 4/14/1864, d.1/20/1924; m. 1/9/1889 to George Murray had Jennie Casad Murray who married Fletcher Durall.
1178  v.  George Casad, born 1/19/1869; married. April 18, 1895 to Josie Besly.
1179  vi.  John W. Casad, born January 18, 1866; married. Ola Murray
1178  GEORGE CASAD:

(Aaron 796; John 651 Anthony 609; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1.)

George Casad was born June 19, 1869, married April 18, 1895 to Josie Besly born January 29, 1872.

CHILDREN:
1680  i. Hazel Casad, born January 28, 1896, married Mr. Green, had daughter Helen Green, born October 28, 1915.
1681  ii. Elizabeth Casad born February 5, 1899.
1682. iii. Henry George Casad, born July 15, 1902, died June 3, 1923.

1179  JOHN W. CASAD:

(Aaron 796; John 651 Anthony 609; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1.)

John W. Casad was born June 18, 1866, married January 10, 1894 to Ola Murray.

CHILDREN:
1684. i. Aaron Murray Casad, born February 6, 1895.
1685. ii. John Walter Casad, born March 5, 1900.

1.2.7.2.4.5.6  797  HARRIETT CASAD:

(John 651: Anthony 609: Jacob 601: Anthony 10: Jacques 3: Jacques 1.)

Harriett Casad born June 6, 1819-22; died March 14, 1881; married Henry Warner born February 2, 1813: died February 24, 1895.

CHILDREN:
1180. i. John Warner, 6/19/1840, died. April 8, 1842.
1181. ii. George Warner.
1182. iii. Krider Warner, died without issue.
1184. v. Paul Pegtro (Petri) Warner born November 10, 1848, died February 16, 1921, married Mary Barr, they had the following children:

CHILDREN
(a) George W. Warner, b. September 19, 1887, married Blanch Linebough November 26, 1908, she was born November 17, 1890. They had Mariana Warner, born July 7, 1913 at Fairfield, Ohio.
(b) Perry Warner, born January 18, 1892.
(c) Susie Warner, born July 7, 1894.
(d) Harriet Warner, born September 1, 1889, died August 28, 1901.

1185. vi. Aaron Warner.
1188. ix. Elizabeth Warner.
1189. x. Harriett A. Warner, b. 3/14/1860; m. John Walch.

1.2.7.2.8  613  LEAH COSSART:

(Cosart—Casad—Casad—Cozad)

(Jacob 601: Anthony 10: Jacques 3: Jacques 1.)

Leah Cosart was born July 8, 1743; died February 27, 1827. Married Joseph Riggs, born April 24, 1740; died February 26, 1829.
Leah was born in Somerset County, N.J. and died at Cranbury, N.J. She was married at Basking Ridge, Somerset County, N.J. The parents of her husband were David and Elizabeth (Cox) Riggs who came to Boston, Mass., in 1663.

The following letter was written to the compiler by a descendant of the above couple.

“Ottawa, Illinois,
January 7th, 1834.

Mr. Joseph A. Cossart,
The Lexington,
San Pedro, Calif.

Sir:

Several months ago you very kindly sent your data pertaining to the Genealogy of the Cossart Family, to my daughter, Mrs. Virgil Reik of Jefferson City, Mo. A little later she sent this material to me with the request that I look it over and select such portions as might be of most importance for our information of this branch of the family.

I am a son of William Hankins (John 2; Enoch 1). Enoch Hankins married Elizabeth Riggs, a daughter of Joseph Riggs and Leah Cozad or Cossart (Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1). So you see our connection with the Cossart Family.

In my library, I have a genealogy of the Riggs Family which was given to my father by the author, John Hankins Wallace. He was the Editor of a magazine. Referring again to your material re-Leah Cossart we find “The Riggs Family hid the three murders of Charles I, King of England.” I have seen several statements similar to this which, without explanation, seems a little bit misleading.

It should be borne in mind, that these three men, with others, were duly appointed Judges who sat at the trial of the case when Charles I was tried for treason and was convicted. We may not exactly approve of the methods that were used to bring about the arrest, accusation, trial, conviction and execution of the King, but appears to be about as regular as most revolutionary acts usually are. If so, it is no more proper to call these Judges murderers than it would be to style any Judge a murderer when it may be his unpleasant duty to condemn a criminal to be hung or electrocuted.

I do not believe it is necessary to go into the history of this matter very extensively at this time for you can read this in the history of the struggle between Cromwell and Charles I. When Charles II came to the throne, he proceeded to avenge his father’s death. According to all accounts what he did was plenty. Many were executed with great brutality. A few escaped. Among these were two of the Judges, Whaley and Goff. I quote in part of a paragraph pertaining to Edward Riggs (son of Edward 1, the immigrant).

"In 1655, associated with Edward Wooster, Richard. Baldwin, John Browne, Robert Dennison, John Burnett and perhaps others, they bought from the Indians the district of country on the Naugatuck, then known as Paugusset, some ten or twelve miles above Milford, and established a plantation which was afterwards called Derby. The location of Sergeant Riggs is well known and still known as "Riggs Hill". On this hill, which is still in the possession of his descendants, he placed his habitation and built a strong stockade as a protection against the Indians. The first house stood by the rock, a few rods from where the present residence stands, and in this house Sergeant Edward Riggs secreted and protected Whaley and Goff, two of the English Parliament that condemned and executed Charles 1, while the emissaries of Charles II were making diligent search for them along the Connecticut coast, in 1661. While Edward was not a member of the church and consequently not a voter, this brave act, in the face of the vengeance of the reestablished English throne, established beyond question two points in his character, viz., that he was governed by his convictions in considering human rights, and that his sympathies were wholly with the Puritans in the struggle for liberty with the mother country."

Years ago, while I was a student in Grammar school, I read a very interesting account, I think it was in Barnes History of the United States, of an Indian attack on the settlement. It happened on Sunday. All the settlers were at church. The Indians quietly crept up on the settlement and undoubtedly would have wiped It out of existance had not two men secreted in the
The house of Edward Riggs given the alarm which made it possible for the settlers to repulse the attack. The two men who gave the alarm were Whaley and Goff. It was certainly a lucky day for the settlers when Edward Riggs allowed his sympathy for the Puritan cause to prompt him to hide those regicides.

Very cordially yours,
/s/ Homer D. Hankins.

The children of Leah Cossart and Joseph Riggs were as mentioned below.

**CHILDREN:**
1.2.7.2.8.1 655 i. Elizabeth Riggs.
1.2.7.2.8.2 656 ii. Edward B. Riggs.
1.2.7.2.8.3 657 iii. Lucretia Riggs.
1.2.7.2.8.4 658 iv. John Riggs.
1.2.7.2.8.5 659 v. Jacob Riggs.
1.2.7.2.8.6 660 vi. Jane Riggs.
1.2.7.2.8.7 661 vii. Lewis Riggs.
1.2.7.2.8.8 662 viii. Hannah Riggs.

**1.2.7.3 602 JOHN COSSART:**

(Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

John Cossart was born November 11, 1711; died in 1757. His will dated January 13, 1757 names children. He was married to Catalynte ..... (?). No record of baptism found. Died at Middlebrook, Bridgewater Twp., Somerset County, N.J. Resided at same place with his brother Jacob.

**THE JUSTICE COLLECTION:**

“The will of Johannes Cussaar, of Bridgewater, in Somerset Co., N.J., Yeoman, dated January 13, 1757, proved May 16, 1757; wife (not named) all real and moveable estate during widowhood “for her and to bring up my children” and after her death to oldest son Anthony to whom he also bequeathed the homestead on the north side of Middlebrook, other children mentioned: Darriok, Benjamin, Elizabeth, Jane, John and Jacob.

An interesting feature of his will is the provision, that ‘One ½ acre of land square, is to be reserved on the plantation where I now live for a burying ground for me and my posterity, lying about west, north-west and small distance from my barn near a black oak.”

/Signed/ John Cussat (Seal)

Witness: Joseph Ross Jr., James and Sarah Macilrath.

Inventory made by David Sutton and Falkert Sebring.

Issue — 7 children:
(3) Derick (or, Richard) Cossart, married Barbara Hildebrandt, died 1806, daughter of John.
(4) Benjamin Cossart, went to south seas. (Chambers Early Germans of N.J., p. 310).
(5) Elizabeth Cossart.
(6) Jane Cossart, bapt. September 24, 1748.


**THE WILL OF JOHANNES COSART:**

“1757 January 13 · COSART, Johannes, of Bridgewater, Somerset County, Yeoman: Will of.

Wife (not named), sole heiress of real and personal estate, for use and maintenance and bringing up of my small children, sons, Anthony, Derick, Benjamin, John and Jacob (the last four
underage), and daughters Elizabeth and Jane.

Executors: Peter Williamson and Abraham Van Tyle of Somerset County.
Witnesses: Joseph Ross Jr., James MacElrath and Sarah MacElrath.

Proved May 19, 1757, Lib. E., page 426."
(Reference: New Jersey Archives, Series 1, Calendar of Wills).

May 16, 1757 · Inventory £ 182.4.8, including books, 16s, a Bond £ 53; made by David Sutton and Falbert Sebring; signed also by Abraham Van Tyle and Peter Williamson.
(Reference: New Jersey Documents, Calendar of Wills · New Jersey Archives, page 73).

“Johannes Cussar of Bridgewater in Somerset County, N.J., Yeoman, 13 January 1757."
Wife all real and moveable estate during widowhood for her to bring up my small children and after her death to my oldest son Anthony my plantation where I live on the north side of Middlebrook and he to pay to son Derrick 60 pounds and to son Benjamin 40 pounds and to daughters Elizabeth and Jane 40 pounds each. Sons John and Jacob lands on south side of Middlebrook. One 1/2 acre of land square to be reserved on plantation where I live for a burying ground for me and posterity lying about west northwest a small distance from my barn near a short black oak.

Executors: Friends Peter Williamson and Abraham Van Tyle of said County.

/Signed/ JOHN CUSSAT (Seal).

Witnesses: Joseph Ross Jr., James Macelrath, Sarah Macelrath.
Proved 19 May 1757.

Both Executors qualify same date.

Inventory made 16 May 1757 by David Sutton and Folkert Sebring.
(Reference: 20w Record of Wills — Secretary of State of N.J.).

Refer to comments on Johannes Cossart on page 226 herein.

**CHILDREN:**

1.2.7.3.1 614  
1.2.7.3.2 615  
1.2.7.3.3 616  
1.2.7.3.4 617  
1.2.7.3.5 618  
1.2.7.3.6 619  
1.2.7.3.7 620

**1.2.7.3.4 617 DERICK (RICHARD COSSART):**

(John 602; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Derick (or, Richard) Cossart, married Barbara Hildebrandt, died 1806, the daughter of John Hildebrandt.

**CHILDREN:**

1.2.7.3.4.1 663  
1.2.7.3.4.2 664  
1.2.7.3.4.3 665  
1.2.7.3.4.4 666  
1.2.7.3.4.5 667  
1.2.7.3.4.6 668  
1.2.7.3.4.7 669

**1.2.7.3.4.1 663 JOHN COSSART:**

(Derrick 617; John 602; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

John Cossart was born on September 8, 1786 and he married. Mary Seals.

**CHILDREN:**

1.2.7.3.4.1.1 801  
1.2.7.3.4.1.2 802  
1.2.7.3.4.1.3 803  
1.2.7.3.4.1.4 804  
1.2.7.3.4.1.5 805  
1.2.7.3.4.1.6 806  
1.2.7.3.4.1.7 807  
1.2.7.3.4.1.8 808  
1.2.7.3.4.1.9 809  
1.2.7.3.4.1.10 810

**NOTE:**
All the above children of John Cossart and Mary Seals removed to western states from New Jersey excepting Benjamin who remained in his native state.

1.2.7.4 (603) ANTHONY COSSART JR:

(Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Anthony Cosart, son of Anthony (10) baptised at the First Reformed Dutch Church at Raritan, N.J. August 6, 1712. The witnesses to Anthony's baptism were William Hendricksen and Nellie Thuenissen (wife of Cornelius). He married 1st time Circa 1737 Wilhelmina Hendrickson. She was probably a member of one of Somerset County Dutch families as indicated by her Christian name: Wilhelmina being one of the favorite Dutch names at that time.

On February 4, 1739, he and his wife Wilhelmina appear at the Raritan Dutch Church to have a son Anthony baptised. That they had either one or two sons born to them before this date is practically certain.

After a lapse of ten years Anthony and Wilhelmina again appear at this same church to have a son Peter (623) baptised August 6, 1749 and two years later September 22, 1751 they again appear to have a son Elias (624) baptised, this being our last trace of them in New Jersey, but two years later (apparently the fall of 1753) they appear with their eight sons in Greenville County, North Carolina. So far as available records reveal, Anthony seems to have been the first of the family to break away from the old New Jersey family settlement. Whether Anthony with his family of eight sons set out from New Jersey to North Carolina alone or whether they accompanied a party of New Jersey Colonists to North Carolina, the author of this sketch (Louis R Hamill) had been unable to ascertain, but usually when these early migrations of the family took place, it is found that they accompanied large parties of colonists to other states.

This was the case when about 1764 Francis Cosart (103) and wife Margaret Van Nest of Bound Brook, New Jersey, left with a large party of Somerset and Bergen County New Jersey, families for the Conewago Valley in York County, Pennsylvania. Again it was true when in 1780 Peter Cossart (125) and wife Maria Duryea accompanied a large colony from this York County, Pennsylvania, settlement to the Kentucky River Valley in Kentucky, then a little later when Peter's nephew, Dr. Francis Cassatt (130) and wife Martha Van Zandt accompanied another smaller party from this same York County, Pennsylvania, settlement to the lake country up in New York state. The same was again the case when Samuel (632) and Henry Cozad (633) of Mendham, N.J. with their wives Jane McIlrath and Catherine Lozier were members of a large party that set out from New Jersey to the “Ten Mile Valley” in Washington County, Pennsylvania in 1796, and I think the same was again true when Jacob Cozad (625 and wife Mercy Woodward and his two cousins Aaron (650) and John Casad (651) with their wives Rhoda Dunn and Rosa Kirkendorf came with other New Jersey families to the Mad River Valley about Fairfield, Ohio. While it is quite probable, yet I have not found any evidence to indicate that other New Jersey families accompanied Anthony and Wilhelmina Cosart to North Carolina.

The first trace we find of Anthony's family in Granville County, North Carolina, is on October 8, 1754 when two of his sons, David Cossart, Private, and Anthony Cossart Jr., Drummer, answers roll call at a general muster of Captain William Hampton’s Company, Colonel William Eatons Regiment, Colonial Militia, (See Clark’s History of North Carolina).

The following spring, March 1, 1755 Anthony Cossart purchases 360 acres of land in Granville County (See Deed Book C page 63, Oxford, North Carolina). Granville County was formed in 1746, considerable of its former area, has since been cut off to form other counties, but the
location of this original 360 acres home stead was in what is now the south-west part of Granville County. In 1773 a deed is recorded at Oxford on which the name of Anthony Cossart and wife Nancy appears, indicating that some time prior to this date Anthony’s first wife Wilhelmina, had died and he had married a second named Nancy who evidently was a younger woman than the first wife, as by her he had three more sons making eleven in all. His will dated December 23, 1780 was probated at the May term of court in 1781, which shows that he had died between these dates. The marriage license records at Oxford show that on June 13, 1792 his widow Nancy and Thomas Jones secured a license to marry. The will of Anthony only makes mention of one of his eight sons by his first wife, although there are other Granville County records on which their names appear the order of birth of these eight sons is not certainly known outside of the three baptised at the Raritan Dutch Church. The evidence, however, seems to indicate that David was the eldest and the fact that Jacob must have been the second son. As for John, James and Simeon we have found no evidence whatever which would indicate the order of their births. The first census of North Carolina taken in 1790 and which only listed heads of families shows that six of Anthony’s sons were then heads of families in that state, the other five were at this time either unmarried or dead or had removed from the state. The census list follows:

Knap of Leeds District, Granville County:
Jacob, Benjamin, David, Jessie and Ann Cozzart. Jesse Cozart was of Dutch District.

St. Mary’s District, Orange County:
Anthony Cozart. (See Page 237).

St. James District, Caswell County (now Pearsons County):
John and Peter Cozzart. (See Page 226-7).

The census lists show that at this time all these brothers except Anthony of Orange County was spelling their name COZZART, their descendants, however, later on, adopted the name COZART or CAZORT The Benjamin Cozzart mentioned as living in Granville County was Jacob’s eldest son, while the name of James does not appear on the Census, yet he is said to have died in Granville County in 1808. Joshua went to western Tennessee. This Lewis, Simeon, Elias and Jeremiah are unaccounted for. The woman Ann Cozzart listed as being head of a family in Granville County is thought to have been the widow of either Simeon or Elias. The Thomas Jones listed in the same district as Jesse is doubtless the same man who two years later married Anthony’s widow Nancy Cozzart.

The fact that none of the familiar New Jersey Dutch names appear on this first census roll of Granville County leads me to think that very few, if any, other than New Jersey families accompanied Anthony and his family to Granville County in 1753.

THE WILL OF ANTHONY Cossart

Copy of will of Anthony Cozart of Granville County, N. C. is recorded at Oxford.

"In the name of God, Amen.
I, Anthony Cozart, of the County of Granville, state of North Carolina, being sick of body, but of perfect mind and memory and calling to mind that it is appointed by the Almighty Creator for all mortal men once to die, therefore am willing that it hath please God to bestow on me as my worldly goods, I give and bequeath as followeth, and my soul I recommend to my blessed Saviors hands who hath redeemed it with his own precious blood, and as to my body I recommend it to the ground to be decently buried at the discretion of my executors hereafter named.
I give and bequeath to my beloved wife all my personal estate during her widowhood, after to be
sold and divided to the children, the executors first making sale of as much as will pay all my lawful debts that I in conscience owe. My lands I give and bequeath to three of my sons, equally to be divided between Jesse Jeremiah and Joshua and lastly I do nominate and appoint William Jones and John Williams to be executors of this will and testament and do hereby disannul and revoke all other wills by me made heretofore. In testimony whereof I have ratified and confirmed this to be my last will and testament and no other, this twenty-third day of December 1780.

ANTHONY "C" COZART
mark.

Granville County, North Carolina,
May Court AD. 1781.

This will was duly proved by the oath of James Cozart and ordered to be recorded. Then John Williams and William Jones qualified as executors to the said will.

Test:  RUBEN SEACY
Anthony and Jacob Cosart were witnesses to the Will of Thomas Coon of North Precinct, Somerset County, N.J., February 20, 1761.  

**CHILDREN:**

1.2.7.4.1 ( ) i. David  
1.2.7.4.2 ( ) ii. Jacob  

CHILDREN  
a. Benjamin  
b. Thomas  
c. Williams. His name was later changed to Williamson Cozart. Married Holly Mangum from distinguished Mangum family of North Carolina.

**CHILDREN:**

( ) i. Hubbard (Herbert) Cozart, born in North Carolina about 1800, married Ann Turner of Georgia, born 1806. Moved from North Carolina to Eatonton, Ga., thence to Gainesville, thence to Atlanta, Ga., died in 1865. Ann Turner Cozart died in 1876. Hubbard Cosart Sr., was a successful merchant of Atlanta, Ga., and left a comfortable provision for his family in spite of the Civil War. Reference NOTE: this is **MISS TOCCOA COZART’S ACCOUNT OF HER GRANDFATHER’S FAMILY**

**CHILDREN:**

a. Wiley Pearson Cozart. Married Hannah McIntyre of Alabama  

**CHILDREN**

1. Toccoa Page Cozart born in Atlanta, Ga., 1855; unmarried. See account of her on page 500, 509,512.  

**TOCCOA PAGE COZART:**

Author and educator, was born August 31, 1855, at Atlanta, Fulton County, Georgia, daughter of Wiley Person Magnum and Hannah Page (MacIntire) Cozart; grand-daughter of Hubbard and Anna (Turner) Cozart, of Atlanta, Ga. An early American ancestor was Jacques Cossart, a French Huguenot, who landed in New Amsterdam in 1662, and was made treasurer of the Colony under Peter Stuyvesant and also under the British. His descendants participated in the battle of Alamanc, in North Carolina, the event prior to Lexington in the struggle for American independence.

The family is remotely related to Anthony Cozart (CROZART), Governor of the Provience of Louisiana under Louis XIV.

Toccoa Page Cozart was educated in the private schools of Troy and Montgomery, and the Presbyterian College of Troy, graduated at Florence Norman College 1893; at Cook County Normal, Chicago 1893. Summer School of the South, Knoxville, Tenn., 1903, and Alabama Polytechnic Institute Auburn 1901. She taught in the Ramer High School 1891; Troy Public School 1893; Montgomery Public school 1894 to 1897; preparatory school for Alabama Polytechnic Institute 1899-1900; Aberdeen, Miss., 1902—1904. She engaged in newspaper work on the “Montgomery Times” 1910—1913; was historian of the ladies memorial Association, Montgomery, for a term; designed the monument erected in 1913 on Chickamaugua battlefield by the Association; former historian of Sophie Bibb Chapter, United daughters of the American Revolution; Alabama Historical Society; W.C.T.U.; charter member of the Presbyterian Church of
Troy: member of Montgomery School improvement association.


1040 South Berry Street,
Montgomery, Alabama,
April 26, 1907.
Mr. Oliver Lindley Cozad,
Marion, Ohio.

Dear Sir:

Your letter was duly received and acknowledged by postal. I immediately took up the interesting subject with my father’s family in Atlanta, Georgia. My Aunt - Mrs. Mary Cozart Bass and Mrs. Susie Cozart Frase promptly responded, giving some valuable material. Aunt Mary’s is especially good, since it was personal experience. Some of Aunt Susie’s is valuable.

I have copied everything verbatim and send it herewith,

In the meantime I became a subscriber to a new Journal of History — I enclose a circular and on page 72 of the very first number, I found a clue to some of the buried North Carolina history. I immediately wrote to Mrs. J.R. Cozart and she turned over the letter, for reply, to her brother-in-law, Mr. G. T. Cazort of Haroldton, Ark. I enclose you a copy of his letter to me. I think it possible that you will find it profitable to correspond with him. He is evidently closely related to my Grandfather Hubbard Cozart. And, though I’ve never seen him, I will be willing to prophesy this: that he is honest, honorable, shrewd, humorous, fair minded toward all humanity, no meddler, and a good citizen generally! That characterizes the Cozarts of North Carolina and Georgia. You will find, it fits cousin Abram Cozart of Columbus, Georgia, a descendant of Peter Cossart (125) and kin to A.J. Cassatt president of the Pennsylvania Railroad. It fitted my grandfather and my father - and I am led to believe it is characteristic of “the tribe”, whether Cossart, Cosart, Cazort, Cosart or Cozad! Isn’t it so?

Right here, I’ll tell you something funny: long years ago, the family in Atlanta learned that there was an Anthony Cozart living away down between Macon and Thomasville, Ga., who he was they didn’t find out - as grandfather came home one day and forbid the family to mention his name. Grandmother investigated, and reported to her daughters and my mother, and many quiet laughs have they had over it! Here’s the story: It seems Anthony's wife surreptitiously bought a lottery ticket, paying $5.00 for it. Her husband found it out and so enraged was he that he thrashed her for being so wicked as to buy a lottery ticket. Time passed, the “drawing” occurred and Mrs. Anthony drew $5,000!!! Her righteous husband promptly captured the money, bought slaves with it, and inside of four years lost them! Just the mention of the “disgraceful, man’s name would throw my grandfather into a paroxysm of rage. “No matter what the woman had done - he should have been a gentlemen”. “He wasn’t born a gentlemen - hence he was not kin to him” - my grandfather! His friends played upon this “harp” considerably and could always stir him to a rage.
Now comes the sequel: My aunt Mrs. Susie C. Fraser, of 14 Baltimore Place, Atlanta, writes me that a grand-daughter of the said Anthony is now in Atlanta—a clerk in "Froshins" (a man tailor for women’s clothes), and there is consternation in grandfather’s family for fear they will “come in contact”. They evidently resent her presence in Atlanta, and her being a business woman. Poor thing! Here she is bearing the ‘sins of her fathers’! All in ignorance. She is blissfully ignorant of how jealously the name of “Cozart” is guarded in Georgia! You will find this same spirit running thro’ Mr. G.T. Cazort’s letter.

Mrs. Finch writes me that she thinks the threads are “very tangled”, but she will be glad, to have them unraveled, if possible. I am willing to help all I can, so “command me “. I’ll send every bit of data I can scrape up. Since my grandfather, Hubbard Cozart was born about 1789-1800 at least and his father was William C. Cozart and the son of (cousin Thomas Granville Cozart says) Jacob Cozart. I do not know, and Aunt Mary Cozart Bass says she doesn’t know either, tho’ she does know her father was William Cozart. She also says that tradition has held in the family that we came from “Anthony, son of Anthony, Son of Anthony”; this I’ve heard all my life. Well, now, instead of Jacob maybe it was Anthony son of the man who left Raritan, New Jersey, and this would make dates and traditions appropriate. Grandfather was married in 1831; Grandmother was Twenty-five years old and Grandfather was between Thirty and Thirty-five years of age. He died in 1865. She died in 1879. None of us in Georgia knew anything definite back of Grandfather Williamson Cozart, and the fact that his wife was Holly Maggum. The Bumpass wife is information obtained from Arkansas—but church and court records in Granville County, North Carolina ought to prove a few of these things as the old North State kept her records as carefully as New England—being so “Cannily Scotch”. And Mr. Cazort states, as does Mrs. J.R. Cazort (his sister-in-law) that in 1772-75 Anthony Cozart took part in the “Tryon movement”—his wife was a Bumpass; this is evidently “Anthony No. 3”. His son was James Bumpass Cozart, and his son was Sidney Bumpass Cozart father of G.T. Cazort—it seems quite straight. But what I cannot understand is, where did cousin Thomas G. Cozart get the “fact” of Jacob? Now, I’ve never heard that name mentioned in all our discussions of family history—but always Anthony, Anthony, Anthony! Please try to clear that up.

I am inclined to believe that help right there will come from the records and data of Mr. G. T. Cazort. Please get into communication with him, and I will also. Let me know what he sends you and I will let you know what he sends me.

Are you enlarging and revising the Genealogy you have already put forth, or will your book be an entirely new one? Will it contain the “Coat-of-Arms”?

I wish you were near enough for me to help you in your compilation. I have had fine training; I studied history laboratory for five years under Dr. George Petrie of Alabama Polytechnic and John Hopkins, and have served a hard apprenticeship under Dr. Thomas M. Owen, director of Alabama History and Archives: so you see my natural bent. Next week I am to begin my labors in the regular newspaper field; I am to have exclusive direction of the Woman’s department of a large Newspaper. I have been contributing to newspapers for several years. I forwarded you a copy of our supplement “Our Women in the War”, which I assisted Mr. Owen in arranging. Did you get it? Mrs. Finch received her copy.

Hoping you will find data of assistance in the mass sent. I am very sincerely,

/s/ TOCCOA P. COZART.”
2. Wiley Green Cosart, born in Atlanta, Ga., 1857, died in 1858.

b Mary Elizabeth Cozart, born in 1836; married William A. Bass, lived in Atlanta, Ga. 1907.
CHILDREN
1. John Bass
2. Claudia Bass
3. Hubbard Bass
4. Annie Bass

c Louisa Catherine Cozart, born in 1838, married Maddison Harrison (Harralson??) of North Carolina. Lived in Atlanta, Ga. (1907).
CHILDREN
1. Edward
2. Kate Lee
3. Joseph
4. Annie Lou
5. Maddison
6. Mae Belle
7. Louis

d Anne Maria Cozart, born in 1840, married Lee Smith of Atlanta. She lived in Decatur, Georgia in 1907.
CHILDREN
1. Paul S. Smith
2. Ella Smith

e Susan Emma Cozart, born in 1843, married Collin McKenzie Fraser of Marietta, GA. She survived husband and lived in Atlanta, Ga., 1907.
CHILDREN
1. Fred C
2. Wallace C
3. Irene F
4. Ruth C
5. Mary Sue

f Hubbard Cozart Jr, b.1848, died at Atlanta, Ga. unmarried

g Sarah C. Cozart, born in 1851, married Robert Simonton of Alabama and died in 1877.

h Ella Evans Cozart, b.1853, married Lawrence J. Trotti of Charleston, S. C
CHILDREN
1. Lawrence
2. Erwin T
3. Annie T
4. Hugh T

( ) ii. Fannie Cozart, born in North Carolina. Married .... (?) of Carrington, Va. Husband died in North Carolina. Fannie moved with her brother William Cozart to Mississippi. She bought a plantation near Aberdeen, Miss., on James Creek. Here
she raised her family of girls and boys. She finally moved to Texas with all her children except Luther who lived in Columbus, Miss., and died of wounds received during the Civil War: and Raina Cozart who married Mr. Patterson. Raina Carrington had one daughter - Fannie Patterson who married Billie Pope of Columbus, Miss., and had children: Billie Jr., Rosa, Fannie and Mary, and all lived at Columbus, Miss.

( ) iii. Wiley Cozart, born in North Carolina, named for the distinguished North Carolinian. He died young.

( ) iv. William Mangum Cozart, born in North Carolina, moved to Georgia, and married in Wilkes County to Sarah Murray. They removed to Columbus, Miss. Here William Cozart amassed a great fortune. He was senior partner in the Mercantile firm of Cozart, Billups and Humphreys, that did a million dollars worth of business a year before the war. An interesting thing concerning William Cozart is, he believed the day would come when the Texas Pecan would have a high commercial value; he procured many trees from Texas, set them out, and today (1907) there are 150 trees in bearing on the plantation then owned by said William Cozart. They readily bring fifty cents per pound in the northern markets.

CHILDREN:
   a. William Cozart Jr., born in Mississippi, 184..(?), died when 21 years old. See legend.
   b. Henry Cozart, born in Miss., lived unmarried and died at age of 21.
   c. Helen Cozart, born in Miss., lived unmarried and died in Ga., in 189..(?).
   d. Annie Cozart, born in Miss., married Captain Joseph Phillips; lived and died at Nashville.

( ) v. Green Pearson Cozart, born in North Carolina, and moved to Washington, Wilkes County, Ga., and married Mary Pettis. Here he amassed quite a fortune, and died in 1878. His sons family still inhabit the old homestead. His daughter lived in Georgia.

CHILDREN:
   b. Annie Cozart born in Washington, Ga., 1853. Married Archie Baker of Augusta, Ga. She was a widow in 1917. Children were: Cozart, Mary and Hinton Baker.
   c. William Cozart, born in Washington, Ga., died in Augusta, 1901. Married Bessie Martin of Augusta and had several children.

( ) vi. James Cozart, born and lived all his life in North Carolina. Name of wife not known. Had several children. Thomas Granville Cozart the one who furnished most of these facts was the most important one of the family. He married Betty .....(?!) and had two daughters, one was Hallie Mrs. Robert Crawford of Winston, Salem, North Carolina.

( ) vii. David Cozart, lived and died in North Carolina.

(d) James
(e) Herbert (Ariglicised “Hubbard”).
(f) Jamima.
1.2.7.4.3  (622)  ANTHONY COSSART III:

(Anthony 603; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Anthony Cozart Jr., son of Anthony 603, baptised February 4, 1739 at Raritan, N.J., removed in 1753 with his parents to Granville County, North Carolina. Married Mary Bumpass, daughter of John Bumpass who was Captain of a company of soldiers raised in 1772 or 1773 to demand a redress from Governor Tryon. Anthony was a planter of Orange County, N. C.

JAMES COZART:

(JAMES Bumpass, second son of Anthony? J. A. C.)

James Cozart, born in North Carolina, the son of Anthony Cozart Jr. (622). James married Piety McVey (his cousin J. A. C.). (These notes by Dr. James A. Cozart, Historian and Registrar for The Cossart Family History Association.)

SIDNEY BUMPASS CAZORT: (Son of James Cozart above).

Sidney Bumpass Cazort, born Angust 25, 1824 in Granville County, N.C., and was reared in Pearson County, same state. It is claimed by family tradition that he altered the spelling of his name to distinguish his branch of the family from those using the surname Cozart. Removed to “Piney Farm”, Lamar Johnson County, Arkansas, where he died September 24, 1902.


CHILDREN:

i. James Robert Cazort, b. February 26, 1849, died May 12, 1935 and is buried at “Piney Farm”, Lamar, Arkansas.

ii. George Thomas Cazort, born November 23, 1850, died August 9, 1935 and is buried at “Piney Farm”, Lamar, Arkansas.

iii. Sidney Bumpas Cazor, born December 15, 1852, died October 23, 1867 and is buried at “Piney Farm”, Lamar, Arkansas.


v. Valerie Jane Cazort, born September 14, 1856, died November 12, 1873 and is buried at “Piney Farm”, Lamar, Arkanneas.

REMARKS:

“My father’s only sister, Valerie, married November 3, 1873 to William Caldwell. She died nine days after marriage on November 12, 1873 of typhoid fever.
“James Robert Cazort was the father of Arkansas’ present Lieutenant-Governor Lee Cazort,

“Sidney Bumpas Cazort, and Martha Wallace Cazort, moved from North Carolina to Arkansas, in 1849. A new carriage was purchased for the trip and it was drawn by two very fine thoroughbreds, whose sires were quite famous in Virginia. (Mrs. Robert Dent who related this to me, knows the names of these settlers.) When they reached Pulaski, Tenn., my grandfather became ill, and the doctor, at whose house they were staying, advised them to wait a few days before going on. This illness was typhoid, and my grandfather sent the wagons, with the slaves, household goods, his favorite pack of fox hounds and his thoroughbred saddle mare on to Arkansas, in charge of a friend. By the time my grandmother had recovered sufficiently to travel, the fall rains had set in and since there were only trails through the swamps of western Tennessee, my grandfather was told he would not get through with his carriage. A citizen of Pulaski offered him a very fancy price for his fine horses and carriage, so he sold them and he, my grandmother, their 9 months old son James Robert, Mary, negro nurse and “Uncle” Ben my grandfather’s body servant took passage on a boat on the Tennessee River to the Ohio river, down the Ohio to the Mississippi river, and on down the Miss. to the mouth of the Arkansas River. A drouth in Arkansas and the country to the west, had forced the Arkansas River so low that boats could not pass over the many sand bars farther west. A great host of pioneers were waiting there for the rains and high water to come so they could continue their westward journey. A small boat called or nick-named the “Chicken Thief” lay there, whose Captain said be could navigate the river. My grandparents being young, impatient and thoroughly optimistic, engaged passage on this boat and reached Spadra, steamboat landing nearest Clarksville, near which town my grandfather's brothers had settled a few years previously, on January 1, 1850. They were not expected, therefore the only conveyance there, was an ox wagon, which hauled the freight from the landing to Clarksville. Nothing daunted these youthful pioneers, so the last leg of the journey was made in an ox-cart or wagon. My grandmother often laughed at leaving North Carolina behind thoroughbreds and arriving at her new home in an ox wagon. Little do we know of the hardships and sacrifice through which our country has been settled” Married June 29, 1848, Person Co.

( ) WILLIAM ALEXANDER CAZORT:

William Alexander Cazort, son of Sidney Bumpas Cazort, born September 15, 1854 at "Piney Farm", Lamar, Johnson County, Arkansas. Residence: Lamar, Ark. In religion and politics William followed in the footsteps of his father. Both being members of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, and staunch Democrats in politics. William married May Garner born May 11, 1860 at Quitman, Arkansas. They were married on September 14 1876 at Quitman, Ark. Mrs. Cazort died October 29, 1909 at “Piney Farm”, Lamar, Ark. She was the daughter of William Wakefield Garner a Captain in the Confederate Army during the Civil War. Her mother was Henrietta Humphrey.

CHILDREN:

( ) i. Martha Henrietta Cazort, born February 21, 1878, died May 17, 1889 and is buried in the Cazort Family burying ground at “Piney Farm, Lamar, Ark.

( ) ii. Valerie Cazort, born November 25, 1879; residence Lamar, Ark.

( ) iii. William Sidney Cazort, born October 15, 1881; residence El Dorado, Arkansas.

( ) iv. Edna Belle Cazort, born October 17, 1883; married N.H. Petterson and they reside at Woodward., Oklahoma

( ) v. May Humphrey Cazort, born February 2, 1885; married J.I. McClerkin; “residence El Dorado, Arkansas.

( ) vi. Inez Cazort, born March 3, 1887, died June 12, 1888; buried at “Piney Farm”, Lamar, Ark.


( ) viii. Pauline Garner Cazort, born September 25, 1891; married Mr. A.M. Berry;
residence · Franklin, Tennessee.

ix. John Harold Cazort, born October 20, 1893; residence · Smackover, Ark.

x. Wakefield Anthony Cazort, born October 14, 1895; residence · 119 Groveland Place, San Antonio, Texas.

xi. Alan Garner Cazort, M.D., born March 6, 1900; residence · Little Rock, Arkansas.

**PAULINE GARNER CAZORT BERRY:**

Pauline Gamer Cazort, daughter of William Alexander Cazort and Henrietta Humphrey Cazort, born September 25, 1891 at Altus, Franklin County, Arkansas. Married Wednesday, October 29, 1913 at “Piney Farm”, Lamar, Johnson County, Arkansas, to Albert McFerrin Berry, born June 12, 1888, the son of Thomas William Berry and Catherine Heydon. They reside at 936 Fair Street, Franklin, Tennessee.

**CHILDREN:**

i. Betty May Berry, born August 14, 1914; at home.

ii. Albert McFerrin Berry Jr., born October 27, 1918; living at home.

iii. William Hugh Berry, born October 22, 1921, living at home.

**REMARKS:**

“Albert McFerrin Berry Jr., and William Hugh Berry were born at Clarksville, Johnson County, Arkansas.

“Betty May Berry was born at “Piney Farm”, Lamar, Johnson County, Arkansas.
“My birth occurred at Altus, because my mother had moved there for the school term, to place my eldest sister in Hiram-Lydis College at that place. This college was first established at Quitman, Arkansas, by the Methodist Church, through the financial aid of my grandfather Garner. That is how my parents became acquainted. My father and his sister were sent there to school. About 1894 the school was moved from Altus to Conway, Ark, and became Hendrix College - one of the outstanding colleges in the South at present.” (Submitted by Mrs. Pauline Garner Cazort Berry of Franklin, Tennessee).

******************************************************************
First settlement of Cozads in N.J., 1729
Settled between Great Bend and Warrenville.
Shown in "Parker’s Records" of early grants.

The Doty place
100 acres.

Mr. Terrell

J. Ralph

W. Ralph

Mt. Bethel Church & Cemetery
Where Anthony Cozad is buried.
He is said to have been brother
or half brother to the other three
Who were certainly brothers.

Warrenville
Somerset Co., N.J.

Somerville, N.J.
N.J. Central R.R.
Plainfield

Electric car line along Somerset Street 1½ miles.
NOTE
“Manhattan Island was first settled by the Dutch in 1613. In 1626 the Island was purchased from the Indians for about Twenty-four dollars. The town was called New Amsterdam up to 1664, when it was taken by the English and the name changed to New York. New Jersey was first settled largely by Puritans, Quakers and Scotch Presbyterians. David and Anthony Cossart, sons of the Immigrant Jacques Cossart, were among the early settlers of the banks of the Raritan. The family later scattered through other portions of the state. Morris County was formed from a portion of Hunterdon in 1738. The town of Mendham was called Roxiticus prior to 1749.”
The Cossart Family History

Volume 3

Containing

David Cossart and His Descendants
David Cossart, Son of Jacques II, and His Descendants

1.2.6  (9)  DAVID COSSART:

(Jacques 3: Jacques 1).

“David Cossart was born in New York City on June 18, 1671, and died in Somerset County, New Jersey, about 1740. He married October 11, 1696 at the Dutch Reformed Church in New York City to Styntje Joris Van Horn, the daughter of Joris Jansen Van Horn and Maria Rutgers of Flushing, Long Island.”

(Reference: The late Alfred. H. Justice, Genealogist, 406 South Narberth Ave., Narberth, Penna., who, in 1920 was the genealogist for the late Edward Buchanan Cassatt of Berwyn Pennsylvania).

David. Cossart, mason, baptised June 18, 1671, who married October 11, 1696, Styntje Joris, and was the son of Jacques Cossart, who emigrated to the New Netherland, landing in October 1662’, a passenger on the “Pumerlander Church”, and settling at Bushwick, Long Island, with his wife Lydia Willems. David Cossart removed in 1735 to Somerset County, East New Jersey, conveying his city lot to his son-in-law John Harpending Jr., cordwainer; ......


“........ ii - David Cossart, baptised 1671, June 18 and died between 1736 and 1740: married 1696, Styntie Van Hoorne, the daughter of Joris Jansen, born 1677; had children ........”


The birth of their children are recorded in the list of the Dutch Reformed Church of New York City.

David Cossart was living in New York City in 1703, a mason by trade, he bought land in New Jersey in 1708 and conveyed it in 1719 to his son-in-law John Harpending, shoemaker. In this deed David is called “of Somerset, New Jersey”. A will dated June 10, 1736 was probated January 13, 1741 in Somerset County, N.J. Another will dated June 4, 1736 was probated in New York City January 30, 1740, he then being called David Cosart, Gentlemen, of Somerset County, N.J.

The will of Daniel Gautier of New York City as shown in Abstract of Wills, Volume XII, 1782-1784, page 141, mentions in part: “...... in case my wife and executors, or any two of them, shall think it necessary to sell part of my realestate, they are to sell all that tenement and parcel of land, in the South Ward of the City of New York, which I bought from DAVID COSART ......” This will was dated March 18, 1739.

The City of New York tax list 1695-1699 shows that “David Cosaert” paid taxes between the above dates on a “house & c” in the amount of £ 65:00:08:23, which property was located in the South Ward. He also paid a tax in the amount of £ 15:00:00:02 on a “lot of ground” in the West Ward. “South Ward, City of New Yorke. Assessment of Ye South Ward of ye City of New Yorke for

During the period above mentioned, the “South Ward” on Manhattan was on the southern end of the Island, and was bounded as follows: “North-West Corner of Pearl and Broad Streets; West Corner of Beaver and Broad Streets; South Corner of Beaver and Whitehall Streets.”

The boundry of the “West Ward, at the same time was as follows: “North Corner of Beaver and Whitehall Streets; North West Corner of Beaver and New Streets; and New Street and Whitehall Street.”

The above takes in the wealthiest section of New York City today. A photostat 9” x 13” map showing the Wards in the city may be obtained from the Public Library, New York City. Request B-98 “Sir Henry Moores Map showing Plan of Wards in N.Y.C.” Price, fifty cents. From the same source you may obtain a similar map of “the Original Grants of Village Lots from the Dutch West Indies Co. to the Inhabitants of New Amsterdam. Stating negative is located in “Map Room” of Library. Price fifty cents.

“About 1719 “David Cosart” came over from New York City and purchased considerable property along the Raritan at or near Bound Brook, Somerset County, N.J. Two deeds are recorded at Trenton from David Cosart to Aaron and Moses Louzada, dated April 2, 1727, and July 29, 1734, and read that they are from “David Cosart of Somerset County, yeoman, to Aaron and Moses Louzada, father and son, both of said county, merchants” and state that the lands are “in the town of New Milford.” (BoundBrook) on the North Side of the River” David Cossart had 1000 acres of land surveyed to him in Somerset County, N.J., on May 29, 1729.” (Reference: Somerset County Historical Quarterly 1915).

The following extract from an old will is proof that David Cossart was married into the Van Horn Family. (According to one Van Horn Genealogy, Rutger Van Horn was baptised January 5, 1667; Aefje Van Horn was baptised March 16, 1680 and married John Theobald, and Mary Van Horn was baptised May 9, 1677 and was married to Enoch Vreeland, and were the children of Joris Jansen Van Hoorne and Maria Rutgers).

The extract of will follows:

“17l5 April 12 (Vreeland) Enoch Michielse, of Naitsionk alias Penbrebough, Bergen County, Esquire; Will of:

- Late wife Dricka (Dirksje) Meyers, who had Michael, Johannes, Abraham, Isaac, Enoch, Elsie widow of Edward Earl, and Catherine Albertse; present wife EPHRY (Aefje Van Hoorn. She was his third wife. Winfield gives the date of Enochs death as August 17, 1714, probably an error for 1719, the year in which the will was proved); who has Elias, Jacob and George, all under age.
- Real and personal estate. The wife sole executrix and guardian, after her death or remarriage -

Brothers-in-laws Rut Van Horn and David Coesar.

-Witnesses: E. White, May Brickley, Elizabeth Brickley, C. Chambers Jr.
David Cossart, Son of Jacques II, and His Descendants

“Proved November 13, 1710 (sic), the executrix sworn April 11, 1720”.

“David Cossart, 2nd son of Jacques, born July 18, 1671. He married 1696, Styhe Joris, or Stynthe Van Horn. He was of Bergen County, N.J., and probably a member of the Hackensack Church.”
(Reference: Notes of the late Alfred R. Justice, genealogist, of Philadelphia and Narberth, Pennsylvania).

THE WILL OF DAVID COSSART:

“June 10, 1736 - COSORT (Cassart) David, of Somerset County, New Jersey, Gentleman: Will of.
Wife: Stantiaz.
Son: George, to have (eventually) home farm.
Son: David, lands next to Jacob Dietzes.
Son: FRANCIS, 110 acres of land and Dutch Bible.
Daughters: Mary Williamson; Susannah Canine; Elenor, Jane and Eve.
Grandchildren: Hendrick Harpending, son of daughter Leah, deceased, and three children of son Jacob, deceased Williamia “former wife” of Jacob.

Executors: Son, David, and Peter Williamson.
Witnesses: Mauris Glenville, Johanas Hogland.

Proved: January 13, 1740. Lb. C.P. 387.

“July 1, 1741: Inventory, Bown Broak (Bound Brook), of the late David Cassar”. Personal estate £ 137: 1s: 16d: made by Jacob De Graost and William Olden. (Jacob de Groat)

“David Cossart belonged to the Church then known as 3 Mile Run which before had been called “The Church of the River and Lawrence Brook, near New Brunswick, N.J.”
(Reference: Historical Notes of the Reformed Dutch Church of the County of Somerset, New Jersey).

“Stynche Cussaar mentioned as witness to will of Eligah Harris of Piscataway Township, Middlesex County, N.J., November 6, 1759.

“Northeast of Bound Brook and between the mountains, David Cosart, Daniel Hollinshead, the heirs of Anthony Sharp and others had in possession large tracts.”

“New York, April 7, 1712 - Some CORMINTON negro slaves to the number of 25 or 30 and 2 or 3 Spanish Indians, having conspired to murder all the Christians here, and by that means thinking to obtain their freedom, about 2 O’clock in the morning put their bloody design into execution and setting fire to a house they stood prepared with arms to kill everybody that approached to put out, and accordingly murdered the following persons that were running to the fire, Viz., Adrian Hoogland, Adrian Beckman, son of Geradus, merchant (stabbed on coming out of
his door and died in the arms of his wife): Lieutenant Corbet, Augustuss Grasset, William Echt, ..... Marschalk, Jr., Brasier, Jr., and Johannes Low.

“These were also wounded, Lawrence Read, merchant, Hendrick Hoogland Jr., Johannnew De Honneue, John Troupe, Thomas Sterseent, George Elssworth Jr., and David COESART, the first and the last ‘tis feared mortally. Upon which the town was soon alarmed which occasioned the murderers fleeing into the woods, where several parties are out after them.”

“April 14, 1712. W. have 70 negroes in custody. Six of these have been their own executioners by shooting and cutting their own throats. One was burnt, another broke upon the wheel, and a third hung up alive, and nine more are to be executed tomorrow.”


The Will of Daniel Gantier which was proved January 8, 1747, mentions:

“My executors are to sell real estate if necessary and all that my messuage or tenement and lot in the South Ward, which I purchased from DAVID COSAART.....”


“7. Styntje Van Home, baptised May 9, 1677, married David Coesart, September 18, 1696. They lived in Harlem, N.Y., and were married in the Dutch Church, New York City, he died between 1736 and 1740 leaving farms to his sons George, David and Francis.

Children:
252 George
253 Jacob
254 David
255 John
256 Francis.


“There is a list of “The Church of the River and Lawrence Brook”, dated 1717, and includes 73 individuals, namely DAVID CUSSART, ....... all before 1723.”

(Reference: Forty Years at Raritan, 1873: pages 164-5m by Rev. A. Messler, D.D.).

The Census of New York City about the year 1703 - “Masters of Families”, mentions - “DAVID COESART, 1 male, 1 female: 2 male children and 1 female child.”

“About 1719 David Cosart came over from New York and purchased considerable property along the Raritan at or near Bound Brook. Two deeds are recorded at Trenton from David Cosart to Aaron and Moses Louzada, dated April 2, 1727, and July 29, 1734, and read that they are from “David Cosart, of Somerset County, yeoman, to Aaron and Moses Louzada, both of said County, merchants” and state that the lands are in the town of New Milford on the north side of the river (Raritan) “. Evidently these are two retired Jew merchants, father and son, resided in Bound Brook from 1700 onward, until their deaths (Aaron residing on the Codington, now La Monte, property until 1744, when he died), it seems well proved that along from 1727 to 1745 or later Bound Brook must have had two names.”

(Reference: O. L. Cozad, Marion Ohio, in Somerset County Historical Quarterly, 1919, Volume 8,
David Cossart, Son of Jacques II, and His Descendants

page 237).

“The tract (No. 107, about 1½ miles North-east of Bound Brook - 100 acres) east of the 1000 acre lot of Cordington No. 32 was surveyed to DAVID CUSSART, May 23, 1729. This lot also extended to the mountains on the north, east to Green Brook, and south to the “proprietors lott”, afterwards Rudyards. The changes of titles to these lots or tracts are too numerous to mention.”
(Reference: History of Hunterdon and Somerset Counties, N.J. 1881. By Snell, page 651 - See plat of above lots on page 562 of same ref.).

“About 1700 the lands purchased by Rudyard (Lot No. 8 - 1,170 acres), with 800 acres adjoining, belonged to John Royce (Lot Ho. 5), were purchased by a Company consisting of GEORGE CUSSART, Samuel Thompson, and Jacob De Groot. The Rudyard Tract (No. 8, all of Bound Brook) was divided equally between Thompson and De Groot, the Royce plot No. 5, being held by the Company.”

The Dutch Church of New York City is now called the “Collegiate Church of St. Nicholas”, located on 5th Ave. at Cor. of 48th St. On the building facing Fifth Ave., is following bronze plaque: “Reformed Protestant Dutch Church of the City of New York. Originated under Peter Minuet, Director General of the New Netherlands A.D. 1628. Chartered by William the III, King of England. This building was erected A.D. 1872.” Located at 5th Ave., and 48th Street, N.Y.C.

THE JUSTICE COLLECTION:

“David Cossart, born July 18, 1671, and died Circa 1740. Married October 11, 1696 in the Dutch Church New York City, Styntje Joris, of Flushing, Long Island. Her name in English would be Christiana George, daughter of Joris Jansen Van Horn and Maria Rutgers. David Cossart was one of the early settlers of Somerset County, New Jersey, and settled at Bound Brook.

“His social status is indicated by his will in which he is called “Gentleman”, which makes it quite sure that his father Jacques, belonged to a Manorial family.

“April 2, 1729, David Cossart, of Somerset County, N.J. and Stanchy, his wife, conveyed a tract of land 204 X 300 feet in the town of New Milford, on the north side of the Raziangton Raritan) River, to Aaron and Moses Louzada, of the same county, merchants.

(Signed) DAVID COSAYDE
STANCHY COSAART (by mark).
Witnesses: Thomas Scott and Jonathan Doty (Trenton: N. J. Deed Book F2, page 527).

“July 29th, 1734, David Cosaart, Sen., of Somerset County, New Jersey, yeoman, and Stanchy, his wife, to same grantees, a tract of 13¾ acres in the same town.”
(Signed) David Corsate (In Dutch)
Stanchy Cosaart (By mark)

THE WILL OF DAVID COSSART:

“61 R of Wills (0.387) at Secretary of State of New Jersey. DAVID COSORT of Somerset County, N.J. Gentleman, 10 June 1736.
Volume III

Wife: Stantiah, all estate, and at death to Son George, my lands except to Son David 110 acres which lyeth on back part and 160 acres of woodland.

Son Francis 100 acres of upland and 10 of meadow.

Daughter: Mary Williamson 50 £; Daughter Susannah Conine 50 £; Daughter Eve 50 £.

To Hendrick Harpending son of my Daughter Leah 50 £. To the three children of my son Jacob, deceased, 100 £ as long as Williamtiah his former wife is now a widow she to have the interest.

Executors: Peter Willismson, and my son David.

(Signed) By Mark.

Witnesses: Morius Glanvill,, John Riggs.

Probated: 13 January 1740.

Witnessed also by Johanas Hogland and probated by bin 20 February 1740.

Both Executors sworn same date.

“Inventory of estate made July 1, 1741, by Jacob Do Groot and William Olden: consisting of the "Bown Brook" farm, and personal estate of £ 137:18: 6d.: (New Jersey Archives 1st Series', Vol. XXX)

“David Cossart and Styntje Joris had 11 children:

See next page for list.

(1) Lea Cossart, baptised July 21, 1697, married March 31, 1716, John Harpending, from Lingen, Holland.

CHILDREN:
(I) Ahasureus Harpending, baptised January 27, 1717/18.
(II) Hendrick Harpending, married January 12, 1742, Mary Coons.

(2) Joris (or, George) Cossart, baptised August 19, 1699, Married September 16, 1730, Elizabeth Hoogland, baptised November 20, 1706 daughter of Johannes and Janeke (Andrews) Hoogland.

CHILD:
(I) Jannette Cossart born October 29, 1733, married William Weaver.

(3) Jacob Cossart, married Wilhelminia. Kinney.

CHILDREN:
(I) Lydia Cossart, baptised December 23, 1733. She may have been three or four years old when baptised.
(II) David Cossart, baptised March 29, 1732/3.
(III) Jacob Cossart, baptised November 14, 1736.

(4) David Cossart, married Circa. 1733, Katelynte or Catherine.

CHILDREN:
(I) Steynt Cossart, baptised July 13, 1735.
David Cossart, Son of Jacques II, and His Descendants

(II) David Cossart, baptised September 17, 1738, Married Jannete or Jane. They had issue one son, perhaps others.
  Issue:
  (A) David Cossart, baptised April 14, 1771.
  (III) Geertje or Gertrude Cossart, baptised June 29, 1739.
  (IV) Susannah Cossart, baptised June 6, 1742.
  (V) Catalynite or Catherine Cossart, baptised August 18, 1744.
  (VI) Jacobus or James Cossart, baptised October 6, 1745.
  (VII) Jannetie or Jane Cossart baptised May 5, 1747.
  (VIII) Francis Cossart, baptised August 5, 1750.
  (IX) Efy Cossart, baptised January 20, 1752.
  (X) Mareya or Mary Cossart, baptised April 1754.
  (XI) Nelte or Nellie Cossart, baptised August 22, 1756.
  
(5) Mary Cossart, born July 3, 1706; married Peter Williamson. He was one of the executors of David Cossart’s will. Their children are supposed to have used the surname Williams as several of the name were members of the Dutch Colony in York County, Penna. Some of whom went to Kentucky with Peter Cossart.

(6) Susannah Cossart, married Dick or Dirk Coneyn.

(7) John Cossart, baptised November 11, 1711, died 1757. Married Cathelentje (or Catherine).

(8) Neltje or Eleanor Cossart, baptised December 7, 1712.

(9) Francis or Francis of whom hereafter.

(10) Jannetje or Jane Cossart, baptised May 15, 1715.

(11) Aefje or Effie or Eve Cossart, baptised September 23, 1719.


The burial place of David and Styntje are unknown to the writer, but it is surmised they are buried in the old Presbyterian grave yard in Bound Brook or in its vicinity. The early burial places were usually small plats of ground on the different farms, most of which have been neglected and uncared for, where, in days gone by many were buried, cultivation has encroached upon their borders year by year, as the ruthless hands of time has leveled the little mounds over the sleepers, and the humble slab that marked the spot has fallen prone to the ground.

“The following are names of persons who purchased of the proprietors or their heirs, with dates and number of acres. They were taken from Schedule No. 3 (and accompany the map of Indian titles and land grants) in the Elizabethtown Bill of Chancery, published by James Parker of New York in 1747:

Lot No. 107 - David Cossart, purchased 100 acres May 23, 1729 located on Sir Ev. Cameron’s 2000 acres. (According to map this property appears to be located about 1½ miles north-east of Bound Brook N J., in Bridgewater Township and borders Green Brook Creek) (One passes through this property on Highway No. 29 in going from Newark to Sommerville, N.J.)

Pages 219 and 220 to “No further record”, will be devoted to a George Cussart which several prominent eastern genealogist have agreed that he was none other than David Cossart the subject of our sketch. The Rev. A. Messler, DOD. is the sole authority for the statement that it was “George Cussart” who purchased the property in and about Bound Brook as early as 1700 and not David Cossart as genealogist have agreed upon. It is claimed that the Rev. Messler was in error regarding other residents of the time.
“Bound Brook, N.J. ....as early as 1700, or before that time, the lands of Rudyard, with 877 acres adjoining it, belonged to John Royce, were purchased. by a company consisting of “George Cussart”, Samuel Thompson and Jacob De Groot” .... “George Cussart’s house is now the Bound Brook Hotel. He sold 300 acres to Ebenezer Trimble, which was inherited by his son Peter, who died May 20, 1797, and left it to his two daughters, one of whom married. Teunis Ten Eyok, and the other to Colonel Staats.” “...in the year 1700, the 1,171 acres of the original properties were purchased as we have said by “George Cussart” and Jacob De Groat”. “In 1720 Hendrick Harpending and. some others had become purchasers of parts of this original tract, and subsequently, in 1746, Peter Williamson, James Hude Bsq., Anthony Blackford, Bartholmew Kelso, Charles McEvers, Thomas Ervine, Joseph Stansbury, David Cossart, etc., occupied parts and parcels belonging to it.~


“Bound Brook Hotel stands on the site of George Cossart’s house, he was one of the three who purchased in 1700, the tract where the village now stands.”


The writer visited Bound Brook, N. J., the latter part of August 1934 and took pictures of the “Old Bound Brook Hotel”. The name of this hotel has been recently changed to the “Green Brook Tavern”, probably named for a brook of that name near by. The Tavern is located near the corner of East Main and East Streets. Directly in front of this Tavern is a large boulder with the following inscription on a bronze plaque thereon: “Bound Brook Battle Monument, this stone marks the site of the Battle of Bound Brook, fought April 13, 1777 between 500 American soldiers under Benjamin Lincoln and 4,000 British troops under Lord Cornwallis.” The American cannons were installed at this point during the battle.

“Hendrick Fisher owned land east of the Hotel (Bound Brook), which he purchased from George Cussart and Company on the 16th of April 1761.” (Probably purchased from George Cossart). (Reference: First things in Old Somerset, by Rev. A. Messler, D.D. 1899, page 29)

First Houses of Bound Brook

“During the year 1700 nearly all the land included in the present borough of Bound Brook, the western line being the Mountain Road, now Vossler Ave., was sold to George Cossart, Jacob de Groot and Samuel Thompson, each of whom erected houses during the year.

“Cossart House

“This house stood on the present site of the Mansion House. It was built in 1700 by George Cussart, who owned all the land between Bound Brook and Mountain Avenue fronting on the Raritan river.

George Cossart died about 1740 (this George may have been 8. v. David Cossart. The compiler), and David Cossart, probably his son, came into possession of the property. During the Revolution the Cossart House was used as a hotel. It was known as the “Washington Hotel”, from a large swinging sign in front of it, on which was painted a portrait of Washington on horseback. Peter Staats was the landlord. He was a brother of Colonel John Staats, of Revolutionary fame, and like him was a true friend to the cause of American liberty. More than one Tory who dared to uphold
the British came in the presence of Peter Staats, felt the power that lay in the strong patriots arms. As a result of his loyalty he suffered very much from the depredations of the British soldiers. When Colonel Semico with the Queens Rangers, a band of native Americans who had enlisted in the army of Great Britain, passed through Bound Brook on the memorable raid of October 26, 1777, they stopped at the hotel and robbed it of everything valuable which they could carry with them. After many changes and improvements the old Cossart house was entirely destroyed by the great fire of 1881.

Harpending House.

“This was the present house on Main street, owned by Dr. B.B. Matthews, part of which is used for his drug store and office. .......Hendrick Harpending came from Lingen, Holland, to Bound Brook. Re bought a strip of land about 200 feet wide fronting on Main Street, running back to Trembly line, now High Street. His eastern boundry was Dr. Pratt's land, and the western, the land of Jacob de Groot. The only record we have of Hendrick Harpending is the old deed conveying the land to him by George Cossart. From this we learn he was a cordwainer, a shoemaker, and probably the first of that occupation in Bound Brook, He died sometime before the Revolution. His property passed into the hands of his son Peter, who used the house as a hotel, giving it the name of “The Frelinghuysen House”, in honor of Major General Frelinghuysen of Somerset County.

“Blackford House.

“This was built in 1744 by Anthony Blackford and on land purchased from David Cossart. The house stood almost directly south of the Presbyterian Church across Main Street.......”


“Harpending House

The western portion of this house was erected about 1730 and stood until it was torn down a few years ago on Main Street Bound Brook. Its first owner, Hendrick Harpending, came from Lingen, Holland, and bought the land from George Cossart. Subsequently his son Peter made it into a hotel, which was known as “The Frelinghuysen House”, being named after General Frederick Frelinghuysen, and as such was scene of many notable gatherings during the Revolution. When the Declaration of Independence was declared, Hon. Hendrick Fisher, of Bound Brook, who was the President of the Provisional Congress read it here to an assembled crowd of people. The last regular occupant of the house was the late Dr. B.B. Mathews.”


There is no evidence of any of this land being sold by “George Cossart” until about 1720.

No further record.

An exact copy of the will of David Cossart. The Original will was copied by Anna M. North, Genealogist, and copied by Clara C. Keezel from her copy.

Original will is in Somerset Box 1712-1741 and recorded in Liber C, folio 387 and, in the Office of the Secretary of State at Trenton, New Jersey.

“in the name of God, Amen, the tenth day of June in the year of our Lord, one thousand seven hundred and thirty-six, I, David Cosort of the county of Summer Set in the province of East
Volume III

Jersey, Gentleman, Being very weak in Body, But of perfest mind and memory, thanks be given unto God therefore, Calling unto mind, the mortality of my Body, and knowing that it is appointed for all men once to dye, Do make and ordain this my last will and testament, that is to say, Principally, and first of all, I give and Recommend my soul into the hands of God that gave it, and for my Body, I recommend it to the Earth, to be Buried in a Christianlike and decent manner, at the discretion of my Executors, nothing doubting but at the general Resurrection, I shall receive the same again by the mighty power of God And as touching such worldly Estate wherewith it hath pleased God to bless me in this life. I give devise and dispose of the same in the following manner and form.

IMPRIMIS — It is my will and I do order that in the first place all my Just Debts and funeral Charges be paid and Satisfied.

ITEM · Staintiah Cosort my Dearly Beloved wife, all my whole Estate and all my movables As Long as She Continueth my widow, Excepting a Silver Baker and a Silver Ringed Kain.

If She marrieth to another man or when She is Dead my whole Estate Shall be devided as follows Att the Expiration of one year and Six weeks.

ITEM — I give an Bequeath unto my beloved son George Cosort att the Decease of my Body, one Silver Baker and my Silver Ringed kain which is affore Excepted out of my Estate, likewise all my lands to him and to my son David · Excepting one hundred and ten acres which lyeth at the Back part of my land and one hundred acres of wood land But my son George must have that half which my house and Barn And Orchard Standeth on and my son David the other half which Lyeth next to Jacob Decrotes.

ITEM — I give a Bequeath unto my Son Francis one hundred acres of Upland and ten acres of the back part of my mowing meadow which is affore Excepted and a Dutch Bible, and as far as the hundred acres of wood Land It must be Divided Equilly Between George and David and francis, and when my three sons Inherit their lands they must be and Equill Share in Building a house for David on his land, and as high and as wide and as long as the house that now Standeth on the hundred and ten acres which is affore willed to francis,there must 'a Chimney Built in the house of Brick and a Division wall of Brick Between the house and the Canter and all the floors of the house must be Laid with Boards.

ITEM · I give a Bequeath unto Mary Williamson my Daughter fifty pounds which must be paid thus by my son George, that is to say, twenty-five pounds at the Expiration of one year after the Lands is divided and twenty five pounds more at ye End of another year.....

ITEM · I give a Bequeath unto my Daughter Susannah Canine fifty pounds which must be paid by my son George as thus · that is to say twenty five pounds at the end of one year after the Land is Divided and twenty five pounds more at ye end of another year.

ITEM · I give and Bequeath unto my Daughter Elener fifty pounds which must be paid by my son David after ye same manner aforesd.

ITEM · I give and Bequeath unto my Daughter Jane fifty pounds which must be paid By my
David Cossart, Son of Jacques II, and His Descendants

son francis in Like manner.

ITEM - I give and Bequeath unto Hendrick Harperding Son of my Daughter Leah Deceased fifty pounds which must be paid by my son Francis after the same manner as afore mentioned And when my Lands is Devided Between my three sons I do order household goods and moveables be sold at the Best advantage and one hundred pounds to be put out at use for the three children of my son Jacob Deceased and as long as Williamtiah his former wife Continueth his widow She must have the Interest of the hundred pound and no Longer and the Remainder of my move abbe must be Divided Equilly Between my three sons end Six Daughters and if my Lands is taken away att any time after my Decease or after the Decease of my wife, the payments must not be made by my sons which is affore mentioned And if payment or any part of payment Be made Before the Lands is taken away they must Return it Back to my sons again the aforesaid payment in money at Eight Shills pr ounce, Likewise I do hereby ordain Peter Williamson and my son David to be my only and sole Executors of this my last will and testament all and Singular the Lands Messuages and tenements to my sons their heirs and assigns for Ever And I Do hereby utterly disallow Revoke and Disannull ann & Every other former testament wills, Legacies and Executors By me in any ways Before this time named, willed and Bequeathed Rattifieing and confirming this and no other, to be my last will and testament in witness whereof I have hereunto Set my hand and Seal the Day and Year above written "

Signed, Sealed, Published Pronounced and Declared By the said David Cosort att his Last will and testament in the Presence of us the Subscribers Viz.

DAVID X COSORT
mark (SEAL)

Marius Glanvill
John Riggs
Jolianas (his X mark) hogland"

“Be it remembered that on the thirteenth day of January in the year of our Lord one thousand seven hundred and forty Marius Glanville one of the witnesses to the within will personally appeared before me Thomas Barton duly authorized to prove wills &c. in the Eastern Division of New Jersey and being duly Sworn on the holy Evangelists of Almighty God Did Depose that he was present and saw David Cosort the Testator within named Sign and Seal the within written Instrument and heard him publish pronounce and Declare. the same to be his last will and testament and that at the doing thereof the said testator was of sound mind and memory to the best of his knowledge and as he believes that at the same time John Riggs and Johannes Hogland Signed as witnesses together with him in the Testators presence.

Thos. Barton.”

“Be it also Remembered that the same time Peter Williamson and David Cosort the Executors in the within will named personally appeared before me and were sworn to the due Execution and performance hereof according to Law.

Thos. Barton.”

“Be it Remembered that on the Twentyest day of february in the year of our Lord One thousand Seven hundred and forty Johannis Hogland one of the witnesses to the within will personally appeared before me John Barton duely authorized to prove wills &c in the Eastern Division of New Jersey &c being duly Sworn on the holy Evangelists of the Almighty God did depose that he was present and saw David Cosort within named sign and seal the within written
testament and heard him publish, pronounce & declare the same to be his Last will & Testament & that at the Doing thereof the said Testator was of sound mind and memory to the best of his knowledge & belief & that at the same time John Riggs & Marius Glanville Signed as witnesses together with him in the testators presence.

JNO. BARTON

The children of David Cossart and Styntje Joris Van Horn are as follows:

| CHILDREN: |
|---|---|
| 1.2.6.1 95 | i. Leah Cossart, baptised July 21, 1697. Married John Harpending. |
| 1.2.6.2 96 | ii. Joris or George Cossart, b 8/19/1699; married Elizabeth Hooglandt. |
| 1.2.6.3 97 | iii. Jacob Cossart, born January 28, 1702: married Wilhelminia Kenny. |
| 1.2.6.4 98 | iv. David Cossart Jr., born April 25, 1704: married Catherine. |
| 1.2.6.5 99 | v. Maria Cossart, born July 3, 1706: married Peter Williamson. |
| 1.2.6.6 100 | vi. Susannah Cossart, born April 10, 1709: married Dick Canine. |
| 1.2.6.7 101 | vii. Johhanes or John Cossart, born November 6, 1711. |
| 1.2.6.8 102 | viii. Elenor Cossart, born December 7, 1712. |
| 1.2.6.9 103 | ix. Frans (Francis) Cossart, b.1713, baptised 7/21/1717, died 1795. |
| 1.2.6.10 104 | x. Jannetje Cossart, born May 15, 1715. |
| 1.2.6.11 105 | xi. Aefje Cossart, born September 23, 1719. |

For data on the Van Horn and Rutgers families allied to Styntje Cossart see addenda.

1.2.6.1 95 LEAH COSSART:

(David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Leah Cossart was baptised July 21, 1697 in the Dutch Church in New York City; deceased at date of her father's will June 10, 1736. Married March 31, 1716 to John Harpending, cordwainer (shoemaker). Purchased city lot in New York City from David Cossart his father-in-law.

CHILDREN:

| CHILDREN: |
|---|---|
| 1.2.6.1.1 106 | i. Ahasuerus Harpending, baptised January 27, 1717/8. |
| 1.2.6.1.2 107 | ii. Hendrick (Henry) Harpending. Mentioned in grandfathers will. M.1/12/1742 to Mary Coons at Bound Brook, N.J. |

CHILDREN

| 1.2.6.1.2.1 | Lea Cossart Harpending b.1744 |
| 1.2.6.1.2.2 | Catherine Harpending b. 1746 |
| 1.2.6.1.2.3 | Peter Harpending of Somerset County served in Revolutionary War |

Lea, or Leah Cossart, daughter of David 8, baptised at the New York Dutch Church July 21, 1697, named for bar grandmother Lea or Lydia. Cossart. At the age of 19 she married John Harpending, a shoemaker of New York, March 31, 1716. She being the only child of David and Christina Cossart who married, at New York before the family left for Bound Brook, New Jersey. In 1719 Davld deeded his new York Property to his son-in-law John Harpending and it is supposed he with the remainder of his family left soon afterwards for their new home near Bound Brook, New Jersey.

Ahasuerus, the first child of John and Lea was baptised at the New York Church on January 27, 1718 and was doubtless named for his mother's uncle Ahasuerous Van Horns, as no further record of him can be found it is presumed that he died in childhood. Their next son Henry
when grown to manhood joined his grandfather David Cossart's family at Bound Brook, N.J., where on January 12, 1742 he married Mary Coon. See the account of David Cossart (8) regarding Henry Harpending, Thomas Coon, etc. These two sons are the only two children of John and Lea. that we can find any record of.

Registers Office, New York City, Liber 30, page 340, date April 25, 1719. Deed of David Coessaert, Yeoman and wife Christina to John Harpending Jr., Cordwainer. All of the City of New York; for 300 pounds, house and ground on Prince Street; 2 rods 8 feet 3 inches in front, 2 rods 3 feet in rear; 8 rods 7 feet long on both sides. Recorded for John Harpending Jr., May 8, 1723. This was David Cossart's home property on Princes Street, before he left New York City for Bound Brook, New Jersey.

The Raritan Church records show that on May 27, 1744, Henry and Mary Harpending have a daughter Lea. baptized at the church. The daughter was doubtless named for its grandmother, Lea. Cossart who had died prior to June 10, 1736 the date on which her father David Cossart made his will.

March 9, 1746 Henry and Mary again appear at Raritan to have a daughter Catherine baptised Mary Coon was probably a daughter of Thomas Coon Sr., of Bound Brook and if so she had a brother Thomas Coon Jr., whose daughter Catherine became the wife of Anthony Cossart or Cosad of Bernards Township born 1740 died 1790.

We find no further trace of Henry and Mary (Coon) Harpending. A Peter Harpending of Somerset County served in the Revolutionary War — See “Jerseymen in the Revolution” by W.S. Stryker. While I find no record of his baptism yet I think it probable that he Was a son of Henry and Mary of Bound Brook, New Jersey.

Joris (or, George) Cossart, was born in New York City, August 19, 1699, the eldest son of David Cossart. “He was baptised in the Dutch Church in the City November 19, 1699, the son of David Cossart, mason, baptised 18 June 1671, who married 11 October 1696, Styntje Joris, and was a son of Jacques Cossart, who emigrated to New Netherland. landing in October 1662, a passenger on the “Pumerland Church”, settling at Bushwick, L.I., with his wife, Lydia Willems.

David Cossart removed in 1735 to Somerset County, N.J., conveying his City lot to his son—in—law John Harpending, Jr., Cordwainer; his son Joris or George, whom tradition would make Dr. George Cossart, may have been the George Cossart, brick-layer, freeman, of New York, 7 May 1745. He was married in the Dutch Church 16 September 1730, to Elizabeth Hooglandt, and in order it is said, to secure some property in Europe to which he was heir (The Gentleman’s Magazine, iii: 157, mentioned the death in March 1733, of a Hamberg, Holland, merchant, named Cossart, worth £50,000), left the city, a few years after marriage, on a ship which was ever after heard from.

George Cossart and Elisabeth had issue:
CHILD:
1.2.6.2.1  108     i  Jennete (or Jane) Cossart, born October 12, 1733 (OS).

“Elizabeth Hooglandt wife of Joris Cossart, was baptised in New York 20 November 1706, the oldest daughter of Johannes Hooglandt, by his second wife Jannetie Andriess. Elizabeth was born in 1706, and died in the 86th year of her age in 1792. Her spinning wheel converted into a foot drill by Dr. Greenwood is still preserved.”

“15 Elizabeth, daughter of Johannes Hoogelandt was baptised in New York City November 20, 1706. Adrian Hoochlandt and Elizabeth Hoochlandt, widow, being witnesses. They were her uncle and grandmother. She was married by license to Joris Cousaar on September 16, 1730, the license being dated two days previous. They had one daughter, Jane, who married William Weaver. William and Jane Weaver had a daughter Elizabeth, who married John Greenwood. She (Elizabeth) died March 27, 1861, aged 92 years at the home of her nephew, Clerk Greenwood.”

Elizabeth would be 24 when she married and Cosaar would be 31. George Coesart was a “freeman” in 1745: son of David Coesart, of Somerset County, N.J., who died in 1740. George was an older son, but not an Executor. David’s widow was to have use of the estate during her lifetime.”
(Reference: The Hoagland Family in America, page 29).

Joris or George Cossart, eldest son of David (8), baptised at New York Dutch Church November 19, 1699. Named for his grandfather George Van Horne. As a young man he learned the bricklayers trade and the records seem to indicate that he followed this trade during his lifetime. At the age of 31, September 16, 1730 he married Elizabeth Roaglandt baptised at New York November 20, 1706. She being the daughter of Johannes Hoaglandt baptised 1666 and his second wife Jannetie Andries or Andrews. They had another daughter Catherine baptised October 4, 1713 who about 1735 married Johannes Cossart son of Anthony (9), thus it will be seen that George and Johannes Cossart were both cousins and brothers-in-law, they had a brother-in-law Adrian Hoaglandt who also settled in Bridgewater Township in the vicinity of Bound Brook and Raritan, New Jersey. Johannes Hoaglandt, the father of these children lived at New York then in Brooklyn and then on Staten Island and it is supposed that he later removed to Somerset County, New Jersey. (see the Hoaglendt Family History).

The New England Historical and Genealogical Register 1893, page 53 states that George Cossart soon after his marriage sailed for Europe on a ship which was lost at sea and was never heard of afterwards, but New York records show that if he was lost at sea as stated it did not occur for at least 19 years after his marriage. The will of his father David Cossart dated 1736 probated 1740 shows that George was given the homestead in New Jersey.

October 29, 1733 George and Elizabeth Cossart appear at the Raritan Dutch Church to have their daughter Jannete baptised - the grandmother Christina Cossart also appears as witness. July 25, 1736 George’s sister Susanna Cossart and her husband Richard Conie appear at this church to have their son Johannes baptised. George and Elizabeth Cossart appear as witnesses at this baptism. This being the last New Jersey record that we can find bearing George’s name. Now we will turn to New York Records. Collections of the New York Historical Society, Volume 18 (1885), in the list of Freemen of the City of New York, page 152 date May 7, 1745 appears the name of George Coesaart, bricklayer. The name of all other Freemen of the city also appear on this list. The records of the New York Dutch Church show that on January 11, 1749
David Cossart, Son of Jacques II, and His Descendants

Joris Kosaart and wife Elisabeth Hoogeland appear as witness to the baptism of a child. This being the last record that can be found bearing the name of George Cossart.

All available records seem to indicate that George at about the age of 20 must have accompanied his parents to the Raritan ·Bound Brook settlement in New Jersey, where some ten years later he married Elizabeth Hoaglandt and they remain in the settlement until after his fathers death which it is thought occured the later part of 1739. Then some time prior to May 7, 1745 he must have returned to New York City where he is listed as a bricklayer that year and where four years later his name appears on the records of the New York Dutch Church, and the fact that no later record of him can be found indicates that he must have left New York City on his fatal journey to Europe not far from 1750. Three years later (1753) his daughter and only child was married to William Weaver, his widow Elizabeth Hoaglandt, died in 1792 aged 86 years. See the New England Historical and Genealogical Register, Volume 47, pp 48-60 The Weaver gamily Genealogy. His child Jannetie or Jane (108) baptised October 29, 1733 at Raritan, New Jersey, died September 1, 1817.

1.2.6.3 97 JACOB COSSART:
(David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Jacob Cossart was born January 28, 1702/7; married Wilhelmina Kenny or Henna. Jacob was deceased at date of father's will June 10, 1736, and in it mentions “three grandchildren of son, Jacob, deceased” and Williamtiah, “former Wife” of Jacob.

CHILDREN:
1.2.6.3.1 109 i. Lydia Cossart, born 1723.
1.2.6.3.2 110 ii. Lisabeth Cossart, born 1725.
1.2.6.3.3 111 iii. Jacob Cossart, born 1729.
1.2.6.3.4 112 iv. David Cossart, born 1732

Note page 218 for Mr. Justice’s record of these children which are given as Lydia, David and Jacob.

1.2.6.4 98 DAVID COSSART JR.
(David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

David Cossart Jr., was born April 25, 1704, and was baptised September 23, 1704 in the Dutch Church, New York City, N.Y. He was one of the executors of his father's will and was mentioned therein as having been given “lands next to Jacob Derotes”.

David married Catherine or Catalyntie and both were members of the Dutch Reformed Church at Sommerville, Somerset County, N. J.

He sold land in Bound Brook, New Jersey in 1744 to Anthony Blackford who built a house on same.
(Reference: Somerset County Historical Quarterly · also Chambers “Early Germens of New Jersey, page 308).

CHILDREN:
Volume III

1.2.6.4.1 113 i. Styntje Cossart, born July 13, 1735.
1.2.6.4.2 114 ii. David Cossart Jr., born September 17, 1738.
1.2.6.4.3 115 iii. Gertrude Cossart, born June 29, 1739/40.
1.2.6.4.4 116 iv. Susannah Cossart, born June 6/8, 1742.
1.2.6.4.5 117 v. Catalyntje Cossart, born August 18, 1744.
1.2.6.4.6 118 vi. Jacobus Cossart, born October 6, 1745.
1.2.6.4.7 119 vii. Janet Cossart, born May 5, 1747.
1.2.6.4.8 120 viii. Frans (or Francis) Cossart, born August 5, 1750.
1.2.6.4.9 121 ix. Efye Cossart, born January 20, 1752.
1.2.6.4.10 122 x. Maria Cossart, born April 5/7, 1754.
1.2.6.4.11 123 xi. Eleanor Cossart, born August 22, 1756.

1.2.6.4.2 114 DAVID COSSART Jr: (David 98; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

David Cossart Jr., b.9/17/1738 Somerset Co., N.J. m. Jannetje ....(?).

CHILD:
1.2.6.4.2.1 130 i. David Cossart, was born April 14, 1771 in Somerset Co., N.J. Resided at Bound Brook. Not known how he spelled name later in life.

1.2.6.5 99 MARIA COSSART: (David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Maria (or, Mary) was born July 3, 1706; and married Peter Williamson. He was one of the executors of David and Johannes Cossarts wills. The children of Williamson were supposed to have used the name Williams as several of them were members of the Dutch Colony in York County Penna., and some of whom went to Kentucky with Peter Cossart.

1.2.6.7 101 JOHANNIS COSSART: (David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques i).

Johannis (or John) Cossart was born November 6, 1711, son of David Cossart and Styntje Joris Van Horn as shown by following church record: (Dutch Church, N.Y.C).

“November 6, 1711 David David Cosaac and Styntje — Child: Johannis. Witnesses: Peter and Rebecka Jacobse.”

Also

“Chambers Early Germans of New Jersey shows above birth.

It is not known whether this John was living at date of David Cossart’s will, June 10, 1736 as he is not mentioned nor any of his children. However, there was a John or Johannes Cussaar of Bridgewater, in Somerset County, N.J. whose will was probated in 1757. In this will he mentions as Executor: “My friend Peter Williamson. If this John had been the Son of David he probably would have referred to Peter Williamson as his brother-in-law instead of friend. In a chart compiled by the late Alfred R. Justice, professional genealogist, he shows the John who made will as son of Anthony Cossart. The Justice Collection now in possession of the Genealogical Society of
Pennsylvania shows this same John under both David and Anthony Cossart which proves there must have been some doubt in Mr. Justice’s mind as to the parentage of John. Considering this lack of proof and as David’s son John may have died prior to the date of his father’s will and without issue, the writer will continue to show the John Cossart who died in 1757 as a son of Anthony Cossart.

1.2.6.9 103 FRANCIS COSSART:

(David 8: Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Frans (or Francis) Cossart was born in 1713, baptized in the Dutch Church at New York City, July 21, 1717; died circa 1795 in York County, Pennsylvania.

Francis Cossart is said to have been born in Bergen County, New Jersey, in 1713. The same authority states later that he was born at Millstone, Somerset County, N.J.

Records of Baptisms in the Dutch Reformed Church of New York 1639-1730: shows:

“July 21, 1717, David Cossar 0 Styntje Joris; Son — FRANS.
Witnesses: Jacob Goelet and Catherine Boele, s.l.v.”

Francis Cossart married Margaret Van Nest, born September 30, 1717, and was baptized October 14, 1719, the daughter of Peter Van Nest Jr., and Tryntje Janes. Peter was the son of Pieter Pietersen Van Nest of NES in Holland, and Judith Rapalie, born July 5, 1635 the daughter of Joris Jansen Rapalie and Catalyntje Trico Valencinnes, France, who arrived in New Amsterdam in 1620. Joris Jansen born circa 1600, died circa 1663; was a descendant of a noble family of Brittany; he was a Huguenot, and fled from France to Holland, thence in the “Unity” to New Amsterdam in 1623; at Albany, N.Y. (1623—37); resident at Wallabout; magistrate; was one of the “Twelve Men” of Brooklyn; he married Catalynite (1605-89); the daughter of Joris Trico of Paris, France. The Rapalie farm extended along the shore line on Long Island between the Brooklyn Bridge, under the Manhattan Bridge to near the Brooklyn Navy Yard.

“In 1750 Francis Cossart was “Commissioner of Highways” in Somerset County, New Jersey.”

(Reference: History of Hunterdon and Somerset Counties, N.J. 1881 · page 647; by Snell).

“Minutes of the first meeting of the Inhabitants of the Township of Bridgewater, after it had been formed.

“The Township of Bridgewater 1750. At a meeting held this 12th day of March, att the House of George Middagh, by the inhabitants aforesaid, for choosing Officers according to the Patent Granted as aforesaid, and according to the Act of Assembly provided for that purpose, & c., Viz.

John Brighton Clark.
Daniel Blackford Constable
Richard Compton,
Henry Stevens and
Volume III

John Vroom
Thomas Authen Jr.,
Lucas Tipple,
John Harris and
Lucas Belyou
Freeholders
Commissioners, of which two is to be choosing by ye

FRANCIS COSSART
Tobias Van Norden
Hendrick Van Stay, and
Abraham Bodine,
Issacsson
Assessor for the Township
Collector for aforesaid.
Assessors for the poor.”

“The aforesaid meeting of the Inhabitants is adjourned till on the second Tuesday of March
next at the hour of ten a Clock in the morning, according to an act of assembly provided for that
purpose, att the time and place aforesaid & c.

JOHN BROUGHTON,
CLARK.”

(Reference: “Centinnial History of Somerset County, N.J., page 5 of Appendix · 1878: By Abrabam

Townships: Cities in same
Bridgewater Sommerville, Bound Brook and Raritan, N.J.
Hillsborough Millstone, N.J. (Present Dutch Church is located here).
Franklin East Millstone and Weston, N.J.

“Peter Van Nest. and FRANS CUSAERT were chosen deacons in the Dutch Church at
Raritan, September 15, 1751.”
(Reference: Historical Notes of the Reformed Dutch Church of the County of Somerset, N.J., page
245).

“1752 April 2 · Van Neste, Jacob, of Bridgewater Township, Somerset County, N.J. yeoman: will
of.

Wife: Catherine.
Children:
Peter,
Jacob
Jemima
Thomas Van Horne.
Witnesses:
Jacob tenYeke,
FRACIS COSSAART,
Jacommite ten Eyck.
Proved April 3, 1753.
Library P., page 107”. N.J. Archives.

“1753 January 9 · Inventory £ 569.2.10 by Gisbert Crom and FRANCIS COSSART. (Jacob was
killed by a negro servant for taking some tobacco belonging to the servant).
David Cossart, Son of Jacques II, and His Descendants


“Francis Cossaart executor of will of John Grant July 8, 1762. He also inventoried Grant’s estate August 19, 1762.”

(Reference: N.J. Archives, Series 1, Volume 33, page 165).

The above establishes the fact that Francis Cossart was living in Somerset County, N.J. as late as 1762. Between this date and 1764, he, together with other settlers removed to near Huntertown, York County (that part now embraced by Adams), Pennsylvania, where he died circa. 1795.

“Francis Crazart of York County, was a native of New Jersey. His parents emigrated from Holland, and settled in that state, but subsequently removed to York County, now Adams County, locating near Huntertown. Mr. Crazart was a member of the Committee of Correspondence for York County in 1775, and a member of the Convention of July 15, 1776. He was not present at the close of the labors of that body, from the fact that his services were required at home in assisting forward of the Militia to the Jerseys. On the second of May, 1777, he was appointed by the Pennsylvania Board of War, one of the Commissioners for York County to collect blankets for the use of the Continental troops. Mr. Crazart died at Hunterstown and is buried there, but the date is not known. He left several children, one of whom, David, was a member of the Legislature a number of years. A daughter Mrs. Thomas Burd Coleman. A granddaughter is the wife of Samuel Small, of York. The name Crazart has been superseded by that of CASSAT.


“Meantime a new Committee of Safety and Observation was elected by a popular vote throughout the County. Only men interested in protecting the rights of the Colonies were chosen. There were several members from each of the 26 townships, The following are the names:”

(Of this list of 82 names listed, the names of FRANCIS CAZART and Abraham Banta are mentioned).

(Reference: History of York County, Penna., page 246: by George Prowell),

“Returns of taxables, Strabann Township, York County, Pa, for the year 1780:
“FRANCIS COZAT, 150 acres, 1 negro, 4 horses, 7 head cattle Taxed £ 55. 16. 0.”

“A transcript of Taxables, Strabane Township County of York, Penna. for 1781, shows that Francis Cossart Paid a tax of £ 55. 12s. 17p. on 1.50 acres of land, two negroes, four horses and eight head. of cattle.”

(Reference: Pennsylvania Archives, Third Series, Vols. xvi and xxi).

Records show that Francis Cossart was a man of great prominence; and took a notable part in the stirring events of the Revolutionary period. In 1775 he was a member of the Committee of Correspondence of York County, Penna.: a member of the provisional Assembly in 1776: a member of the Convention that Framed the First State Constitution in 1776.

“Commonwealth of Pennsylvania,
Department of Public Instruction,
Volume III

State Library, Harrisburg, Pa.,

January 31, 1933.

“The name of Francis Cossart is spelled CRAZART and appears upon page 680, Volume 3, 2nd Series of the Pennsylvania Archives, Edition 1875. Francis Cossart was a delegate to the Convention from York County, 1776. He was commissioned to collect clothing for the Revolutionary soldiers November 8, 1777, and is said to have been a member of the committee of Correspondence, York County, 1775. He was a resident of Strabin Township, York County, now Adams County. In 1783 his family consisted of three persons, also three Negroes,” (Reference: Gertrude Mackinney, Director of State Library and Jesse C. Ferguson, Genealogist).

The following is an extract from the Pennsylvania Archives, Volume 3, Series 2, page 680, mentioned above:

Officers of the State of Pennsylvania in the Revolution
Under the Constitution of 1776.

Delegates to the Convention of 1776:

“Dr. Benjamin Franklin, President,
Colonel George Ross, Vice President,
John Morris, Esquire, Secretary,
Jacob Garrigues, Assistant Secretary,
William Skeed, Doorkeeper, .......”

Eight delegates were represented from each of the following:

“City of Philadelphia: Counties of: Philadelphia, Bucks, Chester, YORK, Cumberland, Berks, Northampton, Bedford, Northumberland and Westmoreland.”

The eight members representing YORK COUNTY were:

“John Hay James Edgar
William Rankin Henry Slagle
Robert McPherson James Smith
FRANCIS CRAZART Joseph Donaldson.”
(Cossart).

“Francis Cassart was born about 1713 in Bergen County, New Jersey. His grandfather Jacques Cassart arrived in America as a refugee about 1657 with his family. (Baird’s Huguenot Emigration to America, Volume 1, pages 182-3).

“Among others he had a son David baptised June 18, 1671, died 1740, married 1696, Stynjte Van Horn. Of this union Francis was the seventh child. In 1760 he located at Indian Springs, six miles east of (now) Gettysburg, in Adams County, Pennsylvania, where he died near 1795, and was buried in the graveyard of the “Jersey Colony”. He was a man of great prominence, and took a notable part in the stirring events of the Revolutionary Period. In 1775 he was a member of the Committee of Correspondence for York County. A member of the Provisional
David Cossart, Son of Jacques II, and His Descendants

Assembly 1776, a member of the Convention that framed the first State Constitution 1776.

“He had three sons, Peter, who before the Revolution removed to Kentucky where he was killed by the Indians. Peter’s descendants are numerous in the west.

“David born 1743, died 1824, Jacob born 1751, died 1813. The two latter were buried in the “Jersey Colonists” graveyard where their tombstones may be seen. (This graveyard is now known as the “Old Dutch Graveyard”, located about 1½ miles east of Hunterstown, Penna. J.A.C.)

“Many of the descendants became, prominent in various walks of life. David (1768-1824), son of David, was an eminent lawyer of York, while Jacob (1778-1838), also son of the latter died while a member of the Legislature.

“Another son of David Cossart was Dennis, the grandfather of the Honorable Alexander Johnston Cassatt of Philadelphia, the noted financier and President of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company.”

(Reference: Memorials to the Huguenots in America; by the Reverend A. Stapleton, A.M., M.S., 1901).

THE JUSTICE COLLECTION:

“Francis Cossart (or Cossatt as his name will hereafter be written), son of David and Styntje, baptised July 21, 1717, at Millstone, Somerset County, N.J. died. ....(?). Married circa November 19, 1740 Francis Cosart of Piscataway Twp., Middlesex County, N.J., yeoman, and Margaret his wife conveyed to Jonathan Dunn of Elizabethtown, Essex County, the plantation which Francis Cosort bought of Peter Williamson, May 13 .... being the same property which Peter Williamson bought May 17, 1736 Evan Drummond and James Alexander, 162 acres in Piscataway.

/Signed/ FRANCIS COSSAAR. (Cossaar)
MARGIT COSSAAR. (Cossaar)
Witnesses: Abram Drake and Ebenezar Drake.

Deed Book E 2 p. 479.”

Francis Cossart is listed among the Freeholders of Piscataway Township, Middlesex County, N.J., for the year 1748.

“As all of Francis Cassatt’s children were baptised at the First Reformed Church of Raritan, N.J., we can infer that he made his home at this place or near by, until his removal with his family to York County, Pa., about the year 1764, along with other members of the Dutch Church.

“The earliest deed on record at York (1768) Van Arsdale grantor, recites that the property conveyed, then adjoined lands of Henry Banta, George Sebring, William Love, David Hunter and FRANCIS COSERTE (2) 1915.

“The place of settlement of the Dutch Colony was in Stratan Township, 3 miles South of Gettysburg, then in York County, but in 1801 became a part of Adams Co., of which Gettysburg is
now the County seat.

“The farms taken up by the settlers began at a point two miles east of Hunterstown. The public road used by them in going to church, became known as the “Low Dutch Road, and will be noticed on most all of the maps of the Battle field of Gettysburg.

“The Church at Conewago was built in 1768, and the land on which it was erected, one acre, was conveyed by Cornelius Cosine, to Francis Cossaart, David Van Duyn, and David Demaree, trustees. The first church officers were David Cossaart, John Smock, Garret Van Arsdalen, John Van Dyck, Luke Brinkerhoff, John Conover, Thomas Johnston, and Ralph Brinkerhoff.

“From its erection until about 1780, it was in a flourishing condition when the emigration to the west commenced, and by 1817, only five families were left (Ibid p. 267).

“This year Captain William Houghtalen, Jacob Cossaart and Garret Brinkerhoff, petitioned the Pennsylvania Legislature to permit the trustees to sell the church building and use the proceeds to build a permanent wall around the grave yard, and the balance of the funds to be used for such religious purposes as the majority of the former members now in Adams County, should been best.

“The application state that the original trustees were all deceased. The Legislature granted the request.

“The grave stones until recently (1920) were in a deplorable condition, but are now in as good condition as could be expected.

“The news of the fertile land of Kentucky, and wonderful opportunities in the west, reached the Conewago settlement a few years after they built their church, and the colonists sent agents to Kentucky, who located a tract where Pleasureville is now situated. This land was owned by Squire Boone, brother of Daniel Boone, the famous Kentucky pioneer, who sold the Low Dutch Colony 10,000 acres in 1774.

“The deed shows 34 lots were purchased consisting from 200 acres upwards. Francis Cosart purchased Lot No. 18 for £43.19.11.

“It was not until the spring of 1780, that the main body of the Colonists removed to Kentucky, as is set forth in the “Petition of the Low Dutch Settlement in Kentucky”, to the President and Delegates of the Free United States of America, signed by J.M. Van Harlingen, Minister of the Gospel at Sourland and New Skennick, requesting grant of land. The names attached to this memorial are divided into two lists which are given in full. (3) pp. 56, 57.

The names of special interest to the Cassatt family are as follows.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Inhabitants</th>
<th>Intended Friends</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Samuel Durie</td>
<td>Cornelius Courjine Jr.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Albert Durie</td>
<td>Peter Monfoort</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Marya Cosart, widow</td>
<td>John Montfoort</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Antje Durie, widow</td>
<td>Jonn Montfoort Jr,</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Francis Cossaart</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Jacob Cossaart</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Collins' History of Kentucky, Volume 2, p. 523 and 529, states:

“White Oak Station was settled in 1779. The settlers were composed principally of families from Pennsylvania, orderly respectable people, and the men good soldiers. But they were unaccustomed to Indian warfare, and of some 10 or 12 men all were killed except 2 or 3.”

Page 523 states:

“The first Dutch emigration to Kentucky was in 1781 to White Oak Springs Station on Kentucky River, Madison County, one mile above Boonesborough. A little later the colonists went where Herrodsburg now stands, but in a few years they established themselves permanently about a village, now called Pleasureville, in Henry County, where they purchased the Low Dutch Tract.”

“Many of those whose names are given in the list of those who intended to go to Kentucky, undoubtedly went, and others among the original pioneers, returned to Pennsylvania. Some of them established a colony on the Salt River, Mercer County, and others in Shelby County, Ky. Several decades later, settlements were made in Darke County, Ohio, Johnson County, Ind., and Cayuga Lake, N.Y.

“Francis Cassat, George Williams and David Beaty were witnesses to the will of Cornelius Cosine, of Straban Township, York County, Pa., dated August 5, 1786, pr. August 30, 1786. (Abstract of York County wills, p. 82). He names wife Mary Cosine; children: John, Gerard, Anaty, and Simon Vanasdale: Leine, wife of John Bodine; Ann, wife of Bernet Smock; Jane wife of Abraham Broca; Elizabeth, wife of Peter Banta, and Cornelius.

“Deed, February 12, 1789 — Francis Cossart, of Straton Township, York County, to Jacob Cossart, of same. Receites whereas the Execution Council of State of Penna., by three Patents, one March 12, 1785, and the other two May 25, 1785, granted and confirmed to Francis Cossart following adjoining tracts situated in Stratoon called Frankfort, Barrenhill, and Indian Spring. Beginning at a white oak boundry line of Cornelius Van Ausdal's land and extending to lands of Henry Banta and along James Dickson’s land, 615 acres 43 perches, as recorded Pat. Book two in No. 4, p. 23, the other in Book 4, p. 226. In consideration of £ 205. Confirms to said Jacob a part of said tract. Cornelius Van Arsdal's to Henry Banta, 333 acres 129 perches.

/Signed/ FRANCIS COSSAART
Witnesses present:  Lawrence Monfort
                      Francis Cossart Jr.
Volume III

Recorded in Deed Book 2 F, pages 16-17 and 18.

“Francis Cossart to David Cossart February 12, 1789, referring to same patents, consideration £252. The balance of 615 acres, containing 281 acres 75 perches. Same witnesses.

Deed Book 2 F, page 19.


“His name is spelled COZAR in the family bible.

“His wife’s name is spelled Van Ess by the Neelys in the record of the family.

“He moved to Indian Springs, 6 miles east of Gettysburg about 1760 to 1764.

“Mrs. Kuzel says that Francis Cozar was a prominent member of the Revolutionary Committee, 1775, York County, Penna.

“Francis Cassatt is said to have had sons: David, Peter killed by Indians, and Jacob, b. 1751, d. 1813. This information given by Edward B. Cassatt, of Berwyn, Pa., who wants a history of all the descendants of Francis and Margareta (1920). Write to George M and Alfred C. Cassatt, of Cincinnati, sons-in-law of Governor Harmon of Ohio for their ancestry.

“A Mr. Francis Clopper, of Maryland (1858) was a grandson of Francis Cassatt, his mother being one of the two daughters of Francis.

“Francis Cassatt’s daughter Elizabeth married Lawrence Montfort, of Connewago and was grandmother to the late venerable Rev. John Monfort, D.D., of Cincinnati, Ohio, editor of the Herald and Presbyter, the Western organ of the Presbyterian organization, and it is now edited by his son Francis C. Monfort. (1920).

“Among the names of the heads of families of the Conewago settlement were: David, Francis, Jacob and Peter Cosart, p. 268.

“Francis Cassatt had issue by his wife Margaret Van Nest, six children:

1. Madeline Cassatt, baptised January 1, 1740/1.
2. David Cassatt, b. 4·11·1743 d. 12·29·1823 (tombstone)
3. Peter Cassatt
4. Jacob Cassatt, b. 5·12·1751 d. 5·14·1815.
5. Christiana Cassatt (Stynte).
6. Elizabeth Cassatt.”


******************************************************************************

“The Genealogical Society of Pennsylvania,
1300 Locust Street,
Joseph A. Cossairt, Esq.,  
The Lexington,  
San Pedro, Calif.  

March 4, 1932.

Dear Mr. Cossart:

In reply to your letter of December last, and I crave your indulgence for this delay, I must tell you first that this society is primarily a record society, not a collection of genealogical books as is the Historical Society, in whose building this society has its habitat.

There is considerable material on the Cossairt, Cossart, Cosad, Cassatt families, in the two societies, but it is of an unconnected nature. It would doubtless take a genealogist of considerable experience to unwind the threads from the present to Jacques Cossart who, with his wife Lydia, was in New Amsterdam before 1668 and was the ancestor of most of the name, with variations in this country, through his three sons, Jacques, David and Anthony.

The former was baptised in New Amsterdam 18 April, 1668; and David 18 June 1671. This latter, David Cossart, married 1696, Styntie Van Horn and had sons: Joris, Jacob, David, John, Francis, and several daughters.

Francis, the seventh child of the foregoing, married Margaretta and certainly had: Magdelena, baptised June 1, 1741; David baptised June 5, 1743; Peter Born April 30, 1746; Jacob born April 21, 1751, baptised May 12, 1751; Stynte, baptised September 7, 1755 (Christinia); Elisabethi and doubtless others. (Ibid. Eagle’s Notes and Queries, fourth series, Vol. 1, p. 265).

A Francis Cazart of York County, member of the Constitutional Convention of 1776, was a native of New Jersey. He removed to York, now Adams County, locating near Hunterstown. He left several children, one of whom, David, was a member of the Pennsylvania Legislature for a number of years. A daughter married Thomas Burd Coleman; a granddaughter became the wife of Samuel Small of York, Pennsylvania. The name has now been merged into Cassatt.”

/s/ M. Atherton Leach,  
Corresponding Secretary.

The Dutch and Huguenot Colony  
of  
CONEWAGO.

“The following article relating to the Dutch and Huguenot Colony, on the Conewago was read before the Historical Society of York County, in the year 1905’, by the Revern A. Stapleton.

“The history of this colony is perhaps the most remarkable of the annals of Pennsylvania. In fact, we know of no other settlement in the United States having such unique characteristics.

“The people composing this colony were descendants of the Dutch (Hollanders) and French Huguenot settlers of New Jersey. The locality from whence they came was Hackensack and Schwallenberg, in Bergen County. In the early records of the Dutch Reformed Churches of these
places, the reader who wishes to carry his investigations further will find, the family records of most of the colonists. The colonists, who numbered probably over a hundred families, did not come to York County in a body, but gradually, during the period of twenty years prior to the war of the Revolution. They located mostly in Mt. Pleasant and Straban Townships, now in Adams County.

“A remarkable feature of the colony was its mobility. Its people were restless, and for over a half a century continued to break up into smaller bodies, founding new settlements on the distant frontier. This disintegration continued until about 1800, by which time but a comparatively small number of the “Jersey” families remained on the Conewago.

“A large number of these colonists, as well as their descendants, attained distinction as soldiers, statesmen and promoters in almost every line of human activity. Prominent examples of these are Alexander J. Cassatt, president of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company. Thomas H. Hendrix, Vice President of the United States during Cleveland’s first term; Daniel H. Voorhees, late United States Senator from Indiana, and Senator Benta.

“As already noted, the planting of the Dutch and Huguenot Colony in York County embraced a period of many years. It would be interesting to know who its promoters were and what special inducements were held out to the Jersey people, to transplant themselves to the region. That it was the outcome of a well defined scheme, and under the direction of promoters is quite probable. in the absence of complete records on this interesting subject we are obliged to prepare a history from various sources.

Where They Came From.

“An examination of the official records of York County, shows that from 1760 to 1770 there was a considerable influx of colonists from New Jersey. Many of them were well advanced in years at the time of their settlement here, as may be noted in their wills and other mortuary papers on file in the York County Court House. From the recently published records of the Schwallenberg Reformed Church (NJ) we gain a knowledge of their family history, and also that they intermarried.

“Among the first of the Jersey Colonists to locate in York County was James Petit, whose ancestor was one of the early Huguenot refugees to New Jersey; as early as 1740 James Petit possessed a considerable estate on the Conewago. He died in 1771 at an advanced age. Abram La Rue, who died in 1757, and Adam de Gomois, Huguenot pioneer from New Jersey were among the earliest settlers and no doubt had much to do with the subsequent influx.

“Some of the leading families of the colony were:

“David Demarest was born in 1731, and died in 1808. He was a descendant of a Huguenot refugee of the same name born in Beauchamp, France, in 1620, and who came to New York in 1663 because of religious persecution.

“Frederick Banta was the grandson of Prof. Epke Banta, a Dutch colonist who died at Schrallenberg in 1719.

“John Bodie, who died at Conewago in 1776, at a very advanced age, was the grandson of the Huguenot refugee, Jean Bodie, who died on Long Island, N.Y., in 1695. In 1794 George Brocaw died, whose ancestor, Pierre Brocaw a French Refugee, located in New York prior to 1680. Andri
David Cossart, Son of Jacques II, and His Descendants

Ridett died in 1776; Michael Le Boobm in 1781; Adam de Goma in 1772; Cornelius Cosine, in 1786; Peter Cosine, in 1779; Peter Montford, the progenitor of a noble family, died quite aged in 1769. George Brinkerhoff, who was born in 1719, died in 1810, A marble shaft marks the resting place of this patriarch in the cemetery of the colonists on the Conewago, near Hunterstown.

Francis Cozart (Cassatt), ancestor of Alexander J. Cassatt, President of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, was born at Milstone, N.J. (Somerset County) in 1713. He was a grandson of Jacques Cozart and his wife, Lydia, French refugees, who came to America in 1662. He was married prior to 1740 and had children as follows: Peter, one of the early Colonists of Kentucky where he was killed by the Indians during the Revolution; Magdalena, born 1741; David, born 1743; Jacob, born 1757; and Francis Jr. who went to Kentucky. Francis Cozart was very prominent in the affairs of Pennsylvania during the Revolutionary Period. His sons likewise shared in the struggle for independence. In 1776 he was elected a member of the Provisional Assembly, and was a member of the Committee that framed the first Constitution of the State in 1776. He died sometime after 1787, at which time he divided his estate among his children.

It is worthy of note that a considerable number of the descendants of Francis Cozart attained distinction in various walks of life. Among others were, David, born 1768, died in 1824; and Jacob, born 1778, died in 1839; both were sons of David, the eldest son of Francis. David Cossatt Jr. was a lawyer of ability. At an early day he located at York, where his daughter Isabella, married Samuel Small Sr., member of the firm of P.A. & S. Small. For many years he was one of the leaders of the York County Bar and held various offices of responsibility. His remains repose in the graveyard of the 1st Presbyterian Church of York. Jacob Cassatt, the brother of David Jr., was also a lawyer and citizen of Gettysburg. For many years he was quite prominent in the politics of the Commonwealth and was a recognized leader in the legislature at the time of his death. Dennis Cassatt, who was a brother of Jacob and David, died sometime prior to 1824, leaving an only son, Robert, of Pittsburg, who was the father of Alexander J. Cassatt.

“Many of the descendants of Peter Cassatt, (son of Francis the Pennsylvania pioneer, was killed by the Indians in Kentucky in 1780), are widely distributed in the west. Some of these descendants may be found using the surname Cosat, Cosart, Cossairt, Cassairt, Cassat, Cassatt and Cozatt or Cozart.

Names of the Early Church Members.

“From a valuable article on the History of the Dutch and Huguenot colony of York County by Rev. J.K. Demorest, of Gettysburg, we are able to reproduce the membership list of the Dutch Reformed Church of Conewago, prior to 1775. The names given are males, and supposedly heads of families:

“Aelsdorf, John
Ackerman, Henry
Ammerman, . . . .
Anderson, . . . .
Banta, Samuel
Banta, Albert
Banta, Henry
Banta, Abraham
Banta, David
Banta, Peter
Bise, Daniel

Bede, . . . .
Burnett, George
Brocaw Peter
Brocaw, John
Brocaw, Frederick
Brocaw, George
Blank, . . . .
Brunner, Abraham
Bayard, George
Breen, Phil.
Breen, Jeremiah
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Bogart, .......
Bergen, .......
Benner, .......
Brower, Abraham
Brower, John
Bodine, John
Bodine, Abraham
Brinkerhoof, George
Brinkerhoof, Jacob
Brinkerhoof, Ralph
Brinkerhoof, Luke
Brinkerhoof, William
Brinkerhoof, Henry
Brinkerhoof, John
Clark, ........
Carmine, Peter
Cole, ........
CAZART, FRANCIS (Cossart)
COZART, Peter
Cozart, David
Cozine, Peter
Cozine, Cornelius
Cozine, Gerritt
Cozine, John
Crownover, John
Crownover, Cornelius
Coshon, ........
Chamberlain, .......
Commingore, Henry
Cover, Isaac
Cover, John
Cover, Daniel
Hoagland, .......
Houts, John
Houts, Christoffel
Jewell, William
Jewell, Cornelius
Jansen (Johnson), Thomas
Jansen, Abraham
Jansen, Andrew
Karmigal, Peter
Kline, Henry
Klopper, Cornelius
Ketchen, Richard
Kipp, John
Kipp, Bernard
Kneff, John
Kroe, .........
Leaschells, George
Leormer, ......

Duryee, .......
Dates, Durbarow, .......
Dennis, John
Ditmans, .......
Dunn, Samiel
Dubois, .......
Demorest, David
Demorest, Samuel
Demorest, Cornelius
Demerest, Albert
Demorest, Garrett
de Baum, Joseph
de Mott, .......
de Graff, Michael
de Graff, William
de Graff, Abraham
Dorland, Garrett
Ditch, William
Eichim, Richard
Fontem, Charles
Fontem, Thomas
Freer, James
Griggs, William
Harfen, .......
Hutson, .......
Hulick, Isaac
Hulick Ferdinand
Hols, John
Hoff, Abraham
Houghtaling, Hezekiah
Herris, Daniel
Hanners, Baldwin
Lea Grange, .......
Leittel, Henry
Leott, Cornelius
Middaym, Ephriam
Myers, ........
Mark, Michael
Masden, Peter
Montford, Francis
Montford, Peter
Montford, Jacob
Montford, Lourens
Nevius, Martin
Owens, William
Oblenius, John
Parsell Richard
Peter, Garrett
Ringland, Joseph
Ringland, Phares
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Ringland, Jno. 
Remsen, . . . .
Schamp, Henry
Sickles, . . . .
Sebring, George
Sebring, George
Sloat, Benjamin
Smock, Jacob
Smock, John
Smock, Benard
Snedicker, Christian
Snyder, . . . .
Speden, . . . .
Stag, James
Terhune, . . . .
Te Moth, Isaac
Titsworth, Mark
Van Dyke, John
Van Dyke, Peter
Van Aarsdale, Isaac
Van Cleef, Isaac
Van Neues, . . . .
Vanderbilt, . . . .
Van Orden, . . . .
Vannest, . . . .
Van Arsdale, Abraham
Van Aarsdale, Simeon
Van Aarsdale, Garrett
Van Aarsdale, Luke
Van Aarsdale, John
Van Dine, Dennis
Van Sant, Peter
Van Hues, Cornelius
Van Harlingen, . . . .
Van Shaah, . . . .
Van Horn, Michael
Van Riper, . . . .
Van Voorst, . . . .
Van der Veer, Henry
Vantine, Thomas
Vantine, Thomas
Vorhees, Ralph
Vorhees, Cornelius
Vorhees, Aaron
Vorhees, Garrett
Westervelt, Jacob
Westervelt, John
Westervelt, Abraham
Williamson, David
Williamson, William
Williamson, George
Williamson, Frederick
Wyckoff, Jacob
Yeury, Benedict
A Pioneer Church.

“The members of the Conewago Colony early established, a congregation of their own faith, the Dutch Reformed, which has the distinction of being the only church of that denomination west of the Susquehanna River before 1800. A house for religious worship was erected near the present site of Hunterstown, soon after the establishment of the colony. The church records began in 1769. The congregation was under the care of the New Brunswick Classes of the Dutch Reformed Church. The first regular pastor was Rev. John M Van Haling from Millstone, N.J., who was a relative of the Cassatts. The second pastor was Rev. John Leydt, of New Brunswick, N.J., who was succeeded by Rev. Cornelius Corsine, who died in 1788. Rev. Corsine was followed by Rev. George S. Brinkerhoof, who began his labors in 1789, and was the last regular pastor.

“When Brinkerhoof assumed charge of the congregation, the colony was already greatly weakened by removals and no longer able to support a minister. He accordingly accepted a call in 1793, to Sempronius, in New York, where a great many of his parishioners had located, and where he died in 1813.

“In 1817 a few of his surviving colonists petitioned the Pennsylvania Legislature for permission to sell the Church and land connected with it. The proceeds of the sale were expended in the erection of a massive stone wall surrounding the cemetery of the colony. In this historical burying ground, now much neglected, sleep the patriarchs of this colony; their children became commonwealth builders, and bore a conspicuous part in the history of this great nation.

“The reader will be interested in the dispersion of the Conewago colonists and their re-location elsewhere. Before taking up this subject, however, the question naturally arises, why did they not remain here? To this query no satisfactory answer can be given. They were restless, adventurous and intensely patriotic. During the Revolution they furnished a number of men who fought for independence. A considerable number became prominent, among them Francis Cozart, Abraham Banta and John Chamberlain. Three of the colonists were captains in active service, namely Simon, Van Arsdale, William Roughtaling and George Brinkerhoff.

“From various sources it was learned that these people planned to form a new county with the town of Berwick (now Abbotstown) as the county seat. It is possible that the adverse treatment they met with in this adventure created dissatisfaction which eventually led many of them to sell their lands, most of which were fertile and well situated, and remove to virgin soil. As early as 1774 they had sent agents to Kentucky, who located a tract of 10000 acres near the present town of Pleasantville, in Henry County. During the Revolution a considerable number of these people removed to their new possessions in Kentucky. Among the first families to migrate thither were Henry Banta and his numerous sons, some of whom were heads of families; several sons of the pioneer Peter Cossart, Vorhees, Duryee, Dorlan, Hendricks and Montford. The colonists became associated with the Kentucky pioneer, Daniel Boone, and did valiant service for the new commonwealth.

“In 1780 the Kentucky colonists petitioned the congress for permission to organize their settlement for the proper administration of law and the better security of their lives and property. In 1795, the colonists having organized themselves into a congregation, petitioned the classes of New Brunswick N J., for a minister of their own faith with the result that Rev. Peter Lebach was sent to minister to their spiritual wants. Rev. Lebach was a native of Hackensack N J. He remained their pastor for upward of half a century, dying in 1858 at the age of 85 years. Several decades after the establishment of the original colony in Kentucky they located another colony on
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the Salt River, in Mercer County, and still another in Shelby County, Kentucky.

“At a later period the Kentucky colonies formed a settlement in Darkes County, Ohio, and Johnston County, Ind. The colonists early foresaw the opening of Western New York for settlement in consequence of the ceding by the six nations of their lands to the government. In 1793 they sent a prospecting party to that region, who located a fine tract of land at the outlet of Oswego Lake. Upon securing the land, the shareholders lost no time in occupying it, so that by the following year a considerable number had already disposed of their properties on the Conewago aid removed thither. Among the emigrants to this new point of location were Jacob, Ralph aid George Brinkerhoff, sons of the Conewago pioneer, already mentioned; Thomas and Andrew Johnson, Abraham Bodine, Charles Van Dine, James Dates, Isaac Parcell, Jacob Leyter and George Brocsw. In 1797 they erected their first church, which was replaced by a more substantial structure in 1827.

THEIR DESCENDANTS.

‘In conclusion I may be permitted to add a few notes regarding a few eminent descendants of the Conewago colony. Hendrick Banta had 21 children, nearly all of them sons, some of who were soldiers in the Revolution, while Hendrick was a member of the Committee of Observation of York County. The whole Banta family went to Kentucky at the close of the Revolution. Among the celebrities of this family was Albert Banta, who removed from Kentucky to Indiana. He was identified with many of the early interests and movements of that commonwealth. A descendant is David Banta of Franklin, Ind., for many years a Judge but later dean of the law department of the state University. He is the author of a number of books of permanent value. A.B. Banta of Harrodsburg, Ky., is one of the best known men of that state.

NOTED MEN.

“Several of the Voorhees family have attained distinction. Daniel W. Vorhees, nicknamed “The tall Sycamore of the Sangamon”, was born in Indiana, in 1828: member of Congress from 1861 to 1865, and from 1869 to 1871: United States Senator in 1877 and thereafter many years. He figured prominently in national affairs.

“Probably the most noted descendant was Thomas A. Hendricks. He was born in Ohio in 1819, but early in life moved to Indiana, among his kindred. Notwithstanding his conservation, his integrity and probity were recognized by all, regardless of party lines. In 1863 he entered the senate of the United States and thereafter was the political leader of his state until his death. He made a unsuccessful run for Vice President in 1876 with Samuel J. Tilden at the head of the ticket. His second run for the office in 1884, with Grover Cleveland, brought him the second highest honor within the gift of the American people.”


Corwin’s Manual says:

“About 1765, Dutch Colonists from New Jersey began to pour into York and Adams County, Pa. They organized the church at Conewago, about three miles South of Gettysburg. Among these were the Monfoorts, Cossats from Millstone and the Bantas and Westervelts from Bergen County, N.J. The church at Conewago consisted of about 150 families. About 1781 these colonists began a second hegira, and in 1793 almost the whole congregation had moved away.”
Pre-revolutionary Somerset and Bergen County Migration to the Conewago Valley in Pennsylvania

By
A.Van Doren Honeyman in
The Somerset County Historical Quarterly
July 1915.

“The special reason for the migration to the Gettysburg District must lie, I think, in these two facts: first, the general tendency of our population in that day to go westward, as the Indians withdrew from the coast states, and second, the bad condition in money matters prevailing in New Jersey, and near the large centers of population during the decade preceding the Revolution, because of the greatly depreciated paper currency. No finer farms could be found in America than were in the Raritan valley, but the “times were not good.”, and the farmers became restless.

Whatever the immediate cause, the first settlement was made at Conewago, about 1765, and we are sure families of the name of Cassat (Cossart) and Montfort of near Millstone, and Van Arsdale and Sebring (both Somerset names), and some Bantas, Westervelts and Amermans of Bergen County, were among the early settlers.

The earliest deed on record at York, the County seat of York County, given in 1768, by Van Arsdale, who must have been a previous settler, recites that the property conveyed then adjoined lands of ‘Henry Banta, George Sebring, William Love, David Hunter and .FRANCIS COSERTE......”

THE DUTCH CHURCH.

“The church of the Conewago was built in 1768-9: in the latter year the records begin. Cornelius Cosine conveyed the ground (one acre) for it to FRANCIS COSSART, David Van Dine and David. Demaree, trustees of the organization. The first church officers seem to have been DAVID COSSAART, John Smock, Garret Van Arsdale, John Van Dyck, Henry Commingore, Isaac Van Arsdale, and Luke Brinkerhoff.

“This building was on a stone foundation, but was built of boards and was “barn like in architecture” according to the accounts of those old people who 30 years ago (1885) remembered. it as standing. From its erection until towards the year 1793 it was a flourishing Dutch Church of some 750 souls. But the colony began to disintegrate and go “west” after 1791, the church gradually declined., and by 1817 there was scarcely a family left in the community. Then application was made to the Pennsylvania Legislature by William Houghtalin, JACOB COSSART and Garret Brinkerhoff for permission for the trustees to sell the church building and grounds and apply the proceeds to erect “a permanent wall around the burying ground connected with the church, (burying grounds about ¾ mile from site of church. J.A.C.) and the remainder to such religious purposes as a majority of those who were formerly members of said congregation and now reside in said county of Adams (formerly a part of York County) shall recommend in writing.” The application recited that the original trustees were deceased and that “the members of said congregation have become attached to other corporations. “The Legislature gave the permission by an Act, and the church building and grounds was sold for $288.20 to one George Lashell, a tavern keeper, who used the weatherboards for a road fence to his property, “painting it with gay colors”.
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The foundation stones of the church he used for building a smokehouse. The tavern was in the near vicinity of the church. As to the sale Mr. Demarest quaintly observed: “In the dissolution of the Low Dutch Church at Conewago, the Devil obtained as his share a little more than those stones and that flimsy, old weatherboarding.”

“The public road used by the settlers in going to church they built in the community came to be known as the Low Dutch Road, and is so known on certain maps. It runs from York Pike to what is known as “Two Taverns”, and along this road “Zeb” Stewart’s Cavalry was moving on the third day of July 1863, when the Union Cavalry under our brave Generals Kirkpatrick and Gregg encountered them.

“NOTE: The Cavalry Battlefield. The field upon which Stewart’s Cavalry met that of Gregg is about three miles east of Rock Creek, and lies in the North-east angle of the Hanover (Route No. 116) and Low Dutch Roads. Its western bounary is Cress Ridge, which extends from Graile Hill on the York Road (Route No. 30) to the Hanover Road at Cresse’s house; its elevation where it crosses the road by which Stewart advanced, is about 100 feet higher than the elevation at the Hanover and Low Dutch Roads.

The field is traversed by the road which Stewart advanced and by a private road running east and west near the Runnel farm buildings. The east branch of Little Rim rises near this road and follows parallel to, and a mile west of the Low Dutch road. A woods about 200 by 400 yards extends from this road on which the Confederates were concealed, another woods about 350 yards square was in the south-east angle of the Low Dutch Road and intersecting the roads. In this woods rested the right of the Union Cavalry. Otherwise the ground was open, but divided into fields by stone and rail (worm style) fences, which had to be thrown down for the mounted maneuvers. The Lott house is about a half mile north of the Hanover road, and is about 300 yards west of the Low Dutch Road. The Runnel house with its large barn is about a mile north of the Hanover Road, and about 350 yards south of the woods in which the confederates were concealed. Field is now covered by several monuments. The Compiler,1934”.

“The Cassat (Cossart) and Montfort families of Somerset County were among the leading families in the colony and church. FRANCIS CASSAT’S daughter, Elizabeth, wife of Laurence Monfort of Conewago, was grandmother to the late venerable Rev. John Monfort, D.D., of Cincinnati, Ohio, long the well known editor of the “Herald and Presbytr”, the western organ of the Presbyterian denomination.

“The reason for the utter abandonment of Conewago by so large a Dutch population has never been satisfactorily made out. There were inducements for migration to Kentucky and the Lake country of New York, but only such as were always held out to eastern farmers.

“But years before this when it was not safe, the Conewago Colony began to break up, and it may be the delay in closing the Revolutionary war that had something to do with it. In the spring of 1780 there removed to Kentucky a considerable number of the colony. The names as given in a memorial signed by the Rev. J.M. Van Harlingen, pastor of Sourland and Neschanic, Somerset County, N.J., who occasionally went to Conewago to minister may be found under Peter Cossart, the Kentucky pioneer. Van Harlingen sent a memorial to Congress to grant them a tract of land in Kentucky in the course of which he said some of them “have lived amongst us and belonged to many congregations.”

“The churchyard is still enclosed, but full of grass and weeds, as was to have been
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expected. Scarcely any graves were visible; it is to be doubted if many ever existed, although there must have been scores of burials there beside the church, during the life of the community. A few stones left of the wall of the edifice, grass, trees, and twittering birds, are all that now remain to tell us of the sermons and the worship on that spot for the thirty years of an active church life.” (Reference: A. Van Doren Honeyman, in Somerset County quarterly July 1915).

The last paragraph of the above article is rather misleading to the writer, unless there were also burials within the one acre plat of the original church site.

The Low Dutch burying ground connected with this church was a distance of some ¾ mile from the site of the church building. The compiler visited this section of the county August 16, 1934, and upon inquiry of neighboring farmers, none of them knew of any near by graves other than those enclosed by the stone wall which is mentioned on pages 238 and 240. At this time the burying ground was being fairly well taken care of by Mr. Osborn, a local farmer, who has descendants buried here.

HISTORY OF THE LOW DUTCH COLONY OF CONEWAGO.
By
Rev. Demarest.
1925.

“Some years ago, while preparing a history of the church of which I am pastor, I discovered that there was once in our county of Adams, a church in many respects similar to it, now passed away.

“From 1794 to 1800 Rev. John Black one of our pastors of the Gettysburg church continued in this neighborhood, preaching steadily to a Dutch Reformed Church the origin and fortunes of which are now in obscurity.

“Their edifice once stood a mile or more to the east of Hunterstown but more recently the same distance to the south of the village. The burial ground formerly connected with it, is well known.

“It seemed unaccountable that a community comparatively so young as ours, and with some still among us, whose ancestors two generations ago must have been active members, that I was unable to find from what cause the church came to an end.

“The church was called the Reformed Dutch Church of Conewago, and the settlement to which I refer was around the present site of Hanover, Penna., and near to New Oxford, Penna.

“The denomination to which it belonged though glorying in its origin, has been unwilling to seem to narrow the field of its work, and therefore as late as 1867 omitted from its title the word “Dutch”.

“The boundaries of the population, were marked by cemeteries, said one of them was in the near vicinity of the church. The cemeteries are still in existence, and give evidence of commendable care. While the list is not complete, of the 150 families in or about the region, such names as these can be found.

Aelsdorf  Bodine, John
David Cossart, Son of Jacques II, and His Descendants

Aeten, John            Brunner, Abin
Ackerman               Brunner, Jacob
Aunnerman, Henry       Brinkerhoff, Ralph
Anderson               Brinkerhoff, Luke
Banta, Samuel          Brinkerhoff, William
Banta, Albert          Brinkerhoff, Henry
Banta, Henry           Brinkerhoff, John
Banta, Abraham         Clark
Banta, David           Cole, Peter
Banta, Peter           Cole, Carmen
Bise                   Cassat, Francis
Bedan, Daniel          Cassat, David
Burnet, George (Bornet) Cassat, Peter
Bergen                 Cosine, Peter
Benner                 Cosine, Cornelius
Brokaw                 Cosine, Gerritt
Blonk                  Cosine, John
Brower, Abin           Conover, John
Brower, John           Conover, Cornelius
Bodie, Abraham         Coshun,
Chamberlain,            Cletan,
Commingore, Henry      Knegf, John
Cover, Isaac (or Covert) Kraay, (Cray)
Cover, John (""")      Lasheells, George
Cover, Daniel (""")   Laromer,
Duryee                 Lagrange,
Dates                  Little, Henry
Durboraw               Lott, Cornelius
Dennis, John           Middays, Ephriam
Ditmars                Myiers,
Dunn, Samuel           Mark, Nicholas
Debois                 Matsen, Peter
Demaree, David (Demarest) Monfort, Francis
Demaree, Samuel (Demarest) Monfort, Jacob
Demaree, Cornelius (Demarest) Monfort, Lawrence
Demaree, Albert (Demarest) Monfort, John
Demaree, Garret, (Demarest) Nevious, Martin
De Baum, Joseph        Owen, William
De Baum, Abraham       Osborn,
De Baum, Isaac         Oblins, John
De Mott                Parsed, Isaac
De Graff, Michael      Parsed, Richard
De Graff, William      Peterson, Peter
De Graff, Abraham      Peterson, Garret
Dorland, Garret        Pharis, Joseph
Ditch, William         Ringland, John
Eichin, Richard        Reemsen,
Errewyn, Samuel        Slott, Benjamin
Fontaine, Charles      Slagg, James
Fontaine, Thomas       Schamp, Joseph
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Freer, James
Griggs, William
Hafen,
Hutson,
Haa, Hal
Hulk, Isaac
Hulk, Ferdinand
Hals, John
Hoff, Abraham
Houghtalin, Hezekiah
Hammer, Baldwin
Jewel, William
Jewel, Cornelius
Johnsen, Abraham (Jansen)
Johnsen, Andrew (Jansen)
Kaarmigal, Peter
Kline, Henry
Klopper, Cornelius
Kipp, John
Kipp, Bernard
Van Arsdale, Garret
Van Arsdale, Luke
Van Arsdale, John
Van Arsdale, Isaac
Van Dine, Dennis
Van San, Peter
Van Peet,
Van Horn, Nicholas
Van Ripper,
Van Voost
Vandeover, Henry
Van Tine, Thomas and Charles
Striker, Henry
Slegal,
Sickles,
Sebring, George
Smock, Jacob
Smock, Bernard
Smock, John
Snyder,
Speeder,
Terhune,
Teemuth, Isaac
Titsworth, Mark
Titsworth, Isaac
Van Dyke, John
Van Dyke, Peter
Van Kleff, Isaac
Van Nest,
Van Arsdale, Abraham
Van Arsdale, Simon
Van Arsdale, Garret
Vorhees, Cornelius
Vorhees, Aaron
Vorhees, Garret
Wickoff,
Westervelt, Jacob
Westervelt, Abraham
Westervelt, John
Williamson, William
Williamson, Frederick
Williamson, David
Yeury, Benedick

“In the Presbyterian burying ground at Hunterstown may be found the following
headstone inscriptions:

“Jacob Cassat, died June 19, 1873; aged 74 years 6 months.

“In memory of Jacob Cassat, Esqr., who died December 26, 1838; aged 60 years who
served, faithfully domestic relations, etc. (His father is buried in the Low Dutch
burying grounds about two miles distant), Mary Cassat, his wife, born July 3, 1777,
died September 17, 1863, aged. 86 years.’

“Sarah C. Cassat, died November 4, 1857, aged 57 years.”

“Maria Louisa Cassat, daughter of Jacob Cassat, died June 6, 1852, aged 18 years 8
months 26 days.”
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“Sarah Cassat Neely, born January 14, 1807, died. January 2, 1901, aged. 94 years.” (Daughter of Jacob Cassat).

“Whence came all these people? Their traditions, trustworthiness of which we may not call in question, point with few exceptions to New Jersey, and possibly from New York State. Manifestly, the idea of forming a colony of some magnitude would. originate, and find a following in the city \* rather than the rural districts. In the metropolis, there are at present many families, bearing the name heretofore recorded.

“A moss green tablet in the Conewago burial ground bears this inscription: “In memory of David Demaree, born in the east of New Jersey in Bergen County, November 1731 - and departed this life November 1808 - Aged. 77 years.”

“The old family names found are the Demarees, Ackcermans, Brinkerhoffs, Bogarts, Terhunes, De Baums, De Motts, Vorhees, Bowers, Slegels, and many others, without doubt, came from Bergen County, N.J.

“The names are still there with a sufficient frequency. The Houghtalens and Cosines came from the West Bank of the Hudson near Haverstraw.

“The Abraham Lott, perhaps a connection of the Lotte was prominent in new York City about the time of the Revolution, holding office in both church and state.

“The Cassat’s (or, Cossarts) and Montforts, two of the first comers, whose influence never became second to that of any other later comers, had an earlier home in Somerset County, New Jersey, near Millstone, and earlier still in New York, the latter family having settled there before 1640.

“Now when did the colonists arrive? Some were well on the ground as early as 1765. At York, Pa, I found a deed of which a member of the Van Arsdale family was the grantor: conveying property Straban Township (then York County, “adjoining lands of Henry Banta, George Sebring, William Love, David Hunter and FRANCIS COSERTE.” This was of date of 1765, for debts: the deed was given in 1768. This is likely the oldest deed.

“So while others proceeded them, some came in 1771. A Company set out in the spring of the year for the west. After an arduous journey, carrying along their canvas covered wagons, oxen drawn, their bedding, food and seeds and such implements as was necessary. They must meet for the start at some point, so I account for a convergence of traditions, to Hackensack, N.J., and from there begin the succession of hills belonging to our own south mountain. Crossing the Passaic they turn southward to New Brunswick. From the Raritan they pass through Princeton to the Delaware.

“Perhaps they crossed just where Washington made his splendid venture a few years after, and we wonder did they have in their dreams, as they rested among these historic places, any token of the great conflict soon to come, and did they talk as they smoked their pipes beside the camp fires, or as they rafted themselves and their effects across the river, of the grave political situation of Patrick Henry, of the assured liberty and National independence?
“In less than sir hours one can cover the same ground, by a screaming locomotive; but the colonists did well if they did the same in six weeks. From the Susquehanna, all except a few, moved into the neighborhood of Hanover.

“There they were hard pressed to make an end of their journey now grown tedious and fatiguing. They found the ground already occupied. The Germans were there and perhaps even in those early days were quite too numerous about Hanover. They moved, again, therefore, and now north-westward, but not far, for in front of them already in full sight rose South Mountain. It was a barrier they could not pass, and yet in spite of themselves, they pass toward it: for a more picturesque horizon, a line of hills of a more quiet beauty, reflecting from their blue-grey sides the light of the morning or evening, suggestive of the calm and rest of the better and heavenly country they had never seen, nor have I.

“Even quite up those bills they could not come, for they soon discovered., there, the Scotch-Irish, vigorously pushing, and still more numerous than were the Germans already in possession. Moving on therefore, once more, and this time in a wedge shape between the Germans and the Scotch-Irish, they make a last search for ground they can call their own, and they find it. There it was once more, the soft, sticky, staining, not rich, but yet precious red sandstone. They rejoiced, though it promised but poorly for crops. It was the old soil of home so they settled on what is now called the “Old Dutch Road.”.

The connection of the Conewago Colony, and the Hackensack were suspected by me and searching through a bundle of tattered and aged. stained. leaves from the Baptismal Record of the Reformed Dutch Church of Conewago, beginning with the organization and covering the best period. of the continuance of the colony in Pennsylvania. The record had been handed down by Peter Monfort, one of the colonists, to his great grandson, Francis. Francis had given it to his great grand-nephew, Dr. J.G. Monfort.

“In addition to the baptismal records were other papers, fringed yellow leaves’, from the Deacons Book, showing collections and expenditures.

The baptismal records, of course, enabled me to complete a list as I have given of heads of families of the colony. In 1772 the Conewago congregation had as their pastor, Rev. Cornelius Cosine, and the records show that be continued until his death in 1788. His wife was Maria Brower, daughter of one of the colonists. She afterwards went to Haverstraw, N.Y., and there married David S. Demorest of Hackensack, N.J.

“He was succeeded by Rev. George G. Brinkerhoff who entered upon his work November 1789. Born 1761 in Closter, N.J. No child was baptised before 1769.

“Two pastors, Cornelius Cosine and George Brinkerhoff were the only pastors in the Conewago Church. Rev. Brinkerhoff resigning in 1793. Hardly more than a generation intervened between their arriving and departure.

“Before Mr. Brinkerhoff had released himself, they must have listened to Rev. Andrew Gray. In 1789 the General Synod of the Reformed Church began sending missionaries to organize churches and strengthen feeble ones.

“Ernest requests came to the General Synod. from Hardy County, Virginia; from Kentucky and from the region of the Susquehanna. In 1791 the Classis of New Brunswick informed the
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General Synod that “they were unable to satisfy the desire of the people on the Susquehanna.”

“In May 1792 a similar request came. The General Synod finally “sent some missionaries thither”, sending in the autumn some licentiates in a measure to supply their need. Rev. Andrew Gary was sent in October 1792, the pastor of the Reformed Dutch Church at Poughkeepsie, N.Y. In October of the following year Mr. Gray reported he had “resuscitated the congregation of Hanover and organized a new congregation on the Susquehanna, having received 45 members and administered holy Baptism and the Lord’s supper.” The General Synod thanked him and paid him £15 of amount of expenses and £5 as a further reward.

“Hanover mentioned in these extracts mean none other than Hanover, Penna., and near the Conewago and Dutch Reformed Church, ten miles distant.

“Also it is significant that about this year 1793 the name of Conewago disappears from the roll of the Reformed Dutch Church and Hanover appears in its stead and is recorded vacant.

“Later Hanover gives place again to Conewago but the Conewago church was not dead. It is mentioned by that name in the minutes of the General Synod held 1794 when Nicholas H. Gardnier was reported as the “Elder from Conewago”.

“Rev. Andrew Gray was an earnest man. Kerr Valley and Tuscarora were his last field of labor. He was remembered for his patriotism and in the Revolution suffered the loss of home and property. He died in 1819.

“In 1794 Rev. John Cornelison and Rev. Stephen 0strander were sent by the General Synod “up the Delaware, and across the great bend of the Susquehanna and to follow the same to Wyoming.” I learn from Corwins’ Manual that Mr. Cornelison followed down the Susquehanna as far as Hanover. He was at that time pastor of the Reformed Dutch Church of English Neighborhood, Bergen County, N.J. He died in 1826.

“The next supply was Rev. Black, previously the Pastor of the Presbyterian Church of Gettysburg of whom I have given some account in my sketch of that organization. He could not preach steadily to any people without making a deep and lasting impression. He was one of the strongest characters connected with the pulpit of Adams County, Penna., in the last century (18th). He was boldly on the side of all that was best in the state and church. He ministered to the Conewago people from the spring of 1794, when he resigned the Gettysburg church in the year 1801, when he removed to Westmoreland County and Greensburg. He died while still at work August 16, 1802.

“Their next minister at Conewago, was Rev. Alexander Dobbin who was born at Londonderry, Ireland, 1742. He was a missionary from the Reformed Presbytery of Scotland in 1773. The following year he was ordained pastor of Rock Creek Associated Reformed Church, then worshiping in a log house about a mile northeast of what is now Gettysburg on the banks of a stream by that name. He died in 1809 and is buried in March Creek graveyard.

“The Dutch have ever shown a fondness for the preaching of the Scotch-Irish.

“It is likely that some of the Colonists had listened before leaving New York City to Rev.
Archibald Laidlie, a Scotchman, who from 1763 to 1779 occupied the most important pulpit in that city.

Both Rev. Livingston and Rev. John Black were Scotch. As we have seen their preachings were Calvinistic and their form of Government Presbyterian. As their services of the Dutch Reformed Church became less frequent it is expected that they attached themselves to the surrounding Presbyterian Congregations. This they did, some with the Presbyterian Church at Hunterstown, then under the Pastorial charge of Rev. McConaughy, now under that of Rev. W. S. Van Cleve, others joining the Gettysburg Presbyterian Church. I have examined two lists of records - one in 1804 and the other in 1814 - in the former there is not a name which can have belonged to a Dutchman - in the latter there are the following: Joseph Coshun, Katrina Calhoun, Ralph Laswell, Henry Brinkerhoff, John Coshun. But the majority of the Dutch followed Rev. Dobbin into his own communion, and it so happens that the most of their descendants in the United Presbyterian Church still in Adams Co. are at present ministered to by Rev. John Jamison. So ends the history of the Reformed Dutch Church of Conewago. It remains only to learn further what became of their property - the organization to have an existence under the State (though no Elders, there were Trustees) until the year 1820.

“The following Act was read in the Presbyterian Senate, February 10, 1817, Saying:

“An Act authorizing the Trustees of the Low Dutch Congregation in Adams County to sell and convey a certain piece of land - Whereas, it is represented to the Legislature that Cornelius Cosine did by deed convey to FRANCIS COSSART, David Van Dine and David Demaree in trust for use of the Low Dutch Congregation of Calvinists, a certain piece of land containing about one acre; and Whereas, the said trustees are all deceased and the members of said congregation have become attached to other congregations, the house and lands are now lying waste and the members have prayed the legislature to appoint and sell and convey same; Therefore, Section 1 — “Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in General Assembly met, and is hereby enacted by the authority of same, that it shall be lawful for Wilhelmus Houghtalin, JACOB COSSART and Garret Brinkerhoff, or the survivors of them, towards erecting a permanent wall around the burying ground connected with the said church and the remainder for such other religious purposes as a majority of those who were formerly members of said Congregation, and now reside in the said County of Adams, shall recommend in writing.”

“As may be seen by the laws of Pennsylvania, page 180 this Act was approved March 24, 1817. Mr. J. G. Brinkerhoff of Hunterstown has a paper in his possession showing that the building and lot were sold for $288.20, (Were they worth more?), and that this amount was expended in accordance with the provisions of the Act just quoted. This paper is headed “JACOB CASSAT and Garrat Brinkerhoff, trustees in account with the Low Dutch Congregation.”

A note is appended: “Audited November 16, 1820. ‘

The bodies of the good are sometimes quarreled over. The spirit having fled - but as yet to terrestrial places, so that we shall be able to continue our history, and I think with increased interest, through a few more chapters - the mortal remains of the Dutch Reformed Church of Conewago, were in the midst of some such harrowing scene.

“The Act quoted shows that a deed for the property had been given to the first trustees by Cornelius Cosine. None could reasonably dispute the title therefore nor could they call in wisdom, and excellence of the purpose for which what money might be realized from the sale was to be
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expended. But not a few persons could think only with aversion of the sale of any portion of the church property to George Lashell. This man kept a tavern on the old Hunterstown and Hanover road in the near vicinity of the church, and not alone for his occupation, but for other reasons, was considered an objectionable member of the community. He was something of an owner and was cruel. It is said: I have seen the story in print, that a slave of his once ran away, and Lashell catching the poor fellow at York, fastened him with a halter to his gig and compelled him to trot behind all the way home, almost killing him.

“Between the church and tavern, almost within sight of each other, there had been from the first, as might be supposed, a constant and bitter warfare. The tavern, Lashall has said, would bring the church to dust, and the Church had as often threatened him with a well deserved perdition. And now how strange are the ways of Providence. The tavern was still flourishing and the Church was dead. Should Lashall have his victory? The reader may imagine the disgust with which the few remaining members of the church saw, as at last they did see (and one is still living who told me how he felt in this case) the weather boarding of their dear old home of worship, somewhat conspicuous, for it has been painted with gay colors, stretched defiantly along Lashall’s tavern property for a road fence, and the stones for the church foundation made into a smoke-house for the delectation of the same enemy. But easily they might have consoled themselves. Happy they should have been, since in the dissolution of the Low Dutch Church of the Conewago the Devil obtained, as his share, and so, I think this is a fact, a little more than those stones, and that flimsy, old red weatherboarding. Had the facts respecting the sire and importance of the Conewago Colony been received by the reader with some incredulity, I could not have wondered., for the Colony appears at first to have left but small traces of its existence. (Members of the Lashell. family are buried in the lower end of the Dutch graveyard. The compiler).

“But we examine closely, and we shall find more and more stronger evidence of what was, than we might expect. I am not referring to anything so occult as a mere moral influence coming down from the past must necessarily be. I doubt not such an influence from the Colony is still with us.

“But it is a fact that persons of Dutch parentage are numerous in the population of our county than we have supposed. There is still on this ground fully as large a representation as would be probable in the case of a people who have sustained constant losses by removal, and received no additions by immigration for eighty years. Doubtless some of the old stock have forgotten whence they came. If by reminding them I shall revive a family pride, I have done no harm. The best and perhaps the only certainly good result of a known and valued lineage is the ambition to be worthy of it.

“The Dutch families emigrated from Adams County or York County, as Adams County was then called., until 1800 in two directions, westward and northward.

“The earliest removal went to Kentucky. Daniel Boone was born in Pennsylvania, in Bucks County, in 1735. When eighteen years of age he removed with his father to North Carolina and about 1769 with three or four companions pushed his way westward into the wilderness south of the Ohio, where, up to that time, there were Indians and wild beasts. To guard against this he built a fort on the Kentucky river which he named Boonesborough. And there he continued, to live until 1792 when Kentucky was already so thickly settled that it became a state of the Union. The renown of this adventurer soon came back to the eastern settlements and had much influence in Virginia, Maryland and Pennsylvania, from whence his followers chiefly came. Amongst the first to go in his steps were some bold and hearty spirits from the Conewago Colony. Says Collins, in his History of Kentucky, Volume 2, page 253: “The first Dutch emigration to Kentucky in a group or Company was in 1781 to White Oak Station on the Kentucky River, one mile above Boonesborough. Amongst these emigrants were Henry Banta. Sr., Henry Banta Jr., Abraham and John Banta; Samuel, Peter, Daniel Henry and Albert Duryee; Fred Riperdan and John Fluety (Yeury) also PETER COSSART. Some following as late as 1790. There are several circumstances to show this, the fact of Rev. Cornelius Cosine death in 1788, I learned, as I said, from papers at York. One of the executors named in his will was Samuel Demaree, who was or had been a prominent man in the Conewago Church community. It does not certainly follow that he was in Pennsylvania at the time of his death, though the presumption is that he was. But in 1790 Mary Cosine, who became Mary Demarest by a second marriage appeared before Peter Herring, County
Clerk at Hackensack, N. J., and obtained the appointment of her first husband's estate in York County, Pa. And in 1794 Samuel Demaree, the Executor, appeared before Samuel Dorland, Justice of the Peace in Shelby County, Kentucky, and before others, and executed a power of attorney constituting JACOB COSSARTE, DAVID COSSARTE and Lucas Van Arsdale, his Attorneys to settle business for him in relation to the estate of the late Cornelius Cosine.

“But still further Samuel Dorland just named as Justice of the Peace in Kentucky was still at Conewago in 1790, in which year he disposed of his effects, perhaps in preparation for departure. A document which is of interest as a curiosity and connected with the sale, will hereafter be quoted. It only remains to add to the traditions of the Dutch in the West, so far back as I have been able to learn, all go back to the decade 1780-90. Probably we shall not be able to fix dates more definitely than we have now done. The Colonists had no facilities at hand for their long journey, even the “National Road”, never a great success, was not yet built. Not until 1820 was it completed as far west as Cumberland, Maryland. They therefore, just slowly traveled over the Alleghenies, in covered wagons or carts, drawn by oxen, such as they had used in coming from New Jersey to Conewago, in some districts finding a way for themselves, or making one. They would keep to the south, and on reaching the Ohio, or one of the upper tributaries, would doubtless avail themselves of the valleys and openings so afforded. Having cattle with them they would use the raft or family barge, as frequently seen now on western rivers.

“Their first settlement was, as we are told, Boonesborough and later Harrodsburg in Mercer County, Kentucky. But in a few years they permanently find themselves in a village called Pleasureville, then “Six-mile” in Henry County, Kentucky. Here some of them purchased. 12,000 acres of land, (1784) which they called the Low Dutch Tract and divided it among themselves.

“A church is a necessity to the Dutch and accordingly we read in Corwin’s Manual that the Synod of the Reformed Dutch Church in 1795, doubtless at its own request, sent a Missionary, Peter Labough to organize a church among them, just as they had, formerly sent Missionaries to Conewago. He went the whole distance of 700 miles from New York to Harrodsburg, Kentucky, on horse back and returned in the same manner. He spent perhaps a year amongst the people, and did the work for which he was sent. He was a citizen from Hackensack, N.J., at the time of doing the missionary work. He died in 1858, aged 85 years.

“But Kentucky was too far away for oversight on the part of the Dutch Reformed Church. It so happened, there, as it did. in Pennsylvania, the good people of the denomination listened mostly to the preaching of the Scotch—Irish, and presently sought the alliance with the Presbyterian Church. For many years the congregation at “Six-Mile” listened to Archibald Cameron, a man whose fame is still green in all that country - a man of eccentricities, but for soundness and vigor - a second John Knox. How early and honorable a place a colony from Conewago occupies in the ecclesiastical history of Kentucky appears from the fact that the first sermon preached in that state was by a presbyterian minister at Harrodsburg in the year 1783.

“A letter from Dr. J.G. Monfort, dated December 9th 1883, of Cincinnati, Ohio, follows:

“To Rev. J.K. Demerst:

Dear Brother:

I am to-day 73 years old and feel more than ever before interested in the Genealogy of my family and church. I have spent much time and have traveled much in search of Dutch history in this country - on Long Island, in New Jersey, at Conewago, “Six-Mile”, in Kentucky, and points in the west. These people, above any other, even the Scotch were a solid, staple class, largely farmers of simple tastes and habits - the light of the world. It is remarkable that in the great defectism of New Lightism and Shakerism, in the great religious excitement, about the beginning of the century, very few of them left the Presbyterian Church. The emigrants from Conewago settled chiefly in Mercer and Henry Counties, Kentucky, and in the Miami Country from 1790 to 1810.

The names of some of these families were Monfort, Vorhees, Vorhees, Bergen, Covert, Demaree, Van Arsdale (Van Orsdale), Conover, Brockaw, De Mott, Ditmars, Leister, Paterson, Terhune, Van Dyke and. Van Este. I doubt whether a better class of Presbyterians can be found.
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The ancestors of the Monforts, Peter and John, were amongst the early settlers of New Amsterdam. Peter’s descendants went up the Hudson, John’s to New Jersey, settling at Millstone, Harlingen and Somerville, N.J. My grandfather’s grandfather Peter Monfort of Millstone, had four sons: Peter, John, Francis and Lawrence. Lawrence came west before 1800. He had three sons - all Presbyterian ministers - namely Francis, Peter and David. Francis, my father had four sons, all Presbyterian ministers, Joseph G., Francis P., Isaac W., and David. Monfort.

Fraternally,

JOSEPH G. MONFORT.

“The letter before sent me by Rev. Montfort, by whose kindness I was put in possession of the Baptismal Records. Dr. Montfort’s relation to the Colony has already been stated. His grandmother was Elizabeth Cossart the daughter of Francis Cossart. He had been for 13 years Editor of the Herald and Presbyt published at Cincinnati, Ohio, in which work his two sons, Rev. Francis C. Montfort, who was pastor of the First Presbyterian Church of Cincinnati, Ohio, and Elias Riggs Montfort are associated with him. The latter participated in the battle of Gettysburg. He was Captain of Company “F”, 75th Ohio Volunteers, 2nd. Brigade, 1st Division, 11th Corps: General 0.0. Howard, Commanding, which suffered heavily the first day of the fight north of town. Captain Montfort was severely wounded under a locust tree along the north base of Cemetery Hill, in the second days fight. He was at first taken to the house of Mr. Lightner on the Baltimore Pike, but three weeks after having been accidentally discovered there by an uncle from the west, who was in the Christian Commission, he was brought into town, and kindly nursed by Mrs. Mary Thompson at her house - she was a cousin of his Grandfather.”

“The name CONEWAGO was taken from a creek of that name near by and is an Indian name, of course.”

(Reference: History of the Low Dutch Colony of Conewago, by Rev. Demerest, Pastor of the Presbyterian Church of Gettysburg, Pa, and printed. in the Gettysburg Times, 1925).

ADAMS COUNTY, PA.

“Adams County has much to boast in the matter of beautiful scenery. No natural panorama in the world surpasses that which the spectator beholds when, standing on the crest of Cemetery Hill, near Gettysburg, as he looks down upon the broad expanse of fields, meadow and woodland of the Conewago, dotted with farm houses and barns, the deep red of the newly turned soil in a strong contrast with the verdure of growing crops and magnificent groves, and the whole landscape bounded by the outside mountain weed as far as the eye can reach.

“The prospect which here spreads out before the eye in every direction is truly sublime. From several elevated points along the Low Dutch Road extensive and beautiful views may be had.

“Lincoln Highway, Route No. 30, which passes near the vicinity of where the Low Dutch Church once stood, is now called The Gettysburg and York Pike road and was organized in 1804. At first it was the York and Susquehannah road, and in 1811 the provisions of the Act were extended to York and Gettysburg road JACOB COSSAT, Jacob Ham, Jacob Metsger were the Commissioners to report concerning the building of it.”

(Reference: History of Cumberland and Adams County, Pa., 1886; by Samuel P. Bates).

HUNTERSTOWN, PA.

“This place was platted in 1749 or 1750 by David Hunter, who came from Ireland about 1741, and cast his fortunes with the Pine Ridge settlers. During the Revolution this little settlement was “the hot-bed of rebellion”, but fortunately for its history, the rebels opposed foreign oppression, and fought with such prowess throughout the Revolution, that Lafayette himself said: “It is no surprise the French were defeated 20 years ago, when the late oppressor of the colonies brought forward such yeomanry against them.” The people were part and parcel of the Marsh Creek settlement. The village is the center of a rich country, possessing a few general stores, a hotel, 2 churches, and a number of private houses (1880)”.

(Reference: History of Cumberland and Adams County, Pa., 1886; by Samuel B. Bates).
THE LOW DUTCH SETTLEMENT.

To traverse the Low Dutch Road and take in what was once the heart of the Dutch settlement one should start from Gettysburg on Route No. 140 (Baltimore Turnpike) and travel for about four miles to where the Low Dutch Road begins near Two Taverns. Turn left and proceed in a north-easterly direction. Along this route and on the right of the road and in a corner of a field may be seen one of the early Dutch burying grounds of the settlement. This plot of ground covers almost 1/2 acre of land. Is fenced in by wire, is full of weeds and grown timber and presents a generally run down condition. Many of the headstones have fallen to the ground. The name of “Haughtalin” may be read on some of the stones. Also that of “Young”. Proceed along road until you cross Route No. 116 (Hanover Road), after continuing along the road for 1/4 mile you will see several monuments off the road about 1/8 mile which extend along the ridge. This was the cavalry battle field of Generals “Zeb” Stewart, Kirkpatrick and Gregg. There is a private road which will take one to the scene of this field. The Dutch road, continues on for about 3 miles to Guldens Station on Lincoln Highway, Route No. 30 (Gettysburg and York Highway). Turn right here and proceed for 7/8 mile on paved highway until you come to a dirt road turning off to left. This intersection is near the site of the Low Dutch Church mentioned above. Proceed along this road for 1/2 mile and turn to left at intersection of dirt roads and proceed in the direction of Hunterstown. About 1/4 mile from these cross roads you come upon the Dutch graveyard that is surrounded by the stone wall which has been mentioned on pages 238, and 240. The graveyard sets on a rise above a creek and back from the roadway about 50 or 75 feet. It covers a area of one and one-half or two acres of ground. In this graveyard will be found the headstones of David, and Jacob Casset (Sons of Francis), their wives and a few members of their families. Headstones of Brinkerhoffs, Osborns, Brokaws, Laschells, Andersons, Montforts and many others may be seen here. The enclosure appears to be quite filled with graves, however, there are great many graves without headstones, but merely a plain stone or rock placed at head of grave to indicate its location.

The Cassatt headstones are in the south-eastern or front of the graveyard. There are two rows of graves and appears to be eight or ten people buried there with room for as many more. No headstone of Francis Cossart or that of his wife could be located. It is believed that both are buried somewhere in this section.

The oldest stone appears to be that of David and Sarah Cassat, inscribed: “In memory of David Cassat, 81 years old, and his wife Sarah, 59 years old.” In the second row and nearest to the entrance is a stone marked: “Jacob Cassat Sr., aged 58 years.” “Maria Cassat died March 18, 1814, aged 56 years.” Another stone is marked “James Cassat, son of Jacob and Sarah died March 28, 1840, aged 4 years and 4 months.” Still another is marked: “John son of Jacob Cassat ...... (?) died April 14 AD 1840, aged about 8 months.”

There are many graves in this burying ground without markers of any description, in some cases just a plain rock or stone to indicate location of grave.

The grave of the immigrant Peter Montfort is located here.

The front of the stone wall has begun to fall for a space of about twenty feet in length which should be repaired. Traveling in the direction of Huntertown from the graveyard a distance of about 1/2 mile one may see a house to the right which sets about 1500 feet from the roadway that resembles the old. Cossart homestead which once stood. only a short distance from this house. Mr. Charles Millhimes resides here.

The graveyard has been fairly well taken care in the last few years by Mr. Osborn who has descendants resting therein.

There are now about 12 houses located in Hunterstown and all seem to be rather old. A few log houses may be found still standing which were once occupied by the early settlers. The Presbyterian church is located. in the outskirts of the town which has a well kept burying ground. Members of the Cassatt family are buried, here also. In the front gable of the building is a circular stone with this inscription: “Re Joseph Henderson Meetind. House 1787”.

The writer visited this section of the county on August 16, 1934 and attempted to take pictures in a rain without very much success.

On the 14th of August the writer had the pleasure of visiting “Independence Hall”,

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Philadelphia, Pa., where his great-great-great-great grandfather FRANCIS COSSART sat with Benjamin Franklin while a member of the Committee of Correspondence from York County. The following data appears on a bronze plaque on side of building:


“Declaration Chamber. Here the Continental Congress sat from the date it convened May 10, 1775, until the close of the Revolution, except when 1776-7 it sat in Baltimore, and in 1777-8 in Lancaster and York due to the temporary occupation of Philadelphia by the British Army.

“Here on June 16, 1775 George Washington accepted his appointment by congress as General of the Continental Army.

“Here on July 4, 1776, the Declaration of Independence was adopted and on July 9, 1778, the Articles of the Confederation and perpetual union between the states were adopted and signed.

“Here on November 3, 1781 24 standards, taken at the surrender of Yorktown were laid at the feet of Congress and his Excellency the Ambassador of France.

“Here on Sept. 17, 1787, the Constitution of the United States of America was adopted and signed.”

(Erected by the Society of the Descendants of the Signers, July 4, 1910).

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THE CONEWAGO PENNSYLVANIA SETTLEMENT

The history of the large colony which went out from New Jersey between the years 1765 and 1775 to Conewago, York County, Pennsylvania, is quite as interesting as a romance. How many of the past or present generations of our family have ever heard of the name “Conewago” before? Or how many of those of the family now using the names Cassairt, Cossatt, Cassat, Cassatt Cozatt and Cosat (now scattered throughout the south and west know that it was in this Conewago Dutch church that their forefathers worshiped and that here their sons and daughters were baptised and later married. A church and colony which during the Revolutionary period from 1775 to 1780 numbered a population of about one thousand souls and yet the year 1794 the population had been so depelted that the church ceased to exist and by the year 1817 only about five of the total of about 170 New Jersey families who had founded the colony, remained. The colony, the church the name, all passed into oblivion for a century and it is only of recent years that its records and past history have been exhumed, and revealed. Such is a brief outline of a colony which today numbers among its descendants some of the most noted men of the day and generation. Why so large a number of New Jersey families should suddenly go to this settlement 150 miles to the west, no one now living seems to know. The church which was about the center of the new settlement, was attached to the Classis of New Brunswick, N.J. A copy of the plan of the church is still in existence and indicates where each member of those good Dutch forefathers there sat on Sunday to hear the preaching. There was a high pulpit shaped like a wine glass. The Dutch, unlike the Germans and English neighbors, demanded warmth during their devotions and so they had in their church two large wood burning stoves. The name Conewago (an Indian name of course) was taken from Conewago Creek to the north of the settlement. It was located in the east part of Strahan Township, York (now Adams) County, about 6 miles north east of Gettysburg, about 2 or 3 miles south-east from Hunterstown and only a short distance north of the York and Gettysburg road, now the Lincoln Highway. The church was built in 1768 or 1769, in the latter year its records begin.

The church was located on the Lincoln Highway, 5 miles east of Gettysburg. There
branches southward a road still called the “Low Dutch Road”. That old “Low Dutch Road” also extends northward to Hunterstown. At the junction of what was once called the York Road and the “Low Dutch Road” stood the Dutch Reformed Church. Cornelius Cosine conveyed the land for it (one acre) to Francis Cossart (103) David Van Duyn and David Demarest, Trustees. Other officers of the church during its existance, seem to have been David Cossart (124) John Smock, Garret Van Arsdale, John Van Dyck, Henry Coomingore, Isaac Van Arsdale, Luke Brinkerhoff, John Conover, Thomas Johnson and Ralph Brinkerhoff. The pastors of the church whose names appear on the records and some of whom came out from New Jersey from time to time, were Rev. J.M. Van Harlingen, Rev. John Leydt, Rev. J.R. Hardenbergh of New Jersey and Rev. Cornelius Cosine and Rev. George Brinkerhoff residents of the settlement.

The earliest deed on record at York, then the county seat, given in 1768 by a member of the Van Arsdale family recites that the property conveyed then adjoined land a of Henry Banta, Francis Cosat (103), David Hunter, William Love and. George Sebring.

Francis Cossart’s (103) land lay about 2 miles east of Hunterstown along the road leading to New Chester and some two miles northwest from the church.

The farms taken up by these settlers seem to have begun at a point 3 miles east of what is now Hunterstown and extended to within a few miles of Gettysburg. The public road used by these settlers in going to the church they built in their community came to be known as the low Dutch road, and is so known today on certain maps. It leaves the York Pike at a point a little to the south-west of the church and runs to what is known as the Two Taverns south from Gettysburg and it was along this road that many of the families settled and it was on this road that General “Zeb” Stewart’s cavalry was moving on the 3rd of July 1863 when the Union Cavalry under Generals Kirkpatrick and Gregg encountered them, however the severe fighting of that memorable battle took place to the south-west of Gettysburg and not on the site of the Conewago Colony which was located to the east from there.

The records of the church show that about 170 New Jersey families were represented on these records and it has already been stated that by 1780 the colony had a population of about 1000 souls.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Number of parents, twice 170</td>
<td>340</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of unmarried, men and women migrating (say)</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of children migrating (say)</td>
<td>150</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Number of children baptised at Conewago</td>
<td>541</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>1081</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Less supposed deaths at Conewago</td>
<td>75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1006</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>


A tabulation of the Conewago Families whose names appear on the church records and which are not listed elsewhere herein:

| Banta, Abraham | Bodine, Daniel |
| Bissell, John  | Boycem, Dennis |
| Brien, Jeremiah, Philip | Coimmingore, John |
| Brokaw, Abraham, Ferdinand, Peter. | Conine, Peter |
| Byer, George   | Conover, Cornelius, John |
| Carmichael, Peter | Conrad, John |
| Chamberlain, Cleton | Cosart, Francis, David., Peter, Jacob. |
| Collins, John  | Covenhoven, Cornelius, John |
| Cloppor, Cornelius | Covert, Daniel, Isaac |
David Cossart, Son of Jacques II, and His Descendants

Cozart, Francis, David, Peter, Jacob
Cray.
DeGraff, Swart
Demarest, Luke, Samuel
Duryea, Samuel, Albert, Peter.
Freer, Jacobus
Hegeman, Abraham, Adrian
Hamer, Baltes
Harres, Daniel
Hoagland,
Hols, John
Hunts (Hants) Christopher, John
Hoogtaling, Hezekiah, William,
Henry, Abraham
Johnson, Thomas
Hunter, David
Kingsland, John
Kitchen, Richard
Lashell, George
Littell, Henry
Love, William
Luyster Peter
Meste, PeterMiddagh, Ephriam
Myers
Parcell, Brigon, Isaac, John, Ralph
Phuris, Joseph
Peterson, Gerbrant, Peter
Rue, Benedick
Schomp, George, Henry
Sebring, Samuel
Slot, Benjamin
Smock, Bernard, Jacob, John
Snedeker, Christian
Steg, Daniel, James
Stryker, Henry
Terpenning, Samuel
Van Arsdale, Cornelius
Vanderbilt, Jacobus
Van Duyven, Dennis
Van Harlingen
Van Huys (Van Nuys), Cornelius
Van Tyne (See Fontaine, Van
Tiue & c).
Van Zant, Bernard, Peter
Voorhees, Peter
Weeford., Eben
Williams, Daniel, Theod.ore
Yury, John

Of course it is possible, in fact it is Quite probable that a few mistakes and omissions have been made in the foregoing list, owing to the wretched and variable spelling of the Dutch pastors but the list is approximately correct including those shown on pages 236, 237, 242 and 243. Wherever it has been possible to do so the names have been corrected and translated into English.

Baptismal records of members of the Cossart family as they appear on the records of the Conewago Pennsylvania Dutch Church:
(Below list has been corrected. by O.L.C.).

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date:</th>
<th>Parents:</th>
<th>Child:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>October 23, 1769</td>
<td>David Cosart and Sarah Van Duyn</td>
<td>David</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>October 23, 1769</td>
<td>Peter Cosart and Maria Duryea</td>
<td>Francis</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>May 31, 1772</td>
<td>David, Cosart and Sarah Van Duyn</td>
<td>Peter</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>May 31, 1772</td>
<td>Peter Cosart and Maria Duryea</td>
<td>Samuel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>October 3, 1773</td>
<td>Peter Cosart and Maria Duryea</td>
<td>Jacob</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>March 13, 1774</td>
<td>David Cosart and Sarah Van Duyn</td>
<td>Margaret</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The following was written by the late Oliver L. Cozad of Marion, Ohio:

"Francis Cosart (103), son of David (8) baptised at New York City, July 21, 1717.

It will be seen that he became of age in 1738 and evidently married about this time as his eldest child Madalena we find was baptised at the Raritan Dutch Church October 17, 1740. His wife Margaret Van Nest was baptised at this same church October 14, 1719, she being a daughter of Peter Van Nest and his wife (second) Catherine Jane. David (8) father of Francis had now been dead less than a year when Madalena was born. About a month later we find Francis and Margaret sold the following described tract of land in Middlesex County. “Francis Cosart and wife Margaret of Piscataway Township, Middlesex County, Yeoman. To Johnathan Dunn of Elizabethtown, Essex County. Plantation of 162 acres which Cosart bought of Peter Williamson and Williamson bought of Even Drummond and James Alexander Esqrs., May 17, 1736 it being in Piscataway Township. See volume E2, page 479, New Jersey Deeds, Trenton, N.J.

The foregoing deed indicates that Francis and Margaret must have been housekeeping in Piscataway Township, Middlesex County where their first child was also born. In the proceedings of the New Jersey Historical Society (1894) 2nd Series, Volume 13, pp. 89-94 — Freeholders of Middlesex County, Piscataway Township (1750) the list contains the name of Francis Cosart. Ibid., 3rd series (1896) Volume 1, pp. 105—109.

Freeholders of Middlesex County, Piscataway Township, December 14, 1752, the list again contains the name of Francis Cosart. The history of Somerset County on page 660 shows that on March 17, 1750 Francis Cosart was elected assessor for Bridgewater Township (wherein Bound
Brook and Raritan (now Summerville) are located). Mr. Van Doren Honeyman of Plainfield, who is the present Secretary of the New Jersey Historical Society (1915) and also the Editor of the Somerset Historical Quarterly, inform me that he has in his possession a Somerset County Record, which shows that on May 23, 1729 David Cosart (8) purchased a 100 acre tract of land lying north-west of Bound Brook. Reference to the New Jersey Map will show that the Somerset-Middlesex County line runs almost due north-west from Bound Brook to Fairfield. Our Supposition is that this 100 acre tract purchased by David in 1729 must have lain on both sides of the Somerset-Middlesex County line, and, that it was this same 100 acres that was devised to his son Francis (see David’s will). If this hypothesis be correct and Francis built his residence on the Bridgewater Township line while part of his land extended across the line into Piscataway Township, he could in that case be eligible to election as an Assessor in Bridgewater Township, Somerset County and at the same time be listed as a Freeholder or land owner in Piscataway Township, Middlesex County. As the baptismal records of all the children of Francis and Margaret are found at the Raritan church it indicates that they remained in the vicinity of Bound Brook up until about 1765 when they in company with other Somerset and Bergen County families set out for the Conewago Valley in what was then York (now Adams) County, Penna. (See account of the Conewago Pennsylvania settlement elsewhere in this work).

The New York Military records show that a Francis Cossart served in Captain McMasters Company, Colonel Fishers Regiment, New York State Troops. Many have thought that this refers to Francis then living in the Conewago Pennsylvania settlement, but he is said to have been a man of such abnormal size (being so large, it is said, that his three sons after they were grown to manhood, could by standing closely together, button their father’s vest around them). I can hardly conceive of a man of this size campaigning over the New York hills with an army. The further fact that he was a member of the York County, Pennsylvania Committee of Correspondence during the Revolutionary War is further evidence that he is not the Francis referred to on the New York records. I think the New York soldier was his nephew, Francis (119), son of David. (98).

Archives of Pennsylvania, 3rd. Series · Return of Taxables, Straban Township, York County,

Francis Cosat, 150 acres, 5 horses, 5 cattle, 1 negro Tax £ 46-6-10. Volume 21, p. 114, 1779.

Francis Cozart, 150 acres, 4 horses, 7 cattle, 1 negroes Tax £ 35-16-0 Volume 21, p. 246, 1780.

Francis Cossart, 150 acres, 4 horses, 8 cattle, 2 negroes Tax £ 5-12-7 Volume 21, p. 420, 1781.

Francis Cozart, 150 acres, 4 horses, 8 cattle Tax £ 11-10-5 Volume 21, p. 652, 1782.

Francis Cozat, 150 acres, 3 inhabitants, 3 negroes Tax (?) Volume 21, p. 810, 1783:

THE VAN NEST FAMILY.

Peter Van Nest Jr., father of Margaret, married 1st Margaret Crocheron or Croisson of Staten Island; he married 2nd. time Catherine Jans and they settled near Raritan, N.J., where in 1699 we find him to be a member of the Assembly of East New Jersey. He was the eldest son of Peter Van Nest Sr., the common ancestor of all the American family who came over from the Netherlands in 1747 and settled at what is now Brooklyn, where he and his family were members of the Brooklyn church at the time that Jacques (3) and Lea or Lydia Cossart our common ancestors were also members. His wife Judith being a daughter of George de Rapalie and Catherine Trico, Huguenots of la Rochelle, France, (ancestry traceable to the 11th century) who came over on the ship “Unity” in 1623. (See Somerset Historical Quarterly, Volume 5, page 283; Volume 6, pp. 211—213).
Francis Cosart and wife Margaret Van Nest are buried in the church yard of the Conewago Dutch Church in Straban Township, near Hunterstown, Pennsylvania, some six miles east of Gettysburg.

After their death their descendants adopted more different forms of spelling the family name than did the descendants of any other couple in America. Those remaining about York and Adams county, Penna. settlement took the name of CASSATT, while those who went down into Virginia took the name of COZAD, those going to Kentucky took the name of COZATT, COSATT, COZART, COSSAIRT, CASSATT, COSAT, COZAT and etc., yet as will later be seen they all belong to the family of Francis Cosart and wife Margaret Van Nest.

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The children of Francis Cossart and his wife Margaret Van Nest were as follows:

**CHILDREN:**

1.2.6.9.1 123  i.  Madelina (or Mardelena) Cossart, born in Somerset Co., N.J., October 17, 1740, baptised January 1, 1741. No further record.

1.2.6.9.2 124  ii.  David (Davit) Cossart, b. 4/11/1773 Somerset Co., N.J. baptised 6/5/1743, d.12/29/1823/4 buried in the Low Dutch graveyard 1½ miles east of Hunterstown, Pa., Changed spelling of name to "CASSAT".

1.2.6.9.3 125  iii.  Peter Cossart, b. 8/30/1746 Somerset Co., N.J.; killed by Indians in Kentucky Circa 1781. Married Maria Duryee and they are the progenitors of the Cossart, Cosart, Cosat, Cassat, Cossat, Cossairt, Cozad, Cozart and Cozatt families found in the western states.

1.2.6.9.4 126  iv.  Jacob Cossart, born in Somerset Co., N.J., April 21, 1751; baptised May 12, 1751; died May 14, 1815 and is buried in the Low Dutch graveyard ½ miles east of Hunterstown, Pa. Changed spelling of name to "CASSAT".

1.2.6.9.5 127  v.  Critunna (or Styntie) Cossart, born in Somerset Co., N.J., August 21, 1755, baptised September 7, 1755; married Cornelius Clopper.


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“A deed may be found recorded at Trenton, N.J. in Liber 3, folio 479-481 bearing the name of Francis Cosart and wife Margaret of Piscataway, Middlesex County, N.J. Yeoman, and recites that they had conveyed property to Johanathan Dunn of Elizabethtown, Essex County.

The battle of Gettysburg in 1863 raged to the south-west of that town and hence the site of the Low Dutch Colony and its church was not on the battle ground.

The records of the old Conewago Church show that during the existence of that church the family of Francis was all spelling their names Cossart or Cosart, but along about 1800 we find the families of his two sons David and Jacob adopting the name of Cassatt, while the family of his other son Peter, those remaining in Adams County spell it Cassat while some of these same Peter’s family that settled in Preston County, West Virginia spell it Cozad and those of Peter’s family accompanying him to Kentucky have descendants in that state who are now spelling the name Cozatt and some in Tennessee who spell their name Cozart. The name of Casat may be found in Pennsylvania who are the descendants of Peter.
Madelina the eldest child of Francis and Margaret was baptised at the Raritan Church October 17, 1740. David (8) father of Francis had not been dead less than a year. One month later, November 19, 1740 we find Francis and Margaret sold the following described land “Francis Cosart and wife Margaret of Piscataway Twp., Middlesex County, N.J., Yeoman, to Johnathan Dunn of Elizabethtown, Essex County. Plantation of 162 acres which Cosart bought of Peter Williamson and Williamson bought of Evan Drummond and Janus Alexander Esqr., May 17, 1736, being in Piscataway Twp. (Volume E2 at page 479, New Jersey Deeds, Trenton, New Jersey).

This indicates that Francis and Margaret began housekeeping in the foregoing locality, where their first child was born. Mr. A.V.D. Honeyman, Secretary of the New Jersey Historical Society and Editor of the Somerset County Historical Quarterly informed me that he has a New Jersey record which shows that David (8) on May 23, 1729 purchased 100 acres of land lying north-west from Bound Brook, he also informs me that he has a Somerset County History which shows that Francis Cosart 1750 was elected Assessor for Bridgewater Township that county (March 17, 1750) wherein Bound Brook and Raritan (now Somerville) are located. See p. 660. The Raritan river divides Middlesex and Somerset Counties until it reaches Bound Brook where it makes a sharp turn to the west toward Raritan or Somerville. The line dividing these counties leaves the river at Bound Brook and runs northwest to Plainfield. The 100 acres bought by David Cosart in 1729 seems to have been on the Somerset side of this line while the 162 acres owned by his son-in-law Williamson and son Francis was on the Middlesex side of the line. The fact that David Cosart gave each of his living sons, George, David and Francis 100 acres of land lying in the vicinity of Bound Brook and the further fact that Francis is found to be the Assessor of Bridgewater Township in 1750 leads me to think that he remained in that vicinity until about 1765 when he in company with many other Somerset and Bergen County Colonists set out for the Conewago, Valley in York (now Adams) County, Penna..

New Jersey,
Secretary of State,
Vol. 32, apge 479

DEED
19 November 1740 -Francis Cosort and wife Margaret of Piscataway, Middlesex County, Yeomen, to Jonathan Dunn of Elizabethtown, Essex County. Plantation which Cosort bought Peter Williamson 13 May, in 13 of Lord George, and Williamson bought of Even Drummond and James Alexander Esqrs. 17 May 1736 and being in Piscataway, of 162 acres."

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“December 27, 1934

Mr. Joseph A. Cossairt,
U.S.S. Arizona,
San Francisco, Calif.

My Dear Mr. Cossairt:

Your letter of the 14th addressed to the Historical Society of Pennsylvania regarding my article on the “Pennsylvania Provisional Conference of 1776” was referred to me for answer.

The names of the delegates to this convention were taken from the published list in the “Journal” of that period and it does not contain the name of Francis Crozart. I did, however, find the name among the delegates from New York County elected to attend the convention called for July 18th, 1776, to adopt a Constitution for the Commonwealth.
Have you not confused the two conventions of June 18 and the later one which was called into being by the first?

Very sincerely,
/s/ James E. Gibson

JEG:gt

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Letters of Maria Elizabeth Montfort Melchoir. See pages 258, 259 and 260

“Springtown, Pa.,
August 2, 1895.

Mrs. Clara C. Keezel,
Garnett, Kansas.

My dear Mrs. Keezel:

When I wrote you from Gettysburg, Pa. in June I said I’d send you what I could relative to intermarriages between the Cassats and Monforts. I enclose a list taken from the History of the Dutch congregation of Oyster Bay and supplement by personal knowledge. Also inscriptions on stones in the two graveyards. Some day I may be able to send you a picture of the Francis Cassat (103) house and some of the graves.

If you have not sent the addresses of the Cassats to my sister, please do so - for we need all the dollars we can get to complete our endowment fund for the Old Dutch grave yard Oh, I wish you could see the neglected old place.

Yours truly, (Mrs.) Mary Montfort Melchor.

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“Springtown Pa.
December 20th 1905

My dear Mrs. Keezel:

I am glad to send you with this the picture of the Francis Cassat (103) house. I expect it will reach you in good condition.

Did my aunt (Miss Thornson) ever tell you anything personal. about Francis Cassat (103)? If she did not you may be interested in knowing that he was an exceptionally stout old gentleman. For some years before his death he lived in the basement or cellar. It was divided into several rooms and is so to this day, One was the loom room where all the spinning and weaving was done. In one of these rooms he lived and died So stout that he was not able to go up and down the steps. His three sons, viz. Peter (125), David (124) and Jacob (126) were each 6 feet in height
and not slender and as they stood together he could button his vest around the three. This comes from his Grand daughter, who was my grandmother (Mary Cassat 149) and who was born and lived in this house until her marriage. My mother (Sarah Eleanor Thompson) spent much of her childhood there with her uncle. The entrance to these cellar rooms is in the rear of the house. The doors do not show in the picture.

I am sorry that I do not have a picture of the Cassat graves in the Low Dutch graveyard to send you. My son made a blunder and took two exposures on one plate and thus spoiled the picture. I enclose a copy of the result. The grave stones in the picture are those of my great grand parents (Jacob 126).

There is no stone to mark the grave of Francis and Margaret Cassat (103). The figure in the foreground of both pictures is myself in a rain coat. Sometime I hope to have a picture of these graves to add to the collection I am making for my children. But it may not be for two or three years.

I return the names you so kindly sent to my sister. But I do not know that anyone responded financially. We are not succeeding as we would like to, but hope to get the work done in time.

I do not know how or where the other Adams Co. Cassats connect with us.

Francis (103) had three sons - Peter (125) went to Kentucky, when I know not. He may have left issue behind him. We know absolutely nothing of him. David (124) had three sons and three daughters.

Of the family of Dennis we know little. A. J. Cassat the Penna. R. R. man is of that family as you know.

Of the others (Jacob 126) we know all about them. Jacob (126) the other son, was my great grandfather. They have never been recognized by the “Low Dutch Clan” as kinfolks.

, Yes, I did, as a girl know all the “Coshuns” of the County. They sort of belonged to the Low Dutch tribe too. But the older ones are dead and the younger generation I do not know. But we never had an idea that they were Cassats originally (?). While “all the Low Dutch were related” · I don’t think we ever claimed any special kinship through either the Cassats, Montforts or Brinkerhoffs.

I will try when next I get to Hunterstown to get the old church records. Tell me just what you want.

Yes, the records went to the Presbyterian church after the Low Dutch congregation was disbanded. The records, such as would be found of the old Dutch Reformed church were in possession of Dr. Demarest at one time, but seem now to have disappeared.

Miss Neely takes little interest in anything of this sort. Is not concerned at all in our graveyard work.

I wanted to say in regard to the Cassat house that we do not know just when it was built. From the church records we judge Francis (103) came with the first colony to Conewago in 1765. A deed extant shows that he owned the land in 1768. All family traditions point to this as the only house on his place. It is probable that the kitchen part was first built, and later the main part added. The kitchen is large and the back corner, next to the main building has a bed room partitioned off. This
was occupied by “Uncle Jacobs” housekeeper in my childhood days and seemed to me such a funny place to sleep.

Later owners here have run the partition all the way across, making a sort of entry in the rear.

The interior of the house is practically unchanged. The quaint old porch has been replaced by a plain but more modern structure.

May I ask you · when you have time, to send me the links from Jacques (3) Cassat to Francis Cassat (103). I do not care now for any but the line that connects Jacques and Francis. Do you intend or are you preparing a history for publication? I hope so but meanwhile I would like to have my own descent. I have the other three lines from the first emigrant Montfort, Brinkerhoff and Thompson.

Wishing you a very happy Xmas I am,
Very truly yours,
Mary M. Melchor."

1.2.6.9.2 124 DAVID COSSART: (Cassat)

(3 Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

David Cossart, son of Francis and Margaret (Van Nest) Cossart was born April 11, 1743, and was baptised June 5, 1743. He died December 29, 1823/4 and is buried in the “Jersey Colonist” or Low Dutch graveyard 1½ miles east of Hunterstown, Pennsylvania, where his headstone may be seen which reads: “In memory of David Cassat, 81 years old, and his wife Sarah, 59 years old.” The headstone appears to be the oldest one standing in the Cassat plot. David was a member of the Dutch Reformed Church at Sommerville, Somerset County, N. J., and after removing to York County, Pa., became a member of that church after it was organized in 1768, and was one of its first church officers.

He married in 1764 to Sarah Van Duyn (or, Van Deyn), born 1741 and who died December 28, 1800, the daughter of David Van Duyn and Ida Monfort. Sarah is buried in the Low Dutch graveyard near Hunterstown as the above headstone indicates.

David was a member of the Pennsylvania Legislature for a number of years, and many of his descendants became prominent in various walks of life. "He served as a Private in Company “A”, 2nd. Battalion, York County Militia in 1778 and is shown on the rolls as DAVID COSART" (Reference: Pennsylvania Archives, Volume 2, Series 6, page 456). His descendants are eligible to join the S. A. R., and the D. A. R. organizations.

His name and that of his descendants was merged into CASSAT and CASSATT after 1800.

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“Returns of Taxables, Strabann Township, York County, Pa., 1780, show:

“David Cozat, 240 acres, 1 negro, 5 horses, 8 head of cattle, taxed £ 50.0.0.”
(Reference: Returns of York County, Pa., 1780, Pennsylvania Archives, page 246).

“The family of David became extensive farmers and influential citizens and took an
active part in the war of the Revolution. David Cassat reared a family of eight children, five sons and three daughters; the sons all becoming distinctive members of society.”  
*(Reference: Cumberland and Adams County, Pa. part 2, page 351-2)*.

“Mt. Pleasant Twp., Adams County, Pa., The assessments for the year 1800, made in 1799, places the total at $176,608, on which a tax of 22.8 per $100.00 was collected. The names of the property owners, and values assessed as given are as follows:

“David Cassat  $1,020.00

"The assessment for the year 1800, made in 1799, place the total at $132,197 at 30 per $100, was collected by Garret Van Arsdale and George Williamson. John Brinkerhoff was assessor. The 31 single men in the township at that time were taxed $1.00 each.

“David Cassat taxed on $1,940.00 valuation of property.”

**THE JUSTICE COLLECTION:**

‘David Cassatt, eldest son of Francis and Margaret, born April 11, baptised June 5, 1745 (2) Vol. 2 p. 302) died December 29, 1823 (Tombstone record at Conewago); married 1764, Sarah Van Duyn, born 1746, died April 27, 1800 (Tombstone record), daughter of David and Ida (Montfort) Van Duyn.

“April 24, 1779, a member of the 6th Batallion York County Militia. Col. John Andrews and a number of privates including David Cassatt, petitioned the Council to the effect that they were aggrieved to be ordered out to the frontier at the time when they should be at work putting in crops, the petition stating, “That they had been called out before when the enemy was in the City”, and “that they turned out with great spirit and underwent much danger”, etc. (Ibid p. 507)

“The military service of David Cassatt have been claimed by Prowell in his History of York County, Pa. for David Cassatt Jr. who in his biographical sketch of this distinguished lawyer, calls him a “Revolutionary Patriot”, but it is quite manifest that David Jr. born in 1769, could not have been serving his country as a “guard” in 1779.

“David and Sarah had issue seven children:

(1)  · David Cassatt Jr.,  (4)  · Dennis Cassatt  
(2)  · Peter Cassatt  (5)  · Jacob Cassatt  
(3)  · Margaret Cassatt  (6)  · Ida Cassatt  
(7)  · Mary Cassatt

“The will of David Van Duyn, of York Co. Pa. dated January 16, 1769, proved October 8, 1795. Executors: David Cossart and George Williamson. Wife Ida; children: David,
Sarah, wife of David Cossart; Cassar, wife of George Williamson, and Mary .... (husband's name omitted). Grandchildren: David, Nelly, Ida and Maria, children of Mary (surname not given).

"Recorded in. Deed Book 2 F, pages 16, 17 and 18:

“David Van Dine’s heirs to George Williamson. December 16, 1795 · York Deed Book 2 L, page 491 DAVID COSART and Sarah Cossart, daughter and one of the heirs of David Vandynn, late of York County, deceased, intermarried with said David Cossart and George Bercaw and Elenor Bercaw, late Elenor Vanderbilt, intermarried with said George Bercaw and granddaughter of one of said David Vandine, Clayton Chamberlain and Maria Chamberlain, late Maria Vanderbilt, intermarried with said Clayton Chamberlain and granddaughter and one of the heirs of said David Vandine. David Vanderbilt and Ida .Vanderbilt both grandchildren of said David, To George Williamson, of York County, whereas in pursuance of a warrant February 9, 1768, there was surveyed for David Van Dine a tract called Flat Bush, Stratan Township, adjoining land of George Lashall, 197½ acres, confirmed to said David by Thomas and John Penn July 19, 1773’, signed by parties in interest and witnessed by David Cassat and P. Williamson.

“Deed, February 12, 1789 · Francis Cossart, of Straton Township, York County, Pa., to DAVID COSSART, of same. Recites, Whereas the Executive Council of State of Pennsylvania, by three Patents, one March 12, 1785, and the other two May 25, 1785, granted and confirmed to Francis Cossart following adjoining tracts situated in Straton called Frankfort, Barrenhill, and Indian Spring. Beginning at a white oak boundary line of Cornelius Van Arsdal’s land and extending to lands of Henry Banta and along James Dickinson’s land, 615 acres 43 perches, as recorded in Patent Book 2 in No. 4, page 23, the other in Book 4, page 226. in consideration of £ 52. The balance of the 615 acres, containing 281 acres 75 perches.  

/s/ FRANCIS COSSART

Witnesses present:
Lawrence Monfort, Francis Cossart Jr.

THE WILL OF DAVID CASSAT:

“Will of David Cassat, of Adams County, Pa., January 24, 1824 (1822 no day of month: Original will), states “I have at sundry times made advances to my son Francis (now deceased) also given him somewhere about 100 acres in New York State. I further give to his children (not named) £100 to be equally divided between them.

Son David, son Peter, who died in testator’s life time. I bequeath to his two children, Susan and Peter Alexander, £ 50 each. Son Dennis, deceased in my lifetime, I bequeath to his two children (not named) £ 50 each at age of 21. Son Jacob: daughter Idah, intermarried with George Brinkerhoff: daughter Margaret: daughter Mary, intermarried with Peter Hulick.

"Executors: son Jacob Cassat and son-in-law Peter Hulick.

“Witnesses: Abraham King, Daniel C. Arnold..”

“Among the names of the heads of families of the Conewago settlement were: David, Francis, Jacob and Peter Cosart (p. 268).”
David Cassat was mentioned in the will of his sister Christina Clopper in 1801.

David signed the memorial to congress Circa 1783 as one of the “Intended Friends”, requesting a grant of land (See further data. on this under his brother Peter Cossart's 125. JAC)

The children of David Cassat and Sarah Van Duyn were eight in number:

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1.2.6.9.2.1 130 DR. FRANCIS CASSATT:

(David 124: Francis 103: David 8: Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Dr. Francis Cassatt, M.D., was born November 30, 1766 at Conewago, Pa. and died at Lebanon, Warren County, Ohio, sometime in 1814. He practiced medicine at Oxford, Ohio. He is mentioned in his father's will, i.e. "......I have at sundry times made advances to my son Francis (now deceased.) also given him somewhere about 100 acres of land, in New York State. I further give to his children (not named) £100 to be equally divided between them." Will dated January. 24, 1824, in Adams County, Pa.

Francis married on January 13, 1787 to Martha Van Zant.

CHILDREN:

| 1.2.6.9.2.1.1 166 | i. David C. Cassatt, b. near Gettysburg, Pa 2/15/1788, and died 9/30/1872 at Cincinnati', Ohio. |
| 1.2.6.9.2.1.2 167 | ii. Peter Cassatt, born near Gettysburg: Pa., August 20, 1797; married August 5, 1818 to Elizabeth Hines. |
| 1.2.6.9.2.1.3 168 | iii. Margaret Cassatt was the second child of Dr. Francis and Martha, born August 21, 1791. She never married and it is said that she was a very intellectual woman and deeply interested in medicine. |
| 1.2.6.9.2.1.4 169 | iv. Sarah Cassatt, third child, born October 16, 1794: married a Mr. Carlsisle. She died in 1878. No further record. |
| 1.2.6.9.2.1.5 170 | v. Elizabeth (Eliza) Montfort Cassatt, the ninth child, of Dr. Francis and Martha, was born December 2, 1813 and died in 1884. She married Joseph Warne. Died at Cincinnati, Ohio. They had three daughters and Dr. Warne of Chicago, Illinois. |
| 1.2.6.9.2.1.6 171 | vi. Maria Ida Cassatt; married to Ezekial de Camp. |
1.2.6.9.2.1.7 172 vii. Francis Cassatt Jr., born 1801; married a Miss Minor.
1.2.6.9.2.1.8 173 viii. Dennis Cassatt, born March 5, 1804; died 3/8/1878.
1.2.6.9.2.1.9 174 ix. Dr. Austin Bernard Cassatt, born 1807; died in 1850.

1.2.6.9.2.1.1 166 DAVID C. CASSATT:

(Dr. Francis 130; David 124; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

David C. Cassatt, was born near Gettysburg, York (now Adams) County, Pennsylvania on February 15, 1788, and died September 30, 1872/3 at Cincinnati, Ohio.

He married in February 1817 to Mary See, born at Moorefield, Hardy County, Virginia, and died March 12, 1869 at Cincinnati, Ohio. She was the daughter of Adam and Catherine (Seymour) See.

CHILDREN:

1.2.6.9.2.1.1.1 (239) i. Charles Cassatt, died in infancy.
1.2.6.9.2.1.1.2 (240) ii. A son, not named, died in infancy.
1.2.6.9.2.1.1.3 (241) iii. Edward (or Edmund) Burke Cassatt, died at 27 years of age.
1.2.6.9.2.1.1.4 (242) iv. Catherine Seymour Cassatt, b. Cincinnati, OH, 8/16/1823, died 1/9/1909. m. John Townsend who died in 1901. Lived at Caryle, IL
1.2.6.9.2.1.1.5 (243) v. Caroline Mary Cassatt, m. Lindley James Davis. d. Los Angeles, CA
1.2.6.9.2.1.1.6 (244) vi. Samuel Ramsey Cassatt, deceased Never married.
1.2.6.9.2.1.1.7 (245) vii. Frances Ellen Cassatt, born July 9, 1834, died April 2, 1917. Married April 6, 1858 to the Rev. Gideon Minor Barber, MD., died Lake Park, IN
1.2.6.9.2.1.1.8 (246) viii. Evelyn Cassatt, died in infancy.

1.2.6.9.2.1.1.4 242 CATHERINE SEYMOUR CASSATT:

David C. 166; Dr. Francis 130; David 124; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Catherine Seymour Cassatt was born August 16, 1823 at Cincinnati, Ohio, and died January 9, 1909. She was married at that place to John R. Townsend, born September 29, 1818 at Pittsburg, Pa. and died January 4, 1874.

CHILDREN:

427 i. Mary Elizabeth Townsend, born February 20, 1846, died October 17, 1861.
429 iii. Sarah Belle Townsend, born August 10, 1853; married October 1877, to Mr. Moore.
430 iv. Evaline Seymour Townsend, born December 1850 at Cincinnati, Ohio. Married August 11, 1869 to Mr. Wheelan.
431 v. Catherine Barber Townsend, born January 3, 1858 at Caryle, Ill. Married April 18, 1883 at Cana, Colo. to Mr. Lacy.
434 viii. Margaret Whitcomb Townsend born January 31, 1865. Married December 10, 1884 at Chico, Calif. to Mr. Lacy.

1.2.6.9.2.1.1.7 245 FRANCES ELLEN CASSATT:

David C. 166; Dr. Francis 130; David 124; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Ellen Cassatt was born July 7, 1843 at Cincinnati, married same place April 6, 1858, to the Rev. Gideon Minor Barber, who died in 1874.

CHILDREN:
1. Dr. David Cassatt Barber, born July 3, 1862. Married Miss E. Yates, lived in Los Angeles, Calif. He was Superintendent of the City and County Hospital. Had a son Allyn Michael Barber.

2. Alma Mary Barber, born July 9, 1864; married the Rev. Lewis Fred Dimmitt; lived at Shelbyville, Indiana. Had two sons - Ralph and Donald.


4. Frances Ellen Barber, single. Lived at Mountain Lake, Park, Maryland.

1.2.6.9.2.1.2.167 PETER PHILANDER CASSATT:

(Dr. Francis 130; David 124; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Peter Philander Cassatt, the fourth child of Dr. Francis and Martha was born near Gettysburg, York (now Adams) County, Penna. Married August 5, 1818 to Elizabeth Hines of Leesburg, Virginia, born in 1799, died in Paris, Illinois. Peter died in 1850/68.

CHILDREN:

1.2.6.9.2.1.2.1.247 i. Higgins Cassatt, born 8/21/1821, died in 1889.

1.2.6.9.2.1.2.2 (248) ii. Augusta Penn Cassatt, b. 7/15/1823, Felicity, OH. married 1st time 10/17/1848 to Thomas Larkins; and in 1859 she married a 2nd time to Daniel McMillan. No issue. died 1893.

1.2.6.9.2.1.2.3 (249) iii. Nackey Ellen Cassatt, b. 2/28/1826, d.11/18/1827 Felicity, OH


1.2.6.9.2.1.2.5 (251) v. Rebecca Elizabeth Cassatt, b.10/30/1830, d.4/13/1833 Felicity, OH

1.2.6.9.2.1.2.6 (252) vi. Anna Pigmen Cassatt, born January 26, 1833, died 1889

1.2.6.9.2.1.2.7 (253) vii. Mary (Maria) Cassatt, born April 13, 1835/6, married 1865 to William J. Gregg. Lived at Paris, Illinois.

1.2.6.9.2.1.2.8 (254) viii. Josephine Bonaparte Cassatt, born May 26, 1837; married 1865 to Jacob I. La Grange and lived at Paris, IL

1.2.6.9.2.1.2.9 (255) ix. James F.T. Cassatt, born January 4, 1840, died 1862.

1.2.6.9.2.1.2.10 (256) x. Flavious J. P. Cassatt, born 10/5/1842; married 1896 to Julia Herndon Redd, lived at Oakland, IL No Children.

1.2.6.9.2.1.2.4.250 JOHN WILSON HALTER CASSATT:

(Peter P. 167; Dr. Francis 130; David 124; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Rev. John Wilson Halter Cassatt was born August 21, 1821; died in 1889; married in 1853 to Mary Ann Gaddis; died at Edinburgh, Ind. Archibald was born at Felicity, Ohio. married Mary Gaddes in 1853, she was born in 1833)

CHILDREN:


440 ii. Charles Cassatt, born in 1855, died in 1856 at Paris, Ill.

441 iii. Josephine Cassatt, born in 1856, died in 1856 at Paris, Ill.

442 iv. Elizabeth Cassatt, born 1859, died in 1863 at Paris, Ill.

443 v. Francis Cassatt, born 1872; lived at 33 West Illinois St., Indianapolis, Indiana.
CHILDREN: (By 1st wife).

445 i. Katy Susan Cassatt, born August 7, 1854 died September 7, 1855.

CHILDREN: (By 2nd wife).


447 iii. William Wortman Cassatt, born August 16, 1860/1; died May 20, 1884 at Oxford, OH


449 v. Bitha C. Cassatt, born 1865; married 1898 to Dr. Jamison Mortz and they lived at Defiance, Ohio.


451 vii. Susan Cassatt, born July 4, 1875 at Springfield, Ohio. Lived at Greenville, Darke County, Ohio, and later in 1932 resided at Indianapolis, Indiana.

452 viii. Mary Catherine Cassatt, born April 18, 1879 at Piqua, Ohio. Lived at Greenville, Darke County, Ohio.

1.2.6.9.2.1.2.6

252 ANNA PIGMAN CASSATT:

(Peter P. 167; Dr. Francis 130; David 124; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Anna pigman Cassatt was born in 1833 at Felicity, Ohio; married 1861 to William L. Corbin born 1820.

CHILD:

444 i. Mary Frances Corbin; lived at Hopkinsville, Kentucky.

1.2.6.9.2.1.2.7.

253 MARY MARIA CASSATT:

(Peter P. 167; Dr. Francis 130; David 124; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Mary Maria Cassatt was born in 1835 at Felicity, Ohio. Married December 9, 1856 to William J. Gregg born in 1827, died 1892.

CHILDREN:

453 i. Edgar Everett Gregg, born 1857; lived at Paris, Ill.

454 ii. George W. Gregg, born in 1859; died in 1888; lived at Paris, Illinois.

455 iii. Harmon Francis Gregg, born 1862, died 1864.

456 iv. William Penn Gregg, born 1868 died 1896; lived at Cincinnati, Ohio.

457 v. Evelyn Augusta Gregg, born 1873; lived at Paris, Ill.

458 vi. Clara Eliza Gregg, born 1878, died 1880 at Paris, Ill.

1.2.6.9.2.1.2.8.

254 JOSEPHINE BONAPARTE CASSATT:

(Peter P. 167; Dr. Francis 130; David 124; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).


CHILDREN:

459 i. Jessie Augusta La Grange, born 1868; married 1892 to Charles Weber and they had two Sons - Harold b. 1893 and David born 1897. or Charles Weider.

460 ii. Josephine Bonaparte Cassatt La Grange, born 1872; died 1899; married Clarence Turner; had Josepbine born 1897.

461 iii. Jacob Alden La Grange b 1875; lived at Paris, Ill.

462 iv. Anna Estel La Grange born 1879; married 1901 to Chester Sliowalter. or Lowalter). Lived at Bedford, Indiana.

1.2.6.9.2.1.6

171 MARIA IDA CASSATT:

(Dr. Francis 130 David 124: Francis 103: David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Maria Ida Cassatt, Was the eighth child of Dr. Francis and Martha; she was born December 1,
1810. Married Joseph De Camp.

**CHILDREN:**

1.2.6.9.2.1.6.1  (257) i. Ezekiel De Camp of the Third National Bank of Cincinnati, OH
1.2.6.9.2.1.6.2  (258) ii. Olive De Camp, married a Mr. Minton of Cincinnati, Ohio.

1.2.6.9.2.1.7  172  **FRANCIS CASSATT JR:**

(Dr. Francis 130 David 124; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Francis Cassatt Jr., was the fifth child of Dr. Francis and Martha. He was born July 11, 1801; married Judith Miner. Died at Indianapolis, Indiana.

**CHILD:**

1.2.6.9.2.1.7.1  (259) i. Charles Miner (Gideon) Cassatt, born 1840. Was of Northville, South Dakota. Died in April 1923.

1.2.6.9.2.1.7.1  259  **CHARLES MINOR (GIDEON) CASSATT:**

(Charles Miner 172; Dr. Francis 130 David 124; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1.

Charles Minor (Gideon) Cassatt, was born 1840 at Hamilton, Ohio. Removed, to Northville, South Dakota. Died in April 1923. Married at Springfield, Illinois to Wenona Wolfe, born September 24, 18(?), the daughter of George C. Wolfe. Charles belonged to the Methodist Episcopal Church and was a Republican in politics. About the time of the Civil War he dropped the Christian name Gideon and adopted Charles instead.

A letter written by the son of Charless in 1921 states: 
"Francis and Judith Cassatt were my grandparents and Gideon Miner Cassatt is my father, but changed his first name about the time of the Civil War to Charles, by which he is now known. He is 83 years old and is quite hale and hearty and no doubt will be able to give you data that you may need. He is living at Northville, S.D. and is the only survivor of his family. He had three sisters and three brothers that I knew of, and are all dead.

/s/ George W. Cassatt."

**CHILD:**

463 i. George Wolfe Cassatt, born July 26, 1881 at Springfield,IL. Lives at Yakima, WA

1.2.6.9.2.1.7.1.1  463  **GEORGE WOLFE CASSATT:**

(Charles Miner 259; Francis 172; Dr. Francis 130; David 124; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

George Wolfe Cassatt, born July 26, 1881 at Springfield, Ill., and lives at Yakima, Washington. Married Elizabeth Margaret Neller, born May 7, 1884 at Springfield, Ill. They were married September 4, 1904. She was the daughter of Peter Neller and Katherine Margaret Long. George is a Democrat in politics and a member of the Episcopal Methodist Church and belongs to the Eagles and Woodmen of the world Lodges. Residence: 212 North Hillcrest St., Yakima, Washington.

**CHILDREN:**

8-641 i. Viola Mae Cassatt, born October 19, 1905, and resides at Northville, South Dakota.
8-643 iii. Effie Wenona Cassatt, born April 6, 1908. Tacoma, Wn.
8-645 v. Hazel Marie Cassatt, born February 20, 1910; Yakima, Washington.
8-646 vi. Charles Cassatt, born February 21, 1912; single; Yakima, Washington. (1935)
8-647 vii. George Cassatt, born February 21, 1912; single; Yakima, Washington. (1935)

1.2.6.9.2.1.8  173  **DENNIS CASSATT:**
Dennis Cassatt, was the sixth child of Dr. Francis and Martha. He was born 3/5/1804 (or July 5, 1804). Died March 8, 1878 (or November 4, 1849); lived at Higginson, Brown County, Ohio. Married 1833 to Isabella York. Died in Higginson.

**CHILD:**

1.2.6.9.2.1.8.1 (260)  
i. Edward Cassatt, born March 4, 1845. Was of North Kenova.

**1.2.6.9.2.1.8.1**  
260   **EDWARD CASSATT:**

(Dennis 173; Dr. Francis 130; David 124; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Edward Cassatt of North Kenova, Lawrence County, Ohio, married 1st time to Elizabeth J. Dean May 16, 1877. Married a 2nd time to Samantha Betts and had four children by her.

"Edward Cassat, cabinet maker, Higginsport. Dennis Cassat, father of our subject was born in the State of New York, July 5, 1804, but from 8 or 9 years of age, was brought up near Lebanon, Warren County, Ohio, and in Cincinnati, Ohio. In 1831, he came to Higginsport, where he remained until his death, March 8, 1878. He was by occupation a cabinet maker, and was one of the early mechanics of the village, where he labored at his trade until his death. He was an excellent and finished workman, which, coupled with his honorable principles, brought him a fair patronage. He embraced the religion of the Methodist Episcopal Church in early life, and was a much devoted member through life. In 1839, he, with Mr. Patterson, was instrumental in erecting an edifice in which to worship in Higginsport. In May 1833, he was married to Isabella York, born in Brown County April 22, 1808 and died on July 1, 1876. He and his wife walked in harmony with true faith and unflinching fidelity in the Methodist Episcopal Church for many years.

Their family was small consisting of only three children, of whom Edward, the subject of this sketch, is the only surviving member. He was born March 4, 1845, the day of President Polk’s Inauguration as Chief Magistrate of the United States. His place of nativity is Higginsport, where he has ever since resided. He attended the school of his native town, and early in life commenced laboring in the shop of his father; he soon became master of his trade, and since 1870, has conducted the business alone. He, and his father before him, is favored with a respectable patronage. He was united in marriage, May 16, 1877, With Elizabeth Dean, of Bracken County, Kentucky, but a native of Ohio. To this union have been given three children.

(Reference: History of Brown County, Ohio, 1883, page 96, part 5).

**CHILDREN:**  

464, i. Isabella M. Cassatt,  
465 ii. Edward B. Cassatt,  
466 iii. Gracie D. Cassatt.

**1.2.6.9.2.1.9**  
174   **DR. BERNARD AUSTIN CASSATT:**

(Dr. Francis 130; David 124; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Dr. Bernard Austin Cassatt, was the seventh child of Dr. Francis and Martha, was a native of Ohio and was born May 17, 1807; died in 1850. Married in 1832 to Mary Korns. He died in Clarksburg, Ross County, Ohio, and his wife died in the same year, their deaths occurring within six months of each other.

**CHILDREN:**

1.2.6.9.2.1.9.1 (261)  
i. Josephine Bonaparte Cassatt b. 1837, d.1903. m. William Cottrell of Cleveland, Ohio, and they had 8 children.  
1.2.6.9.2.1.9.2 (262)  
ii. Dr. Massillon Cassatt, born 2/23/1840; m. Eliza Smethurst.  
1.2.6.9.2.1.9.3 (263)  
iii. Augusta Ellen Cassatt, b.1842, d.1877; married Benjamin Cattrill of Parkersburg, WVa, and they had three children.  
1.2.6.9.2.1.9.4 (264)  
iv. Calmet Cassatt, born in 1843 and died in 1850.

**1.2.6.9.2.1.9.2**  
262   **DR. MASSILLON CASSATT:**

(Dr. Bernard Austin 174; Dr. Francis 130; David 124; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).
Jacques 1).

Dr. Massillon Cassatt was born February 23, 1840; married Eliza Emma Smethurst and they lived at 2304 Victor Street, Cincinnati, Ohio. She was born March 4, 1854. He died June 5, 1890.

"Massillon Cassat, physician, with offices at No. 313 Elm Street, Cincinnati, Ohio, and residence on the north-east corner of Ludlow and Cook Ave., Clifton, was born at Washington Courthouse, Fayette County, Ohio, a son of Dr. Bernard Austin and Mary (Korns) Cassat, natives of Ohio. Both parents died in 1850, Within six months of each other: they had four children, two of whom are living: Mrs. Josephine (Cassat) Cottrill, of Cleveland, Ohio, and our subject.

The maternal grandparents of Massillon Cassat were Huguenots who left France during the persecution, their name being GUIZOT, The historian by that name having been a relative

His paternal grandfather, Dr. Francis Cassat, practiced medicine at Oxford, Ohio. His wife's name was Mary (Van Zant) Cassatt.

Our subject was educated at Cincinnati, and was graduated from Medical College of Ohio in 1864. On June 5, 1890 he was united in marriage to Miss Emma E. daughter of Harrison and Rebecca (Paxton) Smethurst, of Cincinnati, Ohio. This union has been blessed with two children: Bernard Austin Cassat, born April 17, 1891, and Helen Paxton Cassat, born December 27, 1892. The doctor is a member of the Cincinnati Academy of Medicine and the American Medical Association. He is Librarian of the Cincinnati Natural Historical Society. Politically he is a Republican; in religion a Methodist. 

Reference: History of Cincinnati and Hamilton Counties, Ohio, 1894).

CHILDREN:

467  i. Bernard Austin Cassatt, born April 17, 1891.
468  ii. Helen Paxton Cassatt, born December 27, 1892.

1.2.6.9.2.2  131  DAVID CASSAT JR:

(David 124; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

David Cassat Jr., born in 1768 and was baptised at Conewago October 23, 1769 at the same place; died May 28, 1824 at York, Pa., and was buried in the First Presbyterian Church grounds: married Hannah Simpson a sister of Lydia Simpson who married his brother Dennis Cassat.

He entered Dickson College, at Carlisle, Pa., soon after it was founded by the Presbyterians, and was a class mate of Roger B. Taney, who became Chief Justice of the United States. Soon after his graduation he went to York, Pa., and studied law under the instructions of James Campbell and was admitted to the bar March 4, 1794.

“The will of Jacob Dritt, dated April 12, 1815, proved January 1, 1818, of Windson Township, York Co., Pa. Executors: William Barber, David Cassat and Susan Spangler. Wife Elizabeth; Children, Elizabeth, Magdalena and Margaret."


Will of David Cassat, of York, dated April 22, 1824, pr. June 1, 1824 (York Will Book p page 135): Wife Margaret, daughters Hannah, Sarah, Isabella; sons David, Henry. Law books, etc. to son Henry. Provides for advances for three youngest children, unmarried.

Executors: son Henry, son-in-law Thomas B. Coleman and friends William Barber and John Schmidt.
Witnesses: George Small and Peter Schultz.

February 23, 1805, deed John Penn and Richard Penn by their attorney, John R. Coates, to Jacob Barnitz, David Cassat, Charles B. Fisher, John Fisher, of all actions, rights, claims and demands, Lot 56, being the same lot granted by Patent to Matthias Sitler May 23, 1765 (Patent Book A, Vol. 18, p. 394) N. E. Corner adjoining Center Square and George Street now vested in said parties, £21 and interest.

“The State of Kentucky, Mercer County.

I, Samuel Demaree of the State of Kentucky and County of Mercer, only surviving executor of Cornelius Couzine, deceased, appoints Lucas Vanarsdel of the State and County aforesaid, Jacob Cossart and David Cossart Jr., of York, Pa., my lawful attorneys relative to executorship. /Signed/ SAMUEL DEMAREE.”

The military services of David Cassat Sr., have been claimed by Prowell in his History of York County, Pa., for David Cassat Jr., the subject of this sketch, who in his biographical sketch of this distinguished lawyer, calls him a “Revolutionary Patriot”, but it is quite manifest that David Jr., born in 1768, could not have been serving his country as a guard in 1779. This sketch is responsible for a considerable amount of confusion relative to the origin of the Cassatt family in America, an example of which may be found in the “COSSITT” genealogy to be found in most genealogical libraries. The sketch in question is herewith quoted:

“David Cassat, a leader of the York County Bar during the early part of the last century, was born near Hunterstown, in the present limits of Adams County, in 1768. He was the son of Francis Cassat, a Revolutionary war patriot who came from New Jersey to York County with the Dutch settlers who located on the site of Hunterstown.

David Cassat entered Dickson College, Carlisle, soon after it was founded by the Presbyterians and while in that institution was a classmate of Roger B. Taney, who became Chief Justice of the United States. Soon after his graduation, David Cassat, took up his residence at York. He studied law under the instruction of James Campbell, and was admitted to the bar, March 4, 1794. The bar at this early date was composed of half a dozen members, including James Smith, David Grier, Thomas Hertley, John Clark and Ralph Bowie. He soon acquired a large practice and was attorney in a number of cases involving land litigations. While Thaddeus Stevens was one of the instructors in the York County Academy, 1812-14, he studied law under the direction of David Cassat, who during the last 20 years of his life, occupied an influential and prominent position in the affairs of the borough and County of York.

In 1809, when the York Bank was established, the first financial institution in the borough, he was one of the board of directors and served as president. of that institution from the time of its origin until his death in 1824. In 1816 he became interested the movement to supply the borough of York with water. He drew up the papers for the organization of the York Water Company and was its President from 1818 to 1824. During his professional career at York he was deeply interested in the cause of education and served for a long period, (twenty-four years), as one of the trustees of the Academy. He was also one of the founders of the York Library Company of which he served as secretary. The library was kept on the second floor of the first court house, which stood in Center Square. His law office was situated in the northeast angle of Center Square, second door from George Street corner, in a building owned during the Revolution by General Henry Miller. This building was also the private residence of Mr. Cassat.

In personal appearance, David Cassat, was tall, erect in form with pleasing address
and cultured manners. After a successful career as a lawyer and citizen, he died at his residence in Center Square, May 28, 1824. His family some years later owned and occupied the large house situated at the southwest corner of Market and Duke Streets in York. Mrs. Cassat was a woman of many accomplishments. Isabella, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Cassat became the wife of Samuel Small of the firm of P.A. and S. Small, through whose beneficence the York Collegiate Institute was founded in 1873. The "Cassat Library", in this institution, was named in honor of Mrs. Small. The second daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Cassat married Robert W. Coleman, the great iron master, who owned the large furnace at Lebanon, and the forges at Spring Grove and Castle Fin, in this county. The children of Mr. and Mrs. Coleman, after the death of their parents, spent much of their time at the home of their grandmother, at York."


‘David Cassat was born 1768. He entered Dickson College when under the presidency of the celebrated Dr. Charles Nesbit, and was a classmate of Chief Justice Roger B. Taney. After his graduation he came to York and studied law with John Campbell, being in the year 1791, and was admitted to the bar March 4, 1794, and soon acquired distinction as a lawyer. Mr. Cassat was a man of most excellent character, of the strictest integrity, and was held in high estimation by everyone. He was thoroughly public spirited, and either led or supported every important enterprise that tended to increase the material interest of York. No man in York, during his day, was a stronger advocate of public education and he spent much time in its support. In 1814 he became one of the Charter Members of old York Bank, and was chosen its 1st President, which position he held until his death. It was greatly through his enterprise that the water company was organized, and he became its 1st President. He was a man of good judgement, keen discrimination, high moral character, and genial and affable manners. He won many friends, and had a large practice. He died May 28, 1824, at the early age of 56 years. His daughter Isabella, was the wife of our late venerable townsman Samuel Small, Sr. The Library and Collegiate Institute, from her father, is entitled, the CASSATT LIBRARY.

(Reference: History of York County, Pa., 1886, pages 447—8).

The children of David Cassat, Jr., and Hannah Simpson were as noted below.

CHILDREN:

1.2.6.9.2.2.1 175 i. Hannah Cassat.
1.2.6.9.2.2.2 176 ii. Isabella Cassat, born January 17, 1790. *
1.2.6.9.2.2.3 177 iii. David Cassat, died without issue.
1.2.6.9.2.2.4 178 iv. Henry Cassat, died January 1827, intestate.
1.2.6.9.2.2.5 179 v. Sarah Cassat, married Thomas Byrd Coleman.

1.2.6.9.2.2 176 ISABELLA (ISABELE) CASSAT:

(David 131; David 124; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Isabele Cassat, was born January 17, 1790; married March 26, 1834: to Samuel Small, born July 25, 1789, died July 14, 1885, the son of George and Anna Maria (Allbright) Small. Died without issue.

“The Cassat Library was founded by the trustees of the York Collegiate Institute soon after that institution was established. It was named in honor of Isabel Cassat, wife of Samuel Small, Sr., founder of the Institute. It originally contained a few hundred volumes. During the progress of the institution the library has been enlarged and in 1907 contained 3,000 volumes. This library was made up of a selection of the best works of literature, science, art, philosophy and history.

The first Presbyterian Church of York, has a well selected library containing 1,500 volumes. This
number does not include the Sunday School library in the chapel of the church.

As early as 1850 patrons, friends and students of the York County Academy began the collection of a library for use in that institution. Originally most of its volumes were reference books but many other volumes have been added. John C. Jordan, a member of the board of trustees and a prominent citizen of York, recently contributed funds for the purchase of reference works and such other books as are needful, for the students of the academy.

The Historical Society of York County owns & collection of rare books and historical works, numbering about 2,000 volumes. The Law Library owned by the bar association contains 4,000 volumes. It is used as a reference library for the Attorneys of York.

“Isabella Cassat, daughter of David and Hannah (Simpson) Cassat, died January 17, 1890 without issue. Married March 26, 1834 Samuel Small born July 25, 1799, died July 14, 1885, son of George and Anna Maria (Albright) Small. He was one of the firm of R. B. & S. Small of York, Pa., founded in 1833. Through his beneficence, the York Collegiate Institute was founded in 1873, and the “Cassat Library” of this institution, was named after his wife. The wills of Samuel Small and his wife are given in full in the “Genealogical Records of George Small, etc., pages 61 to 68. Their large estates went to religious and charitable institutions and to relatives of the Small family.”

Reference: Alfred R. Justice, Genealogist, Philadelphia

1.2.6.9.2.2.5 179 SARAH CASSAT:

(David 131: David 124: Francis 103: David 8: Jacques 3: Jacques 1).

Sarah Cassat, daughter of David and Hannah (Simpson) Cassat, married Thomas Burd Coleman. Mr. Coleman owned the large furnaces and Lebanon and forges at Spring Grove and Castle Finn, Pa.

CHILDREN:

1.2.6.9.2.2.5.1 (265) i. Robert W. Coleman.
1.2.6.9.2.2.5.2 (266) ii. William Coleman.
1.2.6.9.2.2.5.3 (267) iii. Anna Coleman, married B. R. Alden.
1.2.6.9.2.2.5.4 (268) iv. Sarah H. Coleman.
1.2.6.9.2.2.5.5 (269) v. Margaret Coleman; married W. G. Freeman.

1.2.6.9.2.3 132 PETER CASSAT:

(David 124: Francis 103: David 8: Jacques 3: Jacques 1).

Peter Cassat, baptised at Conewago May 31, 1772 as Pieter Coesat. Deceased at date of father’s will in 1824 (Justice records give date of his death as 1852). He was buried at Hunterstown, Adams County, Pa. Married Susan Stansbury. She married a second time a Mr. Coster. The children by Peter were a son and daughter.

CHILDREN:

1.2.6.9.2.3.1 180 i. Peter Alexander Cassat, married a Miss Clark.
1.2.6.9.2.3.2 181 ii. Susan Cassat.
1.2.6.9.2.3.1 180  PETER ALEXANDER CASSAT:

(Peter 132; David 124; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Peter Alexander Cassat, was born at Baltimore, Maryland, on August 28, 1807, died September 19, 1853 at Cincinnati (Parma), Ohio. Married February 3, 1831 to Sally Ann Clark, born March 4, 1812, died September 4, 1836. This line is now extinct.

CHILDREN:

1.2.6.9.2.3.1.1 (270) i. Hannah Adelaide Cassat, born at Cleveland, Ohio, July 30, 1832, Susan Elizabeth died single at old lady’s home at Columbus Ohio. Hannah lived at 1776 Brown Street, Columbus, O., in 1904.

1.2.6.9.2.3.1.2 (271) ii. Susan Elizabeth Cassat, b. Cleveland, OH, 7/26/1834. D.9/8/1836.

1.2.6.9.2.3.1.3 (272) iii. Ezra Clark Cassat, b. Cleveland, OH 6/12/1836; died 9/17/1836.

1.2.6.9.2.3.1.1 270  HANNAH ADELAIDE CASSAT

(Peter 180 : Peter 132: David 124: Francis 103: David 8: Jacques 3: Jacques 1).

Hannah Adelaide Cassat, born at Cleveland, Ohio, July 30, 1832, Susan Elizabeth died single at old lady’s home at Columbus Ohio. Hannah lived at 1776 Brown Street, Columbus, O., in 1904. She was a very bright correspondent, totally blind, but writing her own letters remarkably well. A newspaper clipping says: “Among the Huguenots who fled from France quite early to Amsterdam and came to the colonies in 1700, were the ancestors of Miss Adelaide Cassatt who, by the way, is a cousin of Mr. A. J. Cassatt, President of the Pennsylvania Railway Co. The people first mentioned settled in New Jersey on their arrival here and later moved to Pennsylvania. The old homestead which is a castle with nothing modern in it is still standing and is in the hands of descendants. An additional interest is attached to the place for it was right over the homestead that the battle of Gettysburg started. The Union Army was on the hill, the castle on the other, and the Rebels shelled over the place. In doing so, they partly displaced the monument of Miss Cassatt’s grandfather, and the monument still stands as the Confederate Army left it. Mr. Emanuel Stansberry of the Revolution is one of Miss Cassatt’s renowned ancestors whom she says “is worthy of being proud of”. Miss Cassatt has the Stansberry family Bible, which is of Great antiquity; it was this book that Mr. Emanuel Stansberry recorded the family genealogy. The bible is in perfect condition, with the exception of a corner torn off one of the pages. Could this be found Miss Cassatt would know from what part of France her ancestors came from. About a year ago Miss Cassatt presented the Baltimore Chapter D.A.R. an embroidered apron made by one of the Dames of pre-revolutionary days. She is quite aged and is now totally blind, and, it is her delightful duty at the home to attend the telephone.” She died in 1913.

1.2.6.9.2.5 134  DENNIS CASSAT: (Cassatt.)

(David 124; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Dennis (or, Denys) Cassat was born in February 1776 and was baptised at Conewago, March 10, 1776. He derived his name from Denis Van Duyn, son of David and Ida (Montfort) Van Duyn, who was baptised at Readington, N. J. January 1, 1744. Dennis died Circa 1810. Married Lydia Simpson, born March 6, 1775, the daughter of John Simpson · son of John
and Margaret Murray son of General John Simpson who arrived in Pennsylvania 1664. John Simpson was an early Scotch-Irish settler near the Maryland line and Adams or Franklin County, Pa. This family was much intermarried with the early Scotch-Irish families who were among the first settlers of Central Pennsylvania, some of whom migrated from eastern portions of the State. Dennis was the grandfather of the late Alexander J. Cassatt of Philadelphia the noted financier and President of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company.

CHILDREN:
1.2.6.9.2.5.1 182 i. Mary Cassat, married Joseph Gardner and had issue.
1.2.6.9.2.5.2 183 ii. Robert Simpson Cassatt, born July 24, 1806; died in 1891.

1.2.6.9.2.5.2 183 ROBERT SIMPSON CASSATT:

(Denis 134; David 124; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Robert Simpson Cassat, was born July 24, 1806, and died in 1891. He married January 22, 1835 to Katherine Kelso Johnston, the daughter of Alexander Johnston and Mary (Stevenson) Johnston.

Robert was prominently identified with the industrial interests of Allegheny County, Pennsylvania, and was the first Mayor of Allegheny City. He afterwards removed to Philadelphia and established there the banking house of Lloyd, Cassatt and Company, one of the prominent financial institutions of the city. Mrs. Cassatt was the granddaughter of James Johnston, who was born at Oxford, Chester County, Pennsylvania and while yet a young man removed to the section westward of the Susquehanna, and served throughout the Revolutionary War as a soldier of the Continental Line.

"Robert S. Cassatt was chosen Mayor of the City of Allegheny in 1846, succeeding Hezekiah Nixon. He was a resident of the first ward. He was born in the City of Wheeling, West Virginia, in the year 1805. His father died in that city in 1807; during the same year his mother removed to Pittsburgh, where she subsequently married the late Paul Morrow. She was a lady of more than ordinary culture and intelligence, and possessed all the virtues that adorn the female character: in short, she was considered a model matron, one of the excellent of earth.

The subject of our sketch was highly educated, and possessed a fine personal appearance. Courteous and gentlemanly in his manners these qualities won for him the confidence and esteem of the citizens generally. In the year 1847 and 1848 he was chosen president of the select council, the duties of which he discharged with manifest ability.

Although his administration as mayor was unmarked by any event requiring special notice, he always sustained the reputation of being a good faithful officer.

He was extensively engaged in the mercantile trade, cotton manufacture, and the banking and the broker business, the latter with George H. Cooke, on Wood Street, Pittsburgh under the Company name of Cooke and Cassatt. During the year 1848 he removed to Pittsburgh, and resided on the corner of Penn Avenue and Marbury Street. He subsequently removed to Philadelphia and afterwards to Europe for the purpose of educating his children; he remained in Europe six years, and, returning to his native land he located again in Philadelphia.

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At this point someone, no doubt finding a bit of information about one of their ancestors, had simply torn a page out of the original library copy. A very selfish act, I thought with anger. The publisher.

SEE VOLUME IV
CHILDREN:

1.2.6.9.2.5.2.1 (274) i. Alexander Johnston Cassatt
1.2.6.9.2.5.2.2 (275) ii. Mary Stevenson Cassatt
1.2.6.9.2.5.2.3 (276) iii. Joseph Gardner Cassatt

1.2.6.9.2.5.2.1

ALEXANDER JOHNSTON CASSATT:

(Robert S. 183; Denis 134; David 124; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Alexander Johnston Cassatt, born December 3, 1839, died December 28, 1906, at Philadelphia, Pa. Married at Trinity Church, Oxford, Pa. November 25, 1868 to Maria Lois Buchanan, the niece of the late President James Buchanan, the 15th President of the United States. She was born January 10, 1841, died January 9, 1930 and was the daughter of Edward Y. and Anna Eliza (Foster) Buchanan. Alexander J., was a civil engineer, onetime president of the Pennsylvania Railroad System, and was born in Pittsburgh, Pa. the son of Robert S. and Katherine (Johnston) Cassatt On his maternal side his ancestors were Scotch-Irish and settled in Chester County, Pa., 1706. His father was a man of wide influence and financial and business affairs in Western Pennsylvania, and was the first mayor of the City of Allegheny.

After beginning his education in the public schools of Pittsburgh, Cassatt went with his family to Europe, and attended continental schools and Dormstadt University. Upon returning to this country he was enrolled in Renselar Polytechnic Institute where he graduated as a civil engineer in 1859. Born into wealth he had no need to engage in hard work, yet he at once entered upon the practice of his profession. After a short apprenticeship as an engineering assistant in locating railroad right of way in Georgia he returned to Philadelphia on the outbreak of the Civil War and entered in 1861 in the services of the Pennsylvania Railway with which his entire career was destined to be associated. His executive Officer was Thomas A. Scott (colonel) then Vice-president of the road, and also Assistant Secretary of War. The training he received at this time was invaluable in the duties of his later career. His marked ability led to rapid advancement through the engineering department to positions of responsibility in management, and by 1870 he was general superintendent of the Pennsylvania Railway. He was one of the first railroad managers to see the immense possibilities of the air-brake and its introduction by him after exhaustive tests served as an encouragement to other railroads. In 1873 he became general manager of all the Pennsylvania lines east of Pittsburgh and Erie. In 1874 he was elected third vice-president in charge of transportation and traffic. In 1880 he was made first vice-president, but in 1882 at the age of 42 he retired from active service, retaining only a directorship.

Although he had intended to devote his time wholly to recreation, which had largely to do with his stock farming interests, he nevertheless associated himself with colonel Scott in the construction of the New York, Philadelphia and Norfolk Railway and was its President from 1885 to 1899. The road runs to Cape Charles and operates a ferry service from Cape Charles to Norfolk which at the time was the longest and most difficult seagoing ferry yet attempted.

In 1899, after 17 years retirement, Cassatt was called to the Presidency of the Pennsylvania railroad, which position he held until his death. His attitude towards his employees is shown in the establishment of the pension fund to provide for retirement from active service and in the broadening of the Relief Fund so as to include superannuation. Twice during his administration he voluntarily advanced wages by ten percent of all men receiving less than $200.00 per month, to enable them to share in the increased prosperity of the Company.

Another of Cassatt's achievements was the construction of the Pennsylvania Terminal in New York City, the most gigantic project of railroad enterprises that has ever yet been undertaken.

His life outside the railroad was an active one. He was a constant advocate of good roads and for nineteen years was road supervisor of Marion Township in which he lived. He was enthusiastic about horses and was one of the two or three leading patrons of the American turf. His attention was devoted to breeding at his Chesterbrook stock farm at Berwin, Penna., where he raised sheep, cattle, draft horses, and hackneys. He was one of the pioneers of coaching and an enthusiast over cricket, hunting and yachting.
"CASSATT, Alexander Johnston: seventh president of the Pennsylvania Railroad, was born in Pittsburgh, Pa., December 8, 1839, son of Robert S. and Katherine Kelso (Johnston) Cassatt. His father (1806-1891) was the first mayor of Allegheny City, Pa., and a prominent banker of Pittsburgh and Philadelphia.

The son was educated at the public schools of his native city, and afterwards studied at the University of Dormstadt and at the Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, Troy, New York; being graduated at the latter in 1859. Then for two years he was engaged in locating a new railroad in Georgia and in 1861 he entered the service of the Pennsylvania railroad as rodman of the Philadelphia division. Two years later he was assistant engineer engaged on the connecting line linking the Pennsylvania to the Philadelphia and Trenton Railroad, and in 1864, when the road assumed control of the Philadelphia and Erie, he became resident engineer of the middle division. He was held superintendent of motive power for one year and a half, and then the same office for the entire road, with headquarters at Altoona, Pa. On April 1, 1870, Dr. Edward H. Williams resigned the position of general superintendent of the Penna. R. R., and Mr. Cassatt was selected to succeed him, subsequently becoming general manager of the lines east of Pittsburgh (December 1871).

He was advanced to the position of 3rd vice-president of the company in 1874 and 1st vice-president in 1880. He resigned the latter position on September 30, 1882, and for a time retired from active service but on September 12, 1883, he was re-elected a director of the company, and was subsequently appointed chairman of the committee. In 1885 he became president of the New York-, Philadelphia and Norfolk: Railroad Company, which position he held until his death. His engineering training was at once put at the disposal of the road, and in many ways which could only be appreciated by railroad men he cleared up traffic difficulties and improved the physical and operating condition of the property. This meant the extension and increase of lines, stations, equipment, and facilities, the provision of necessary terminals and grades, the revision of grades and their elimination, the elevation of tracks and improvement of alignment, electrification, acquisition of interest in other roads, and all that goes to make up an efficient railroad system. Cassatt did not meddle with the rate structure, but picked out particular kinds of traffic that furnished the bulk of the business and made increases that accomplished the result without arousing the antagonism of the business community. During his administration, earnings nearly doubled, and traffic density increased by half. It was of course, a

In the spring of 1891 he was appointed by President Harrison, United States Representative of the international railway commission, of which body he was chosen president. In June 1899, he succeeded Frank Thompson as president of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, and subsequently of the other corporations forming the Pennsylvania Railroad system. Under his administration a policy of expansion was instituted, which has made the system one of the greatest and most important in the world. It operated in 1904 over 10,000 miles of road: owned over 5,000 locomotives, 5,000 passenger cars and 200,000 freight cars, and a fleet of 336 vessels of various kinds. Its capital stock was $296,418,250.00, on which it paid a dividend amounting to $14,792,931.00. It transported 295,120,398 tons of freight, and carried 123,632,203 passengers, earning a gross income of $85,933,636. There were over 100,000 employees on the payrolls.

The notable achievement of 1903 was the inauguration of work on the great tunnel under the Hudson river, the Island of Manhattan and the East River, New York, to connect with the Long Island Railroad.

Mr. Cassatt is president of seven and a director of 25 companies, including banks, trust, insurance and transportation organizations. He is a lover and patron of all forms of outdoor athletics, and is himself an enthusiastic yachtsman, horseman and driver. His sister Mary is an artist of some note, residing in Paris. In 1876 he was married to Lois, daughter of Rev. Edward Y. Buchanan, D.D., niece of President James Buchanan. His family consists of two sons and two daughters. Captain E. D. Cassatt, U.S. Army; Robert K. Cassatt; Mrs. James B. Hutchinson of Philadelphia; and Mrs. W. Plunkett Stewart of Baltimore.


"Cassatt, Alexander Johnston (December 8, 1839 — December 28, 1906), civil engineer, president of the Pennsylvania Railroad system, was born in Pittsburgh, Pa. the son of Robert S. and Katherine K. (Johnston) Cassatt. He was descended from one COSSART, a Frenchman, who in 1662 settled in Holland, and whose grandson emigrated to America. On the maternal side, his ancestors were of Scotch—Irish and settled in Chester County, Pa., in 1706.

"In 1899, after 17 years of retirement, Cassatt was called to the presidency of the Penna. R.R., which position he held until his death. His engineering training was at once put at the disposal of the road, and in many ways which could only be appreciated by railroad men he cleared up traffic difficulties and improved the physical and operating condition of the property. This meant the extension and increase of lines, stations, equipment, and facilities, the provision of necessary terminals and grades, the revision of grades and their elimination, the elevation of tracks and improvement of alignment, electrification, acquisition of interest in other roads, and all that goes to make up an efficient railroad system. Cassatt did not meddle with the rate structure, but picked out particular kinds of traffic that furnished the bulk of the business and made increases that accomplished the result without arousing the antagonism of the business community. During his administration, earnings nearly doubled, and traffic density increased by half. It was of course, a
period of great prosperity but Cassatt had the foresight to prepare his road to take advantage of it.

"The greatest achievement of his career, in the opinion of many of his contemporaries, was the solution of the rebate problem. He came to the presidency at the close of the decade which included the panic of 1893. Railroad traffic as a result had reached a low ebb. As markets became stagnant, shippers sought the aid of the railroad in reduced rates, and everywhere the requests were granted because the interests of the railroad and shipper were identical. This aid sometimes took the form of open concessions in rates, but more often rebating was resorted to, because the roads were disinclined to make general reductions in rates at a time when they were sorely in need of revenue. By 1899, the year in which Cassatt took the helm of the Pennsylvania organization, the average freight rate had reached its lowest point in the history of the company. In their anxiety to secure business, the railroad had put themselves at the mercy of the shippers, and were being played off against one another in an endeavor to get the lowest rate possible. The growth of industrial combinations, which took place on an enormous scale as business recovered from the panic, had greatly strengthened the strategic power of the shipper.

"No one railroad could meet the pressure alone and the roads could look for nothing but moral support from the Interstate Commerce Commission. Although the interstate commerce Act had been on the Statute book for over a decade, all that had come from attempts to prescribe rates had been warnings from the Supreme Court that the Commission had lacked the necessary power. If anything was to be done at this time, the railroad must do it themselves, but again they had been deprived by the Supreme Court of any right to combine if such combination constituted restraint of trade. Pooling was prohibited by the Interstate Commission Act.

"Cassatt, while general manager and vice president had opportunity to observe the pressure that large shippers could bring to bear upon railroads, especially in the relation of the eastern roads to the Standard Oil Company. In the hearings conducted by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in 1879 Cassatt's testimony was startling in its candor and completeness and substantiated the claim of the oil men that the Pennsylvania had become a creature of the Standard Oil Company (Ida M. Tarbell, History of the Standard Oil Company 1904, I, 227).

It is not unreasonable to assume that the experience made a deep impression on Cassatt and turned his mind toward possible solutions of the problem. During the 17 years he was free from official responsibility he was by no means out of touch with railroad affairs, and his position as director gave him leisurely opportunity to mature plans which he was able to put into execution when he took the reins of management into his hands.

"His plan was that of purchasing sufficient amount of stock in competing roads to give a voice in management and was known as "community of interest". It involved an agreement with the New York Central, which through the Lake Shore was to buy some of the stock of the Reading. The Pennsylvania made large investments in the B & O., Chesapeake and Ohio, and Norfolk and Western. The B & O in turn bought the Reading. The strategic roads were thus so interlocked as to be able to present a united front to the industrial combinations that were depleting their revenues. The roads then announced that no further rebate would be granted. This announcement was not received kindly and the Carnegie interests especially refused to comply, first diverting traffic from the Pennsylvania and then threatening to build a road of their own to the seaboard, but the railroad combination refused to be frightened, and the worst of the discrimination in this territory was over. In 1903 the Elkins Anti-Rebate law was passed, largely at the insistence of the railroad, and Cassatt was a powerful factor in the movements for its enactment. While the "community of interest" plan at the time did not appeal to the people of the country as a sound solution of the problem, and while the northern securities division of 1904 and later decisions of the Supreme Court led to the dissolution of many of these corporations, it must be conceded that Cassatt's plan accomplished much at the time and that it was a bold adventure and demanded ability of the highest order. That he yielded to popular opinion and sold many of his holdings did not mean that he was in agreement with the prevailing view. Up to the time of his death he held the belief that corporation between railroads was essential to a sound and stable rate system, but, the time, the country, led by Roosevelt, was hostile to combination in any form, and it was not until 1920 that it came round to Cassatt's point of view. Cassatt took prompt action to eliminate the improper use of railroad passes on his lines believed in clothing the commission with the power to fix rates and put himself and his company behind the Roosevelt railroad program. He died a few months after the Hepburn Act had been signed which was to put real power for the first time in the hands of the commission.

"Another of Cassatt's achievements was the construction of the Pennsylvania Terminal in New York, the most gigantic project of railroad enterprise that has ever been undertaken. The dis-
advantageous location of the Pennsylvania Terminal on the West branch of the Hudson had been a matter of concern for 30 years before Cassatt's presidency, and many plans of crossing the river had been suggested; but all for one reason or another had been rejected. In 1901 Cassatt studied the extension of the Orleans railway in Paris and became so impressed with the possibilities of electric traction that, upon his return, he set actively to work upon the New York tunnel and terminal project which, however, was not brought to completion until after his death. For the bold conception and for the inauguration of the work, however, the credit must be his. His statue was unveiled in the new terminal in 1910 and on it are inscribed the words: 'Whose foresight, courage and ability achieved the extension of the Pennsylvania railroad into New York City.'

"His life outside the railroad was an active one. He was a constant advocate of good roads and for 19 years was road supervisor of Marion Township in which he lived. He also served from time to time as director of insurance and trust companies. He was an enthusiastic horseman and was one of the two or three leading patrons of the American turf. He was associated with others in the construction of the race track at Monmouth Park and raced horses there with great success. When the sport fell into disrepute he transferred his attentions to breeding at his Chesterbrook stock farm at Berwyn, Pa., where he raised sheep, cattle, draft horses and hackneys. He was one of the pioneers of coaching and an enthusiast over cricket, hunting and yachting.

"In 1869 Cassatt married Lois daughter of the Rev. Edward Y. Buchanan, and a niece of President James Buchanan. They had four children. (The Biography sketch of Alexander Johnston Cassatt December 28, 1906, was issued by the authority of the Pennsylvania Railroad at the time of Cassatt's death and reissued with addendum in 1910, at the time of the unveiling of his statue in the Pennsylvania Station, New York City. The monthly Bulletin Penna. R.R. Department, Y.M.C.A. of Philadelphia. February 1907, is a memorial number devoted to him. William B. Wilson, Historian of the Penna. R.R. Department of the Y.M.C.A. of Philadelphia. (1911), contains an estimate of his personality and his work. Another appraisal is to be found in an address of one of his successors to the presidency, Samuel Rea, entitled Engineering and Transportation, delivered before the Princeton School of Engineering in 1926, and privately printed. F.H.D.) (Reference: Dictionary of American Biography, Volume III, pp. 564-567 inclusive; Scribners 1929).

The following is a newspaper clipping:

"In connection with the recent disclosures made before the interstate commerce commission, implicating some of the officials of the Pennsylvania Railroad System in the pernicious freight rebate and in the acceptance of large blocks of coal stocks from shippers who patronized the road, it is rumored persistently that Alexander Johnston Cassatt, president of that corporation, will resign. He was in France on vacation when the first disclosures were made and promptly took steamer for home to look after his interests. If he intends to resign the chances are that he will not do so until after investigation into the methods of the company is completed. This is precisely the course he adopted when he resigned from the directorate of the Equitable Life Assurance Society. He waited until the investigation left him blameless and then made his exit.

"Mr. Cassatt, now in his sixty-seventh year, is the best known railroad man in America. He is acknowledged to be the master mind of transportation, having practically reconstructed the greatest railroad in the world in order to anticipate the coming problems of American commerce and industry. This extraordinary man controls, directly or indirectly, more than 17,000 miles of railroad and directs the work of more than 100,000 men. To understand why the men who own the Pennsylvania system have consented to his immense outlay of capital it is only necessary to know him and become familiar with his history.

"His power and readiness to take the initiative are the result actual knowledge. His associates in the management of the system have implicit faith in his methods, and he has a serene and abiding confidence in himself. He is recognized everywhere as the foremost living expert in his business, and he accepts the distinction as his inviolable right. He can build a railroad, shape its market, finance and manage its traffic. There is absolutely no detail in the whole problem in which he is not technically and practically the superior of his subordinates.

"A tall, broad shouldered, proudly erect man, with a dignified and rather grave face, dark blue eyes, sandy hair, now sprinkled plentifully with gray, straight, powerful nose; smooth rosy cheeks; wide lofty forehead, showing few deep lines; wide, well curved jaws and a square chin, deliberate in speech and soft voiced, always suave and approachable, plain of attire but always dressed with scrupulous care - such is Alexander Johnston Cassatt. This railroad King keeps his body fresh and strong. He works his muscles and exercises his lungs. He knows the value of recreation, as he knows the value worth of temperance in all things. He believes that in order to work hard a man must also play hard."
"Mr. Cassatt is a native of Pittsburgh. The smoky valley which saw the birth of the American iron and steel industry and, the rise to wealth and power of such poor boys as Andrew Carnegie, Henry Phipps and Charles M. Schwab was also the early inspiration of the railroad king. Unlike them, however, he was not born in poverty. His father was a wealthy man, the mayor of aristocratic Allegheny City. The elder Cassatt was not an advocate of luxury. He taught his son to be frugal and to rely on practical effort. All through his boyhood and youth Cassatt's environment was one of stern regard for the dignity of effort and the preparation for assuming the coming responsibility of an active business life. He was taught to be serious, attentive, sauvette and on the lookout for knowledge.

"When he was still a youth his father's interest took him to Europe. He afterwards entered the University of Heidelberg and obtained a liberal education. But the influence of German University life did not overcome his inborn preference for a business career, and on his return home he took the course at the Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, from which he was graduated as a civil engineer. That was in 1859, a period when technical knowledge was of great account in the United States. Men of capital were beginning to rise on all sides, and the engineer was the natural pathfinder and pioneer of the men seeking investment. He went first to Georgia to assist in locating a road. In 1861 he was back at Pittsburgh soliciting a place in the service of the Pennsylvania railroad. The best he could do at the time was to secure the humble position of rodman.

"By 1867 his ability had become so well recognized that he was engaged as superintendent of motive power and machinery for the entire system. In 1870 he was promoted to be general superintendent. Colonel Thomas A. Scott, then paramount in Pennsylvania railroad doings, took a fancy to him and pushed him upward. When Scott became president of the road he had Cassatt made third vice-president. In 1880 he had risen to the first vice-presidency. Colonel Thomas A. Scott, then paramount in Pennsylvania railroad doings, took a fancy to him and pushed him upward. When Scott became president of the road he had Cassatt made third vice-president. In 1880 he had risen to the first vice-presidency. Years later he resigned his position and retired from business. He was only 43 years of age, but he declared that he had enough of it.

"For seventeen years Mr. Cassatt held no offices and took no active part in the business of the road. He gave no reason for his sudden abandonment of work other than that he wanted time to enjoy the best side of life. And so, he devoted, seventeen years to European travel and the creation of a great stock farm at Chester brook, Pa., reveling in outdoor life and storing up health and vigor which enabled him to do such great things for the Pennsylvania when he was called to its head.

"It has never been explained satisfactorily to the general public how it happened that Mr. Cassatt was able to break away so completely from his railroad affiliations and remain aloof for so long a period, as seventeen years. He had demonstrated the fact that he was the premier railroad man in the Pennsylvania system, his retirement brought forth a howl of protest. Even at the early day he must have settled in his own mind the policy which he believed best for the interests he represented. There were rumors at the time that he was not in sympathy with the very conservative views of the president, Mr. Roberts, but there is no evidence that he ever came in conflict with them. His relations with Roberts were friendly both then and afterwards.

"He had always manifested a great inclination for the life of a stock farmer, but no one seemed to think that he was strong enough to displace his taste for railway management, which amounted to a passion. His retirement gave rise to the keenest speculation as to his motives, but no one seemed capable of solving the riddle. Mr. Cassatt would never be brought to commit himself in the matter. When the subject was introduced he always assumed the air of the most serious and confidential nature, saying in a half whisper: "Had to do it, my boy. My farm needs me".

"The presidency was offered him by the directors in 1889, but he would not accept it. It was said that it was his wife, the niece of James Buchanan, a brilliant and ambitious woman, the founder of the permanent symphony orchestra of Philadelphia who finally persuaded Mr. Cassatt to become the president of the Pennsylvania railroad."

By James H. Bentley.

The following is a copy of a newspaper clipping:

"Philadelphia, Pa., December 28, 1906 — Alexander Johnston Cassatt, president of the Pennsylvania railroad, died suddenly at 1 o'clock this afternoon of heart failure at his house, No. 202 Rittenhouse Square. The end came so abruptly that Mrs. Cassatt and her daughter, Mrs. W. Plunkett Stewart, were in the next room and did not have time to reach him to see him alive."
“Mr. Cassatt had been in poor health since last summer. Early in June he was ordered to Europe for a rest, but the vacation was cut short by the revelations before the Interstate Commerce commission of the "graft" in coal stocks that had crept into the Pennsylvania systems. He hurried home to take the helm arriving in June.

"Just before he sailed he had gone through the lively campaign for the passage of the rate bill, taking the side of President Theodore Roosevelt. The battle at Washington was a trying one and Mr. Cassatt showed the strain. Hardly had he sailed when the storm of the coal graft investigation broke. Mr. Cassatt started back home a few days after he reached the other side.

"Upon his return Mr. Cassatt issued a statement as to his own holdings and caused an inquiry to be made to institute reforms. This situation, and the avalanche of criticism that was directed against the railroad, added to Mr. Cassatt’s worries. For a time it was even rumored that he might resign as its president.

"Having finally settled the situation, Mr. Cassatt went to his son’s summer home at Bar Harbor to spend the rest of the summer, one of the president’s favorite grandchildren was suffering from whooping cough, and in ministering to the little one Mr. Cassatt caught the disease himself.

"To a man 67 years old, whooping cough is no trifling matter, and again the physician warned him that he must conserve his energies. Just as he was about well, Mr. Cassatt overtaxed himself. He was passionately fond of sailing a 30 foot sloop. One afternoon the captain was not making speed enough to suit the master, and Mr. Cassatt took the helm himself. He developed the speed he desired, but the excitement and physical exertion was too much for him. As a result he had to remain at Bar Harbor several more weeks. Friends say that he never recovered from the strain on his health caused by this accident.

"....The Rockefellers and Andrew Carnegie formed an alliance with George Gould and the latter projected a line into Pittsburgh. Mr. Cassatt retaliated, by driving the Western Union Telegraph Company off the Pennsylvania system. The actual battle was short and decisive. Mr. Cassatt ordered the poles cut down and the work was completed before the telegraph company had a chance to ask for a restraining injunction.

"Mr. Cassatt then embarked on a policy of expansion. He in purchased blocks of stock amounting to a controlling interest the Baltimore and Ohio, his closest rival, in the Norfolk and Western and Chesapeake and Ohio. A year or two later, when it seemed that no one wanted the Long Island, it appeared that the Pennsylvania not only wanted it, but had it. At about the same time it began to be noted that the Pennsylvania and New York and New Haven & Hartford were in close accord. The acquisition of a considerable interest in the New Haven Mr. Cassatt admitted It has long been supposed that the interest was greater than has ever been officially disclosed.

"On the acquisition of the Long Island Railroad Mr. Cassatt began perfecting his plans for the great New York Terminal work and the connection of the Pennsylvania, the New Haven and the Long Island by tunnels under the east river. The plans called for a tremendous expenditure of money, the greatest undertaken by any railroad, but Mr. Cassatt persuaded his directors and the bankers that it was well worth the cost, and while expenditures have far exceeded estimates, increased proceeds as a result of other improvements of the road have kept the company's credit high and enabled it to borrow large sums.

“Mr. Cassatt's fortune is estimated between $80,000,000.00 and $90,000,000.00. Besides his Stock farm at Berwyn, always a favorite place, he owned a large country place, "Sheswold", at Haverford.

“Mr. Cassatt was considered the ablest railroad man in the United States in a technical sense, lie was regarded as having phenomenal force of character, executive ability and, most important of all, common sense. Unlike many men whose lives have been confined within the limits of one particular field of occupation, Mr. Cassatt was a broad minded man. His judgement and advice were held to be of great value, not in the railroad field alone, but in all problems, financial, commercial or economic.

“Mr. Cassatt was physically a deep chested man, tall and erect, with a grave, kindly face, dark blue eyes, and sandy hair, which was in later life sprinkled with gray. His nose was straight and powerful. Forehead was high and wide, showing a few deep lines. He had wide, well curved jaws and a square, determined chin. In speech and manner, he was slow and deliberate, suave and dignified.

“Mr. Cassatt devoted his life to railroading, because he found in transportation the most
fascinating problem of modern life in America. The only thing that divided his interest was a passion for outdoor sports. With W.D. Withers, he built the Monmouth Park race tract, and under the name of Mr. Kelso, he raced horses with great success. He established a breeding farm at Berwyn, imported the which he placed at the head of the stud, and, with "The Bard," Emir and Tanagon, among others, won many rich stakes. He succeeded George Lorillard as president of the Monmouth Park Association in 1885, but dropped racing when the sport fell into disrepute in New Jersey.

“Mr. Cassatt was descended from an ancient French line, although his direct ancestors have lived in this country for generations. He married Lois Buchanan, a niece of President James Buchanan. They have four children. The eldest is Major Edward Buchanan Cassatt, an attache of the Embassy at London. He married Emily Phillips, daughter of Mrs. A. Fullerton Phillips, who divorced him two years ago. She then married George E. Batcheller of New York.

“Robert Kelso Cassatt, the second son, is a prosperous banker. He married Minnie Drexel Fell, daughter of Mrs. Alexander Van Rensselaer. They have one child, Robert K. Cassatt Jr.

“Miss Elsie Cassatt married W. Plunket Stewart, formerly of Baltimore. They now live in Philadelphia. The fourth child was Miss Catherine Cassatt, who married Dr. James Hutchinson. She died last year.

“Mr. Cassatt’s sister Mary Cassatt, lives in Paris. She is an artist and her work has attracted much notice at exhibitions”

Another copy of a newspaper clipping:

“Morristown, Pa., January 7, 1907. By the will of Alexander J. Cassatt, late president of the Pennsylvania railroad company, which was filed with Register Caine today and which disposes of his estate valued at over $10,000,000, everything goes to his family, his wife and three children and not a cent to charity.

“The household goods, "Cheswold" his country estate in Montgomery County, his city residence in Philadelphia and his summer home "Four Acres" at Bar Harbor, go to his wife for life, the sum of $100,000 per annum is to be paid out of the income of the estate during the lifetime of the widow for repairs and maintenance of each of these premises.

“The majority of the estate is to be held in trust by the Fidelity Trust Company, the income to be distributed as follows:

“Forty per cent to the wife and twenty per cent to each of his children, Edward, Robert and Eliza, wife of William Plunket Stewart. His son, Robert, by codicil, is given $100,000 to go into business. The will is dated November 21, 1905."

In 1905 there was a movement in operation to raise money from descendants who had ancestors buried in the “Low Dutch Grave Yard” near Hunterstown to put this burying ground in order. The following is a copy of a letter sent out for that purpose:

"153 York Street,
Gettysburg, Pa.,
January 2, 1905.

Dear Cousin Addie:

......I want to know if you can give me the address of A. J. Cassatt's sister, Mary; also do you know of the descendants of David Cassat, your ancestor. We do not know the family history of the Cassatts. The reason I want to know is this. We have a plan on hand to raise money to put in order and endow the old Low Dutch grave yard below Hunterstown. It will require some work to get the grounds in order, then a sum of money, the interest from which, to keep it in repairs. A circular letter is being prepared, a copy of which will be sent to every one interested in the dead buried there. If this work is not soon done there will be none left to take an interest. I shall send you a letter so that you will know what plan has been taken. It is not that we expect you to give money but I knew you would feel an interest on hearing about it; and I know some of your friends will read it to you ...."

Your cousin,
/s/ Jennie T. Montfort."
The above letter was addressed to Hanna Adelaide Cassatt (270) who was an inmate of an old lady's home for the blind at Columbus, Ohio.

The following is an extract from "Girard's talk of the Day", which appeared in the Philadelphia Inquirer, Saturday, March 2, 1933:

"Lineage of Alexander J. Cassatt, forceful railroader and financier, goes back to the Dutch Colony on the Conewago and he donated funds to wall in an ancient cemetery there."

The compiler visited the Low Dutch burying ground referred to in August 1934 and found it to be in excellent condition and well cared for. The children of Alexander J. Cassatt and his wife Maria Lois were:

**CHILDREN:**

469. 1. Edward Buchanan Cassatt, born August 23, 1869, died June 31, 1922.

470. 2. Katherine Kelso Cassatt, b. 7/30/1871, d. 4/11/1905. m. Dr. James P. Hutchinson.

471. 3. Robert Kelso Cassatt, born September 28, 1873.

472. 4. Elizabeth Foster Cassatt, born August 14, 1875. Lived at Havertford, PA. Married William Plunket Stewart of Baltimore, Maryland. They had four children.

**EDWARD BUCHANAN CASSATT:**

(Alexander J. 274; Robert S. 183; Denis l34; David 124; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Edward Buchanan Cassatt, born August 23, 1869, lived at Berwyn, Penna. Married 1st time December 28, 1893 to Emily Louise Phillips, the daughter of Alexander F. and Julie Van Casteel. Edward married 2nd time to Eleanor Blackford Smith, the daughter of William Henry and Lucy (Bentwell) Smith.

“Edward Buchanan Cassatt Sr., the veteran of two wars and the winner of laurels in both, such is the brief record of the late Lieutenant-Colonel Edward B. Cassatt, of Berwyn, Pa. He was a well known clubman, sportsman and actively directed affairs of his large country estate. He was born at Altoona, Pa. His education was received at Harvard College where he remained until an appointment to the Escale Special Militarie of St. Cyr, France, was obtained for him by the Secretary of State Bayard. After he served two years President Cleveland, on June 15, 1889, made him a cadet in the U.S. Military Academy at West Point.

He graduated from West Point as a Second Lieutenant June 12, 1893 with honors, and was assigned to the 4th Cavalry then stationed at Fort Walla, Walla, Washington. Later he returned to the military academy as an instructor in French and Spanish, remaining there until the outbreak of the Spanish-American War, when he was appointed a Captain of Volunteers and attached to the staff of the late General Guy V. Henry.

In 1899 his regiment went to Manila where he was attached to the staff of General Young and served through an arduous campaign. In October 1899, he was promoted to Major in the Infantry and after

a years service was ordered to report to the Paris Exposition and represent the U.S. While on his way to Paris, his orders were revoked and was ordered to report to the United States Embassy in London, and was then commissioned military attache of the Embassy. In 1904 Major Cassatt was transferred to Manila where he served with Troop L, 13th U.S. Regular Cavalry and was later stationed for a time at Fort Meyer, Virginia, before retiring from the service.

When the U. S. entered the World War, Major Cassatt quickly rejoined the Army, becoming Inspector of the 77th Division at Camp Upton, Long Island, N.Y. and afterwards Inspector at Camp Merritt, Long Island, N.Y. where he had charge of the inspection of military units embarking overseas. He served, as Major until 1918, and was then Commissioned as Lieutenant-Colonel serving in the capacity until the close of the war, and was then appointed a Lt. Colonel in the Reserve.
He was a great fancier of horses and after his retirement from the service of his younger days, he had entries from his stables in the races of 1921. In addition to being member of clubs in New York, Washington and Baltimore, he belonged to the following ones in his home city, Philadelphia: Rittenhouse, Marion Cricket, Radnor Hunt and Art Alliance. He was a member of the Society of Cincinnati. His only residence was Chesterbrook Farm, an estate near Berwyn. It was at this home that he breathed his last on June 31, 1922, leaving an honorable name and a cherished memory. He was survived by his wife, who was formerly Elnor B. Smith, daughter of William Henry and Lucy Montgomery (Bantwell) Smith of Warrington, Va.

As that of a gallant soldier and a patriotic citizen the name of Edward Buchanan Cassatt lives in and around the state of Pennsylvania and those of the United States. *(Reference: Encly. of Biography, Penna pp. 173-4, Vol. XV and Colonial and Revolutionary Families of Pennsylvania, pp. 1525-27).*

Mr. Cassatt was interested in the family history and employed Mr. Alfred R. Justice of Narberth, Pa., a professional genealogist to make searches and compile a genealogy of the descendants of Jacques Cossart and Lydia Willems. Mr. Cassatt died and the work was never completed. The work of Mr. Justice is embraced within this book. See page 29, 217.

"Chesterbrook Farm, Berwyn

P.O., Pennsylvania,
October 15, 1920.

Mr. O. L. Cozad,
227 Blaine Avenue,
Marion, Ohio.

Dear Mr. Cozad:

Thank you for your nice long letter of October 10th, part of which I shall attempt to answer myself, and another part of which I shall refer to Mr. A.R. Justice or Ardmore, Pa., whose untiring efforts I am indebted for 95 % of the information on my chart, and through whom I first heard of you.

I am not a genealogist and Mr. Justice is, but both of us felt that with the information you had collected, our labors would be superfluous. We are both very anxious to see your book.

To your questions:— My great grandfather’s name was Denis, not Dennis. He was named after his Van Deyn (Duyn) uncle of that name.

My grandfather was born at Wheeling; he was the first Mayor of Allegheny, and died in France.

The Cassatts now living in Adams County, Pa., have been a source of much trouble to Mr. Justice and me: he has so far, been unable to connect them up, and this brings us to the interesting question of Martha Van Zandt and who her husband was.

From information he and I collected along independent lines, she seems to have been the wife of Dr. Francis, son of David and Sarah. Both my papers and the papers he has furnished me with, are now in his possession temporarily, and I am sending him your letter with a request that he send you our authority for thus mating this lady.

He has discovered a Margaret de Groft who also married a Francis. Might he not be the other Francis of whom you speak, son of Peter Cossart (125) and Mary Duryea, and might she not be the ancestress of these Gettyburg Cassatts?

I am glad to learn the ancestry of those Southern Cosarts. I met two very nice ones in Augusta, but they knew nothing about themselves. I shall send them a chart.
Won't you tell me briefly what you know about the Cossart family in France. I know nothing about them except through Henry A. de Pont of Wilmington, Del., whose emigrant ancestor Abraham married a Cossart of a family of Rouen linen merchants who, he says, came originally from Neuchatelen-Brie. He denies absolutely that we are of that lot of Cossart.

Being a strong Democrat, I am hoping that very soon after November 2nd, I may be able to forget about your kinsman Mr. Harding.

Yours sincerely,  
isl/ E. D. CASSATT.”

CHILD:  (By 1st wife)  
8-648 i. Lois Buchanan Cassatt. Married John Borland Thayer and they had two children:  

CHILD:  (By 2nd wife).  
8-649 ii. Edward Buchanan Cassatt Jr., born March 20, 1910, died July 12, 1911.

471  
ROBERT KELSO CASSATT:  
(Alexander J. 274; Robert S. 183; Denis 134; David 124; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Robert Kelso Cassatt born September 28, 1873. Married Amanda Fell and resided at Rosemont, Penna. He was born at Hanavorford, Montgomery County, Penna. He graduated at Harvard University in 1895, and has since been engaged in the coal business in Philadelphia as eastern manager of the Keystone Coke and Coal Company, miners and shippers of bituminous and gas coal and coke, and a member of the banking house of Cassatt & Company. He is also a director of the Commercial Trust Company. Mr. Cassatt is a member of the Pennsylvania Society of the sons of the Revolution, and various social clubs and organizations of Philadelphia and New York. He married January 22, 1900, Minnie, the daughter of the late John R. Fell, of Camp Hill, of an old Bucks County family, and his wife Sarah (Drexel) Fell, now Mrs. Alexander van Rensselaer.  
CHILDREN:  
8-650 i. Alexander Johnston Cassatt, born 1904.  
8-651 ii. Anthony Drexel Cassatt, born 1906.

1.2.6.9.2.5.2.2  
275  
MARY STEVENSON CASSATT:  
(Robert S. 183; Denis 134; David 124; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Mary Stevenson Cassatt was born May 22, 1845, died June 14, 1926

“Mary Cassatt (1845—1926), Artist, was descended from a Frenchman named COSSART, who in 1662 emigrated from France to Holland, and whose grandson emigrated to America.

She was the daughter of Robert S. Cassatt, a banker, and Katherine Kelso (Johnston) Cassatt. Her eldest brother, Alexander Johnston Cassatt (q.v.) became president of the Pennsylvania Railroad. She was born in Allegheny City, Pa. When she was a little girl her parents took her to Paris where they lived for five years, returned finally to Philadelphia. In 1868 she went again to Paris with her mother, who spoke and wrote French fluently. It was then that Mary Cassatt decided definitely to become an artist. She went to Italy and lived at Parma for eight months studying correggio, then to Spain where she became filled with such admiration for Rubens that she went to Antwerp to study the work further. In 1874 she returned to Paris permanently. Her studio was in the Rue de Marignan just off the Champs Elysees, but she spent much of her time in her chateau de Beaufrèse at Mesnial-Theribus dons l’oisse, 70 miles from Paris. She became a devoted disciple of Degas, with whom she enjoyed long years of friendship and mutual criticism. Degas suggested she exhibit with his friends of the Impressionist school, and she accepted with joy. She hated...
conventional art and with this group, Maret, Courbet, Degas, and others, she departed from the academic tradition, working out her personal interpretation, untrammeled by precedent. She exhibited with Impressionists from 1879 to 1886. Degas's admiration for her was unbounded. Before one of her picture's he said, "I will not admit a woman can draw like that". Mellerio wrote that she "possesses an original inspiration, representative of her epoch and her race, ..... A direct and significant expression of the American character".

In 1893 she gave her first independent exhibition, in the gallery of Durand · Ruel in Paris. She was chosen among women artists to decorate the Woman's Building in Chicago Exposition. Purvis de Chavames and Whistler were among her closest friends. She painted a number of portraits with admirable results notably those of her mother and her devoted friend Mrs. Henry O. Havemeyer. For almost every picture and print, she chose the world-old theme of motherhood, depicting mother and babies in intimate scenes in sunny gardens and quiet interiors, not sentimentally, but in an original and simple manner. Her pastels are not so well known, but they are in soft, light tones, and some of her best work was done in this difficult medium. Her etchings, dry points, and color prints are of great delicacy yet firm in line and perception. By competent critics she is esteemed the most distinguished etcher, after Whistler, that America has produced. She was, however, regarded more as a member of the French impressionist school than of any American group. She became Honorary president of the "Hostel" for girl students, established in Paris by Mrs. John Koff, to which she contributed money to be distributed between the two girls evincing the most talent, requiring them to study for a year the French pastellets of the 17th and 18th centuries in the Muse St. Quentin, said to be the finest collection in France.

She possessed wealth and an enviable position in the social as well as the art world. She was above the average height, dark · slender. Her voice was low, soft and pleasantly modulated, her manner quiet, except when she was roused in some heated art discussion. During the latter years of her life, she was an invalid, becoming almost blind. She died at Mesnil-Theribus. The only portrait of her known to exist is a small sketch made many years ago by Degas, now in a private French collection. Although she did not care for medals or honors, she received many. Her work has been exhibited widely, and she is represented in Luxembourg, and in the leading galleries and museums of America as well as in private collections. The memorial exhibition held in the Pennsylvania Museum Philadelphia, April 1927, was a valuable showing of her work in all media, It included forty oils and pastels, over a hundred prints and a series of fifteen water colors and drawings.

References:
(Ashillehille Segard, Un Peintre des Enfants et des Meres, Mary Cassatt Paris 1913);


Photographic copies of several of Mary Cassatt’s paintings may be obtained from the Metropolitan Museum of Art, Central Park, New York City, for fifteen cents each. Some of her paintings may also be seen here.

Mary Cassatt was intensely interested in the family history. Her contribution to this work may be found on pp 13 to 18, inclusive.

1.2.6.9.2.5.2.3  276  JOSEPH GARDNER CASSATT:

(Robert S. 183; Denis 134; David 124; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Joseph Gardner Cassatt; married Eugenia, the daughter of Charles Carter.

CHILDREN:
473i. Gardner Cassatt who married Polly Dixon.
474ii. Ellen Mary Cassatt.
Jacob Cassat, was born February 7, 1778, died December 26, 1839. Made his will in 1837. Was baptised at Conewago March 8, 1778. He resided at Gettysburg, Pa., and died while & member of the Pennsylvania Legislature. Married January 16, 1806 to Mary MoConaghy. Jacob and his brother David were attorneys for Samuel Demaree: "The State of Kentucky, Mercer County. I, Samuel Demaree the State of Kentucky and County of Mercer, only surviving executor of Cornelius Couzine, deceased, appoints Lucas Vanarsdel of the State and County aforesaid: Jacob Cossart and David Cossart, Jr., of York, Pa., my lawful attorneys relative to executorship.

/Signed/ SAMUEL DEMAREE."

“Honorable Jacob Cassat (deceased) was born in Straban Township, Adams County, Pa., February 7, 1778. His grandfather, Francis Cassat, was a French Huguenot, who married in Holland and came to this country in 1764, with his wife and children, of whom David, the father of the subject of this sketch, was one. (The above statement has caused confusion as to origin of the Cassat family. J.A.C. ). The family became extensive farmers and influential citizens, and took an active part in the war of the Revolution. David Cassat Sr. reared a family of eight children, five sons and three daughters. The sons all becoming distinctive members of society. Jacob remained home on the farm and prepared himself by diligent study for the useful life he afterwards led. He was entirely self taught, having attended school only three months. He was married in 1806 to Mary McConaughy. When still a young man he was chosen as elder of the Presbyterian Church, and about the same time he started to organise, and so far as is known, the first Sunday School in Adams County outside of Gettysburg, and became its superintendent. He was an active church member and retained his position as elder and Superintendent of Sunday Schools without interruption till his death. When quite a young man he served as County Commissioner, and afterwards assisted in the defense of Baltimore in 1814. In 1819 he was elected to the State legislature and served four sessions, and afterwards to the State Senate, where he died on Christmas night, 1838, in the 61st year of his age. In politics he was a Whig, and a man of great learning, ability and dignity, and an eloquent debater and while in the House and Senate a recognized leader of his party. On the night of December 25, 1838, on the occasion of what is known in the history of Pennsylvania, as the "buckshot war", he made an impassioned appeal against mob rule, and with others was driven from the Senate Chamber at the risk of his life. The next morning he was found dead in his bed. It is no exaggeration to say that at the time of his death he was the most prominent and honoured man of his County. He was six feet in height, weighed about 170 lbs., was of dark complexion, amiable in disposition and dignified in deportment.

(Reference: Cumberland and Adams Counties, Penna., part 2, pages 351—2).

The bodies of Jacob and Mary were buried in the Hunterstown Presbyterian Graveyard where the following inscriptions were copied: “In memory of Jacob Cassat, Esqr., who died December 26, 1838, aged 60 years, who served faithfully domestic relations, etc., and Mary Cassat, his wife, born July 3, 1777, Died September 17, 1863, aged 86 years.”

CHILDREN:

1.2.6.9.2.6.1 184 i. Sarah Cassat: married Colonel James Neely, and they had Jacob Cassat Neely and James Upson Neely.

1.2.6.9.2.6.2 185 ii. Hannah Finley Cassat, born 7/24/1809; died 2/4/1875; married Captain John Neely.
1.2.6.9.2.6.3  186  iii.  Elizabeth Armstrong Cassat, born 11/11/1811; died 4/11/1886; married Elijah Wallace who died 1861.

1.2.6.9.2.6.1  184  SARAH FINLEY CASSAT:

(Jacob 135; David 124; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Sarah Cassat, was born about 1806 (?). Married Colonel James Neely. Probably a brother or cousin of Captain John Neely who married Sarah's sister Hannah Cassat.

Moved to an area known as Tyrone Township, took up large quantities of land and raised a large family of children, among whom was James Neely, Esq., as he was generally known “Spectacle Jimmy”, the father of the subject of this sketch. Colonel James L. Neely was a farmer by occupation, and never held office, except that in his early life he was elected Colonel of a militia regiment, which position he held for a number of years. In 1854 he was nominated by the Whig party as its candidate for the Legislature, but was defeated by the Know-nothing movement. He was married December 18, 1829, to Sarah Cassat, eldest daughter of Honorable Jacob Cassat, and by her had three daughters and two sons. He prospered as a farmer and was able to give his children the advantages of a good education. He was a large, fine-lookimg man, of good address and correct habits; was prominent in the church and well and favorably known throughout the community.

‘Spectacle Jimmy’ was my great grandfather. Col Neely's one daughter was married to a Mr. Hudson, and the other two Margaret and Josephine, were unmarried. Upton Neely's s family lived at Fairfield, eight miles west of Gettysburg. He has 13 children, most of them living about that village. Mary Hudson Taughingbaugh's children live in Hunterstown - that is three of them do. She had a sister, married to a Foltz and living in Wanesboro, Pa. I do not know if there were any other children in her family. Mrs. Foltz's name is Edith.

"Colonel Neely's brother, Samuel, married a Montfort (2nd wife). No doubt she was of the same family that one of the Cassats married. The Montforts belonged to the Dutch settlement.

“I do not know who Captain John Neely was, but I feel sure that John and James were brothers as I often heard my mother speak of ‘Aunt Hannah’. Her mother, Mary Neely, was a sister of Colonel Neely.

“I have childhood recollections of mother’s Aunt Sarah (Cassat) Neely. We often visited her and her two daughters who lived with her in an old stone house near Hunterstown. The 'girls' (maiden ladies) later moved to Hunterstown but are both dead now. All belonged to the Conewago Presbyterian Church as did my mother and her folks. Colonel Neely died April 23, 1863. Sarah Cassat was the eldest daughter of Hon. Jacob Cassat and married December 18 1829. The Neelys had three daughters and two sons. The only ones I knew were the above, Josephine, Margaret, and their mother. One son Jacob Cassat Neely who was called 'Kaz' was an attorney in Gettysburg for many years, and his son Samuel Neely is an attorney there now. (1934). You will notice he is a great-grandson of Hon. Jacob Cassat. I have a letter written by Col. Neely in 1840 to his sister who was going to a girl's school in Carlisle. He mentions his wife in it, and other letters.”

The children of Colonel James L. Neely and his wife, Sarah Cassat.

CHILDREN:

1.2.6.9.2.6.1.1 (277) i.  Jacob Cassat Neely, baptised 6/3/1838; was an Attorney of Gettysburg, PA, for years. son Samuel, is an Attorney there now: 1934

1.2.6.9.2.6.1.2 (278) ii.  James Upton Heath Neely, baptised June 8, 1845.
1.2.6.9.2.6.1.3 (279) iii. A daughter who married a Mr. Hudson.
1.2.6.9.2.6.1.4 (280) iv. Josephine Neely, deceased; lived at Hunterstown, Pa.
1.2.6.9.2.6.1.5 (281) v. Margaret Neely, deceased; lived at Hunterstown, Pa.

1.2.6.9.2.6.2 185 HANNAH FINLEY CASSAT:

(Jacob 135; David 124; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Hannah Finley Cassat, was born July 24, 1809, and died on February 4, 1875. Married Captain John Neely who died October 28, 1848. Probably a brother or cousin of Colonel James Neely who married Hannah's sister Sarah Cassat.

CHILDREN:

1.2.6.9.2.6.2.1 (282) i. Jonathan Weems Neely, b. 9/20/1830, d. 3/21/1890; m. 1st 2/15/1853 to Margaret E. Weaver b. 3/20/1834, d. 7/25/1854; m. 2nd Laura A. (?), b. 9/10/1843, d. 11/24/1899.

1.2.6.9.2.6.2.2 (283) ii. David Cassat Neely, b. 11/17/1832, bapt. 4/27/1833, d. 7/19/1834.

1.2.6.9.2.6.2.3 (284) iii. Jacob Cassat Neely, b. 7/17/1835, bapt. 9/13/1835, d. 9/8/1911.m. 1st 2/13/1866 Eliza Lylse Day b. 3/20/1840, d. 5/28/1890; m. 2nd 8/29/1899 Mary Alice Moul, b. 9/22/1865 living at York, Pa. (1921)

   CHILDREN:
   a. Mary Cassat Neely b. 8-23-1900.

1.2.6.9.2.6.2.4 (285) iv. Sarah Elizabeth Neely b. 4/23/1838, bapt. 6/17/1838, d. 1/5/1915, single.

1.2.6.9.2.6.2.5 (286) v. Mary McConaughy Neely, b. 7/3/1840, b. 11/15/1840, d. 3/10/1860; m. 3/4/1857 Dr. C.E. Goldsborough son of Leander and Sarah (Duncan) Goldsborough of Frederick City, Maryland.

   CHILDREN
   a. Grace Anna Goldsborough, b. 1/8/1858; m. James F. Bell, b. 2/6/1856 son of Major Robert and Abigail (King) Bell of Hunterstown, Pa.

   CHILDREN
   I Abigail Bell b. 10/23/1879
   II Mary Cassat Bell, b. 10/30/1881.
   III Robert Franklin Bell b. 2/22/1884 m. 2/16/1906 Elizabeth Snyder
   IV Lieutenant James Chester Bell, b. 1/6/1890
   V Frances Grace Bell, b. 7/19/1901.

   b. Mary McConaughy Goldsborough, b. 3/4/1860, d. in infancy.

1.2.6.9.2.6.2.6 (---) vi. Steward McKinney Neely, b. 3/27/1843. m. Mary Cassat Wallace, daughter of Elijah and Elizabeth (Cassat) Wallace.

   CHILDREN:
   a. Elizabeth Neely
   b. Sadie Neely
   c. Charles Neely
   d. Gertrude Neely

1.2.6.9.2.6.2.7 (---) vii Martha Jane Campbell Neely, b. 4/2/1845, d. 8/11/1872, married Dr. David M. Shuck of Clarence, Cedar County, Iowa.

1.2.6.9.2.6.2.8 (---) viii Hannah Amelia Neely b. 7/28/1847, d. 3/14/1849.

1.2.6.9.2.6.3 186 ELIZABETH ARMSTRONG CASSAT:
Elizabeth Armstrong Cassat, was born November 11, 1811 and died April 11, 1886. She married Elijah Wallace who died in 1861.

CHILDREN:
1.2.6.9.2.6.3.1 (287) i. James H. Wallace, b. 8/15/1838, d. 1/11/1906; m. 12/13/1864 to Carrie B. Fleming d. 1/20/1870.

CHILD:
 a. Mary Rachel Wallace, b. 6/9/1869; m. 12/31/1886 to George Franklin Pierce.
 b. William Elijah Wallace, b. 6/11/1869 d. 2/6/1870

1.2.6.9.2.6.3.2 (---) ii. Mary Cassat Wallace, b. 3/31/1841; living at 1212 E. Pierce Street, Council Bluffs, Iowa (1921). m. 11/27/1865 Stewart McHinney Neely, b. 3/27/1843 d. 7/26/1915.

CHILDREN:
 a. Elizabeth Wallace Neely b. 4/18/1867; m. 2/15/1888 Ashbel Smith Avery b. 10/12/1849.

CHILDREN:
 I. Ashbel La Verne Avery, b. 10/18/1890; m. 1/1916 to Annette Paul.
 II. Harold Stewart Avery, b. 5/10/1849; m. 9/1/1915 to Jenne Frye.
 III. Helen Gertrude Avery, b. 2/26/1899.

 b. Charles Malmsberry Neely b. 3/7/1870 m. 3/17/1902 Mrs. Agnes Osborn.

 c. Mary Gertrude Neely, b. 9/10/1876 m. 7/2/1900 to Joseph Calvin Pease.

CHILDREN:
 I. Mabel Irene Pease b. 5/7/1901.
 II. Mary Bethel Pease, b. 5/13/1905.
 III. Joseph Donald Pease b. 6/12/1915.

1.2.6.9.2.6.3.3 (---) iii George Lashels Wallace, b. 1/14/1844 d. 11/22/1844.

1.2.6.9.2.6.3.4 (---) iv. David Middlecoff Wallace, b.3/11/1846 d. 8/8/1882 m.12/24/1873 Bessie Huder.

CHILDREN:
 a. Edith Catherine Wallace.
 b. Charles Martin Wallace.

1.2.6.9.2.6.3.5 (---) v. Nancy Ann Elija Wallace, b. 4/16/1848 d. 12/7/1869.

1.2.6.9.2.6.3.6 (---) vi. Robert Galt Wallace, b. 6/24/1850 d. 5/7/1909. m. Ida Baird.

1.2.6.9.2.7 136 IDA CASSAT:

(David 124; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Ida Cassat, baptised January 16, 1780 under name of Eida Cosart at Conewago, Pa., married George J. Brinkerhoff, born October 26, 1785, son of John and Sarah (Van Arsdalen) Brinkerhoff. John was a Justice of the peace and died in Adams County, Pa., May 13, 1838.

Ida and George Brinkerhoff had the following children:

CHILDREN:
1.2.6.9.2.7.1 187 i. David Cassat Brinkerhoff, who was a merchant at Gettysburg, PA., married Catherine Stigert and had 2 children.

1.2.6.9.2.7.2 188 ii. John Brinkerhoff, b. 12/15/1811, died 5/3/1889. Married 11/22/1837 Sarah
Ann Walter b.11/16/1814, died 4/3/1881, daughter of George and Sarah (Graybill) Walters. Had seven sons.

1.2.6.9.2.7.3 189 iii. Henry J. Brinkerhoff, was a farmer and merchant and resided at Gettysburg, Pa., married had 3 children

1.2.6.9.2.7.4 190 iv. Jacob Brinkerhoff, b. 1/7/1817, d. 10/6/1877. Married Margaret McClellen and they had CHILD: Frank C. Brinkerhoff who went to New England.

1.2.6.9.2.7.5 191 v. Isaac Brinkerhoff, died in Childhood:

NOTE: The old Francis Cossart (103) homestead near Hunterstown, Pa., was the birthplace of these children, and remained in their possession until the time of the Civil War. (Reference: “The Family of Joris Dricksen Brinkerhoff, 1887, by Roelf Brinkerhoff”).

1.2.6.9.2.8 137 MARY CASSAT:

(David 124; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Mary Cassat, was baptised January 20, 1782 at the Conewago Church as Maria Cosaart. She died November 7, 1862, and is probably buried in the Dutch Graveyard 1½ miles east of Hunterstown, Pa. A number of people bearing the name Hulick are buried in the Cassat plat in the above mentioned graveyard. Mary was b. Jan. 20, ’81

CHILDREN:

1.2.6.9.2.8.1 192i. David Hulick, born 10/18/1816; died March 7, 1888. Single.
1.2.6.9.2.8.2 193ii. Margaret Hulick, died October 3, 1872, single.

NOTE: Gettysburg records. Release: Thomas B. Coleman, Sarah Cassat and Isabella S. Cassat (Hannah Cassat intermarried with Thomas B. Coleman) Children of David Cassat, deceased, to Peter Hulick, dated June 3, 1829, and recorded in Deed: Book “Q”, page 34. Peter Hulick was the Excecutor of David Cassat, Sr., and the above were heirs.

1.2.6.9.3 125 PETER COSSART:

(Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Peter Cossart was born on August 30, 1746 in Somerset County, New Jersey, and between 1780 and 1764 removed with his parents, Francis and Margaret (Van Nest) Cossart, and other Dutch colonists to near Hunterstown, York County (now Adams), Pennsylvania. About six miles east of (now) Gettysburg, Pa.

Peter married here about 1768 to Maria Duryee, born September 24, 1749, in New Jersey, the daughter of Samuel Duryee and Wyntie Banta who were married August 5, 1744 and belonged to the Dutch Church at Schraalenbarg, Bergen County, N.J., in 1743, and who also emigrated to the Conewago Valley in Pennsylvania and thence on to Kentucky with their son-in-law Peter Cossart and his wife.

Peter and Maria were the progenitors of those families using the surname COSART, COSAT, COSSAIRT, CASSAIRT, COZATT and a few who use COZART, COSSAT, CASSAT and CASSATT found residing in the central and western states.

Collin’s History of Kentucky, page 523, says:
"The first Dutch emigrants to Kentucky in a body or company was in 1781, to White Oak Springs Station, on the Kentucky River, Madison County, one mile above Boonesborough. Among the emigrants were Henry Banta Sr., Henry Banta Jr., Abraham and John Banta; Samuel, Peter, Daniel, Henry and Albert Duryee; Peter Cossart or Cozad, Fred Riperdan and John Fluety."

Page 521 of the same History says:

"White Oak Springs Station, sometimes called Hart's Station, 1 mile above Boonesborough, was settled in 1779 by Captain Nathaniel Hart and some Dutch families from Pennsylvania" ...... "not far is a spring 12 feet square at the top and 100 feet deep, boiling up pure, cold and fresh water, flowing off in a large and constant stream.

"Peter Cossart was granted 600 acres of land on a branch of Muddy Creek on September 25, 1780."

"Peter Cossart got 600 acres, September 23, 1780, on Muddy Creek."

In 1781 the State of Kentucky was divided into but three counties, i.e., Lincoln, Jefferson and Fayette. Madison was a part of Lincoln and Clark was a part of Fayette.

The name Cossart does not appear on the Madison County tax list of 1795 nor in the marriages of 1813, same county.

The name Cossart does not appear in the 1810 Census of Clark County nor the early marriages of same county.

"Peter Cossart got 50 acres of land on Chaplin Fork" Book 2, page 262 · Lincoln Entries, January 27, 1786 · Kentucky Land Office. Jilson’s Old Kentucky Entries, page 24. Chaplain Forks is now in Mercer County and indications are that the Cossarts were in Mercer County (formed 1786 from Lincoln). A search of Mercer County records would probably give fuller information relative to the Cossart’s that were there early."
(Reference: Mrs. Ethel Gist Cantrill, Librarian, Kentucky State Library, Frankfort, Ky., January 23, 1932.)

It is not known whether or not the above Peter Cossart is the subject of our sketch. Peter Cossart was not living in 1786. His son Peter Cossart Jr., was no more than ten years of age at this time. The only other Peter Cossart of record at this time was the son of David Cassat (124), and he could not have been more than 12 years of age. Perhaps the above property was not recorded until several years had elapsed and the land was actually obtained by the subject of our sketch.

The early history of Madison County, Kentucky, by William Chenault as printed in the Kentucky Historical Society Register in April 1932, page 133, says:

"In 1779 a small fort was built by Captain Nathan Hart at White Oak Spring. It was situated about 1 mile above Boonesborough and in the same bottom as the Kentucky river. The principal persons that lived at this fort were, Nathan Hart and family, Lawrence Thomsen and family, Henry Duree, Albert Voorhis, Daniel Duree, John Banta, Samuel Duree, Frederick Riperdan, PETER COSSHORT, and Paul Banta ......"
The early part of 1781 was characterized by many troubles from the Indians. Peter Duree, Henry Duree and Peter Cossart were killed the same year.

The above reference is to Peter Cossart the subject of our sketch who was killed in an Indian attack on the settlement in 1781—2.

The following two letters written by great-great grandsons of Peter Cossart should prove interesting to his descendants. The original letters are in the possession of Joseph Benjamin Cozatt, Attorney and Counselor at Law, 812 Seybolt Building, Miami, Fla.

"Louisville & Nashville Railroad Co.,
Harriman, Tennessee,
December 28, 1913.

Mr. Joseph B. Cozatt, Jacksonville, Fla. My dear Sir:

Your favor of the 23rd instant to hand and I take pleasure in answering your enquiry, so far as my limited knowledge of my forefathers will permit.

I am a son of Jacob Cozatt, who was a son of Daniel Cozatt of Mercer County, Kentucky.

My grandfather had the following brothers:
Jacob C. Cozatt, who lived in Kentucky.
David Cosatt, who lived in Illinois.
John Cozatt, who lived in Georgia, and
Abraham W. Cozart, who lived in Tennessee, all of whom are now dead.

My grandfather died in 1877, aged 76 years. My father died in 1900, aged 75 years. Uncle David of Danville, Ill. spelled his name Cosatt, while Uncle "Abe" of Philadelphia, East Tennessee, spelled his Cozart; why this difference in spelling I never knew. I have heard we have some relatives in Ohio, who spelled their name Cozad, but I never met any of them.

As you say, the name is not a familiar one and I have never met anyone of the name yet that was not related to me.

I am 53 years old, employed on the L. & N. R.R. as a conductor, running between Harriman and Dosett, Tennessee. Should you ever drop around this part of the world, I would be glad to meet you, as I think we must have originated from the same tribe of Huguenot French.

If you can figure out our ancestry from any of the above names, I would be glad to know it, and in the meantime I will see if I can learn anymore of the Cozatt tribe.

Wishing you a happy and prosperous New Year, I am
Yours truly, /s/ WILLIAM D. COZATT."

“John J. Cozatt’,
Proprietor of Parksville Roller Mills,
Parksville, Kentucky
January 1, 1914.
Mr. Joseph B. Cozatt,
Attorney at Law,
Jacksonville, Fla.

Dear Sir:

Your letter of the 23rd addressed to my brother William D. Cozatt, was sent to me as he said he was not very well posted on the genealogy of our family, and it found me in about the same condition; but from what I can learn our great-grandfather Jacob Cozatt (140?) was born in September 1773, and came to Kentucky from either New Jersey or Pennsylvania with his father while a boy, and the father (I do not know his name) was killed by the Indians at Boonesborough, Kentucky.

This family consisted of Francis (138?), David (142?), Jacob (140?), Peter (141?), Henry (143?) and Albert (144?).

Jacob married Margaret Commingore, August 1798. To Jacob and Margaret were born: Peter, Daniel, Elish, Rachael, Mary, Henry, Ann, Jacob C, John and Abraham.

Peter and David emigrated to Danville, Illinois, where both reared families, but I do not know their names.

Abraham emigrated to Philadelphia, East Tennessee, where he reared a large family.

My grandfather Daniel lived and died in Kentucky as did Jacob C.

John emigrated to Macon, Georgia and lived there during the Civil War and afterwards returned to Kentucky where he died.

My grandfather Daniel married Bettie Towny and to them were born, my father Jacob, William, Jordan and Sarah, who all lived and died in Kentucky.

My father Jacob married Mary Rose, and to them were born, Orpheus P., Sue, William D., Mollie, John Jacob and Sally E.

O.P. now lives at Wichita, Kan., W.D., at La Follette, Tenn., S.E. at Paris, Tenn., Sue at Cloverdale, Ind., where she married Ralph Lane, now dead. Sallie, Mollie, and I live here.

All of our family are now married and some of us have grand-children. Now, it seems that our ancestors who came from the east spelled their name “COSSAT”, our great-grandfather spelled it “COSAT”. Peter and David who went to Illinois retain the same name, while Abraham who went to East Tennessee spelled his name “COZART”, and the ones who remained in Kentucky spelled theirs “COZATT”! The name of Jacob still remains with the family, as my name is ‘John Jacob’.

This is about all I can tell you of our family, and will be glad to know if you can trace your kinship to any of these branches. I have never yet met anyone of the name who was not kin. Hoping to hear from you again, and that the New Year may bring you a lot of business, I remain,

Yours truly,

/s/ JOHN JACOB COZATT.”

THE JUSTICE PAPERS:

"(3) · Peter Cassatt (Cossart), born August 30, 1746, died 1780: son of Francis and Margaret Cossart. Married Circa 1770, Mary Durie."
"He was a Kentucky pioneer and is said to have been killed by the Indians in 1780. He was probably one of the 10 or 12 emigrants mentioned by Collins, as having settled at White Oak Spring and “all but 2 or 3 were killed.”. See also Browells “Continental Congress at York, Pa., in the Revolution.

“They had issue 5 children baptised at Conewago:
(1) · Samuel Cassatt, baptised May 31, 1772.
(2) · Jacob Cassatt, baptised October 3, 1773.
(3) · Peter Cassatt, baptised January 14, 1776.
(4) · David Cassatt’, baptised April 12, 1778.
(5) · Hendrick Cassatt, baptised April 12, 1778: and probably a son Albert Cassatt.

"Samuel Cassatt, son of Peter and Mary, Baptised May 31, 1772 at Conewago.

"Jacob Cassatt, son of Peter and Mary, baptised October 3, 1773 at Conewago.

“Peter Cassatt Jr., son of Peter and Mary, baptised January 14, 1776 at Conewago; married Mary Banta born June 6, 1785, died ......(?), daughter of Peter and Rachel (Van Clefe) Banta.

Peter Banta Sr. was a soldier of the Revolutionary War from Bergen County, N.J., and served, as a scout: he had a great reputation for bravery. He went to Kentucky with the Low Dutch Colony in 1780, and in 1796, removed to Lebanon, Warren County Ohio, and was probably accompanied by Peter Cassatt Jr., whose father had been killed by the Indians. Issue: Sarah Cassatt.

“David Cassatt, son of Peter and Mary, born March 25, 1778 (3) baptised April 12, 1778 (2) died October 8, 1854 at Wabash, Indiana Married March 10, 1805, Polly Banta died December 28, 1838 (3). He emigrated from Kentucky with his wife and children in 1834 and was one of the first settlers of Wabash, Indiana:
Issue:
 (1) · Anna Cassatt
 (2) · Elizabeth Cassatt
 (3) · Jacob D. Cassatt
 (4) · Mary Banta Cassatt.

“Hendrick (or, Henry) Cassatt, son of Peter and Mary was baptised April 12, 1778 at Conewago.

“Sarah Cassatt, daughter of Peter Jr., and Mary (Banta) Cassatt, died January 20, 1857 at Greenville, Darke County, OH. She married January 28, 1837 to Peter Vorhees Banta.

“Jacob David Cassatt (3), son of David and Polly (Banta) Cassatt, born April 9, 1812, died January 25, 1888: married 1st time August 7, 1836, Louisa Jane Roberts born April 21, 1821 at Wheeling, West Virginia, died January 28, 1846: married 2nd. time May 1, 1849, Emma Jane Townsend, born November 30, 1830, died January 24, 1850: married 3rd. time May 18, 1853, Elizabeth Backer born September 23, 1829 . He was a resident of Wabash, Indiana, and accompanied his father in 1834.

Issue by first wife:
(1) · Edward R. Cassatt, born April 4, 1839, Wabash, Ind., died June 29, 1907;
 married Emily Hartense, born April 22, 1842, died April 6, 1888.
(2) · Annie E. Cassatt.

Issue by 2nd. wife:
(3) · David Charles Cassatt, born 1/5/1855, died November 18, 1892: married
 Fannie Homer, born May 4, 1855 at Piqua, Ohio. Issue: (a) · J.D. Cassatt,
 born April 30, 1884, single.
Charles Ellsworth Cassatt, born March 25, 1857, died February 3, 1910; married Mary ... (?) born Westfield, Ind. Issue: (a.) Clarence Cassatt, b. 1/11/1889 lives Wabash, Ind.

"Mary Banta Cassatt (4) born December 28, 1818, daughter of David and Polly (Banta) Cassatt; married August 25, 1836 John S. Matlock, born February 16, 1802 died September 11, 1879. Issue:

(1) · Melissa Matlock.
(2) · Ema E. Matlock.

“The will of Christina Clopper, widow, dated November 24, 1801:

I bequeath unto Francis Cassat, Jacob Cassat, Peter Cassat, David Cassat, Henry Cassat and Albert Cassat, children of my brother Peter Cassat, deceased, £ 100 to be divided between them . . . ."

Executors: Brother Jacob Cassat; nephew David Cassat, son of brother David.
Witnesses: James Allen, Samuel Peterson.

(From Original Will No. 54 at Recorders Office, Gettysburg, Adams County, Pa.)

Land Titles.

“Many of the invalid land titles in Madison County, which had been entered under Henderson and Company, were again entered with the Land Commissioners and proper certificates of entry obtained from them .........” “Sometimes as many as five or six patents covered the same land.....” “The two most noted land litigation cases were, Green Clay vs Henry Banta, and Nathan Lipscomb vs Higgason Grubbs. In Green Clay vs Henry Banta, the entry of Banta for one thousand nine hundred and ninety-three acres of land on Muddy Creek, was dated 3rd day of May 1781. This entry of Banta was interfered with by those of Edmund Russell, Robert Manley, James Estill, Green Clay, Stephen Goggin, John Terrill said Robert Terrill: in fact there was not a hundred acres on Banta’s claim but what was covered by other conflicting rights: many of these conflicting claims were younger than that of Banta, whilst their patents were older.”

“Green Clay endeavored to destroy the title of Henry Banta and made unusual efforts to accomplish this object .... “The plat made in this suit shows the location of the fort at Boonesborough on Otter Creek, and of Banta’s Fort and Duryee cabins on Muddy Creek.”
(Ref.: (14) 1884 Chenault Deposition Copy Mss., Boonesborough Chapter D. A. R., Richmond, Kentucky).

THE COSSARTS. BANTAS AND DURYEES IN KENTUCKY

Those whose attention has not been directed to the subject, can have no adequate idea of the hardships and perils of this long journey from Eastern Pennsylvania to Kentucky. At that period Conewago was almost at the western end of the settlements, and between it and the Kentucky settlement was an unbroken wilderness of over 600 miles. The road by which these pioneers traveled was doubtless known as the “Wilderness Road”, which passed through the valley of Virginia, between the Blue Ridge and Alleghenies, and across the mountains by Cumberland Gap to Fort Harrod. The road was really only a “trace”. No wagon passed over it until at least fifteen years later, and these colonists were compelled to journey on foot and with pack horses. The “pack saddle” was a forked branch of a tree fastened on the horse, upon which were hung all the household goods and provisions. One of the early accounts of such a journey in 1779, describes the
“men on foot with their trusty rifles on their shoulders, driving stock and leading pack—horses, and the women, some walking with pails in their hands, others riding with children in their laps, and other children swinging in baskets on horses, encamping at night, expecting to be massacred by Indians, subsisting on stinted allowances of stale bread and meat, encountering bears, wolves and wildcats in the narrow bridle path overgrown with brush and underwood.”

Another account mentions that a colony, migrating to Kentucky in 1783, had reached within half dozen miles of the first settlement in the territory, when seven families of the train stopped to encamp for the night, the others passing on. That night the Indians attacked and the families who had encamped were all killed except one man.

One of Henry Banta’s sons were killed in Kentucky by the Indians. At the time of removal to Kentucky, Henry Banta the uncle of Maria (Duryee) Cossart, was the father of twenty one children, of whom three died in infancy, and his eldest son had recently died and leaving nine children, who were brought up by their grandfather. Five or six of his sons were married two of whom, Samuel and Petrus, remained for a while in Pennsylvania, as did three of his married daughters. His family who accompanied him on this toilsome, dangerous journey of several months duration, consisted of his wife and twelve children, five of whom were under twelve years of age, and nineteen grandchildren, almost all of whom were under twelve years of age. Peter Cossart had six or seven sons who accompanied this party: besides these children there were the children of the Duryee’s and those of the other emigrants in the party, making quite a large army of youngsters to protect from the wild beasts and savages which roamed the forests.

Collins History of Kentucky, pp. 529-30, Volume ii, says:

“Besides Boonesborough, there were several other forts or Stations, in Madison County: among them Estill’s and Hart’s or White Oak Station. The latter station was situated about a mile above Boonesborough on the same bottom of the river, and was settled in 1779. The settlers were composed principally of families from Pennsylvania · orderly respectable people, and the men good soldiers. But they were not accustomed to Indian warfare, and in consequence was, that of some 10 or 12 men, all were killed but two or three. During the fall and winter of 1781-2, Peter Duree, the elder, , and principal man of the connection, determined to settle a new fort between Estill’s Station and the mouth of Muddy Creek, having erected a cabin, his son-in-law, John Bullock and his family, and his son, Peter Duree Jr., his wife and two children removed to it, taking a pair of hand-mill stones with them. They remained for three days shut up in their cabin, but their corn meal was becoming exhausted and they were compelled to venture out, to cut a hollow tree in order to adjust their hand-mill.

“They were attacked by Indians · Bullock, after running a short distance, fell. Peter Duree reached the cabin, and threw himself upon the bed. Mrs. Bullock ran to the door to ascertain the fate of her husband and received a shot in the breast, and fell dead across the door sill. Mrs. Duree not Knowing the condition of her husband, ran to the aid of Mrs. Bullock and pulled her into the house and bolted the door. She grasped a rifle, and told her husband she would help him to fight. He replied that he had been wounded and was dying. She then presented the gun through several port—holes in quick succession · then calmly sat down by her husband and closed his eyes in death. After waiting several hours, and seeing nothing more of the Indians, Mrs. Duryee sallied out in desperation to make her way to White Oak Spring Station, with her infant in her arms, and a son of three or four years of age following her. She met the elder Peter Duryee, with his wife and youngest son, with their baggage, on their way to the new station. The party abandoned the baggage and mounted their women and children on horseback and regained White Oak Spring Station before daybreak.”

Another account of the incident by Mr. Banta, says:

"
“During the fall or winter of 1781-2, Peter Duree, the elder, the principal man of the connexion, determined to settle a new fort between Estill’s Station and the mouth of Muddy Creek, having erected a cabin, his son-in-law John Bullock and his family, and his son Peter Duryee Jr., and his wife Anna (Shuck) Duree and their two children together with a small guard removed to it, taking a pair of hand mill stones with them. The guard returned to “Lime Stone” to conduct out other families. They remained shut up in their cabin for two or three days until their corn meal was exhausted and the men were compelled to venture out, to cut a block to make a “mortar” to bruise their corn in and were attacked by the savages. Bullock after running a short distance, fell. Peter Duree reached the cabin after receiving a ball through the chest, inflicting a mortal wound. The other young man was cut off from the cabin by a fleet footed Indian and was tomahawked. Duryee’s sister, hearing the disturbance, ran to the door and was shot dead. Duryee’s wife saw the whole tragedy through a port-hole, with three children at her side. For some reason the Indians became alarmed and disappeared without breaking into the house. Mrs. Duryee dragged her husband into the house and tried to do every thing possible to stop the flow of blood from his wound. Duryee revived sufficiently to entreat his wife to take the three children to the fort, telling her that he was bound to die and that she could be of no further service to him. As the poor woman stood gazing at her dying husband, surrounded by death on every side, the three little children clinging to her · · · the conflict was short but terrible · · · the awful decision was made. The faithful wife turned her back on her · · · · · · · · · not for her own life but for her children. Having made up her mind to reach the fort. She mounted one child on her shoulders, taking another in her arms and the third at her side was soon fleeing with all possible speed along the blazed way towards “Lime Stone”, a distance of about eight miles. A blinding storm of rain and sleet set in and she soon lost her way and wondered in the trackless wilderness till late in the evening, when she again discovered the blazed track, and although she had traveled nearly all day she found herself not more than a mile from the bloody scene from which she was fleeing. She had gone but a short distance, however, when she met the other families coming out to join them, and told them the sad story. While they were parleying over what was best to do the Indians raised the war whoop in the distance. It appears they were on the track of Duryee’s wife. The men saw the situation at a glance; to make a stand there in the wilderness with the women and children was out of the question, hence they cut the packs from their horses and let them fall to the ground, and mounting the women and children they raced back to the fort. The horses maddened by the fierce yelling of the Indians, went tearing through the thick underbrush, lacerating the limbs of their riders badly. All reached the fort safely. The next morning they went out in force sufficiently large enough to drive back the Indians and bury their dead. A few year’s later the brave and reckless Captain Dan Banta met the widow Duryee and they were married.”

Collins History of Kentucky, p. 530, says:
“About the same time, an attack was made on Estill’s Station, 3 or so miles of Richmond, by a party of about 25 Wyandots. They killed one man took a negro prisoner and disappeared.”

In describing the Ambuscade on Muddy Creek, Collins History of Kentucky, p. 527, Vol ii, says:
“In 1781, a company of Dutchmen (Hollanders) came from near Danville to White Oak Springs Fort one mile above Boonesborough seeking lands for settlement. In December of that year Fred Ripperdan. and several others of the number, went over to Estill’s Station, which was on little Muddy Creek 1 ½ miles from its mouth, and arranged with Captain James Estill and his brother Sam, to show them lands whereon to begin a station, as they rode along a trace in the cane down the creek, Captain Estill in front and Sam in the rear, they passed a half mile from the station, a large red-oak tree which they had lately fallen close to the trace. It was covered with red leaves and behind it lay in ambush some Indians, who had cut cane and stuck it in the crack of the tree, the better to conceal them. Sam Estill whose large grey eyes and almost eagle vision, nothing in the forest moving or still, could escape · · · espied a moccasin behind the tree, he instantly fired through the cane, threw himself off his horse on the opposite side, and shouted “Indians”. The
Indians fired too, one shot badly breaking the arm of Captain Estill whose horse wheeled and dashed back to the station. The Captain seized the reins with his teeth, his left hand holding his rifle but his horse was beyond control. A large painted-black and horrid looking Indian sprang over the tree, toward Ripperdan, to tomahawk him - all now being off their horses. Ripperdan in his fright forgot to help himself, but called to Sam Estill to shoot the Indian. Estill, whose gun was empty, retorted, “why don’t you shoot him, d....n you.” “Your gun is loaded.” Thus reassured by Estill’s voice and command, Ripperdan jerked his gun to his shoulder and fired, the muzzle almost touching the enemy’s breast. The Indian let his gun fall, clutching a sapling for support, uttered a loud noise like a bear, and fell dead. The remaining Indians, fearing a still more bloody welcome, retreated through the cane. Captain Estill later died from the effects of his wound.”

*Samuel Estill was a celebrated Indian fighter who was born in Virginia and came to Boonesborough in 1778-9, and in the spring of 1781 to his brother’s station. He lived to be an old man, quite as remarkable for his size as in his early life for his active bravery. It took a side of leather to make him a pair of boots. When he joined the Baptist Church and was immersed, it required the strength and assistance of twelve men to baptise him, seated in a chair. His weight at death was 412 pounds.

The following letter referring to the early settlers of Kentucky will be of interest to descendants of the Dutch pioneers:

"To the Classis of New Brunswick beloved in the Lord, Grace, Peace and Mercy, Amen.

Having at this time made a call for a minister of our Low Dutch Reformed Church, by the consent of the Low Dutch Society at Salt River, Mercer County, in the State of Kentucky, we hope that it may have the desired effect. Therefore we do in the name of our Lord Jesus desire of you, our Rev. Classis, to aid and assist us with all possible speed.

It is further the sincere wish and prayer of us in case you could send us a minister agreeable to our wish - that this one can preach both in English and Dutch, that we then have a speedy supply, either in the Dutch or English language, to establish a consistory, to preach, to baptise, etc., as there are at present upward of forty children to be baptised. And further, as we are likely to be a scattered people, we hope a speedy remedy may take place, so that our desires are great, our case is distressing our church affairs and religion in many respects lamentable. Though we have through the blessing of God yet far united, and it is the desire of our society to send us a minister who can preach in both languages, we hope that we will be blessed with such a man, and if not be expected in a short time, that we pray for a supply as above mentioned, and we, the subscribers, shall reward him for his cost and trouble: and once more we crave a speedy remedy, as we have reason to fear that we will soon be scattered - which we hope God will forbid. We shall add not more, as we hope that God will grant his blessing, that our Rev. Classis may aid and assist as soon as possible, that our society may establish and our religion flourish in this and all other places, is the sincere wish and prayer of us, the subscribers, who being chosen as the voice of the people.

Given from under our hands this 13th day of August, in the year of our Lord, 1795.

Signed:    HENDRICK BANTA    Garret Dorland
            John Smock            Isaac Van Nyuys
            ALBERT BANTA            Cornelius Van Arsdale
            SAMUEL DURIE            Abraham Brewer."

Hendrick and Albert Banta were the uncles of Maria (Durie) Cossart.
Samuel Durie, the father of Maria (Durie) Cossart.
"The Low Dutch Colony came mainly from Mercer County, Ky., and located in and around the site of where Pleasureville is now situated. The colonists purchased about 10,000 acres in 1784, from Squire Boone, brother of Daniel Boone, the famous pioneer. This section of Kentucky was then all forest and inhabited by Indians. It is remarkable, as true, that some of the descendants of this colony now reside on and own a portion of the original purchase. The Bantas, Bergins and Shucks still own the land of their ancestors, together with many old relics and papers which they value highly. The land was not held separately, but the Company had a trustee whose duty it was to look after the estate. There were 30 or more families and they all resided in a fort built of logs and stones. The hostilities of the Indians once compelled them to retire for a short time, part going back to Mercer County and part to Clark County, but they returned in 1786.

"Papers show that 34 lots of land were purchased by the Company varying in size, but ranging from 200 acres upward, and paid for in pounds, shillings and pence. The following statement shows how these tracts were awarded in the division: that is to say, to whom and the price paid:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Lot No.</th>
<th>Purchaser</th>
<th>Price (Ls. Sh. D.)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>John Comingore, transferred to James Morton</td>
<td>£ 24 11s 1d</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>David Vories</td>
<td>52 17 00</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>David Vories</td>
<td>48 17 11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Andrew Shuck</td>
<td>70 11 11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Albert Banta (Uncle of Maria Cossart)</td>
<td>50 10 03</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Albert Voras</td>
<td>26 08 07</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>John Banta</td>
<td>62 17 03</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Abraham Banta</td>
<td>52 17 03</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Simon Vanisdal</td>
<td>24 11 08</td>
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<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Henry Banta (Uncle of Maria Cossart)</td>
<td>66 03 03</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Samuel Demaree</td>
<td>52 17 03</td>
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<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>Daniel W. Banta</td>
<td>59 03 03</td>
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<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>Remis Montfort transferred to Louis Maston</td>
<td>52 17 03</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>Ben Spade</td>
<td>62 16 09</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>Daniel Banta</td>
<td>52 17 03</td>
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<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>Heirs Cornelius Cozine</td>
<td>49 19 11</td>
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<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>Samuel Banter</td>
<td>43 19 11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>18</td>
<td>FRANCIS COSART (Father of Peter Cossart)</td>
<td>43 19 11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>Samuel Demaree</td>
<td>43 10 11</td>
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<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>Aaron and John Montfort</td>
<td>52 17 11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>21</td>
<td>Blue John Voras</td>
<td>21 16 07</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>Lucas Vanosdal and Jacob Smock</td>
<td>21 16 07</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>23</td>
<td>Peter Banta</td>
<td>12 19 04</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>24</td>
<td>Jacob Banta</td>
<td>32 18 03</td>
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<tr>
<td>25</td>
<td>Illegible</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>26</td>
<td>William Shock and Big John Vories</td>
<td>52 17 03</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>27</td>
<td>Uncle Peter Benta</td>
<td>59 19 03</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>28</td>
<td>Abraham Brewer</td>
<td>17 04 11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>29</td>
<td>Cornelius Bogard and Uncle Peter Banta</td>
<td>62 16 09</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>30</td>
<td>Petrius Banta</td>
<td>58 03 09</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>31</td>
<td>Sophia Voras</td>
<td>29 11 09</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

"Some of the lot numbers were missing but there were at least 34 lots or tracts. All of this land was managed by Abraham Banta before it was settled up, and then it was transferred to George Bergen as trustee, whose duty it was to look after all the estate. The land was re-
surveyed in 1833 and found to contain a large surplus, which was sold and the money divided among the members of the company.

“About this time the “Low Dutch Colony”, swarmed again and quite a number settled in Johnston County, Indiana, and another colony in Switzerland County, same state. (Albert Cossairt is shown in the Census of 1830 as residing in this county)

“The company members worked together, some standing guard while others labored. At night they went into the fort for protection against the Indians, closing the doors and pulling the latch string inside. The old spring that supplied the company with water is still in use. These good old people cleared the Indians from the country and the wild animals from the forest. They also cleared the heavy timber from the land and built houses for themselves, and it was long years before they could safely leave the latch string outside at night.

“Verily we are enjoying the fruits of their labor. An uncle of the writer, Cornelius Banta, built the first house in North Pleasureville which was then called “Bantatown”. The new Pleasureville began in 1850. The bones of the pioneers are resting in the Pleasureville Cemetery.

“The above was written some years ago, by the late Richard H. Shuck, whose forefathers crossed the waters with the original stock and followed the colony through all its migrations.

(Reference: History of Shelby County, Kentucky, 1929; by George L. Willis Sr.)

The Census records show that the Dutch settled in Pleasant Township, Johnson County, Indiana.

Peter Cossart probably purchased his land from Captain Nathaniel Hart or from Captain James Estill.

The following is a memorial of the Kentucky settlers dated about 1783. They obtained a grant of land consisting of 12,000 acres in 1783 which was divided among the settlers in that year.

The below communication was published by the Rev. Dr. David D. Demerest of New Brunswick, N.J., in the Christian Intelligencer” of March 26, 1890:

“To the Honorable President and the Delegates of the Free United States of America in Congress Assembled:

Memorial and Petition of a number of inhabitants of the Kentucky settlement of the Low Dutch Reformed Church persuasion in behalf of themselves and intended settlers.

Humbly Beseech:

That in the spring of the year 1780, they moved to Kentucky with their families and effects with a view and expectation to procure a tract of land to enable them to settle together in a body for the convenience of civil society and to propagate the Gospel of their own language; when they arrived there, to their sorrow and disappointment they were, thro’ the dangerousness of the times by a cruel and savage enemy, obliged to settle in Stations and Forts in such places where there was the most appearance of safety; notwithstanding all their precautions numbers of them suffered greatly in their property, several were killed and others were captured by the enemy, living in such distressed and confined way, always in danger, frequently on military duty, it was impossible for them do more than barely support their families with the necessaries of life, by which means they were much reduced; and what adds more to the disappointment and affliction is that, contrary to their expectations, before their arrival and since, the most or all the tillable land has been located and monopolized by persons that had advantages that your Memorialists did not
have, by being acquainted with the country.

And your Memorialists, being strangers and confined as aforesaid, and being so reduced, are rendered unable to purchase land at the advanced price, and especially in a body conveniently together agreeable to their wishes.

Whereas, providence has been pleased to prosper and support the various resistences of the United States in the glorious cause of liberty, which has enabled them to obtain an honorable peace whereby they have obtained a large extent of unappropriated territory. And whereas it is currently and repeatedly reported

amongst us that Congress has broke or made void Virginia’s right or claim to land in Kentucky settlement.

Your petitioners, therefore, humbly pray in behalf of themselves and the intended settlers of that persuasion, the Honorable Congress would indulge them with a grant or tract or territory of land in Kentucky settlement, if the Virginia claim thereto should be made void, or otherwise in the late ceded land on the northwest side of the Ohio river, whereto there is not any prior legal claim, to enable them to settle in a body together, on such reasonable terms as Congress in their wisdom and prudence shall see just and reasonable, they complying with, and performing all responsible conditions required, to enable them to put their intended plan and purpose in execution, they having principally in view the Glory of God, the promotion of Civil and religious society, educating and instructing their rising generation in the principles of religion and morality. Hoping the Honorable Congress will give all due encouragement to such a laudable undertaking: the premises duly considered. Your petitioners as in duty bound shall ever pray, &c.

Inhabitants:

Signed:
* Hendrick Banta. Cornelius Bogart
  Peter Demaree John Demaree
  Cornelius Banta Henry Young
** Samuel Durie Francis Vories
  Albert Durie John Ryker
*** Marya Cozart, widow Henry Banta Jr.
  Antje Durie widow William Van Cleave
  Simon Vunosdol Jacob Banta
  Lambert Darling Abraham Banta
  John Dorling David Allen
  Johanna Seburn., widow Daneel banta
* Albert Banta Albert Vorhis
  Mary Westerfield John Vorhis, Junr.
  Samuel Demaree Luke Vorhis
  Peter Demaree, Junr. Henry Shivley
  Samuel Demaree Jr. Benedick Yurey
  John Vorhis Cornelius Vories
  Sophie Vories, widow Abraham Banta Jr.
  Aaron von Hoon John Banta
  Catherine Darling, widow James Vorheis
  John Vancleave John Harris
  Peter Banta Samuel Westervelt
  Samuel Lock."

The foregoing Memorial also contained, in addition to the above list of names, the names of 101 “intended friends” who also signed the document. Among them we find the names of
FRANCIS COSSAART, and those of his two sons, JACOB COSSART and DAVID COSSAART. These members of the Cossart family did not settle in Kentucky but remained in Pennsylvania as records of the church show and also their places of burial.

It is noted that Maria Cossart, widow of Peter Cossart, wrote her name Marga or Marya Cozart on the foregoing document. The census records for the year 1790 for the state of Pennsylvania shows the surnames of Jacob and David Cossart as "COZART".

The emigration to Kentucky was by detachments. A few families went as early as 1771. We have no reason to think that a church was organized until the arrival among them of the Rev. Peter Lobag in 1796. But they had a meeting house long before this time, located where is now the village of Pleasureville, and they doubtless held regular services under the direction of the Voorheises' and Hendrick Banta, (uncle of Maria Cossart) the Exhorter.

"To the Rev. John H. Livingston, D.D.

Reverned Sir:

On request of a certain minister of the Reformed Low Dutch Church, together with our lamented circumstances in the cause why we, your humble petitioners, take the freedom to acquaint you with our present calamities, which we hope, Kind Sir, you will pardon when you have examined your applicants petition.

We are, Reverned Sir, at present in a precarious situation in regard to church affairs, and have been so for many years past. We are surrounded by a number of societies who are of a different confession. We are a numerous people who are destitute of divine service. We are a people who scarcely know the difference between our and other church constitutions, which make it difficult for us to keep united. We are so situated that we can have a supply at almost anytime on making application, which we allow is dangerous, as we shall mention hereafter. We are a people who have the same feelings and possess the same degree of ambition as these, our neighbors. We are hurt that there is no more done for us; we suspect that it is caused among ourselves by men who formerly have intimated that we are not likely to become a church or nation: we are satisfied and most reasonably suppose that all future efforts will be of no effect unless a speedy remedy takes place.

Therefore we pray you., in the name of Him who has all power to will and to do, that you will assist in your power. With submission we crave your aid and assistance with all speed possible. We have sent a call to the Rev. Classis of New Brunswick, likewise a letter of expostulation, and wrote to some others of the clergy, which we hope may have the desired effect. If not, we are a scattered people, as there are numbers among us at present that say we cannot wait longer - our children should and must be baptised, besides, great numbers have been baptised by parents to whom it was a matter of difference by whom it was done. Others have the boldness to say that, then there is no regard or attention paid us, why should we wait longer? Others say: our neighboring societies, some of who are much inferior to us, are taken great care of, such as sending missionaries and churches established, etc., and we, who are superior, there is nothing done for us. Our neighboring clergy have made several offers, and have sometimes preached, which only serves to weaken us and break the bond of "unity": but wonder how we have "united as long as we have": we may view it with something of almost supernatural.

Therefore, Rev. Sir, we thought it a duty incumbent on us to inform you with our present circumstances, to enable you to form a just idea about us: and further, we are almost become a reproach to other nations on account of preserving and adhering to our church forms, constitutions, etc., and not as much as a supply.
It is needless to tell you of the reflections we endure; but our nation here in general is liberal and generous and look upon themselves to be superior to a number of others. They are daily increasing; we expect soon to be able to make up 500 dollars yearly as a salary.

We have made up 300 dollars and if well united might do more, but we hope that God will forbid that we should be any longer without a minister. This much for your consideration, praying that if you have it in your power to help us to let no means pass by, so that we might once more become a church and nation. Our expectation of your aid and assistance, your petitioners shall ever pray.

Signed:

Henry Banta
Albert Banta
Abraham Brewer
Garrett Dorland
Lawrence De Mott
Isaac Van Arsdale

John Smock
Isaac Van Nuys
Cornelius Van Arsdale
Lucas Van Arsdalen
Simon Van Arsdale
Isaac Van Arsdale.

An account of the Low Dutch Tract written by George W. Demaree, was published in the Shelbyville, Ky., "Current", May 15, 1873, and so much of it as refers to the Banta family is quoted therefrom, to illustrate some of the difficulties these hardy pioneers encountered in the building of their new home in the "dark and bloody ground."

"The original of the purchase and final settlement of the Dutch Tract, together with the incidents connected with the men who figured in this part of our history.

"About ten years before the final settlement was effected, i.e., about the year 1785, Captain Daniel Banta, Cornelius Banta and John Banta Sr., followed the trace leading to Harrod's Station in Mercer County to Hoagland's Station, in which was afterwards Shelby County, till within a few miles of the latter place where they boldly plunged into the wilderness, and built a cabin about two miles northeast of Hoagland's station and what was afterwards known as the old Magruder farm, now the property of Thomas Eaton, Esq. This was, without doubt, the first cabin built on the limits of the Dutch Tract. It was constructed with blue ash logs, and was torn down but a few years ago, after having braved the storms for more than eighty winters (1893).

"The Bantas, while on their hunting expedition, doubtless saw a considerable part of the tract of land afterwards purchased by the Dutch Company, though hardly all of it, as it was no child's play to explore so vast a wilderness. I have no means at hand of knowing the precise number of acres contained in the original survey, but from my knowledge of the boundary thereof, I presume it could be not less than fifteen to twenty thousand acres. The Bantas had enjoyed their novel position but a short time when one of those periodical storms of wrath burst upon the frontier settlement, and as they wisely retired to Hoagland's Station. This station was poorly manned and provisioned at the time and was threatened daily with an attack from the red-skins. So equally did the times become that the little garrison determined to send to Harrod's station for reinforcements, etc., John Banta, an officer of the fort, a brother to the other Bantas, volunteered to perform the dangerous mission. The wilderness being full of prowling savages, he chose the darkness of the night to pass through the "narrors" on the waters of Benson Creek, near where
Harrodsville now is. But never reached Harrod's Station. As he crept silently and all alone in the darkness of the night through the dreaded "narrows", the red-skins pounced upon him from ambush and cleaved his skull with his own tomahawk. They left Captain Banta on the tragic spot with his own tomahawk buried in his skull as a token of their fierce vengeance. The loss of this brave man was deeply felt by the frontier settlement. As soon as the storm had subsided our three heroes, who had taken an active part in the exciting scene with which they had surrounded, went back to Harrod's Station fully satisfied that their attempt to take possession of an isolated wilderness at that time was immature. It can hardly be doubted that their good report of the excellent quality of these lands, carried back to the Dutch Company of which they contained a part, led to the purchase and settlement of the same.

The Banta family was both dreaded and feared by the Indians. Being men of wonderful strength and constitution, and brave to a fault, they taught the savage many lessons in their own mode of warfare. If all their conflicts with the Indians, the heroism of their men and women, etc., were traced by the pen of an able writer, a book of truly thrilling adventures would be the result.

The writer remembers hearing the old folks talk of "Shaker" John Banta. This circumstance led him to enquire into the origin of the appellation, and his researches have satisfied him that the Shaker Society of Kentucky had its origin in the limits of the Dutch Settlement, i.e., Shelby County about the year 1804. The first Shaker meeting held in Kentucky, beyond doubt, was held at the home of John Banta, who was one of the original members of the sect in that state, hence the name "Shaker" John Banta.

Some of the Vorhees and Monforts adopted the Shaker System at the same time. I doubt that the long custom of the Dutch Company to have certain things in common, such as tools, farming implements, mills, etc., had no little to do in preparing the minds of those good people to receive the friendly though absurd doctrines of Ann Lee. The doctrines of Ann Lee met with but poor success, however, with the mass of the company, hence John Banta and his few associates separated from them and returned to Mercer Co., Ky., and purchased the present site of Pleasant Hill. The result is familiar to everybody.

The below extract copied from “Banta Genealogy”:

“163 · Wyntie Banta. (4): Married August 5, 1744 to Samuel Durie. He probably the son of Peter Durie and Judick De Maree, baptised June 3, 1723. She united with the church at Schraalenburgh, Burgen Co., N.J., in 1743. They probably removed with the Colony to Conewago, Pennsylvania, and subsequently to Kentucky, near Boonesborough:

Issue:

Maria Durie (5): Baptised September 24, 1749; married Circa 1768 Pieter Cassart (Cossart).

Issue:

1554 · Samuel Cassart (6) bp. Conewago, 1772.
1555 · Jacob Cassart (6), bp. Conewago 10-3-1773.
1556 · Pieter Cassart Jr. (6) bp. Conewago, 1-14-1776.
1557 · Hendrick Cassart (6) bp. Conewago, 4-12-1778.
1558 · David Cassart (6) born 3-25-1778, bp. Conewago, 4-12-1778,., died 10-8-1854.”

The Migration of the Conewago Colony

to Kentucky and to the Lake Country in New York.
Various conflicting statements have been published regarding the migration of the larger part of the Conewago Pennsylvania Colony to the interior of Kentucky. I shall make no attempt to correct these statements only in so far as they relate to members of our own family. After comparing the statements made in these various publications and after a close examination of all available church, county and state records, as well as from correspondence had with members of our family now residing in the Kentucky settlement, I am led to the conclusion that the first two families who set out from the Conewago Colony for Daniel Boone’s newly opened settlement in Kentucky was the Banta and Duryea families and their relatives, and these twelve or more families were followed, later by a larger number of Conewago families. The settlement made about the Conewago Dutch church in Straban Township, York County, Pa., about 1765. The Settlement made in the Ten Mile Valley around Prosperity in Morris Township, Washington County, Pa., in 1780. The settlement made along the Kentucky River Valley in Madison and Mercer Counties, Kentucky, in 1780. The settlement made about Lebanon, Warren County, Ohio, between the time of the signing of the treaty of Greenville (1795) and the admission of Ohio as a state in 1803. The settlement made about Fairfield,, Green County, Ohio, in 1803, are all similar, from the fact that in each case a few intrepid Jerseymen had first pushed out with their families and had established themselves in these various frontier settlements only to be followed soon afterwards by numerous other New Jersey families and not to speak too positively, I think it is not unlikely that the same might be said regarding the settlement in southern Granville County, North Carolina, and along the Mohawk Valley about Fonda, New York.

While during the winter of 1779-80 the Bantas, Duryeas and their kinsman Peter Cossart (125) and a few others were formulating plans for the establishment of a colony in Boone’s new Kentucky settlement. Another group of men composed of the Lindley brothers and a few of their friends and neighbors from about Morristown, N.J. were making similar plans for the establishment of a colony on Ten Mile Creek in Washington County, Pa., or what was then known to New Jersey people as the “Redstone Country”. Both these companies of colonists crossed the state of Pennsylvania during the spring or summer of 1780. Thirteen years later (1793) another group of Conewago Pennsylvania families composed of members of the Brinkerhoff, Johnson, Bodine, Van Tuyne, Dates, Parcell and Luyster families set out for Cayuga County New York settlement about Oswaco Lake in that county. Interesting details regarding this settlement may be found in the Brinkerhoff Family History.

Dr. Francis Cosatt or Cassatt (130) accompanied these people and settled at Watkins Glen, Cayuga County, but after Mad Anthony Wayne had subdued the Indians in Ohio he left the New York Colony and joined his relatives who settled in Warren County, Ohio.

In 1796 a large number of Morris County, N.J. families set out to join the Lindleys and others about Prosperity, Washington County, Pa. The Cozad brothers Samuel (632) and Henry (633) being members of the company, but as an account of their settlement will be given later, we will now return to the Kentucky Colony. Known as the dark and bloody ground, the settlement of this state was probably brought about at heavier cost of life than was the settlement of any other state in which members of the Cossart family had any part (See Dr. Samuel Metcalf Narratives of Indian Warfare, Lexington 1821).

Collins in his History of Kentucky, writing under the head of Madison County, says: “The first emigration to Kentucky in a group or company was in 1781, when a company of Dutchmen (Hollanders) came from near Danville to the White Oak Springs Station one mile above Boonesboro, seeking lands for settlement. The party being composed of Henry Sr., Henry Jr., Abraham and John Banta, Samuel, Peter, David, Henry and Albert Duryea, Peter Cosart, Frederick Ripperdan and John Yeury.”
Collins further says that in 1784 these persons and others purchased from Daniel Boone twelve thousand acres of land under the name of the “Low Dutch Tract” and divided it up among themselves. Theodore M. Banta of Brooklyn, N.Y., author of the “Banta Family History (1893) says this land was divided into 34 lots, varying in size from 200 acres up and that it was paid for in pounds, shillings and pence. He further states that Peter Cosart took lot No.18 for which he paid £ 43 · 19s · 11d.

Peter’s descendants now living in Kentucky inform me that this tract of land lay near Harrod’s Fort, now Harrodsburg, the county seat of Mercer County.

Mr. Collins in his history of Kentucky further says: “What was known as White Oak Springs or Hart’s Station was located about a mile above Boonesboro in Madison County in the same bottom of the Kentucky River and was settled principally by families from Pennsylvania. They were orderly respectable people and the men good soldiers, but were unaccustomed to Indian warfare and the result was that out of ten or twelve men composing the group all were killed but two or three (See letter of Nathaniel Hart Sr., to Governor Moorhead). See the article on the Duryea ambuscade on page 269 herein.

The foregoing narratives as related in Collins History of Kentucky are sufficient to give the reader some idea of the dangers and hardships encountered by these first Dutch settlers of Kentucky. Peter Cossart’s descendants say that he was foully murdered by the Indians while out gathering blackberries for his family near Harrod’s Fort, and Peter Van Arsdale was killed and scalped on his own clearing. Notwithstanding the fate of these first settlers, other Conewagians back in Pennsylvania were ready and willing to risk their lives by following them, simply in order that they may acquire more and cheaper lands. Some time during the fall or winter of 1783 the Revern J.M. Van Harlingen pastor of the Dutch churches at Harlingen and Neshanic, Somerset County, N.J. and who occasionally made the journey of 150 miles to the Conewago Pennsylvania Church to minister, sent a memorial and Petition to the Continental Congress at Philadelphia, praying that they grant a tract of land in Kentucky to the petitioners, and in the course of which said: “Some of them have lived amongst us and belonged to many congregations.” The petition contained the names of between 75 and 100 Conewago Pennsylvania people some of whom later went to Kentucky while others did not. This preliminary memorial and accompanying petition in full, were printed in the “Christian Intelligencer of New York in its issue of March 26, 1890 and was so published in the Register of Kentucky State Historical Society January 1912, page 47 and it also appears in the Banta Family History as well as in this tabulation · see page 127.

In 1778, during the Revolution, the Six Nations (at Tory instigation as was claimed were responsible for the Wyoming Massacre, of such bitter memory. A fearful penalty was inflicted on the Indians by General Sullivan, in the battle of Chemung, where Almira now stands, in 1779 and in burning nearly 50 Indian villages in the Genesee Valley. In 1794 “Mad Anthony” Wayne, at the Maumee, finally destroyed the Red Man’s power in the east, and after that it was possible for peaceful settlement to be made beyond the Alleghenies. After General Wayne had compelled the Indians to sign the famous treaty of Greenville in 1795, a strong tide of immigration, principally from New Jersey, Pennsylvania and Virginia at once set in.
Peter Cossart’s widow, Maria Duryea, with at least three of her younger sons, Peter Jr., Henry and Albert came up into Warren County, Ohio, as did some of the members of the Banta, Voorhees and other former New Jersey and Conewago, Pa., families.

Other Cossart families from New Jersey, Virginia and the “Lake Country” in New York joined them in Warren County. Another large colony of Casads from New Jersey and Cozads from Virginia are found to be about Fairfield, Green County, Ohio, when the state was admitted to the Union in 1803. The year following the signing of the treaty of Greenville (1796) another large company of Morris County, New Jersey families, including the Cozad brothers Samuel (632) and Henry (633) came to join the New Jersey colonists who in 1780 had established the settlement about Prosperity, Washington County, Pennsylvania.

Much additional information regarding the migration of the New Jersey people to the Conewago Pennsylvania settlement and later to Kentucky and New York settlement, as well as a complete copy of the baptismal records of the Conewago Dutch Church may be found in Volume 4 of the Somerset County, N.J., Historical Quarterly pp. 161-167 also pp 267-281 of the same volume. Following the Revolutionary period and the signing of the treaty at Greenville in 1795 we find a general breaking up of the old eastern settlements taking place and a large number of the younger members of eastern families now turn their faces toward the newly opened country West of the Alleghenies in Western Pennsylvania and the fertile valleys of southwestern Ohio and Kentucky. In the last generation (the 3rd) we find the Cossart family about New York City and on Long Island, in Somerset County, New Jersey, York County, Pennsylvania and Granville County, North Carolina, only. But in the next generation we will find the family not only pushing farther westward, but will also find a change taking place in the family names. This applied not only to the Cossart family but to other families as well. By way of illustration we will here cite a few examples. Part of the descendants of Henry Rycken and wife Ida Jacobs who came from Zutphon, Holland, in 1663 took the name of Riker, while a large part of them took the name of Suydem. The descendants of Arthur Theunissen Van Hengel and wife Catherine Reynders, who came from Hengal in Gelderlund, Holland, in 1653 eventually took the name of Rynerson. John and George two of the sons of Teunis Nyssen who came from near Utrecht, Holland, about 1738, took the surnames of Van Middleswart, while two of their brothers, Dennis and Cornelius used the names of De Nyse and Denise. Likewise the posterity of Peter Claesen becomes the Wyckoff family of the present clay.

Families from France on reaching the Dutch colonies about New York, Long Island and New Jersey were given all sorts of names by the Dutch pastors and record keepers. The de la Fountaine family became the Van Tuyne, Van Tine and etc., family. The Dutch gave the family of George de Rapalie and wife Catherine Trico from Rochelle, France, many names, likewise the Duryee family from France and the Francis Lasseur or Le Suer from north west France now becomes the Lejere, Laschere, Loshier and eventually the Lozier family of America. Many other cases might be given to show how European surnames became changed by the Dutch on reaching the American Dutch Colonies. These various forms of spelling names continued on down through the colonial period until after the Revolution. Families then becoming widely scattered and getting away from the Dutch settlements in the east, then began to adopt a fixed form of spelling their surnames. Each settlement adopting a form to suit themselves, hence about

Oyster Bay, Long Island, we find our family taking the name of Cashow. About Brooklyn and Harlingen, N.J. we find them now taking the names of Kershaw and Kershaw, while in north Somerset and Morris Counties, N.J., find them taking the name of Cosad, Cozad and Casad. Those of the family remaining about New York and Adams Counties, Pennsylvania now (about 1798) change their name to Cassat and Cassatt, while the children of their brother Peter Cossart (125)
who goes to Kentucky in 1780 take the names of Cozatt, Cosatt, Cozat, Cosat, Cosart, Cossart, and etc., and in Granville County, N.C. the family of Anthony Cossart (603) is now using the name of Cozart and in Hunterdon County, N.J., the posterity of Richard Cossart (617) adopt the name of Corzatt (see page 546) in fact but few of the family are found to be using the original French name of Cossart or Cosart after the beginning of the last century.

A record of the family of Peter Cossart (125) by the late Oliver L. Cozad, Marion, Ohio:

“Peter Cosart, son of Francis (103), baptised at Raritan, N. J., April 30, 1746.

Named for his grandfather Peter Van Nest Jr., of Somerset County, New Jersey. Some time about 1765 he accompanied his parents from near Bound Brook, N.J. to near Hunterstown, York County (now Adams), Pennsylvania, where about 1768 he married Maria or Mary daughter of Samuel Duryea, and Lavina Banta, baptised at Schraalenburg, Bergen County, New Jersey, September 24, 1749.

The Archives of Pennsylvania, 3rd Series, Volume 21, page 238, Tax returns of Mt. Joy Township, York County (now Adams), lists him in 1779-80 as Peter Cossart, 163 acres of land, 3 horses, 3 cattle. Tax £ 28 - 13s - 16d.

In the spring of 1780, he with the Duryeas, Bantas and a few other friends set out from about Gettysburg and Hunterstown, Pennsylvania, to the newly opened settlement of Daniel Boone in the interior of Kentucky. So many conflicting statements have been published regarding this Kentucky Dutch Colony that I find it impossible to get at the real facts as to the time and place that Peter met his death at the hands of the Indians while out gathering blackberries: but as near as I can ascertain the date seems to have been the fall of 1782 or 1783 and the fact that only one of Peters sons (Jacob) remained in Kentucky and he lived and died near Harrod's Fort (now Harrodsburgh) leads me to assume that Peter's land and place of death was probably the same as passed to his son Jacob.

Collins in his History of Kentucky says these Pennsylvania Dutchmen were good soldiers and good citizens, but on account of their being unfamiliar with Indian methods of warfare it cost many of them their lives.

After Peter's death (we do not know just when) his widow, with three of her Sons Viz: Peter Jr., Henry and Albert, went with some of the Banta family and others, up to Warren County, Ohio. Some of their names appearing on the earliest records at Lebanon, the county seat. These Cossarts, Bantas and other Kentucky families purchased land and settled some 2½ miles north-east of Lebanon.

After Peter's death at the hands of the Indians in Kentucky his sons scattered, three going to Ohio as stated, one to Wabash, Indiana, one remaining in Kentucky, and one in Pennsylvania. As a result of this separation, these brothers adopted different forms of spelling their family names and today we find the posterity of Peter using more different surnames than do the descendants of any other member of our family in America. His Sons were all born in Pennsylvania and were baptised at the Conewago Dutch Church except Albert the youngest, who was born in Kentucky.

**************************
'Whether Peter Cossart and Maria Durie were married before leaving New Jersey or not till after settling in Pennsylvania, cannot be stated, however, we find the baptismal record of their eldest children among the first recorded in the old Conewago Church list and it may be they had other children born before leaving New Jersey as appears to be the case regarding the eldest children of his brother David Peter it appears lived in the Conewago Settlement some 12 or 14 years when in 1781 he accompanied a party of Dutch emigrants to Kentucky where he met his death at the hands of the Indians. See Collins History of Kentucky.

“It appears that owing to these Indian disturbances and other reverses in Kentucky some of these persons (settlers) returned to Adams County, Pennsylvania, settlement. Whether all of Peters children accompanied him to Kentucky or not I cannot say, but it is known that some of his eldest children remained, in Pennsylvania and still may be found many of their descendants in Adams County, Pa., and Preston County, West Virginia, while some of the younger children remained in Kentucky and have a numerous posterity in that state and in Tennessee.

"Peter's descendants in Pennsylvania spell the name Casat, those in W. Va., spell it Cozad and in Kentucky they spell it Cozatt and Cozart."

/s/ O. L. COZAD."

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Letters of Harriet Ann Cozart (330) a great granddaughter of Peter Cossart (125):

"Harrodsburg, Ky.,
October 5, 1904.

Dear Mrs. Keezel:

I am now in Kentucky and am writing to learn if you are still gathering the records for the Peter Cozatt (125) family? I thought that while I was here with my kin, the Peter Cozatt (125) strain of the family to which I belong, I would see if I could assist you in gathering some of the records.

I learn that my great-grandfather Peter Cozat (125) was killed at the old Indian fort one day when he had gone outside to gather blackberries for his children. He was scalped almost at once after he came outside the fort”. Please let me hear from you at this address: c/o Mr. F. R. James, Cashier, Mercer National Bank, Harrodsburg, Ky.

/s/ HATTIE COZART."

Another letter from the same source written in 1905 states:

“I took this from an old bible I found among the kin in Kentucky: Jacob Cozatt (140) senior had five brothers, viz:

Frank,
David,
Albert,
Peter and
Henry.

David lived in Wabash, Indiana, and died there. Albert and Peter were twins. Albert lived near Danville., Illinois. Henry settled in Ohio near Lebanon (25 miles above Cincinnati).
Their father was killed by the Indians near Boonesborough, Ky. His name was Peter and his wife’s maiden name was “Derie”.

P.S.: I went once to Ohio years ago and some of my great uncle Henry’s grand children - the Pences, Monroes, Bontas and a lot more that I did not know were living there then.

I took this from an address delivered at the old “mud meeting house” two miles from Harrodsburg during the centennial August 25, 1900. The address was printed. No doubt the name “Duryee” was the original name of the woman Peter Cozat (125) married, but the record said "Derie".

/s/ HATTIE COZART.”

The marriage records of Mercer County, Kentucky, show the marriage of a Mary Cozart to Cornelius Vanhice on November 17, 1796. This may have been the widow of Peter Cossart. The writer is of the opinion that she removed to near Lebanon, Warren County, Ohio, about 1796, where some of her sons resided. The marriage records of Mercer County also show that a Cornelius Vanhice and Ann Adams were married there on December 16, 1824.

The Banta Genealogy shows the marriage of three sons of Peter Cossart into that family, i.e., Peter Jr., David and Albert. Peter Jr., Jacob and Albert are known to have lived in Warren County, Ohio.

The children of Peter Cossart and his wife Maria Durie were as shown below. Here we first come into contact with the surname COSSAIRT, and from this period certain members of the Cossairt family refer to themselves as being descended from “Pennsylvania Dutch” Stock.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CHILDREN:</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>12.6.9.3.1 138 i. Francis, baptised October 23, 1769 Conewago, PA.</td>
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<tr>
<td>12.6.9.3.2 139 ii. Samuel, baptised May 31, 1772 Dutch Church Conewago, PA</td>
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<tr>
<td>12.6.9.3.3 140 iii. Jacob, baptised 10/3/1773 Dutch Church Conewago, died in 1882</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12.6.9.3.4 141 iv. Peter, baptised January 14, 1776 Dutch Church Conewago,</td>
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<tr>
<td>12.6.9.3.5 142 v. David, baptised 4/12/1778, Dutch Church Conewago, died 4/8/1854</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12.6.9.3.6 143 vi. Henry, baptised 4/12/1778, Dutch Church Conewago, died in 1853</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12.6.9.3.7 144 vii. Albert, born in Conewago 7/16/1778, died Danville, IL, 10/11/1857</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

12.6.9.3.1 138 FRANCIS COSSART:

(Peter 125: Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques i).

Francis Cossart, son of Peter and Maria, baptised October 23, 1769 in the Conewago York (now Adams) County settlement, Pennsylvania. It is said that he married, lived and died there. The record of his baptism is among the earliest found on the old Conewago Reformed Dutch Church list.

He was probably the oldest son of Peter and Maria, who were married in this settlement about 1768. Named for his grandfather Francis Cossart (103).

Tradition claims that Francis married, a Miss Ash and resided in Warren County, Ohio, having gone there with his mother and younger brothers after the death of his father. If this is correct he was residing here in 1805 and in 1813. It seems logical to the compiler that this Francis must have accompanied his mother and brothers to Ohio, he being the eldest child, she
would naturally look upon him for support of the family. However, he could have returned to the Conewago settlement later as indicated on pages 293.

There was a Francis Cossairt living in Preble County, Ohio, about 1829 which may have been Francis Cossairt mentioned as the son of the subject of our sketch. Mrs. Frances Alltop of Birch Tree, Missouri, granddaughter of the latter Francis, claims that her father who was Francis Marion Cossairt told her that she was the fourth in direct line to bear the name Frances (or Francis).

There is a possibility that he may have accompanied his father, Peter Cassart and his uncles the Duryeas and others to Kentucky, where he may have met death at the hands of the Indians as did his father, but if he did go to Kentucky with this party, then his family must have returned to Pennsylvania for while I do not yet know when or where Francis died I do know that his children first lived in the old Strabane Township, Adams County, Pa., settlement and that some of them later settled in Preston County, West Virginia; where some of his posterity may yet be found, they now spelling their name “Cozad” while those remaining in Pennsylvania spell it Cassat.

The following information regarding Francis (138) and family comes from Preston County, West Virginia; by H.W. Whetsell, 1913, page 423).

Francis Cossart (138) married Margaret de Groft or de Graff about 1790 and lived on land adjoining his grandfather Francis Cossart (103) only a short distance northeast of Hunterstown, Straban Township, Adams County, Pennsylvania. (See Page 291).

The children of Francis and Margaret de Groft (or de Graff) were ·

CHILDREN
1.2.6.9.3.1.1 i. Solomon Cassat
1.2.6.9.3.1.2 ii. Neeltie, baptised 12/20/1789. no further account of eldest daughter
1.2.6.9.3.1.3 iii. Sarah Cossart, baptised 10/16/1791, d. 2/2/1856. lived and died in Straban Township, Adams County, Penna. Married Jonathan Baldwin.
1.2.6.9.3.1.4 iv. Jacob Cassat (or Cossairt), served in the war of 1812. It is unknown what became of him. He was of a roving disposition. He visited his relatives in West Virginia and in Pennsylvania during the 1830’s, but after that nothing further is known of him. (The following is of record in Preble County, Ohio, where members of the Cossairt family resided. "The goods and chattels of Jacob Cossairt, late of Preble County, State of Ohio, deceased. Appraisers · · Francis Cossairt, Peter Cossairt with James L. Hunt, Administrator. April 20, 1831." J.A.C.)
1.2.6.9.3.1.5 v. Richard Cossart (or Cassat) He was last heard of at Wheeling, West Virginia. What became of him is not yet known.
1.2.6.9.3.1.6 vi. Samuel Cassat, lived and died in Strabane Township, Adams County, Penna. and has numerous descendants in Pennsylvania , Kansas and elsewhere. His descendants used the surname Cassat.
1.2.6.9.3.1.7 vii. John Cozad, has numerous descendants in Preston County, West Virginia, where he settled. He is the progenitor of the West Virginia Cozads.
1.2.6.9.3.1.8 viii. Anthony Cassat, died in Preston County, West Virginia, a bachelor.
In a letter to O. L. Cozad, Mr. Justice states: "Concerning Francis Cassat, son of Peter (125) and Maria Duryea - He is mentioned as living by Christina (Cassatt) Clopper, widow (sister of Peter (125) and daughter of Francis (103) and Margaret Van Nest Cassatt. Francis is supposed to have married Margaret De Groft or Graff. Peter Graff Cassatt who died a few years ago at Gettysburg intestate who may have been descended from this Francis. I have a record of his children. There are also a bunch of Cassatt, descendants of Solomon Cassatt who lived at Gettysburg, Hanover and elsewhere, of whom I have quite a full account. Solomon’s son David living in Gettysburg aged about 70 years, a respectable but uneducated man, states that he can now remember that Solomon mentioned he was a son of Francis and Margaret de Graff Cassatt."

"There may have been other children but if so I have no account of them. Margaret, the mother is said to have died near Kingwood West Virginia, at her son John’s. (Ref. Mrs. James F. Bell, R.R. #10, Gettysburg, Pa. See extracts of her letters in addenda).

Mr. Justice says further
"On looking over your letter of October 1920 to Colonel Edward B. Cassatt, I find reference to several items of interest.
You say there were five sons raised in Adams County, Pa., named Jacob, Richard, Samuel, John and Anthony, who in your opinion were the sons of Francis (138) or Samuel (139), sons of Peter (125) and Maria Duryea.
I have no information concerning them - but they could not have been the sons of Samuel as he died young s.p., or his issue would have been mentioned in Christina Clopper’s will.
These names, Jacob, Samuel, John and Anthony suggest to my mind that they came from Anthony and Elizabeth’s line (9), particularly some of them used the surname Cosad. Anthony Cosad of Bernardstown, Somerset County, N.J. had sons Samuel, Jacob, Aaron and John.
John Cossart son of Anthony and Elizabeth (9) had sons Richard, Anthony, John and Jacob and it is likely that one of them was the father of the bunch you mention."

Mrs. Jesie B. Selby of Preston, Hickory County, Mo., a granddaughter of the latter Francis Cossart states that she has heard her mother speak of an Aunt Sarah who married a Banta, (or Banta), also of an uncle Peter. Judging from this tradition and from the fact that the latter Francis Cossart resided in Preble County as late as 1832 would indicate that he might be the son of Peter Cossart (141) a brother of the subject of our sketch. The below mentioned children were brothers, and were either the sons of Francis (138), or Peter (141).

CHILDREN

( ) i. Francis Cossart, born February 5, 1805, in Warren County, Ohio, died November 1, 1870 in Hickory County, Missouri.

( ) ii. Henry Cossart, born December 29, 1813, died in Iowa.

NOTE: These 2 children will again be mentioned under the heading of Peter Cossart (141).

Mrs. Effie Taylor, R.F.D. Box 69½, Auburn, Calif., a granddaughter of Francis Cossart above, in a letter to the compiler dated April 2, 1935, states: “Grandfather had a sister Sarah who married a Banta I believe, and a brother named Peter who spelled his named different from the way grandfather did.”

1.2.6.9.3.1.1 SOLOMON CASSAT
Solomon Cassat, of Gettysburg, Hanover and Elsewhere in Pennsylvania. Said to have
been son of Francis (138) and Margaret above.

CHILD:
( ) a. David Cassat, of Gettysburg, Penna., aged about 70 years in 1920: a respectable but uneducated man, stated to Alfred R. Justice, genealogist that he could remember that his father, Solomon Cassat, mention that he was a son of Francis and Margaret (de Graff) Cassat.

“David Cassat to Samuel G. Cook et al for tract of land situate in Gettysburg Borough, Adams County, Pa., dated September 28, 1877 and recorded in Deed Book FF at page 514.

Title: S. Wolf, Sheriff to Danner and Ziegler; Danner and Zeigler to John H. Bushmen, March 31, 1868 and John H. Bushman to David Cassat September 13, 1873.”

1.2.6.9.3.1.3 SARAH COSSART
Sarah, daughter of Francis (138), baptised 10/16/1791, d. 2/2/1856. Said to have been the second daughter in the family. She lived and died in Straban Township, Adams County, Pennsylvania. Married Jonathan Baldwin.

CHILD:
( ) Jonathan Jefferson Baldwin, born in 1818. Married, the daughter of Henry Brinkerhoff. He was considered a rolling stone. "His picture shows some resemblance to the Cassat family, but he did not have the alert eye that most of the family possessed." He attended the funeral of his grandmother Margaret (de Graff) Cassat at Kingwood, Preston County, W. Va. Jonathan married 1st time to Sarah Brinkerhoff March 9, 1842 and they had six sons and four daughters; she died in November 1860 in Clinton, Illinois, where she had arrived with the family on April 9, 1858. After the death of his first wife, Jonathan returned to Gettysburg, Pennsylvania, thence to Carroll County Maryland, where in October 1861 he married Rebecca Roger. In 1863 he took up 40 acres of land 2½ miles east of Neoga, Cumberland, Illinois, to this he added till he had near 200 acres - was a trustee of the Neoga First Presbyterian Church. Had one son and three daughters living in 1921. He was the oldest son of his father's family. He learned the hatter's trade under William Paxton.

1.2.6.9.3.1.6 SAMUEL CASSAT
Samuel Cassat, of Gettysburg, Adams Co., Pa., is said to have lived and died there in that County. Son of Francis (138). Letters of administration granted a Samuel Cassat of Adams County, November 30, 1840. No. 2180. Court record.

CHILDREN:
( ) a. John Cassat, married Mary Phillips.
( ) b. David Cassat.
( ) c. Samuel Cassat Jr.,

CHILDREN:
( ) Samuel J. Cassat, probably son of Samuel mentioned above.

"Samuel J Cassatt to Charles Ehrehart, for tract of land situate in Gettysburg Borough, Adams County, Pa., dated April 21, 1868, and recorded in deed book at page 395.

Title: John F. McClellen to Samuel J. Cassatt November 30, 1867.

CHILDREN:
( ) a. Jefferson Cassat, married Margaret. "Jefferson Cassat and wife Margaret to Franklin Robenstine for a tract of land situate in Straban Township, Adams Co, Pa., dated April 2, 1890 and recorded in Deed Book UU at page 575.

Title: Christian Benner to David Troxel: David Troxel to James Noel: James
Noel to Jefferson Cassatt.

CHILDREN:
(  ) 1 Mary Elizabeth Cassat, married August 4, 1900 to Joseph Whittinton.
   Residence: Cumberland Twp., Adams County, Pennsylvania.
(  ) 2 Blanche Cassat, married July 14, 1904 to Howard Weikert.
   Residence: Cumberland Township, Adams County, Pennsylvania.
(  ) 3 Lydia M. Cassat, married September 9, 1907 to Paul Herbert.
   Residence: Gettysburg, Pa.
(  ) 4 Jefferson C. Cassatt Jr., married March 26, 1914 to Effie J. Brame.
   Residence: Gettysburg, Pa.

(  ) b Blanche (or Blance) Cassat, who lived at Abaline, Kan., may have been
dughter of Samuel J. Cassat.

(  ) c William Gulden Cassat who lived at Washington, D.C. may have been
son of Samuel J. Cassat.

(  ) d Peter Cassat was a blacksmith, went to West Virginia and married his full cousin
   Eliza Cozad, the daughter of his Uncle John Cozad. Settled near
   Kingwood, W. Va. ??? projected date of birth doesn't fit with Eliza ??

(  ) e Sarah Cassat
(  ) f Eliza Cassat
(  ) g Mary Cassat.

1.2.6.9.3.1.7 JOHN COZAD
John Cozad, son of Francis (138), married Elizabeth Skidmore of Pendleton.
CHILDREN:
(  ) a. John P. Cozad, married Lydia Martin.
(  ) b Edward Cozad, married Catherine Miller-Mouon.
(  ) c Nathan or Nathaniel Cozad, married Lucinda Thomas.
(  ) d Samuel Cozad, married Hester Bird.
(  ) e Alpheus or Alfred Cozad, married Eliza Cozad-Cassidy.
(  ) f William Cozad, married Lydia Plum.
(  ) g Elijah Cozad or Kentucky.
(  ) h Eliza Cozad, married her cousin Peter Cassat, son of her uncle Samuel Cassat
   of Adams County, Pennsylvania. They settled near Kingwood, West Virginia.

NOTE: The children above and their descendants are believed to be the only
descendants of David Cossart (8) to use the surname “Cozad”. J.A.C.

1.2.6.9.3.2 139 SAMUEL COSSART:
(Peter 125: Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Samuel Cossart was baptised May 31, 1772 at the Conewago Reformed Dutch
Church in York (now Adams) County, Pennsylvania. The second son of Peter and Maria. Named
for his grandfather Samuel Durbee. As Samuel was not mentioned in his aunts will, Christina
(Cassat) Clopper (127), with the other children of his father it is believed that he had died before
this ‘will was made on November 24, 1801.
It is not known whether or not he accompanied his parents to Kentucky about 1780. He may have died young in Pennsylvania or he may have met the same fate at the hands of the Indians as his father, in Kentucky.

In the U.S. Census records for the year 1840 taken in Darke County where members of the Cossairt family were or had been living was a "Samuel Cozat, shown as the head of a family consisting of five members viz: 1 male between the years of 60 and 70; female between and 30 years of age; 1 female between 15 and 20 years of age, and one female under five years of age. This may have been a Samuel Cozat who was born in Pa., and his father Samuel Cozart who lived there and reared a large family. See addenda for their record.

The compiler is inclined to believe that Samuel the subject of our sketch died young and without issue. Please note copy of a letter written by John J. Cozatt on page 266 in which he does not mention the name of Samuel.

1.2.6.9.3.3 140 JACOB COSAT:

(Peter 125: Francis 103: David 8: Jacques 3: Jacques 1).

Jacob Cosat, son of Peter and Maria (Durie) Cossart, was born in York (now Adams) County, Pennsylvania on September 11, 1773; married August 10, 1797 (or August 9, 1798) to Margaret Comingore of Kentucky. Jacob accompanied his parents from the Conewago Valley Settlement to Kentucky about 1780.

After the death of his father he accompanied his mother and brothers to Warren County, Ohio, where he remained for a time and then returned to Kentucky near Harrodsburg. It is believed that he lived on the land purchased by his father. Jacob was a minister in the Campbellite (Christian) Church. He is one of the children mentioned in his Aunt Christina's will in 1801.

Rev. Jacob was married to Margaret (Peggy) Comingore by the Rev. Sutton, on August 10, 1797, in Mercer County, Kentucky. (Reference: Historical Records of Kentucky, Volume 21—3). He was named for his uncle Jacob Cassat (126).

Jacob died at Harrodsburg, Mercer County, Kentucky, on September 10, 1822. There were eleven children to this union.

CHILDREN:

1.2.6.9.3.3.1 194 i. Peter Cosat, born January 21, 1800, married January 14, 1821 to Nancy Tewmey.

1.2.6.9.3.3.2 195 ii. Daniel Cozatt, b. 6/10/1801, m. 5/23/1834 Elizabeth (Betty) Tewmey. d.2/21/1877 near Harrodsburg, Kentucky.

1.2.6.9.3.3.3 196 iii. Elisha Cozatt, b. 3/28/1803, m. 9/23/1830 Elizabeth (Bowker) Cranmer. d.3/22/1853 near Lebanon, Warren County, Ohio.

1.2.6.9.3.3.4 197 iv. Rachel Cozatt, bb. 10/10/1805, m. 2/1822 Garret Terhune. d. in Mercer County, Kentucky.

1.2.6.9.3.3.5 198 v. Mary Cozatt, b. 11/21/1807, m. 3/20/1828, 1st to D. Randolph, 2nd to Mr. White. d. near Harrodsburg, Kentucky.

1.2.6.9.3.3.6 199 vi. Henry Cosat or Cozatt, b. 2/7/1810, m. 2/26/1829 to Sarah Gritton.

1.2.6.9.3.3.7 200 vii. David Cosat, b. 10/10/1812, m. 1/15/1834 Nancy Truax. d. near Danville, IL

1.2.6.9.3.3.8 201 viii. Anna W. Cozatt, b. 4/30/1815. d. 1/5/1884. m. William Davis. d. in Mercer County, Kentucky.

1.2.6.9.3.3.9 202 ix. Jacob Commingore Cozatt, b. 5/22/1817, m. 9/26/1837 Emily May Jacob, d. 10/27/1866. Emily d. at Parksville, Boyle County, Kentucky.

1.2.6.9.3.3.10 203 x. John C. Cosat or Cozatt, born 6/26/1819 (or 1820). d. 11/9/1871. m.
Adaline Rose, d. at Parksville, Boyle County, Kentucky. John was born near Harrodsburg, Mercer County, Ky. He emigrated to Macon Georgia, where he remained until the close of the Civil War. He later returned to Kentucky where he died.

1.2.6.9.3.11 204 xi. Abraham W. (Abe) Cozart, b. 2/11/1823, m. Martha Colwell. Believed to have died at Philadelphia, East Tennessee.

NOTE: Bible record.

1.2.6.9.3.1 194 PETER COSAT:

(Jacob 140; Peter 125; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Peter Cosat, was named for his grandfather Peter Cossart Sr., was born January 21, 1800 and died in 1860 at Danville, Vermillion County, Illinois. Married January 14, 1821 in Kentucky to Nancy Tewmey.

He was commonly known by his neighbors as “Old Peter Cosat”; was born, near Harrodsburg, Mercer County, Kentucky, January 21, 1800, and according to another record died in Vermillion County, Ill., on September 15, 1859. Married Nancy L. Tooms, January 21, 1821. She was born December 23, 1799 and died June 18, 1856. The Kentucky marriage records shows her name as “Nancy Twomey” and that she was married to "Peter Cozatt", January 1, 1821 in Mercer County Ky. This family removed to near Danville, Vermillion County, Illinois, in 1830 and settled in Blount Township, Section 11, “just west of Samuel Copeland's place and commenced a farm and lived there about 30 years”. “After his death his family scattered, one member of his family was living at Ross, Illinois, in 1888. Peter was a life-long Whig”.


Peter and his wife are both buried at the Johnsonville Cemetery just north of Danville.

He was appointed administrator of the estate of Henry Cosat, the eldest son of Albert Cossairt of Danville.

Phoebe, the second wife of Peter was appointed administratrix for his estate. Before the estate was settled, she asked to be released. Mr. W. H. Copeland was then appointed to take her place. Phoebe married a second time to Edward L. Gutheridge. Peter's children by his first wife were as follows:

CHILDREN:

1.2.6.9.3.3.1.1 (288) i. David Cosat. He was one-time superintendent of Sunday Schools in Vermillion County, IL.

1.2.6.9.3.3.1.2 (289) ii. Margaret Cosat, born July 6, 1823, died in 1898: married Thompson Lanham. Died at State Line City, IN

1.2.6.9.3.3.1.3 (290) iii. William Cosat, married Minerva Ziggers. Lived in Dade County, MO.

1.2.6.9.3.3.1.4 (291) iv. Samuel Cosat, born 4/16/1827; m. Nancy Martin. Lived at Hennings, IL d. 2/20/1912. Nancy was born 11/15/1837 and died October 7, 1885, married in 1859 to Sarah Wood. Died at Danville.

1.2.6.9.3.3.1.5 (292) v. Perry Comodore Cosat, born January 1, 1838, died January 2, 1882/7; married in 1859 to Sarah Wood. Died at Danville.

1.2.6.9.3.3.1.6 (293) vi. Elizabeth Cosat d. 1890. m. Squire Cuningham, died at Patomas IL

1.2.6.9.3.3.1.7 (294) vii. Mary A. Cosat. Married Mr. Fitzgerald and they had two children, i.e. John and Manassah Fitzgerald.

1.2.6.9.3.3.1.2. 289 MARGARET COSAT:

(Peter 194; Jacob 140; Peter 125; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Margaret Cosat was born July 6, 1823, died September 7, 1898. Married Thomas B. Lanham, born April 3, 1822, died August 7, 1876. Both are buried in the graveyard at Johnsonville, Ill.
1.2.6.9.3.3.1.4  291  SAMUEL H. COSAT:
(Peter 194; Jacob 140; Peter 125; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Samuel H. Cosat was born April 16, 1827, died February 20, 1912. Married Nancy Martin born November 15, 1837, died October 7, 1885.

CHILDREN: DIFFERENT FROM ANCESTRY.COM RECORDS ???
476 i. Charles E. Cosat, born July 22, 1849, died October 3, 1864 and is buried in the cemetery at Johnsonville, Ill.
477 ii. Ida E. Cosat, born March 25, 1866, died April 4, 1866, and is buried in the cemetery at Johnsonville, Ill.

1.2.6.9.3.3.1.5  292  PERRY COMMODORE COSAT:
(Peter 194; Jacob 140; Peter 125; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Perry Commodore Cosat who later changed his surname to Cozatt, was born January 1, 1838, died January 2, 1882. Married Elenor Wood, born January 3, 1839. They were married on September 23, 1858. She married a second time to William Sperry. She died February 1, 1932. Perry Commodore Cozatt was born in Vermillion County, Illinois, and was a farmer. He owned 160 acres of land valued at $6,500.00, in 1882. He was formerly a Republican in politics but turned to be a neutral.

CHILDREN:
478 i. Sarah Cozatt, died in infancy.

479  PERRY COMMODORE COZATT JR:
(Perry C. 292; Peter 194; Jacob 140; Peter 125; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Perry Commodore Cozatt, Jr., son of Perry Commodore Cosat Sr., was born in 1861. (AKA COMMODORE P. COZATT) Married Lucy Stickler. He now lives on R.R. No. 3, Danville, Illinois (1932) and is a manufacturer of pipe organs.

CHILD:
8-652 i. Perry Commodore Cozatt, the third., born in 1914.

1.2.6.9.3.3.2  195  DANIEL COZATT:
(Jacob 140; Peter 125; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Daniel Cozatt was born June 10, 1801 in Mercer County, Ky. He Married May 23, 1834 Elizabeth (Betty) Twmey; died February 21, 1877 at the age of 76 years near Harrodsburg, Mercer county, Ky. They also lived at Parksville, Boyle County, Kentucky. No record of the date of Elizabeth’s death.

CHILDREN:
1.2.6.9.3.3.2.1 (295)  i. William Cozatt, born and died in Kentucky.
1.2.6.9.3.3.2.2 (296)  ii. Jordan Cozatt, born, lived and died in Kentucky.
1.2.6.9.3.3.2.3 (297)  iii. Sarah Cozatt, born, lived and died in Kentucky.
1.2.6.9.3.3.2.4 (298)  iv. Jacob Cozatt, born, lived and died in 1900 in Ky.

1.2.6.9.3.3.2.4  298  JACOB COZATT:
Captain "Jake" Cozatt was born in Mercer County, Kentucky, and died in that state in 1900. He was one of the oldest members of the family living in 1900.

Jacob served in the Union Army during the Civil War as a Captain in the 11th Kentucky Cavalry (1662-5). All of his children were married and reared families.

The following is an extract from "House Miscellaneous Documents, 2nd. Series, 50th Congress, 1888-9, Volume 6, Rebellion Record, Volume xxii, part 1 — Reports, page 265":

April 19, 1863 - Skirmish at Creelsborough, Kentucky:


Sir:

......I moved with this detachment of my commend down the said creek to the crossing of the road from Creelsborough up to the ferry, and thence down the road to Creelsborough, Russell County, Kentucky.

As we were ascending the hill into Creelsborough, on the double quick, the rebels fired on Captain Cozatt’s detachment. The firing was the first notice the rebels, who were rifling a store, had of the approach. There were from 60 to 70 rebels in and around the town. We were met at the brow of the hill by about 25 rebels, mounted and in arms, who rode up within fifty feet of us before they saw us or we them. The firing began instantly, and this firing was kept up for several minutes, then the rebels turned and fled down the road through Creelsborough. We pursued rapidly. In passing through the town we were fired upon from nearly every house and place of concealment. We, however, pressed the retreating rebels through the town, and found here that both detachments of the command had gotten together, and we were engaged in pursuing the detachment of rebels in hot haste. I rode about the center, and halted the rear and reversed its front, and marched back into the town, leaving the right wing to pursue. I ordered every house and stable and hiding place in town to be searched, which was soon done. The rebels had scattered in every direction. Some had fled to the hills and bushes; others hid under houses and in lofts &c. We only left one rebel on the streets of Creelsborough to die, but left him in the care of our most excellent surgeon, Dr. J. H. Peyton. We took twelve prisoners, one of whom was wounded, and one of whom was E. M. Allen, Captain in the Confederate Army.

Our men escaped without a scratch. The surprise of the enemy was perfect.

We arrived at Creelsborough about 11 o’clock, and left there about 1 o’clock for Berksville, where we arrived at 6 p.m. thus making a march of 42 miles, over as bad roads as there are in the mountains of Kentucky, and spent two hours of the day in a brisk little skirmish with the enemy, and in pursuing, retreating, and searching for skulking rebels.

We captured 12 horses and equipment and several guns and pistols, a full report of which I have not received.

I feel that I cannot speak too highly of the conduct of the officers and men of this command. Some have distinguished themselves more than others for gallantry, and exertion in the field, yet all have behaved with much bravery, gallantry, and ambition for victory, as to show that all that is needed by officers and men of the 11th Kentucky Cavalry, to enable them to meet the foe, is for the men to be properly armed and equipped. They only had 53 guns on this occasion, and we find, from this engagement, that the Savage pistol, with which they are armed is worthless.

Very respectfully, your most obedient servant,

/s/ William E. Riley,
Lieut. Colonel, Commanding,
11th Kentucky Cavalry.

To:
Lieut. F. H. Pope,
Acting Assistant Adjutant General. “
MORGANS OHIO RAID.

“Lexington, Kentucky
July 6, 1863. 11:10 a.m.

General Burnside:

Following just received from Colonel David. It is the first reliable information I have had of his whereabouts.

"Thirteen miles from Danville. I am now in the rear of the junction of Danville, Lebanon, and Perryville road, 13 miles from Danville.

From the best information I could get from prisoners and others, I concluded that Morgan was after our trains and to destroy Danville, Ky. He would go towards Louisville.

As soon as I could get proper guides, I sent them with a small detachment to watch Morgan. I then fell back to this point, to be ready to move in any direction ordered. I was fearful I would get my train captured, and sent all but the forage wagons to Hickman. We have marched 80 miles, two entire nights without rest, and fought Morgan out of Lebanon. We have lost 40 horses, killed by the forced march yesterday. The heat was intense. We will follow after Morgan as directed.

I can do little unless I am ordered to supply myself with horses and forage on the way. I must supply the battery with fresh horses, if I do anything more.

I have with me Captain Cozatt and Captain Curd, of the 11th Kentucky Cavalry as guides.

/s/ Jas. I. David,
Colonel, 8th and 9th Michigan.”

(Reference: Page 696 of the same volume as mentioned on previous page).

Jacob Cozatt died at the age of 75 years. He married Mary Rose in Kentucky and their children were as follows:

CHILDREN:

480 i. Orpheus Peter Cozatt, born and died in Kentucky. Removed to Wichita, Kansas, where he lived for a time, returned to Kentucky and died.

481 ii. Sue Cozatt, born in Kentucky. Married Ralph Lane, now dead. Resided at Cloverdale, Ind. at one time. Married 2nd time to a Mr. McClellen of Parksville, Boyle Co., Kentucky.

482 iii. William D. Cozatt, was 58 years of age in 1913 and was a conductor running on the Louisville and Nashville Railroad between his home at Harriman, Tennessee and Dossett Tenn. In 1914 he was a resident of La Follett, Tenn. He contributed to this family history see copy of his letter on page 265.

483 iv. Mollie Cozatt, married a Mr. Hooker and resided at Danville, Boyle County, KY.

484 v. John Jacob Cozatt, born in Kentucky. He was proprietor of the Parksville Roller Mills, Parkaville, Boyle County, Kentucky, in 1914. He was interested in the family history and contributed his share of information. See his letter on page 266.


486 vii. Sallie Cozatt born in Kentucky and lived, at Parksville, Boyle County, Kentucky.

NOTE: There is a small town of "COZATT" of less than a hundred inhabitants in 1920 a short distance from Parksville. Probably named for Captain "Jake" Cozatt.

1.2.6.9.3.3 196 ELISHA COZAT:

(Jacob 140; Peter 125; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Elisha Cozat was born March 28, 1803, died March 22, 1853. Married September 15/23, 1830 to Mrs. Elizabeth (Bower) Cramer or Cranmer born June 1, 1793, died May 2/3 1853. Both are buried in a small graveyard said to be the oldest in Warren County, Ohio. This burying ground
covers about one acre of ground and is known as the Stone School House Cemetery. In this same burrying ground lies Elisha's uncle Henry Cossairt and perhaps his grandmother Marie Durie Cossart.

Elisha owned land about 2½ miles northeast of Lebanon, Warren County, Ohio, and in the vicinity of his uncles Peter Jr., Henry and Albert Cossairt.

Elisha and Elizabeth were married by J. S. Williams, Justice of the Peace.

The Census records taken October 9, 1850 by D. P. Egbert in Turtle Creek Township, Warren County, Ohio, District No. 149, shows Elisha Cozatt, age 47, farmer, value of real estate owned $1,300.00, and born in Kentucky; as head of a family comprising the following members in addition to himself:

Elizabeth Cozatt, age 58, wife, born in N.J.
Margaret Cozatt, age 16, born in Ohio.
Ellen Wise age 21, born in Ireland.
Charles Imos, age 63, laborer, born in Vermont.

****************************

“Franklin
Warren County, Ohio,
January 25, 1934.
Mr. Joseph A. Cossairt,
1358 Lexington,
San Pedro, Calif.

My dear Sir:
In reply to your letter of January 17, 1934, I beg to say that I find an Elisha Cozat buried in a small cemetery of about one acre of land. Inscription of tombstone is as follows:

‘Elisha Cozat died March 22, 1852, age 49 years 11 months, and 22 days.’

Also

‘Elizabeth Cozat died 5/3/1852, aged 59yrs 11mos, 3 days. The wife of Elisha Cozat.’

Also right by the side of the above graves is a tombstone with this inscription:

‘Henry Cassairt died March 31, 1853, aged 76 years 6 days.’

The three tombstones are exactly alike in size, shape and quality, but note the difference in the spelling of the name. This cemetery is one of the very early burying grounds and is in good shape.

The below record was copied from the Thomas H. Banta Family Bible:

“Elisha Cozat was married to Elizabeth Cramer 9/15/1830. Elisha Cozat died 3/22/1853. Elizabeth wife of Elisha died May 2, 1853.”

“William Monroe, son of Nathan Monroe, married to Margaret Cozat, April 10, 1853, she was a daughter of Elisha Cozat. Margaret (Cozat) Monroe died June 21, 1897. William Monroe died August 5, 1902.”
"Thomas H. Banta married to Laure Monroe, October 9, 1878. (Thomas H. Banta is living (1934) but his wife died about three years ago)"

The above Elisha Cozat was born March 28, 1803. Elizabeth his wife was born June 1, 1793. Elizabeth Cozat, daughter of Elisha was born May 4, 1831. Margaret Cozat, daughter of Elisha was born September 15, 1833.

William Monroe, son of Nathan was born August 30, 1832.

Oliver Earl Banta, son of Thomas H. and Laura Banta was Born April 12, 1880.

Monroe Banta was born January 21, 1883.

Albert Hainer Banta, son of Thomas H. and Laura Banta was born 12/28/1887.

Wilber Glenn Banta, son of Thomas and Laura Banta was born June 4, 1891.

Eva (Monroe) Lamb died January 5, 1880.

Mary Abigail Monroe died August 20, 1893.

Edith Monroe died April 18, 1914.

Elizabeth Jane, daughter of William and Margaret Monroe died March 16, 1855.

The above persons are buried in the New Cemetery at Lebanon, Warren County, Ohio, which covers about 20 acres of ground and was established in 1850.

THE WILL OF ELISHA COZAT

Date: March 19, 1852.

First item · I will and desire that all my DEBTS and funeral expenses be paid.

Second item · I will and give to Charles Crammer and Mary Kever wife of Stephen Kever and Abigail Keever wife of John Keever each, one hundred dollars.

Third item · I will and desire that my executors sell all of my personal property except my household and kitchen furniture and such articles of my personal property as my daughter Margaret Cozat wish to keep for their convenience during their natural life-time, and the sale and proceeds of the sale of my personal property in excess of expenses be divided equally with my wife Elizabeth Cozat and daughter Margaret Cozat.

Fourth item · I will and devise that my real estate shall be rented or leased by my Executors and the yearly rent or proceeds be used to repair, work, pay taxes and the remainder to be divided equally with my wife Elizabeth Cozat and my daughter Margaret Cozat during their natural lifetime.

Fifth item · I give the free use of my dwelling house to my wife Elizabeth Cozat and my daughter Margaret Cozat during their natural life time.

Sixth item · In the event of the death of my wife Elizabeth Cozat I will to my daughter Margaret all my real estate including all my railroad stock and other stocks.
Seventh item - I appoint as my Executor Edward Noble.

Witnesses: Jas. C. Sabin, Elisas Fisher.

Will was probated March 25, 1852.

The appraisers of the estate of Elisa Cozat were: Jessie B. Corwin, John Drake and John D. Williams.
(Recorded in Book 13, pages 86 and 87, Warren County, Ohio, Records).

The above Elisha Cozat is the one buried beside Henry Cossairt, his uncle.

Stephen Keever is the son-in-law of Elisha Cozat. He married Mary Cozat.

Very truly yours,

/s/ WILL HANKINSON.

The children of Elisha Cozat and Elizabeth Cramer, his wife were as follows.

CHILDREN:

1.2.6.9.3.3.1 (299) i. Elizabeth Jane Cozat, born May 4, 1831, died May 28, 1837.
1.2.6.9.3.3.2 (300) ii. Margaret Cozat born September 15, 1833 near Lebanon, Ohio, died June 21, 1897 at Burlington, Kansas. Married April 10, 1853 to William Monroe who was born August 30, 1832 and died August 5, 1902. They had six daughters.

1.2.6.9.3.3.2 (300) MARGARET COZAT: (Elisha 196; Jacob 140; Peter 125; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 5; Jacques 1).

Margaret Cozat was born September 15, 1833 near Lebanon, Warren County, Ohio; died June 21, 1897 at Burlington, Kansas. Married April 10, 1853 to William Monroe who was born August 30, 1832 and died August 5, 1902.

CHILDREN:

1.2.6.9.3.3.2.1 487 i. Elizabeth Jane Monroe born February 10, 1854, died near Lebanon, Warren County, Ohio, March 16, 1855.
1.2.6.9.3.3.2.2 488 ii. Lydia Ann Monroe born near Lebanon, Warren County, Ohio, March 28, 1855. Married C.V. Williams January 18, 1874 born near Lebanon March 8, 1847. She was living in 1918.

CHILDREN:

a. Inez Williams born December 25, 1876 near Lebanon. Married Walter D. Craig born March 18, 1875 near Franklin, Ohio. They were married May 21, 1908.

b. Eva Williams, born near Lebanon, Warren Co.; Ohio, April 18, 1880.

c. Herber Draper Williams, born at Burlington, Kan., April 26, 1888. Married Sarah March, August 6, 1912, born at Lebanon, Ohio, September 6, 1891.

d. Hershel Williams, born at Lebanon, Ohio, August 20, 1895.

1.2.6.9.3.3.2.3 489 iii. Eva Monroe, born at Lebanon Warren County, Ohio, October 9, 1857; died January 5, 1880. Married Samuel Elwood Lamb in 1876, born January 20, 1861.

CHILDREN:


1.2.6.9.3.3.2.4 490 iv. Laura Monroe, born 7/9/1858 near Lebanon, Warren County, OH
Married Thomas Hainer Banta, born near Lebanon 9/4/1854. They were married October 9, 1878. Laura died about 1931. Mr. and Mrs. Banta were greatly interested in the family history and obligingly contributed data on the descendants of Elisha Cozat. This data was taken from their family bible.

CHILDREN:


b. Monroe Banta, born near Lebanon, Ohio, January 23, 1883.

c. Albert Hamer (or Hainer) Banta born near Lebanon, Ohio, December 28, 1887, married Georgia Snook, March 15, 1913. She was born September 22, 1889 near Lebanon.

CHILDREN:

1. Harold Albert Banta, b. 3-29-1914, near Lebanon.
2. Elden Snook Banta, b. 7-10-1918, near Lebanon.

CHILDREN:

1.2.6.9.3.3.2.5 492 vi. Edith Monroe, born near Lebanon, Warren County, Ohio, October 10, 1872, died at Topeka, Kansas, April 18, 1914.

“The foregoing genealogy of this branch of the Cozat family is as near correct as I can make it from my grandfather Elisha Cozat down to the present. (1918)

/s/ Laura Monroe Banta (490)."

1.2.6.9.3.3.4 197 RACHEL COZATT:

(Jacob 140; Peter 125; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Rachel Cozatt was born October 10, 1805. She died near Harrodsburg Mercer County, Kentucky. Married in February 1822 to Garret (Jerry) Terhune.

1.2.6.9.3.3.5 198 MARY COZATT:

(Jacob 140; Peter 125; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Mary Cozat was born November 21, 1807. She died near Harrodsburg, Mercer County, Kentucky. Married 1st to D Randolph; married 2nd to Mr White

1.2.6.9.3.3.6 199 HENRY COSAT (or Cozatt):

(Jacob 140; Peter 125; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Henry Cosat was born February 7, 1810 near Harrodsburg, Kentucky. Married February 26, 1829 in Kentucky to Sarah Gritton They removed to near Danville, Vermillion County, Illinois.

CHILDREN:

1.2.6.9.3.3.6.1 (301) i Mary Cosat m.1849 William Price. She died at Collison, IL 1890
1.2.6.9.3.3.6.2 (302) ii Minerva Cosat m.1851 Otto Allison, died at Potomas, IL 1904

1.2.6.9.3.3.7 200 DAVID COSAT:

(Jacob 140; Peter 125; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

David Cosat was born October 10, 1812 at Harrodsburg, Mercer County, Kentucky. Died near Danville, Vermillion County, Illinois, February 8, 1884. Married January 15, 1834 Nancy Truax born in 1813 and died in 1859.

Another authority states that David died February 26, 1886. He married 1st time to Nancy Truax,
born May 9, 1817, died May 8, 1858; married 2nd. time to Sarah A. Cox, nee Pegge, born May 29, 1805. They were married January 15, 1860. "David came to Vermillion County, Illinois, in 1834, and took up land near his eldest brother "Old Peter Cosat", in the timber, and lived there until 1849, when he sold out to Mr. Gunn and went to Wisconsin where his father-in-law had gone. He returned from Wisconsin a year later and bought 120 acres of land from B. M. Kirk at $5.00 per acre. He engaged in farming, raising cattle and horses. He was residing here in 1879 but at that time thought he had nearly passed his working days. Several of his children lived near him at that time. His son John J. Cosat was a Justice of the Peace, and: was an ordained Elder of the Christian Church, David's first wife, Nancy Truax was born May 9, 1817 and died May 8, 1859."

(Reference: History of Vermillion County, Ill., by Beckwith, 1888).

**CHILDREN:**

1.2.6.9.3.3.7.1 (303) i. A daughter, infant, died November 2, 1836.
1.2.6.9.3.3.7.2 (304) ii. A son, infant, died December 5, 1837.
1.2.6.9.3.3.7.3 (305) iii. Maria Ann Cosat, born February 17, 1839 (or in 1835) died at Danville, Ill., in 1848, or February 11, 1849.
1.2.6.9.3.3.7.4 (306) iv. Jacob Benjamin Cosat born August 7 1840 died in 1885 at Parsons, Kansas. Married Rachel L. Demorest.
1.2.6.9.3.3.7.5 (307) v. Margaret (Mary) Cosat, born March 16, 1842. Married 1st Aaron Wilds or Wiles; married 2nd. 1873 Thomas F. Myrick or Wyrick, had children. Lived at Armstrong, Illinois.
1.2.6.9.3.3.7.6 (308) vi. Rev. John James Cosat, born March 31, 1844, died September 3, 1918. Known as "Rex".
1.2.6.9.3.3.7.7 (309) vii. Susan Jane Cosat, born March 24, 1846, died March 11, 1849.
1.2.6.9.3.3.7.8 (310) viii. Elizabeth Ellen Cosat, born 5/18/1848, died March 31, 1849.
1.2.6.9.3.3.7.9 (311) ix. Rachel Cosat, born May 5, 1850. Married 1869 to John S. Lee. Lived at Danville, Illinois.
1.2.6.9.3.3.7.10 (312) x. David Cosat, born October 27, 1852; married Mary Goodner 1875. Lived at Oswatomy, Kansas, said to have died there, probably after 1932.
1.2.6.9.3.3.7.11 (313) xi. Nancy Emaline Cosat, b. 5/27/1854 m. in 1880 to John W. Williams. Lived at Danville, IL
1.2.6.9.3.3.7.12 (314) xii. Sarah Helen Cosat, b. 5/1/1858; died. May 20, 1858.
1.2.6.9.3.3.7.13 (315) xiii. A. daughter, infant, died in 1857.

1.2.6.9.3.3.7.5 307 MARGARET (Mary) COSAT:

(David 200: Jacob 140; Peter 125; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Margaret or Mary Cosat born March 16, 1842; married 1st Aaron Wildes; married 2nd. Thomas Myrick. **CHILDREN:** (By 2nd. husband).

494 i. Lizzie Myrick, married Luther Tillotson; Married 2nd. time to Bertie Myrick.
495 ii. Langford Myrick, died in infancy.

1.2.6.9.3.3.7.6 308 REV. JOHN JAMES COSAT:

(David 200: Jacob 140; Peter 125; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

The Rev. John James Cosat born March 31, 1844, died September 3, 1918: married 1st time to Frances H. Rosebsam; married 2nd. time to Emma Kline on July 11, 1869. She was born September 20, 1851 and was still living at Danville, Ill, in 1932.

The History of Vermillion County, Ill., by H.W. Beckwith, 1879, says:

"John was a minister of the Christian Church at Danville, he was born at that place and spent his boyhood days on the farm.

"Rev. John J. Cosat, who for many years had devoted his time and labor to the work of the ministry of the Christian Church and who is also engaged to some extent in real estate dealings, was born 6 miles north-west of Danville in what is now Blount township, March 31, 1844, and at the present time he makes his home in the County Seat. From Scotland at an early day came his ancestors in the Cosat line and at the time of the Revolutionary War, members of the family served with the Continental Army. General Macomb one of the great grandfathers of our subject, served in the war of 1812 with the rank indicated by his title. David Cosat, the father of our subject, was born in Harrodsburg, Kentucky, and was married in
Vermilion County, in 1833, to Nancy Trux, whose birth occurred near Lexington, Kentucky. He had come to Vermilion County in 1852, while the year 1826, witnessed her arrival. The father engaged in school teaching and in farming and continued to live in Blount Township until his death, which occurred in 1886. While his wife had passed away 30 years before, in 1856. In early life he was associated with the Whig party and upon its dissolution he joined the ranks of the Republican party, remaining one of its active supporters until his demise, while of the Christian Church both he and his wife were prominent members. In their family were 13 children, of whom 5 are now living: Margaret the widow of Thomas Myrick and a resident of Armstrong, Ill.; John J. and David of Parsons, Kansas; Mrs. John B. Leone, who is residing near Danville; and Emma the wife of John Williams, whose home is near Snyder, Illinois.

Rev. John J. Cosat began his education in the school of Blount Township, and after attending the public schools of the County for a number of years he took up educational work and for 29 terms, covering a period of 25 years, he was classed among the successful school teachers of Vermillion County.

On the 11th of September 1864 in Jonesville, Wis., he wedded Miss Frances H. Rosebaum, who died February 8, 1868, leaving one child, Eldora, who became the wife of J.H. Poulter of Vermillion County and died August 2, 1889, leaving two children: Amanda, who is a school teacher of Armstrong, Illinois, and Frank who follows farming in this county. After the death of his first wife Elder Cosat was married July 15, 1869, in Danville to Miss Emma Cline, whose birth occurred in this city November 30, 1851, a daughter of Nathaniel and Cynthia (Saunders) Cline, the former a native of Virginia and the latter of Kentucky.

Unto Mr. Cosat and his second wife have been born 13 children, of whom eight are living: Professor E. W. Cosat who married Miss Tessie Martin and is principal of the Collett School of Danville; Theodore W., who engaged in the real estate business in this city; Everett, who is agent for the New York Nursery Company of Danville and married Miss Ella Gritton, by whom he has one son Olaf; Effie, the wife of Pearl Hastings, residing on Fairchild Street of Danville, by whom he has two children, Floyd and Aletha; Charles L., a carriage painter of Danville; lie, Nellie, Marion Lowell, all attending school.

Elder Cosat was ordained a minister of the Christ Church October 10, 1871, and his first charge embraced Union and Prairie Chapels, Vermillion County. He has Successively been pastor of the church at Bismark, at Stateline, at Walnut corners: church No. 8 and also the church of his denomination at八卦, Oakwood, Maple Grove and other points. He was pastor of the church at Union, Ill., where he preached for the past 21 years and he is now (1903) pastor of the churches at Georgetown and at Jonesburg, Ill. Throughout the greater part of his life his attention has to some extent been given to business interests and he has likewise been active in official service. For 11 years he was town clerk, was justice of the peace for 9 years, was assessor for 6 years, supervisor for 1 year and overseer of the poor for 1 year, holding all of these offices in Blount Township. In 1892 he removed to Danville and later spent a short time in Kansas, but returned to this city in 1895 and Was here engaged in merchandising. He is now connected with his son in the real estate business.

Prior to 1881 Mr. Cosat voted with the Republican party and since that time he has been a Prohibitionist In matters of citizenship he is interested and also in everything pertaining to the general good and actively cooperates in every measure for the promotion progress, reform and improvement. He belongs to the United Order of the Golden Cross and was an active member of the Farmers Grange. At the time of the Civil War he was an earnest advocate of the Union cause and on the 14th of July 1864, he enlisted in Company I, 5th Wisconsin Volunteers, under Captain Thomas Flint and Colonel E. A. Allen, joining the army at Broadhead, Wis. He was then ordered to the front and under Sheridan participated in the Shenandoah Campaign and was present when Sheridan made his famous ride from Winchester to Cedar Creek. In the fall of 1864 the regiment was transferred to the Army of the Potomac and operated with that Great military division until 1865. Mr. Cosat participated in the battle of Petersburg and in the sanguinary engagement at Sailor's Run. Because of meritorious conduct and marked bravery he was recommended by General Grant for a Commission. With his command he pursued General Lee to Appomattox, and was afterwards at Burksville Junction, guarding stores until the following June, and after which the troops marched to Danville on the North Carolina line. In the meantime Gen. Johnson had surrendered to Gen. Sherman and Mr. Cosat's regiment returned to Burksville and afterwards to Richmond, later going to Washington, while on Hall's Hill, on Ridge Point, he Was mustered out. He then proceeded to Madison, Wisconsin, where in July he received an honorable discharge with the rank of Corporal. He is now a member of the Grand Army of the Republic. His military service was in keeping with the family record for loyalty, patriotism and bravery. His influence has ever been found on the side of progress, the truth and the right, for he believes that Christian faith should
find its exemplification in the daily walk of life."

The history of Vermillion County, Illinois, by H.W. Beckwith, says:

“John was a minister of the Christian Church at Danville, he was born at that place and spent his boyhood days on the farm.

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T. W. and J. J. Cosat,
Real Estate, Farm Loans, Insurance,
Notary Public.

Danville, Illinois,
October 12, 1905.
Mrs. Clara Cosat Keezel.
Garnet, Kansas.

Dear Madam:

C. P. Cosat a son of P. C. Cosat to whom your letter was addressed handed me your letter and blanks this morning and asked me to fill in the blanks as far as I could and transmit to you. His father P. C. Cosat has been dead 22 years. I am a son of David Cosat (200), a brother to Pete (194) and Henry (199). Of course I had no data at hand, so had to do the best I could from memory. Inclosed I return them in a very imperfect condition.

Respectfully yours,
/s/ JOHN J. COSAT.

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"Danville, Illinois,
February 16, 1906.
Mr. O. L. Cozad,
Marion, Ohio.

Dear Sir:

In looking over some old correspondence I found one letter from you relating to the genealogy of the branch of the Cosats with which I am connected.

My father’s name was David (200), born at Harrodsburg, Kentucky, October 10, AD 1812, his father was the Rev. Abram Cosat (Jacob 140), I think perhaps born in Virginia. I have heard my father say that his grandfather, “The Marquis De Cazote was guillotined in Paris, France during the French Revolution - the Reign of Terror, on account of his being officially related to Louis 16th”, who also was guillotined about the same time or perhaps a year or two afterwards. (The grandfather of David 200 was Peter Cossart 125 who was killed in Kentucky by the Indians. JAC). My grandfather Albert Cossairt l44 came here from Kentucky about 1835. (His grandfather was Jacob 140 a brother of this albert. JAC)

My father and two brothers, Peter (194) and Henry (199) Cosat, came here in 1832. Peter (194) has three sons, William Cosat (290) now preaching in Dade County, Missouri. Perry (294) who is dead, Samuel (291) is still living at Henning, Ill. Both Perry (294) and Samuel (291) were farmers. Henry (199) left two daughters, both of whom are dead. My father left three sons Benjamin (306), David (312) and myself, John James Cosat (308).

Albert Cossaert (144) my father’s uncle lived to be quite old. He left three sons, Henry (225), Jonathan (234) and Samuel (229), all of whom are now dead. The descendants of all these sons except William Cossaert (409) emigrated to Minnesota. William resides at Potomac, Illinois, a retired farmer. He had only one son who is now a prominent M. D. of Potomac, Illinois.

My father had one brother Elisha (196) who settled at Lebanon, Ohio. One brother Abraham (204) who emigrated to Knoxville, Tennessee. One brother Jacob (202) who lived and died in Perryville, Kentucky. One brother the Rev. Daniel Cozatt (195) who lived and died at Harrodsburg, Kentucky,
leaving a son Jacob (298) a prominent miller of Danville, Ky.

I do not know whether any of our branch of the Cassatt, Cozad, Cosat, Cozatt, Cozote, Cossaitr, Cozart family ever came from New Jersey or not, but I do know that they were of French extraction.

Hoping you may have abundant success in your commendable enterprise, I remain your far-far-distant relative.

I subscribe myself,
REV. JNO. J. COSAT." (308).

He had but little opportunity to obtain an early education, but by close study and application he succeeded in acquiring sufficient education to enable him to teach school which he continued for thirteen years. He commenced preparing for the ministry at the age of twenty-five. He was ordained in the Christian Church in 1875 and had charge of two churches. He was also an elder of the church. Records indicate that he was married July 11, 1869 to Emma Cline who was born in Vermillion County September 30, 1851. They had six children. Mr. Cosat held office as Town Clerk one term. He enlisted, in Company "I." 5th Wisconsin Infantry as a Corporal. He was one of the six men who captured General Ewell. He served one year and was in the battle of Ceday Creek Petersburg, Sailor Creek and several other engagements. He was a Republican in politics. His parents were natives of Kentucky, his father coming to Vermillion County in 1831, hence he was one of the early Settlers of Illinois."

“On April 5, A.D. 1865, in the battle of Sailor’s Run, Virginia, Sergeant August Cameron, Corporal Charles Rougan, Corporal August Brocker and Private John W. Davis of Company “C” and Corporal John J. Cosat and Private Heron W. True of Company "I", all of the 5th Wisconsin Volunteer Infantry, captured and took prisoner Lieutenant General Ewell, staff and body-guard and through them his entire command consisting of 6,000 officers and men, 10 pieces of artillery, 100 wagons; 600 horses and mules and their equipment and 6,000 stands of small arms and for which received the compliments of both Generals Grant and Meade and a promise of recommendation for promotion."


CHILDREN:


CHILDREN: (By 1st wife).

496, ii. Ernest H. Cosat, born May 15, 1870, married Teressa Martin. He was an athletic coach in Chicago, Ill.

497 iii. Pleasant Cosat, born May 5, 1872, died May 8, 1872.


500 vi. Lafayette Cosat, born August 26, 1877, died same day.

501 vii. Everett M. Cosat, born September 25; 1878, married Ella Gritten and they had one son, Olaf Cosat.

502 viii. Effie L. Cosat, born April 23, 1881; married Pearl Hastings.


505 xi. Francis Marion Cosat, born February 19, 1889. Single.

506 xii. Homer Raymond Cosat, born May 5, 1892, died in infancy.

507 xiii. James Russell Lowell Cosat, born June 30, 1895, died in infancy.

NOTE: The above is a Bible record.

503

CHARLES LEROY COSAT:

(Rev. John J. 308; David 200; Jacob 140; Peter 125; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1)

Charles Leroy Cosat, born December 23, 1883; married Ella E. Pashe, born May 9, 1885.

CHILDREN:
8-653  i. Helen Marie Cosat, born June 12, 1907; married D. Ludwig.
8-654  ii. Marie Louise Cosat, b. November 24, 1908, m. C. Williams.
8-655  iii. Lena Emaline Cosat, born January 22, 1910.
8-656  iv. Edna May Cosat, born December 25, 1911.
8-657  v. Wilmette Lois Cosat, born September 24, 1913.
8-662  x. Anna Belle Cosat, born February 17, 1921.
8-663  xi. Virginia Cosat, born December 24, 1923.
8-664  xii. Charles L. Cosat Jr., born August 18, 1925.
8-665  xiii. Maxine Cosat, born September 27, 1928.

1.2.6.9.3.3.8  201  ANNA W. COSAT: (or Cozatt).

(Jacob 140; Peter 125; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Anna W. Cosat was, born on April 30, 1815, died January 5, 1884. Married. William Davis who died in Mercer County. They lived at Nevada, Kentucky.

1.2.6.9.3.3.9  202  JACOB COMINGORE COZATT:

(Jacob 140; Peter 125; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Jacob Comingore Cozatt was born near Harrodsburg, Mercer County, Kentucky, May 22, 1817. Died October 27, 1886 at his home one mile west of Parksville, Kentucky. Married. Emily May born December 6, 1815, died December 24, 1893 at Parksville, Boyle Co., Kentucky.

Jacob belonged to the Christian Church and was an active member of the Masonic Lodge. Married September 26, 1837 at Parksville to Emily May, born December 6, 1815, died December 24, 1893. She was the daughter of Henry May who died October 16, 1824 and Jemima Cleland born June 11, 1780 died May 15, 1861.

Jacob was appointed Administrator of the estate of Henry Cosat the eldest son of Albert Cossairt of Danville, IL

CHILDREN:

1.2.6.9.3.3.9.1 (316)  i. Margaret Elizabeth Cozatt, b.7/13/1838, d.4/26/1893, m. 11/29/1859 Sidney J. Coldwell who died at Parksville, Ky. They have a son residing in Long Beach, CA in 1934.
1.2.6.9.3.3.9.2 (317)  ii. Jemima Ann Cozatt, born March 25, 1844, died April 16, 1867. Married July 26, 1866 to Andrew J. Sinkhorn. Died at Parksville, Boyle County, Kentucky.
1.2.6.9.3.3.9.3 (318)  iii. Mary Frances Cozatt, born 12/11/1845, died 2/12/1919, m. 12/24/1867 Francis M. Bower. Lived at Parksville, Boyle County.
1.2.6.9.3.3.9.5 (320)  v. Henry Clay Cozatt, born June 2, 1850. Married November 25, 1875 to Mattie Walker. Living at Parksville, Ky., in 1932.
1.2.6.9.3.3.9.6 (321)  vi. William Thomas Cozatt, born June 1, 1853/5. M.11/4/1874 to Rachel T. Caltten. Living at Parksville, KY, 1932.
1.2.6.9.3.3.9.7 (322)  vii. Susan Ellen Cozatt, b.1/22/1855, d.7/19/1862 Parksville, KY.
1.2.6.9.3.3.9.8 (323)  viii. John Alvin Cozatt, born September 30, 1857, married October 22, 1875 to Inez Lowe. Lived at Jasper, Mo. John Alvin Cozatt born September 30, 1857. Died several years ago. Married Inez Lowe, born 1863, near Nevada, Vernon County, Missouri, the daughter of William Mason Lowe who was a Captain in the Confederate Army from Missouri. The widow now resides at 932 Cedar Ave., Long Beach, Calif., where she runs a seclusive apartment house. Mrs. Cozatt recently made a tour in Europe. No issue.
Abraham (Abe) Whitenack Cozart, was born February 11, 1823 near Harrodsburg, Mercer County, Kentucky. It is believed that this is the only branch of David (8) to have used the surname "Cozart".

Abraham married 1st March 1, 1847 in Monroe County, Ga., to Julia Caldwell and after her death married 2nd time December 18, 1854 Martha Caldwell, the sister of his first wife. Were married in Spalding County, Ga. Lived at Philadelphia, East Tennessee, and it is claimed that he lived at East Linn, Monroe Co., Ga., from 1852 to 1888 at which time he moved to Columbus, Ga., and died on February 22, 1890.

It is believed by the compiler that Abraham resided in Monroe County, Tennessee, instead of in Georgia, for the reason that records show some of his children were born in Tennessee as late as 1870, and also from the following authentic data:

"Abraham W. Cozart was one of the eight delegates appointed to represent Monroe County, Tennessee, at a convention of twenty-eight counties of that state which met in Convention May 30-31, 1861 at Knoxville, Tennessee, to protest against the State going over to the Confederacy, and disapproving the hasty and inconsiderate action of the General Assembly. Twelve resolutions were adopted and published in several papers. In Knoxville there were 5,000 copies of the same distributed among the people, also in other parts of the state. The delegates from Monroe County, Tennessee, were: W. H. Dawson, William M. Smith, William Raskell, Samuel M. Johnson, Dr. B. Franklin, Abraham W. Cozart and T. C. Brown and J. R. Robinson."

The twelve resolutions adopted were:

"1 That the evils which now afflict our beloved country, in our opinion, are the legitimate offspring of the ruinous and heretical doctrines of secession; that the people of East Tenn. have ever been, and we believe still are, opposed to it by a very large majority.

"2 That while the country is now upon the very threshold of a most ruinous and desolating civil war, it may with truth be said, and we protest before God, that the people (so far as we can see) have done nothing to produce it.

"3 That the people of Tennessee, when the question was submitted to them in February last, decided by an overwhelming majority that the relations of the State toward.s the Federal Government should not be changed; thereby expressing their preference for the Union and Constitution under which they lived prosperously and happily, and rejecting in most emphatic manner the idea that they had been oppressed by the General Government in any of its acts — legislative, executive, or judicial.

"4 That in view of so decided an expression of the will of the people in whom all power is inherent and on whose authority all free governments are founded, in the honest conviction that nothing has transpired since that time which should change that deliberate judgment of the people, we have contemplated with peculiar emotions the pertinacity with which those in authority have labored to override the judgment of the people and to bring about the very result which the people themselves had so overwhelmingly condemned.

"5 That the legislative assembly is but the creature of the constitution of the state and has no power to pass any law or to exercise any act of sovereignty, except such as may be authorized by that instrument; and believing as we do that in their recent legislation the General Assembly have disregarded the rights of the people and transcended their legitimate powers, we feel constrained, and we invoke the people throughout the state as they value their liberties to visit that hasty, inconsiderate, and unconstitutional legislation with a decided rebuke by voting on the 8th day of next month against both the act of secession and of union with the Confederate States.

"6 That the legislature of the State, without first having obtained the consent of the people, had no authority to enter into a military league with the Confederate States against the General Government, and by so doing put the state of Tennessee in hostile array against the government which it was then and still is a member. Such legislation in advance of the expressed will of the people to change their governmental relations was an act of usurpation and should be visited with the severest condemnation of the people.
“7 That the forming of such a military league and thus practically assuming the attitude of an enemy toward the General Government (this, too, in the absence of any hostile demonstration against this state) has offered the pretext of rising, arming and equipping a large military force, the expense of which must be enormous and will have to be paid by the people: and to do this the taxes, already onerous enough, will necessarily have to be very greatly increased and probably to an extent beyond the ability of the people to pay.

“8 That the General Assembly, by passing a law authorizing the volunteers to vote wherever they may be on the day of the election, whether in or out of the state, and in office to the Confederate States the Capital of Tennessee, together with other acts, have exercised powers and stretched their authority not within their constitutional limits and not justified by the usages of the country.

“9 That the government being constituted for the common benefit, the doctrine of non-resistance against arbitrary power and oppression is absurd, slavish, and destructive of the good and happiness of mankind.

“10 That the position which the people of our sister state of Kentucky have assumed in this momentous crisis commands our highest admiration. Their interests are our interests. Their policy is the true policy, as we believe, of Tennessee and all the border states: and in the spirit of freemen, with an anxious desire to avoid the waste of blood and the treasure of our State, we appeal to the people of Tennessee while it is yet in their power to come up in the majesty of their strength and restore Tennessee to her true position.

“11 We shall wait with the utmost anxiety the discussion of the people of Tennessee on the 8th day of next month, and sincerely trust that the wiser counsel will pervade the great fountain of freedom (the people) than seems to have actuated their constituted agents.

"12 For the preservation of the peace and harmony of the people of East Tennessee it is deemed expedient that this convention should again assemble:

Therefore · Resolved, that when this convention adjourns it adjourns to meet again at such time and place as the president or vice president in his absence, may determine and publish.

The entire report, on motion of Colonel Heishell, of Monroe County, was unanimously adopted.

Dr. W. W. Alexander, of McMinn County, offered the following:

Resolved, that those members of our Legislature, though vainly resisted to the utmost extent of their ability the iniquitous and unconstitutional ordinances of the late extraordinary session of the legislature deserve the grateful remembrance of every patriot of Tennessee.

The resolution was unanimously adopted.

The following offered by the Chairman of the convention was adopted:

Resolved, that the proceedings of this convention be published in the Knoxville Whig, Jonesborough Express, Kingston Journal, and the Louisville (Ky.) Journal, and that 5000 copies of the proceedings be published in the Knoxville Whig for general circulation among the people.

Governor Johnson then continued his remarks. He spoke about three hours and commanded the earnest attention of the convention throughout his entire speech. His address was mostly in argument, carrying conviction to every honest mind that heard it. At the close of his remarks, on motion, the convention adjourned subject to the call of the president.

T. A. R. Nelson, President
John M. Flemming, Secretary.

Abraham W. Cozart lived in Monroe County and in the vicinity of Philadelphia, Loudon County, East Tennessee, which is on the line between Loudon and Monroe Counties. Evidently this was his post-office address.

"Abraham Whitenack Cozart, was born near Harrodsburg, Ky., on February 11, 1822 and died at Columbus, Georgia., on February 20, 1889. He was buried at Philadelphia, Tennessee, with other
members of his family. He was first married to Julia A. Caldwell in Monroe County, Georgia, in about 1847.

The children of Abraham II. Cozart and Julia A. Cozart were. I think, all born in Georgia. Julia A. Cozart died August 16, 1854, near Philadelphia, Tennessee, to which place Abraham W. Cozart had moved a short time previous. After her death he married her sister, Martha G. Caldwell who was born September 28, 1827. She died in Georgia January 2, 1899 and was buried in Philadelphia Tennessee. Their children who were born at the old home 1 mile east of Philadelphia were: Samuel, Hugh Walker, Hattie, John, Linnaeus and Abraham.  


The children of Abraham W. Cozart and his two wives were as follows: 

**CHILDREN**: (By 1st wife).

1.2.6.9.3.3.11.1 (324) i.  Joseph Henry Cozart b.7/18/1848 Bibb or Macon County, GA
1.2.6.9.3.3.11.2 (325) ii.  Martha (Matty) Robertson Cozart, b.3/31/1850 Berry, Huston Cnty,GA  
1.2.6.9.3.3.11.3 (326) iii.  David Milton Cozart b.7/9/1851 d.7/3/1874 Loudon Cnty, TN. He was a medical student.  
1.2.6.9.3.3.11.4 (327) iv.  Jacob Abner Cozart, born April 15, 1853 Monroe County, TN.

**CHILDREN**: (By 2nd. wife).

1.2.6.9.3.3.11.5 (328) v.  Samuel Caldwell Cozart, born September 9, 1855.  
1.2.6.9.3.3.11.6 (329) vi.  Hugh Walker Cozart, born 7/27/1858. Record not complete. Resided at Elbert, Colorado in 1900. He was unmarried and lived at Pocatello, Idaho, in 1916. Died prior to 1932.  
1.2.6.9.3.3.11.7 (330) vii. Harriet (Hattie) Ann Cozart, born May 21, 1860 in Monroe County, TN. Resided at Columbus, Ga., in 1900. Widow of Josiah Gates. Resided in Manatee, Fla., in 1932.  
1.2.6.9.3.3.11.8 (331) viii. John Cozart, born December 21, 1862, in Monroe County, TN.  
1.2.6.9.3.3.11.9 (332) ix.  Linnaeus Darby Cozart, born April 25, 1866, in Monroe County, TN., died February 1894 at Atlanta, Ga., and is buried near Philadelphia, East Tennessee.

1.2.6.9.3.3.11.10 (333) x.  Abraham Whitenack Cozart Jr., born June 14, 1870.

1.2.6.9.3.3.11.1 324  **JOSEPH HENRY COZART**:  

(Abraham W. 204; Jacob 140; Peter 125; Francis 103; David S; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Joseph Henry Cozart born July 18, 1848 in Bibb or Monroe County, Ga. Married February 14, 1872 to Ida Yoakum Cuson at Madisonville, Monroe County, East Tennessee Resided at Waukomis, Oklahoma in 1900.

The History of Sweetwater Valley, by W.B. Lenoir, 1916, says:  

**CHILDREN:**

508  i.  Olive Lucile Cozart, born December 16, 1872. She married John R. McQuigg, November 26, 1891 at Lipscomb, Texas.

**CHILDREN:**

a  Inez Glenn McQuigg, born January 9, 1894.  
b  Hester Iowa McQuigg, born June 5, 1895.  
c  Mary Ethel McQuigg, born February 21, 1899.


**CHILDREN:**

a  Henry Earle Douglas, born August 25, 1890.  
b  Mary Ada Douglas, born February 26, 1892.  
c  Della Dove Douglas, born March 21, 1894.

510  iii.  Ethel May Cozart, born February 29 1876.


MARTHA (Matty) ROBERTSON COZART:
(Abraham W. 204: Jacob 140: Peter 125: Francis 103: David 8: Jacques 3: Jacques 1).

Martha (Matty) Robertson Cozart was born March 31, 1850 in Loudon County, East Tenn. or at Perry, Huston County, Ga. She married 1st time in Loudon Co., Tenn. to the Rev. Joseph Llewlyn McGhee of Smyth County, Virginia, who was a member of the Holston Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church (South) on November 25, 1871. He died September 12, 1873 in Smyth County, Va. She married a 2nd. time April 8, 1885 to Beverly Eaff Tallant of Giles County, Virginia, in Loudon County, Tenn. on April 8, 1885. Residence in 1900 was at Mossy Creek, Tenn. Her residence in 1932 was at Decatur, Georgia.

CHILD:

i. Dr. J. L. McGhee Teaches Chemistry at Emory University. He is a Ph.D. of John’s Hopkins University.

JACOB ABNER COZART:
(Abraham W. 204: Jacob 140: Peter 125: Francis 103: David 8: Jacques 3: Jacques 1).

Jacob Abner Cozart was born April 15, 1853 in Monroe County, Tennessee. Also claimed that he was born in Loudon County, Tenn. Married at Marion, Virginia, October 31, 1878 to Miss Isabell Adkins Snavely born December 1, 1861 in Smith County, Va. Residence in 1900 was at Mossy Creek, Tenn.

CHILDREN:

i. David Lavick Cozart, born October 23, 1879. His letter heads read: “D.L. Cozart, Tinware and stove repairing, Roofing, Guttering, Tiling, etc. All kinds of tin—ware made to order, Mossy Creek, Tenn., March 16, 1900.”

ii. William Whitenack Cozart, born September 2, 1882.

iii. George Earl Cozart, born January 10, 1887.

iv. Joseph McGhee Cozart, born December 1, 1891.

v. Lois Alline Cozart, born February 2, 1895.

vi. Abner Llwellyn Cozart, born November 21, 1899.

NOTE: Jacob Abner Cozart was living at Bridgeport, Sask., Canada, in 1916. He has since died. See letter of his brother Abraham W. Cozart (333).

NOTE: Dr. Joseph L. McGhee (515), was a professor of chemistry in the South Western University at Georgetown, Texas, in 1916. (Reference: History of Sweetwater Valley, by W.B. Lenoir, 1916, page 115).

SAMUEL CRAWFORD COZART:
(Abraham W. 204: Jacob 140: Peter 125: Francis 103: David 8: Jacques 3: Jacques 1).

Samuel Caldwell Cozart born September 9, 1855 in Monroe County, Tenn. Married December 8, 1881 in Polk County, Tenn. to Mary Josephine Wilson of Polk County, Tenn. born July 2, 1856 in Tennessee. Residence in 1900 was at Chenowith, Colo. also lived at Fondis, Colorado during the same year. Samuel was a farmer by occupation. Samuel died at Colorado Springs, Colo. before 1916.

CHILDREN:

i. Samuel Linnaeus Cozart, born September 20, 1882.

ii. Catherine May Cozart, born March 25, 1884.

iii. Hugh Hamilton Cozart, born September 27, 1886.

iv. Jacob Wilson Cozart, born August 10, 1890.

(Reference: Mrs. Samuel C. Cozart, Fonda, Colo., March 28, 1900).

JOHN COZART:
(Abraham W. 204: Jacob 140: Peter 125: Francis 103: David 8: Jacques 3: Jacques 1).
John Cozart born December 21/3, 1862 in Monroe County, Tenn., Married Addie Lu Coldwell in Knoxville, Tenn. She was born August 27, 1864. Residence, Madisonville, East Tenn. in 1900 and in Knoxville, Tenn., in 1916. A produce dealer.

CHILDREN:

526. i. Edward Leo Cozart, born June 28, 1887.
527. ii. John Erwin Cozart, born November 18, 1889.
528. iii. Mainnie Honarum Cozart, born May 10, 1892.

1.2.6.9.3.3.11.10 333  ABRAHAM WHITENACK COZART Jr.:

(Abraham W. 204; Jacob 140; Peter 125; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Abraham Whitenack Cozart Jr. born June 14; 1870 in Monroe County, Tenn. Married in Columbus, Ga. to Susie Martin, November 1895. Resided at Columbus, Ga., in 1900. A lawyer by profession and was a judge in 1900.

“Abraham W. Cozart Jr., born June 14, 1870; married Susan, daughter of Judge Brown, of Columbus, Ga. He lives at Columbus, Ga. where he practices law and has served as a judge of one of the courts.”


“Abram W. Cozart: He is the author of “Georgia Practice Rules” two edition which have been published. The work is practical, original, useful and unique.

He married Miss Sussy Martin, a daughter of the late Judge J. H. Martin, a former judge of the Superior Courts.”

(Reference: History of Columbus Georgia, 1928; page 395).

“A.W. and John G. Cozart,
Attorneys at Law, Columbus, Georgia,
March 16, 1932.

Mrs. Clara Cozad Keezel,
Hindman Settlement School,
Hindman Kentucky.

Dear Madam:
I suppose it would have been proper for me to refer to you as “my dear cousin”. From the facts set forth in your letter of March 13th, I take it for granted that we all came from the same family. My name is Abram Whittenack Cozart. I was born in East Tennessee near Philadelphia on June 14, 1870. I have practiced law in Columbus for more than forty years. I am the youngest son of A.W. Cozart, who was the youngest son of a large family. My father was born at Harrodsburg, Kentucky, about 1828. His father was a Christian preacher and he had a large family of boys and girls who lived to a ripe old age.

I visited the folk, with my father, in Kentucky, when I was about five years old. Hattie Cozart (330) is my sister. She is seventy-two years old and the widow of Mr. Josiah Gates and she resides at Manatee, Florida. I have a sister who is eighty-two (that is, a half sister), a daughter of my father by his first marriage She is Mrs. B. E. Tallant (325), and resides at Decatur, Georgia. Her son Dr. J.L. McGhee, a son by her first husband, teaches chemistry at Emory University. He is a Ph.D from John's Hopkins University.

There is a town in North Carolina by the name of Cozart. There is a large family of Cozarts at Washington, Ga., some in Avington, Virginia.

I had one brother to die in Ohio recently, one died recently in Canada, one died some years ago in Idaho, two in Oklahoma, one in Colorado. My two sisters and I are the only members of my father's family who are still living.

Hattie had a letter from Mary Cassatt (275), the great artist who died in Paris. She, Mary, was a sister of A. J. Cassatt (274) who was president of the Pennsylvania Railroad.

Sincerely, your cousin,

/s/ A. W. COZART.

CHILDREN:
529  i.  Henry Martin Cozart, born 2/24/1898 at Columbus, Georgia. Living there in 1900.
530  ii.  Mrs. J. F. Terry.
531  iii.  John Glenn Cozart.
532  iv.  Frances Cozart.
533  v.  Louise Cozart.
(Reference: History of Columbus, Ga., 1928; page 395).

1.2.6.9.3.4  141  PETER COSSAIRT JR:
(Peter 125, Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1)

Peter Cossairt Jr., was the son of Peter and Maria (Duryea) Cossart. Records show that he was baptised in the Reformed Dutch Church of the Connewago Settlement in York (now Adams) County, Pennsylvania, on January 14, 1778. Peter died about 1850 in Preble County and is buried near New Manchester, same county.

While yet a young child, Peter, accompanied his parents to Kentucky. This was sometime between 1778 and 1780. After the death of his father at the hands of the Indians, he in company with his mother and at least two of his younger brothers, i.e. Henry and Albert Cossairt, and perhaps some of his uncles the Duryeas and Fantas, removed to Warren County, Ohio, about 1796, and settled in the vicinity of Lebanon, that county. Peter was about 20 years of age when he removed to Ohio and was perhaps the main support of the family. He settled about 2½ miles northeast of the town of Lebanon. Records show that on October 25, 1818 he purchased 40 acres of land from Daniel Banta, perhaps a brother-in-law. Peter later sold this same land to Dennis Cassatt, son of Dr. Francis (130). It is claimed that Peter then removed to Darke County, Ohio, or to Indiana. But records show that he he was living in Preble County, Ohio, as early as 1829.

Peter married Mary Banta, born June 6, 1783, the sister of Magdalena Banta who married Peter's brother Albert Cossairt.
Mary and Magdalena were the daughters of Peter (Peterius) Banta and Rachel Van Clefe who were married, in July 1782. Rachel was born October 25, 1762 and died April 26, 1842. Peter Banta was a soldier in the Revolutionary War from Bergen County, New Jersey, and is said to have served as a scout with great efficiency. He removed to Kentucky shortly after the Revolution, and about 1796 became one of the pioneer settlers of south—western Ohio, locating at Lebanon, Warren County. He had a great reputation for bravery. His sons were almost giants in strength and, like himself, were well-to-do farmers. He died May 12, 1829. (Reference: "A Frisian Family, The Banta Family", by Theodore M. Banta, 1893).

Peter (Peterius) Banta was a son of Albert Banta and Magdalena Van Vorhees a daughter of Petrus Van Vorhees and Geesjean Romeyn; this Albert Banta was the son of Hendrick Banta and Geertruy daughter of Albert Terhune Jr., who was baptised November 4, 1694 (Wyntie Banta, a daughter, married Samuel Duryea and they were the parents of Maria Duryea who married Peter Cossart Sr. and were the parents of Peter Cossart Jr., the subject of our sketch); Hendrick Banta was the son of Hendrick Epke Banta and Agentie Hendricks; Hendrick Epka Banta was the son of the immigrant Epke Jacobus who came from Freisland, Holland, to New Amsterdam in 1659.

The first record we find of the Cossart family in Preble County, Ohio, was on May 16, 1829 when "Francis Cossart of Warren County, Ohio, sold to Peter Cossart and Mary C., his wife, a parcel of land in Monroe Township, Preble County, Ohio, being the south half of the west half of the north-west quarter of Section 12, Township No. 9, Range 2 east, to contain 40 acres for the sum of Fifty dollars, lawful money of the United States. Signed and delivered in the presence of George Price, Justice of the Peace. /s/ Peter Cossart Sr."

"Monroe Township was the last to be settled in Preble County, because it was rather flat and swampy, but was drained out and has long been a fine country. I know the location of the Cossart farms and all the people mentioned in their papers, but the Cossart name has long passed from about here.

“Some explanation on Francis Cossart of Warren County, if you do not know. As there was little money to pay the Revolutionary soldiers, land was given them in payment for their services. The North-west Territory was being opened up. Ohio being the first state, was settled by many of these soldiers with their families, where land grants were given them. Warren County to the South-east of Preble County was settled first. The family leaving the old home, came to the last settlement in the west, here the family was left while the men went on to found new homes in the unbroken forests. There were cases where the family never came on, or delayed for a while and the claim was sold for a small sum; apparently Peter came on before Francis." (Reference: Mrs Grace Runyon, 1st Vice Regent, Commodore Preble Chapter, D.A.R., Eaton, Ohio, 1934).

Henry Cossart, a grandson of Peter Jr., stated that his grandfather Peter “came to Ohio and bought land. The deed shows that it was March 23, 1821, and was signed by James Monroe. Henry Clay was known to have told grandfather he would get him the land back for one-half of it, but nothing was ever done about it.”

Evidently Peter Jr. did not prosper, his estate was small and he had numerous bills. In the county records there is mention of sons Henry and Albert. The name Franklin (or Francis) also appears often, buying articles at these sales; probably a son.

Peter Cossart must have died about 1850 as there is a record of his funeral expenses recorded as follows:

“April 19, 1850 for Peter Cossart :
To Coffin being 6 feet 7 inches long $6.62½
" 3½ yards black velvet @ 45¢  1.57½
" 3 yards of black muslin @15¢ .45
"  ½ yards black muslin @ 12½¢ .18¾
" 2 bolts tape ø 4¢ .08
" 1 paper of 4 oz. Tacks .05
" puttin on said trimming .50
" outside box 2.00
" Tending funeral with hearse 1.25
Funeral expenses 12.81¾

The Census for 1840; Schedule of the whole number of free white persons, including heads of families, within the division allotted to Monroe Township, Preble County, Ohio, and taken by the Marshall or his deputy show the following:

"Peter Cosset head of family consisting of the following members:
  2 males under 5 years of age.
  1 male of 15 and under 20. (Probably Albert 16).
  1 male of 20 and under 30. (    "          Henry 27)?
  1 male of 60 and under 70. (Peter 64)
  1 female under 5 years of age.
  1 female of 15 and under 20.
  1 female of 20 and under 30.
  1 female of 60 and under 70. (Probably Mary 57).

The Census records for the year 1850 shows Mary (Banta) Cossairt living in the household of her youngest son Albert Cossairt of Monroe Township, Preble County, Ohio. This record shows her to be 65 years of age. If this age is correct she would have been born in 1785 instead of 1783 as above stated. The record also shows that she was a native of Kentucky. There is no record of the date of her death. It is believed she is buried in the same graveyard with her son Albert and her husband who are buried near West Manchester.

The names of all the children of Peter Cossairt and his wife Mary Banta are not known to the compiler at the present time, nor is the proper sequence of their births known. It has been proven conclusively that Mary, Peter, Henry and Jane are the children of this couple. The others mentioned lived in the same vicinity in Preble County and are believed also to be their children and will be so listed until proven otherwise.

CHILDREN:  

1.2.6.9.3.4.1 205 i. Maria (or Mary) Cassatt (or Cossairt), born September 21, 1800, died December 20, 1874. Married John M. Pence born December 22, 1796 died September 16, 1870 at Lebanon, Ohio. They also lived in Darke County, Ohio.

1.2.6.9.3.4.2 206 ii. Jacob Cossairt, born Circa 1802. The following is of record in Preble County. “The goods and chattles of Jacob Cossairt, late of Preble County, Ohio, deceased. Appraisers - Francis Cossairt, Peter Cossairt with James L. Hunt, Administrator. 4/20/ 1831.” (This may have been the son of Francis Cossairt (138).)

1.2.6.9.3.4.3 207 iii. Francis Cossairt, born February 5, 1805, in Warren County, Ohio. Died in Hickory County, Missouri, November 1, 1870. This may have been the Francis who sold to Peter Jr. 40 acres of land in Preble County, if not, it was Francis Cossairt (138).

1.2.6.9.3.4.4 208 iv. Peter Cossairt Jr., born Circa 1807. (There is a tradition in the family of Francis (207) that he had a brother Peter that had a
quantity of gold bullion that he wanted to have coined at the mint. His wife objected and they quarreled. She stated that she wished he would never return. He left and was never heard from again.

1.2.6.9.3.4.5 209 v. Franklin Cossairt, born Circa 1811. Records show that he made purchases at the sales of property. The son of Peter.?

1.2.6.9.3.4.6 210 vi. Henry Cossairt, born December 29, 1813. Later in life changed his name to Cassat and all of his descendants are now using this spelling of the family name, he was a brother of Francis (207).

1.2.6.9.3.4.7 211 vii. Sarah Cossairt, born Circa 1817, died in 1857. Married January 28, 1837 to Peter Vorhees Banta. (Tradition of descendants of Francis (207) is to the effect that he had a sister Sarah who married a Banta (or VONTA)

1.2.6.9.3.4.8 212 viii. Jane Cassart, b. Circa 1820, m. Adam Trager 6/23/1844

1.2.6.9.3.4.9 213 ix. Rachel Cassert, married in Preble County, Ohio, to Isham Waters on February 8, 1847. Rachel was probably born about 1822. And may have been named for her Grandmother Rachel (Van Clefe) Banta.

1.2.6.9.3.4.10 214 x. Albert Cossairt, born in 1824, died in 1855 and is buried near West Manchester, Preble County, Ohio.

1.2.6.9.3.4.1 205 MARIA (Mary) COSSAIRT:

(Peter Jr. 141; Peter Sr. 125: Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Mary (or Maria) Cossairt was born September 21, 1800, died December 20, 1874. She was probably the eldest child of Peter and Maria (Banta) Cossairt. She married John M. Pence born December 22, 1796, died September 16, 1870 at Lebanon, Warren County, Ohio. This couple also lived in Darke County, Ohio. The descendants of this couple are now (1935) living in and around Warren County, Ohio.

CHILDREN:
1.2.6.9.3.4.1.1 i. William L. Pence, born 2/27/1825, died October 18, 1866, single.
1.2.6.9.3.4.1.2 ii. Mary Cossat Pence, b.5/21/1828, d.3/19/1909. m.Charles B.Monroe 10/10/1849.

G-CHILDREN:
1.2.6.9.3.4.1.1.1 a. Maria Jane Monroe, married Eugene Evans.

GG-CHILDREN:
1.2.6.9.3.4.1.1.2.1 b. Pearl Evans, married Asa Whitaker.

GGG-CHILDREN:
1.2.6.9.3.4.1.1.2.1.1 Lena Whitaker, married Herbert Meridth

GGG-CHILDREN:
1.2.6.9.3.4.1.1.2.1.2 (1) Wayne Meridth.
1.2.6.9.3.4.1.1.2.1.3 (2) Robert Menidth.
1.2.6.9.3.4.1.1.2.1.3 (3) Janis Eugenia Meridth.

GGG-CHILDREN:
1.2.6.9.3.4.1.1.2.1.2.1 Eugenie Whitaker
1.2.6.9.3.4.1.1.2.1.2.2 Howard Whitaker
1.2.6.9.3.4.1.1.2.1.2.3 Raymond Whitaker
1.2.6.9.3.4.1.1.2.1.2.4 Ralph Whitaker

GG-CHILDREN:
1.2.6.9.3.4.1.2.1.2 Ethel Evans, married Evans Hatfield in 1905.
1.2.6.9.3.4.1.2.1.3 Ernest Evans.
1.2.6.9.3.4.1.2.1.4 Earl Evans.

B-CHILDREN:
1.2.6.9.3.4.1.2.2 b. Granville Monroe.
1.2.6.9.3.4.1.2.2.1 Sarah Margaret Monroe b.1857, m.12/12/1875 Alonzo E.Earnhart.

G-CHILDREN:
1.2.6.9.3.4.1.2.2.1.1 Clarence Earnhart b.6/13/1877.
1.2.6.9.3.4.1.2.2.1.2 Bertha Earnhart b.8/25/1878 m.Walter Parlott 5/22/1917.
1.2.6.9.3.4.1.2.4  d  Kate Monroe
1.2.6.9.3.4.1.2.5  e  Georgia Monroe, married Harry Hayner.

G-CHILDREN:
1  Mary Hayner, deceased, married Oren Jordan

GG-GCHILDREN:
1  Harry Jordan.
2  James Jordan.

G-GCHILDREN:
2  Laura Hayner.
3  Ruby Hayner, married Victor Van Ripper.

GG-GCHILDREN:
1  Doris Van Ripper.
2  Mabel Van Ripper.
3  Charles Van Ripper.

G-CHILDREN:
1.2.6.9.3.4.1.2.6  f  Nathan J. Monroe, married Currence Winters Phillips 2/5/1893; lived on R. R. #2, Lebanon, Ohio.

G-CHILDREN:
1  Rachel Laura Monroe, married Everett Banta June 4, 1919.
2  Geraldine Monroe.

GCHILDREN:
1.2.6.9.3.4.1.3  g.  Lewis W. Monroe.
1.2.6.9.3.4.1.3.2  h  Harry C. Monroe.
1.2.6.9.3.4.1.3.9  i  Irene Monroe.

NOTE:  The Monroes were all dead in 1920 excepting Maria Jane Evans, Nathan J. Monroe and Mary Poinsette.

CHILDREN:
1.2.6.9.3.4.1.3.1  a  John T. Thompson, single.
1.2.6.9.3.4.1.3.2  b  Charles T. Thompson, married Effie McBryant. No issue.
1.2.6.9.3.4.1.3.3  c  Harriet (Hattie) F. Thompson, m. Ollie Misseldine, R.R.2, Lebanon, OH

GCHILDREN:
1  Howard Misseldine.
2  Sarah Misseldine.

CHILDREN
1.2.6.9.3.4.1.4  iv.  Jacob C. Pence, born 12/3/1833, married 1859 to Angenette Earnhart born August 8, 1843. The Earnharts have their genealogy published. Jacob visited, the Worlds Fair at Chicago, Illinois, in 1893, taking a sum of money with him. He was never afterwards heard from. It is believed by his family that he was killed for his money.

GCHILDREN:
1.2.6.9.3.4.1.4.1  a  Edward C. Pence, born June 10, 1861, of Lebanon, Ohio. Married Mary Eliza Phillips, March 27, 1891.

G-GCHILD:
1  Leontine Pence, b. 4/20/1895. m. Charles Rogers 2/3/1916.

GG_GCHILD:
1  Laura Lou Rogers, born January 18, 1820.

GCHILDREN:
1.2.6.9.3.4.1.4.2  b  Eva M. Pence, b. 8/14/1862, married Leroy Earnhart 4/11/1885.

G-GCHILDREN:
1  Mazie Earnhart b.2/20/1887, married Charles Ellis 12/27/1905

GG-GCHILDREN:
1  Roy T. Ellis, born April 10, 1910;
2  Charles Erwin Ellis, born June 24, 1913;

G-GCHILDREN:
2  Nettie Earnhart, born July 15, 1889, not married.
3  Elsie Earnhart, b.12/12/1891, married Sidwell Ellis 4/25/1912.

GG-GCHILDREN:
1  Miriam Eva Ellis, born August 30, 1915.
2  Frances Marie Ellis, born March 2, 1918.
CHILDREN:

4 Reba Earnhart, born February 18, 1896, not married.

1.2.6.9.3.4.1.4.3 e Mary Agnes Pence, b.12/7/1863, m. John R. Poinsette 12/22/1886.

CHILDREN:

1 Orval Sylvan Poinsette, born 11/16/1887, married 9/1918 to Bertha Malotte

1.2.6.9.3.4.1.4.4 d George Pence, b.6/21/1866, married Annella Graham, 2/10/1896.

CHILDREN:

1 Mary Louise Pence, born December 20, 1898.
2 Orval Sylvan Pence, born 11/16/1898, married 9/1918 to Bertha Malotte

1.2.6.9.3.4.1.4.5 e Carrie M. Pence, born 4/10/1868, m.Harry M. Hatfield, 2/26/1891.

CHILDREN:

1 Harold Hatfield, b. 6/9/1892, marred Clara Hamilton 2/26/1914.
2 Gladys A. Hatfield, born April 30, 1915.
3 Dale Hamilton Hatfield, born September 4, 1918.

1.2.6.9.3.4.1.4.6 f Mary Pence, born May 5, 1869, died January 9, 1872.
1.2.6.9.3.4.1.4.7 g Peter E. Pence, born October 8, 1870, died January 15, 1872.
1.2.6.9.3.4.1.4.8 h Nettie R. Pence, born 11/29/1872, m.William P. Stowe, 4/8/1894.

CHILDREN:

1 Estaline H. Stowe, born August 27, 1896.
2 Dessie S. Stowe, born June 18, 1898.

1.2.6.9.3.4.1.4.9 i Cosa Lay Pence, b.1/29/1874, m. Robert 0. Carson 6/28/1897.

CHILDREN:

1 Grace Bernice Carson b.12/12/1898, m.9/3/1919 Edward Weber.
2 Robert Roy Carson, born February 21, 1902.
3 Mildred Elizabeth born October 18, 1905.

1.2.6.9.3.4.1.4.10 j Leroy Pence, born in 1876 and died in 1877.
1.2.6.9.3.4.1.4.11 k Jacob Oakley Pence, born 5/8/1877, married Elsie Randolph 1/14/1899.
She died August 27, 1905. He married a second time to Bessie Shank 7/18/1908.

CHILDREN:

1 Elsie Florence Pence, born February 14, 1900.
2 Dorthy Irene Pence, born December 17, 1903.
3 Margaret Helen Pence, born August 2, 1905.

1.2.6.9.3.4.1.4.12 l Baby Pence, born in 1880 and died in same year.
1.2.6.9.3.4.1.4.13 m Dessie Hope Pence, b.5/31/1882, m.Clarence Amos Hormel 2/12/1901.
One daughter.

CHILDREN:

1 Anna Waldine Hormel, born November 12, 1904.

1.2.6.9.3.4.1.4.14 n Leonard M. Pence b.6/20/1884, married Isa, Rachel Rogers 11/27/1906.
Marion R. Pence, born December 12, 1908.
Myles L. Pence, born August 20, 1910.
Maurice Moses Pence, born October 27, 1913.
Miram Rachel Pence, born January 22, 1920.
Grace Golda Pence, b. 4/25/1886, married Ernest Sneethen 10/9/1906.
Myron E. Sneethen, born April 23, 1908.

Francis, or Francis Marion Cossairt, was born February 5, 1805 in Warren County, Ohio, near the town of Lebanon; died November 1, 1870 in Hickory County, Missouri, and is buried near his farm in Hickory County, but across the county line at Urbana, Dallas County, Missouri. Francis was a farmer by occupation, and it is said that he was a rather large, muscular man of great strength. He was married about 1830 to Mary Jane Phillips, who was born July 24, 1814 either in Ohio or Pennsylvania, and of Welsh extraction.

After the death of Francis the widow resided for a time with her various sons and daughters. For a time she resided with her son Judge James K. Polk Cossairt on his farm near Preston, Hickory County, Missouri, but during the last year of her life she resided principally with her youngest son Francis Marion Cossairt Jr. at Linn Creek, Camden County, Mo. The U.S. Census records for the year 1880 taken in Green Township, Hickory County, Mo., shows her as being a member of the household of her daughter Mrs. Eliza A. Patterson, as follows: "Mary J. Cossairt, mother-in-law, age 65, born in Ohio, father born in Delaware, mother born in Pennsylvania."

Mrs. Josie B. Selby, a granddaughter of Francis and Mary Jane says: "Grandmother died at the home of my sister Mrs. Sarah A. McConnell, near Nemo, Hickory County, Mo., of malarial fever. She had dark hair and eyes and was a brunette. Was taught to speak the Dutch language by her grandmother. It was said that her father was of French descent. She was probably born in Pennsylvania, but not sure of this. Mary Jane had two brothers, Madison Phillips was the name of one of them, and two sisters whose names were Jemima and May or Elizabeth. Mary Jane is buried at Urbana, Mo.

Grandfather Francis Marion Cossairt was of fair complexion. He owned a section of land in Iowa. He had a brother Peter who was married and had a quantity of gold bullion that he desired to have coined at the mint. He left home with the gold against his wife's wishes and was never afterwards heard from. There was a Sister Sarah who married Vonta (probably Banta). There may have been other brothers and sisters in the family Francis sold eggs in Cincinnati, Ohio, when first married. He was offered a business lot in the heart of the city for an old horse he owned. This was about 1830.

It is said that Mary Jane was well beloved by her children and was always a welcome visitor in their homes. Records show that Francis and his family were living in Preble County, Ohio, in 1832, when his eldest son Henry was born, in Darke County, Ohio, in 1834, when his son Jacob was born, in Jay County, Indiana, at the time of the 1840 census, and in Warren County, Ohio, in 1844, when his son James was born, and again in Jay County, Indiana, at the time of the 1850 census. It is claimed that his family had also lived in Wayne County, Ind. previous to this. Sometime after 1850 the family removed to near Mt. Pleasant, Iowa, (Henry Co.), and after living here a short time removed to Ringgold County, Iowa. The County Court records of the latter county show that Francis held land in three sections of Middle Fork Township up to April 15, 1865. He was living here as early as 1857 when his daughter Sarah Elizabeth was married during that year. It is believed that the family came to Ringgold County from Henry County, Iowa, about the year 1855.

About the year 1865, Francis and his son John went to Kansas for the purpose of locating a new home, but did not remain there. It is said that John then went to Arizona or New Mexico about this time. Francis then returned to Ringgold Co., removed to Missouri, where he purchased 120
acres of land in Hickory County, that state. This farm was located near Preston where he remained until his death in 1870.

As indicated by the number of this family who served in the Civil War the family must have been intensely patriotic, for the records show that Francis and his eldest son Henry were the first members of the family to serve the Union cause. Francis and Henry enlisted on July 4, 1861, at which time they were residing in Ringgold County, Iowa. They both enlisted in Company "G", Fourth Iowa Volunteer Infantry which was then being organized for the purpose of suppressing and preventing bandits and other renegades from crossing over the State line from Missouri. It had been reported that the Guerrilla Anderson and his band of Missouri bushwhackers were about to raid that part of the state. Francis was mustered into service on August 15, 1861, at Jefferson Barracks, MO, and records show that during his period of service his regiment served as follows:


According to the records of the Adjutant General, State Of Iowa, Francis was honorably discharged from the Army at Batesville, Independence County, Arkansas, on May 16, 1862, by reason of physical disability. At the time of his enlistment, Francis, must have been around 56 years of age, but in order to enlist, gave his age as 45 years. It is obvious that a man of his age could not long endure the severe hardships of the field required of the foot soldier. Records reveal that he never applied for a pension from the Government on account of his infirmities as indicated by the following letter:

***************

"Veterans Administration,
Washington, D.C.,
September 22, 1933.

Mr. Joseph A. Cossairt,
The Lexington,
San Pedro, Calif.,

Dear Sir:

This is in response to your recent letter.

A thorough search of the files fails to identify any claim for pension based upon the service of Francis Cossairt, Company “G”, 4th Iowa Volunteer Infantry, Civil War.

Respectfully,
/s/ E.W. MORGAN
Director of Pensions."

The following letter is quoted:

“A.G. 201 War Department
Cossairt, Francis
The Adjutant General’s Office’,
(4/19/33) ORD Washington,
April 25, 1933.

Mr. Joseph A. Cossairt,
The Lexington,
San Pedro, Calif.

Dear Sir:

I have your letter of April 19, 1933, in which you requested the military record of Francis Cossairt,
who served during the period of the Civil War.

The records of my office show that Francis Cossairt was enrolled July 4, 1861, at Mt. Ayr, Iowa, for a period of three years; was mustered into service August 15, 1861, at Jefferson Barracks, Mo., as a private of Company "G", 4th Regiment, Iowa, Volunteer Infantry, and was honorably discharged from the service by reason of disability January 31, 1862, at Rolla, Missouri, as a private.

His personal description at date of enlistment is shown as follows:

Age 45 years (also shown on the records as 54 years); height 5 feet 10 inches; complexion, fair (light); eyes blue; hair light; place of birth, Warren County, Ohio; occupation, farmer.

Very truly yours,
/s/ James F. McKinley,
Brigadier General,
Acting the Adjutant General.

The following data was copied from papers on file in the “jacket” file of Francis Cossairt in the Adjutant General’s Office, Washington, D.C. (Copied by J.A. Cossairt, August 1934):

-- “Francis Cossairt joined, for duty at Mt. Ayer, Iowa, July 4, 1861.”
-- "September and October 1861 - On furlough 40 days from October 4, 1861.”
-- “January and February 1862, Absent, sick at Rolla or Lebanon, Mo., since January 23rd.
-- “Discharged on Surgeons Certificate of Disability, at Rolla, Mo., date never reported. Last date May 16, 1862. Two sets of discharge papers issued.”
-- “Records of Pension Office. The records on file and evidence furnished by the Auditor for the War Department that this man was discharged January 31, 1862, on Surgeons Certificate of Disability.”
-- “Army of the United States. Certificate of Disability for Discharge. Francis Cosairt, Company G, 4th Regiment, U.S. Volunteers, was enlisted by E. W. Rice the 4th Regiment Iowa Volunteers, at Mt. Ayer, Iowa, on the 4th July 1861 to serve 3 years, he was born in Warren County, in the State of Ohio, is 54 years of age, 5 feet 8 inches high, dark complexion, grey eyes, black hair, and by occupation when enlisted, a farmer. During the last two months said soldier has been unfit for duty 20 days. “He has never been able to do any active duty on the march.”

/s/ Captain L. Hopkins,
Commanding Company.

"I certify I have carefully examined said Francis Cosart of Captain Hopkins Company and find him incapable of performing the duties of a soldier because of his being 54 years old and chronic rheumatism with which he is troubled most of the time.

/s/ M. W. Robbins, Surgeon.

Discharged this 31st day of January 1862 from Iowa Infantry at Rolla, Missouri.

/s/ J. B. WYMAN,
Colonel, Commanding Post"

“Furlough to Francis Cossairt from October 2, A.D. 1861.

Francis Cossairt of the 4th Regiment, Iowa, Volunteers, having applied for a certificate on which to make application for leave of absence, I hereby certify that I have carefully examined the private and find that in consequence of chronic rheumatism he is in my opinion unfit for duty. I further declare my belief that he will be unable to resume his duties in a less period than (20) twenty days. Dated October 31st.

/s/ M. W. Robbins,
Surgeon, 4th Regiment, Iowa Vol.”
To all whom it may concern, the bearer hereof - Francis Cossairt, a private of Captain L. Hopkins, 4th Regiment of Iowa Volunteers, aged forty-five years, five feet ten inches high, dark complexion, blue eyes, dark and gray heir, and by profession a farmer, born in the State of Ohio, and enlisted at Mt. Ayr in the County of Ringgold and state of Iowa, on the 4th day of July eighteen hundred and sixty-one to serve for the period of three years is hereby permitted to go to Ringgold County, State of Iowa he having received a furlough from the second day of October to the twenty-second day of the same month, at which period he will rejoin his Company or Regiment at Rolla, State of Missouri or wherever it then may be, or be considered a deserter.

his
Francis X Cossairt
mark

/s/ L. Hopkins,  
Captain, Company 0,  
4th Iowa Volunteers.

Approved:
/s/ J. B. WYMAN,  
Commanding, Rolla."

The following is a copy of an original letter written by Francis to the President of the United States after his return to Ringgold County. This letter is also filed with his "jacket". No reply to this letter could be found, due to the lack of typewriters in those days it is presumed:

'Ingart Grove,  
Ringgold County, Iowa,  
December 16, 1864.

Honorable Abraham Lincoln,  
President of the U.S. of America,  
The head of one of the Best Governments upon God's fair Earth.

Dear Sir:

I address you in the capacity of a private citizen. I was a member of Company "G", 4th Regiment, Iowa Volunteers, and was discharged on the account of age. My Sons and sons-in-law are still in the service of our Country and some of them are in vile southern prisons, and have been for a long time.

Dear Sir, why are they not exchanged? Must my boys die and rot when they ought to be in the service or at home. I must say in the kindest of feelings that I am dissatisfied with that part of your Administration of affairs. As I now understand that my boys have done hard fighting on almost every battle field.

I write to you as a sincere friend, and hope to receive your answer.

Yours,

FRANCIS COSSAIRT.

The following data was copied from the Census records in the Census Bureau at Washington, D.C. by the compiler while in that city in August 1934:

The first record found being: 1840

"Francis Cossart, Pike Township, Jay County, Indiana, 1840.  
Males:  
2 between 0-5 years old.  
2 between 5-10 years old.  
1 between 30-40 years old.
Females:
1 between 0-5 years old.
2 between 20-30 years old.

1850.


Age 45, male, white, occupation, farming, value of real estate owned $2,000.00; place of birth - Ohio. Cannot read or write.

Mary J. Cossairt, age 36 years, housewife, born in Ohio. Cannot read or write.

CHILDREN:
Henry Cossairt, age 18 years, born in Ohio, attending school.
Jacob Cossairt, age 16 years, born in Ohio, attending school.
Elizabeth A. Cossairt, age 14, born in Ind., attending school.
John Cossairt, age 13, born in Indiana, attending school.
William F. Cossairt, age 11, born in Ind., attending school.
Sarah E. Cossairt, age 8, born in Indiana, attending school.
James Cossairt, age 6, born in Ohio.
George W. Cossairt, age 4, born in Indiana.
Jemima Cossairt, age 1 year, born in Indiana.”

1860.

“Francis Cossairt, free inhabitants Middlefork Township, Ringgold County, Iowa, June 20, 1860, enumerated by John C. Miller, Assistant Marshall.

Age, 55, occupation, farmer; value of real estate owned $1,281.00 value of personal estate owned $347.00; place of birth - Ohio.

Mary Jane Cossairt, wife, age 42; born in Ohio.

CHILDREN:
James Cossairt, age 16 years, born in Ohio, attending school.
George W. Cossairt, age 13, born in Indiana, attending school.
Jemima Cossairt, age 10, born in Indiana, attending school.
Francis Cossairt, age 5, born in Indiana.”

1870.

“Francis Cossairt, Green Township, Hickory County, Mo., 28 July 1870. Age 64: occupation farmer; born in Ohio, cannot write; value of real estate owned $2,500.00; value of personal property owned $1,500.00.

Mary Jane Cossairt, age 57 years; keeping house; born in the State of Ohio; cannot write.

CHILD:
Francis M. Cossairt, age 15 years; born in the state of Iowa, domestic labor about the house, attends school.

1880


We here find Mary Jane listed in the household of her son-in-law, John C. Patterson, husband of Eliza A. Cossairt Patterson, as follows:

Mary J. Cossairt, mother-in-law, age 65 years, born in Ohio; father born in Delaware. Mother born in Pennsylvania.

It is claimed by members of the Cossairt family who knew both Francis and Mary Jane personally that both could read but could not write very well.
There is only one picture of Francis known to exist, and this is owned by the compiler. It is an old and badly scratched ambrotype that was found in the bottom of an old trunk that had belonged to his daughter Elizabeth. Mrs. Effie Taylor, daughter of Elizabeth, of Auburn, Placer County, Calif., found the relic and presented it to the compiler who was able to have fairly good copies made from it. Francis was a farmer during his life time and was a member of the United Brethern Church.

The following is an extract of a letter written by a grand daughter of the above couple:

“Santa Paula, California,
501 West Main Street,
December 22, 1933.
Joseph A. Cossairt,
San Pedro, Calif.

Dear Cousin:

Grandfather's name was "FRANCIS MARION COSSAIRT"

Francis A. Patterson, my brother who died in 1874 is buried in the cemetery at Bowers Chapel where grandfather and grandmother Cossairt and many others of our relatives are buried.

Very respectfully,

/s/ JOSIE B. SELBY."

The children of Francis and Mary Jane Cossairt were as follows:

CHILDREN:

1.2.6.9.3.4.3.1 (334) 1. Henry H. Cossairt, born June 5, 1832, died April 2, 1865.
1.2.6.9.3.4.3.2 (335) 2. Jacob Cossairt, born January 3, 1834, died April 13, 1896.
1.2.6.9.3.4.3.3 (336) 3. Eliza (Elizabeth) Ann Cossairt, born 10/7/1835, died 10/5/1910.
1.2.6.9.3.4.3.4 (337) 4. John Cossairt, b.5/13/1837, last time heard from between 1884—1896 in Arizona.
1.2.6.9.3.4.3.5 (338) 5. William Fletcher Cossairt, born 6/23/1839, died 1/30/1862.
1.2.6.9.3.4.3.6 (339) 6. Sarah Elizabeth Cossairt, born 1/14/1842, died July 27, 1915.
1.2.6.9.3.4.3.7 (340) 7. James K. Polk Cossairt, born 4/1/1844, died April 17, 1912.
1.2.6.9.3.4.3.8 (341) 8. George Washington Cossairt, born 9/5/1846, died 1/16/1865.
1.2.6.9.3.4.3.9 (342) 9. Jemima Cossairt, born August 24, 1849, died in California.
1.2.6.9.3.4.3.10 (343) x. Samuel Cossairt, date of birth unknown. Died in infancy.
1.2.6.9.3.4.3.11 (344) xi. Francis Marion Cossairt Jr., born 10/24/1854, died 3/3/1907.

1.2.6.9.3.4.3.1 334 HENRY H. COSSAIRT:

(Francis 207; Peter Jr. 141; Peter Sr. 125; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Henry H. Cossairt, the eldest son of Francis and Mary Jane (Phillips) Cossairt, was born June 5, 1832, in Preble County, Ohio, and died April 2, 1863, at the age of 31 years. Married March 5, 1852 in Wells County, Indiana, to Effie Brown. Henry removed to Henry County, Iowa, with his parents in the early fifties and settled a farm near Mt. Pleasant. He later removed with his parents to Ringgold County, Iowa, and settled on a farm near Mt. Ayr and engaged in farming until the outbreak of the Civil War, when he and his father were the first members of this branch of the Cossairt family to enlist in the Union cause.

During his absence in the army Effie, with her family of young children lived, in the home of her father-in-law Francis Cossairt of Ringgold County, Iowa. Henry's family had previous to this been living in Gentry County, Missouri, where his youngest daughter, Julia Ann was born on October 12, 1859. It is claimed by other members of the Cossairt family that Henry and Effie lost two or three children who died in Ringgold County, from the effects of diphtheria. If so, the compiler has not been able to learn the names of the children.

The military record of Henry which is on file in the Office of the Adjutant General of the Army, Washington, D.C., shows that and his father enlisted on July 4, 1861 from Mt. Ayr, Ringgold County, Iowa, for three years and that they were mustered into the service on August 15, 1861 at Jefferson Barracks, Missouri, as Privates in Company “G”, Fourth Regiment, Iowa Volunteer Infantry. Records show that during the time Henry served in the army his regiment served as follows:

Henry was reported as present or otherwise satisfactorily accounted for until April 2, 1863 when he was reported to have died on board the hospital steamer "Louisiana" of disease. The original name of this steamer was the “R. C. Wood" and its name was changed to "Louisiana". Records show that Henry died en route from Milkens Bend to Cairo Illinois, on April 2, 1863 and that he is buried at Cairo, Illinois.

In Volume 1, Roster of Iowa Soldiers in the War of the Rebellion, gives his age as 29 at the time of his enlistment, and that he died of consumption on April 2 1863.

The following miscellaneous notes were copied from Henry’s personal service file or "jacket" kept in the War Department at Washington, by the compiler in August 1934.

Extracts from Company Muster Rolls:

“January and February 1861, Absent, sick at Wet Gelease since February 1st.”
“March and April 1863; Sick in some General Hospital up the river”.
“April 16, 1863, Sick in General Hospital, Youngs Point, Louisiana.”
“May and June 1863, Sick in General Hospital, St. Louis, Mo”.
“July and August 1863, Sick in St. Louis.” “Died April 2, received official notice, April 27, 1863.”

NOTE: The notations appeared in the Muster Rolls of the above dates. After Henry had left his Company and gone to the Hospital he was continued to be carried upon the muster rolls until after notification of his death was received.

Extracts from the Company's Description Book:

Age 29 years at time of enlistment; height 6 feet 2 inches; Complexion dark; eyes, brown; hair, black; born in Preble County, Ohio; occupation, farmer. Died on board Hospital steamer Louisiana April 2, 1863. Disease - consumption.

Appears on the Returns as follows:

February 1862 absent without leave. March to July 1863 absent sick in Hospital since March 9, 1863. August 1863 loss April 2, 1863, Steamer Louisiana. Died on board steamer Louisiana.

Official notice of his death not received until August 27, 1863. Disease consumption. Name shown as H. H. Cossairt and Henry Cossant.

At the time of Henry’s death his wife Effie and children were staying at her father-in-law's home in Ringgold County, Iowa. It is said by some members of the family that Effie removed, to Kansas where they had lost track of her and the children, but the records of the pension office in Washington show that some time after the death of her husband she removed with her children to Randolph County, where she met and married May 22, 1866 John Goucher of Deerfield, Randolph County, Indiana.

Henry's minor children as mentioned in the application for a pension by his wife, Effie Brown were as shown below.

**CHILDREN:**

1.2.6.9.3.4.3.1.1  534  i.  James Francis Cossairt, b.12/25/1852 in Pike Township, Jay County, IN
1.2.6.9.3.4.3.1.2  535  ii.  Mary Jane Cossairt, b. June 2, 1854 or 1855 in Henry Cnty, Iowa.
1.2.6.9.3.4.3.1.3  536  iii.  Philip Nathan Cossairt, b.August 22, 1857 in Ringold Cnty, Iowa
1.2.6.9.3.4.3.1.4  537  iv.  Julia Ann Cossairt, born 10/12/1859 in Gentry County, Missouri.

NOTE: In the pension records on file at the Veterans Bureau, Washington, D.C. is a statement or affidavit sworn to by the Captain of Henry’s Company to the effect that, “Henry was of sound health when he entered the army and that he took sick while his company was at Young’s Point, Louisiana, due to exposure and hardships.

1.2.6.9.3.4.3.1.1  534  JAMES FRANCIS (Franklin) COSSAIRT:

(Henry 334; Francis 207; Peter Jr. 141; Peter Sr. 125; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).
James Francis (or Franklin) Cossairt, born December 25, 1852, in Pike Township, Jay County, Indiana. Died July 8, 1925 in Chester Township, Wells County, Indiana. Married 1st time about 1876 to Alta Windsett who was born about 1850 and who died in Wells County.

James was a member of the Christian Church and was a Democrat in politics. Married 2nd. time Lydia Susanne Feasel.

**CHILDREN:** (By 1st wife).

8-666 i. William Monroe Cossairt, born April 15, 1877.
8-667 ii. John Henry Cossairt, born October 9, 1879.

**CHILDREN:** (By 2nd wife).

8-668 iii. James Clay Cossairt, born March 28, 1885.
8-669 iv. Clara May West Cossairt, born January 12, 1887.
8-670 v. Perry Jay Cossairt of Poneto, Indiana, (Route #1), born March 18 1891 in Wells County, Indiana. Married March 18, 1911 at Bluffton, Wells County, Indiana, to Nora Foreman, born April 17, 1891, daughter of Calvin S. and Emily Catherine (Cloud) Foreman. No issue.

8-672 vii. Otto Clell Cossairt, born November 11, 1895.
8-673 viii. Freddie E. Cossairt, born February 16, 1889, died May 24, 1890.

James married 2nd. time June 1, 1884 to Lydia Susanne Feasel, born September 29, 1860 in Delaware County, Indiana. She died January 7, 1935 in Wells County, Indiana. She was the daughter of Henry and Rebecca Ann (Abshire) Feasel.

1.2.6.9.3.4.3.1.1.1 666 WILLIAM MONROE COSSAIRT:

(Edward 534; Henry 334; Francis 207; Peter Jr. 141; Peter Sr. 125; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

William Monroe Cossairt born April 15, 1876 in Jay or Wells County, Indiana. Married April 1902 1st time to Rene May Howard, born 1880 and died at San Diego, Calif., in 1917. She was the daughter of Lenny Howard of Bluffton, Indiana. Mr. Cossairt was a foreman in the City Public Works Department, San Diego, Calif., as late as 1919. William married 2nd time October 8, 1919 to Esther Blanche Jones born October 27, 1884 at Mt. Carmel, Clermont, Ohio. Residence 219 East Pleasant Street, North Long Beach, Calif.

**CHILDREN:** (By 1st wife).

8-772 i. Cecila Cossairt. Married Mr. Bridwell and they reside in San Diego, Calif.
8-773 ii. Lola Cossairt, married a Mr. Lytal and they reside at Arkansas City, Kansas.

8-775 iv. Edyth May Cossairt, married Mr. Gardner and they reside at Arkansas City, Kansas.

**CHILD:** (By 2nd. wife)

8-776 v. William Chester Cossairt, born November 28, 1920 at San Diego, Calif. William is a very bright boy and has made within a few months dozens of model airplanes of the latest types. Makes his own plans, models and drawings. William is very studious youngster and attends the public schools of Long Beach.

1.2.6.9.3.4.3.1.1.2 667 JOHN HENRY COSSAIRT:

(Edward 534; Henry 334; Francis 207; Peter Jr. 141; Peter Sr. 125; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

John Henry Cossairt of Bluffton, Indiana, born October 9, 1879 at Nottingham Township, Wells County, Indiana. He is a Democrat in politics. Married October 25 1902 at Bluffton, Indiana, to Jennie Bower, born October 23, 1882 in Wells County, Indiana, the daughter of Henry and Albina (Hurst) Bower.

**CHILDREN:**

8-777 i. Lester Garth Cossairt, born June 28, 1903: Emporia, Kansas.
8-778 ii. Lawrence Earl Cossairt, born March 30, 1905: Bluffton, Ind.
Larry Arthur Cossairt, born April 21, 1911; Bluffton, Indiana.

Harold Dean Cossairt, born November 8, 1912; died November 9, 1918.

Audrey Rose Cossairt, born April 25, 1914; Fort Wayne, Indiana.

Gerald Neil Cossairt, born October 9, 1915; died June 23, 1924.

Crystal Lenore Cossairt, born April 28, 1917; Bluffton, Indiana. Graduated from High School in 1935; and is to be engaged by the General Electric Company in Fort Wayne, Indiana, as a stenographer. Crystal is both smart and beautiful.

Margaret Leone Cossairt, born January 15, 1919; Bluffton, Indiana.

Mary Jeanette Cossairt, born July 9, 1920; Bluffton, Indiana.

Jay Eugene Cossairt, born October 10, 1922; Bluffton, Indiana.

Mabel Joan Cossairt, born September 7, 1923; died October 17, 1923.

Julia Ann Cossairt: (Henry 334; Francis 207; Peter Jr. 141; Peter Sr. 125; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Julia Ann Cossairt, born in Gentry County, Missouri, October 12, 1859, married September 18, 1881 to Isaac Emery born March 21, 1857 (See record on pages 377, 670, 674), died February 16, 1933. Mrs. Emery resides with her children and divides her time between Route #1, Box 61-A, Springfield, Missouri, and Yellville, Arkansas. In a letter to the compiler dated January 9, 1936 she states that her mother was never in Kansas. Remembers being with her mother when a child at someone’s house and seeing two children being buried in the same casket, says as near as she can remember their names were Clara and Elizabeth. Clara and Allie were twins. Says “I believe they died from diphtheria”. “After I was 9 years old I didn’t stay with my mother. I lived with Mrs. Wash Davis and continued to make my own way until I married I remember Uncle “Jake” Cossairt coming to visit my mother. When I married in Indiana we left there and went to Kansas, from there to Missouri and on to Arkansas in a Springfield wagon, but horses pulled it. I have been living in Arkansas for 48 years.

CHILDREN:

i. Raleigh (or Rolla) Hubert (or Herbert) Emery, b. 9/21/1882 in Indiana, married September 30, 1911. Died January 28, 1919 in Harrison Ark, buried at that place. Married on September 30, 1911 to Virginia Ellen Estes the daughter of Jesse Estes and Nancy Wann at Harrison, Ark. The widow lives at Mt. Ida or Little Rock, Arkansas.


ii. Burleigh Samuel Emery, b. February 17, 1884 in Kansas; married October 5, 1910 to Gertrude Woods born at Yellville, Ark., the daughter of S. William Woods; residence - St. Louis, Mo., or Alpena, Mich.

CHILDREN:


(2) Marion Woods Emery, b. November 7, 1918: at Yellville, Ark.


iv. Lilly Emery, born October 19, 1889: died March 27, 1890.

v. Della May Emery, born March 20, 1893 at Yellville, Marion County, Ark. Died April 12 1925 at Russellville, Ark. Married April 12, 1915 to Grady Hand, the son of John Henry Hand and Mollie Montgomery. Della May was killed in a aeroplane accident at Russell
ville and she is buried in the Layton Cemetery at Yellville, Ark. They had an infant that died at birth

( ) vi. Ira Bervin Emery b. born October 30, 1894 at Yellville, Arkansas. Died there September 5, 1904 and is buried in the Layton Cemetery of that place.

( ) vii. Daisy Emery, born April 9, 1899 at Yellville, Ark. Married first time November 26, 1916 at Yellville, Ark. to William Ralph Perkins, b. September 9, 1896, d. April 19, 1924 at Tuscon, Arizona, and is buried in the Layton Cemetery at Yellville. He was the Son of Henry Haskins Perkins and Nancy Yokum. Daisy married second time April 17, 1933 to George W. Hudson b. June 19, 1888, the son of Berry Randolph. Hudson and Florence Ausborne. Daisy and George were married at Buffalo, Arkansas. No issue by this union.

CHILDREN:

(1) Eloise Perkins, b. October 21, 1917, single, and resides at Cotter, Ark.

(2) Frances Lee Perkins, b. September 1920, single, and resides at Yellville.

( ) viii. Isaac Edwin Emery, born March 13 1902 at Yellville, Arkansas. Married December 25, 1923 to Lena Burnes, b. at Freck, Ark

CHILDREN:

(1) Leatrice May Emery, b. November 23, 1924; residence Yellville, Ark


1.2.6.9.3.4.3.2 335  JACOB COSSAIRT:

(Son of Francis 207).

Jacob Cossairt, the second son of Francis and Mary Jane (Phillips) Cossairt, a native of Darke County, Ohio, born there January 3, 1834. His parents were natives of Warren County, Ohio.

Removed to Jay County Indiana with his parents where he received a liberal education. About 1853/4 the family removed to Iowa. Here he married February 28, 1855 at Trenton, Henry County, Iowa, to Hetty Alice Alcorn, born in Indiana, August 27, 1837. Jacob and Hetty removed to Gentry County, Missouri, the same year they were married, here their eldest child, Mary Alice Cossairt was born November 20, 1855. When Jacob and his wife left Henry County, Iowa, for Missouri, their only possessions were a yoke of oxen, a covered wagon, a few farming implements, together with some household effects, a saddle horse and a small amount of money. They did not remain here long but removed to somewhere in money. Not liking Kansas they returned to Missouri and located for a time in both Benton and Morgan Counties. At the outbreak of the Civil War they were living in Hickory County: same state. Here Jacob and John W. Quigg were farming land together on the Osage River near Wheatland in the north-western part of the county.

At the beginning of the war both men were drafted into the Southern Army by a Confederate recruiting officer. Both Jacob and John being in sympathy with the Union cause and the preservation of the union, immediately departed for Jefferson City, Mo., the State Capitol where they enlisted in Governor Phelp's Company of 100 day men. This was in the early part of 1861. After the expiration of their term of service both men returned to their homes in Hickory County where they helped recruit and organize Company "I", 8th Missouri State Militia Cavalry. Jacob enlisted as First Sergeant of his troop, and a year later was promoted, through meritorious conduct to the Captaincy of his troop, and remained in this capacity until the expiration of the war, when on July 17, 1865 he was honorably discharged a Captain. Jacob took a prominent part in the battles of Wilson Creek, Pea Ridge, Prairie Grove and Osage where Governor Marmaduke was captured. Records show that while his troop was basking on Forsyth, Mo., about February 1864 he received an injury to his right leg and hip caused by his horse falling on him. In January 1864 a detachment of the 8th Mo. Cavalry were on scout duty from Ozark, Mo. to Yellville, Ark., and while crossing White River at Forsyth, Mo., Jacob's horse became frightened at the moving ice in the river and rearing, fell with him and falling upon him causing injuries which he never entirely recovered from. Eventually the injury developed into Paralysis of the right leg causing his death on April 13, 1896.

Records on file in the Veterans Bureau, Washington shows that Jacob was granted a pension by the Government on August 21, 1883, at which time he was residing at Astoria, Fulton County, Ill.
For a time during the early part of the war Mrs. Cossairt and Quigg remained on the farm living together, but conditions became unsafe in those parts for ladies to be unprotected. Mrs. Cossairt took her two young children, Mary A. and Perry and went to live at the military post at Springfield, Mo. When that city was threatened by the Confederates she went to live in St. Louis Mo. Not being acquainted here, she did not remain long but returned to the home of her parents in Henry County, Iowa, where she remained until after the expiration of the war. In relating her experiences during these stirring times Mrs. Cossairt related her experience of a time when a rebel foraging expedition stopped at her house in Hickory County. The only thing they left her was the trunk upon which she was sitting when they ransacked the house and premises. The only thing they did not carry away was the heavy furniture and the trunk upon which she was sitting. In this trunk was a picture of her husband in uniform. Luckily they did not investigate too closely or they might have burned the house in which she and her children lived.

After the war the family was again reunited and Mr. Cossairt resumed his farming near Wheatland. Shortly after the war Jacob was appointed a deputy sheriff of the county. His son William F. Cossairt relates a story he heard his father tell of the time when he was Deputy Sheriff. One night he heard the approach of a galloping horsemen approaching, believing something might be wrong he went out into the road and halted the horseman who proved to be a Mr. Gideon who had recently served as a Private in Jacob's troop during the late war. On making inquiries about his haste etc., Gideon confessed that he and two other men had just robbed an old negro farmer in the neighborhood and was escaping. There were two other white men implicated in the robbery and Gideon pleaded that the only part he played was to hold the horses while the other two men done the robbing. One of the Negroes was shot to death and the other one seriously cut in the struggle. Gideon was brought into the house and kept for the rest of the night and the next day Jacob turned him over to the authorities in Hermitage, the County seat. Gideon was tried and given a prison sentence.

It appears that there were many bad characters who returned to the county after the expiration of war and among them Jacob had several enemies owing to his activities during the course of hostilities. Some of the guerrilla element were not content to settle down peacefully and become useful citizens to the community. Jacob's new home was burned during his visit to his parents in the eastern part of the county. On one occasion he had been fired upon from ambush while working in the field, his stock had either been stolen or killed. And upon one occasion while Jacob and his family were returning home from Hermitage three horsemen approached and threatened to kill him and would have done so if Mrs. Cossairt had not pleaded with them. Jacob was unarmed, but after this episode always carried fire arms and secured the appointment of deputy sheriff. However, Jacob had a host of friends among both factions and some of them advised him to sell out and remove from the state. Heeding this timely advice he removed with his family about 1870 to Decatur, Adams County Indiana, where he remained for seven or eight years. About 1878 the family sold out and removed by train to Fulton County, Illinois, where Mr. Cossairt engaged in farming and in the saw milling business. In 1884 Jacob sold his farm and interest in the mill and removed to Stoddard County, Missouri, where he purchased and located on 120 acres of land, 80 acres of which was under cultivation. The remainder of the land was used for grazing purposes, on which he raised cattle, hogs and sheep to furnish meat for a butcher shop he owned in Dexter and which was operated by his eldest son, Perry. It is said that Jacob was an excellent judge of stock and could drive a good bargain when it came to trading or purchasing stock. He was a good judge of horseflesh. His son William tells this: While he and his father were in Dexter his father purchased a team of horses for $150.00 and sold them for $300.00 before their arrival home the same day. During the time Jacob lived here he was President of a farmers organization which was then known as the "Agricultural Wheel".

Records show that Jacob purchased the above farm which became known or referred to by members of the family as "the Old Place", from a farmer by the name of Aid Hill for little more than $1000.00 cash. The transaction took place on September 25, 1884. Mr. Hill continued to reside in the original log house on the place for a short time and then removed from the county. The Cossairt family continued to reside on the "old Place" until July 14, 1892 when the farm was traded to William P. (Bill) Renner a druggist of Bloomfield, Mo., a large house and lot in Leora, Mo., and a 40 acre farm nearby the town, and in addition to this a half interest in a mercantile business at Leora which was afterwards known as the "Cossairt and Crew's Mercantile Company". Soon after Jacob's arrival at Leora, his health began to fail and soon afterwards was unable to take an active part in the running of his business. The management was left up to his dishonest partner, Henry Crews, who through mismanagement allowed the business to fail. Jacob was confined to his bed several months before his death which occurred April 13, 1896. He is buried in the cemetery at Bloomfield in the Cossairt plot with other members of his family. In politics Jacob was a Republican, and a member of the General Baptist Church. He was also a member of the Masonic fraternity for many years. According to the records of the Grand Lodge state of Missouri he was affiliated with Hermitage Lodge No. 288, Ancient free and Accepted Masons, at Hermitage, Hickory County, Missouri, on February 20, 1869 and remained a member of this same lodge until November 9, 1872. The compiler has not been able to find record of where or when Jacob first became a Mason or what lodge he transferred his membership to after 1872.
“Jacob Cossairt of the firm of S. A. Robinson & Company mill owners, was born in Ohio in 1834. His father Francis Cossairt, was born in Warren County, Ohio, where he followed farming, and married Mary Jane Phillips, by whom he had six boys and three girls. Jacob the second child, received a liberal education. When the war broke out he was a resident of Missouri, where he enlisted in Company “I”, Eighth Missouri Cavalry, rose through meritorious conduct to the Captaincy of his troop; was honorably discharged at the close of the war; in former years, while residing in Iowa, he married Miss Hettie Alcorn, by whom he had eight children: from Missouri in 1877, he removed to Fulton County, Illinois, locating in Woodland Township, where, in connection with S. A. Robinson he purchased an interest in the saw mill of the above mentioned.”

William Francis Cossairt, son of Jacob, says: "Father disposed of his interest in the saw mill at Astoria, Fulton Co., Ill., and engaged in farming in the same county, and said that he, William F. was old enough at this time to help with the chores. After the sale of his interest in the mill his father had a considerable amount of cash in his possession. At night he placed this money in his trousers under his pillow. A robber entered the house at night and mistaking Jacob’s arm for the trouser leg gave it a yank, discovering his error he escaped through the window which was open. This sudden awakening startled his father. He called for his boys in another building and had them sleep in the same room with him during the night. William says that this was the only time he had ever seen his father show any signs of nervousness. The next day the money was deposited in the bank. When this occurred, Mrs. Cossairt with some of her younger children was at Mt. Pleasant, Iowa, where she had gone to attend the funeral of a parent.

The History of South-East Missouri’, 1888: Goodspeed Company, page 1018, says:

"Jacob Cossairt, a native of Darke County, Ohio, was born January 3, 1834, and is the son of Francis and Mary J. (Phillips) Cossairt, natives of Ohio and Pennsylvania respectively. They were the parents of seven children, six now living: Jacob, Henry, Eliza, Sarah, James and George. Jacob Cossairt was reared in Illinois, and married Miss Hattie Alcorn, a native of Indiana, who bore him eight children: Mary, Perry, William, Ephriam and Charles (twins), Dora, Albert and John. The same year of his marriage Mr. Cossairt went to Iowa and from there to Kansas, and then to Benton County, Missouri, where he remained until after the war. In 1861 he enlisted in Governor Phelp’s Company of 100 day men, Company eighty-first Missouri, and served until the close of the war. He was in the battle of Wilson Creek, Pea Ridge, Prairie Grove and Osage, where Governor Marmaduke was captured at Forsyth, Missouri, his horse fell, and injured Mr. Cossairt’s leg and hip so severely that he now draws a pension. After the war Mr. Cossairt removed to Indiana, where he remained eight years. In 1884 he came to Stoddard County and bought 120 acres of land, eighty of which are under cultivation. He is a member of the Masonic Fraternity of which he has been a member for twenty five years, is also a member of the Agricultural Wheel, of which he is President, and he and his wife are members of the General Baptist Church."

William further states: “When my father’s family removed from Fulton County, Ill., to South-east Missouri, they traveled by steamboat of the stern wheeler type down the Illinois River to St. Louis, where they changed steamers, shipping their team and wagon, farming implements and household goods by the same boat. On reaching Cape Girardeau, Mrs. Cossairt and her children, i.e., William F., James Madison, Eldora, "Eph", Charles, Albert and John disembarked with the wagon and traveled overland to Dexter some 54 miles distant, while father proceeded on to Cairo and disembarked, with the household goods and farming implements, which were then shipped by rail, “the Cat Road” to Dexter, arriving there ahead of the family. He immediately rented a house to live in temporarily and on the arrival of his family the house was ready for their occupancy. The family had made two or three overnight stops en route from the Cape. At this time it was the best way to reach Dexter from the Mississippi River. On the evening of their first stop Mrs. Cossairt applied for lodging at a farmer’s house where they were willing to take them in, but becoming suspicious of their actions did not stop but drove on. She had a sum of money with her. After driving a short distance she came to the home of an old negro couple that were ex-slaves, applied for lodging and were gladly accepted and the family were treated very hospitably. The colored couple did not want to accept payment for their trouble. After father looked over the country in the vicinity of Dexter he purchased the Aid Hall place for a little over $1000 cash. This farm consisted of 120 acres of land located about 3½ miles northeast of Dexter and under the “Bluffs”.

William further says that his father once had an old army overcoat that he had worn during his campaigns in the Cavalry that showed it had been pierced by bullets in seven different places. That his father was a very likeable person and a very good conversationalist and enjoyed plenty of good company, but would speak very little of his army days unless he was with some old comrade of former days. When General Marmaduke was running for a political office he happened to be in Dexter on one of his political tours campaigning for office. A friend asked father to come and meet the General. Father declined saying, “that he had met and seen enough of Marmaduke many years previous.” Captain “Jake” (as he was always
called) lost three horses in active service during the war which were his personal mounts and for which he was reimbursed by the Government after the war.

Jacob Cossairt was a kind hearted Christian gentleman, loved and respected by all those who knew him, both relatives and persons outside the family circle. His wife Hetty Alice Cossairt was born August 27, 1847 and died at Bloomfield, Mo., December 26, 1915. She was the daughter of William Alcorn and his wife Alice Mount, who was a member of the Mount family of New York. The Alcorn family came from Indiana and settled in Trenton Township, Section 12, Henry County, Iowa, about 1842 when that part of the country was still wild and practically unsettled. Mrs. Cossairt's mother was a descendant of George Mount, whose family were English, and Baptists by religion, and who settled first in Rhode Island with Roger Williams Baptist Colony. From old records it would appear that the family were originally of French-Norman ancestry and came over to England during the conquest of William the Conqueror (1066-1087). There are hundreds of records of births, marriages and deaths in the Archives of Canterbury Cathedral, Kent County, England, and its Parish Churches during the 15th and 16th centuries, of the Mount family. The spelling of the family name in times were “de Monte” 1110-1186; “Du Mont” 1213; “de Munt” or “Munt” 1200; “Monte” 1570-1620 (Canterbury records), and “Mount” from about 1620 to date.
The Alcorn’s were of Welsh descent. On removing from Indiana to Iowa about 1842 William Alcorn homesteaded land when the country was first being settled by white people. There were yet many Indians living there at the time. Mr. Alcorn spent considerable time operating his sorghum or cane mill which took him away from his family during the cane season. It is said that he loaned his cane mill to a neighbor and while showing him how it operated he accidently got his hand caught between the rollers, crushing the hand and lower arm so badly that his arm had to be amputated. After this accident Mr. Alcorn devoted his time to farming his land of which he made a success of it. He died about the time the Cossairt family were residing in Fulton County, Illinois. Mrs. Cossairt and two of her children were present at the death of her father. The brother of Mrs. Cossairt was Perry Alcorn for whom she named her oldest son. Perry Alcorn was a wagon maker of Trenton, and later in life became wealthy. His son once resided at Council Bluffs, Iowa. Mrs. Cossairt had two sisters, one who died in infancy, and Jane Alcorn who married Ike Williams and removed to Hickory County, Mo., thence back to Iowa, and thence to Kansas, settling near Lyons. Where both died. At the outbreak of the war Ike removed to Henry County, Iowa, and after the war returned to Hickory County, Mo., where he lived for a time, and thence removed to Kansas. The Williams had two sons, John and Edward. Jane and the boys visited the Cossairts when they were living on the “old place” near Dexter about 1890, and later the two sons visited the Cossairts at Leora shortly after 1892. Both of the Williams boys worked for Mr. Cossairt in his mercantile store at Leora. They later returned to Kansas. The Compiler was quite young at this time but remembers the Williams family quite distinctly. They were all red-headed, which was characteristic of the Alcorn family, excepting Hetty whose hair was brown. Jane Williams was a jolly person. She died at Lyons, Kansas, about 1899.

A Census record of the Alcorn family:

1850
Free inhabitants of Trenton Township, Henry County, Iowa, as enumerated by A.B. Porter, assistant marshall on September 4 1850.

William Alcorn, farmer, age 44. Value of real estate owned $700.00 born in Pennsylvania. (See addenda for Alcorns of Penna),

Alice Alcorn wife age 45, born in New Jersey.

CHILDREN:
John Alcorn, age 20, farmer born in Ohio.
Hetty Alcorn, age 19, born in Ohio; attending school.
Willie Alcorn age 9, born in Indiana.
Jane Alcorn, age 9, born in Indiana.
John Alcorn, age 6, born in Iowa.
Perry Alcorn, age 4, born in Iowa.
Lucinda, age 17, born in Indiana. (The compiler believes this to be Lucinda Mount, sister of Alice above).

1860.
Same Township and County. As enumerated July 5, 1860 by John S. Bartruff.

William Alcorn, farmer, age 55, born in Pennsylvania; value of real estate owned $2,500; value of personal estate owned $500.00.

Alice Alcorn, wife, age 55; born in New York (Note difference in nativity. Mrs. Cossairt claimed that her mother was from New York State.)

CHILDREN:
James Alcorn, age 30, born in Ohio.
Hetta, age 21, born in Indiana. (Probably Mrs. Cossairt)
William Alcorn age 19, farmer, born in Indiana.
Jane Alcorn, age 19, born in Indiana.
Perry Alcorn, age 14, born in Iowa.

Mrs. Cossairt possessed a strong mind, good judgement, a kind heart and a splendid disposition, but very strict with her children. She was a noble woman, a devout Christian and did her utmost to raise her children in the Christian faith. She was an active member of the Christian Church at Bloomfield, attending punctually till the end. After the death of her husband the widow never re-married and continued for a me to operate her farm at Leora until August 24, 1899 when she exchanged the farm and home at Leora for a house and several lots in Bloomfield, Stoddard County, Mo., where she removed and spent her remaining days. Mr. Lewis Clodfelter, whom the exchange of property was made with, still (1933) resides in the old Cossairt home at Leora.

Upon the death of Mrs. Cossairt the Bloomfield Vindicator published the following obituary:

"Aged citizen taken from our midst. Mrs. Hetty Alice Cossairt, one of the venerable ladies of this city was taken from our midst Sunday morning at 6:00 o’clock. The infirmities of age and bronchial pneumonia causing her demise. She was 78 years of age when death came upon her, and had made this city her home for some sixteen years.

“Mrs. Cossairt was a Christian of Faith, and it was in the local church of this city that funeral services were held on Monday, December 27th 1915 at 10:00 o’clock by Rev. A. S. J. Baldridge and Rev. D. K. Foster. Interment was at the Bloomfield Cemetery.

“She was not a native of this state, but was born in the state of Indiana. She later removed to Iowa with her parents and was there married to Jacob Cossairt just at the time the Civil War was breaking out. They then came to Missouri settling in the western part of the state where her husband served actively through the war as a soldier. Her husband preceded her in death some eighteen years and soon after his demise she moved to this city, where she has since made her home.

“She is survived by seven children living; six sons and one daughter, namely Mrs. Mary A. Carnoll, Perry, William, Charles, Ephriam, Albert and John Cossairt. We indeed regret the loss of this worthy citizen of ours and extend deepest sympathy to the bereaved family.”

MISCELLANEOUS DATA

Census reports made on the family of Jacob Cossairt and copied by the compiler in the Census Bureau, Washington, August 1934.

1870.
The first census record found of Jacob Cossairt was taken in Center Township, Hickory County, Missouri, and enumerated by M. N. Neidhart, August 19, 1870.
Jacob Cossairt, age 37, occupation farmer, value of real estate owned $3,600.00: value of personal property owned $1,500.00. Born in Ohio.
Hetty Cossairt, age 33, wife, keeping house, born in Indiana.
CHILDREN:
Mary A. Cossairt, age 14, born in Missouri: attending school.
Berry C. Cossairt, age 12, born in Iowa: attending school.
Eldora Cossairt, age 5, born in Missouri: attending school.
James Cossairt, age 2: born in Missouri. At home.

1880.
Woodland Township, Fulton County, Illinois, enumerated June 8th 1880, by Samuel Fitz enumerator

Jacob Cossairt, age 46 years, works in saw mill: born in Ohio, father born in Ohio, mother born in Ohio
Hetrie Cossairt, wife, age 42: keeping house: born in Indiana, father born in Ohio, mother born in New York.
CHILDREN:
Eldora Cossairt, age 15, at home, born in Missouri.
James M. Cossairt, age 11, at home, born in Missouri.
William Cossairt, age 10, at home, attending school. Born in Mo.
Charles Cossairt, age 6, at home, attending school. Born in Ind.
Ephriam Cossairt, age 6, at home, attending school. Born in Ind.  
Albert Cossairt, age 5, at home, born in Indiana.

“Veterans Administration, Ref: MBAB  
Washington  Widow Subdivision  
W. C. 478470  
November 27, 1931.  Hetty Cossairt  
Jacob Cossairt  
Mr. Joseph A. Cossairt,  
I, 8th Mo. Cav.  
Box 544,  
Long Beach, Calif.  

Dear Sir:  

This is in reply to your letter of recent date addressed to Adjutant General, War Department, and forwarded to this office for reply.  

The above named officer served in Company I, 8th Missouri Cavalry from March 31, 1862 to July 17, 1865. He died 1896. The date of birth is not shown in the records of this office.  

Respectfully,  
/s/ E. W. Morgan,  
Director of Pensions.”  

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Veterans Aministration,  
Washington Ref: MBAB  
W.C. 478-470  
Jacob Cossairt.  

Mr. Joseph A. Cossairt,  
U.S.S. Lexington,  
San Pedro, Calif.  

Dear Sir:  

This is in response to your letter of recent date relative to the above cited case.  

The papers in said case fail to show the place or date of birth of the officer, Captain Jacob Cossairt, but it appears that he was born about 1834. He resided after the war at Hermitage, Dexter City and Leora, Missouri, and Astoria, Illinois, and died April 13, 1896, at Leora, Missouri.  

Pension was allowed the officer on August 21, 1883, at which time he was a resident of Astoria, Illinois.  

He married Hetty Alcorn, February 28th, 1855, near Trenton; Iowa. They had several children, the only names stated being Mary A., who married Alfred Carnoll, and son John Oliver who was born December 8th, 1881, at Astoria, Illinois. The widow died December 26th, 1915 at Bloomfield, Missouri.  

Jane Williams, a sister of the widow, was a resident of Lyon County, Kansas, in 1896.  

There is no further family data in the case.  

Respectfully,  
/s/ E. W. Morgan,  
Director of Pensions.  

The following are miscellaneous notes copied from the application of Hetty A. Cossairt for a pension and which are on file at the Veterans Administration, Washington Copied by J. A. Cossairt, August 1934.  

"Jacob Cossairt died April 8, 1896 at Leora, Mo. The immediate cause of death was a severe stroke of paralysis on the right side, paralysis being caused by disease of hip and leg contracted in Army."
“Married February 28, 1854 in Henry County, Iowa, near Mt. Pleasant.”

“All property owned by Mrs. Cossairt being a 40 acre farm valued at $400.00 and house and lot in Leora valued at $500.00. Balance unpaid $170.00.”

“When Jacob Cossairt enlisted in the army the family was living about 15 miles from Versailles, Morgan County, Mo., which was the nearest post office.” “Had lived here about three years before the war.” “Were neighbors of William Gibbs, William Organbright, Huston Wilson and Samuel Wilson. Post Office address was Versailles.” “First three mentioned neighbors were in the service with Jacob Cossairt and witnesses to the fact that he was thrown from horse in Arkansas sometime after enlistment and injured right leg and hip.”

“Mrs. Cossairt was at Sedalia, Pettis County, Mo., with husband at about the time he was discharged and he went to Jefferson City to get Discharge, then he returned to Sedalia and the family then went to near Hermitage, Hickory County, Mo. (7 miles southwest) where they made their home for seven or eight years.”

“Mrs. Cossairt states that after discharge from the Army his leg was in such a condition that he could not sit long enough to eat a meal of victuals owing to pains in hip; he would have to get up from table and walk.” “Right hip and leg pained constantly. His leg gradually perished away until at last it was nothing but skin and bone, although he was a man weighing 200 pounds.” “From the time he returned from the war until the end he could not work.” “Never had any other illness during his lifetime.” “My husband was a man of excellent habits, he was a moral man, a constant church member, he didn’t drink; used tobacco only sparingly. He chewed about a nickle’s worth of tobacco a week. He kept regular hours.” “Suffered 1st stroke of paralysis in August 1895 which was the beginning of his last sickness. Just previous to this he suffered intensely with diseased hip and from this time had strokes of Paralysis about every three weeks until his death.” “Drs. E. A. P. Briney and J. K. Tanner attended.”

“Lived near Neuville, Adams County, Ind. 1 year and then returned to Neuville, Ind. and staid a year” (?) (Probably error in copying). William Cossairt says family returned, to Hickory County, Mo. for about a year and then returned to Indiana.

NOTE: There is a “Newville” in De Kalb County, Ind., a short distance north of Adams County. J.A.C.

“Then to Fulton Cnty, IL, near Lewiston Where we lived 5 or 6 years and then came to Stoddard Cnty.” “Mary A. Carnoll states that her father died on Monday, April 13, 1896. Saw him the day before his death.” “She states that he took down in July 1895 (1895) and was down intermitantly till his death.” “John Oliver Cossairt born December 8th, 1880.” “J. R. Hanna was the Pension Examiner who handled this Case.” “Jacob and Hetty were married. February 28, 1855 by James Green.” “Property at Leora consisted of 3 acres of land, house and a barn”. “Stock · Two head of cattle, nine hogs and one horse all worth about $200.00.” “Executed Trust Deed on Leora property dated September 13, 1892 to D. S. Crustn, for W. C. Harty, beneficiary. Recorded November 29, 1892.”

Base of Claim.

“Alliges in declaration June 5, 1880 that at Forsyth, Mo. about February 1864 he received injury to his right leg and hip by his horse falling on him.”

“January 1864 a battalion of the 8th Missouri Cavalry marched from Ozark, Mo., to Yellville, Ark., and while crossing White River at Forsyth, Mo., horse of Jacob Cossairt became frightened at the moving ice in the stream and rearing fell with said officer and falling upon said officer and hurt his right hip and thigh. Was under care and treatment several weeks, and for months afterwards, said officer was lame and as long as he knew him in the service he complained of pains, soreness and stiffness in his right hip and leg. He was present and saw said officer when he was injured while in line of duty.”

/s/ W. H. Evans
Assistant Surgeon
8th Mo. State Militia, Cavalry.”

“Horse became frightened and unmanageable Jacob lived in Morgan County, Missouri, before the War.”

The pension application of Mrs. Cossairt consisted of several pages of sworn statements of various persons. Only What was thought I might be of genealogical value was extracted from the various records.
Mrs. Cossairt was eventually granted a pension of $8.00 per month which she drew for several years and which was increased a small amount before her death. This notation appears on the pension papers. Pension check returned by Postmaster Louie Jobe with the statement that Hetty Cossairt died December 26, 1915."

All the old pension records are filed in a large garage building which is rented by the Government for the stowage of such documents. J. A. C.

Mrs. Josie B. (Patterson) Selby states that she remembered her uncle Jacob Cossairt and his family when they were living in Hickory County, Missouri, prior to 1870. She tells of a very spirited horse owned by her grandfather Francis Cossairt that no one but her grandfather was able to manage. Jacob told his father that he could saddle the horse. When Jacob entered the corral to saddle the animal, the horse picked him up bodily by the arm and ran around the corral with him. She also states that "Dave Tutt" gave Jacob two half dollars which were the first of this kind of money Jacob had ever seen. Later Jacob saw "Wild Bill" Hickok kill Dave Tutt in a gun battle. (This was probably in Kansas in the early days when had moved there). She also states that the boiler of a mill owned by Jacob blew up and his leg was badly scarred.

From the statements made in the pension application of Mrs. Cossairt it is assumed that Jacob and his family did not come to Hickory County, Missouri, until he was discharged from the army in 1865.

It is believed by the compiler that the farm owned by Jacob in Morgan county was in the southwestern part of the county, near the Benton County and Morgan County lines and on the Osage river. As a farm they once owned was located near this river.

It has been stated by children of Jacob that he made a trip back to Hickory County in the early eighties when he was making application for his pension in order to obtain affidavits of former members of his troop.

Mrs. Cossairt must have lived at Sedalia, Mo. for some time during the period of the war or immediately thereafter as the compiler has often heard her speak of living there alone.

It is assumed that the Cossairts left Henry County shortly after their marriage there in 1855, removed to Gentry County, Mo., where Jacob’s brother Henry located and where his eldest daughter Mary was born. Thence to Kansas for a short period and thence to Benton and Camden Counties, Missouri, until after the war.

Miscellaneous notes copied from the "jacket" containing partial military record of Captain Jacob Cossairt, by the compiler. This "jacket" is on file in the Office of the Adjutant General of the Army Washington, D.C. Copied August 1934.

"Jacob Cossairt was a Private from March 31, 1862 to April 24, 1862; was 1st Sergeant April 24, 1862 to April 7, 1863; Commissioned Captain April 8, 1863. Mustered April 27, 1863. Retained, in service with recruits, Special Order No. 71, Headquaters District of South-west Missouri, March 17, 1865."

"Enlisted March 31, 1862 at Linn Creek by Lieutenant-Colonel McClurg for duration of war."

"Appears on returns as follows: April to August 1863 - Present. September 1863 absent sick at Springfield, Mo., September 25, 1863. October 1863 — Not stated as to presence or absence. November and December 1863 - Absent on General Courts-Martial duty at Springfield.. Mo. January and February 1864 - Absent on Scout in Arkansas since January 1864. March to September 1864 - Present. October 1864 — Presence or absence not stated. November and December 1864 Present. January 1865 - Absent, member of General Courts-Martial board per Special Order No. 24, Headquaters Southwest Missouri. January 24, 1865. February 1865 - Present. Benton Barracks October 14, 1865. Mustered out June 17, 1865. Last paid to April 30, 1865. Mustered out by reason of mustering out of his Company July 17, 1865. This Officer is in no way indebted to the United States for property or moneys, having presented the mustering officer with his affidavit to that effect made before & Civil Magistrate, given in accordance with War Department Telegram dated June 23, 1865."

"Jacob Cossairt 1st Sergeant Company I, 8th Regiment Cavalry. July 1862. Pay due for use and risk of horse and equipment from enlistment.

"First Lieutenant April 10, 1863."

“Remarks: Discharged as Sergeant Company I, 8th Cavalry, Missouri State Militia by Special Order No. 118, Headquarters Adjutant General’s Office, dated St. Louis June 16, 1863, to take effect from April 7, 1863 and mustered in as Captain, same company by virtue of a Commission from his Excellency H.P. Gamble, Governor of Missouri, dated St. Louis, Mo., April 24, 1863, to fill vacancy vice Captain B. A. Reeder resigned. (as appears of roll). Muster in takes effect from April 27, 1863 he having complied with Rule 4, paragraph 8, General Order No. 48, War Department current series. Book mark: The muster in of this officer is accepted date from the 27th day of April 1863, vide 5722 v.s. 1882. His muster in as Captain is accepted to date from April 8, 1863, vide 9223 v.s.”

Extracts from Company Muster Rolls: “Pay due for risk of horse and equipment from October 31, 1863 to April 8, 1863.” “September and October 1863 · Absent sick at Springfield, Mo.” “November and December 1863 · Absent on G.C.M. at Springfield”. “March and April 1865 · Springfield, Mo.” Retained in service with recruits by S.O. #71, Hdqrs. S.W. Mo. March 17, 1865.” “Discharged by reason of promotion to Captain Company I, M.S.M., cor. S.O. 118 June 16, 1863, Hdqrs. SW., Mo.”

Affidavit furnished, by Jacob before his final release from the military service:
“T, Jacob Cossairt, Captain, Company of Consolidated Recruits U. S. A., being duly sworn says that since entering the service of the United States, I have made correct returns to the Heads of Departments of all Public Property for which I have in any manner been responsible and that I am not in arrears or indebted to the United States on any account whatever. So help me God.

/Signed/ JACOB COSSAIRT.”

Captain, Consolidated Company Recruits,
8th U.S.M., Cav’y.”

“Sworn to and subscribed before me the undersigned a Notary Public, written and furnished the County of St. Louis, State of Missouri, at my office at St. Louis, on this Fourteenth day of October 1865 · Witness my hand and seal.

/Signed/ W. Windmueller,
Notary Public.”

There is considerable correspondence relative to the final release of Mr. Cossairt for the reason that Heads of Departments had previously been released from service and he was required to get their statements and signatures for the disposition of Public Property which had been in his custody and had been turned over to the proper authorities.

Officially he was discharged on July 17, 1865’, but was required to remain around Jefferson and Benton Barracks until sometime in October of the same year before getting clear of his responsibilities. During this period from July to October he received no pay. Photostatic copies of Affidavit and other correspondence relating to his final release may be obtained through the War Department at a small cost.

"State of Missouri,
Adjutant General’s Office,
Jefferson City.
December 7, 1951.

Mr. Joseph A. Cossairt
USS Lexington
San Pedro, Calif.

Dear Sir:

In reply to your communication of the 4th inst., will say that the Adjutant General’s Report, 1865, page 720, just gives the name of Jacob Cossairt, Captain Company I, 8th Regiment Cavalry, Missouri Volunteers, Civil War, Which is the index of the officers of the Missouri Volunteer organizations.

The following is a brief outline of the 8th Regiment Cavalry, Missouri State Militia Volunteers:

This regiment, with the Exceptions of Companies L and M, as organized at Jefferson City, Pittsburg, Bolivar, Warsaw, and Linn Creek, Missouri, from December 18, 1861 to May 8, 1862, to serve during the war in Missouri. Two companies of the 14th Regiment, Cavalry, Missouri State Militia, organized at Springfield, Missouri, from the 13th to 19th of April 1862, to serve during the war in Missouri, were assigned to this regiment as Companies L and M. The original members were mustered out as their terms of service expired, and the recruits consolidated into one company and retained in service until July 17, 1865, when it was mustered out.
A list of some of the battles, in which the 8th Regiment Cavalry, Missouri State Militia Volunteers participated:

Lone Jack, August 15th and 16th, 1862.
Springfield, January 8, 1863.
Newton County, February 10, 1863.
Jasper County, June 10, 1863.
Fort Smith, August 31, 1863.
Jasper County, October 5, 1863.
Neosho, November 5, 1863.
Springfield, December 16, 1863.
Rolling Prairie, February 4, 1864.
Neosho, June 3, 1864.
Big Blue, October 23, 1864.
Little Osage, October 25, 1864.
Newtonia, October 28, 1864.
Quincy, November 1, 1864.
Hermitage, November 2, 1864.

/s/ V. R. Wilson,
Major, QMC., Mo., NG.

"War Department,
The Adjutant General's Office,
Washington
December, 1931.
Joseph A. Cossairt,
USS Lexington,
San Pedro, Calif.

Dear Sir:
The records show that Jacob Cassairt served as Sergeant and Captain of Companies I and K, 8th Missouri State Militia Cavalry.

Very truly yours,
/s/ C. H. Bridges,
Major General
The Adjutant General.

"Grand Lodge of Missouri,
Ancient Free and Accepted Masons,
December 20, 1932.

Mr. Joseph A. Cossairt,
USS Lexington,
San Pedro, Calif.

Dear Mr. Cossairt:
Your letter of December 13th addressed to the Grand Master of the state of Missouri, A.F. & A.M. Jefferson City, Mo. has been forwarded to me and replying thereto would say that we have searched the records of the Grand Lodge of Missouri and find that Jacob Cassairt affiliated with our Hermitage Lodge No. 288, at Hermitage, Mo., on February 20, 1869. He remained a member of that lodge until November 9, 1872, when he took a dimit. From that date forward we have no record of this man.

The records of the Hermitage Lodge does not show what lodge he came from when he affiliated with them on February 1869 and, of course, they have no record as to what he did with his dimit which he took in 1872. This is all the information I am able to find concerning his case.

Sincerely yours,
Arthur Mather, 
Grand Secretary."

The military activities of Captain “Jake” Cossairt, 8th Missouri Volunteer Cavalry during the war of the 
Rebellion 1861 to 1865, inclusive.

A certificate of service issued by the Adjutant General, State of Missouri.

“No. 65415
State of Missouri,
Adjutant General’s Office,
City of Jefferson,

22 September 1931,

It is hereby certified, that according to the records of this office, Jacob Cossairt was enlisted on the 31st 
day of March 1862 at Linn Creek, Camden County, Missouri, and was mustered into service on the 
Twenty-fourth day of April 1862 at Linn Creek, Missouri, as a First Sergeant in Company I, 8th Regiment 
Cavalry, Missouri State Volunteers for three years unless sooner discharged.

Promoted Captain, April 27, 1863; mustered out of service on the 17th day of July 1865.

/\s/ A. V. ADAMS,
Adjutant General.

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"AG20l
WAR DEPARTMENT,
Cossairt, Jacob
The Adjutant General’s Office,
(10-8-31) 90rd.
Washington,
October 20, 1931.

Mr. Joseph A. Cossairt,
P. O. Box 544,
Long Beach, Calif.

Dear Sir: 

I have your letter of October 8, 1931, explaining your reason for desiring the military record of your 
grandfather, Captain Jacob Cassairt, Company I, 8th Missouri Cavalry.

The records of my office show that Jacob Cassairt (as shown by his signature) whose name also appears as 
Jacob Cossairt, was enrolled March 31, 1862 at Linn Creek’, Mo., for the war, and was mustered into 
service April 24, 1862 at the same place as 1st Sergeant, Company I, 8th Missouri State Militia Cavalry. 
He was discharged from the service April 7, 1863 to enable him to accept a commission. He was mustered 
to service as Captain of Company I, same regiment, April 8, 1863 and was reported on the muster rolls 
of that company as present or otherwise satisfactorily accounted for until he was mustered out and 
honorably discharged from the service July 17, 1865 at Benton Barracks, Mo., a Captain.

His personal description is recorded as follows: Age 28 years; (date of birth not shown); height 6 feet; 
complexion, fair, eyes, blue: hair light brown: born in Darke County, Ohio; occupation, farmer.

Very truly yours,
/s/ C.H. Bridges,
Major General, U.S. Army,
The Adjutant General."

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A partial muster of the officers and men attached to Troop “I”, 8th Missouri Volunteer Cavalry:
Captain: Jacob Cossairt.
Lieutenant: Ethan Paxton.

Troopers:
Levi R. Breshears
James J. Thornton
Jams Bartshe
William H. Jordan
James T. Wallen
Sant Lunderman
George W. Murphy
William Q. Paxton
John Kinross
Jonathan Scarsbrough
James M. Garner
J. N. Dougherty
H. C. Collins
John W. Quigg.

The above men were from Hickory County, Missouri; there were others from this county but the names are not available at this time.

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Service performed by the Eighth Regiment, Missouri State Militia Cavalry during its organization:

From March 26, 1862 to July 17, 1865 (date of disbanding); post and scout duty from Lebanon, Neosho and Springfield, Mo.

Gouges Mill, March 26, 1862 (Detachment);
Humansville, Polk County, March 26, 1862 (Cos. ABC&D)
Warsaw, April 8, 17 and 28, 1862.
Licking, May 4, 1862.
Cross Timbers, July 28, 1862.
Lone Jack, August 16, 1862 (Two companies)
Lamar, November 5, 1862 (Detachment)
Operations on Sugar Creek Hill, December 23-31, 1862.
Operations against General Marmaduke in Missouri, December 31, 1862 to January 25, 1863.
Scouts in Jasper and Barton Counties, February 19-22, 1863 (Detachment).
Scout near Neosho April 19, 20 (Companies L and M)
Scout from Newtonia to French Point and Center Creek with skirmishes May 3-18, 1863. (Company I took & prominent part here - see "The Civil War on the Border" 1863-4; by Britton, page 66)
Jasper County, June 10, 1863.
Scout from Greenfield to Golden Grove and Carthage, August 6-9, 1863.
Capture of Fort Smith, Ark, August 31, 1863, Devil's backbone, Ark., and Fort Scott, Ark, September 1, 1863.
Capture of Fort Smith, Ark, August 31, 1863.
Cotton Gap', September 1, 1863
Quincy, Mo., September 4, 1863 (Company A).
Attack on train between Fort Scott and Carthage, September 6, 1863 (Detachment)
Operations against General Shelby, September 22 - October 26, 1863.
Near Widow Wheelers farm October 4, 1863 (Cos. L&M).
Jasper County October 5, 1863.
Humansville, October 16-17, 1863.
Harrisonville, October 24, 1863.
Buffalo Mountains, October 24, 1863.
Near Neosho, November 4-6, 1863 (Detachment).
Shoal and Turkey Creek, Jasper County November 18, 1863 (Detachment).
DeGreens farm near Lawrenceville, Ark., November 19, 1863.
Scout from Springfield to Howell, Wright and Oregon Counties, November 28 - December 18, 1863.
Springfield, Mo., December 1863.
South from Fort Smith to Batesville, Ark., December 26, 1863 to January 2, 1864.
Clear Creek to Tomahawk, Ark January 22, 1864.
Slamore Creek and near Burrowsville, Ark., January 23, 1864.
Cowskins Bottoms, Newton County January 24, 1864 (Detachment).
Rolling Prairie, Ark., February 4, 1864.
Near California House, February 12, 1884. (Detachment)
(Jacob Cossairt was injured on one of these scouts).
Scout from Lebanon into northern Alabama and Skirmishes March 17, April 1, 1864 (Company G).
Bee Creek, May 2, 1864 (Company I, Capt. Cossairt's Co.).
Spavine Ark., May 13, 1864.
Mill and Honey Creeks May 30-31, 1864.
Diamond Grove and Neosho, June 3, 1864.
Scout from Forsyth through Ozark and Douglas Counties June 5-12 (Company I).
Diamond Grove Prairie August 1, 1864 (Detachment).
Operations in Southwest Missouri August 1-28, 1864.
Rutledge, August 4, 1864 (Detachment).
McDonald County August 5, 1864.
Cowskins, August 5-6, 1864.
Near Enterprise and Buffalo Creeks, August 7, 1864.
Diamond Grove, August 21, 1864.
Fayetteville, Arkansas, August 28, 1864.
Carthage, September 22, 1864 (Detachment).
Moreau Bottoms, Jefferson City, October 7, 1864.
Little Blue, October 22, 1864.
Big Blue, State Line, October 22, 1864.
Westport, October 23, 1864.
Engagement at Martin or Battle of Charlotte October 25, 1864.
Mine Creek, Little Osage River, Marias des Cygnes, October 25, 1864.
Newtonia, October 28, 1864.
Expedition to Quincy October 29 - November 8, 1864 (Company I).
Cane Creek, October 29-30, 1864.
Quincy, November 1, 1864 (Company I).
Near Quincy November 1-2, 1864 (Company I).
Hermitage, November 2, 1864 (Company I).
Expedition to Springfield and to Fort Smith, Ark., November 5-6, 1864 (Detachment).
Cane Hill, November 6, 1864.
Duty at Lebanon, Neosho and Springfield until July 1865.

The year 1863 opened with the Federal Army in Possession of the country north of the Arkansas River above Little Rock including the Indian Territory north of that river. General Handman's Army had been driven to the south side of the Arkansas River.

While the southern forces occupied the lower Arkansas, it did not seem advisable to General Curtis, commanding the Department, to have the army of the frontier occupy a position during the winter south of the Boston mountains. As this army could not subsist off the country south of the mountains during the winter of 1863, its supplies would have to be hauled in wagon trains from Fort Leavenworth, Kansas, or from Rolla, Missouri, a distance of nearly three hundred miles.

Up to this time the operations of the Federal forces in Southwest Missouri and Northwest Arkansas had been mainly as an army directed against an army, and no determined effort had been made to hold any place of less importance than Springfield. Now that the Southern Army had been driven beyond the Arkansas River in a demoralized condition, it was the policy of the general Government to have the loyal militia of the state, together with such regular forces as might be required occupy all the country town in Southwest Missouri. As soon as all the towns of importance had been occupied by the military, the loyal people who had been refugees to Kansas, Springfield, and Sedalia, during the southern domination, would find encouragement to return and reestablish themselves in their homes. Even if the Militia stationed in any of the towns were not from that county they would be loyal men from some other section of the state and would feel an interest in protecting the loyal people of every locality. It would also be an advantage to have the military stationed in the midst of friendly population as far as practicable, for the mutual cooperation could be turned to preserving the tranquility of that locality.

Very few of the southern families had moved south, and the male members of these families were in nearly every case either in the southern army, with some guerrilla band, or hiding out and communicating with their families clandestinely. So many southern men, even of the non-combatant class, had expressed such strong hostility to all Unionists during the occupation of that section by the southern army, that up to this time they rarely had the courage to come into any of the military posts and throw themselves upon the mercy of the Federal officers. This would certainly have been the safest course for these who were simply southern sympathizers and who had taken no conspicuous part in the , for if found in the brush with the guerrillas they would have been fired upon by the militia the same as if they had been waging open war. Many southern men who would not act with the bushwhackers sympathized with them and encouraged them in their mode of war, and assisted them when they felt they could do so with safety. All the county seat towns the court houses, which were generally of red brick, two stories, and standing on a
square or plaza, isolated, were used by the militia for defensive purposes. The windows of the four sides of such buildings, with a few port hole, if necessary, made a good defensive position for one or two companies if suddenly attacked by a superior force without artillery. At all these stations the troops were generally mounted, and it frequently happened that as much as one-half of the men were away scouting. In some of the towns where no strong brick buildings, standing isolated, could be obtained, the commanding officers had blockhouses built, with earthworks thrown up around them. The southern sympathizers who, lived in town, in the vicinity, or who had been pulled out of the bush, were required to furnish teams and help work on the fortifications thus constructed, much against their inclination. The ruins of such a fortification may still be seen at Bloomfield, Stoddard County, Mo., which is commonly known as the "old fort." Here the compiler, when a young boy, used to play with other children and pretend to be soldiers, and hurl imaginary cannon balls in the form of stones towards the town.

Generals Blunt and Herron had depended upon the country they occupied to furnish forage for their cavalry, artillery and transportation animals, numbering, perhaps, nearly six thousand horses and mules. This large number of animals would have drained the country of forage quite rapidly, even had it not contributed largely to the Southern troops in the early part of the last autumn. It was therefore considered desirable that the cavalry should be distributed over as large an area as easy cooperation between commands would permit. With the cavalry distributed over a large area and with foraging and scouting parties going out constantly from every camp and station, the different guerrilla bands could be more effectually broken up or driven out of the country occupied. Confederate recruiting officers with a few followers each, from the Missouri troops under General Hindman, were found now and then endeavoring to work their way into Missouri for the purpose of visiting their families and obtaining recruits for the southern army. It was very important, that the Federal officers should use such vigilance as would prevent recruiting in the rear of the Federal lines as far as practicable. If such recruiting was not checked, the enemy would soon become more formidable in the rear of the Federal lines than their front lines.

In spite of their activity and vigilance of the Federal cavalry, some of the Confederate recruiting parties were able to march a hundred miles or so into the state unobserved. This was not remarkable in view of the fact that the soldiers in the Confederate army from Missouri were as familiar with every section of the state as the Unionists. These recruiting parties not only knew the country through which they would pass, but they generally had friends in the neighborhoods on their lines of march who would give them information of the strength and position of the Federal detachments, and how to avoid them.

When General Sterling Price was driven into Southwest Missouri in the latter part of 1861, he not only sanctioned, but authorized and encouraged, guerrilla operations in the rear of the Federal army, for the purpose, as he alleged, of destroying roads, burning bridges, and tearing down culverts, and when he was driven from the state with all the organized Southern forces at the battle of Pea Ridge, guerrilla bands appeared in nearly every part of the state, robbing and plundering and murdering Union men, even in North Missouri, which was on the opposite side of the Missouri River, while Quantrell's Guerrillas composed of such outstanding exterminators as Frank and Jesse James, the Younger brothers and a lot of other later-day dime novel saints operated to the south of the river. These bandits, who sometimes called themselves Partisan Rangers, always dressed in the garb of citizens, or in the uniform of the Federal soldiers whom they had killed, and in many cases when not out on their marauding expeditions might have been found at their homes as peaceful and law abiding citizens, or in the towns or camps where the soldiers were stationed. But they held themselves in readiness to respond to the calls of their leaders when a particular movement or midnight raid was to be made upon their Union neighbors. Early in September a force of these men, several hundred strong, from Marion and adjoining counties, collected under Colonel J. C. Porter, at daylight on the morning of September 12th made a dash upon the town of Palmyra, Marion County, and, driving the pickets, in, attacked the small force of militia left to guard the place in the absence of General McNeil, who was then in pursuit of Porter. After a skirmish, in which some of the militia and several citizens were killed and wounded, the bandits captured the town, released the prisoners in the jail, and burnt the Provost-Marshall's office. A part of this force, on entering the town, went to the house of Andrew Allsman, a prominent Union man of Marion County, who was too old for military service and who was not in the army, and, in spite of the entreaties of his family, took him off and murdered him in the woods, leaving his body to be devoured by hogs and birds of prey. Ten bandits which had been captured recently, were shot to meet reward for their crimes. They had all, before they were captured, been once pardoned, and had taken the oath of allegiance and given their parole of honor not to take up arms against the United States again, and had justly forfeited their lives. They all belonged to the band who had recently shot, hung, and cut the throats of eight or ten Union men in that section, besides whipping and hanging nearly to death other Union men.

General Halleck, commanding the Department, had in March 1862, announced in General Orders that guerrillas "will not, if captured, be treated as prisoners of war, but will be hung as robbers and murderers. And General Schofield, who afterwards commanded the department of the Missouri, in General Orders characterized the guerrillas in Missouri as robbers and assassins, and stated that 'when caught in arms,
engaged in this unlawful warfare, they will be shot down upon the spot.”

In February 1863, Major Edward B. Eno, 8th Missouri State Cavalry, an energetic officer, was sent to Newtonia in Newton County with a battalion of his regiment with instructions to hunt down the guerrillas of Newton and Jasper Counties, and to give them no rest until they were driven from that section. A Federal officer acquainted with this section knew that a march down Spring River below Carthage, or down Centre Creek to its mouth, or down Shoal Creek below Neosho to its mouth, would almost certainly enable him to obtain information of the movements of some of Livingston’s guerrillas. Shortly after arriving at his station Major Eno sent out a scout of 150 men in search of the marauders. He marched down Centre Creek to Sherwood, thence up Spring River to Carthage, where he met about sixty men of the enrolled Militia from Bower’s Mill, who had just returned from a skirmish with Livingston’s men on Dry Fork, in the direction of Lamar in Barton County. These men of the Enrolled Militia reported that the guerrillas had scattered, and Major Eno returned to Centre Creek and beat the brush until within a short distance of Fidelity, a small place of probably a half dozen houses, and then charged in and wounded one and captured three of the bandits, the others of the party making their escape, being mounted upon fresh horses.

The strips of timber and brush along the creek in that section were generally from a half mile or so wide, the country beyond this timber line being open prairie. If he had reason to believe that the bandits were in the brush and the timber along any particular creek, Major Eno adopted the method of a drive, he divided his command, sending half or a third around so as to strike the stream at a point eight or ten miles above or below the point where he entered the timber with the other division. This division which made the drive was formed like an extended skirmish line across the strip of timber and brush, and then moved up or down the stream in the direction of the detachment that had been sent to a given point to take in any of the bandits who attempted to pass. As is shown in the below official reports, Major Eno, in the spring of 1863, together with Captains Henslee and Cossairt, made one of these drives down Centre Creek, entering the timber about six miles south of Carthage in Jasper County, and had not one of his Captains, whom he had ordered to take a position at French Point, some ten miles below, with fifty men, retreated from his station without orders, would probably have captured or killed most of the bandits started up. In making disposition of his forces for the drive, it is shown that he ordered. Captain Jacob Cossairt to move down the south side of the creek with forty men of the 8th Missouri Cavalry, and Captain M. C. Henslee, with thirty-five men of the 7th Missouri Cavalry, to move down the north side, while he took seventy-five men and moved down the centre. The bluffs and the rough nature of the ground along the creek made it impossible for his center to keep up with his flanks, early in the afternoon the detachment of Captains Henslee and Cossairt drove in the pickets of the bandits from the north and south sides of the creek and pursued them in an exciting chase to the main body of the guerrillas, who were strongly posted in and around a log house in the woods, fully one hundred strong, under Livingston, on the south side of the creek, about one and a half miles from French Point. The Federal detachment at once commenced a vigorous attack on the marauders, and as some of them were dressed in Federal uniforms, the opposing forces soon became in a hand-to-hand conflict. In a short time, however, the Federal detachment was obliged to fall back to the edge of the prairie, where Captain Cossairt and Henslee rallied and reformed their men and opened fire again upon the enemy, who in turn retreated. Major Eno, who had not kept up with the flanks, was back about two miles when he heard the firing, and then pushed forward at a gallop and came up just as the fight was over. Finding that the enemy had retreated when he came up, he immediately started in pursuit and pressed them so closely that he recaptured several of his men who had been taken prisoners in the fight in the brush around the log house. As he anticipated, the guerrillas passed through French Point, and was keenly disappointed when he was informed that the Detachment which he sent there did not remain.

Major Eno reported his casualties in this action as four men killed and two wounded, and that the guerrillas lost fifteen men and several wounded. The next day the Major struck the trail of the bandits and followed it to Spring River, and thence to Prairie, where he lost it, the enemy appearing to have divided up into small parties or four or five men each, and each party taking a different direction after separation. He continued to scout that section for three or four days longer, frequently starting up and chasing small parties of the bandits of three or four men each, and overtaking and shooting down two and wounding several others.

The scout of Major Eno had a good effect in checking the boldness of the guerrillas, and probably preventing Livingston from concentrating a force of three or four hundred men for an attack upon the Federal troops at some point in that section.

The following official reports were copied from the “War of the Rebellion, Official Records of the Union and Confederate Armies”, Series 1, volumes 22, 34, 41 and 48. In the General Index to these volumes on page 156 will be found the name of Captain Jacob Cossairt.

“Scout from Newtonia to French Point and Centre Creek, Mo., and skirmishes, May 13-18, 1863.”
Report of Lieut. Colonel Thomas T. Crittenden, 8th Mo., Cavalry:

"Newtonia, Mo.,
May 18, 1865.

Colonel William F. Cloud,
Commanding District of South-west Missouri.

Colonel:

Major Eno came in this evening, after a scout of five days. Divided his forces, of 200 men, into three divisions under himself, Captain Ballew of Company I, 7th Missouri State Militia Cavalry, and Captain Henslee of Company L, 7th Missouri State Militia Cavalry. The latter in conjunction with Captain Jacob Cossairt of Company I, 8th Missouri State Militia Cavalry, with 60 men in all, moved down Centre Creek, found Livingston near Centre Creek lead mines, strongly posted behind densely thick brush and an old shop, with 100 splendidly armed guerrillas. Attacked them vigorously; drove them from the brush, killed 7; wounded many others badly. 1 Captain, 1 Lieutenant and Colonel Harrison were believed to have been killed. I lost four killed and two wounded, slightly.

After the fight, Major Eno, Captains Henslee and Cossairt joined their forces, and entirely scattered the rebels, by active chasing.

Ballew, in consequence of misunderstanding, being entirely separated — was not engaged. Colonel, the officers and soldiers behaved very gallantly in this fight. Major Eno is a vigorous officer. Livingston had 200 men under him, in Jasper County, a few days ago. His force is increasing rapidly.

A large force under Coffee and Company are gathering in Jasper County, to attack this post, as currently believed by friends and foe. I will fight them. Will send tri-monthly report.

/s/ T.T. Crittenden
Lieut. Colonel,
Commanding Post."

Newtonia, Mo.,
May 20, 1863.
Lieutenant J. C. French,
Acting Assistant Adjutant General.

Sir:

Since I made my report to Colonel Cloud of the results of the fight between Captain Henslee of Company L, 7th Mo. Cavalry, and Captain Jacob Cossairt, of Company F, 8th Mo. Cavalry, with about 70 men, and Livingston's rebel guerrillas, with 100 men, near Centre creek lead, mines, a day or so ago. I have the most positive evidence that there were 15 killed upon Livingston's side, and several mortally wounded. I was informed by several ladies of his own tribe that Livingston buried 12 of his men in one grave — were present at the burial. It was a desperate bushwacking fight; both sides were hand-to-hand in the brush for a while. Captain Henslee's horse became very much frightened, and charged immediately through the rebel crew: It is supposed that fifty guns were fired alone at him in his passage; escaped unhurt. He fired as he went through; killed one; charged back again in order to save himself and killed another. All through the country much excitement prevails in regard to the fight. Major Eno is preparing an official account of the scout; will forward it. It was eminently successful, for which fact I am more and more convinced daily.

Only yesterday I saw a private note from Tom R. Livingston to a lady friend in Granby, in which he stated that he would start in a few days for Franklin, on the Pacific road, in this state, and would deliver any letters she should write. Did not state whether going alone or on a raid. Well enough to watch his movements. There is but little doubt in my mind of Colonel Harrison's (or Confederate Army) death. If your orders in regard to Major Eno's remaining here, and cooperating with you, had not come, I would have started before this, the scout after Livingston.

A quick succession of vigorous scouts will destroy and disperse them. Kill Livingston, and there is no one else to mass and congregate these bands. He is a man of much influence.

Have you had a scout toward Pineville?

/s/ THOS. T. CRITTENDEN.
Report of Major B. Eno, 8th Missouri State Militia Cavalry.
“Greenfield, Missouri,
May 29, 1863.

Colonel William F. Cloud,
Commanding Southwest District of Missouri.

Colonel:

I have the honor herewith to submit report of operations of a scout under my command against Livingston’s guerrillas.

On the morning of the 13th instant, I marched from Newtonia by order of Lieutenant Colonel Thomas T. Crittenden, Commanding Post, in command of 84 men of the 7th Missouri Cavalry, and 100 men of my own battalion. After proceeding 9 miles, Captain Squire Ballew, 7th Missouri Cavalry, with 50 men, was detached, with orders to proceed down Shoal Creek about 15 miles, thence pass over on Turkey Creek, avoiding roads as much as possible, and driving the brush thoroughly, and to camp that night in the vicinity of Turkey Creek mines; thence he was directed to pass down the creek to a point 3 miles below Sherwood, thence to move up Centre Creek, while, with the remainder, I moved down from a point above, and to meet at French Point some time next day, 14th instant, with the additional caution that I would probably not arrive until late in the afternoon. I moved with the balance of the command through the brush on Jones’ and Jenkins’ Creeks, and divided the scout again so as to scour them both. No sign was discovered, and the command encamped that night on Centre Creek, 5 miles from Carthage. Captain Ballew encamped as directed.

On the morning of the 14th instant, I again divided the portion of command with me, sending Captain Cossairt, of the 8th Missouri Cavalry, with 40 men, down the south side of the creek; Captain M. C. Henslee, 7th Missouri Cavalry, with 35 men on the north side while I with the remainder, passed down the center. By this disposition I hoped, as the result proved, either to engage and surround the guerrillas with these subdivisions of my own immediate command or to drive them to French Point, where Captain Ballew should have been ready to engage them, while I advanced on their rear and either flank, in which event the capture or destruction of the entire gang was inevitable. About 3 p.m. Captain Henslee drove their pickets on the north in, and Captain Cossairt on the south side of the creek. Captain Henslee followed the trail hotly, crossed the creek, joined Captain Cossairt on the other side, thence both pushed on, found the guerrillas, about 100 strong, commanded by Livingston, strongly posted under cover of a log house and dense brush. A severe fight ensued of some fifteen minutes duration, when our men were obliged to fall back. This I am confident, would not have occurred had not Captain Henslee been cut off from his command. At the first fire his horse became unmanageable and dashed clean through the rebel lines, leaving his command without a commander. Many of the guerrillas were dressed in Federal uniforms. Captain Cossairt’s detachment mistook them for our men, and before discovering their mistake were right among them, and received a galling fire, and were fighting hand-to-hand.

Captain Henslee, who had been carried far beyond the ground, as soon as his horse could be checked, dashed back, and with the greatest coolness and daring approached within close pistol shot of the rebels, fired and killed one before wheeling to make his escape. Captain Cossairt exerted himself to the utmost to rally his men, and finally succeeded in gaining the front edge of the prairie, threatened to shoot the first man who dared to move another step in retreat; immediately formed, and commenced firing upon the enemy, who, in turn, retreated, carrying off his dead and wounded. When the firing commenced, the detachment with me was 2 miles distant up the creek. I immediately started at a gallop in their direction, but was not able to reach the ground until all was over. This was 4½ miles east of Sherwood, 1½ miles from French Point. I pushed on immediately in pursuit, pressing them so hard as to compel them to leave their prisoners, whom I recaptured, and expecting every moment to hear Captain Ballew’s guns attacking the enemy in his front as he approached from French Point which place he was obliged, to pass in his retreat. The trail as I anticipated led directly through French Point, and the bank was still wet with the water carried out in Livingston’s crossing, but Captain Ballew was not there. I regret to have to report that he had arrived, was waiting for me, his advance had fired upon Livingston’s advance as the latter approached, when an escaped prisoner, frightened and bewildered, reported to him the fight a short time previous, and that the rebels were not far off, and Captain Ballew disobeyed my orders, retreated with his 50 men without waiting to see the enemy or engage him, never halting until night, thus leaving the path open for Livingston’s retreat. Had Captain Ballew obeyed his orders and stood ground, there can be no
question but Livingston and his fiendish gang would have been completely annihilated.

The command bivouacked the night of the 14th inst., 3 miles above Sherwood. Captain Ballew encamped 12 miles from French Point near Groom Creek.

On the morning of the 15th his rear was fired on by a squad of bushwhackers when he retreated back on Centre Creek, passed around Bower’s Mill, 25 miles out of his way, and arrived at Newtonia at 9 o’clock the same night, having lost two men prisoners, who fell into the hands of the men who fired upon him, and who reported that the bushwhackers numbered eight.

On the morning of the 15th I sent Captain Cossairt, with 30 men to bury the dead and convey the wounded to Newtonia. With the remainder of the men I passed over on Spring River, following Livingston's trail over the prairie, but at a distance of 2 miles, the trail divided, and finally diverged in every direction, not more than 4 men having gone together. I passed down Spring River 5 miles, thence across again on Centre Creek, when, for the next ten days, the command was kept moving slowly through the brush and over by-roads, crossing and re-crossing the creek, and from the time of the first skirmish, on the 14th, until leaving the creek, on the 18th inst., were almost continuously fighting them, starting up scattered squads of from 4 to 10 men, chasing and firing on them, when they invariably dashed into the brush and concealed themselves, rendering it impossible — except in two instances, when men were overtaken and shot down – to ascertain whether they were hurt or not

Our total loss on the scout is 4 killed and 2 wounded The enemy’s loss reported by parties present at the burial, is 15 killed, a captain wounded, and 15 or 20 enlisted men wounded, 1 mortally, on different points on the creek.

The following is a correct list of the killed and wounded of both battalions:

Killed · Charles Crude, Sergeant Company M, shot and stripped naked after having surrendered; Winster C. Donnly, Corporal Company M., 7th Missouri Cavalry; Henry C. Moxey, Sergeant Company L, and Horance Palmer, Private, Company F, 8th Missouri Cavalry, killed after being taken.

Wounded · John T. Anderson, Corporal, 7th Missouri Cavalry; Samuel Beach, Private, Company F, 8th Missouri Cavalry.

In justice to the memory of Private Palmer, I cannot forbear mentioning that when the retreat from the first skirmish commenced, he exclaimed, “I didn’t volunteer to run; right here I’ll die”, dismounted, deliberately tied his horse to a tree, and fired 18 shots before he could be taken.

The guerrillas in that region were scattered in every direction and completely disheartened.

The scout was successful, but I cannot express my regret that it was not the complete success I had planned and hoped for in the total annihilation of the gang, which must have been the result had my orders been obeyed. The men behaved with, steadiness and bravery with the one exception mentioned. I have to thank the Officers with me for the assistance rendered by their cool, judicious conduct through the scout.

I have the honor to be, very respectfully, your obedient servant.

/s/ E.B. Eno,
Major, 8th Mo. State
Militia Cavalry.”

Scout from Greenfield to Golden Grove and Carthage, Missouri, August 6-9,1863.

Report of Captain Jacob Cossairt, Company I, 8th Missouri Cavalry.

“Greenfield, Missouri,
August 10, 1863.
Brig. General McNeil,
Commanding Southwest District of Missouri.
General:

I herewith transmit to you a Scout that left here on the 8th of August 1863, under command of J. A. Akard, Company A, 1st Battalion, 8th Mo., Cavalry.

Scouting the brush of Horse Creek, and crossing from Horse Creek to Golden Grove, over muddy roads, about 3 o'clock the same day, surprising a band of guerrillas, 6 in number, killing five; but one escaped. Among the killed are Captain Osburn and one recruiting officer by the name of Bebee. No other names known. Captured 6 horses and saddles and arms. Captain Akard, with his command, marched from said grove to Carthage, and learned, from Mr. Burch that Coffee is supposed to be at in the vicinity of Maysville, Arkansas. Captain Burch informed Captain Akard that there were but few guerrillas in the surrounding country of Carthage. Captain Akard returned on the 9th of August 1863.

Very respectfully, your most obedient servant.

/s/ JACOB COSSAIRT.
Captain, 8th Mo. State Militia Cavalry, Commanding Post.

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"Headquarters
District of Southwest Missouri, Springfield, Mo.
March 13, 1864.

Captain Jacob Cossairt,
Commanding L Company, 8th Mo. State Militia Cavalry,
near Forsyth, Missouri.

Captain Owen, Assistant quartermaster, has constructed a ferry boat at the mouth of Roaring River, which he will float down to Forsyth. A party of 20 soldiers will start down with the boat on the morning of the 17th inst., taking their arms upon the boat with them. The general commanding directs that you detail parties from your company and direct that part of them cross the river at Forsyth and patrol the country up the river to keep the guerrillas away from the north bank. If these instructions are executed promptly, the general commanding thinks there will be no difficulty in floating the boat down safely to Forsyth.

I am Sir, very respectfully, your obedient servant.

/s/ W. D. HUBBARD,
Lieutenant & Acting Asst. Adjutant General."

The Affair at Bee Creek, Missouri, May 2, 1864.

Report of Captain Jacob Cossairt, 8th Missouri State Militia, Cavalry.

“Camp at Forsyth, Missouri,
May 5, 1864.
Brig. General J.B. Sanborn,
Commanding District of Southwest Missouri,
Springfield, Mo.
SIR:

I have the honor to report a scout that I sent out on the 1st day of May 1864, under the command of Lieutenant McElhorne, with 40 men, crossed the river at this place, marched down the river on the other side and near the mouth of Bee Creek, Mo. At this place heard of a camp of guerrillas, 3 or 4 miles south of the mountains. Upon arrival at the camp, finding only 3 men in camp, the men were immediately cut off from their horses, and upon seeing their condition, broke and ran on foot and were soon overhauled and
killed. They went by the name of Campbell, Williams and Barks, all Missourians. Captured their horses, 3 in number, immediately after destroying their camp; marching but a short distance, came up with a small squad of guerrillas which was scattered in the mountains, captured three more horses which they were compelled to drop in the chase. Remained three days and nights in the country of Bee and Bear Creeks, Arkansas and Missouri, seeing several other squads of guerrillas from 2 to 8 in number. Owing to their stock being jaded and the roughness of the country we were not able to overhaul them. During the scout killing three men, captured 8 head of horses and 1 prisoner. I will further state that there are some 40 or 50 guerrillas in the vicinity of Bee and Bear Creeks, and further state that Company K, 8th. Missouri Cavalry on this scout lost 2 horses which I gave them permission to keep the captured horses until I heard from you on the subject. It has been allowed in the regiment whenever a man lost a horse, to mount him on a contraband horse; these two horses will be turned over to the quartermaster or retained by the men as their own, as you may direct. Your decision in this case will be governed by in the future. The stock will be forwarded to Springfield, Missouri, and turned over to the Quartermaster immediately.

Respectfully, your obedient servant.

/s/ JACOB COSSAIRT,
Captain, 8th Mo. State Militia Cavalry,
Commanding Company I.

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"HEADQUARTERS,
District of Southwest Missouri,
Springfield, Mo.,
1 June 1864.

Captain Jacob Cossairt
Commanding at Forsyth, Mo.

SIR:

Information has been received at these headquarters that the rebel Colonel Freeman is at the house of Mr. Wolf, near North Fork of White River, wounded and guarded by two squadrons of his command. The citizens of Ozark and Douglas Counties report that Tracy's band of guerrillas comes in their counties, robbing and murdering Union citizens. You will obtain from the Commanding Officer of the Detachment of Second Arkansas Cavalry near your Post a sufficient detachment to make, with all the available men of your command: a detachment of two Commanding Officers and 100 men, and if possible capture Freeman and his guard and then scout the country thoroughly, driving out all bands of guerrillas and rebels in that vicinity. You will scout from Beaver Creek and through Ozark and Douglas Counties, if any guerrillas are still remaining there, make every effort to rid the country of guerrillas, and return to Forsyth, sending forward to the district provost—marshall, immediately upon your return, all prisoners captured, & c., making official report of your scout to these headquarters.

By order of the General Commanding.

/s/ W.D. Hubbard, 1st Lieutenant and Acting Assistant Adjutant General.

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Scout from Forsyth through Ozark and Douglas Counties, Missouri, June 5-12, 1864.
Report of Captain Jacob Cossairt, 8th Missouri State Militia Cavalry.

Lieutenant W.D. Hubbard,
Acting Assistant Adjutant General,
Springfield: Missouri.

SIR:

I have the honor to report as directed: I started on the march June 5, 1864, seeing considerable squads of guerrillas in the vicinity of Beaver and Big Greeks and Little North Forks. At Mountain Home I
captured two prisoners and two others escaped. Seven miles south of Mountain Home I captured two others. Continued the march and arrived at Mr. Wolf's but found nothing there. There had been 40 men encamped there, but had left the day before for Salem. Colonel Freeman was not, or had not, been there. The report about him being wounded was true and he is at this time at Spring River below Augusta. During the night, the pickets captured two men belonging to Coffee’s command, and they reported that he is at Mount Oliver with 100 men. They also report that Shelby is at Batesville. The number of men he has I could not learn. He is in command of troops this side of the Arkansas River. They also reported Jackman at Slaymore Mountains, with something near 300 men. These prisoners also state that Shelby intends making a raid into Missouri and to capture Rolla if possible. These reports are confirmed by citizens in the vicinity of Mr. Wolf’s. Next morning I started back, scouting the country. On my return on the night of the 10th June, during a heavy shower of rain, two prisoners attempted to escape from the guard when one of them was killed and the other escaped. While the guard was firing on the two that attempted to escape another of the prisoners was accidentally wounded and was left on Little North Fork. I arrived at Forsyth on the 12th instant,

Major General Rosecrans,  
Commanding Department of Missouri.

General:

Captain Cossairt, Company I, 8th Missouri State Militia Cavalry, Commanding at Forsyth, Mo., has returned from reconnaissance to the mouth of North Fork of White River, bringing with him 5 or 6 prisoners of General Shelby’s command. The prisoners belong to Colonel Coffee’s regiment, and state that General Shelby had furloughed nearly all of his men until the 10th of this month, at which time Colonel Coffee’s command, numbering 800 men, was to mass at Salem, Fulton County, Arkansas, and Shelby’s other forces were to assemble at Batesville. Shelby is running all the mills, both saw mills and grist mills, on or in the vicinity of White River from the mouth of North Fork down, and the lumber sawed is of bridge and pontoon dimensions, and the men say it is to be used for these purposes. Every indication is that the rebels will advance a large shipment for infantry and artillery directly north at an early date. They live upon parched corn and a small amount of fresh beef. Shelby has four pieces of artillery.

Special Order, No. 176:

.........iii. Captain Jacob Cossaint, Commanding Company I, 8th Missouri State Militia Cavalry, will proceed with his company and camp and garrison equipage to Gasconade Crossing, and relieve Captain J. T. Wilson, Commanding Company D, 8th Missouri State Militia Cavalry, who, upon being relieved, will immediately proceed with his company and garrison equipage to Lebanon, Mo., and report to the Commanding Officer of that post for duty. ........
Special Order, No. 208:

.......4. Captain Jacob Cossairt, Company I, 8th Mo. State Militia Cavalry, will proceed to Hickory County, Missouri, with five enlisted men of his company, for the purpose of ascertaining the names of certain horse thieves and guerrillas who now infest that county, their numbers, and hiding places, and destroy or drive them from the country. He will ascertain, if possible, the routes by which these parties enter and leave the country. Having performed this duty, he will rejoin his command on or before the 25th instant.

NOTE: The compiler was unable to find any official report of this venture, but family tradition claims that Captain Cossairt and his men rode in citizens clothing, contacted the guerrillas and exterminated them. It is claimed that the horse thieves actually traded horses with Captain Cossairt who had his men secreted near by and shortly afterwards surprised and exterminated them after he had assured himself that they were the men wanted.

PRICE’S RAID INTO MISSOURI.

In September 1864, General Price marched into Missouri from Arkansas with 15,000 men. The war had reached such a stage in the west that large movements were not to be undertaken by the Confederates, but they had enough troops to make destructive raids. Price’s objective was St. Louis, which he approached rapidly. Finding its defense too strong to carry turned off to Jefferson City. By this time the Union forces in the state were concentrating rapidly. Price must fight them in several places, and moved so swiftly and fought so vigorously that he was not surrounded. But he failed to inflict serious injury on his opponents and was glad to escape to Arkansas after four weeks campaigning. He carried with him most of the guerrillas, who had infested the state up to that time and thenceforth Missouri was free from Confederate troops.

The following are extracts from official records wherein Captain Cossairt is mentioned during this raid.

Major Cosgrove:

General Rosecrans orders me to concentrate and hold this place or die. Have ordered Major Flynn to return the troops at Marchfield to Springfield. You order Captain Cossairt to Lebanon, also the Home Guard to Hartsville. If you are attacked by an overwhelming force and feel satisfied you cannot hold Lebanon, fall back on Linn Creek. The enemy are at Sedalia moving south.

/s/ J. D. Brutsche,
Lieut. Colonel,
Assistant Adjutant General.

"Headquarters,
District of Southwest Missouri,
Springfield., Mo.,
October 25, 1864.

Captain Cossairt:
If you have sent two scouts out since yesterday morning in the direction of Buffalo you need not send out any more men.

J. D. Brutache, Lt. Colonel
Acting Assistant Adjutant General.

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Headquarters,
District of Southwest Missouri,
Springfield., Mo.,
October 27, 1864.

Captain Cossairt:
Lebanon, Missouri.

Price is no doubt moving south. If you can take a scout in the direction of Quincy and leave enough troops at Lebanon for escort &c., do so. Keep these Headquarters well informed of your movements. If you hear of Price send your information here at once. Will send payrolls by stage in the morning.

J.D. Brutsche, Lt. Colonel,
Acting Assistant Adjutant General.

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"Headquarters,
District of Southwest Missouri,
Springfield, Mo.,
November 4, 1864.

Captain Cossairt reports having a fight with the rebels on the 1st instant near Quincy, and with 600 men near Hermitage on the 2nd instant. The rebels were routed each time, losing two Captains and 18 men killed, and many wounded. Our loss, none. Papers found on the bodies show that they belonged to Shelby’s brigade, of Jeff Thompson’s division. Captain Cossairt has fallen back to Bolliver for ammunition and will come here, as he can get none there. He reports 1000 rebels moving down by the way of Warsaw and Osage. This is reliable. A rebel force is north of Bolliver. I can hear nothing of Colonel Phelps or the other troops sent out. Small bodies are constantly passing through to the south. One gang had a stage, supposed to belong to the post at Lebanon. We can hear nothing of the subsistence train. Can not keep the wires up at Lebanon. Have sent Martin out to learn what he can.

Wm. T. Kittridge,
Assistant Adjutant General.
Brig. General Sanborn,
Cassville, Mo."

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"Headquarters,
Cavalry Division, Cassville, Mo.,
November 5, 1864
Major General Rosecrans,
Headquarters, Department of Missouri.
SIR:

My information from Springfield is that large bodies of rebels continue to pass between Springfield and Lebanon, the Post train from Lebanon, consisting of 15 six mule teams, was captured by the rebels yesterday, and I fear we shall lose our subsistence trains.

Captain Cossairt 8th Missouri Cavalry, a very reliable officer reports about 1600 rebels were moving through Warsaw yesterday. He had a sharp fight, in which he expended all his ammunition and killed 2 rebel Captains and 18 men, without any loss himself, and was falling back to Springfield for ammunition. He reports this force to be a part of Jeff Thompson’s brigade, of Shelby’s division. This state of things seems to raise the question whether we shall damage the enemy as much by moving south as he is likely to damage us while absent. I shall continue to send forward the troops south unless otherwise ordered by you.

/s/ S. Lee Davis, Lieutenant and Acting Assistant Adjutant General.”

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"Headquarters,
District of Southwest Missouri,
Springfield, Mo.,
November 5, 1864.
(To be forwarded from Cassville).
........Captain Cossairt has not yet arrived from Bolivar. Will send him forward when he comes.
/s/ Wm. T. Kittridge,
Assistant Adjutant General."

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"November 5, 1864.
Major Cosgrove:
......Company I, 8th Missouri Cavalry, is doubtless on its way to this Post and will be ordered to Cassville from here. The camp and garrison equipage will be retained at Lebanon until further orders.

/s/ Wm. T. Kittridge."

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"November 6, 1864.
Brig. General Sanborn:

Your dispatch of last night read no Post train was captured. Captain Cossairt will be in soon. Is he to be sent to Lebanon under your directions so as not to weaken that post any more?

/s/ Wm. T. Kittridge.”

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“November 7, 1864.
Brig. General Sanborn,
Cassville, Mo.

.........have sent messenger after Cossairt.

/s/ Wm. T. Kittridge.”

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"November 7, 1864.
Major Cosgrove,
Commanding Lebanon.

.........has Captain Cossairt reported to you? .......

/s/ Wm. T. Kittridge.”

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"November 8, 1864.
Brig. General Sanborn,
Cassville’, Mo.

......Captain Cossairt has reached Lebanon, and reports 1000 rebels still moving down ..... Shall Cossairt move on from Lebanon?

/s/ Wm. T. Kittridge.”

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"Headquarters,
District of Southwest Missouri,
Springfield, Mo.,
November 10, 1864.

Lt. Colonel McMahoon,
Sixth Provisional Enrolled Mo. Militia,
Commanding in Field.

The General Commanding the district directs, etc. ....... You are to move to the crossing of the Niangua and the Lebanon Road with....... Captain Cossairt from Lebanon will report to you at that point to-night, I think....... Captain Cossairt reports a force of at least 1000 rebels moving south from the district of Warsaw and from him you will learn all that is known concerning them. The General Commanding directs that this or any force of rebels moving in or through this district are to be captured or to be destroyed, etc., etc.

/s/ Wm. T. Kittridge,
Asst. Adjutant General."

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Expedition to Quincy Missouri, with skirmishes, November 1 and 2; near Quincy October 29 - November 8, 1864.

Report of Captain Jacob Cossairt, 8th Missouri State Militia Cavalry.

"Lebanon, Missouri,
November 15, 1864.

Major John Cosgrove,
Commanding Post,
Lebanon, Mo.

SIR:

I have the honor to make the following report: In compliance with orders received, from District Headquarters myself and Lieutenant Paxton, with 30 men of Company 1, 8th Missouri State Militia Cavalry, started on a scout to Quincy, Hickory County, Mo., and vicinity, on the 29th ultimo. We reached there on the 30th. On the morning of the 31st, being informed of a force of rebels at Warsaw, I immediately moved in that direction as far as Pomme de Terre bridge. I there ascertained, that they had
passed through, shaping their course southward. I then returned and camped near Quincy. On the morning of the 1st instant I was informed by a party of men who had been out reconnoitering that the rebels were in the prairie some two miles distant from us. I immediately started after them with 35 men, being joined by 5 Union citizens of the neighborhood. I came up on the trail in the open woods. After a double quick march of about ten miles I came up on them formed in line of battle ready to receive us. We judged from appearances that they were about 100 strong. They occupied open ground near the prairie. I then ordered a charge, which was executed in good order; not a man swerved from his duty. A few shots from us broke their line of battle and they fled in great confusion. We passed them about four miles, killing six and wounding three others, who made their escape after we had passed them. Among the killed was one Captain Van Sickle of Texas. We also captured a negro boy and released Judge Owens and Jackman, a Mr. Brown, and two other Union men of Benton County who were all prisoners in their hands. None of my men were hurt. I returned the same evening to the prairie and took up camp for the night.

On the morning of the 2nd instant I again received information that the rebels, about 300 Strong, were passing along the outskirts of the woods. I immediately started in pursuit of them with a force of 45 men, having been joined by five of my own men and 10 Union citizens of the neighborhood, determined if possible, to overtake them. I soon struck their trail and received reliable information that they were 800 strong. We came in sight of them about 2 p.m., where the road makes a very short turn. We cut across their line of march near the rear, cutting off about 100 men from the rear of their column. Our men raised the yell and fell in upon them, Lieutenant Paxton, in the advance, who, after emptying his revolver struck down two of them with his saber. We pushed them so rapidly that they had no time for rallying their broken column. Their Colonel in attempting to rally them was killed. He proved to be Colonel Grooms of Shelby's command. The enemy in their flight abandoned quite a number of led horses, which the citizens gathered up after the fight. All of the killed, amounting to 25 in number, fell into our hands, most of the wounded making their escape by crawling into the brush. Several of our men had their clothes pierced with balls, but none of them were wounded. The night closed further pursuit. Our horses being very fatigued we returned to the prairie again and encamped for the night.

On the next morning we received information of another large body of rebels coming in from the same direction, evidently on the trail of the others. On examination I found that we were nearly out of ammunition. Bolivar being the nearest post, we set out about noon for that place. We reached there about 9 p.m. of the same day. On the morning following I dispatched to Springfield stating my condition. I remained at Bolivar until the morning of the 5th. having received no enforcements I determined to return to Quincy. On reaching that vicinity it became evident that the last mentioned force of rebels had probably changed their course. The force we had fought on the 2nd had scattered all over the country, evidently not knowing which way to turn. Nine of them surrendered to Colonel Halbert, a leading man of Hickory County, one even stooped so low as to surrender to a free negro.

On the morning of the 6th I received orders to proceed to Lebanon as soon as possible, on account of which I was unable to learn the amount of horses, arms, & c., which had been gathered up by the citizens throughout the country. I arrived at this post on the 8th instant.

/s/ JACOB COSSAIRT,
Captain, Company I, 8th Missouri State Militia Cavalry.

"Headquarters,
Department of Southwest Missouri,
Springfield, Mo.
November 12, 1884.
General Order, No. 77:

I. Lieut. Colonel McMahon, 6th Provisional Regiment, is hereby relieved from duty as commanding troops in the field. Upon receipt of these orders you will direct Captain Cossairt, Company I, 8th Missouri State Militia Cavalry, to return with his command to Lebanon, etc. etc . ..

/s/ Wm. T. Kittridge,
Assistant Adjutant General."
"Headquarters,  
District of Southwest Missouri,  
Springfield, Mo.,  
March 8, 1865.  

General Order No. 22:  

I. It is the settled and determined purpose of the United States and the State of Missouri, respectively, to maintain their authority and protect all loyal people of this district in person and property to the fullest extent. That the state and national authority may be more firmly exercised in the border counties of this district and the loyal citizens who have been driven therefrom may be more fully protected in their rights and property. His Excellency the Governor of Missouri, upon the recommendation of the district commander, has authorized the following companies of volunteer militia to be organized for one year's service in this district as follows: .......one company each for the counties of Taney, Stone, Newton, Jasper, Barton, Vernon, St. Clair, Camden, Hickory and Wright. 

II. 

III. Pursuant to the direction of General Order No. 28, Current series, Headquarters, Department of the Missouri, the following named line officers now in service will, in addition to their regular duties, take charge of recruiting the respective companies as hereinafter designated., Viz: .......Captain Jacob Cossairt, the Company for Hickory County; 

By order of Brig. General Sanborn.  

/s/ William D. Kittrid.ge.  
Assistant Adjutant General of Missouri.  

Captain "Jake" Cossairt was honorably discharged from the military service on July 17, 1865, and returned to his family and, farm in Hickory County, Missouri. 

He was later offered a commission to serve in the Seventh, U.S. Cavalry with General Custer and take part in the Indian campaigns of the west but declined this offer as he preferred to be with his family again after several years of hard. service. 

The children of Jacob Cossairt and his wife Hetty Alice Alcorn were as follows: 

CHILDREN: 

539 ii. Perry C. Cossairt, born Circa 1857. 
540 iii. Eldora Cossairt, born Circa December 25, 1864/7 in Hickory County, Missouri. Died Circa 1895/6 in Dunklin County, Missouri. 
541 iv. James Madison Cossairt, born Circa 1869 in Hickory County, Missouri. Died while living on the "old place", near Dexter, Mo., in 1887. He is buried in the Cossairt plot in the cemetery at Bloomfield, Missouri. He was the second member of this family to be buried here. It is said that James was a fine, tall and manly looking boy of 180 pounds. He was known for his kindness of heart and cheerful disposition. He was a great nature lover and a friend of birds and domestic animals. He died of a complication typhoid fever and pneumonia. 
543 vi. Charles Cossart, born Circa 1874, in Adams County, Indiana. Deceased 
Mary Alice Cossairt, born November 20, 1856, in Gentry County, Missouri. She married about 1877 in Decatur, Adams County, Indiana, to Alfred (Jack) Carnoll, born April 30, 1856/7, at Decatur. Mr. Carnoll has been engaged in carpentering, farming and stock raising in Stoddard County, Mo. for many years. He is a Democrat in politics. Mrs. Carnoll has been an active member of the Missionary Baptist Church for many years. This couple now live alone on their farm located on the Idalia and Bloomfield Road. She states that her grandfather’s full name was Francis Marion Cossairt.

CHILDREN:

8-674  i. Louisa Eldora Carnoll, born March 11, 1878 at Astoria, Illinois. Married July 1, 1903 at Bloomfield, Mo., to John Davis a farmer of Stoddard County, and they reside on their farm near Puxico, Stoddard County, Mo.

CHILDREN:
( ) a  Alfred Henry Davis, b. June 5, 1904, farmer. Married
( ) b  Wilbur Lee Davis, b. September 12, 1908, d. September 28, 1968.
( ) c  Sarah Alice Davis, b. April 27, 1910, d. February 17, 1913.
( ) d  Arthur Noel Davis, b. January 12, 1912, d. February 18, 1913.
( ) e  Ruth Elizabeth Davis. Graduated from the Bloomfield High School in 1933. Lives with her parents on their farm near Puxico, Mo.

8-675  ii. Ada Rebecca Carnoll, born September 13, 1879 at Astoria, Fulton County, Illinois. Married April 27, 1898 to Dr. David Riley Corbin, born May 13, 1875, died August 10, 1907. Mrs. Corbin is a child’ nurse and resides at Webster Grove, Missouri.

CHILDREN:
( ) a  An infant daughter, b. and d. February 10, 1901.
( ) b  Alfred Osler Corbin, b. February 15, 1902, d. May 3, 1906.
( ) d  David Riley Corbin Jr., resides in St. Louis, Mo.

8-676  iii. Cora Elsie Carnoll, born January 10, 1881 (?) at Astoria, Fulton County, Illinois. Married April 3, 1905, to Rube Harty at Bloomfield, Mo. He was a farmer and the son of Frank and Aly Harty of Bloomfield. They reside on a farm near Acorn Ridge, Missouri.

CHILDREN:

CHILDREN:
( ) 1  Cora Iva Maloney, b. Sept. 16, 1925.
( ) 2  Minnie Christene Maloney, b. April 28, 1927.
( ) 3  James Ruben Maloney, b. December 17, 1928.
( ) 4  James Robert Maloney, b. May 13, 1931.
( ) 5  Mary Evelyn Maloney, b. November 5, 1932.
( ) b  Mabel Harty, b. September 7, 1907 at Oregon City, Oregon. She married John Wilkison.

CHILDREN:
( ) 1  Daisy Louise Wilkison, b. March 5, 1930.
( ) 2  Ruth Evelyn Wilkison, b. January 1, 1932.
( ) c  Jack Harty, b. August 5, 1909 at Oregon City, Ore., married Jewel Pope.

CHILDREN:
( ) 1  Naomi Harty, b. July 25, 1929.
( ) 2  Noma Harty, b. October 28, 1930.

CHILDREN: (By 1st wife).
( ) 1  Hazel May Harty, b. March 23, 1928.
( ) 2  Mary Lou Harty, b. November 28, 1930.

CHILDREN: (By 2nd wife).
( ) 3  Peggy Ann Harty, b. October 31, 1933.
( ) 4  
( ) e  Mary Harty, b. August 30, 1913, near Aid, Mo., married Henderson Whitlege.
( ) f  Edna Harty, b. March 4, 1916 at Bloomfield, Mo.
(1) g Claude Harty, b. April 15, 1918 at Bloomfield, Mo.
(1) h Paul Harty, b. March 9, 1922 at Bloomfield, Mo.

1.2.6.9.3.4.3.2.2  539  PERRY C. COSSAIRT:

(Son of Jacob 335).

Perry C. Cossairt, born Circa 1857. The census record of 1870 shows that he was born in the state of Iowa, and was listed as 12 years of age at that time. About 1886 he married Margaret Grimes an Irish girl from Milwaukee, Wis. Margaret was a member of the Catholic Church. The city directory of Chicago, Illinois, shows that they lived at 1262 North Sacramento Avenue, that city. Perry was an engineer by profession. Previous to this and about 1887 he managed his father's butcher shop at Dexter City, Stoddard Co., Missouri. After this he returned to Chicago where he was engaged as an engineer by Captain Flood on the steamship “Mary Durr”, a freighter running on the Great Lakes between Chicago and Buffalo and other lake ports. After he retired from the Lakes he worked as a stationery engineer for the Brown Shoe Company of Chicago. He was named for his uncle Perry Alcorn of Henry County, Iowa. Perry was sober and industrious but was inclined to be somewhat impulsive and headstrong in his speech and actions. Mrs. Cossairt was living in 1914, she had then been a widow for at least eight years.

CHILD:

8-677 1. Mary Alice Cossairt, born and died September 10, 1889, and is buried in the Cemetery at Bloomfield, Missouri, and where her headstone may be seen. This was the only child of this couple.

1.2.6.9.3.4.3.2.3  540  ELDORA COSSAIRT:

(Daughter of Jacob 335).

Eldora Cossairt, the second daughter of Jacob and Hetty Alice (Alcorn) Cossairt, and was born near Hermitage, Hickory County, Mo., on December 25, 1864-7 and died of pneumonia near Campbell, Dunklin County, Missouri, in the late fall or winter of 1895 or in the early part of 1896, and is buried in the cemetery at Bloomfield, Mo., in the Cossairt plot.

Eldora married 1st time June 13, 1886 to John Blackshare, born February 25, 1864-7 at Union City, Obion County, Tennessee. He died August 19, 1899 and is buried in the cemetery at Dexter, Mo. John was a “Southern Methodist” and a Democrat in politics. He was a very good violinist of the "hill-billy" type, and followed farming for an occupation. He was the son of John C Blackshare, born June 29, 1832 in McNary County, Tennessee, died February 15, 1880 near Dexter, Mo., and Nancy Ann Maloney who were married March 1, 1857. Nancy Ann was born in Greene County, Tennessee, January 23, 1835 and was of Irish descent, while her husband, John C. Blackshare was said to be of English descent He was the son of Jacob Blackshear also born in Tennessee and who married Mary Berry of Irish descent. It is believed that this branch of the Blackshear family are the descendants of one of the immigrants James or Stout Blackshear that came from Germany and settled in Jones County, North Carolina, in 1732, mentioned elsewhere in this book. After the death of her husband Nancy Ann Blackshare married a 2nd time to a Mr. Wilson, a farmer of the community. Both are now dead. Nancy Ann died January 21, 1908.

The following article is an extract from the History of Southeast Missouri, by Goodspeed Company, Chicago, page 1014:

“John C. Blacksher (deceased) was born in middle Tennessee on June 29, 1832, and is the son of Jacob and Mary (Berry) Blacksher. John C. Blacksher was reared in Tennessee, where he remained until coming to Missouri. He was a farmer, and followed this occupation all his life. In 1859 he married Miss Nancy A. Maloney, a native of East Tennessee, and the daughter of William and Lydia (Cooper) Maloney. Her father was a native of Tennessee, and her mother a native of Virginia. They immigrated to West Tennessee, where both died. They were the parents of eight children, five now living: William, James, John, Elizabeth and Nancy. In 1871 Mr. Blacksher
arrived in Stoddard County, coming through in wagons, and locating where his widow now lives, having traded his farm in Tennessee for that property. The farm contains 160 acres of land, all located under the bluff, and eighty-five acres are under cultivation. To this marriage were born three children: Emma, John and Luther. Mr. Blacksher died on February 15, 1880. He was a substantial farmer, and a good citizen. His two sons carry on the farm, and both are intelligent, enterprising young men.

This farm is located about 3½ miles north-east of Dexter, Mo., and near the “Cottonbelt Railroad”, and in the vicinity of the Cossairt’s “old place”. John and Eldora were divorced in 1888, said to be the result of religious and political differences of the two families.

The following letters were written by Luther, a brother of John.

“Bloomfield, Mo.
September 27, 1931
Dear Joe:

I am in receipt of your kind letter of the 19th inst. I have often wondered where you were as I haven't heard from you in many years. I sold my place near Dexter and moved to Albuquerque, New Mexico, and lived there four years and then came back to Missouri and bought a farm 1½ north of Bloomfield on Highway No. 25. Where I guess I will remain for a while at least.

I received a letter from you several years ago, and wrote you then, but my letter was returned. My folks came from Tennessee. My mother's foreparents came from Ireland and y father’s foreparents came from England, they say. Our folks were mostly old time Methodists, and were Democrats in politics. My only brother John died in August 1899. He was born in 1867 and I was born in 1869. I have only one sister; she is still living near your birthplace. She is the oldest of the three of us. Her name and address is Emma Vaughn, R.R. No. 1, Dexter, Mo.

Do you enjoy good health? How many children have you? I will be glad to help you in any way I can with your family history, and will be glad to hear from you anytime. My children are all grown. Some live in Michigan, some in Missouri and Arkansas, and in New Mexico.

Sincerely yours,
/s/s Luther Blackshare.”

Another letter reads:

“Bloomfield, Mo.
December 25, 1931.
Dear Joe:

I bought the Medcalf farm adjoining the Cobb place. A very pretty place to live. But I wish I was back in the sunshine of New Mexico.

My father died February 15, 1880. Mother married a Mr. Wilson. She died January 21, 1908. Father was born June 29, 1832. Mother was born January 23, 1835. Her maiden name was Nancy Ann Maloney and was Irish. My father served in the “Home Guards” or Militia in Tennessee during the Civil War.

The “old place” where you were born is still standing, but the houses are all pretty well run down and they look pretty bad indeed.

Thank you very much for the nice picture of yourself and the “Boss”. Is he the only boy? If he is, I'll bet he is the boss. I have eight children living; three in Detroit, one in Little Rock, Ark., one in Sikeston, Mo., and one in Albuquerque, New Mexico and two at home with Jesus. They both died small.
I am enclosing an old photo of your father taken when he was about 23 years old, I guess. It is faded some. You may keep it. I mailed it to you in 1918 as you requested me to and it came back to me undelivered.

Yours with best wishes for a Happy New Year,

/s/ Luther (Luke) Blackshare.”

Eldora married a second time about 1889 to John Culbertson, a farmer of Scott County, Missouri. Shortly after their marriage the rented the “Doc” Wilson place near Essex, Stoddard County, Mo., and remained here until after 1892 when they rented the Crutcher place a short distance from the former place. Here they remained for a few years and then removed to the Samuel Scism farm near Leora, or Zion, Missouri. They remained here till the late fall of 1895 when they removed to a farm about 12 miles north of Campbell, Dunklin County, Mo. At the time of removal to the latter place the weather was cold and was made just after a heavy rain, the roads were bad and the journey was a hectic one. Eldora was asked by her brother Charles to take a train but preferred to travel with the wagons instead to save expenses. She contracted pneumonia from this exposure on the trip. She only lived two or three weeks after arriving at the latter place. Sometime after her death John Culbertson married and died in Butler County, Mo.

CHILD (By 2nd marriage):

8-677 i. Josiah Arthur, born near Dexter, Stoddard County, Missouri, April 12, 1887.

CHILDREN (By 2nd marriage):

8-678 ii. Thomas Jefferson Culbertson, born on the old “Doc” Williamson place near Essex, Missouri, February 9, 1890. Married Tillie, and they live near Quilin, Butler County, Missouri. Both have been in very poor health during recent years. (1933)

8-679 iii. Albert Culbertson, born December 17, 1892, on the old Doc Williamson farm, near Essex, Mo., for several years, but now owns his own farm near Quilin, Mo. Married 1st time to Lucile Dufree, December 23, 1913. She was born in Harrisburg, Illinois, the daughter of Joe Dufree. Albert and Lucile were married at Poplar Bluff, Missouri. Albert married 2nd time May 2, 1925 at New Madrid, Missouri, to Edith Pearl Weeks born April 14, 1899 at New Madrid, Missouri, the daughter of Cornelius Weeks and Ada Agnes Henry. Albert lived in New Madrid County seven years prior to February 1932. After that date he removed back to Butler County, Mo., where he still lives.

CHILDREN: 1st wife

( ) a John Lonzo Culbertson, born January 2, 1915, at Quilin, Missouri.
( ) b Charles Leroy Culbertson, born November 23, 1919, at Quilin, Mo.

CHILDREN: 2nd wife

( ) c Ruth Pansy Culbertson, born April 30, 1928 at New Madrid, Mo., died September 25, 1932 at same place.
( ) d Ada Dolores Culbertson, born May 26, 1930, at New Madrid, Missouri.
( ) e George Thomas Culbertson, born January 22, 1932, at New Madrid, Missouri.

8-680 iv. Charles Culbertson, born December 17, 1892. Charles and Albert were twins. Charles died in infancy and is buried in the Cossairt plot of the cemetery at Bloomfield, Mo. Died near Essex, Mo.

8-681 v. Otto Sylvester Culbertson, born on the "Sam" Scism farm about 4 miles south of Leora and near Zion, Missouri, on March 21, 1894. He is a farmer, married and has three children. They live on R.F.D. No. 1, New Madrid, Mo. After the death of his mother he went to live at the home of his aunt Mrs. Mary A. Carnoll. After a few months he returned and lived with his father.

1.2.6.9.3.4.3.2.3.1 677 JOSEPH ARTHUR KOSSAIRT:

(Son of Eldora 540).

Joseph Arthur Cossairt, born on the old Cossairt farm 3½ miles northeast of Dexter, Stoddard County, Missouri, April 12, 1887. After the death of his mother was legally adopted by his grandparents, Jacob and Hetty Alice Cossairt, as Joseph Arthur Cossairt.

Has been in the Military and Naval service since July 24, 1905, when he enlisted in the United States Army from St. Louis, Missouri, serving in the Heavy Artillery, Cavalry and Recruiting
Service. Honorable discharge as a Sergeant August 26, 1911. Enlisted in the United States Navy from St. Louis, Mo., October 12, 1911. Served in Cuban, Haitian and Asiatic Waters. Served overseas with the destroyer squadrons during the late world war. Honorable discharge as Chief Yeoman March 24, 1918 at Naval Air Station, San Diego, Calif, to accept Warrant as Pay Clerk. Promoted and given a Commission as a Chief Pay Clerk January 25, 1924. Due for retirement after 30 years service on October 18, 1935.

Married November 2, 1916 to Ella Emma Thompson of Nicollett, Minnesota, born January 12, 1896 the daughter of William R. and Elvira Amanda Dunn (Dinsmore) Thompson.

Mr. and Mrs. Cossairt are Republicans in politics. Mrs. Cossairt a member of the Episcopal Church of Coronado, Calif., and a member of the Eastern Star Lodge. Mr. Cossairt is a Knight Templar, a Scottish Rite Mason and a member of the Shriners.

CHILD:
8789 i. Joseph Arthur Cossairt, Jr., born September 18, 1917 at Los Angeles, Calif. Student. Expects soon to begin the study of Medicine and Surgery at the University of California.

1.2.6.9.3.4.3.2.5 542 WILLIAM FRANCIS COSSAIRT:

(Son of Jacob 335).

William Francis Cossairt born May 26, 1870, near Hermitage, Hickory County, Missouri. He was named for his paternal and maternal grandparents. William assisted his father with the farm work in both Illinois and Missouri until he was about eighteen years of age. He then went to Chicago and lived with his brother Perry where he worked on the same steamers with him as fireman. He attended the first world's fair at Chicago in 1893. Soon after the exposition he returned to his parents home at Leora, Missouri, and married Martha Allsup, a young lady of near Idalia, Mo. Martha died about 1894/5 and is buried at Leora. After the death of his father, William worked on his mothers farm at Leora for a time. Later he worked for William Bacon of near Leora and then with George Baker near Bloomfield at farming. After removing his mother to Bloomfield, William went to the state of Washington and homesteaded some Government land in the vicinity of Spokane. He gave this venture up and returned to Bloomfield after he had visited with relatives in Hickory County, Missouri. There he met and married his cousin Hettie Patterson. This couple rented the Jim Buck farm near Bloomfield. In 1909 this couple removed to Newcastle, Placer County, California, where Hettie died in 1916. William married a third time to Lois M. Story, born June 1, 1874 in Clinton County, Ky. Mr. Cossairt has the reputation of being a hard working and industrious rancher, and an upright citizen. He now lives on Wolfe Route, Auburn, Placer County, Calif. where he is engaged in fruit growing. He is a Republican in politics. William has furnished considerable amount of genealogical data on the various members of the family, which has been incorporated herein. The following data are extracts from his letters:

"Father lived in Hickory County when the Civil War broke out. He was living on the Osage river and was farming with Mr. Quigg. Both were drafted into the Southern Army. They had to get away quick so both went to Jefferson City, Mo., and enlisted in the Northern Army for 90 days. When their time expired they returned to Hickory County, Missouri, where they helped recruit Company I, 8th Missouri State Militia Cavalry.

I believe father and mother lived, in Kansas a short time before they came to Hickory County.

Father was present when General Marmaduke was captured. and. he was with that part of the army detailed. to guard. 3,000 prisoners.

Mother and Mrs. Quigg lived together in Hickory County until it became unsafe for the women to live thus alone so father moved mother to Springfield, where she lived in the post. She remained here until things got too serious, then she sent her to St. Louis where it was considered more safe. Not being acquainted here she did not remain long but went to Iowa and lived with her parents until the war was over.

Father had to move out of Missouri to keep from being killed by the returned ex-bushwhackers
who knew him. He did so much scouting in southwest Missouri that almost everyone knew or heard of him. Father was very active and tireless and was not satisfied with a partial victory. He wanted to keep things moving fast and furious. He had both friends and enemies among the southerners in Hickory County.

Father was in the saw-mill business in both Indiana and Illinois. He also farmed in Illinois.

Your mother's name was Eldora, but we all called her Dora for short."

William Cossairt never had any children.

1.2.6.9.3.4.3.2.6  543  CHARLES COSSAIRT:
(Son of Jacob 335).

Charles Cossairt was born in Adams County, Indiana, in 1874. He was married about 1898 to Abigail Smith, a widow, with a son by the name of Elmer. She owned a farm near Essex, Stoddard Co., Missouri. After farming for several years Charles sold out and settled at Bloomfield, Mo., for a few years where he was employed in a stave mill. About 1900 he removed to Dexter, Mo. where he followed the same line of work. After the death of Mrs. Cossairt all their children excepting Elmer and Hettie the eldest daughter went to the Missouri Baptist Orphans Home at St. Louis, where, it is said, they were all adopted out into good homes. One of these children married wealth and returned to Bloomfield to visit relatives. Charles removed to Ohio and worked on the railroads where he lost his life in an accident. His daughter Hettie Alice returned to Dexter and married. She had five children. Her family removed to Illinois where she died in 1922. Charles and Abigail had the following children.

CHILDREN:
8-682  i.  Hetty Alice Cossairt, born Circa 1899. Was named for her grandmother. Married Frank Staab had five children. Removed from Dexter, Mo., to Illinois where she died in 1922.
8-683  ii.  Nellie Cossairt, born Circa 1900. Married into a wealthy Washington family. Returned to Dexter to visit relatives.
8-684  iii.  Pearl Cossairt. No further record. Born Circa 1901.
8-685  iv.  Ivah Cossairt, born Circa 1902. No further record.
8-686  v.  George Cossairt, born Circa 1903. No further record.

1.2.6.9.3.4.3.2.7  544  EPHRAIM COSSAIRT:  (William Cossairt)
(Son of Jacob 335).

Ephraim Cossairt was born in Adams County, Indiana, near Decatur, in 1874. He and Charles were twins.

Ephraim left home at the age of 16 years and went to live for a time with his aunt Jane Williams at Lyons, Kansas. This was about 1892. He then went to Texas where he worked on cattle ranches. About 1894 he returned to Missouri and visited with relatives. He then went to Mexico and began working a silver mine in the state of Chihuahua. Owing to a Yaki Indian uprising he gave up this venture and went to Europe and worked as a seaman. After visiting in England he returned to the United States and went to Wyoming where he worked on the railroad and on ranches. While working on the railroad he fell and broke his leg. The next time heard from Ephraim was in Alaska working in the gold fields. Here he spent several years, returning to Seattle, Washington, he purchased the "steam screw John Paul Jones #224058", a 16 ton tug, and the "Opal #K-541" another tug and towed timber to the various saw mills about Puget Sound. The last time heard from "Eph" was back in Alaska with his boats. In 1925 he fell while securing a raft of logs and breaking his leg. He was a patient in the Marine Hospital at Port Townsend, Wash., from July 17, 1923 to January 10, 1924. He has been using the Christian name of William for several years because he did not like the name "Ephraim". Single.

1.2.6.9.3.4.3.2.8  545  ALBERT COSSAIRT:
Albert Cossairt born February 14, 1877 near Decatur, Adams County, Indiana. As a young man he engaged in farming and later in life became a carpenter and contractor of Stoddard County, Mo. Married Laura Huggins of near Bloomfield, Mo., born October 31, 1879, and died at St. Louis, Mo., July 2, 1929. Albert visited relatives in California in 1922, returning to Bloomfield, Mo., where he remained for a time and then went to Florida where he died about 1928.

**CHILDREN:**


8-688 ii. Cassie Ann Cossairt, b. at Dexter, Mo., September 30, 1905, m. November 26, 1926 to Byron S. (Bob) Gaines, a barber of Bloomfield, MO. Cassie is to be commended for the excellent way in which she reared her younger brothers and sister after the death of her parents. Sending them to school until they graduated from High School.

8-689 iii. Arthur Cossairt, b. at Dexter, Mo., November 7, 1907. Married December 12, 1934 and lives at Converse, Tex. He is serving in the Quartermaster Department of the U.S. Army as a Sergeant.


8-691 v. Robert Cossairt, b. at Bloomfield, Mo., November 14, 1911. Works at the butchers trade in Bloomfield.

8-692 vi. Ralph Cossairt, b. at Bloomfield, Mo., March 3, 1914. A high school graduate and was a member of the local basket ball team which won several hard fought games. Ralph married November 25, 1934: to Lucille Chapman the only daughter of & farmer living 3½ miles north of Bloomfield.


8-694 viii. Mary Eleanor Cossairt, b. at Bloomfield, Mo., December 31, 1921. Chosen to make salutatory address for her class which graduated in 1935. (8th grade).

1.2.6.9.3.4.3.2.9  546  JOHN OLIVER COSSAIRT:

(Son of Jacob 335).

John Oliver Cossairt born in Fulton County, near Astoria, Illinois, December 8, 1881. John was very popular with the younger set, but inclined to be a bit wild and to get into trouble occasionally. He followed farming, traveling with the circus, and later became boss lineman for telephone and telegraph companies in the mid-west. He installed lines in Siberia, Russia. Worked for a time with his brother "Eph" in gold mines of Alaska. In 1918 he was married and was working for a telephone company at Springfield, Mo. His first wife died and he married a second wife and resided at Independence, Missouri. No further record.

1.2.6.9.3.4.3.3  336  ELIZA ANN COSSAIRT:

(Daughter of Francis 207).

Eliza (Elizabeth) Ann Cossairt, was born in Indiana, probably Jay County, October 7, 1835, died October 5, 1910. Her daughters thought she was born in Darke County, Ohio, near the Wayne County, Indiana line. However, the census records show that she was born in the state of Indiana. Eliza died in Hickory County, Missouri, October 5, 1910, and is buried at Nemo, same county.

Eliza married John C. Patterson, born in Ohio, November 5, 1829. He died March 6, 1900, and is buried at the same place as his wife above. Mr. Patterson was a member of Company "E", 3rd. Iowa Volunteer Cavalry. At the time of his enlistment he was 32 years old and was residing at Troy, Iowa. He enlisted August 17, 1861, was mustered into service September 4, 1861, and was mustered out September 19, 1864. His regiment was engaged in operating against guerrillas at Boonville, Glasgow, Fulton, and in Northwestern Missouri: at Lebanon, and in southwest

Census records:

1870

John C. Patterson, Hickory County, Mo., 1870: age 39; occupation - house carpenter, born in Ohio; value of personal estate $300.00

Eliza A. Patterson, age 32, born in Indiana.
CHILDREN:
Sarah A. Patterson, age 10: born in Iowa.
Francis A. Patterson, age 5: born in Iowa.
Josephine Patterson, age 3: born in Iowa.

This would indicate that the Pattersons removed from Iowa and settled in Hickory County, Missouri, sometime after 1867.

Census record:

1880

John C. Patterson Green Township, Hickory County, Missouri, June 7, 1880: enumerated by J. S. Hartsman. Age 50: farmer, born in Ohio; father and mother born in Tenn.

Eliza A. Patterson age 45, wife: born in Indiana: father and mother both born
CHILDREN:
Josephine, Patterson, Age 13: born in Iowa: attending school.
George F. Patterson, age 10: born in Mo.: attending school.
Etta J. Patterson, age 6: born in Mo.
Eliza J. Patterson, age 4: born in Iowa.
Effie L. Patterson, age 1: born in Mo.


Mrs. Patterson stepped off a porch while visiting a neighbor breaking her leg and dislocated hip which caused her to be an invalid until her death. She is buried at Nemo, also Mr. Patterson, Eliza Knight and baby, Effie's boy and girl are all buried at the same place.

CHILDREN:

547  i.  Mary E. Patterson, born December 28, 1857, died August 13, 1863.
548  ii.  Clara E. Patterson, born September 1, 1869, died August 13, 1863.
549  iii.  Sarah Alice Patterson, born September 1, 1859, died July 15, 1898.
550  iv.  Francis A. Patterson, born July 28, 1865, died August 9, 1874.
551  v.  Josephine (Josie) B. Patterson, born May 11, 1867.
552  vi.  George F. Patterson, born November 28, 1870: married Cora E. Holmes and they reside near Auburn, Placer Co., California.
554  viii.  Eliza J. Patterson, born June 17, 1876, died August 4, 1899.
555  ix.  Effie L. Patterson, born April 22, 1878, in Hickory County, Missouri. Lives at Auburn, Placer County, California.

549

SARAH ALICE PATTERSON:

(Daughter of 336).
Sarah Alice Patterson, born September 1, 1859, died July 15, 1898. Married Thomas McConnell in August 1877, died August 16, 1933.

**CHILDREN:**

( ) i. Ella McConnell, m. 1st time Lawrence Countermarsh and they had a daughter Myrt who married Mr. Lougheed, and this couple had a son named Ellis. Ella married 2nd time to Frank Ellis.

( ) ii. Lena McConnell, married James Carr who died.

**CHILDREN:**

a. Alice Carr, m. F. Dyrsmid, June 29, 1929 an Electrical Engineer. Alice is a school teacher. Residence: Redondo Beach, Calif.

b. Frances Carr, married Alton Morrison.

**CHILDREN:**

1. Anito Morrison.
2. William James Morrison.

iii. Frank McConnell, b. in Hickory Co., Mo., married Lulu.

**CHILDREN:**

a. Lester McConnell.

b. Chester McConnell.

c. Frances McConnell.

The McConnells were among the early settlers of Hickory Co., Mo. Thomas P. McConnell removed to the state of Oregon and thence to Newcastle, Placer County, California, where his wife Sarah died.

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JOSEPHINE BONAPARTE PATTERSON:

(Daughter of Eliza Ann 336).

Josephine (Josie) B. Patterson born July 28, 1865 at Mt. Pleasant, Henry County, Iowa. She is a widow and resides at Preston, Hickory County, Mo. She visited her children and grandchildren living in California during the year 1933.

Josie married 1st time July 2, 1885 at the home of her parents to James Madison Hooper, born near Warsaw, Benton County, Mo. He died January 3, 1886 on his farm near Warsaw, and is buried near Bell, in same county. He was the son of George Hooper and Sabrina Baily.

**CHILDREN:**

( ) i. Bessie Jones Hooper, b. April 18, 1886, near Urbana, Mo., d. January 6, 1887 and is buried in the cemetery near the place of her birth.

Josie married 2nd time July 2, 1889 at the home of her father to Samuel Barnhart Selby, born in 1839 in Westmoreland County, Pa., died May 17, 1917 at his home one mile south of Preston, Hickory Co., Mo., which farm was on the Bolivar road. He was the son of Eli Colter Selby b. in Westmoreland Co., Pa., in 1821, of English parentage. The mother of Samuel was Nancy Barnhart-Selby, born in 1821 in Bradford Co., Pa. and was of Scotch-German descent. The parents of Samuel were married in 1838. Samuel served as a Sergeant in the 9th Provisional Missouri Regiment during the Civil War.

**CHILDREN:**

( ) ii. Bevia Agnes Selby, b. 8/5/1890, and died 8/21/1890 and is buried at Urbana, Mo.

( ) iii. Grace Ann Selby, b. May 22, 1892, m. Homer King of Hickory Co., MO. He is a farmer and Stock raiser.

**CHILDREN:**


b. Zelma Frances King, b. September 23, 1919.


d. Billy Sheldon King, b. August 7, 1931.

( ) iv. Maud Edith Selby, born December 19, 1896/7 near Preston, Mo. Married January 2, 1916 to Willis H. Shinn, born and raised near Hermitage, Mo. Before her marriage, Maud taught school. This couple now resides near Auburn, Placer Co., Calif., where Mr. Shinn is employed by the Pacific Gas and Electric Co.
CHILDREN:
a. Ruby Elen Shinn, b. October 26, 1916 in Knoxville, Iowa. She was in her third year of
     High School in 1933.
c. Alice Josephine Shinn, born near Almon, Mo. in 1921.
d. Willamae Shinn, born in Hickory Co., Mo.
e. Vera Lou Shinn, b. September 30, 1930 at Auburn, Placer County, Calif.

( ) v. John Theodore Selby, b. November 4, 1904 at Preston, Hickory Co., Mo. Came to Santa
     Paula, Ventura Co., in 1928 and is engaged in the mercantile business.

554 ELIZA JOSEPHINE PATTERSON:
(Daughter of Eliza Ann Cossairt 336).

Eliza J. Patterson, born June 17, 1876, died August 4, 1899; married J. Knight born December 25,
     1875.

CHILD:
( ) i. Mamie Alice Knight, married Robert Signeon and they were residing in Kansas City, Mo.
     in 1933.

555 EFFIE L. PATTERSON:
(Daughter of Eliza Ann Cossairt 336).

Effie L. Patterson born April 22, 1878, in Hickory County, Missouri. Married John E. Taylor
     December 24, 1901. Mr. Taylor was also born in the same county. His parents came to Hickory
     Co., Mo. from Tennessee. The Taylors reside on R.F.D. (Box 69½) Auburn, Placer County,
     California. Mrs. Taylor has assisted with the tabulation of the descendants of her mother’s family.
     She is in possession of the old family bible which has a record of births, marriages and deaths.
     Also has several very old photographs of Various members of the Cossairt family.

Mr. Taylor is a giant in size and strength, as is his son George Taylor.

CHILDREN:
( ) i. John Perry Taylor, born October 23, 1902, died February 8, 1905.
( ) ii. Minnie Myrtle Taylor, born June 12, 1904, married James Noel Amlin, August 25, 1924.

CHILDREN:
a. James Noel Amlin Jr., born May 27, 1926;
b. Joan May Amlin, born September 6, 1931.
( ) iii. Grace May Taylor, born November 29, 1905. Married John A. Hunt, June 26, 1927, and
     they reside at Newcastle, Placer Co., Calif., 1933.
( ) v. George Washington Taylor, born April 18, 1911.

1.2.6.9.3.4.3.4 337 JOHN COSSAIRT:
(Son of Francis 207).

John Cossairt was born May 13, 1837, in Indiana, probably in Jay County, removed to Iowa with
his parents. Very little authentic information is known about John Cossairt. It is claimed that at
the outbreak of the Civil War he was keeping books in Missouri. He was probably drafted into the
Southern Army and served therein. Some members of the family claim that he was a Union spy
and served in both the Union and Southern Armies. A search of the War Department records
failed to find his record either in the northern or southern army. It might be possible that he
served under another name.

After the war John returned home and accompanied his father to Kansas to locate suitable land.
Neither liked the state, the father returning to Ringgold County, Iowa, and John went out west.
He was heard from as late as 1884 when all record of him ceased. It is claimed by members of his family that he owned gold mines in both Ute Creek and Elizabethtown, New Mexico. John’s partner in the mining business was killed by bandits. After this he sold out and went to Arizona. He married an Indian woman and is said to have had nine children by her. He was known throughout the southwest as “Big Jack” Cossairt and at one time ran for sheriff. Sent Indian curios to relatives in Missouri.

1.2.6.9.3.4.3.5 338  WILLIAM FLETCHER COSSAIRT:

(Son of Francis 207).

William Fletcher Cossairt, was born June 23, 1839, in Jay County, Indiana. Died January 30, 1862. He was accidentally killed while out on scouting duty during the Civil War. Married a Miss Barber or Boyer and had one daughter that was burned to death. Wife's parents lived either at Booneville or Jefferson City, Mo.

His military record on file in the War Department, Washington, D. C., shows that he enlisted as a Private in Company “G”, 26th Missouri Infantry; was enrolled November 13, 1861, at California, Moniteau County, Mo., for three years; was mustered into service January 9, 1862, at Medora, Missouri, and that he died January 30, 1862, at Medora, of accidental gun shot. He was carried on the rolls as William Cossairt and also as William Cassairt.

1.2.6.9.3.4.3.6 339  SARAH ELIZABETH COSSAIRT:

(Daughter of Francis 207).

Sarah Elizabeth Cossairt, was born in Indiana, January 14, 1842, and died in the state of Oregon July 27, 1915. She married 1st time February 15, 1857 to Alexander Rogers in Ringgold County, Iowa. Mr. Rogers served in the Union Army during the Civil War. He was captured by the Confederates and imprisoned in a southern military prison where he died of starvation and disease. Sarah married 2nd. time, to Edward E. Beezley of Arkansas, and they removed to Portland, Oregon, from Missouri.

Census record: 1870.
Edward E. Beazley, Green Township, Hickory County, Mo., 1870. Age 39 years; born in Illinois.
Sarah A. Beazley; age 37; born in Illinois.

1880.
Edward E. Beezley, Green Township, Hickory County, Mo., 1880; age 49, farmer and nurseryman; born in Illinois; father and mother both born in Ohio.
Sarah E. Beezley; age 37; born in Indiana; father and mother both born in Ohio.
CHILDREN:
Benjamin F., age 4; born in Missouri.
John E., age 2; born in Missouri.

The following obituary appeared in an Oregon paper after the death of Sarah:

“Sarah Elizabeth Beezley was born February 14, 1843 in Wayne County, Indiana. In her twelfth year with her father's family she moved to Henry County, Iowa, and a few years later to Ringgold County, Iowa. At the age of eighteen she was married to Alexander Rodgers who gave his life for his country in the Civil War; to this union one son was born. At the close of the Civil War in company with her father’s family she moved to Hickory County, Missouri, where in 1873 she was married to Edward F. Beezley who passed away in Falls City, Oregon, six year's ago.

To this union five children were born, three of whom are still living. Benjamin F. of Portland,
Oregon: John E. of Salem, Oregon and Jessie L. of Port Angeles, Washington.

In 1888 the family moved, to Polk County, Oregon. She spent most of her remaining years near Falls City. During the last two years she tried living in Newport and Salem, respectively, but was not satisfied anywhere except at the old home in Falls City where she died Tuesday morning July 27, 1915 at the age of 72 years.

Mrs. Beezley had been a devout member of the Christian Church for more than twenty years.

Funeral services were conducted at the Christian Church at two o'clock Wednesday afternoon by Elder B. F. Hicks. Interment in the old cemetery.

CHILD: (By 1st marriage)

i. A son (David Rogers).

CHILDREN: (By 2nd. marriage).

ii. A child, died in infancy.

iii. A child, died young.

iv. Benjamin F. Beezley of Portland., Oregon. A civil Engineer connected with the U.S. Engineers. Surveyed Polk County, Oregon.

v. John E. Beezley of Salem, Oregon (1915). Letter addressed to him in 1933 returned to sender.

vi. Jessie L. Beezley of Port Angeles, Washington (1915). Letter addressed to him in 1933 was returned to sender. Present whereabouts not known.

JAMES K. POLK COSSAIRT:

(Son of Francis 207).

James K. Polk Cossairt was born April 1, 1844 in Warren County, Ohio, died April 17, 1912 in Hickory County, Missouri, and is buried at Urbana, Dallas County, Mo., just across the county line from his old home.

James came to Hickory County about 1865 or soon after the war where he joined his father’s family. Here he met and married May 23, 1872 Mary E. Lindsey, born March 26, 1842, died May 11, 1917. She was the daughter of James Lindsey and Cynthia Jones. James Lindsey her father, was the son of Amos Lindsey who was born in South Carolina, December 25, 1785 and who was the first son of Abraham Lindsey who was an officer in the Continental Army in the war of the Revolution. While yet a young man Amos Lindsey emigrated to Virginia, where he married Mary Madison in 1810, and they removed to Butler County, Kentucky. In 1834 they further removed to Illinois and thence to Hickory County, Mo., settling on "Fifteen Mile Prairie", in 1837.

It appears that the Cossairt family lived for many years on their farm near Urbana, but across the county line in Hickory County. The widow was pensioned by the Government up to the date of her death, May 11, 1917. The military record of Mr. Cossairt shows that he enlisted as "James Cassairt", private in Company K, 4th Missouri State Militia Cavalry; was enrolled April 12, 1862, and that he was mustered out of Company B, same regiment, to which Company he had been transferred from Company E, the same regiment, on May 14, 1865, at St. Louis, Mo.

His personal description at time of enlistment is recorded as follows: Age 18 years; height 6 feet 3 inches; complexion, light; eyes dark blue; hair, light brown; born in Warren County, Ohio; occupation, farmer.

James was unable to get his parents consent to enlist as his father and other brothers were already in the service. James was sent out to the pasture to drive in some cattle one Sunday evening. He did not return home but went to St. Joseph, Mo., from Ringgold County, Iowa, where he enlisted.

After the war James was elected presiding Judge of Hickory County, Mo., in 1898 for the years 1899, 1900, 1901 and 1902. It is said that he disliked the "K Polk" part of his name and never used it, but writing his name simply James Cossairt. He was a tall, raw-boned man of fine, soldierly appearance.

It appears from records that James spent most of his time in the hospital after July 1, 1863, either as a patient or a nurse. Up to this time his regiment performed the following duties:

- Pursuit of General Coffee August 8 — September 1, 1862;
- Between Stockton and Humansville till September 30;
- Joined Totten’s division, Army of the Frontier: Oxford Bend, near Fayetteville, Ark., Oct 27—28:
- Expedition to Jasper and Barton Counties November 27—28.
- Operation against Marmaduke in Missouri December 31, 1862 to January 25, 1863.
- Defense of Springfield, Mo., January 8, 1863. Duty in Central Missouri and guarding the Missouri Pacific Railway with headquarters at La Mere Bridge, Jefferson City, Tipton, Sedalia and Warrenburg, Mo.
- Operations against Princeton May 4, 1863.
- Waverly June 1 (Cos. B. and C).
- Sibley June 23, 1863.

Extracts from Company's muster rolls:
- March and April 1863 — Furnished horse and equipage for 10 days."
- May and June 1863 - On detached service as scout."
- July to August 1864 - sick in Hospital at Kansas City.
- September 1864 — Sick at Jefferson City, no service since April 13, 1864."  
- October 1864 — Sick at Kansas City since July 1, 1864."  
- November 1864 (Co. E) - November 12, 1864 - Soldier was transferred from Co. K to Company E, 4th Reg. Mo. Cavalry."  
- November 1864 (Co. E) - Absent on detached duty since July 1, 1863."
- January 1865 — Absent sick at Kansas City since July 1, 1863."
- February 1865 - absent sick at General Hospital, Fort Leavensworth, Kan., since July 1, 1863. March 1865 - same."
- April 1865 (Co. B consolidated detachment, 4th Regt. Mo. Cavalry - absent at Kansas City)."
- May 1865 — Discharged by reason of expiration of term of service May 13, 1865."  

Returns:

  Special Order, No. 18.
  Private James Cassairt Co. K, 4th Regt. Missouri State Militia Cavalry discharged from Hospital at Fort Leavensworth, and ordered to report to Commanding Officer, Kansas City, Mo., is hereby detached as Hospital Nurse at General Hospital, Kansas City, Mo. and will forthwith report to George H. Hood, Acting Assistant Surgeon, U.S. Army, in Charge of Hospital.

By order of Chester Harding Jr., Colonel, 43rd Mo. Volunteers, Commanding 4th Sub. District.
/s/ G. Salzman,
Acting Assistant Adjutant General.

The following extracts were taken from the pension records by the compiler in August 1934:

- "James Cassairt, Private Company K, 4th Regiment Missouri State Militia Cavalry.
- "Mary E. Cassairt died May 11, 1917. Received, pension of $20.00 per month. Born near Preston, Hickory County, Mo., March 26, 1842."
- "James Cassairt received $30.00 pension per month from 1909 for disease of chest, result of pneumonia — pneumonia fever, resulting through bad treatment, in disease of lungs, accompanied by bad cough, which was contracted at Greenfield, MO., January 1863. He says: "I was left sick in quarters at Greenfield, Mo., in January 1863, one day and night without any attendent, then a citizen doctor took me to private house where I was placed in very uncomfortable room without any attendant except an old lady that didn’t pay much attention to me and I was often without fire in the room sufficient to keep me warm. The doctor is now dead. I received hospital treatment in General Hospital Kansas City, Mo., in June 1863 to May 1865. The hospital that I was first in at Kansas City was a frame building located on Grand Avenue, McGees addition, east side. The last hospital I was in was a brick building located on west side Grand Ave., McGees addition,
Kansas City, Mo. Since my discharge I have been one-half disabled for performing labor during each year and as I grow older I get worse and I am now totally disabled from earning a living. I have performed light labor about half the time since my discharge. But have not been able to do much work as making rails or making a hand in the harvest fields or about a threshing machine as the heat and dust affects my lungs and causes hard breathing and aggravates my cough with pains in chest and lungs accompanied by general weakness so that I am not able to do anything for sometime after doing such work as I have to do sometimes in order to save my crop. Witnesses: I. N. Reser and L. B. Slavens.

/s/ JAMES COSSAIRT.

The affidavit of Philip Spencer states that: “I am acquainted with James Cossairt and was a member of the same Company and that while at Greenfield, Mo., the company was doing some very hard scouting duty nearly all the time in the night after Jackman and the Mayfield Brothers, three guerrilla leaders that infested, that country and while in line of duty Mr. Cossairt caught pneumonia about January 25, 1863 and was ordered to Springfield, Mo. Claimant was examined, by a citizen Doctor and was pronounced unable to go with us and he was left sick in the quarters and on or about the 20th of February 1863 he joined the command at Springfield., Mo., still unable to do duty and from that date until about the middle of June 1863 not being able to do duty. He was then sent to the General Hospital at Kansas City, Mo.”

“James died about April 17, 1912. Lived on a farm near Urbana, Dallas County, Mo., from date of marriage till date of death. Widow still lives on old homestead. They were married on 23rd. May 1872.”

CHILDREN:

556  i. Amos Francis Cossairt, born August 23, 1874, in Hickory County, Mo., lives in Kansas City, Mo.


NOTE: There may have been others children to this union, but if so, compiler was unable to obtain their names.

556  AMOS FRANCIS COSSAIRT:

(Son of James K. P. 340).

Amos Cossairt, born August 23, 1874. Married Barbara L. McCracken, May 21, 1896. Amos taught school in Hickory Co., Mo., where he was born, and was County Clerk and Recorder in 1907. He is now a traveling salesman and resides at 2844 Olive Street, Kansas City, Mo. Has dark brown hair and gray eyes.

CHILDREN:

( ) i. Opal Cossairt, married F. Werner Miller, a dentist and they reside at 2611 Cleveland Ave., Kansas City, Mo. (1933).

( ) ii. Aurilla Cossairt

( ) iii. Ermil Cossairt.

( ) iv. Fletcher L. Cossairt.

( ) v. Mack Cossairt.

NOTE: Amos F. Cossairt may have married a second time as the City Directory of Kansas City shows an Ella E. Cossairt living at the same address. (1932).

557  OLIVER LINCOLN COSSAIRT:

(Son of James K. P. Cossairt 340).

Oliver Lincoln Cossairt of 1038 East Blaine Street, Springfield, Mo., born November 3, 1877, at Preston, Hickory county, Mo. Married March 10, 1901 at Preston to Julia Adellia Stevens, born August 23, 1877, died July 8 1921 at Springfield, Mo. She was the daughter of Abraham (Abe) Stevens. Oliver is listed as a carpenter in the city directory.
CHILDREN:
( ) i. Agnes Elsie Cossairt, born April 19, 1904, married Russell Dupins at age of 23.
   CHILD:
     a Betty Jean Dupins, b. June 22, 1928.
( ) ii. Lolita Gladys Cossairt, born April 16, 1906.
( ) iii. Linna Christine Cossairt, born March 30, 1909.
( ) iv. Herbert Warren Cossairt, born March 22, 1911.
   CHILD:
     a Mary Catherine Cossairt, born September 26, 1931.
( ) v. Olin Kenneth Stevens Cossairt, born November 6, 1913.
( ) vi. Kirby Louis Cossairt, born May 6, 1916.

1.2.6.9.3.4.3.8 341  GEORGE WASHINGTON COSSAIRT:

(Son of Francis 207).

George Washington Cossairt was born September 5, 1846 in Jay County, Indiana, and died in Ringgold County, Iowa, January 16, 1865 and is buried in the Middle Fork Cemetery where his headstone may be seen. The inscription thereon reads: “George W. Cossairt, born September 5, 1846, died April 2, 1865.” It is said by old residents of the community that George had a military funeral.

He enlisted in Company G, 4th Iowa Volunteer Infantry on December 4, 1861 and served with his father and eldest brother, Henry, George was 16 years of age when he first enlisted, and was discharged for physical disability on October 14, 1862. He re-enlisted in the Union army as a veteran in Company “C”, 9th Iowa Volunteer Cavalry at the age of 18, giving his residence at that time as Bloomfield, Davis County, Iowa. This re-enlistment took place August 27, 1863 and was mustered into service on November 30, 1863. He died January 16, 1865 in Ringgold County, Iowa.

The 9th Iowa Volunteer Cavalry served as follows:


NOTE: The dates of enlistments, discharges and companies served in and the date of death were taken from the Roster of Iowa Soldiers as published by the Adjutant General of that state. J.A.C.

The following notes are extracts made from the service records of George which are on file in Washington. Copied by the compiler.

Extracts from Company Muster rolls:
“January and February 1821 — Absent sick at Wet Glease since February.”
“May and June 1862 — Sick at Batesville since June 20, 1862.”
“In Hospital Jefferson Barracks, July 17, 1862.”
“September and October 1862 - Sick at Jefferson Barracks since July 17, 1862.”
“November and December 1862 - Discharged and final statement given October 14, 1862.”
“July and August 1862 — was employed as cook.”

Appears on the returns as follows:
“December 1861 · joined Company by enlistment December 13, Rolla, Mo.”
“February 1862 · Absent without leave.”
“June 1862 — Absent · sick at Jacksonport since June 20.”
“July 1862 — Absent sick at Hospital in St. Louis from July 16, 1862.”
August and October 1862 - Absent sick at Hospital at Jefferson Barracks, since July 17, 1862.

"November 1862 — Absent sick. Sent to Hospital Jefferson Barracks, Mo., July 17. Supposed to be discharged.

"December 1862 Discharged for general debility October 13, 1862 at St. Louis, Mo."

Company Description Book:

"Age 16; height 5 feet 7 inches; complexion, light; eyes, gray; hair, brown; born in Jay County, Indiana enlisted December 4, at Mt. Ayr, Iowa by Captain L. Hopkins for 3 years. Discharged on Surgeons Certificate at St. Louis, Mo., October 14, 1862."

Copy of certificate:

"I certify, that I have carefully examined the said George W. Cossairt of Captain Surys Company and find him incapable of performing the duties of a soldier because of Tuberculosis of right lung, increased action of the heart and general debility. Has done no duty for three months. General Hospital, Jefferson Barracks, Mo., October 7, 1862.

/s/ J. H. Grove, Surgeon."

"Discharged this 13 day of October 1862 at St. Louis, Mo."

"/s/ J. M. Dundson Brig. General and Military Commander, St. Louis, District of Mo."

Extract from the muster rolls of Company C, 9th Iowa Volunteer Cavalry:

"Enlisted August 27, 1863 at Bloomfield, Iowa, for 3 years.” “Bounty paid $25.00. Enlisted as Veteran.

"January and February 1864 - Sick at Hospital, Benton Barracks, Mo."

"September and October 1864 — Absent sick in General Hospital, Little Rock, Ark., since October 14, 1864.

"November and December 1864 Sick in General Hospital Keokuk, Iowa, since October 14, 1864." (The muster rolls from January to December 1865 show him sick at this place).

Notation on record:

"War Department',
Adjoint General's Office,
September 20, 1879.
Admitted on board Hospital Steamer D.A. January, October 12, 1864 from Dauvall's Bluff, Ark., for treatment for bronchitis and was transferred October 23, 1864. Entered General Hospital, Jefferson Barracks, Mo., October 22, 1864 with chronic diarrhore and was transferred November 2, 1864. Entered General Hospital Keokuk, Iowa, November 3, 1864 with chronic bronchitis: was furloughed January 16, 1865 for 20 days. No record of his return.”

"War Department',
Adjoint General's Office.
Washington, D. C., March 17, 1881.

The charge of desertion from furlough of January 16, 1865 is removed.

Was sick at home and unable to travel from date of expiration of furlough to April 2, 1865 when he died at his home, cause of death not stated."

Name on records is also shown as “Cossart.”

George was never married, therefore no issue.

Copies of old letters written by George W. Cossairt to his parents and relatives:

"Pulaski,
David County, Iowa,
August 10, 1863.

Dear Father:
It is with the greatest of pleasure that I take my pen in hand to let you know that I am well at this time and I hope when these few lines come to hand they will find you all well.

We had a good rain here this morning, but it has been a dry season and the corn does not amount to much. There will not be enough raised to do the people.

Well Pap I can't get any work to do. In fact there is no work to be had, so I can't get money to come home on. It will take $5.00 to take me home. If you want me to come home very soon you had better send me the money. Uncles folks are all well at this time. Uncle Henry went down to Pulaski this morning and when he came back home he told Aunt Jane that he was going to join the Army, and she said that she will follow him as long as there is a button on his coat. You had better send me the money to come home on quick for if Uncle goes into the army I might go with him. I would get $400 bonus (bounty) if I enlist again. I think I shall see you soon. Well good bye for this time.
This from G. W. Cossairt. To Father and Mother."

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"Ottumwa, Iowa,
September 12, 1863.

Dear Father:

It is with the greatest of pleasure, etc., etc.

I am at Ottumwa, Iowa, in the Army. Our company is going into the 9th Cavalry. I left Uncle Henry's last Monday. They were all well then. The next move will be in about two weeks. We are going to Davenport. I don't care how long we stay here nor how soon we leave. We haven't much to do, only have to drill twice each day. We have a good set of boys in our company. About the best I have ever seen. I am going to stay with them as long as I can stand alone. Father, I want you to send me my discharge so I can draw my $400 bounty, then I can send home some money. I have to have my discharge to prove my former service. Please send it right away. Well good bye for this time. I remain your son until death. This from G. W. Cossairt.

To Father and Mother."

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"Camp Roberts,
Davenport, Iowa,
November 27th, 1863.

Dear Father and Mother:

It is with the greatest of pleasure, etc. etc.

Received, your letter the other day and was glad to hear that you were all well. I got a letter from James and he was well when he wrote. He was in Kansas City, Mo. He is helping cook in the Hospital. Jacob is at Springfield, Mo. Haven't had a letter from Uncle Henries' for some time. They are awful careless about writing. There is a report that we will be discharged on Monday, but I think it is all a lie. I won't have been in the service three months. I don't know what I will do yet, but I think I will get into an old company or regiment. We are here under a Dutch captain. I am not going to be mustered in under him. I will lay in the guard house six months before I will be mustered in under him. I don't know whether I can get a furlough or not. If you want to send me anything you had better send it with Simpson for I can't tell when I can get a furlough. I haven't got my veteran papers fixed up yet, and if I don't get them fixed I won't be mustered in. This is a tolerable cold day here. We are on a high hill and when the wind blows it gets cold. We are about two miles from town. I don't do much here, we do not drill much, but have dress-parade one each day. There is a bridge across the Mississippi River here and is three quarters of a mile long. The cars run over it every day. This from G. W. Cossairt. To Father and Mother."

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"January 23rd, 1864.

Dear Mother:

It is with great pleasure, etc.
I send you my picture and twenty dollars. I will put it in the case behind the picture. The picture and case cost me three dollars and a half. This from G. W. Cossairt. To his Mother.

“Lawson Hospital, Ward 2, St. Louis, Mo., April 1, 1864.

Dear Father and Mother:

It is with great pleasure that I take my pen in hand to let you know that I am well at this time and I hope when these few lines come to hand they may find you all well and hearty. I received your kind, letter yesterday and I was glad to hear from you and to hear that you were well and hearty.

I got a letter from James and he was well when he wrote. I got a letter from John Patterson a few days ago and he was well when he wrote. Joseph Cassat is with him. They were at Little Rock, Ark., and will be here in a few days, Elias Cassat is here now. I am going to get a transfer into their Company if I can so we can all be together for I do not like the company I am in and I don’t want to stay in it if I can help it. You said you didn’t think Eliza Ann had lost any money. Well I don’t know whether she did or not. But I think she lost some money Patterson sent her by a discharged soldier who stole it, as he came up the river. There is a good many sick men in this hospital and some are dangerously ill. I have been exposed to small pox several different times, but I have never taken them yet. I don’t think I will. Eliza Ann got all the money I sent her. Write as soon as you get this.

This from G. W. Cossairt. To father and mother.

Dear Sister:

It is with great pleasure etc. etc. and hope they will find you and David. A. all well and hearty. I will have my picture taken and sent it to you as soon as I get money again. Well good bye.

From G. W. Cossairt.
To Sarah E. and David A. Rogers.”

“Camp near Auston, Ark., August 5, 1864.

Dear Father and Mother:

It is with the greatest pleasure, etc. I am well and hearty at the present time and I hope, etc. etc. Captain Young got a letter from you the other day and you said you hadn’t heard from me for a long time. It is not my fault that you haven’t heard from me often for I have answered every letter received. But I cant tell why my letters don’t go. I haven’t received a letter from James for two months. I suppose he is mad about something. We have been paid but I didn’t send you any money for it is not safe. The Express company will not make good any money lost. Good bye for this time. This from G. W. Cossairt. To father and mother.”

“December 15th 1864.

Dear Brother:

I received your welcome letter and was glad to hear from you again. I am so that I can go about but am not very well I guess. I will get along if I take good care of myself which I will as I have a good place to stay and plenty to eat, drink and wear. I hope this may find, you enjoying yourself in the best of health and doing well and as we can’t see each other we can enjoy ourselves very well by writing. I think that I will get a furlough so I can go home in a few days. The weather is very good here, however there have been some pretty cold days but no snow. The river is frozen over so that teams can cross all the time. James I would like to see you very well but as we are so far apart we will have to be contented until we have the pleasure of seeing each other. Don’t
forget to write often James.
Yours as ever with true affection brother until death.
From George W. Cossairt to James Cossairt.”

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"Keokuk, Iowa,
January 4th 1865.

Dear Father and Mother:

I take my pen in hand to inform you that I am no better. I received your letters dated December 29th and was glad to hear from you and that you were well. I hear no news to write about to give you any satisfaction, only I am here and doing the best I can. I think after a while I will get up so I can walk around. I can set most of the time but I am poor and weak. I would like to see you as bad as you want me to, but it is out of my power at present. Father I think that the way our army is moving that this war will soon be over. I never saw any one getting used up like the rebels. I am glad that they are for the war has lasted long enough. You wanted to know if I could come home alone. Yea I can by myself but I cant tell when I will get the chance to come. But I can come by myself any time you give me a furlough. They have the finest weather here this winter that they have had for a long time. The river is frozen up and the ground is dry and it is just tolerable cold. I would liked to have been there to take new years dinner with you and mother, I hope that I will be there next time. I think I will. I was sorry to hear that uncle was drafted in the service. Not that he is any better to be in the service than I am. One able bodied man has as much right to serve in the army as another. I have wrote all I can think of and will bring my letter to a close. So you must write soon and often, and I will do the same. Give my love and respect to all inquiring friends and share the same.

George W. Cossairt.
To Francis Cossairt and Mary J. Cossairt.”

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1.2.6.9.3.4.3.9 342  JEMIMA COSSAIRT:

(Daughter of Francis 207).

Jemima Cossairt was born on August 24, 1849 in Jay County, Indiana. She married Solomon Derby.

Census record:

1870

Solomon Darby Hickory County, Missouri; age 19; farmer; value of personal property $500.00; born in Missouri.
Gemima Darby, age 21; keeping house; born in Iowa.
It is claimed, that some of the Darby family removed to California.

CHILDREN:

i. James Darby.
ii. Albert Darby.
iii. Elmer Darby.
iv. William Darby, deceased.
v. Jesse Darby.
vi. Ettie Darby who married her cousin John Darby.

1.2.6.9.3.4.3.10 343  SAMUEL COSSAIRT:

(Son of Francis 207).

Samuel Cossairt, date of birth unknown. Died in infancy, perhaps when two or three months old. During the night his mother asked her husband to get up and light a lamp as she believed Samuel was dead which they found to be true upon an examination. It is believed that Samuel is shown in the proper sequence.

1.2.6.9.3.4.3.11 344  FRANCIS MARION COSSAIRT:
Francis Marion Cossairt Jr., was born October 24, 1854 in Iowa. Died March 3, 1907 in Camden County, Missouri. During the latter part of his life Francis lived at Hugo, in Camden County, and died there. He is buried at Roach, same county. During his lifetime he was engaged in farming, teaching school and the mercantile business. He was a large man weighing 200 pounds; had light hair and blue eyes. In 1888 he visited the old Cossairt homestead in Ringgold County, Iowa.

Married November 21, 1881 to Emma Jane Ferry at Linn Creek, Mo., born December 9, 1860, the daughter of James Ferry and Eliza Jane Roofner. Mrs. Cossairt is of German-Irish extraction. She has furnished much valuable data on the older members of the Cossairt family. Her mother—law Mary Jane Cossairt having spent the greater part of her declining years in the home of her son Francis.

The following letters were written by Mrs. Cossairt:

"Stover, Mo.:
May 1, 1932.
Mr. Arthur Cossairt:
I will try to give you some information in reply to your letter. The family of Henry Cossairt (210) that spelled his name CASSAT lived in Iowa, and his son who enlisted in the army was Elias Cassat (350). There was another son, John Henry Cossairt, who spelled his name as we do. There was a daughter Sarah Jane that married Chris Engler who lived in Iowa. The last I heard of them they were living around Mt. Ayr or Bloomfield, Iowa.

Mrs. John Alltop (my daughter) of Birch Tree, Mo., has all their pictures, also that of James Cossairt’s family. I saw her last week and she said there was a great-grandmother ASH in the family. I have George’s enlistment papers. He enlisted at Ottumwa, Iowa. Mrs. Alltop has a picture of John Cossairt. I know quite a lot about his life, but never saw him. At one time in the early settling of Kansas he and his father, Francis Cossairt went to the new state and thought to settle there, but did not like the country and father Cossairt returned, but John went west because he had a love affair at home which his folks did not approve of and thought to take him away to break it up. That is why he would not go back to Iowa. He was captured by the Indians, they kept him 2 or 3 years. He got away from them and came home. He was here once in Hickory County, Mo., then left again. The last we heard of him he was in Nevada.

Grandmother Cossairt, rather my mother-in-law was "grandma" to the children, so I called her grandma most of the time. She lived with us the last year of her life, and we lived with her one year. She then lived on the John Patterson (336) place in a house to her self, so we lived with her till my husband’s school was out, then we bought land in Camden County near my old home, then she lived with us. She went on a visit to Hickory County and only lived two weeks after she went there. She was going to return to our home. I loved her very much as she was a mother to me.

I have the obituary of Sarah Beezley, (339), she died in Oregon. It tells the name of all of her children. I will copy and send it to you later. Solomon Darby’s (342) have 4 or 5 boys and 1 girl whose name was Ettie that married her cousin John Darby. The Darby boys were, Jimmie, Albert, Elmer and I think William. The youngest Beezley boy was Jessie; they just had three boys. Josie Selby lives at Preston, Hickory County, Mo. She was Eliza’s (336) daughter. I am sure she can give you further information. Especially on the McConnell’s and Taylors who live in California. Lena Carr and George Patterson live there also. I would think your uncle William Cossairt could tell you where some of them are at. His first wife was their sister. Your uncle Henry Cossairt (334) had four children; two boys and two girls. The boys were Francis and Phillip. The girls were Mary and Julia. The last we heard of them they were living in Southern Kansas. Fletcher Cossairt (338) also had one child, a girl, I forgot her name. But her mother’s name before her marriage was Barber or Barger and she lived near Booneville or Jefferson City. After Fletcher’s death his wife went back to her people and married again.

I have some old letters, four from George W. Cossairt (341) while he was in the army and which were written to his folks at home. I also have an old tomahawk that John Cossairt (337) sent home from the west when he was with the Indians, also one of his old powder horns or flasks. Also the pension papers of my mother-in-law. My husband was her attorney.

Sincerely,
Mrs. Emma Jane Cossairt."

"Stover, Missouri,  

***************************************************************
December 3, 1933.

Dear Nephew:

My daughter Fannie Alltop visited with me last week and we went down to Hickory County and visited the family graves where our relatives are buried.

We went to "Bowers Chapel" in Hickory County where your uncle James Cossairt (340) and his wife Ellen are buried. Your great grandfather and great grandmother Cossairt (207) are also buried there. All have monuments. It is near Urbana, where Josie B. Selby lives, but it was after night so we did not stop. Sam Selby is buried at "Bowers Chapel" and a number of other relatives of ours.

It was uncle James (340) who ran away from home and enlisted in the army. It is believed that it was he who was sent to the pasture to drive home the cattle but kept going.

The child that died of diphtheria in Ringgold County, Ia., was Alice McConnell's twin sister (Clara E. Patterson, b. September 1, 1859, d. August 13, 1863). They were both Patterson children. Eliza Ann Cossairt Patterson (336) had just came home on a visit and the children contracted diphtheria on the way. The children that were there all had to stay until every one had recovered from the disease. Effie the wife of Henry Cossairt (334) was there at the time, also Sarah Cossairt Beezley (339). Effie had 2 boys and 2 girls. They all got well. Sarah had one boy, David Rogers, who took down with the disease but got well. Your uncle Frank (Francis Marion 344) contracted the disease and recovered. I do not know how many children Eliza had but two died beside Alice. She had one boy by the name of Frank who is dead, but did not die at this time. I think he was older than Alice. The families were laid up all winter with the disease I have often heard your great grandmother and her son Francis Marion Cossairt speak of it and of all the men being away at war and what a hard time the women folks and children had of it. Your aunt Eliza Patterson also took the diphtheria at this time, she being the only adult to have it. Her husband John Patterson was also away at war at this time.

Sincerely,

Emma Jane Cossairt."

The children of Francis Marion Cossairt and his wife Emma Jane were as follows:

**CHILDREN:**

558  i. Robert Lincoln Cossairt, born October 10, 1882, at Hermitage, Hickory County, MO.
559  ii. Fannie Annie Frances Cossairt, born 1/6/1894 at Linn Creek, Camden County, MO.
560  iii. Mary Bell Cossairt, school teacher; married a Mr. schu[[ who is dead. She resides with her mother at Stover, Morgan County, Missouri.
561  iv. George Washington Cossairt, single, resides with his mother at Stover, Morgan County, Missouri.

**ROBERT LINCOLN COSSAIRT:**

(Son of Francis Marion Cossairt Jr. 344).

Robert Lincoln Cossairt, born October 10, 1882, at Hermitage, Hickory County, Missouri. He now lives on R.R. 5 (Box 602), Webster Grove, Missouri. Married at Linn Creek, Camden Co., Mo. October 23, 1902 to Anna B. Ford. She died at Hugo, Mo., January 8, 1924. Robert had a son and daughter residing in Los Angeles, Calif., in 1932.

The following extracts were copied from various letters written by Robert to the compiler:

"Francis Marion Cossairt, my grandfather, was born February 5, 1805, died in Hickory County, Mo., November 1 1870; came to Hickory County in 1866. I think he was born in Kentucky. His wife’s name was Mary Jane Phillips, and her people were from Wales."

"John Cossairt, son of Francis 207, last wrote to father in 1884, and was in Arizona. At the election in 1892 father met a man that knew him. His life would fill a book. He was taken
prisoner by the Indians and held two years. During the Civil War he was one of General Grant’s spies. He was never married as far as we ever knew.”

“My grandfather had one brother that I know of - Henry Cossatt. He and grandfather never did agree on how the family name should be spelled. Henry lived in Iowa and some of his descendants are living there yet.”

“Cossairt is a French name. Father and uncle James looked to be of that nationality.”

“Our people came to Kentucky with Daniel Boone. I think about 1775 and the father was killed in an Indian attack. He left some boys, one of which is my great-grandfather and there is where the family name became spelled different. My grandfathers people went to Ohio and from there to Iowa. I have no record of the above and only know what my father told me.”

“There are some Cossairts in northeastern Arkansas. I met a preacher who knew of them.”

“I do not know how the family name was originally spelled, but my father said that we spelled it correctly.”

“I met a man who knew Peter Cossairt of Kentucky. He was called Uncle Peter and left there 40 or 50 years ago.”

“My grandfather, Francis Marion Cossairt was the last of the family to come to Hickory County, Mo. His boys moved there before he did, uncle Jacob was one of them. Uncle James was too young to join the army so he ran off to enlist. That is the reason he did not enlist in the same company with his father. He was unable to obtain his parents consent.”

“After the war uncle John Cossairt came home, but departed for the west. He was the best penmen that I have ever seen. After father came to Linn Creek, Mo. he found out that John had been a book-keeper in the store of Governor MoClerg prior to the war. During the war he was one of General Grant’s spies. I cannot say whether he was serving under his correct name or not. He was attached to the Southern Army for a while where he obtained information which he transmitted to General Grant. He was in Lee’s office for six or seven weeks.”

"Uncle James eventually owned grandfather’s farm."

“I do not know where Uncle Jacob moved to when he left Hickory County. When General Price made his raid through Hickory County the Union Army was at Springfield, Missouri. Uncle Jacob being a Captain and living in Hickory County, he was sent with 19 men to locate the southern army and when he found them they were crossing the river and had burned some homes of northern people. They traded horses with uncle and when they had all gotten up the hill a ways, uncle Jacob and his 19 men and a friend, making 21 in all including himself, and charged on them and they thought it was the Union Army and started to run. So the battle went on most of the day. Uncle Jacob never lost a man but there were something like 400 killed that day, and some of the dead had lived in Hickory County. Uncle Jacob being a Captain, every one knew him and knew that he was one of the 21 men. He never told who any of his men were. At another time he was by himself and four men were lying in ambush near the road where he was about to pass. His horse saw them first and from his actions Uncle Jacob was able to get the drop on them and he got them all. As their folks knew what they had gone to do and as they never returned they guessed the truth. So you can see why he had enemies in that part of the country. He had some shots fired at him while in the field plowing, so he decided to move, and it was kept still about his whereabouts.

“How I came to know more about Uncles James and Jacob was because when uncle James came to visit with father I would hear he and father talk about these things.”

CHILDREN:

8·695 i. Hattie Florence Cossairt born December 19, 1903.
8·696 ii. Bonnie Elizabeth Cossairt, born April 5, 1905 at Hugo.
8·697 iii. Nellie Cossairt, born February 5, 1907.
v. Malcolm Cossairt, born September 15, 1914.
vii. Phyllis Cossairt, born September 19, 1918.
viii. Mildred Ann Cossairt, born October 9, 1922.

1.2.6.9.3.4.6 210 HENRY COSSAIRT:
(Peter Jr. 141; Peter Sr. 125; Francis 103; David 8, Jacques 3; Jacques i).

Henry Cossairt, was born December 29, 1813 in Warren County, Ohio, and died some time after 1880.

Removed, to Preble County, Ohio, sometime prior to 1850. Married Circa 1835 to Jane Pullen, born February 29, 1814, died November 16, 1885 in Pulaski County, Iowa.

Henry was a brother of Francis Cossairt (207) It is said that the brothers could never agree upon the proper spelling of the family name. Records show that Henry used the surname of Kazatt, Cossatt and Cassat. The latter name was adopted and is now being used by his descendants. This change occurred sometime after the Civil War and upon coming from Ohio to Iowa.

Henry served in the mounted branch of the Union Army during the Civil war, and the records of the Adjutant General, State of Iowa, shows that he served as follows:

"At the time of acceptance for enlistment he gave his age as 44 years; residence, Bloomfield, Davis County, Iowa; nativity, Ohio. He enlisted in Company "E", Third Iowa Volunteer Cavalry on August 17, 1861; was mustered September 4, 1861. Discharged for physical disability on December 25, 1862 at Houston, Texas County, Missouri."

The following information was furnished by the Adjutant General of the Army, Washington,D.C., under date of April 25, 1933:

"The records also show that Henry Cassat, surname also shown as Cassatt, was enrolled August 17, 1861, at Bloomfield, Iowa, for a period of three years; was mustered into service September 4, 1861, at Keokuk Iowa, as a Private of Company "E", Third Regiment, Iowa Volunteer Cavalry and was honorably discharged from the service by reason of disability January 2, 1863, at Houston, Missouri, as a private."

His description at date of enlistment is shown as follows in the records at Washington: Age 43 years; height 5 feet 11 inches; complexion fair; eyes blue; hair light; place of birth, Warren County, Ohio; occupation farmer. Records of this office do not show the name of his wife."

Ref. MBAM "Veterans Administration, S.C. 310 627
Washington, Henry Cassatt.
September 22, 1933.

Mr. Joseph A. Cossairt,
The Lexington,
San Pedro, Calif.

Dear Sir:

This is in response to your recent letter.

The records show that Henry Cossatt of Company E, 3rd Iowa Cavalry, was pensioned under S.C. 310 627 until his name was dropped from the rolls on January 29, 1892 because of his death, the date of death is not shown. No claim appears to have been filed by his widow and there is, therefore, no information regarding her.

The records further show that Elias Cassat of Company "E" 3rd Iowa Cavalry, was pensioned under S.C. 788 449 and that his widow, Percilla, drew pension until her death on October 23, 1918, but no information regarding his parents is of record.
Respectfully,

/s/ E. W. MORGAN,
Director of pensions.

The above established the fact that Henry died sometime in the latter part of 1891 or the early
part of 1892.

The following census data was copied from the census records relating to the subject of our sketch
by the compiler in August 1934.
The first record found being:

1850

"Henry Cossairt, Monroe Township, Preble County, Ohio, July 6, 1850; age 35; farmer by
occupation: born in Ohio.


CHILDREN:
Joseph Cossairt, age 14, born in Ohio.
Sarah Edison, age 5, born in Ohio.
Mary Cossairt, age 12, born in Ohio; in school.
Peter Cossairt, age 10, born in Ohio; in school.
James Cossairt, age 8, born in Ohio; in school.
Elias Cossairt, age 7, born in Ohio; in school.
Nancy Cossairt, age 4, born in Ohio.
Sarah Cossairt, age 1, born in Ohio".

1860

Henry Kazatt, Grove Township, Davis County, Iowa, July 26, 1860, census as enumerated by
Israel Kister, Assistant Marshall:

Age 47, occupation, farmer: value of real estate owned $1,800. Value of personal estate owned
$1,242.00; born in Ohio. Cannot read or write.
Jane Kazatt, wife, age 47; born in Virginia; cannot read or write.

CHILDREN:
Joseph Kazatt, age 24; occupation, farmer; value of personal estate $150.00 born in Ohio.
James Kazatt, age 18; born in Ohio; attending school.
Elias Kazatt, age 16; born in Illinois; attending school.
Nancy J. Kazatt, age 14; born in Ohio; attending school.
Sarah J. Kazatt, age 11; born in Ohio; attending school.
John H. Kazatt, age 4; born in Ohio."

1870

Henry Cassatt, Grove Township, Davis County, Iowa, 19 July 1870. Age 57; occupation, farmer;
value of real estate owned $6,600. Value of personal property owned $2,404.00; born in Ohio.
Cannot write.

Jane Cassatt, wife, age 56; keeping House; born in Virginia.

CHILDREN:
Sarah J. Cassatt, daughter, age 20, assists at home; born in Ohio.
John H. Age 13, works on farm; born in Iowa. Cannot read or write.

1880

Henry Cassatt, Grove Township, Davis County, Iowa, 13 July 1880: as enumerated by J. A.
Inskeep, Assistant Marshall.

Age 66, occupation farmer; born in Ohio; father born in Kentucky; mother born in Kentucky.

Jane Cossatt, wife, age 66: keeping house; born in Virginia; father born in Virginia; mother born in
Virginia.
CHILDREN:
Sarah Cossatt, daughter, age 26; at home; born in Ohio.
John Cossatt, age 23; farmer; born in Iowa.

In the same Township were living members of the Banta family whose names were:
William Banta, age 58, born in Ohio, did not know where father and mother Were born.
Frances Banta, wife, age 55; born, in North Carolina; father and mother both born in Virginia.
William Banta Jr., age 20; farmer, born in Iowa.

The compiler has a photograph of both Henry and his wife taken at the time they were living in Iowa. He also has photographs of two of their children.

The children of Henry Cassat and his wife Jane Pullen were as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CHILDREN:</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Birth and Death Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.2.6.9.3.4.6.1</td>
<td>Joseph Cassat</td>
<td>born September 7, 1836, in Ohio, died about 1866.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.2.6.9.3.4.6.2</td>
<td>Mary B. Cassat</td>
<td>born March 20, 1838 in Preble County, Ohio. Died October 9, 1901 at Bloomfield, Davis Co., Ia.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.2.6.9.3.4.6.3</td>
<td>Peter Cassat</td>
<td>born August 1, 1839, died in 1908. Probably named for his grandfather Peter Cossairt Jr. Married Rebecca Penny, born August 19, 1840, died January 21, 1908. Lived at Fayetteville, Arkansas.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.2.6.9.3.4.6.4</td>
<td>Rachel Cassat</td>
<td>born in 1840; died in infancy. Probably named for her great grandmother.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.2.6.9.3.4.6.5</td>
<td>James Cassat</td>
<td>born September 7, 1842, died in 1918. Married in 1859 to Mrs. Emma Heller. No issue. Lived in St. Louis, Missouri.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.2.6.9.3.4.6.6</td>
<td>Elias Cassat</td>
<td>born April 15, 1843/4, died August 24, 1913. Married Percilla Stover born November 3, 1848, died October 23, 1918.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.2.6.9.3.4.6.7</td>
<td>Albert Cassat</td>
<td>born July 16, 1845, died young. Was named for his Uncle Albert Cossairt.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.2.6.9.3.4.6.8</td>
<td>Nancy Maria Cassat</td>
<td>born April 14, 1847, married Benjamin Kinney, lived in Kansas.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.2.6.9.3.4.6.9</td>
<td>Sarah Cassat</td>
<td>born October 27, 1850, married Frank Engler. Lived at Pulaski, Iowa.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.2.6.9.3.4.6.10</td>
<td>John Henry Cassat</td>
<td>born December 30, 1856. Lived at Milton, Iowa. Never married.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>CHILDREN:</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Birth and Death Details</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.2.6.9.3.4.6.1</td>
<td>Henry Saner</td>
<td>b. January 12, 1859; died January 27, 1910. Married November 3, 1886 to Rachel Yoder.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.2.6.9.3.4.6.2</td>
<td>Mary Saner</td>
<td>b. April 4, 1860; died June 27, 1910. Married March 29, 1884 to George Stober.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.2.6.9.3.4.6.3</td>
<td>John Saner Jr.</td>
<td>b. October 10, 1861. Married April 26, 1882 to Carrie Waters.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.2.6.9.3.4.6.4</td>
<td>William Frank Saner</td>
<td>b. September 20, 1864; died September 18, 1915. Married September 15, 1893 to Mary Huff.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.2.6.9.3.4.6.5</td>
<td>Maslin Forrest Saner</td>
<td>b. December 26, 1865. Married February 20, 1890 to Minnie Emanuel Addran of Bloomfield, Iowa.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.2.6.9.3.4.6.6</td>
<td>Dora Jane Saner</td>
<td>b. November 10, 1867; died November 27, 1914. Married February 24, 1892 to Cal Corry.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.2.6.9.3.4.6.7</td>
<td>Sarah Binney Saner</td>
<td>b. June 6, 1869. Married Aug. 4, 1889 to David Stober.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.2.6.9.3.4.6.8</td>
<td>James Milford Saner</td>
<td>b. July 3, 1871. Married March 4, 1896 to Cora Luster.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.2.6.9.3.4.6.9</td>
<td>George Frank Saner</td>
<td>b. May 22, 1875. Married March 17, 1897 to Kate Rodenstein.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.2.6.9.3.4.6.10</td>
<td>Ida May Saner</td>
<td>b. June 29, 1873. Married November 27, 1899 to George Rodenstein.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.2.6.9.3.4.6.11</td>
<td>Charles Emerson Saner</td>
<td>b. November 14, 1878. Married Lulu Luster.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
ELIAS CASSAT:

(Son of Henry 210).

Elias Cassat, was born April 15, 1844, died August 23, 1913/4 at Milton, Iowa. Married Priscilla Stover, born November 3, 1848; died October 23, 1918 at Milton, Iowa. Daughter of Jacob Elias was a member of the Christian Church and a Republican in politics, and also a member of the Knights of Pythias Lodge

The military record of Elias is as follows:

“At time of enlistment in the Union Army gave his age as 21 years old; residence, Bloomfield, Davis County, Iowa. Nativity, Illinois. Enlisted in Company E, 3rd. Iowa Volunteer Cavalry on November 12, 1863, was mustered on December 2, 1863. Was mustered out on August 9, 1865 at Atlanta, Georgia. (Reference: Roster of Iowa Soldiers, A.G.O. State of Iowa).

His military record on file in the Office of the Adjutant General, U.S. Army, Washington, is as follows:

“Elias Cassat was enrolled November 12, 1863, at Keosauqua, Iowa for a period of three years; was mustered into service on December 2, 1863, at Davenport, Iowa, as a Private in Company E. 3rd Regiment of Iowa Volunteer Cavalry; was captured by guerrillas near Memphis, Tennessee, November 3, 1864, and paroled; and was mustered out of his Company and honorably discharged from the service August 9, 1865 at Atlanta, Georgia, as a private.

His personal description is as follows:

“On date of enlistment was 21 years old; height five feet nine inches; complexion, fair; eyes, gray; hair, auburn; place of birth, Scotland County, Illinois; occupation, farmer.”

CHILDREN:

562 i. Millie Cassat, born February 11, 1870. Married Belmer Slater Resided at Hermoniss, Iowa.
568 vii. Luella Cassat, born September 26, 1876, died September 1905.
569 viii. Hattie Cassat, born April 30, 1887, twin of Harrison; died in May 18 (?).

JAMES EDWIN CASSAT:

(Son of Elias 350).

James Edwin Cassat, farmer of Milton, Iowa, born January 3, 1872 at Pulaski, Davis County, Iowa. Married June 29, 1892.

CHILDREN:

8’703 i. Bertha Lillian Cassat.
8’703 ii. William F. Cassat.
8’704 iii. Harold Elias Cassat.
8’705 iv. Lamar Spaker Cassat.
8’706 v. Helen Victoria Cassat.
8’707 vi. Ross Edward Cassat.
8’708 vii. Phyliss Alma Cassat.
8’709 viii. Joseph Taswell Cassat.
8’710 ix. Opal May Cassat.

SARAH CASSAT:
Sarah Cassat, born October 27, 1850; married Frank Engler. Lived at Pulaski, Iowa.

CHILDREN:

i. William Engler, married Bertha Deets.
ii. Henry Engler, died October 1918. Married Bertha Hoffman and they had a son, Francis Hoffman.

JOHN HENRY COSSAIRT:

(Son of Henry Cossairt 210).

John Henry Cossairt was born December 30, 1856. Died, a young man. Lived at Milton, Iowa. It is claimed that he never used the surname Cassat.

SARAH COSSAIRT:

(Peter Jr. 141; Peter Sr. 125; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Sarah Cossairt was born Circa 1817, died in 1857 in Darke Co., Ohio. Married January 28, 1837 to Peter Vorhees Banta., (See the Banta Genealogy), born September 9, 1814 in Warren County, Ohio, died January 22, 1889 at Castine, Darke County, Ohio

Peter V. Banta was the son of Albert and Mary (Vorhees) Banta. His mother was the daughter of John Vorhees of Warren County, Ohio. When nine years of age Peter V. Banta came to Darke County. After the death of his first wife Sarah (Cossairt) Banta, he married again and resided at Brown's Station, and engaged in the grain business. In 1844 he was a merchant in Castine, Ohio, was a justice of the peace for twenty years. In 1851 he was elected to the Ohio assembly from Darke County and was reelected the following year. In 1870 he went to Greenville, Darke County, Ohio, and was elected County Treasurer between 1870—1872. He died at Castine on January 22, 1889. He was considered a gentleman of genial social manners, generous impulses and excellent good sense, possessed an enterprising public spirit, cautious in actions and decided in his opinions.

CHILDREN:

i. Martin Van Buren Banta, born October 11, 1838, died February 11, 1839.
ii. Mary Jane Banta, born June 28, 1840, died August 22, 1840. Named for her grandmother, Mary (Banta) Cossairt.
iii. Albert Cossart Banta, born August 17, 1841, died February 7, 1846. Named for his great uncle and grand father.
iv. Peter P. Banta, born June 1, 1843, died December 10, 1848. Named for his grandfather Peter Cossairt.
v. Margaret Banta, born December 8, 1851; m. 1/21/1883 to Michael Kething (or Kettering).
vi. Lavina (Wyntie) Banta, born September 16, 1847, married March 1, 1865 to Henry Adelett. (or Aydelett).

CHILDREN:

a. Sarah Adelett. (Sarah Adeline)
b. Charles P. Adelett. (Charles Peter)
c. Arthur V. Adelett. (Arthur Virgil)
d. Clarence V. Adelett. (Clarence Vorhees).

vii. Margaret Banta, born December 8, 1851; m. 1/21/1883 to Michael Kething (or Kettering).

viii. Arilda Banta, born May 6, 1854.
James B. Banta, born January 28, 1856, died 10/26/1856.

NOTE:

It is understood that there was a Miss Rilda Banta living in 1918 at Greenville, Darke County, Ohio, who is related to the Cossairts or Cossats. There may have been another son born to Peter and Sarah that lived and reared a family that is not mentioned above, or better still this Miss Rilda may have been Arilda Banta 362 mentioned above.

JANE COSSAIRT:

Jane Cossairt, born Circa 1820. Records of Preble County, Ohio, shows the marriage of Jane Cassert and Adam Trager June 23, 1844.

CHILDREN:

1.2.6.9.3.4.8.1 (365) i. Curtis Trager. Died between 1885 and 1895 with T.B. His widow lived at Toledo, OH, with her daughter Clara Effie Poe.

CHILDREN:

1.2.6.9.3.4.8.1.1 a Clara Effie Trager, married a Mr. Poe, and lived in Toledo, OH
1.2.6.9.3.4.8.1.2 b John Edward Trager lived in Kansas.
1.2.6.9.3.4.8.1.3 c Roy Elmer Trager.
1.2.6.9.3.4.8.1.4 d Bertha May Trager, who died several years ago.

1.2.6.9.3.4.8.2 (366) ii. Alice Trager.
1.2.6.9.3.4.8.3 (367) iii. Frank Trager. His widow Sarah Ann Trager lived in Toledo, OH

CHILD:

1.2.6.9.3.4.8.3.1 a Frank Trager Jr., lives somewhere in the west.

ALBERT COSSAIRT:

Albert Cossairt, born in 1824, probably in Warren or Darke Counties Ohio. Records show that his father purchased land in Monroe Township, Preble County, Ohio, from Francis Cossairt in 1829. Albert died near West Manchester, Preble County, Ohio, in 1855 and is buried there. Here his tombstone may be seen.

Albert may have been the youngest child, of Peter Cossairt and Mary (Banta) Cossairt. He was married February 29, 1844 to Elizabeth Ann Wehrly who was born August 7, 1824 and died September 26, 1913. Members of her family owned large quantities of land in Preble County.

The Census records for the year 1850 shows that Albert’s mother, Mary (Banta) Cossairt was living in his household that year. Her age is shown as 65 years and having been born in Kentucky. She is probably buried near West Manchester, Ohio.

"Albert Cossairt must have died some time in October of 1855. I find, where Henry Wehrly was appointed administrator on November 30, 1855. Albert seemed to have accumulated considerable property, but was badly involved. There were a great many bills and the estate was in court for years. One item - Elizabeth A. Cossairt, wife of Albert Cossairt, with sons Henry and William appear January 7, 1856 to answer a petition to sell land to pay debts against them, by Henry Wehrly administrator of the estate of Albert Cossairt.

“Henry Wehrly took over the eighty acres of land owned by the Cossairt family, March 6, 1856. On an old map I find this land in the name of Albert Cossairt and only a short distance from the Peter Cossairt land."

(Reference: Mrs. Grace Runyon, 1st Vice Regent, Commodore Preble Chapter D. A. R., Eaton, Ohio.)

A search of the Census records in Washington by the compiler in August 1934 shows the following records:

1850.
‘Albert Cossairt, Monroe Township, Preble County, Ohio; Farmer, born in Ohio; age 26
years; value of real estate owned assessed at $2,500.00
Mary Cossairt, age 65; born in Kentucky
Elizabeth Cossairt, age 25; born in Virginia.
CHILD:
Henry Cossairt, age 6 years; born in Ohio.”

1860
"Elizabeth Cosatt (or Casatt, Cosad), Monroe Township, Preble County, Ohio.
Age 38; value of real estate owned $3,200; value of personal estate owned $500.00; born in
Virginia. CHILDREN:
Henry Cosatt, age 15 years; born in Ohio.
William Cosatt, age 10; born in Ohio.

1870
“Elizabeth Cossairt, Monroe Township, Preble County, Ohio, June 11, 1870.
Age 46 years; keeping house; value of real estate $3,500.00; value of personal estate $200.00; born in
Virginia. Cannot Write.
CHILD:
William Cossairt, son, age 19; at home; born in Ohio”.

"West Manchester, Ohio,
December 28, 1931.

Mr Joseph A Cossairt:

Your letter of the 23rd received and contents Carefully noted. Will say in reply that I have tried to
get all the information I can in regard to the Cossairt family. There are none of the old Cossairt
family now living.

I went to the cemetery yesterday where some of the older members are buried. Tombstone records
show one Albert Cossairt, born 1824, died 1855; his wife, Elizabeth Cossairt born 1824, died 1913.
There were three sons of Albert Cossairt, viz: Henry, William and Peter W.

I was personally acquainted with Henry and William. I cannot give you any information on the
older members of their family. I will try to locate the old Cossairt Bible which might give you some
information. If found will let you know later.
Yours truly,
/s/ Dr. F. M. Emrich.”

“Palestine,
Darke County, Ohio,
December 18, 1831.

Dear Mr. Cossairt:

The postmaster of Greenville, Ohio, sent me your letter inquiring after members of the Cossairt
family.

Some years ago I was pastor of the Christian Church at West Minister, near south line of Darke
County, Ohio. There was a family of that name living there who attended my church, and I visited,
with them quite frequently. But I do not remember where they moved to.

In November 1919 I was called a few miles east of West Manchester to officiate at the funeral of
Mrs. Maud Cossairt, aged 45, but do not know what became of her husband.

Dr. Emrich of West Manchester, will perhaps be able to put you on the trail of the family. I sent
your letter to him and asked him to write.
Very respectfully,
Palestine, Ohio,  
December 29, 1931.  
Dear Mr. Cossairt:

If I remember right the family of Cossairts living at West Manchester, Ohio, claimed French 
ancestry, but could speak the Pennsylvania Dutch. I am pretty certain the Cossairts went to 
Dayton, Ohio.

Very truly yours',

/s/ C. W. HoeffeR."
A granddaughter of Albert Cossairt writes as follows:

“West Manchester  
Preble County, Ohio,  
February 27, 1935.  
Cousin Joseph:

We are friends of Dr. F. M. Emrick. He is a Veterinarian. I know he is mistaken about Peter being the oldest child of Albert. Albert was married, in February of 1844 and Henry, my father, was born in December 1844.

Rev. C. W. Hoeffer preached at the Christian Church at West Manchester and father and mother attended there. I suppose they are the family he refers to, but they never moved away. He was called to preach my brother Albert's first wife's funeral at her parents home north of West Sonora, this is the Maud Cossairt referred to in his letter.

My father and mother joined the Christian Church at Twin Creek Chapel. The church is about three-fourth of a mile from here.

Aunt Jane Trager had three children, vis: Curtis, the oldest, Alice and Frank.

Sincerely,

MARTHA MILLER.”

P.S. I do not know who Rachel Cassert was who married Isham Walters, February 8, 1847. Never heard of Peter or Jacob Cossairt.

The children of Albert Cossairt and his wife Elizabeth Ann Wehrly were:

CHILDREN:

368  1. Henry Cossairt, born December 17, 1844, died July 7, 1921. Married September 30, 1866 to Sarah M. Crisler. Died at West Manchester, Preble County, Ohio.

369  ii. William Cossairt, born November 26, 1850, near West Manchester Preble County, Ohio. Died November 26, 1926 near Vandalia.

370  iii. Peter W. Cossairt, born sometime after 1851. Died, in infancy. Was named for his grandfather Peter Cossairt Jr.

368  HENRY COSSAIRT:

(Albert 214; Peter Jr. 141; Peter 125; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1),

Henry Cossairt was born December 17, 1844 near West Manchester, Preble County, Ohio, and died there July 7, 1921. He married September 30, 1866 to Sarah M. Crisler, born December 27, 1842, died April 15, 1921.

*West Manchester, Ohio,  
August 15, 1920.  
O. L. Cozad,  
Marion, Ohio.

Dear Sir:

Answering your letter of August 8, 1920 will say that my father's name was Albert. He married Elizabeth A. Wehrly, and my grandfather's name was Peter Jr., and his father was Peter Sr. Peter Sr. came direct from France. I do not know what part.

Peter Jr. married a woman known as Polly Banta.

Peter Sr. immigrated to Kentucky and settled there. He was killed by the Indians in the country close to Lexington or Frankfort. His son Peter Jr. came to Ohio, and bought land here.
The deeds show that it was March 23, 1821 and signed, by James Monroe. Henry Clay was known to tell grandfather he would get him the land back for one-half of it, but nothing was ever done about it.

Yours,

Henry Cossairt,
Pr. John Cossairt.

The children of Henry Cossairt and his wife Sarah M. Crisler were as shown below.

Census record:

1870.
Henry Cossairt, Monroe Township, Preble County, Ohio, June 11, 1870; enumerated by M. V. Randall, assistant marshall.
Age 25; farmer; value of real estate $200.00; value of personal, property $250.00 born in Ohio.
Sarah M. Cossairt, wife, age 27; keeping house; born in Ohio.
CHILD:
Oren Cossairt, age 2; at home.

The military record of Henry Cossairt on file in the Office of the Adjutant General of the Army, Washington, D. C. There were three separate jackets under this name, but it is believed, they were the identical person.

“Henry Cossairt, Company A, 184th Regiment, Ohio Infantry, age 26, 5 feet 3½ inches; complexion fair; eyes gray; hair light; born in Preble County, Ohio; farmer. Enlisted January 27, 1865 at Dayton, Ohio, by Lieutenant Ells for one year.

Note the name Cassairt and age 26 in comparison with the two following records.

“Henry Cossairt, private Company B 156th Ohio Infantry at Camp Derinison, May 17, 1864. Born in Preble County Ohio. Age 19: farmer. Enlisted on May 2, 1864 at Eaton, Ohio, for 100 days. Eyes, gray; hair brown; complexion dark; height 5 feet 5 inches. Mustered in May 15, 1864 at Camp Dennison. No record of discharge.”

“Henry Cossairt, enlisted 186th Regiment Ohio Infantry at Dayton, Ohio, January 27, 1865. Born in Preble County, Ohio; age 20; farmer; enlisted for one year; eyes gray; height 5 feet 3½ inches. Appointed 4th Sergeant September 1, 1865. Retained under General Order No. 101 one musket and accoutrements $6.00. Enlistment credited to Montgomery County, Clay Township. No record as to date of discharge.

Mrs. Martha Miller of Preble County, Ohio, daughter of Henry Cossairt states that her father was honorably discharged from the Army. His discharge having the following notation thereon: “Discharged by reason of muster out in accordance with special order. No objection to his being reenlisted is known to exist.” She was not positive that the Henry Cassairt being the identical person as her father. This Henry may have been a cousin as other members of the Cossairt family evidently lived in Preble County at that time.

CHILDREN
570 i. Oren K. Cossairt, born October 30, 1867, married 1st May 25, 1895 to Emma Fettes who died at Hamilton, Ohio. Married 2nd March, 1901 to Elsie Clerke.
571 ii. A son, born September 30, 1869, died in infancy.
572 iii. John A Cossairt, born February 12, 1872.
573 iv. Albert B. Cossairt, born April 21, 1874. Married 1st June 22, 1898 to Maude Tillman, died Springfield, Ohio. Married 2nd August 1928 to Bonnie Miller, died Fremont OH.
574 v. Martha E. Cossairt, born April 13, 1876, married July 26, 1902 to Court C. Miller. Lives at West Manchester, Ohio.
OREN K. COSSAIRT:

(Henry 368: Albert 214: Peter Jr. 141; Peter 125; Francis 103; David 8: Jacques 3: Jacques 1).

Oren K. Cossairt, born October 30, 1867 near West Manchester, Preble County, Ohio. Residence 1934 was 2432 Hudson Ave., Norwood, Ohio. Restaurant owner. Married 1st time May 25, 1895 to Emma Petters, died January 29, 1900. Married 2nd time March 1901 Elsie Clerke.

CHILD:

JOHN A. COSSAIRT:

(Henry 368: Albert 214: Peter Jr. 141; Peter 125; Francis 103; David 8: Jacques 3: Jacques 1).

John A. Cossairt born February 12, 1872 near West Manchester, Preble County, Ohio. Residence in 1934 was: Box 21, Route 1, Everett, Washington.

No further record.

ALBERT B. COSSAIRT:

(Henry 368: Albert 214: Peter Jr. 141; Peter Sr. 125; Francis 103; David 8: Jacques 3: Jacques 1).

Albert B. Cossairt born April 21, 1874 near West Manchester, Preble County, Ohio. Married 1st time Maud Tillman, born April 21, 1878, died November 1919; married 2nd. time Bonnie Miller, born November 4, 1902, died June 12, 1931. Albert is a dairyman at Fremont, Ohio. Residence 1934 was: 4312 Eastway, Toledo, Ohio.

CHILDREN:
8-712 i. Rayburn K. Cossairt, born May 22, 1898; lives at Toledo, Ohio.

WILLIAM COSSAIRT:

(Albert 214: Peter Jr. 141; Peter Sr. 125; Francis 105; David 8: Jacques 3: Jacques 1).

William Cossairt was born November 26, 1850 near West Manchester, Preble County, Ohio. Died November 26, 1920 near Vandalia, Ohio. Married Celta Lucetta Hoffman, born in 1855, died January 11, 1931.

Census record:
1880

William Cossairt Monroe Township, Preble County, Ohio, June 7, 1880. Age 29: occupation, broom maker; Father born in Ohio; mother born in Virginia.

Celta Cossairt age 24: wife; keeping house; born in Ohio.

Myrtle Cossairt, age 6, daughter: born in Ohio, attending school.

Elizabeth Cossairt mother-in-law, age 56: keeping house; born in virginia.

CHILD:
David Cossart or Cassatt was born on March 25, 1778 and the church records show that he was baptised in the Reformed Dutch church of the Conewago settlement, York (now Adams) County, Pennsylvania on April 12, 1778. David and Henry were twins, shortly after his baptism he accompanied his parents to Kentucky, and after the death of his father at the hands of the Indians in Kentucky, he may have accompanied his mother and brothers, Peter Jr., Henry and Albert Cossart, to Warren County, Ohio, about 1796, but if so, he returned to Kentucky and married and here his son Jacob Durie Cassatt was born, in the year 1812.

David was married on March 10, 1805 to Polly Banta born August 6, 1786 near Harrods Fort, Mercer County, Kentucky. She was the daughter of Pieter Banta of near Harrods Fort, Kentucky. Polly died in Indiana on December 28, 1838.

Pieter Banta, the father of Polly, was born in Somerset County, Jersey, February 9, 1755, and married Elizabeth Cosyn, who was born March 28, 1757, and died September 28, 1831. He went with his parents to Conewago, Pa., and remained there a few years after his father and family had removed to Kentucky. About 1784, however, he also followed and bought a farm three miles south of the old Harrod Fort, now the site of the city of Harrodsburgh, which has remained, in the possession of some of his descendants until the present time. The log house built by him, and occupied for four successive generations, was only recently removed to give place to a modern dwelling. Near it stands three very large locust trees which are supposed to have been planted by the sturdy pioneer over 100 years ago. Pieter died May 11 1832. His first four children were baptised at Conewago. On the baptismal register there the fathers name appears as “Peterius”. Polly, the wife of David Cassatt was born in Kentucky.

Peter’s father was Henry Banta the brother of Wyntie Banta who married Samuel Durie (parents of Maria Dirue who married Peter Cossart Sr., the latter being the parents of of David Cassatt the subject of our sketch. Henry Banta was the father of 21 children, and is said to have left a larger number of descendants than any other men in Kentucky, died 1805 aged 87 years, and is buried on the George Bergens farm in Shelby County, Kentucky, being the first burial in that graveyard. This Henry married 2nd. time Antie Demerest and were the parents of Pieter, above. The parents of Henry were Hendrick and Geertury Terhune; this Hendrick being the son of Hendrick Epke Banta and Angenitie Hendricks: this Hendrick Epke being the son of the immigrant Epke Jacobse.

David Cassatt and his wife Polly Banta removed to Wabash, Indiana, about 1834, and was one of the first white settlers of that country. Here he died on October 8, 1854.

It is said that David used the family name of Cassatt. At present little is known of this branch of the family, however, it is said that his descendants were living in the vicinity of Wabash, Indiana, and in Chicago, Illinois, in 1893.

There may have been other children to this union than those mentioned below.

**CHILDREN:**

1.2.6.9.3.5.1 (215) i. Anna Cassatt, born 7/4/1807, died 12/11/1824, age about 17.
1.2.6.9.3.5.2 (216) ii. Elizabeth Cassatt, born 5/9/1809, died 10/28/1824, age about 15.
1.2.6.9.3.5.3 (217) iii. Jacob Durie Cassatt, b.4/9/1812, in Kentucky, died 1/25/1888.
1.2.6.9.3.5.4 (218) iv. Mary Banta Cassatt, born December 28, 1818.
JACOB DURIE CASSATT:

(David 142; Peter 125; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Jacob Durie Cassatt, was born April 9, 1812; in Kentucky near Harrodsburg married August 7, 1836 to Louisa Jane Roberts; May 1, 1849 he married again, Emma Jane Townsend; and April 18, 1853, he married a third time Elizabeth Becker.

Jacob was among the first white settlers of Wabash, Indiana. In 1834, and still resides at that place (1893). His first wife was born in Wheeling, Virginia, April 21, 1821, and died January 28, 1846. His second wife was born. November 30, 1830, and died January 24, 1850. His third wife was born September 23, 1829.

CHILDREN: (By 1st wife).

371  i.  Edward R. Cassatt, born April 9, 1839, in Indiana. Married Emily H. Neal, June 1861. She b. 1842, d. 1888. No issue.


CHILDREN: (By 3rd wife).

373  iii.  David Charles Cassatt, born January 5, 1855, married Fannie Homer, July 13, 1876. Lived at 2347 Wabash Ave., Chicago, Illinois. He died November 18, 1892.


DAVID CHARLES CASSATT:

(David Durie 217; David 142; Peter 125; Francis 103; David 8 Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

David Charles Cassatt was born January 5, 1855 at Wabash, Indiana. Married July 13, 1876 to Fannie Homer born at Piqua, Miami County, Ohio, May 4, 1855. They lived at 2347 Wabash Ave., Chicago, Ill., for a number of years. (1892)

CHILD:


CHARLES ELLSWORTH CASSATT:

(David Durie 217; David 142; Peter 125; Francis 103; David 8 Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Charles Ellsworth Cassatt was born March 25, 1857 at Wabash, Indiana, and resided there UNTIL his death February 3, 1910. Married September 16, 1877 to Molly Moon born at Westfield, Indiana, December 27, 1860.

CHILD:

577  i.  Clarence Cassatt, born October 11, 1889.

MARY BANTA CASSATT:

(David 142; Peter 125; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Mary Banta Cassatt, was born December 26/28, 1815/18. She living in 1888. Married August 25, 1836 to John S. Matlock, born February 16, 1812, died September 11, 1879.

CHILDREN:

375  i.  Melissa Matlock, born October 26, 1839, died January 19, 1873. Married April 30, 1857 to Francis B. Stone of Kerwin, Kansas.

CHILD:

ii. Emma E. Matlock, born June 6, 1850; married October 6, 1859 to Isaac Furgeson.

1.2.6.9.3.6 143 HENRY COSSAIRT:

(Peter 125; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques i).

Henry Cossairt is said to have been born on March 25, 1778. The records of the Reformed Dutch Church of the Connewago settlement in York (now Adams) County Pennsylvania, show that he was baptised as Hendrick on April 12, 1778. His twin brother David was baptised at the same time.

His tombstone is inscribed as follows: “Henry Cossairt died March 31, 1853, age 76 years 6 days”. If this date is correct he would have been born on March 25, 1777 instead of a year later as certain records show. The tombstone of Henry's younger brother Albert shows that he (Albert) was born on July 16, 1778 and if this date is also correct, Henry was probably born in the year 1777 as his tombstone indicates.

Henry accompanied his parents to the Kentucky settlement while yet a child, in 1796 or thereabouts, Henry with his Mother and brothers Peter Jr. and Albert removed from Kentucky to Warren County, Ohio. This was some years after the death of his father who was killed in Kentucky by the Indians. These three Cossairt Children settled near Lebanon, Warren County, Ohio, where on October 25, 1818 Henry bought 40 acres of land from Daniel Danta. He later on sold this land to Dennis Cassatt, the son of Dr. Francis Cassatt (130).

Henry settled and died north-east of Lebanon. His will dated June 5, 1849 was probated at Lebanon April 9, 1853. Elisah Cozat (196), the son of Jacob Cosat (140), was a witness to this will. Elisha died the same spring and their remains were buried along side each other.

Henry is mentioned in his aunt Christinna Clopper’s (127) will dated November 24, 1801. His share was one-sixth of the 100 pounds left by his aunt to the children of her brother Peter (125).

“After coming to Warren County, Henry lived here the remainder of his life. Here he died March 31, 1853 and his wife Mary preceded him on July 15, 1848 and both are buried, in one of the original burying grounds of Warren County, and which occupies about one acre of ground and is known as the Stone Schoolhouse Cemetery”.  
(Reference: Mrs. Flora B. Richards of Lebanon, Ohio. A great granddaughter).

“Union City, Indiana,  
October 25, 1918.  
Mr. O.L. Cozad,  
Marion, Ohio.  

Dear friend and Kinsman:  

The information I have of the Cassatt family was all taken from the Old Bible with the exception of a few dates.

All of Henry Cassatt’s children were born and married in Warren County, Ohio, except David. He
was married in Bond County, Illinois.

My mother was Mary Cassatt Parrott. I, Harriet Parrot, married J.A. Thornberg December 22, 1870.

I was very small when my grandfather Cossatt died. I never knew the names of all of his brothers. I have heard of Peter Jr. and Albert. I don't know who they married. And do not know about their families except one of Peter's daughters married John Pence who lived and died in Warren County. Their children are all dead, some grand children are living there yet perhaps.

My grandfather Henry Cassatt lived in Warren County, Ohio. Died March 31, 1852, married Mary Naylor who died August 18, 1843 in Warren County.

With best wishes,

/s/ HARRIET THORNBURG.”

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"Lebanon, Ohio,
September 19, 1918.
O.L. Cozad
Marion, Ohio.

Dear Sir:

I notice in the “Western Star” published at Lebanon, where you ask about the descendants of the Cassatt family.

I am a great grandson of Henry Cassatt.

I own about 40 acres of land, which is part of the farm that he settled on in the early part of the last century. I have in my possession his old family Bible. There is a large number of heirs of Henry Cassatt, they are scattered through Indiana, Iowa, Missouri and Colorado. I have a few addresses of these people.

Yonrs respectfully,

/s/ L. E. Carter.”

************************************

Daniel Banta on October 25, 1818 conveyed a tract of land to Henry Cossairt.
(Reference: Record of Deeds — Earren County).

This Daniel Banta who sold land to Henry, Peter and Albert Cossairt may have been their brother-in-law.

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Lebanon, Ohio,
R.R. #2, June 26, 1919.
O.L. Cozad,
Marion, Ohio.

Dear Sir:

I just received a letter from cousin Harriet Thornburg and she wanted to know if I ever heard anything more from you. We paid Mrs. Thornburg a visit in February. Mr. Thornburg died March 5, 1919.

Cousin Harriet is very much interested in the family history. I took the letters along that you had written me and let her read them. Harriet said that her great grandmother Marie Durie Cossart went mad and had to be confined in a stone house: she lived with my great grandfather Henry Cossatt near Lebanon. We do not know where she was buried. Her husband Peter was killed by the Indians in Kentucky while picking black berries for his family.

Mrs. Laura Banta made out a list of Elisha Cozat’s (196) family and sent same to you. But do not know if the Monroes or Pences ever sent you a list of Peter Jrs (141) family or not. I tried to get them interested, but my talk didn’t seem to do any good. We have sold our home here since you last wrote and have bought property in Lebanon and will move in November. My husband is in the real estate business, has an office in Lebanon. He also owns a farm near Lebanon.

The old Henry Cossatt homestead sold this spring after being in the possession of Mr. T. E. Irvin for 50 years. The property was sold to T. C. Christie of Lebanon. Harriet Thornburgs brother lives in California. She said that he could attend the Cossatt reunion if he knew where it was held.

Harriet Thornburg says that Peter Cossairt Jr. (141) settled in Darke County Ohio, and was sure of this. Also thought that Henry Cossairt (216) was his son.

Sincerely,
/s/ Mrs. Flora B. Richards.

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The Census records for the year 1820 shows H. Cassart as head of a family comprising seven members and residing in Turtle Creek Township, Warren County, Ohio, as follows: 1 male under 10 years of age; one male between 10 and 16 years; 1 male between 26 and 45 years of age, also one female under 10 years of age; 1 female between 26 and 45 years of age; and 2 females between 45 years and upwards.

From the foregoing Census record it is assumed that the family of Henry Cossairt consisted of himself as head of family and about 43 years of age; his wife; his mother Maria Durie Cossart (age about 71 years) and his mother-in-law; William age 5; a child between 10 and 16 years of age, and Nancy age 2 years.

The Census record for the same county and township shows him as "Henry Cozatt", as head of a family, He being 73 years of age (Census was taken on October 12, 1850), farmer, and owning real estate valued at $9,135.00, and having been born in the state of Pennsylvania. The other members of his family were:

Nancy Shiner, age 38, born in Ohio.
Henry Shiner, age 28, farmer, born in Ohio. (Henry Cossairt)
Charlotte Shiner, age 24, born in Ohio. (Wife of Henry Cossairt)
Mary Shiner, age 7/12, born in Ohio.
Barnhart Shiner, age 8, attending school, born in Ohio.
Mr. Joseph A. Cossairt,
USS Lexington,
San Pedro, Calif.

My dear Sir:

In reply to your letter of January 17, 1934, I beg to say that I find a Henry Cossairt buried in a small cemetery of about one acre of land. Inscription on tombstone is as follows:

'Henry Cassairt died March 31, 1853, age 76 years, 6 days.'

Also right beside the above grave, is a tombstone with this inscription:

'Elisha Cozat died March 22, 1852, age 49 years 12 months, 22 days'.

Also:

"Elizabeth Cozat died May 5, 1852, aged 59 years, 12 months, 3 days. The wife of Elisha Cozat".

The three tombstones are exactly alike in size, shape and quality. Note the difference in spelling of the name.

About eight rods from these three graves and in the same row I find, a stone with this inscription:

"Mary, wife of Henry Cossairt died July 15, 1813 in the 51st year of her age". Note that the spelling of the name is a little different. This is the first person buried in this cemetery. This small burying ground is in Clear Creek Township, Warren County, Ohio, about three miles north of Lebanon which is the county seat.

It looks like the latter might be the mother of Henry Cossairt.

I also find that the said Henry Cossairt owned three pieces of land about 11 miles south of this cemetery. The place is called Gemstown which is a very small village. One piece of property contained 130 acres, and another only a house and small lot, and the third a farm of about 77 acres, also another farm of about 50 acres.

There is a possibility that I might be able to locate some of the descendants of this Henry Cossairt as there is usually some one left of a large family of six children.

March 25, 1777 would be about the birth date of the said Henry Cossairt, this would fit in well with his coming to Warren County, Ohio, about 1796.

I find that Henry Cossairt made a will, dated June 5, 1849. He names as his executors his son
Henry Cassairt and George Parrot who was the husband of his daughter Mary. Witnesses to this will were Joel A. Stokes, Jessie B. Corwin and James Dunham. This will was probated April 9, 1853 and is as well constructed as any will I have ever examined.

THE WILL OF HENRY COSSAIRT.

“First, is that funeral expenses and debts be paid.

“Second, bequeaths to his second son Henry Cassart, 60 acres of land of my farm of 130 acres, he to have the south side.

“Third, bequeaths to his daughter Nancy Shemar late Nancy Cassairt during her life time and at her death to her children that chance to be living, one-half of the other half of the said farm of 130 acres.

“Fourth, bequeaths to my daughter Sarah Ellen Cassairt the balance of the said north-west section.

“Fifth, I give to my daughter Mary Parrot and her husband George Parrot the tract of land where they now live containing about 77 acres.

“Sixth, I give to my son William Cassairt my tract of land lying east of Gemstown which contains 50 acres of ground.

“Seventh, I give to my son David Cassairt and equal share with those named above to be paid in money and the land above mentioned to be appraised and the amount therein set forth to bear 4% interest until my son David becomes of age (21 years).

“Eighth, request that my daughters Nancy Shemar and Sarah Ellen Cassairt be made equal with the lands of Henry, William, Mary and George Parrot.

“Ninth, request my executors to sell a tract of land in Gemstown (lot) and reserve a roadway on the north side to give an outlet to the farm I give to my son William.

“Tenth, It is my wish that the proceeds of the sale of my chattles be applied to the workmen in building a house on the lands where my daughter Mary and George Parrot now live.

The above will can be found in Probate Court Office, Volume 13, of Wills, page 94, of Warren County, Ohio.

You will note that I did not copy all of the will of Henry Cossairt, but tried to give the items that would help in your genealogy.

The three farms are located about two miles north-east of Lebanon, Warren County, Ohio, on the U.S. Ohio Road No. 42.

In the will of Henry the name is spelled Cassairt. On his gravestone it is Cossairt. On the gravestone of Mary who died July 15, 1833 it is spelled COSSARIT. In the will the name is spelled Nancy Shemar, but this quite likely is a mistake in the one who recorded the will, as I think “Shiner” is correct. In the will the name of George Parrot is mentioned.

I fail to find any records of births prior to 1850. In fact I can’t find record of my own birth. I will try and get in touch with the Bantas and Montforts as I know where they live.
I find in the History of Warren County mention is made of Albert Cossairt (144). He being one of the organizers of a church about 3 miles east of Lebanon, in the year 1821, but he disappears from record after this date. This church is still operated as a Christian Church and has a very good burying ground of about two acres. But I do not find any Cossairt graves therein.

As to the first son of Henry, no mention is made in his will. But the will does mention the fact that Henry Jr. was the second son. However, my deductions are that the first son was William and it looks like we will be obliged to find two wives for this Henry Cossairt as there is quite a difference in the births of his children. David being only twelve years old in 1850, and Nancy Shiner being 32 years old in 1850, it is quite likely that this son William was still older and was married living some place else as he is not mentioned in the 1850 Census.

It is quite a mystery as to the second wife of Henry Cossairt as she was not mentioned in his will and not buried by his side. It looks somewhat strange. Could she have been divorced?

David, his last son about 12 years old in 1850. The will also says that he is not of age. It looks like Henry Cossairt was living with his daughter Nancy Shiner at the time of his death.

I find a Jacob Thorpe buried in the same burying ground as Henry Cossairt, also a George Keever who died July 31, 1864 aged 82 years, 8 months, 11 days. The said Jacob Thorpe died June 26, 1848, but neither of these seem to connect with the Cossairts.

This cemetery is one of the very early burying grounds and is in good shape.

Very Cordially Yours,
/s/ WILLIAM HANKINSON.

"My grandmother Nancy Cossairt married Frederic Smear. Do not know where he was born or died. He became acquainted with my grandmother while he was helping to build the Cincinnati and Columbus turnpike road and married her. He came here from Germany and was a man that indulged in intoxicating liquors freely and while on one of his drunken fits almost beat my grandmother to death and her father Henry Cossairt drove him away and he started back to Germany and we think he was on a vessel that sank in the ocean. My grandfather left while John was a baby and so the children had to be put out in other homes as my grandmother was unable to support them.

"My brother Laurel E. Carter lives on part of the old homestead that was allotted to by her father Henry Cossairt. It was the original land on which he settled when he came to Warren County, Ohio.

(Reference: Mrs. Flora B. Richards, a great-grand daughter of Henry Cossairt).

"The will of Henry Cossart (Cassatt) dated June 5, 1849 and probated April 9, 1853. Elisha Cozat (196) is one of the witnesses.

The will of Henry Cossant probated April 9, 1853 (died March 31, 1853) was executed June 5, 1859. The name is signed CASSANT and so written in the body of the will, but witnesses in probating the will call the testator Henry Cassatt."

(Reference: Josiah Morrow, Attorney at Law, Lebanon, Ohio, October 3, 1918).
Henry is believed to have used the family name of Cossart or Cossairt during his life. Perhaps after the name was written it resembled Cassart, Cassant or Cassairt.

The children of Henry Cossairt and his wife Mary Naylor were as follows:

CHILDREN:
1.2.6.9.3.6.1 (219) i. William Cossairt born 10/23/1815, died in Carrol County, MO in 1874. It is claimed that his full name was William Peter Cossairt.
1.2.6.9.3.6.2 (220) ii. Nancy Cossairt, born 4/8/1818, died in Warren Cnty, OH, 8/18/1887.
1.2.6.9.3.6.3 (221) iii. Henry Cossairt, born January 11, 1821, died in Dallas County, IA, in 1869. Married Charlotte Parrott.
1.2.6.9.3.6.4 (222) iv. Mary Cossairt, born August 18, 1824, married George Parrott. She died in Delaware County, IN, October 29, 1874.
1.2.6.9.3.6.6 (224) vi. David Cossairt, born 1/25/1837, died 10/121895 in Bond County, IL

NOTE: If there were other children they must have died in infancy as no mention can be found of them.

1.2.6.9.3.6.1
219 WILLIAM COSSAIRT:

(Henry 143; Peter 125; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

William Cossairt was born in Warren County, Ohio, October 23, 1815, died in Carroll County, Missouri.

William married in Warren County, Ohio, Nancy Thorp, who died in that county November 14, 1864 and is buried in the Stone School House Cemetery near Lebanon. Her father was John Thorp.

The Cassatt family claim that their father's middle name was Peter.

At the close of the Civil War William Peter Cossairt removed to Missouri, settling near Carrollton, in Carroll County, in September 1865. He is buried in Pleasant Park Cemetery at that place.

William was married twice and some of his children by his first wife, Nancy Thorp, changed the spelling of the surname to "Cassatt", while his two sons by his second wife retained the original form of spelling the name.

William Peter died sometime in 1874. He was a Republican in politics. It is said that some of his sons were using the family name of Cossairt for some time after arriving in Missouri.

CHILDREN (By 1st wife):
377 i. David Cossairt, born January 23, 1842/4, in Warren County, Ohio, died February 2, 1915 at Verdella, Barton County, Missouri. Soon after the Civil War David began using the surname "Cassatt".
379 iii. George Cossairt, born in 1846 in Ohio. Killed in Missouri, while yet a young man.
380 iv. Jacob Cossairt, born in 1849, in Ohio, died at Craig, Colorado.
381 v. Francis (Frank) Cossairt, born in Ohio, in 1852.
382 vi. , born about 1854. Removed to Missouri. Died young.
383 vii. Laura Cossairt, born in 1856. She died in Moberly, Missouri June 29, 1927, age 69.

CHILDREN (By 2nd wife):
384 viii. William Peter Cossairt Jr., born November 21, 1869. He resides on South Lincoln Street, Baxter Springs, Kansas.
385 ix. Thomas Littleberry Cossairt, a farmer living at Tupman, Kern County, California. Never married.

DAVID COSSAIRT (Cassatt):
David Cossairt was born January 23, 1842/4, in Warren County, Ohio, and died February 2, 1915 at Verdella, Barton County, Mo. He married August 22, 1872 in Carroll County, Mo., to Susan C. Houseworth, born December 21, 1852 in Indiana; died October 16, 1916 at Verdella., Mo. She was the daughter of Abraham Houseworth and Lucy Blackwell. David enlisted from Warren County, Ohio as a Volunteer and served three years in the Union Army during the Civil War, and later in life received a pension from the Government for injuries received during his military service. He was the only member of his father’s family to enlist for this war, the other brothers being too young at the time. At the close of the war he removed from Warren County, Ohio, to Carroll County, Mo. This was during the month of September 1865. Between this date and February 1878 he resided in Cedar and Randolph Counties in Missouri, finally in 1878 he settled in Barton County, Mo., where he remained until his death on February 2, 1915. Soon after the civil war David began using the surname "Cassatt", in order, it is said, to simplify its pronunciation. His descendants are all using the latter name. All of David’s grandchildren were born in Barton County, Mo., excepting two children of his son Virgil. One of Virgil's children was born in Idaho and the other was born in New Mexico.

David’s military record:


Born in Warren County, Ohio; age 19; enlisted May 1, 1864 at Camp Dennison for 100 days. Eyes grey; hair auburn; complexion, light; 5 feet 9 inches; mustered in May 9, 1864. Enrolled at Lebanon, Ohio.”

“David Cassairt, private Longreth's Company, Ohio, Infantry. This regiment subsequently became Company “G", 183rd Regiment Ohio Infantry.

Born in Warren County, Ohio. Age 19; farmer. Enlisted September 19, 1864 at Lebanon, Ohio. Eyes blue; hair brown; complexion, dark; height', 5 feet 8 inches; mastered in September 26, 1864 at Dayton, Ohio. Credited with Turtle Creek Township. Discharged at Troy (Tory), New York, May 27, 1865 per telegraphic instructions of War Department dated May 3, 1865. (Name was also shown on muster rolls as “Cassant”)


The compiler has a copy of an old photograph of David’s family taken on the farm in Barton County, Missouri,

The children of David and Susan Cassatt were as follows:

**CHILDREN:**

578  i.  George Cassatt died in infancy and is buried at Moberly, Missouri.
579. ii.  Orville Cassatt, born November 18, 1875.
580. iii.  Virgil Cassatt, born March 26, 1878.
582. v.  Laura Cassatt, died in infancy and is buried near Liberal, Barton County, Missouri.
583. vi.  Hubert Cassatt, died, in infancy and is buried, near Liberal, Barton County, Missouri.

**ORVILLE CASSATT:**

(David 377; William 219; Henry 143; Peter 125; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Orville Cassatt born November 18, 1875. Resides on a farm on R.R. No. 2, near Weir City, Cherokee County, Kansas. Married Emma Meadows about 1897.

**CHILDREN:**

8-714  i.  Rowena Cassatt married Rose Thomas of Barton Co.MO. Runs store at Hannon. Mrs.(Thomas) Cassatt is a minister of the Free-Will-Baptist Church. Has small family.
8-716  iii. Gilbert Cassatt: married Maude Vacca. Farmer, route 3, near Liberal, Mo. Mr. Cassatt operates the same farm his grandfather David. Cassatt spent more than 30 years of his
8-717  iv. David A. Cassatt: married and resides at 237 North Mesa Street, San Pedro. (Has since
removed. 1934).

8-718  v.  Oliver Cassatt, resides on farm with parents. Over 21 years of age. (1934):

580  VIRGIL CASSATT:
(David 377; William 219; Henry 143; Peter 125; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Virgil Cassatt born March 26, 1878 and lives on farm near Liberal, Mo. (Barton County). Farm is
located on Route No. 3 and only a short distance from site of his birth. Married 1905 to Marrietta
Yount.

CHILDREN:
8-719  i.  A child, that died in infancy.
8-720  ii.  Altha Cassatt, married a Mr. Mahan of near Liberal, Mo. They have one child.
8-721  iii. Walter J. Cassatt: married 5, 1933 to Anna Gillespie at Mulberry, Kansas, by the Rev.
Bascom Cassatt. Farmer and works for his father.
8-722  iv.  Ray Cassatt, single, works on farm with father.
8-723  v.  Claude Cassatt, single, works on farm with father.
8-725  vii. Lois Cassatt: student, Was 11 years old in 1934.

581  BASCOM CASSATT:
(David 377; William 219; Henry 143; Peter 125; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Bascom Cassatt born February 26, 1883 at Verdalita, Barton County, Mo. Married January 22,
1908 at Iantha, Barton Co., to Miss Mae Metcalf, born February 17, 1887, the daughter of Richard
Metcalf and Mary Entler. Bascom spent the earlier part of his life on his father’s farm in
Missouri. Became a salesman and now is an evangelist in the Church of God. Residence 1117
Mulberry Ave., Mulberry, Kansas.

CHILDREN:
8-726  i.  Kearney M. Cassatt, died in infancy.
8-727  ii.  Aletha Fern Cassatt, born November 21, 1909. Was single in 1933: resides with
parents at 1117 Military Ave., Mulberry, Kansas. Runs small grocery.

378  JOHN COSSAIRT: (Cassatt).
(William 219; Henry 143; Peter 125; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

John Cossairt, born at Cincinnati, Ohio, February 19, 1848. Removed from Ohio to Carroll
County, Mo., and thence to Rocky Ford, Colorado, Where he died December 4, 1910, and is buried
in the family plot at that place. He was married in Carrollton, Mo., September 27, 1874 to
Permilla W. Houseworth, born December 12, 1857 at Charleston, Indiana, the daughter of
Abraham H. Houseworth and Lucy Ann Blackwell. Permilla resides on Johnston Street in Los
Angeles, Calif. (1935). John was a republican in politics and a member of the Woodmen of the
World lodge. Family name changed to "Cassatt".

CHILDREN:
Continuing David Cossart, Son of Jacques II, and His Descendants

i. Edith Cassatt, born September 4, 1875. Married Charles F. Dorman and they reside at 1724 Truxton Ave., Bakersfield, California.

ii. Charles C. Cassatt, born December 22, 1876.

iii. Lucy Ann, Cassatt, born February 10, 1880.

iv. Florence Evelyn Cassatt, born August 27, 1885 at Florence, Fremont County, Colorado. Married R. J. Davidson in 1935 and they manage the California Freight Lines running between Los Angeles and San Francisco with office at 777 Harrison Street, San Francisco.

v. Le Ora Cassatt born April 8, 1888 at Florence, Col., married Claude Dorman in 1911. Divorced six years later. Married 2nd time in 1918 to B.B. Warren who died in 1927. Married 3rd time to Franklin J. Wright in 1929. Mr. Wright was accidentally burned to death June 30, 1932 at his oil refinery located near Los Angeles. Le Ora resides with her mother at 460 North Johnston Street, Los Angeles, Calif. (1934).

vi. Milford J. Cassatt, born January 10, 1892 at Florence, Fremont County, Colorado. Married at Yuma, Arizona on December 15, 1927 to Nellie Kuns, born February 26, 1897. Residence in 1934 was 460 North Johnston Street, Los Angeles, Calif.

vii. Horace R. Cassatt, born August 1, 1893. Resides at Turlock, California.

Charles C. Cassatt born December 22, 1876; married Edna Hyde and they reside at Watsonville, California.

CHILDREN:

8-728 i. Karl Alfred Cassatt, age 27 (1934), single, lives with parents.

8-729 ii. Elvin Clair Cassatt, age 25 in 1933, is a Marine Stationed at San Diego, Calif.

8-730 iii. Hazel Faye Cassatt, age about 23 in 1933: married Everett House manager of the Gilmore Oil Company, at Imperial, Calif.


Lucy Ann Cassatt born February 10, 1880. Married William R. Johnson and they reside at 1406 Quincy Street, Bakersfield, California.

CHILDREN:

() i. Robert Claude Johnson, died in infancy.

() ii. Ralph Lee Johnson, age 27 in 1933: married Sunny Chew of Los Angeles, said they now reside at Bakersfield, California.

() iii. Le Ora Evelyn Cassatt Johnson, age 20 in 1933: single. Resides with parents (1933).

Jacob Cossairt was born in Ohio in 1849. Removed to Carroll County, Missouri, and later to Colorado. Died at Craig, Colorado and is buried in the Cassatt plot at Rocky Ford, Colo. He married Reldy Boulware whom he later divorced. There were three children to this union. One child died when about four years old. The mother and other two children are living at Lamar, Barton County, Mo. The mother married a Mr. Long and the two daughters adopted the family name of Long. The eldest of the two, Sadie Long is about 53 years of age and has never married. The other daughter, Mattie Long married a Mr. Barnnon and they have two children. Jacob probably adopted the surname “Cassatt”.

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FRANCIS (Frank) COSSAIRT: (Cassatt):

(William Peter 219; Henry 143 Peter 125; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Francis Cossairt, born in Ohio in 1852. Removed to Missouri from Ohio and thence to Colorado. Married several years ago a lady from South Carolina and they resided at Florence, where Francis ran a truck farm. There were children to this union. The widow remarried after the death of her husband. Probably used the surname “Cassatt”.

ANNIE COSSAIRT:

(William Peter 219; Henry 143 Peter 125; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Annie Cossairt, born about 1854, Died young Married a Mr. Sibert (?) and they resided at Moberly, Missouri. They had a son John who also died young.

LAURA COSSAIRT:

(William Peter 219; Henry 143 Peter 125; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1.)

Laura Cossairt was born in 1856. Married Val Riegel about 1875 or later. She died at Moberly, Missouri, about 1926.

CHILDREN:

( ) i. Jerome Riegel. For many years in the Real estate, Loan and Insurance Business with his father at Moberly, Missouri;
( ) ii. Ceceil Riegel of Moberly, Missouri;
( ) iii. Leona Riegel. Died from injuries received in a car wreck a number of years before the death of her mother.

WILLIAM PETER COSSAIRT JR:

(William Peter 219; Henry 143 Peter 125; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

William Peter Cossairt Jr., the eldest child by his father’s second marriage, born November 21, 1869 at Carrollton, Carroll County, Missouri. He resides on South Lincoln Street, Baxter Springs, Kansas. Married 1st to Mollie Elisabeth Howard of Forsyth, Tany County, Missouri, the daughter of William (Bill) Howard. She died at DeWitt, Carroll County, Mo., March 17, 1904. William Peter Cossairt married 2nd to Clara M. Loper on January 17, 1905. Retains surname "Cossairt".

CHILDREN:

691 i. Guss Cossairt born November 11, 1900 at De Witt, Carroll County, Missouri. Last time heard from was in 1930 when he was at Denver, Colorado.
692 ii. Ralph Cossairt, born March 19, 1904.
693 iii. Benjamin Cossairt, born February 24, 1906.
694 iv. Vaneta Cossairt, born March 25, 1908.
695 v. Ernest Cossairt, born June 8, 1912.
696 vi. Thelma Cossairt, born May 20, 1917.
697 vii. Jacob Cossairt, born September 21, 1918, in school.

RALPH COSSAIRT:

(William Peter 384 William P. 219; Henry 143; Peter 125; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Ralph Cossairt born March 19, 1904 at DeWitt, Mo. Married at Kaw City, Okla., October 18, 1928.
Continuing David Cossart, Son of Jacques II, and His Descendants

to Margaret Erma Thomas, born December 21, 1910, the daughter of Elmer Ross Thomas and Vera Bradfield. Ralph resides at Maud, Pottawatome Co., Okla.

CHILD:
8·733 1. Donald Gene Cossairt, born January 1, 1932 at Maud, Oklahoma.

1.2.6.9.3.6.2 220 NANCY COSSAIRT:

(Henry 143; Peter 125; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Nancy Cossairt was born near Lebanon, Warren County', Ohio, April 7/8, 1818, she died in Warren County on August 18, 1887. She married Frederick Smyrr or Smear February 7, 1839. Frederick was born in Germany. Nancy is buried in the Stone School House Cemetery near Lebanon and in the same graveyard with her father.

Frederick Smear became acquainted with Nancy while he was helping to build the Cincinnati and Columbus Turnpike road and married her. He came to this country from Germany and was a man that indulged in strong liquor occasionally, and while in one of his drunken fits almost beat his wife to death and her father Henry Cossairt being a man of high moral standing and righteous drove his son-in-law away. It is believed by some members of the family that Frederick returned to Germany on a vessel that was never afterwards he ard from.

Frederick left when their son John was an infant and their children had to be put out in other homes.

Nancy and some of her children were living with her father as may be noted by the Census records for the year 1850:

"The census records for the year 1850, taken on October 9, in Turtle Creek Township, Warren County, Ohio, shows Henry Cozatt as head of a family, he being 73 years old; farmer; owning real estate to the value of $9,135.00, and having been born in Pennsylvania. The other members of the family were: Sarah Cozatt, age 20 and David Cozatt age 12, both born in Ohio. Also · Nancy Shiner, age 32; Mary Shiner age 7/12; Barnhardt Shiner age 8; Caroline Shiner age 7; John Shiner age 5.

CHILDREN:

386 i. Mary Smear, born January 15, 1840, died October 2, 1905. She never married. Made her home with her uncle George near Selma, Indimia, and was buried there. (George and Mary Parrott)

387 ii. Barnhart Smear, born March 21, 1841, died September 9, 1916. Never married. Made his home with J.L. Richards. Died in Dayton, Ohio, Hospital and was buried at Lebanon, OH.


388 CAROLINE A. SMEAR:

(Daughter of Nancy Cossairt 220).

Caroline A. Smear was born September 6, 1842 near Lebanon, Warren County, Ohio. Died January 7, 1909 at same place, Married September 12, 1872 to Stephen G. Carter born September 13, 1838. Died February 7, 1921.

The following is a copy of a letter she wrote to O.L. Cozad.

"Lebanon, Ohio,
R.R. No. 2
June 26, 1919.
O. L. Cozad,
Marion, Ohio.
Dear Sir:

I have just received a letter from cousin Harriet Thornburg and she wanted to know if I ever heard anything more from you. We paid Mrs. Thornburg a visit in February. Mr. Thornburg died March 5, 1919.

Cousin Harriett is very much interested in the family history. I took the letter along you had written and let her read them. Harriet said that her great grandmother Marie (Durie) Cossart went mad and had to be confined in a stone house. She lived with my great-grandfather Henry Cossatt (145) near Lebanon. We don’t know where she was buried. Her husband Peter Cossart (125) was killed by the Indiana while picking blackberries for his family.

Mrs. Laura Banta made out a list of Elisha Cozat's family and sent you. But do not know if the Monroes and Pences ever sent you a list of Peter Cossairt Js. (141) or not. I tried to get them interested, but my talk did. not seem to do any good. We have sold our home here since you wrote and have bought property in Lebanon and will move in November.

My husband, is in the real estate business, and has an office in Lebanon. We also own a farm near Lebanon.

The old Henry Cossatt (143) homestead sold this spring after being in the possession of Mr. T. E. Irvin for fifty years. It was sold to T. C. Christie of Lebanon. Harriett Thornburg's brother lives in California. She said he could attend the Cossatt reunion if he knew where it was being held.

Harriett said that Peter Cossairt Jr. (141) settled in Darke County Ohio, and was sure of this. She also thought Henry Cossairt (216) was his son. (This may also refer to Henry Cossairt (368) of Preble County. J.A.C.).

Sincerely,

Mrs. Flora B. Richards.

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“Lebanon, Ohio,
September 19, 1918.
O. L. Cozad,
Marion, Ohio.

Dear Sir:

I notice in the “Western Star” published, at Lebanon, where you ask about descendants of the Cassatt family.

I am a great-grandson of Henry Cassatt (143).

I own about 40 acres of land, which is a part of the farm that he settled on in the early part of last century. I have in my possession his old family bible. There are a large number of heirs of Henry Cassatt, they are scattered through Indiana, Iowa, Missouri, Colorado. I have a few addresses of these people.

Yours respectfully,
L. E. CARTER.
R.F.D. No. 2.

*************************************

“Lebanon, Ohio,
April 23, 1935.
Continuing David Cossart, Son of Jacques II, and His Descendants

Mr. Joseph A. Cossairt,
San Pedro, Calif.

Dear Sir:

I received your first letter some time ago. Here, we are all very much concerned about the family history of the Cassatts. After reading your letter I sent it to Marion Thornburg at Winchester, Indiana. He is a grandson of Harriett Thornburg. He visited me last summer and was gathering data on the family at that time. We are planning to have a family reunion of the Cassatt family when the weather gets better here in Ohio. The Indiana folks are coming over to attend.

The old Henry Cassatt (143) bible does not give his birth date nor that of his wife, Mary Naylor. My sister Flora was very much interested in the history as well as myself. She died about four years ago.

There are still descendants of the Bantas, Monroes and Pences here. However, the older members of these families are gone.

I shall relate some things about Henry Cassatt (143) as it was told to me by my mother and also my grandmother, Nancy (Cassatt) Smear. “Henry Cassatt came to Warren County when a young man and alone. He settled at the old place here on the pike, the Federal Highway No. 42, about three miles northeast of Lebanon. He set up some forked posts, laid poles across them and covered them with branches and leaves of trees. This was about 1806, after staying a short time he went back to New Jersey and brought his mother back to Ohio with him. He then built a log house and set a young locust tree on each side of the cabin, one of the trees still stands, a large locust tree. The other one was blown down during a storm. During this time he found a family that he knew back east, these people lived near Wilmington, about twenty-five miles east of here. He visited them and they gave him a bull calf which he brought home with him. He led this calf to Cincinnati, Ohio, over 30 miles distant and returned with a 100 lb. sack of salt on the calf’s back.” I have heard this story more than once — Henry built a brick house in 1821, that was at the time his son Henry was born.

Sincerely yours,

L. E. CARTER.”

CHILDREN:

( ) i. Flora Belle, born October 24, 1874, married December 22, 1898 to James Lewis Richards, born August 12, 1870. Flora died in 1931. Mrs. Richards was very much interested in the family history and sent in some very valuable information on the descendants of her grandfather Henry Cossairt 143.

( ) ii. Laurel Ellis Carter, born August 3, 1877. Married June 1, 1916, to Mrs. Eva M. Burns, born May 1, 1875. Mr. Carter is likewise interested in the family history as copies of his letters will indicate.


The children of Marietta Carter and Peter E. Nixon are as follows:

CHILDREN:

( a ) i. Willard Nixon, born August 23, 1902, died in infancy.
( b ) ii. Menard C. Nixon, born August 23, 1902.
( c ) iii. Perry Elvis Nixon, born November 2, 1904.
( d ) iv. Ora Van Nixon, born February 14, 1907.
( e ) v. Dorthy May Nixon, born February 26, 1909.
( f ) vi. Lyle Edmund Nixon, born August 22, 1911.

( ) iv. Clemma Ellen Carter, born March 11, 1884, married July 21 1903, to Fred Harmon Webster, born July 23, 1880.

CHILDREN:

( ) i. Evelyn May Webster, born December 12, 1903.
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( ) ii. A daughter born March 1906, died in infancy.

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JOHN S. SMEAR:

(Son of Nancy Cossairt 220).

John S. Smear, son of Nancy Cossairt and. Frederick Schemir or Smear was born January 28, 1844, near Lebanon, Ohio, died April 13, 1900 at Anderson, Indiana. Married February 18, 1864 to Nancy Bullen born November 22, 1844.

CHILDREN:
( ) i. Chester Smear, b. November 14, 1864, Rush Co., Ind. Married April 21, 1885 to Laura Fletcher, and they had two children: Oscar and Edith.
( ) ii. Mary Smear, b. Jan 7, 1866 in Rush Co., Ind. Married Sept. 8, 1886 Thomas Bennett, they had one child - Harry Bennett.
( ) iii. Etta Smear, born March 31, 1867, Henry County, Ind., married July 12, 1887, died March 5, 1904. Was married to Joseph Swinford and they had one child - Fred Swinford.
( ) iv. Albert Smear, born January 9, 1873, Henry County, Indiana; married March 12, 1893 to Eda Swinford and they had three children - Pearl, Elma and Ethel.
( ) v. Lucy Smear, born September 1, 1877 Henry County, Indiana; married June 10, 1894 to Jerry Small and they had one child - Mabel Small.

1.2.6.9.3.6.3 221  HENRY CASSATT (Cossairt):

(Henry 143; Peter 125; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Henry Cossairt, afterwards changed name to Cassatt was born in Warren County, Ohio, January 11, 1821; died in Dallas Co., Iowa, in March 1869; married February 2, 1849 to Charlotte Parrott, born November 12, 1824, died January 14, 1906. Both died in Dallas County, Iowa.

Another records says that Henry died at Waukee, Iowa, September 23, 1869; married February 15, 1849 to Charlott Parrott, born November 12, 1824 at Washburn, Warren County, Ohio, died at Waukee, Iowa, on January 14, 1906 and is buried at the place of her death. She was the daughter of William Parrott and Harriet Thorp.

“Charlotte Cassatt, farmer, Section 6, postoffice Waukee: owns 212 acres of land valued at $40.00 per acre. Born in Wayne County, Ohio, in 1824: Mrs. Cassatt’s maiden name was Charlotte Parrott, she was married to Henry Cassatt in February 1849: he was born in Warren County, Ohio, in 1821, and died in 1869. Mrs. Cassatt has four children - Mary (now Mrs. Haines), Horance, Clare and Ella.”
(Reference: History of Dallas County, Iowa, 1888).

The following obituary of Mrs. Cassatt appeared in a local newspaper:
Charlotte Parrott was born in Warren County, Ohio, November 12, 1824. She was married to Henry Cassatt February 15, 1849. In September 1855 with their two children and two friends and the company of other families left Lebanon, Warren County, Ohio, for the west. Their conveyance was a team of horses and two yoke of oxen. They arrived in Boone Township November 1855. They rented a cabin of one room for the winter and in the spring bought the farm she lived on ever since. She said the hardships, trials, and loneliness of those days could not be told. For months at a time during these early days she did not see another woman, their living such as they produced and hunted. But with faith and determination they toiled on. Two more children were born to them. Almost before they realized it, settlers began to dot the creeks and prairies with cabins near them. In simplicity of life they toiled until September 1869 when her loved companion after a lingering illness in which the loving wife and children did, all in their power to alleviate the suffering of the loved one. But the end came and for thirty-seventy years she lived in the hopes of that joyous meeting where loved ones never part. She was liked by everyone for she was ever ready at the call of the sick or needy. Always concerned for the church and all its interests, as one of her last remarks was, “I am always praising God from whom all blessings flow”. During her sickness friends wrote her of the gladness her help and presence had brought to their homes in sickness and trouble. In the early morning of January (Sunday) 14, 1906 she entered upon that rest which remaineth for the people of God. She was 81 years, 2 months and 2 days old at the time of her death. Those surviving her are Mrs. J. C. Hanes of Boone township, Mrs. Clara Roe of Colorado Springs. Mrs. J.N. Hanes of Adel and her son Horance Cassatt. They were all present at the time of her death. She also leaves five grand children and one great grand child. The interment was made in the Waukee Cemetery. The ministers were Rev. Sency or Perry and the Rev. Shepard of Waukee. The pallbearers were William Robinson, William Swallow, Dick Forrest, John Spear and John C. and D.C. Hanes of Gutherie County. There were many beautiful flowers presented by relatives and friends as a token of respect and esteem."

CHILDREN:
390  i. Mary Cassatt, born November 2, 1849 in Warren County, Ohio. Died February 16, 1930 at Colorado Springs, Colo.
391 ii. Horance Cassatt, born August 29, 1854; died August 23, 1928.
392 iii. Clara Cassatt, born in 1857, died in 1908. Married a Mr. Roe.

MARY CASSATT:
(Henry 221: Henry 143: Peter 125: Francis 103: David 8: Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Mary Cassatt, born November 2, 1849, died February 16, 1930. She was born at Lebanon, Warren County, Ohio, and died at Colorado Springs, Colorado. She was married, to Jonathan Carwin Hanes on September 26, 1878. Mr. Hanes was born January 29, 1845 at Williamsburg, Wayne County, Indiana. He was a republican in politics, and a member of the Methodist Church, and also a member of the Grand Army of the Republic. (GAR).

CHILDREN:
( ) i. Henry David Hanes born February 25, 1880.
( ) ii. George Garfield Hanes, born December 21, 1881 at Waukee, Dallas County, Iowa. Married October 30 1901 to Anna Catherine Lauterbach, born August 22, 1881, the daughter of Lorney Louterbach and Anna Manders. George resides at 1829 West Kiowa Street, Colorado Springs, Colorado.

CHILDREN:
a - Clara Charlotte Hanes, b. May 25, 1902, d. September 30, 1909 at Waukee, IA

( ) iii. Horance Hanes

1.2.6.9.3.6.4  222  MARY COSSAIRT:
(Henry 143: Peter 125: Francis 103: David 8: Jacques 3; Jacques 1)
Mary Cossairt, born August 18, 1824 in Warren County, Ohio. Died October 29, 1879 in Delaware County, Indiana. Married George Parrott born September 10, 1822, died October 25, 1906 in Delaware County, Indiana. They were married November 15, 1846 and are both mentioned in Henry Cossairt’s will.

CHILDREN:

394 1. Harriet Parrott, born September 3, 1847 in Warren County, Ohio. Married Dec. 22, 1870 to J. A. Thornburg. Lived at Union City, Indiana. Harriet was interested in the family history judging from her letter:

"Union City, Ind.,
October 25, 1918.
O.L. Cozad,
Marion, Ohio.

Dear Friend and Kinsman:

The information I have of the Cassatt family was all taken from the old Bible with the exception of a few dates. All of Henry Cassatt's children were born and married in Warren County, Ohio, except David. He was married in Bond County, Ill.

My mother was Mary Cassatt Parrott. Harriet Parrott married J. A. Thornburg December 22, 1870.
I was very small when my grandfather Henry Cassatt died. I never knew the names of all his brothers. I have heard of Peter and Albert. I don’t know who they married. And do not know anything about their families excepting one of Peters daughters married John Pence and who lived and died, in Warren County. Their children are all dead. Some grand children are living there yet perhaps.
With best wishes,
/s/ HARRIET THORNBURG."

Considerable amount of data used in the compilation of this book was furnished by Mrs. Thornburg.


1.2.6.9.3.6.5  223 SARAH ELLEN COSSAIRT:

(Henry 143; Peter 125; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Sarah Ellen Cossairt was born in Warren County, Ohio, on February 17, 1831, and died in Randolph County, Ind., January 15, 1909. She married November 15, 1854 John R. Scott, born in 1829 and died on November 26, 1903 in Randolph County, Indiana.

CHILDREN:

397 i. Alice Scott: of Parker City, Indiana.
399 iii. Winfield Scott: of Parker City, Indiana.
400 iv. Anna Scott: who married Mr. Jones and lived at Parker City, Indiana.

1.2.6.9.3.6.6  224 DAVID COSSAIRT:

(Henry 143; Peter 125; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

David Cossairt, was born in Warren County, Ohio, January 25, 1837; died October 12, 1895 in Bond County, Illinois; married. E. Glenn who also died in Bond County. No issue.
David removed to Greenville, Bond County, Illinois, where he resided for many years. After his death in 1895 his estate was divided among the various Coasairt families.

1.2.6.9.3.7  144  ALBERT COSSAIRT:

(Peter 125; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Albert Cossairt the youngest child of Peter and Maria (Durie) Cossart was born July 16, 1778. It is said that he was born after the family had removed to Kentucky from the Conewago settlement in York (now Adams) County, Pennsylvania. If Albert was born in Kentucky this establishes the fact that Peter Cossart removed from this settlement in Pennsylvania to Kentucky between April 12, 1778 when his sons Hendrick and David were baptised at the Dutch Reformed Church at Conewago and the date of Albert's birth July 16, 1778. Family tradition claims that Albert was born in Kentucky very shortly after the arrival of the Cossart family.

Albert died on October 11, 1857 at the age of 79 years, 2 months and 25 days, and is buried at Johnsonville just north of Danville, Vermillion County, Illinois. The dates of birth and death were copied from his headstone by Mr. James G. Casad of Urbana, Illinois.

After the death of his father at the hands of the Indians, Albert together with his mother and brothers Peter Jr., David and Henry, removed to Warren County, Ohio, probably about 1796 and settled about 2½ miles north-east of the town of Lebanon.

Albert first married Magdalena Banta of Warren County. The marriage records of this county show: "Albert Cozat and Magdalena Banta marriage license issued July 20, 1803." Magdalena was the daughter of Peter Banta. (see his record under Peter Cossairt Jr. (141). Magdalena was sister of Mary Banta who married Peter Cossairt Jr and also a sister of Polly Banta Who married David Cassatt (142). Magdalena Banta was born in October or November of 1785. However, her headstone near Johnsonville, Illinois, reads: Magdalena, wife of Albert Cossairt, born 1780, died 1840".

Albert was living in Warren County when his son Samuel was born on July 6, 1815, and also in 1821 from the following record of the History of Warren County: 1882, page 500.

"Bethany Christian Church. This church is situated about three miles east of Lebanon, is one of the oldest churches in Turtle Creek Township. The following is a copy of a paper in the possession of the family of John Simonton of Lebanon which seems to be the original constitution of the church:

Warren County, Ohio,
Turtle Creek Township,
December 15, 1821.

We, whose names are hereto annexed, being met together in the name and fear of God, do agree to constitute ourselves into a church for the purpose of enjoying the privileges and ordinances of the Lord's House together, taking the word of God contained in the scriptures of the old and new Testament for the name of counsel, the only rule of faith and practice, promising subjection to each other in the Lord. In testimony whereof, we hereto set our hands and subscribe our names:

Richard Simonton  Daniel Banta
After this date Albert and his family removed to the vicinity of Boonesborough, Kentucky. And in 1830 we find him listed in the Census records of Switzerland County, Indiana, in a settlement of Dutch that came there mostly from Kentucky. Many members of the Banta family were included in the census here for the same year. Here we find Albert Cossairt residing as head of a family consisting of the following members:

- 2 males between the ages of 5 and 10 years.
- 1 male between 10 and 15 years.
- 1 male between 50 and 60 years.
- 1 female between 15 and 20 years of age.
- 1 female between 40 and 50 years of age.

Albert was 52 years of age at this time. Shortly after this census was taken Albert removed to Vermillion County, Illinois, for one of the old histories of this county makes a statement that “Albert Cossairt and his son David came from Kentucky and located in Vermillion County Illinois, during the pioneer days, they being natives of Kentucky.

After the death of his first wife, Magdalena Banta Cossairt in 1840, he married a second wife on December 25, 1848 Mary Driscle of Vermillion County. Another headstone in the same cemetery where Albert and Magdalena are buried, reads as follows: “Mary, the wife of Albert Cossairt, born 1807, died 1858”.

Mr. James G. Casad of Urbana, Illinois, made a thorough inspection of the records of the Probate Court of Vermillion County and found the records of Albert Cossairt. He did not make a will, the administrator of his will was Daniel Fairchild. The Bill of sale was dated November 25, 1857. Only the following seven children were mentioned in the property settlement, viz’, Henry, Peter, Mary, Rachel, David, Johnathan and Samuel.

After the death of Francis Marion Cossairt, a grandson of Albert, a paper was found in the trunk of Francis Marion which purported to give the children of Albert in the following order: Henry; Peter, Cornelius, Mary, David, Samuel, Rachel, John, Jeremiah and Jonathan.

Among the records of the late O.L. Cozad of Marion, Ohio, we find the following notation: "Albert Cossairt, son of Peter Sr., next and youngest son, on October 25, 1818 bought 77 acres of land from Daniel Banta. He later sold this land and settled near Danville, Illinois. This 77 acres of land referred to lies near his brother Peter Jr. (141), 2½ miles north-east of Lebanon. Albert was born after the family went to Kentucky, his father was killed soon after Albert was born".
Albert is mentioned in his aunt Chritinna Clopper's (127) will dated November 24, 1801. He was bequeathed 1/6 of £100 in money.

The Census records for the year 1840 taken in Vermillion County shows Albert as head of family.

"Albert Casart as head of family consisting as follows:

2 males between 15 and 20 years of age
1 male between 60 and 70
2 females between 20 and 30
1 female between 50 and 60

Albert was about 62 years of age at the time this census was enumerated.

Albert was named for his uncle Albert Duryea who was one of the early settlers of Kentucky.

The children of Albert Cosairt and his wife Magdalena Banta were as follows: (Bible record).

CHILDREN:

1.2.6.9.3.7.1 (225) i. Henry Cossairt was born 4/24/1805
1.2.6.9.3.7.2 (226) ii. Peter Cossairt was born 4/11/1807.
1.2.6.9.3.7.3 (227) iii. Cornelius Cossairt was born 3/5/1811. No further record.
1.2.6.9.3.7.4 (228) iv. David Cossairt was born 1/9/1814.
1.2.6.9.3.7.5 (229) v. Samuel Cossairt b.7/6/1815 (Born in Warren County, Ohio).
1.2.6.9.3.7.6 (230) vi Rachel Cossairt was born 5/12/1817
1.2.6.9.3.7.7 (231) vii. John Cossairt was born 12/3/1818
1.2.6.9.3.7.8 (232) viii. Mary Cossairt was born 4/27/1819.
1.2.6.9.3.7.9 (233) ix. Jeremiah Cossairt was born 3/22/1821.
1.2.6.9.3.7.10 (234) x. Jonathan Cossairt was born 3/14/1823

1.2.6.9.3.7.1 225 HENRY COSSAIRT:

(Henry 144; Peter 125; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jaques 1).

Henry Cossairt was born in the year of our lord, April 24th 1805, in Warren County, Ohio. Henry adopted the surname of COSAT. He died March 1, 1841. Married Susanne Gritten, February 28, 1828 Mercer County, Kentucky.

Henry died intestate and without issue. According to the Court records of Vermillion County, Illinois the administrators of his estate were Peter and Jacob C. Cosat, both the sons Jacob Cosat a brother of Albert Cossairt.

The Mercer County, Kentucky, records 1800 - 1870, Register No. 1, page 153 shows that Henry and Susanne were married under the names of "Henry Casatt and Susan Gritton" on February 28, 1828.

1.2.6.9.3.7.2 226 PETER COSSAIRT:

(Peter 144; Peter 125; Francis 103; David 8; Jaques 3; Jacques 1).

Peter Cossairt, born April 11, 1807. Court records reveal that he died before his father, 1857. Grandchildren claim that Peter and his wife were able to converse in the Dutch language when they did, not want their children to know what was being discussed.

CHILDREN:
Sarah Cossairt. Court records show she was married 2/17/1850 to John W. Colwell.

David Cossairt, born April 1837, died in 1908

Silas Cossairt, born August 6, 1838, died June 14, 1909.

Daniel Cossairt, born in 1840, died in 1874.

Perry Cossairt, born about 1844/5; married Lucy, lived in Kansas and Missouri.

David Cossairt, born in April 1837, died in 1908. He was born at Danville, Vermillion County, Illinois, and died at Liberty, Clay County, Missouri. He was a farmer by occupation. Married

Mary Ann Blankenship who was of Scotch-Welsh descent. David and S. P. Blankenship were the first permanent white settlers in St. Clair Valley, Antelope County, Nebraska. They settled here March 20, 1871. David took up a homestead near Oakdale, Nebraska, in 1872, removing there from Harlan, Shelby County, Iowa. In 1884 he lived at Humphrey, Nebr. and in 1892 he removed to Battle Creek, Nebr., and from there removed to Liberty, Missouri, where he died. Members of his family still live there and in Kansas City, Mo.

CHILDREN:


NOTE: As the number assigned to the descendants of David Cossart (8) will overlap those assigned to the descendants of Anthony Cossart (9), the numbers “8” will be prefixed to the remaining descendants of David in order to distinguish them from the Anthony branch.

8:600 iii. Sarah Cossairt, born near Danville, Ill., in 1864, died there in 1866.


8:602 v. Charles Grant Cossairt, born at Harlan, Shelby County, Iowa, July 26, 1868.

8:603 vi. Sherman A. Cossairt, born at Harlan, Iowa, 1870. Married Miss Bird Lovelace of Battle Creek, Nebraska.


8:605 viii. William Addison Cossairt, born at Oakdale, Nebr., in 1875.

8:606 ix. Albert (Bert) A. Cossairt, born at Oakdale, Nebr., in 1879.

8:607 x. John A. Cossairt, born at Oakdale, Nebraska, 1881, Died at Comelia, Nebraska, in 1884.

8:608 xi. Pearl Cossairt, born June 6, 1886 at Comelia, Nebr., married Fred Robinson in 1903. They have three children. One daughter is married and lives in Omaha, NE., and another daughter that is married, lives in Kansas City, MO.

REV. JOSEPH COSSAIRT:

(403 David: Peter 226: Albert 144: Peter 125: Francis 103: David 8: Jacques 3: Jacques 1).


CHILDREN:

8:734 i. Earl L. Cossairt. Vice President Central Car Rental Company, Kansas City, Mo.

8:735 ii. A. daughter that married Geroge Wise, a minister, and they reside in Colorado. (1932).

CHARLES GRANT COSSAIRT:

(403 David: Peter 226: Albert 144: Peter 125: Francis 103: David 8: Jacques 8 Jacques 1).
Charles Grant Cossairt born at Harlan, Iowa, July 28, 1868; died March 28, 1910 at Pierre, South Dakota. He was a salesman. Married April 24, 1894: to Rose Rightmeyer, born at Logan, Iowa, October 24, 1880.

CHILDREN:
8·736 i. Cora Cossairt, born 1896; married Harry Fritton of Omaha, Nebr.
8·737 ii. Floyd Elliott Cossairt, born November 2 1900, at Huntsville, Kansas. Is a barber. Married Zoe M. Mooney and lived in Omaha, 1933.
8·738 iii. Opal Cossairt, born 1904; married Emil Hansen of Omaha, Neb.
8·739 iv. Velta Cossairt, born in 1908; married Lysle Patterson of Ashland, Nebr.

603

SHERMAN A. COSSAIRT:
(403 David; Peter 226; Albert 144; Peter 125; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 8 Jacques 1).

Sherman A. Cossairt born at Harlan, Iowa, 1870. Married Miss Bird Lovelace of Battle Creek, Neb. He is in the produce business.

CHILDREN:
8·740 i. Leona Cossairt
8·741 ii. A daughter that married Edward Cole of Tilden.
8·742 iii. A daughter that married John Radke.
8·743 iv. A daughter that married Floyd Pope of Norfolk, Neb.

606

BERT (ALBERT) A. COSSAIRT:
(403 David; Peter 226; Albert 144; Peter 125; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 8 Jacques 1).

Bert (or Albert) A. Cossairt born at Oakdale, Nebr., 1879. He is a carpenter by trade and has been married two times. Both wives dead. Resides at Excelsoir Springs, Missouri.

CHILDREN:
8·744 i. Ralph L. Cossairt, lives at 424 Ocean Park Blvd., Ocean Park, Calif.
8·745 ii. A daughter who resides with her father.

404

SILAS COSSAIRT:
(Peter 226; Albert 144; Peter 125; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Silas Cossairt, born August 6, 1838, died June 14, 1909. Married Elvira Swisher December 5, 1860, the daughter of Samuel and Alvira Swisher. Elvira was born July 30, 1836 and died about 1914 at Eugene Oregon. This family removed from Eden Valley, Minnesota, to Orange County, California in 1902, and in 1910 they further removed to Eugene, Oregon where both died. They were both members of the Christian Church. Silas was a Democrat in politics.

CHILDREN:
8·609 i. Mary Cossairt, born September 20, 1861. She married a Mr. Huckaried.
8·610 ii. Samuel Cossairt, born February 13, 1865.
8·611 iii. George Burton Cossairt, born February 15, 1865.
8·612 iv. Anna Cossairt, born September 10, 1867. Deceased. Married a Mr. Milke.

610

SAMUEL COSSAIRT:
(Silas 404; Peter 226; Albert 144; Peter 125; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

"Samuel Cossairt born February 13, 1865. He was the managing partner for the general merchandise firm of S. Cossairt and Co., and one of the most active, enterprising, energetic business men of Eden Valley, was a native of Vermillion County, Illinois. In 1866 his parents and others of the family came to that part of Meeker County and settled there, near Eden Valley, the pioneers of that region, as there were no neighbors between them and Manahaha or Forest City. His parents lived on the original homestead in 1888. Samuel was reared upon the parental farm
and remained beneath his father’s roof until he attained the age of eighteen years, drawing his primary education from the district schools of the vicinity. In 1881 he commenced attendance at the normal school at St. Cloud, Minn., where he remained about a year and a half and for the succeeding three years was occupied in teaching school, in which he made quite a success. At the age of twenty three he, in company with E.L. Parker, opened a store in the village of Litchfield. Three months later the firm established a branch at Eden Prairie of which Mr. Cossairt took charge, and operated until March 1888, when, having purchased the interest of his partner, a new firm was formed, consisting of Samuel Cossairt, his father, Silas, and brother George Burton Cossairt. They carried an extensive stock of all the various lines that go to make up an establishment of this kind and did an ample business. In October 1886, Samuel, was appointed postmaster of Eden Lake, and when the office was changed to Eden Valley was reappointed. Date of Samuel’s death not known.

611

GEORGE BURTON COSSAIRT:

(Silas 404; Peter 226; Albert 144; Peter 125; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

George Burton Cossairt, born February 15, 1865 and resides at Paynesville, Minnesota. He was born near Danville, Illinois. Married Emma Alethea of Eden Valley, Minnesota, September 1891. They were married at Litchfield, Minnesota.

CHILDREN:

8·746 i. Earl Lee Cossairt, born June 25, 1892 at Eden Valley, Minnesota. Is married, has one daughter, and operates a garage in Long Beach, Calif.
8·747 ii. Ellis Fay Cossairt, born December 18, 1895 at Eden Prairie, Minnesota.
8·748 iii. Marcella Mae Cossairt, born May 8, 1908 at Eden Valley, Minnesota.

405 DANIEL COSSAIRT:

(Peter 226; Albert 144; Peter 125; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Daniel Cossairt, was born in 1840, and died in 1874. Married Helen M. Conner in 1862 (December 4th). They lived in Vermillion County, Illinois, and in 1865 removed. to Maine Prairie, Stearns County, Minnesota, in the same wagon train with their Uncle Samuel Cossairt who is mentioned on page 348.

The military record of Daniel is shown on official records as follows:

"Daniel Cassat, private Company “C”, 12th Regiment, Illinois, Infantry. Enrolled at Danville, Illinois, on September 1, 1861 for 3 years. Discharged by order of Major General Halleck on 22 February 1862. Age 21; 6 feet 1 inch high; light complexion; blue eyes; hair light. Farmer by occupation. Was given a disability discharge for diabetes and “great general debility”. Also had measles since enlistment. Discharged at Paducah, Ky.”

CHILDREN:

8·613 i. Henry Cossairt, born September 19, 1863, near Danville, Vermillion County, IL
8·614 ii. Maria S. Cossairt, born in 1865. Deceased.
8·615 iii. Simon Peter Cossairt, born 1/4/1855 at Maine Prairie, Minn. Died 8/15/1906. Deceased.
8·616 iv. Hulda Cossairt, born in 1870. Deceased.
8·617 v. Hettie E. Cossairt, born in 1872. Married Ullyses Winslow of Maine Prairie, Minn

613

HENRY COSSAIRT:

(Daniel 405; Peter 226; Albert 144; Peter 125; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).


CHILDREN:
8:749 i. Agnes Beatrice Cossairt, born June 15, 1895.
8:750 ii. Eva Ellen Cossairt, born February 26, 1897.
8:751 iii. Cecil Henry Cossairt, born May 14, 1900.
8:752 iv. Ona Elizabeth Cossairt, born May 14, 1902.
8:753 v. Asa Jay Cossairt, born August 5, 1904 at Kila, Mont. Married September 3, 1926 at Bonners Ferry, Idaho, to Leila F. Oesch a native of Canada. Asa was killed in an automobile accident in 1931.

749

AGNES BEATRICE COSSAIRT:

(Henry 613; Daniel 405; Albert 144; Peter l25; Francis 103; David. 8; Jacques 3; Jacques i).

Agnes Beatrice Cossairt born June 15, 1895, at Bozeman, Mont., married Jesse Finney born 1894. They were married September 16, 1914.

CHILDREN:

( ) i. Beatrice E. Finney, b. April 28, 1916;
( ) ii. Jane Finney, b. August 3, 1919;
( ) iii. Marie Finney, b. November 14, 1929.

750

EVA ELLEN COSSAIRT:

(Henry 613; Daniel 405; Albert 144; Peter l25; Francis 103; David. 8; Jacques 3; Jacques i).

Eva Ellen Cossairt, born February 26, 1897 at Bozeman, Mont., married April 4, 1921 to Charles Lunden, at Sand Point, Idaho.

CHILDREN:

( ) i. Lauremce Lunden, b. October 24, 1921;
( ) ii. Vera Lunden, b. September 12, 1923;
( ) iii. Gene Lunden, b. October 6, 1928;
( ) iv. Mona Arlene, b. May 16, 1930;
( ) v. Eloese Lunden, b. July 6, 1933;

751

CECIL HENRY COSSAIRT:

(Henry 613; Daniel 405; Albert 144; Peter l25; Francis 103; David. 8; Jacques 3; Jacques i).

Cecil Henry Cossairt born May 14, 1900 at Kila, Mont. Married Caral Eldridge February 7, 1925 at Newport, Washington.

CHILDREN:

8:790 i. Caroline Cossairt, born October 8, 1925;
8:791 ii. Kay Edgar Cossairt, born August 12, 1932;
8:792 iii. Cle Hollis Cossairt, born November 19, 1933.

752

ONA ELIZABETH COSSAIRT:

(Henry 613; Daniel 405; Albert 144; Peter l25; Francis 103; David. 8; Jacques 3; Jacques i).

Ona Elizabeth Cossairt was born May 14, 1902 at Kila, Mont. Married September 2, 1920 to James Baker.

CHILDREN:

( ) i. James H. Baker, born September 2, 1922;
( ) ii. Donald Floyd Baker, born May 21, 1927.
SIMON PETER COSSAIRT:

(Daniel 405: Peter 226: Albert 144: Peter 125: Francis 103: David 8: Jacques 3: Jacques 1).

Simon Peter Cossairt, born January 4, 1865 at Maine Prairie, Minnesota. Died August 15, 1906, at Maine Prairie. Married Celestia Winslow, November 14, 1887 at Maine Prairie, Minnesota. She was born May 8, 1868 at Maine Prairie and resided at Kimball, Meeker County, Minnesota.

CHILDREN:

   CHILDREN:
   a. Alice Rute Lutgen, born May 8, 1926.
   b. Ethel Elizabeth Lutgen, born December 28, 1927.
8-757 ii. Howard Arthur Cossairt, born April 2, 1890.
8-758 iii. LeRoy Cossairt, born March 3, 1893, Kimball, Minn.
8-759 iv. Henry Cossairt, born September 19, 1895, Kimball, Minn.
8-760 v. George Dewey Cossairt, born February 6, 1898: Kimball, Minn.
8-761 vi. Olive Cossairt, born October 22, 1900. Married September 29, 1928 to Toby Fisher and they have two children.
   CHILDREN:
   a. Arthur Alvin Fisher,
   b. Lorriane Gladys Fisher.
8-762 vii. Simon Edgar Cossairt, born April 1, 1903.

PERRY COSSAIRT:

(Peter 226: Albert 144: Peter 125: Francis 103: David 8: Jacques 3: Jacques 1).

Perry Cossairt was born about 1845 in Vermillion County, Illinois Little is known of him with the exception that he drew a pension from the Government while living in Kansas, and his widow drew a pension while living in Missouri.

The military records of Perry are as follows:


Married Lucy.


No further record.

1.2.6.9.3.7.4 228 DAVID COSSAIRT:

(Albert 144: Peter 125: Francis 103: David 8: Jaques 3: Jacques 1).

David Cossairt was born January 9 1814, died young and before his father, on December 30, 1846.
MARRIED January 4, 1835 to Jane Caldwell, she was born May 27, 1820. David was probably born in Warren County, Ohio. An old history of Vermillion County, Illinois, states that he and his father were natives of Kentucky and settled in Vermillion County during the pioneer days.

CHILDREN

409 1. William Cossairt, born July 5, 1843, died in March 1916.
410 2. Mary Cossairt, born July 26, 1838. Married Ruben Young.

CHILD

a. William H. Young.

411 3. Margaret Cossairt, born November 3, 1840, died in 1918. Married Isaac Dwiggins. They lived at Waynetown, Indiana, where Margaret died and is buried in the Masonic Cemetery at that place.

412 4. John Cossairt, born March 17, 1843; died February 2, 1865.

409 WILLIAM COSSAIRT:

(David 228; Albert 144; Peter 125; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

William Cossairt, born July 5, 1843, died in March 1916. Married Louisa A. Smith born August 24, 1843 died November 5, 1910. They were married August 24, 1861.

William Cossairt, was born near the City of Danville, July 5, 1836. His father was David Cossairt, who came with his father, who was a pioneer of Vermillion County. When William Cossairt found himself able he bought out the other heirs to the home place and there made his home for life. His farm is located on Section 4, Middlefork Township and adjoins Potomos, making an ideal location for a home. Mr. Cossairt married Louisa A. Smith, whose father came from England. Miss Smith was born in Vermillion County and here grew to womanhood. They were the parents of nine children, all but two of whom lived to have families of their own. Mr. Cossairt always commanded the respect and friendship of his neighbors and had their good will.”

(Reference: History of Vermillion County, Illinois, Volume 1; by Lottie E. Jones. page 244).

CHILDREN:

8-618 1. William Sanford Cossairt, born September 2, 1869.
8-620 3. Anna Josephine Cossairt, born June 4, 1871, died March 17, 1872.
8-621 4. Emma Jane Cossairt, born June 23, 1864, died February 18, 1866.
8-622 5. David S. Cossairt, born December 27, 1875.
8-624 7. Mary May Cossairt, born July 12, 1884.

William Cossairt: upon a farm in Section 4, Middlefork Township, lives William Cossairt, and his place of 160 acres is equipped with modern accessories which indicate him to be a progressive agriculturist. His land adjoins the town of Potomac on the west and thus the comforts of town life are easily secured. A native son of Illinois, he was born near the city of Danville, July 5, 1836. His father was David Cossairt, his grandfather Albert Cossairt and both were natives of Kentucky. The latter removed with his family to Illinois in early pioneer times, settling in Vermillion County, north of the present City of Danville. There he secured a tract of land, which he transferred into a good farm, becoming one of the prosperous and well known agriculturist of his community. Upon that place he reared his family and there lived to the ripe old age of more than ninety years.

David Cossairt, was reared upon the old homestead and early became familiar with the arduous task of developing new land. He also shared with the family in the various hardships and trials incident to frontier life. He was married in Vermillion County to Jane Caldwell, a native of Germany, who came with her parents from Ohio to Illinois. In order to provide for his wife and for the children who were afterwards added to the family, David Cossairt followed, farming, living near the old homestead for several years. In 1842 he purchased the place now owned and occupied by his son William and here he began farm work, making the first improvements on the place. His home was a hewed log house, in which he resided until the time of his death, which occurred about 1845, when he was yet a young man. His wife survived him for several years.
Of a family of two sons and two daughters, William Cossairt is the eldest. His brother John was a soldier of the Rebellion, serving in Company I of the 125th Illinois Infantry and he died at Nashville, Tennessee, during the war. Mary, one of the sisters, grew to womanhood, was married and after her death left a son, William H. Young, who now resides in Idaho (1903). The other sister, Margaret, is the wife of Isaac Dwiggin of Waynetown, Ind.

In taking up the personal history of William Cossairt we present to our readers the life record of one who is widely and favorably known in Vermillion County. He grew to manhood on the farm where he now lives and bought out the interests of the other heirs in the old home place, thus succeeding to the ownership. He has cleared and broken the land, has fenced the fields and made the farm what it is to-day, a richly developed tract splendidly adapted for agricultural pursuits. He also erected a neat and substantial residence and planted an orchard, the trees of which now bear good fruit. Some of the trees of his own planting are at the present time more than two feet in diameter, these being set out 58 years ago. He has also tiled his land and added many equipments of value to facilitate farm work. He is now making a specialty of feeding and fattening hogs and cattle for the market and is justly numbered among the successful stockmen of the county.

In Middlefork Township in 1861 was celebrated the marriage of Mr. Cossairt and Louisa A. Smith, a daughter of Septimus Smith, a native of England, but his daughter was born and reared in Vermillion County. By this union there have been nine children. William S. Cossairt who is a practicing physician of Potomac; Adeline S. at home; David S. who is married and follows farming in Middlefork Township; Samuel A. also a farmer of the same Township; Loura Grace and Mary May, both at home, and John. They lost two children, Emma, the first born, who died at the age of 20 months; and Josephine, who died in infancy.

Mr. Cossairt became of age in 1857 and it was therefore that in 1860 he cast his first presidential vote. His ballot was deposited for Abraham Lincoln and he has since been an earnest supporter of the Republican party, its men and its measures. He has served as school trustee since 27 years of age, covering a period of more than four decades. He has also been township trustee for a number of years and for four consecutive years had been assessor. He has likewise served as delegate to numerous conventions of his party and in all public offices of trust he has been prompt and faithful in the discharge of his duties. He and his wife hold membership in the Potomac Methodist Episcopal Church and have been true to its teachings as exemplified in their noble relations with their fellow men. For over 60 years Mr. Cossairt has resided upon the farm which is yet his home. Perhaps this record is equaled by that of no other resident of Vermillion County. His entire life has been passed within the borders of this County and he has watched its wonderful transformation. Great indeed have been the changes which have been wrought as a swampy land have been made to produce abundant harvests. As towns and cities have been built the work of progress in improvement has been carried forward along all lines. There is not a man in the County more highly respected than William Cossairt and no history of this portion of the state would be complete without the record of his life."


WILLIAM SANFORD COSSAIRT:

(William 409; David 228; Albert 144; Peter 125; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

William Sanford Cossairt, born September 2, 1869. Married Minnie Acton, October 6, 1901. She was born November 4, 1880.

“Among the medical practitioners of Vermillion County, Ill., who have earned success by conscientious application to their profession after years of thorough preparation is Dr. William S. Cossairt of Potomac. Ten years ago he began practice in the same community where he has since remained and to-day he is one of the leading physicians in this part of the country. He was born in Potomac, September 2, 1869, and is a son of William and Louisa (Smith) Cossairt. The father was born on a farm 7 miles east of Potomac and the mother in the town. The father is still living, but the mother on October 30, 1910, fell and injured herself, dying from the effects on the following Saturday.
The subject of this review was educated in Vermillion County and later studied for three years in the Wesleyan University at Bloomington, Illinois. After leaving the University he began teaching school and continued for three years earning money which enabled him in 1896 to become a student in Rush Medical College of Chicago, one of the great medical college institutions of the country. Here he continued for four years under some of the most celebrated instructors in the various branches of the medical profession to be found in the United States. He proved to be a highly promising student and was graduated with honors with the coveted title of "M.D.", in 1900. Immediately upon leaving college he practiced for 7 years in Potomac by himself and then became associated with Dr. J. E. P. Butz, of that place. As a general practitioner Dr. Cossairt, has from the beginning of his career been unusually successful, his equipment for the work having been thorough and practical. He has a well selected medical library and is a constant reader of the best medical magazines, keeping posted as to the latest advances in the profession that has made marvelous progress in recent years. The position he has attained is the direct result of faithful application and deep interest in the work to which he has devoted the best energies of his life.

On October 9, 1901, Dr. Cossairt was united in marriage to Miss Minerva Viola Acton, of Potomac and unto them has been born one child, Louise Jane. Dr. Cossairt holds membership in the Knights of Pythius and the Modern Woodmen of America, but his time is almost taken up with the duties of his practice and he has little opportunity for social recreation. Mrs. Cossairt is a member of the Methodist Episcopal Church, but her husband does not belong to any religious denomination. Although he is a generous contributor toward the work carried on by the local churches.

It is said that what a man can do best that is the task given him by his creator. Fortunate is he who finds the work for which he is by nature adapted, and doubly fortunate is he if he finds this work at the beginning of his active career. Then indeed does he labor not entirely, for financial gain, but for the joy and the excellency the things he is doing. Under such circumstances powers are awakened that are unknown to the one who drudges at his work and success is as certain as life itself. Dr. Cossairt apparently found the work for which he was born and he was not required to pass through years of waiting before obtaining a lucrative practice and it need hardly be said that he has gained, the confidence and respect not only of his brother practitioners but of all who he is known."


CHILD
8'763  i. Louise Jane Cossairt, born July 10, 1910.

622  DAVID S. COSSAIRT:

(William 409; David 228; Albert 144; Peter 125; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

David S. Cossairt born December 27, 1875. Married Katherine Terpening, December 6 1898. She was born February 11, 1874. David was postmaster at potomac in 1932.

CHILDREN:
8'764  i. Arthur B. Cossairt, born December 18, 1901, died September 30, 1908.
8'765  ii. Hazel Louise Cossairt, born April 17, 1907. Married C.J. Mackey, May 12, 1928.

CHILDREN:
  a  Albert Cossairt Mackey, b. November 11, 1928.
  b  Barbara Louise Mackey, b. August 17, 1931.

624  MARY MAY COSSAIRT:

(William 409; David 228; Albert 144; Peter 125; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Mary May Cossairt born July 12, 1884. Married E. H. Harriman. Mrs. Harriman died January 4, 1928. Mr. Harriman married Laura Grace Cossairt, the sister of Mary May Cossairt.

CHILDREN:
8'766  i. Carolyn May Harriman, born May 29, 1913. The following is an extract from a local newspaper:
"Miss Harriman, Bert announces secret wedding. Rev. G. C. White reads ceremony October 5, 1932 in Charleston; couple live at Urbana. Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Harriman, 710 West Church Street, Urbana, announced the marriage of their daughter, Carolyn Mae Harriman, 19 and Loraine J. Bert 33, son of Mr. and Mrs. E. F. Bert, New Athens, which took place October 5, 1932, in the Methodist Episcopal parsonage, in Charleston. The Rev. G. C. White read the ceremony. Mrs. Bert will receive the degree of bachelor of music in June. She is a member of the Torch Sigma Alpha Iota, Alpha Lambda Delta, Mu, Kappa Alpha, and Arepo. Bert will also receive the degree of bachelor of music and bachelor of science in June. He is a member of Phi Mu Alpha, May Kappa Alpha., and Arepo. He is in charge of the music classes at Thornburn School, Urbana, and is assistant director of the Urbana high school orchestra. The couple live at 710 West Church Street, Urbana, Illinois."


625

JOHN WESLEY COSSAIRT:

(William 409; David 228; Albert 144; Peter 125; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).


412

JOHN COSSAIRT:

(David 228; Albert 144; Peter 125; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

John Cossairt was born March 17, 1843, died February 2, 1865. He was killed at Nashville, Tennessee, during the Civil War. His body was brought back to Potomac, Ill., for burial by his eldest brother, William Cossairt. Records show that John enlisted in Company I, 125th Illinois Infantry, was enrolled August 12, 1862 at Pilot for 3 years; mustered into the service on September 3, 1862 at Danville, Ill., a private. He died July 28, 1863 in the United States General Hospital at Edgefield, Tenn., of disease. His personal description at time of enlistment was as follows: Height 5 feet 6 inches; complexion, fair; eyes, gray; hair, brown; occupation, farmer; born near Danville, Illinois; age at time of enlistment, 19 years old. (Reference: War Department Records, Washington).

1.2.6.9.3.7.5 229

SAMUEL COSSAIRT:

(Albert 144; Peter 125; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Samuel Cossairt was born July 6, 1815 in Warren County, Ohio, died February 9, 1886. Married Rachel Venable, January 27, 1839. She was born October 1, 1814/24, died September 14, 1861. The following is a statement of his son Francis Marion Cossairt:

“The family of Samuel Cossairt were poor, honest and hardworking pioneers of Warren County, Ohio, and Vermillion County, Illinois. Samuel and his wife were able to converse in the Dutch language. Samuel and one of his brothers, probably Perry, went to Missouri about the year 1842, where Samuel’s daughter Mary was born. Later Samuel returned to near Danville, Illinois, while it is said his brother remained in Missouri. All of the other children of Samuel were born near Danville. After the death of his wife in 1861, Samuel and his children removed to Maine Prairie, Sterns County, Minnesota. This was about at the time of the outbreak in Minnesota, and being fearful for the safety of his young children, he did not locate there at this time, but returned with them to Vermillion County, Illinois, where he remained until about 1865. They then returned to Maine Prairie. The journey was made in covered wagons which was a long and tiresome one. There were about twelve wagons in the caravan. The family settled and remained here. Samuel died at that place about 1886.”

It has been said by other members of his family that “Samuel was a man of sterling character — he gave a part of his land to the Christian Church and a church of that denomination was erected on
the property in Maine Prairie, Minnesota - where people came for many many miles around to worship during the many years it stood.

CHILDREN:

413  i. John Cossairt, born January 20, 1840, died February 14, 1911.


415  iii. Mary Cossairt, born March 5, 1843, in Missouri. Died August 31, 1915. Married a Mr. John Kimball. No children.


418  vi. Jeremiah Cossairt, born October 7, 1849 near Danville, Illinois. Died 11/5/1924; while in business at St. Cloud, Minn. Here he used the surname of "Kozart" and "Cozart", which it is said caused a considerable amount of confusion in a business way. No children.

419  vii William Cossairt, born October 4, 1851, near Danville, Ill., died January 9, 1910. No children.


421  ix. Elizabeth Adline Cossairt, born February 23, 1856; died February 1, 1928, near Danville, Illinois. Married Urson White of Maine Prairie, Minn., who is also dead. (Born July 6, 1851, died September 20, 1923).

422  x. Francis Marion Cossairt, born October 4 1858, near Danville, Illinois, died at Exeter, Calif., February 23, 1933.

413  JOHN COSSAIRT:

(Samuel 229; Albert 144; Peter 125; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

John Cossairt was born January 20, 1840, died February 14, 1911. Married 1st time to Jane Jacobus.

John enlisted during the Indian uprising as a Private in Captain Freeman’s Company of mounted men, the "Northern Rangers", organized at St. Cloud, Minn., on August 24, 1862, for the relief of Fort Abercrombie. He took a prominent part in some of the fights at Abercrombie. The company was disbanded October 14, 1862. At the age of 22 he enlisted in the First Regiment of "Mounted Rangers" and was mustered in October 23 1862 and served until November 4, 1863. This regiment was recruiting in the fall of 1862, on account of the urgent necessity of having cavalry for the purpose of the Indian war then being prosecuted in Minnesota against the Sioux Indians. In the month of August previous this merciless and savage foe perpetrated a massacre all along the frontier that, for extent of mortality and horrible details, was without a parallel in American History. The Sioux were naturally a fierce and warlike race, as their name “cut-throat” implies. They were undoubtedly suffering some injustice from neglect of the general government, which was then bending its energy to the suppression of the great Rebellion, and was excusable for failure to carry out treaty obligations with the Indians with the promptitude that had characterized its action in time of peace. But this found no adequate excuse for the outbreak of war, and not the slightest apology for their fiendish outrages that spared neither infancy, age or sex, and that followed even death with mutilations so diabolical and obscene that common decency forbids their publication. Mr. Cossairt helped bury several white women and children and old men that had been massacred during this uprising. John died a member of the Christian Church of which he was an ardent supporter.

John married 2nd time to Ella Clark Whitney.

CHILDREN: (By 1st wife).

8·627  i. Warren J. Cossairt, born August 10, 1865. Married Amelia Kalachny. He is a farm laborer and resides at 169 South Harwood Street, Orange, Calif. No issue.

8·628  ii. Addie Mary Adaline Cossairt, deceased. Married Willie Hoskins of Maine Prairie, Minnesota. They had three children, two died in infancy. Dorris Hoskins married Roger Rudd and they reside at 575 West Dryden Ave., Glendale, Calif. Mr. Rudd pilots a century plane between Glendale and San Francisco. They have two daughters – Shirley and Duste.

8·629  iii. Eliza Jane Cossairt. Married Will Conner who has been dead for several years. She
resides at 192 South Center Street, Orange, Orange County, Calif. There were two children to this union Wallane Conner, deceased, and Addie Mabel Conner who married Lloyd Hessel. Addie died in October 1930. The latter couple had one child, Lloyd William Jr., born September 1930.

CHILD: (By 2nd wife).

CHILD: (By 2nd wife).

EARL LEE COSSAIRT. Married Esther Smith in Orange, Calif. where they still reside.

ELIZA ANN COSSAIRT:
(Samuel 229; Albert 144; Peter 125; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).


CHILDREN:
( ) i. Will Rails, married and had Ruby, Nellie and Roy.
( ) ii. Frank Rails, married Lulu Rowley of Eden Valley, Minn. They reside in Los Angeles, Calif. No issue.
( ) iii. Less Rails, married Ephunia Mathney and they reside at Orange, Orange County, Calif. No issue.
( ) iv. Edith Viola Rails, married Will Rowley and they had Nettie who married Orvel McNay of Linwood, Cal. and they have Derrill and Orvel McNey Jr.

ELIZABETH ADLINE COSSAIRT:
(Samuel 229; Albert 144; Peter 125; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Elizabeth Adline Cossairt, born February 23, 1856, died February 1, 1928, near Danville, Illinois. Married Ursom White of Maine Prairie, Minnesota. He was born July 6, 1851 and died September 20, 1923.

CHILDREN:
( ) i. Clara White, born November 1, 1880. Married Arthur Farwell and they reside at No. 166 North Cambridge Street, Orange, California.
( ) ii. Nellie White was born April 10, 1887. She is single and resides at No. 166 North Cambridge Street, Orange, Calif.

FRANCIS MARION COSSAIRT: (Cosart).
(Samuel 229; Albert 144; Peter 125; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Francis Marion Cossairt was born October 4, 1858, near Danville, Illinois; died at Exeter, California, February 23, 1933, Married October 5, 1879 to Katie E. Powers. He was in the real estate and insurance business in Orange and Tulare Counties, Calif. for many years. His statement follows:

"Of Samuel Cossairt's children, I, Francis Marion Cossairt, am the only one living in 1931. I dropped the two letters from my name about twenty-five years ago."

The following obituary appeared in a local paper:

"Funeral services for F. M. Cosart held Saturday. Burial took place Monday at Fairhaven Cemetery, Orange County, California."

"Thursday February 23, 1933, Funeral services for Frank M. Cosart: aged 74, who died Friday morning after making his home here for 21 years, were conducted at 10:30 a.m. Saturday from the Cosart home in this city (Exeter). The Rev. George H. Mitchell, pastor of the local Presbyterian Church, officiated, assisted by he Rev. R. B. Shaw, pastor of the Church of Christ in
Lindsay. The body was shipped to Orange, where the deceased made his home for several years, and services were held at 2:00 p.m., Monday in that city. Burial was made in the Fairhaven Cemetery. Born October 4, 1858, in Danville, Illinois, Mr. Cosart moved at the age of 10 to Minnesota. On October 5, 1879, he married at Maine Prairie, Minn., to Miss Katie E. Powers, and in 1901 they moved to Orange, Calif., where he engaged in the citrus culture and in conducting a grocery. Coming to Exeter in 1912, Mr. and Mrs. Cosart made their home south of town, having purchased the McConnell orange grove. About ten years ago Mr. Cosart retired and with his wife moved to their new home on South "E" Street. The deceased, who had been in ill health for several years, was well known here, and was a member of the Christian Church. Survivors include the widow Mrs. Katie E. Cosart; two daughters, Mrs. Ella Perry of this city and Mrs. Kate Buszek of Lindsay; three sons William Francis Cosart of this city, E. W. Cosart of Lindsay and George Cosart of Chico. Mr. Frank M. Cosart possessed a sterling Christian character. He was thorough in every thing he did and his sound judgement won him admiration and friends wherever he went. Mr. Cosart’s keen interest in affairs of the nation and community kept him young in spirit all through the years. His kindly council will be missed by those who were fortunate in knowing him and there is always sadness giving up such a character even though he had completed a long and useful span of life."

**CHILDREN:**


8'632 ii. George Lawrence Cosart, born October 25, 1882. Married Emma Hanson. He is a rice grower of Chico, Cal.

8'633 iii. Ernest Walter Cosart, born April 3, 1885.

8'634 iv. Ella Mabel Cosart, born December 5, 1888. Married to Alfred L. Perry. She lives at Exeter, Calif. They have a daughter - Marjorie Louise Perry, born October 21, 1915 and resides at San Diego, Calif.

8'635 v. Katie Rae Cosart, born February 5, 1891.

8'636 vi. William Francis Cosart, born November 30, 1893.

**633 ERNEST WALTER COSART:**

(Francis Marion 422; Samuel 229; Albert 144; Peter 125; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Ernest Walter Cosart born April 3, 1885; married Olive Kron of Berkley, Calif. He is engaged in the automobile sales business at Lindsay, Calif.

**CHILDREN:**

8'768 i. Clarise Cosart, born August 29, 1913.

8'769 ii. Derril Cosart, born November 17, 1918.

**635 KATIE RAE COSART:**

(Francis Marion 422; Samuel 229; Albert 144; Peter 125; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Katie Rae Cosart, or Cossairt, born February 5, 1891. Married Marion Buszek who is a partner in the firm of Buszek and Cosart, Automobile dealers at Lindsay, California.

**CHILDREN:**

( ) i. (Marion?) Wayne Buszek b. March 6, 1912.

( ) ii. Dorothy (Lillian?) Buszek, b. May 14, 1913.

( ) iii. Francis Buszek, b. June 17, 1915.


**636 WILLIAM FRANCIS COSART:**

(Francis Marion 422; Samuel 229; Albert 144; Peter 125; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

William Francis Cosart, or Cossairt, born November 30, 1893. Married Gladys Rhodes. He is
engaged in fruit ranching business. Raises Oranges and Emperor grapes at Exeter, California.

CHILDREN:

8-770 i. Duane Bradford Cosart, born March 4, 1927.

1.2.6.9.3.7.6 230 RACHEL COSSAIRT:

(Albert 144; Peter 125; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Rachel Cossairt was born May 12, 1817. Married April 20, 1845 to Thomas B. Murphy at Danville, Illinois.

1.2.6.9.3.7.7 231 JOHN COSSAIRT:

(Albert 144; Peter 125; Francis 105; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

John Cossairt born December 3, 1818, probably in Warren County, Ohio.

1.2.6.9.3.7.8 232 MARY COSSAIRT:

(Albert 144; Peter 125; Francis 105; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Mary Cossairt, born April 27, 1819. Married April 14, 1862 to Aaron Wiles.

1.2.6.9.3.7.9 233 JEREMIAH COSSAIRT:

(Albert 144; Peter 125; Francis 105; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Jeremiah Cossairt was born March 22, 1821. Married October 28, 1846 to Mary Ann Caldwell at Danville, Illinois.

1.2.6.9.3.7.10 234 JONATHAN COSSAIRT:

(Albert 144; Peter 125; Francis 105; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Jonathan Cossairt was born March 14, 1823. Married February 17, 1846 to Barbara Humphrey. No issue.

1.2.6.9.4 126 JACOB COSSART: (Cassat)

(Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Jacob Cossart was born on April 21, 1751, in Somerset Co., New Jersey, and was baptised in the First Reformed Dutch Church of Raritan, May 12, 1751. He died May 14, 1815 and is buried in the old Dutch graveyard 1½ miles east of Hunterstown, Adams Co., Pennsylvania.

He married April 15, 1778 to Mary Montfort, born 1758 died 1814 and is buried, in same place with husband. She was the daughter of John and Catherine (Manten) Montfort.

Jacob was a 1st Lieutenant April 5, 1778, 5th Company, 4th Battalion, York County, Pa., Militia.


He was listed as Jacob Cossart. Records also show an Ensign Jacob Cossart, 1st Company, 1st Regiment, York County Militia. Commission was issued December 7, 1795.
He is mentioned as Executor in the will of his sister, Christina Clopper, dated November 24, 1801.

After 1800 Jacob spelled his name CASSAT.

Returns of taxables, Straban Township, York County, Pa., for the year 1780 shows that "Jacob Cozat paid taxes in the amount of £ 27.7.6. on 150 acres of land, 3 horses, 2 head of cattle."

The assessments for Straban Township, York County, for the year 1800 made in 1799, places the total at $132,197.00 at 30 per $100 valuation. Collectors were Garret Van Arsdale and George Williamson. John Brinkerhoff was assessor. Single men in the township at the time were taxed $1.00 each. “Jacob Cassat paid taxes on $2,085.00 worth of property.”

THE JUSTICE COLLECTION:

“(4) - Jacob Cossart was 1st Lieutenant of Colonel John Andrews, 4th Battalion, 8th Company, York County Militia, the officers of which were Major Simon Vanarsdal, Captain Thomas Stockton, April 5th 1778. His brother David was a private in the same Battalion. (Penna. Archives, 6th Series, Vol. 2, page 613) which makes their descendants eligible to membership in the sons and daughters of the Revolution.

Jacob's name appears in the list of those intended to go to Kentucky, but if he did go he evidently returned as the baptisms of his children from 1779 to 1712 would indicate.

Deed, February 12, 1789 — Francis Cossart of Straton Township, York County, to Jacob Cossart, of same. Recites whereas the Execution Council of State of Pennsylvania by three patents, one March 12, 1785, and the other two, May 25, 1785, granted and confirmed to Francis Cossart adjoining tracts situated in Straton called Frankfort, Barrenhill, and Indian Spring. Beginning at a White Oak boundary line of Cornelius Van Arsdal's land and extending to lands of Henry Banta and along James Dickinson's land, 615 acres 43 perches, as recorded in Patent Book 2 in No. 4 page 23, the other in Book 4, page 226. In consideration of £ 205; confirms to said Jacob a part of said tract. Cornelius Van Arsdal's to Henry Banta, 333 acres 129 perches.

/Signed/ FRANCIS COSSART.
Witnesses Present: Lawrence Montfort.
Francis Cossart Jr.
Recorded in Deed Book 2 F, pages 16, 17 and 18.

Among the names of heads of families of the Conewago settlement were: David, Francis, Jacob and Peter Cossart, p. 268.

Issue:
(1) Kniertje (Kittie) Cassatt, baptised 7/5/1779 at Conewago, Married John Magoffin.
(2) Peter Cassatt, born November 13, 1781, baptised December 9, 1781 at Conewago, died May 19, 1785 (Bible record.)

Issue:
(a) Sarah Brinkerhoff, b. September 4, 1816, died June 10, 1852.
(b) Eliza Brinkerhoff born June 29, 1818, died March 8, 1888.
(c) Martha Christina Brinkerhoff, born 1/14/1820, died April 6, 1852.
(d) John Garret Brinkerhoff, born July 7, 1822, died March 26, 1892.
(e) A son born May 13, 1825, died May 14, 1825.

(4) Stynie (or Christina), born 3/23/1787, baptised 10/14/1787 at Conewago, died 5/14/1837; married 1st time Peter Williamson; married 2nd time Mr. Wunderly. No issue by either husband. (Mrs. Melchoir's letter of 5/27/1920).

(5) Mary Cassatt, born May 9, 1790, died October 31, 1863, baptised June 1790; Married 3/13/1817, William Thompson born 6/10/1787, died January 9, 1851.
Issue:
   (1) Jane Thompson, born January 9, 1818, died April 30, 1888, single.
   (2) Jacob Thompson, born 1/24/1820, died August 31, 1903, single.
   (3) Joseph Thompson, born July 31, 1822, died April 8, 1823, single.
   (4) Maria Thompson, born March 5, 1824, died March 22, 1910, single.
   (5) Sarah Elenor Thompson, born 3/21/1827, died January 4, 1908.
   (6) William Anderson Thompson, born 1/21/1829, died June 25, 1843. (Date of birth was Dec. 1829)
   (6) Lenah Cassatt, born August 5, 1792, baptised September 1792 died January 16, 1861 (bible record.): married Peter Monfort, widower. He was grandfather of Mrs. Mary Melchoir, who states Leanah left no issue. (Letter May 27, 1920).

(Reference: Justice Collection in collection of the Genealogical Society of Pennsylvania, 1300 Locust Street, Philadelphia, Pa.)

In the Low Dutch graveyard near Hunterstown, Pa., may be seen the headstone of Jacob and Mary which reads: “Jacob Cassat Sr., aged 58 years”. “Maria Cassat died March 18, 1814, aged 56 years.” Their graves are in the South-east front corner of the burying ground.

The children of Jacob Cassart and Mary Monfort are as listed below:

CHILDREN:
1.2.6.9.4.1 145 i. Kniertje Cassat, born 7/5/1779, died 12/19/1860. m. John Magoffin.
1.2.6.9.4.2 146 ii. Peter Cassat, b. 11/13/1781, bapt. 12/9/1781 at Conewago, died 5/19/1785 (Bible record)
1.2.6.9.4.3 147 iii. Margaret Cassat, b. 7/27/1784 (Bible record), bapt. 8/4/1784, died 2/25/1867, married 11/23/1815 Garret Brinkerhoff, born 5/11/1787, died 9/19/1862. Son of John and Sarah (Van Arsdalen) Brinkerhoff
1.2.6.9.4.4 148 iv. Christinia. Cassat, born February 23, 1787, died May 14, 1837 in Ohio. Married 1st time Peter Williamson, relict of her cousin Margaret Cassat, the daughter of David Cassat. Married second time to Mr. Wunderly.
1.2.6.9.4.5 149 v. Mary Cassat, born May 9, 1790, died October 31, 1861. vi. Lenah Cassat.
1.2.6.9.4.6 150 vii. Elizabeth Cassat, born August 28, 1796.
1.2.6.9.4.7 151 viii. Jacob Cassat Jr., Born June 13, 1799; died June 19, 1874.

1.2.6.9.4.1

KIERTJE (Kitty) CASSAT:
(Jacob 126; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Kiertje (Kitty) Cassat, was born July 5, 1779 in Straban Township York (now Adams) County, Pennsylvania. She was baptised in the Reformed Dutch Church of the Conewago settlement on August 22, 1779. She married John Magoffin. Mentioned in her father's will. died 12/19/1860 No further record.
Peter Cassat was born November 13, 1781 and baptised in the same church in Conewago as his sister Kitty (145) on December 9, 1781. Peter died May 19, 1785 and is buried in the Low Dutch graveyard near Hunterstown, Pennsylvania.

Margaret Cassat was born July 27, 1784 and baptised in the same church as her sister Kitty and brother Peter above mentioned, on August 24, 1784. She died February 25, 1867. Married November 23, 1815 to Garret Brinkerhoff, as his second wife. His first wife being Madelina Barlow. Garret was born May 11, 1787 and died September 19, 1862; the son of John and Sarah (Van Arsdalen) Brinkerhoff. John was a Justice of the Peace and died in Adams County, Pa., May 13, 1873.

CHILDREN:

iv. John Garrett Brinkerhoff b. July 7, 1822 on father’s farm two miles from Hunterstown, d. March 26, 1892 at Hunterstown. Married January 30, 1855 to Sarah C. Shriver, b. March 8, 1830, died August 3, 1911. He resided at Hunterstown, Adams County, Pa. near Gettysburg and was a surveyor and an ‘encyclopedia of knowledge’ of the family history.

CHILDREN:

Lucrettia Jane Brinkerhoff, b. March 11, 1858, married 1/28/1896 to David A. Conover, d. 6/22/1921.
Margaret Elizabeth Brinkerhoff, b. Aug. 14, 1860; married July 20, 1897 1st time to James C. Wright; married 2nd time to John L. Taughinbaugh. No children.
Ida Grace Brinkerhoff, b. November 27, 1864, d. 5/28/1934.

v. son, b. May 13, 1825, died May 14, 1825.

A map drawn by John Garrett Brinkerhoff is illustrated in the “Brinkerhoff Family” and shows the residences of the various members of the Brinkerhoff family residing in the vicinity of Hunterstown, the roads leading to the Conewago Church and the location of the graveyard.

John Garrett Brinkerhoff was a trustee and leading or ruling Elder of the Presbyterian Church at Hunterstown and stated to the author of the “Brinkerhoff Book” that he was never sued at law for a debt, and never sued anyone.”

See copy of his map on page 108, herein. (Publisher: There was no map)

CHILDREN:

Lucrettia Jane Brinkerhoff, born March 11, 1858, died June 22, 1921. Married January 28, 1896 to David Conover.
Margaret Eliza Brinkerhoff, born August 14, 1860; married 1st July 20, 1897 to James C. Wright, married 2nd January 1, 1920 to John L. Taughinbaugh. Living February 29, 1936. She has in her possession the Grandfather’s clock that once belonged to Christine (Cassat) Clopper the sister of Peter Cossart.

Note: Mrs. Margaret Taughinbaugh in a letter to the compiler dated 3 July 1936 says:
“I feel sure that there was no one buried where the "Low Dutch Church" stood. I think likely Francis Cassat (103) and wife were buried in "Low Dutch Graveyard".

1.2.6.9.4.4 148 CHRISTINA (Styntie) CASSAT:

(Jacob 126: Francis 103: David 8: Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Christina (or Styntie) Cassat, was born in Straban Township February 23, 1787 and baptised in the Conewago Reformed Dutch Church on October 14, 1787. She died May 14, 1837 in Ohio. Married 1st time to Peter Williamson relict of her cousin Margaret Cassat (133) the daughter of David Cassat (124). She married 2nd time to Jacob Wunderly. No issue.

1.2.6.9.4.5 149 MARY (Maria) CASSAT:

(Jacob 126: Francis 103: David 8: Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Mary (or Maria) Cassat was born on the Cassat farm near Hunterstown, Pennsylvania, on May 9, 1790, baptised in the Conewago Reformed Dutch Church in June 1790. She died at Gettysburg, Penna. October 31, 1861/3. Married March 13, 1817 to William Thompson, born June 10, 1787, died October 31, 1863.

CHILDREN

1.2.6.9.4.5.1 i. Jane Thompson, born January 9, 1818, died April 20/30, 1888 single.
1.2.6.9.4.5.2 ii. Cassat Thompson, born 1/24/1820, died August 31, 1903, single.
1.2.6.9.4.5.3 iii. William Anderson Thompson, born 12/21/1821, died in June 1843.
1.2.6.9.4.5.4 iv. Joseph Thompson, born July 31, 1822, died April 8, 1823.
1.2.6.9.4.5.5 v. Maria Cassat Thompson, born 3/5/1824, died March 22, 1910, single.
1.2.6.9.4.5.6 vi. Sarah Eleanor Thompson, born March 21, 1827, died January 4, 1908. Married June 5, 1850 to David Montfort, born June 26, 1825, died April 2, 1854, son of Peter Montfort and Elizabeth Brinkerhoff, who married 2nd time to Lenah Cassat (150).

CHILDREN:

1.2.6.9.4.5.6.1.1  David Montfort Melchoir, b. December 12, 1881, m. July 7, 1904 to
   Elizabeth Wagg of Virginia.
CHILDREN:
1.2.6.9.4.5.6.1.1.1 Montfort Vertegeans Melchoir, b. May 26, 1905.
1.2.6.9.4.5.6.1.1.2 Oliver Wiley Melehoir, b. August 11, 1906.
1.2.6.9.4.5.6.1.1.3 Virginia Thompson Melchoir, b. June 29, 1910

1.2.6.9.4.5.6.1.2  William Tobias Melchoir, b. May 6, 1884, married June 6, 1906 to
   Carrie A. Boyer, b. November 3, 1877.
CHILDREN:
1.2.6.9.4.5.6.1.2.1 Mary Annette Melchoir, b. August 21, 1907.
1.2.6.9.4.5.6.1.2.2 Carolyn Thompson Melchoir, b. 2/3/1910; d. 2/10/1911
1.2.6.9.4.5.6.1.2.3 William Benjamin Melchoir, b. October 11, 1912.
1.2.6.9.4.5.6.1.2.4 Elizabeth Montfort Melchoir, b. June 24, 1916.
1.2.6.9.4.5.6.1.2.5 Robert Melchoir, b. November 11, 1918, d. 11/21/1918

1.2.6.9.4.5.6.1.3  Charles Cassat Melchoir, born August 14, 1885, married 9/25/1907
   Mary May Leidich, born May 17, 1886.
CHILDREN:
1.2.6.9.4.5.6.1.3.1 Anna Mary Melchoir, born November 11, 1910.
1.2.6.9.4.5.6.1.3.2 Margaret Leidich Melchoir, b. October 17, 1908.
1.2.6.9.4.5.6.1.3.3 Helen Irene Melchor, born May 20, 1913.
1.2.6.9.4.5.6.1.3.4 Milton Oliver Melchor, born July 16, 1916.

1.2.6.9.4.5.6.1.4  Mary Susanna Melchor, born October 20, 1890: married. October 20,
   1917 Floyd W. Ran of Bethemhem, Pa.
   CHILD:
1.2.6.9.4.5.6.1.4.1 Mary Katheryn Ran, born August 18, 1918.

1.2.6.9.4.5.6.2  b. Jane Thompson Montfort, b. July 7, 1854, died May 31 1918,
   unmarried. Lived with her mother at Gettysburg, Pa.

“Gettysburg, Penna.
October 10, 1901.
Mrs. Clara Keezel,
Ottawa, Kansas.

Dear Mrs. Keezel:

You have given up hearing from me ere this, had I known it would have been this late I would
have acknowledged your letter at once, but I could not get the time to look up the matter you
write for or wish to know, and I fear that all I can give will not be very satisfactory - the papers
I have treat more of the Monfort ancestry than the Cassat's. The two families have intermarried
so much that the record is confusing. Your account goes back much farther than what we have
and I am very thankful for what you sent me and any question you may have I will try and find
out for you. I cannot give you any information of the family you write of whose farm was on the
battlefield. I know nothing of the family but never knew that they were of our connection. (The
above refers to the Baldwin family who were the descendants of Francis Cassat (138), through
his daughter Sarah. J.A.C.).
My mother who was Mary Cassat, granddaughter of Francis Cossart (103) never spoke of them as relations. She was acquainted with Mrs. Baldwin, but it is possible they were some of the descendants who live here yet, but I cannot give their history. Several, or all the other names in your paper I know of. I cannot give the Dennis Cassat family, though I think you say you can get that. There is the Simpson name that comes in somewhere, perhaps it was in his family. I should think Margaret Neely could have given this record. I have not been able to communicate with anyone to gain further information and in fact we are too late looking up the matter. Those who could have told us have left us. There is one son of Ida Cassat Brinkerhoff yet living. He lives here in Gettysburg and may be able to give some information. I will see him soon as convenient but it has been impossible to give attention to the matter sooner. I have had a report to fill out for the Women's Christian Temperence Convention which has kept me busy. The state convention meets next week. If I gain any further information I will write you and if anything has been left out I will make amends -- please excuse the hurried manner in which I write. I trust you will succeed and get your work complete. It is certainly a great satisfaction to have a full record of our family.

Very sincerely,

/s/ MARIA C. THOMPSON.
buried in the graveyard near Hunterstown, Pennsylvania. He has two young children buried in
the Low Dutch Graveyard at that place.

“Jacob Cassat, Gettysburg Borough, Adams County, Pa., Letter of Administration granted July
8, 1873. No. 4875” (Gettysburg Court Records).

CHILDREN:
1.2.6.9.4.8.1 (235) i. Mary (Maria) Louisa Cassat, born 9/11/1833, died 6/6/1852, Aged 57
years) and is buried in the graveyard near Hunterstown, PA
1.2.6.9.4.8.2 (236) ii. James McIlheny Cassat, born 11/30/1835, died March 28, 1840. Is
buried in the Low Dutch graveyard near Hunterstown, PA
1.2.6.9.4.8.3 (237) iii. John Alexander Cassat, born 8/15/1839, died August 14, 1840/4. Is
buried in the Low Dutch graveyard near Hunterstown, PA
1.2.6.9.4.8.4 (238) iv. Rev. David William Cassat, born May 24, 1844 of Corning Iowa.
Married April 18, 1888 Lillian M. Berryhill born March 24, 1865. Rev.
David also lived at Kent, Union County, Iowa.

1.2.6.9.4.8.4 238 REV. DAVID WILLIAM CASSAT:

(Jacob 152; Jacob 126; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Rev. David William Cassat was born May 24, 1844. Was of Corning, Iowa. Married April 18, 1888
to Lillian M. Berryhill who was born on March 24, 1865.

CHILDREN:
423 i. Paul Clifford Cassat, born July 29, 1889. Married October 22, 1915 to Rowena Ehle
Wilson.
Richardson.
425 iii. David Berryhill Cassat, born January 25, 1894,
426 iv. Lillian Nura Cassat, born February 1900.

423 PAUL CLIFFORD CASSAT:

(Rev. David W. 238; Jacob 152; Jacob 126; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).


CHILDREN:
8-637 i. Jean Wilson Cassat, born July 29, 1916,
8-638 ii. Barbara Cassat, born August 12, 1918.

424 LYLE MONTFORT CASSAT:

(Rev. David W. 238; Jacob 152; Jacob 126; Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Lyle Montfort Cassat, born July 22, 1891. Married August 24, 1915 to Zoe Christobel Richardson.

CHILDREN:
8-639 i. Dorothy Cassat, born in November 1917.
8-640 ii. Mary Helen Cassat, born April 3, 1919.

1.2.6.9.5 127 CHRISTINNNA COSSART:

Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).
Christlinna Cossart was born August 21, 1755, baptised September 7, 1755 as Stynte in the First Reformed Church of Raritan, Somerset County, New Jersey. Went to Pennsylvania with her parents between 1762 and 1764. Married Cornelius Clopper.

As a child of about 10 years of age she accompanied her parents to Straban Township, near present Hunterstown, Adams County, Pennsylvania, where about 1783 she became the second wife of Cornelius Clopper. The records of the Conewago Dutch Church show that they had two sons baptised at that church. They being Cornelius, baptised February 6, 1785, and Francis Cossart Clopper, baptised October 2, 1786.

Will of Christina Clopper, widow, dated November 24, 1801:

I bequeath unto Francis Cassat, Jacob Cassat, Peter Cassat, David Cassat, Henry Cassat and Albert Cassat, children of my brother Peter Cassat, deceased £100 to be divided between them. Peter Clopper, my stepson £50. Elizabeth Mitchell, wife of James, £25 if she survives me. Christina Monfort, daughter of my sister Elizabeth and Lawrence Monfort, a suit of mourning. To my two brothers David and Jacob, each a suit of mourning. All the rest my estate to my son Francis Clopper, if he arrives at age of 21 or has lawful issue. To execute full release to real estate of his father Cornelius Clopper died seized of, to his brothers and the holders of said property except the lot which was allotted, to him at the distribution of his father's estate, said lot situated on Charles Street. Should he refuse to execute said release or should die before he arrives at age of 21 years unmarried and without lawful issue, then I direct the estate to be divided as follows: £100 to sister Elizabeth, £50 to her daughter Christina., £50 to Christina, daughter of my brother Jacob, and the balance among her brothers and sisters' children. Francis to be sent to school until he is a good English scholar.

Executers: Brother Jacob Cassat; nephew David Cassat, son of brother David.
Witnesses: James Allen, Samuel Peterson.

(Reference: From Original Will No. 54 at Recorders Office, Gettysburg, Adams County, Pennsylvania)

CHILDREN:

1.2.6.9.5.1 (153) i. Cornelius Clopper, baptised February 6, 1785 at Conewago.
1.2.6.9.5.2 (154) ii. Francis Cassat Clopper, baptised 10/2/1786, at Conewago; married and had issue - Ellen, Douglas, Mary and Francis Cassat Clopper Jr.

1.2.6.9.6 128 ELIZABETH COSSART:

(Francis 103; David 8; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Elizabeth (or Elisabet) Cossart was born on August 29, 1758, and baptised November 26, 1758 as shown by the records of the First Reformed Church of Somerville, Somerset County, N.J. She was married on October 11, 1774 at Conewago to Lawrence Montfort or Monfort, baptised April 22, 1753 at Reddington, N.J., son of John and Knierdtje (Masrste) Montfort, and a descendant of Pieter Montfoort who married January 12-17, 1650, Sarah de Plank at Amsterdam, Holland. The Montforts were Huguenots and fled from France to Holland, and then came to American Colonies.

(Reference: Bergen Family, p. 72).

Lawrence Montfort was a Revolutionary soldier and enlisted August 9, 1775, as a private in Colonel James Thompson’s regiment of foot York County Militia. His brother Peter was a member of the same Company. (Pennsylvania Archives, 6th Series, Volume 2, page 615). He was also in
Captain Hugh Campbell's 2nd. Bat. York County Militia under Colonel Robert McPherson. At the time their son Francis was born they were living seven miles to the northeast of Gettysburg, Pennsylvania, this was in 1782.

The family removed to Ohio, arriving in Cincinnati, Ohio, on May 28, 1799 and from there they went to live in Warren Co., same state, to a farm three-fourths of a mile south of Lebanon, and in November of the same year to a farm eight miles west of Lebanon on the road leading to Hamilton, Butler County, Ohio.

Elizabeth died in 1817 and was buried in the old Presbyterian cemetery of Turtle Creek Township, Warren County, Ohio, where her headstone could be seen. Her remains were later removed to the New Cemetery at Lebanon which covers about 20 acres and was established in 1850. Headstone states she died in 1817 at the age of 58 years. There are two other headstones there showing that Lawrence Monfort, her husband, died in 1850 at the age of 77 years, and another headstone of their son Jacob who died in 1817 at the age of 23 years.

CHILDREN:

1.2.6.9.6.1 (155) i. John Montfort, born July 7, 1775, baptised August 6, 1775 at Conewago. Married Polly Seburn — Issue: (1) - David; (2) - Magdalena; (3) - Eliza; (4) - Lawrence; (5) - Catherine; (6) - Maria.

1.2.6.9.6.2 (156) ii. Margaret Montfort, born November 8, 1776 at Conewago; married Mr. Wehrly and they settled in Warren Co., Ohio, and joined the religious society of Shakers.

1.2.6.9.6.3 (157) iii. Catherine Montfort, born December 14, 1778, bapt. January 10, 1779; married Hendrick Montfort, born January 8, 1781, died 1849 at Eaton, Ohio, son of Francis and Charity (Banta) Montfort. No issue.


1.2.6.9.6.5 (159) v. Revern Francis Montfort, born December 15, 1782, baptised January 19, 1783; married Sophie Glass born August 21, 178—(?), lived in Warren County, Ohio. Francis was born at Conewago, went to Ohio with his parents and worked on his father's farm until 1803 when he became of age. In 1800 he experienced religion and united with the Presbyterian Church of Turtle Creek Township, near his home. After studying under various able ministers he was licensed to preach in July 1807 at New Castle, Ky. He went on a preaching tour through southern Ky. and Tenn., to near Nashville, then back to Ohio, and later returned to Kentucky. The Presbyterians were studying the scriptures with diligence and great thought at this time and some were withdrawing from the old form of Presbyterianism and these people were called the "New Lights". Francis belonged to the latter class. Francis was a sincere devout man, a great religious worker, doing much good in his life, having been a pastor for forty-eight years. He begun the study of Hebrew at the age of 61 years and continued to study until his death on Jan 18, 1855, age 72 years. He had four sons all Presbyterian ministers, one of them being the Rev. Joseph Glass Monfort, born 1810; a daughter Sophie Monfort who married a minister of the same faith. The Francis Cossart Montfort who died at Mt. Carmel, Ill., and the Rev. David G. Monfort. The Rev. Joseph Glass Monfort married in 1839 to Hannah Riggs and they lived at No. 178 Elm St., Cincinnati, Ohio.

CHILDREN:

i. Rev. Joseph Glass Montfort, b.1810

ii. Sophie Monfort

iii. Francis Cossart Montfort
iv. Rev. David G Montfort

1.2.6.9.6.6 (160) vi. Rev. Peter Montfort, baptised April 9, 1786 (Born March 4, 1786) at Conewago, Pa. Married Maria Spining. Issue: (1) Catherine; (2) Clara; (3) Phebe.

1.2.6.9.6.7 (161) vii. Lawrence Montfort, Jr. born February 4, 1788, died June 30, 1794.

1.2.6.9.6.8 (162) viii. Rev. David Montfort, D.D., born March 7, 1790, baptised April 4, 1790 at Conewago, died October 18, 1860 at Macomb, Illinois; married 1st time Phebe Spining; married 2nd time Roda Halsey; married 3rd time Ann Ray who survived him. He graduated from Princeton Seminary in 1817. He had several children.

1.2.6.9.6.9 (163) ix. Polly Montfort, born March 12, 1792; married Peter Aten; Issue: (1) John; (2) Isaac; (3) Elizabeth; (4) Hannah.

1.2.6.9.6.10 (164) x. Jacob Montfort, born September 3, 1794 at Conewago, Pa., died in Warren County, Ohio, September 8, 1817, at the age of 23.

1.2.6.9.6.11 (165) xi. Christina Montfort, born Jane 3, 1797; married Eliphalet Stevens of Butler County, Ohio. Issue: (1) Revern Lawrence; (2) Hand; (3) Sibyl.
The Cossart Family History

Volume 5

Addenda Containing

Miscellaneous Material
April 10th 1934,
Mr. J.A. Cossairt, C.P.C., U.S.N.,
c/o Bureau of Navigation,
Washington, D.C.

My dear Kinsman:
Received yours of March 24th. Will be pleased to exchange family history with you and cooperate with you in the Cozad Genealogy. While I have some family history would like much more.

I am a descendant of Jacques Cossart (3) in the 8th generation which I have compiled on another paper. The records that I have state that he was born in Rouen, France, fled to Frankenthal, Germany, then to Leyden Holland, where he married in the French Huguenot Church, Lydia Williams; then in 1662 they came to New Haven, Conn., in 1663 to Harlem, New York. He is listed in Rykers Harlem and at some time lived in Brooklyn. I am not sure but would deduct that he owned land over on Staten Island. I cannot find, his grave, think he was buried in the Old First Dutch Reformed Church Cemetery in Brooklyn and this cemetery was sold to the City and public buildings were erected on its site.

You have found more ways of spelling the family name than I ever knew of, in fact I only know of 16 variations.

Of the children of Jacob (601) I have a record of two only, Francis Casart (Cosart) who is mentioned in the Cox Family papers as a prominent surveyor in New Jersey, also listed as taxpayer in “Ye First Settlers of Piscataway and Woodbridge Olde East New Jersey”.

Anthony Cozar-Cosar-Cosart (9), my great 5 grandfather born in Brooklyn, November 19, 1673, married July 17, 1696 Elizabeth Valentine; they lived in Brooklyn, and at Somerville, N.J. I have no record of his death, and of only one child. Jacob Cosart (601) my 4 great-grandfather, born in Brooklyn October 16, 1701, died April 19, 1772. He is buried in the cemetery (Presbyterian) at Bound Brook, N. J. Am enclosing a picture of his gravestone. Jacob’s son Anthony Cosad (609) is also buried in the Presbyterian graveyard at Bound Brook.
Jacob Cosart (601), his wife was Hannah Cox, a daughter of Philip Cox, born January 17, 1677 who married September 24, 1698 to Hannah Trembly. She was born June 7, 1679 a daughter of John and Mary (Noe) Trembly. (Page 205, The Cox Family in America).

The will of Jacob Cosart (601) is of record at Trenton, N.J. It was probated May 2, 1772 at Bridge-water, Somerset County, N.J. He mentions his wife Annah. Sons — Jacob (606): Job (608): Anthony (609): daughters — Anna (610) who married Sutton; Leah (613) who married Riggs.

As far as I can find out, Job (606) born 1724, died 1812 and his brother Job (608) (married Hannah Winans), spelled the surname COZAD, and were the first to do so, and now all of their descendants spell it that way.

Anthony (609), born (?), died 1790 the youngest, who is buried with his wife Catherine Cox in the same cemetery with his father at Bound Brook spell the name CASAD. All of Anthony’s (609) descendants spell the name Casad—Cosard—Cosart.

Our kinsman Mr. Charles W. Cox, 1701 Spencer Street, et Little Rock, Ark: is a 2 Great-grandson of Anthony (609), through Rev. Thomas Cosard who’s daughter Lydia (761) married Isaac Cox and they were his grandparents.

Rev. Jacob Cozad (606), born 1724, died 1812 buried in the Mt. Olive Cemetery, Morris County, N.J.: married Elizabeth Sutton, daughter of Rev. David Sutton born at Piscataway, July 31 1703 and Sarah Trembly born 1715. As far as I can ascertain they had only two children, Rev. Jacob Cozad (625) born February 10, 1754, died August 22, 1827 and Mary (626) Cutler nee Coon nee Cozad (my 2 Great—grandmother) born May 7, 1756 died June 14, 1811. Both are buried in the old Cozad farm cemetery between Fairfield and Osborn, Ohio.

An excellent book that has much Cozad and other genealogy is Border Settlers of Northwestern Virginia., Chapter XXXI is on the Cozads and in the back of the book is a copy of the family Bible of Charity Hintzman nee Coon a daughter of Mary Cutler nee Coon nee Cozad (626) by her first husband John Coon. I bought a copy from Goodspeeds.

On page 538 Cutler Memorial. The Benjamin Cutler listed here is my 2 Great-(626) grandfather and the Mrs. Coon that he married was Mary Coon nee Cozad (626).

The Cox Family papers are of great use to the descendants of Jacob Cosart (601), born 1701 died 1772 who married Anna Cox a daughter of Philip Cox born in England January 17, 1677, died September 1785 and his first wife Hannah Trembley born June 7, 1679. See page 205 "Cox Family in America.”

Also the descendants of his son Rev. Jacob Cozad (606), 1724-1812 by his first wife Elizabeth Sutton a daughter of David Sutton born at Piscataway July 31, 1703. See page 241, Part II, First Settlers of Ye Plantation of Piscataway and Woodbridge Olde East New Jersey.

The Suttons and Cozads were very much intermarried. Mr. John H. Cozad Box 121: San Rafael, California, a descendant of Jacob Cozad (606) is very much interested in the Cozad genealogy. He corresponds with some of the descendants of Job (608), brother of Jacob Cozad (606).
Am enclosing a picture of the grave stone of my 4 Great grandfather Jacob Cosart (601) in the Presbyterian Cemetery at Bound Brook, N.J. His son Anthony (609) born (?), died 1790 and wife Catherine Coon are buried close by.

Mrs. Lillie P. Young, 77 South Kanawa Street, Buckhannon, West Virginia is a 2 Great granddaughter of Rev. Jacob Cozad (625), through his son Jacob Cozad (671) who was captured by the Indians in 1794 near Olarksburg, West Virginia. Rev. Jacob Cozad (625), a Baptist Minister is mentioned in the Baptist History of Virginia.

I served 23 years, 4 months and 11 days in the United States Army. Retired February 28, 1921 as 1st Lieutenant, Act of May 7, 1932.

Louis R. Hamill, born December 26, 1879 at Newton, Kansas, son of Robert McHamill. born in Enon Valley, Pa., Nov. 30, 1849 died at Wichita, Kan., April 11, 1898. Married January 16, 1879 to Ruby E. Johnson, born at Osceola, Iowa, January 6, 1861, died August 5, 1885,

grandson of Benjamin Cutler Johnson born September 28, 1816 Washington, Ind., died at Newton Kan., April 1896, married at Spencer, Owen, County, Ind., October 28, 1837, and Ellen Susan Barrackman (Bergman) born May 20, 1820, two miles East of Uniontown, Pennsylvania, died February 3, 1894.

Great Grandson of David Johnson, born May 5, 1782, Harrison County, W. Va., died Own County, Ind., 6/17/1856, married at Clarksburg, W. Va., 1/29/1799, and Martha Cutler born in Mohawk Valley, N.Y., 12/25/1782, died August 1, 1823.

2 Great Grandson of Benjamin Cutler died at Washington in 1814 and Mary Coon nee Cozad (626) born in Somerset County, N.J. m. 5/7/1756 died at Fairfield, Ohio.

3 Great Grandson of Jacob Cozad (606) born 1724, died 1812 of Somerset Co., N.J. who married Elizabeth Sutton (Page 206, Cox Family Papers).

4 Great grandson of Jacob Cozart (601) born in Brooklyn October 16, 1701, died April 19, 1772 who married Annah Cox.

5 Great-grandson of Anthony Cozart (9), born November 19, 1673 in Brooklyn, married July 17, 1696 Elizabeth Valentine.

6 Great-grandson of the immigrants Jacques Cossart (3) and Lydia Williams.

I would deduct that after the Indian raid Jacob Cozad (606), with his family including children and grand children moved back to Somerset County, New Jersey. The Revolutionary War came along and John Coon Sr. was killed. His widow then married Benjamin Cutler about 1775 and lived near the mouth of the Mohawk River in N.Y. The Benjamin Cutler in the Census of N.Y. 1790, living in Westfield Town, Washington County, must have been the same Benjamin Cutler mentioned above. He is listed on page 538 in Cutler Memorial. On account of the Indian hostility Benjamin Cutler and family moved to the New Jersey settlement in Harrison County, W. V. where Jacob Cozad (625), a brother of Mary Cutler (626) was already a settler. Benjamin Cutler bought September 19, 1793, 118 acres of land on Buck
Run, a left fork of Simpson Creek, in Harrison County, W. Va., 50 I would deduct that he and his family came to W.V. in that year. Just when and where Benjamin Cutler was born I do not know. He was from Providence, Rhode Island. He died at Washington Ohio, in 1814. The children of Benjamin Cutler and Mary Cutler (626) nee Coon nee Cozad, were:

CHILDREN:
iv. Benjamin Cutler, born about 1776, married Hannah Clark June 4, 1795.
v. Jacob Cutler, born June 17, 1778, died March 24, 1865, married Nancy Rowan, married 2nd Siney Clark.
vi. John Cutler, born April 20, 1780, died May 18, 1847, married Mary Johnson January 29, 1799.
vii. Martha Cutler, born December 26, 1782, died August 1, 1823; married David Johnson, January 29, 1799.
viii. Mercy Cutler, married John Sutton her 1st cousin.
ix. Mary Cutler, married Benjamin Shreve, June 18, 1796.

( ) Louis Robert Hamill, great-great-great grandson of Jacob Cozad (606), was born December 26, 1879 at Newton, Harvey County, Kansas, Resides at Apartado 107, Matanzas, Cuba, and is the field Superintendent for the Texas Oil Company in Cuba. Married November 14, 1901 to Enriqueta Elvira Bofill y Vicido who was born June 23, 1880. She was the daughter of Enrique Bofill y Oliver and Elvira Viciedo y Reyes.

CHILDREN:
i. Louis Henry Hamill, born August 19, 1902, Matanzas, Cuba.
ii. Moses Lino Hamill, born September 23, 1906, Matanzas, Cuba.
iii. Blanca Herminia Hamill, born May 20, 1908, Matanzas, Cuba.
iv. Enriqueta Susana Hamill, born November 2, 1910 Matanzas, Cuba.
v. Benjamin Robert Hamill, born April 17, 1913, 618 92nd Street, Brooklyn, New York.

(Memo by publisher: Handwritten in margin was: “m. At Brooklyn Apr. 18, 1937. Res. 9713 5th Ave., Brooklyn”).

"Louis Robert Hamill,
Apartado Num 107,
Matanzas, Cuba,
October 15th, 1935.

Mr. Jos. A. Cossairt,
U.S.S. ARIZONA,
San Pedro, Calif.

My Dear Kinsman:
Received both your letters, September 15th and October 3rd, am very thankful for the data. However, there are some errors and omissions. Let me suggest that you buy a copy of “Border Settlers of North Western Virginia”. I bought one from Goodspeed’s Book Shop, No. 7 Ashburton Place, Boston, Mass., it has much of our genealogy in it and Chapter 31 is on the Cozads.

Yes, some 10 years I tried to get in communication with the late Dr. James Cozad of Reynolds, Ill., but my letter was returned. I think I sent you some of his history that Mrs. Lillie Young, 77 South Kanawah Street, Buckhannon, W. Va., sent me.

No, none of our Jacob Cozad’s ever went out to Ft. Madison, Iowa, as I have their records - as
follows:

(625) Jacob Cozad IV, b. February 10, 1754 d. August 22, 1827, he is buried in the old Cozad farm between the towns of Osborn and Fairfield, Ohio. His son Jacob Cozad V (671), the Indian captive, b. 1773 d. 1862, went to Ohio but returned to West Virginia, in 1808 where he died in his 89th year and is buried in the Morrison Cemetery in Lewis County.

This lady of Ft. Madison was without doubt a grand daughter of Jacob Cutler b. June 17, 1778 d. March 24, 1865. He and Isaac Johnson, both my Great-great uncles settled there in 1836. If you have the addresses of any Cutlers in Ft. Madison, please send them to me.

(601) Jacob Cosart II, married Hannah Cox, daughter of Philip (4) Cox and his first wife Hannah Trembley. She is mentioned in his will. I know of no other marriage.

(606) Jacob Cozad III, married 1st Elizabeth Sutton, m. 2nd Elizabeth Tingley.

(611) Mary Cozad, married Nathan Sutton. (Cosart).

(612) Leah Cozad, married Joseph Riggs. (Cosart).

(626) Mary Cozad, daughter of Jacob III (606) and Elizabeth Sutton Married 1st John Coon, he was killed in the Revolutionary War.

CHILDREN: (by 1st marriage).

i. Charity Coon, born circa 1772, married September 16, 1794 Henry Hinseman, a veteran of the Revolutionary War. Charity was club footed. She was a widow in 1842 and moved with her youngest daughter Charity who married Stephen Starcher to Spencer, Roane Co., West Virginia. She is buried in a cemetery 12 miles from Spencer. (See picture of her headstone in album).

ii. John Coon, stolen by the Indians.

iii. A baby killed by the Indians.

About 1775, Mary Coon married Benjamin Cutler, they lived in New York State east of the Hudson River and opposite the mouth of the Mohawk River. Left there for Harrison County, West Virginia in the spring of 1793.

CHILDREN: (By 2nd marriage).


v. Jacob Cutler, b. June 17, 1778, d. 3/24/1865; married 1st November 19, 1798 Nancy Rowan; m. 2nd December 27, 1812 Sidney Clark.

vi. Martha Cutler, b. December 25, 1782, d. August 1, 1823; m. January 29, 1799 David Johnson.

vii. John Cutler b. April 20 1780 d. May 18, 1847; m. 1/29/1799 Mary Johnson.

The above two children were married at Clarksburg W. Va. at a double wedding by the Rev. Jacob Cozad III b. 1724 d. 1812 a Baptist minister and paternal grand father of John and Martha Cutler. (David Johnson and Martha Cutler were the great grand-parents of Louis R. Hamill, the writer of this article.)

viii. Mary Cutler, m. June 13, 1796 to Benjamin Shreve.

ix. Mercy Cutler, m. John Sutton her first cousin, once removed. They were not married at Clarksburg.

(609) Anthony Cosart, son of Jacob Cosart 601, is buried with his wife Catherine Coon close to his father in the old Presbyterian burying ground in Bound Brook, N.J.

(626) Mary Cutler, nee Coon nee Cozad, married 1st time John Coon, they had three children as
mentioned above. As her father Jacob Cozad III preempted 1,000 acres of land on Cheat River in West Virginia in 1770. Then they moved back to Summerset County, New Jersey.

If you find anything about the Cutlers, Suttons, be sure and send it to me. Perhaps in some of John C. Cox’s letters something will be found.

We are all well. Had luck this year one storm passed just to the north of us and the other to the east, but we had some very strong winds.

Our plant (Texas Oil Co.) at Cienfuegos was destroyed, also in the Florida Keys, very many of our old friends were lost; one family all five were drowned.

Would be pleased to hear from you at any time.

Your kinsman,
/s/ Louis R. Hamill."

THE COZART FAMILY

(603)

ANTHONY COSSART (COZZART-COZART):

(Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Anthony Cosart, son of Anthony (9) baptised at Raritan New Jersey, August 6, 1712. The witnesses to Anthony’s baptism were William Hendricksen and Nellie Thuenissen (wife of Cornelius). Anthony became of age in 1733 but we find, no trace of him about Raritan until February 4, 1739 when he and his wife Wilhelmina appear at the Raritan Dutch Church to have a son Anthony baptised. That they had either one or two sons born to them before this date is practically certain.

The Parentage of Anthony’s wife I have not ascertained but that she was a member of one of Somerset County Dutch families is indicated by her Christian name, Wilhelmina being one of the favorite Dutch names at that time. After a lapse of ten years Anthony and Wilhelmina again appear at this same church to have a son Peter (623) baptised August 6, 1749 and two years later September 22, 1751 they again appear to have a son Elias (624) baptised, this being our last trace of them in New Jersey, but two years later (apparently the fall of 1753) they appear with their eight sons in Greenville County, North Carolina. So far as available records reveal, Anthony seems to have been the first of the family to break away from the old New Jersey family settlement. Whether Anthony with his family of eight sons set out from New Jersey to North Carolina alone or whether they accompanied a party of New Jersey Colonists to North Carolina I have been unable to ascertain, but usually when these early migrations of our family took place it is found that they accompanied large parties of colonists to other states. This was the case when about 1764 Francis Cosart (103) and wife Margaret Van Nest of Bound Brook, New Jersey, left with a large party of Somerset and Bergen County New Jersey, families for the Conewago Valley in York County, Pennsylvania. Again it was true when in 1780 Peter Cossart (125) and wife Maria Duryea accompanied a large colony from this York County, Pennsylvania, settlement to the Kentucky River Valley in Kentucky, then a little later when
Peter’s nephew, Dr. Francis Cassatt (130) and wife Martha Van Zandt accompanied another smaller party from this same York County, Pennsylvania, settlement to the lake country up in New York state. The same was again the case when Samuel (632) and Henry Cozad (633) of Mendham, N.J. with their wives Jane McIlrath and Catherine Lozier were members of a large party that set out from New Jersey to the “Ten Mile Valley” in Washington County, Pennsylvania in 1796, and I think the same was again true when Jacob Cozad (625 and wife Mercy Woodward and his two cousins Aaron (650) and John Casad (651) with their wives Rhoda Dunn and Rosa Kirkendorf came with other New Jersey families to the Mad River Valley about Fairfield, Ohio. While it is quite probable, yet I have not found any evidence to indicate that other New Jersey families accompanied Anthony and Wilhelmina Cozart to North Carolina.

The first trace we find of Anthony’s family in Granville County, North Carolina, is on October 8, 1754 when two of his sons, David Cossart, Private, and Anthony Cossart Jr., Drummer, answers roll call at a general muster of Captain William Hampton’s Company, Colonel William Eatons Regiment, Colonial Militia, (See Clark’s History of North Carolina).

The following spring, March 1, 1755 Anthony Cossart purchases 360 acres of land in Granville County (See Deed Book C page 63, Oxford, North Carolina). Granville County was formed in 1746, considerable of its former area, has since been out of to form other counties, but the location of this original 360 acres home stead was in what is now the south-west part of Granville County. In 1773 a deed is recorded at Oxford on which the name of Anthony Cossart and wife Nancy appears, indicating that some time prior to this date Anthony’s first wife Wilhelmina, had died and he had married a second named Nancy who evidently was a younger woman than the first wife, as by her he had three more sons making eleven in all. His will dated December 23, 1780 was probated at the May term of court in 1781, which shows that he had died between these dates. The marriage license records at Oxford show that on June 13, 1792 his widow Nancy and Thomas Jones secured a license to marry. The will of Anthony only makes mention of one of his eight sons by his first wife, although there are other Granville County records on which their names appear the order of birth of these eight sons is not certainly known outside of the three baptised at the Raritan Dutch Church. The evidence, however, seems to indicate that David was the eldest and the fact that Jacob must have been the second son. As for John, James and Simeon we have found no evidence whatever which would indicate the order of their births. The first census of North Carolina taken in 1790 and which only listed heads of families shows that six of Anthony’s sons were then heads of families in that state, the other five were at this time either unmarried or dead or had removed from the state. The census list follows:

Knap of Leeds District, Granville County:
Jacob, Benjamin, David, Jessie and Ann Cozzart. Jesse Cozart was of Dutch District.
St. Mary’s District, Orange County:
Anthony Cozart. (See Page 237).
St. James District, Caswell County (now Pearsons County):
John and Peter Cozzart. (See Page 226-7).

The census lists show that at this time all these brothers except Anthony of Orange County was spelling their name COZZART, their descendants, however, later on, adopted the name COZART or CAZORT The Benjamin Cozzart mentioned as living in Granville County was Jacob’s eldest son, while the name of James does not appear on the Census, yet he is said to have died in Granville County in 1808. Joshua went to western Tennessee. This Lewis, Simeon, Elias and Jeremiah are unaccounted for. The woman Ann Cozzart listed as being head of a family in Granville County is thought to have been the widow of either Simeon or Elias. The Thomas Jones
listed in the same district as Jesse is doubtless the same man who two years later married
Anthony’s widow Nancy Cozzart.

The fact that none of the familiar New Jersey Dutch names appear on this first census roll of
Granville County leads me to think that very few, if any, other than New Jersey families
accompanied Anthony and his family to Granville County in 1753.

THE WILL OF ANTHONY COSSART.

Copy of will of Anthony Cozart of Granville County, N. C. is recorded at Oxford.

"In the name of God, Amen.
I, Anthony Cozart, of the County of Granville, state of North Carolina, being sick of body, but of
perfect mind and memory and calling to mind that it is appointed by the Almighty Creator for all
mortal men once to die, therefore am willing that it hath please God to bestow on me as my
worldly goods, I give and bequeath as followeth, and my soul I recommend to my blessed Saviors
hands who hath redeemed it with his own precious blood, and as to my body I recommend it to
the ground to be decently buried at the discretion of my executors hereafter named.
I give and bequeath to my beloved wife all my personal estate during her widowhood, after to be
sold and divided to the children, the executors first making sale of as much as will pay all my
lawful debts that I in conscience owe. My lands I give and bequeath to three of my sons, equally to
be divided between Jesse Jeremiah and Joshua and lastly I do nominate and appoint William
Jones and John Williams to be executors of this will and testament and do hereby disannul and
revoke all other wills by me made heretofore. In testimony whereof I have ratified and confirmed
this to be my last will and testament and no other, this twenty-third day of December 1780.

his
ANTHONY "C" COZART
mark.

*****************************************************************************

Granville County, North Carolina,
May Court AD. 1781.

This will was duly proved by the oath of James Cozart and ordered to be recorded. Then John
Williams and William Jones qualified as executors to the said will.

Test:
(Copied by C.L. Wright).

RUBEN SEACY
C.C.

His eleven sons by his two wives were as follows:

CHILDREN:
( ) i. David
( ) ii. Jacob
( ) iii. Anthony, baptised February 4, 1739 at Raritan, N.J.
( ) iv. John
( ) v. James
vi. Simeon
vii. Peter, baptised August 6, 1749 at Raritan, N.J.
viii. Elias, baptised September 22, 1751 at Raritan, N.J.
ix. Jesse
x. Jeremiah
xi. Joshua

MISCELLANEOUS COURT MATERIAL

TOCCOA PAGE COZART:

Author and educator, was born August 31, 1855, at Atlanta, Fulton County, Georgia, daughter of Wiley Person Magnum and Hannah Page (MacIntire) Cozart; grand-daughter of Hubbard and Anna (Turner) Cozart, of Atlanta, Ga. An early American ancestor was Jacques Cossart, a French Huguenot, who landed in New Amsterdam in 1662, and was made treasurer of the Colony under Peter Stuyvesant and also under the British. His descendants participated in the battle of Alamanac, in North Carolina, the event prior to Lexington in the struggle for American independence.

The family is remotely related to Anthony Cozart (CROZART), Governor of the Provience of Louisiana under Louis XIV.

Tocca Cozart was educated in the private schools of Troy and Montgomery, and the Presbyterian College of Troy, graduated at Florence Norman College 1893; at Cook County Normal, Chicago 1893. Summer School of the South, Knoxville, Tenn., 1903, and Alabama Polytechnic Institute Auburn 1901. She taught in the Ramer High School 1891; Troy Public School 1893; Montgomery Public school 1894 to 1897; preparatory school for Alabama Polytechnic Institute 1899-1900; Aberdeen, Miss., 1902—1904. She engaged in newspaper work on the “Montgomery Times” 1910—1913; was historian of the ladies memorial Association, Montgomery, for a term; designed the monument erected in 1913 on Chickamauga battlefield by the Association; former historian of Sophie Bibb Chapter, United daughters of the American Revolution; Alabama Historical Society; W.C.T.U.; charter member of the Presbyterian Church of Troy; member of Montgomery School improvement association.

Author: Sketch of Henry Hilliard, in Volume IV, Translations Alabama Historical Society; and the words of “The Bonnie Flag”, adopted by the United Daughters of the Confederacy as the children’s song of patriotism, and incorporated, in the general program of each Southern state for use by the children of the Confederacy, 1909. Unmarried, residence Montgomery.


ULA H. COZART:

A permanent resident of the City of Wilson since 1893 the business interests of Mr. Cozart have been increasing and expanding with the passing of time, and he is now one of the leading tobacco warehousemen of the state, and has been prominent in other businesses and civic affairs.

Mr. Cozart was born in Wahe County, N. C. March 24 1869, a son of Benjamin H. and Frances (Rogers) Cozart. His father was born in Granville, N. C., and was a farmer, tobacco manufacturer, real estate dealer, and for some years was engaged in lumber milling at Oxford., N.C.

The son was well educated, finishing at Horner’s Military Institute at Oxford, and from there acquired his first experience with his father in the tobacco warehouse business. He first came to Wilson in 1891 and for a year was connected with the firm of Pace and Woodward. Later his tobacco interests were in Durham, N.C., but in 1893 he returned to Wilson and for about ten
years was a member of the firm of Cozart and Washington. Since then the business has been conducted as Cozart, Eagles and Carr, and this firm operates the Center Brick Warehouse, one of the largest in Wilson. It has always been run as an independent warehouse.

The Center Brick has been the leading warehouse on the market since it started.

Mr. Cozart is also a director of the First National Bank and the Wilson Trust and Savings Bank; is director of the Wilson Ice and fuel Company, and half owner of the Motor Sales Company. Besides his commercial interests he is a farmer on a large scale, owning 1,400 acres of land in Wilson and Nash Counties. Of this large acreage, 900 acres are in cultivation and through that industry he is contributing much to the resources of his native state.

Mr. Cozart is a member of the Country Club and the Commonwealth Club, was for twelve years an alderman of Wilson, and for over twelve years a member of the Board of Trustees of the graded schools. He is also a Trustee of the First Methodist Episcopal Church, South.

In August 1894, he married Ollie Whitehead Moye of Wilson. Mr. Cozart is a leader in charitable Red Cross and church work.

CHILDREN:

( ) i. Thomas Allen Cozart.
( ) ii. Doris Cozart
( ) iii. Ula Cozart.
( ) iv. Hubert Cozart.
( ) v. Snyder Cozart.

“1040 South Berry Street,
Montgomery, Alabama,
April 26, 1907.
Mr. Oliver Lindley Cozad,
Marion, Ohio.
Dear Sir:

Your letter was duly received and acknowledged by postal. I immediately took up the interesting subject with my father’s family in Atlanta, Georgia. My Aunt - Mrs. Mary Cozart Bass and Mrs. Susie Cozart Frase promptly responded, giving some valuable material. Aunt Mary’s is especially good, since it was personal experience. Some of Aunt Susie’s is valuable.

I have copied everything verbatim and send it herewith,

In the meantime I became a subscriber to a new Journal of History — I enclose a circular and on page 72 of the very first number, I found a clue to some of the buried North Carolina history. I immediately wrote to Mrs. J.R. Cozart and she turned over the letter, for reply, to her brother-in-law, Mr. G. T. Cozart of Haroldton, Ark. I enclose you a copy of his letter to me. I think it possible that you will find it profitable to correspond with him. He is evidently closely related to my Grandfather Hubbard Cozart. And, though I’ve never seen him, I will be willing to prophesy this: that he is honest, honorable, shrewd, humorous, fair minded toward all humanity, no meddler, and a good citizen generally! That characterizes the Cozarts of North Carolina and Georgia. You will find, it fits cousin Abram Cozart of Columbus, Georgia, a descendant of Peter Cossart (125) and kin to A.J. Cassatt president of the Pennsylvania Railroad. It fitted my grandfather and my
father · and I am led to beleive it is characteristic of “the tribe”, whether Cossart, Cosart, Cazort, Cosart or Cozad! Isn’t it so?

Right here, I’ll tell you something funny: long years ago, the family in Atlanta learned that there was an Anthony Cozart living away down between Macon and Thomasville, Ga., who he was they didn’t find out · as grandfather came home one day and forbid the family to mention his name. Grandmother investigated, and reported to her daughters and my mother, and many quiet laughs have they had over it!

Here’s the story: It seems Anthony’s wife surreptitiously bought a lottery ticket, paying $5.00 for it. Her husband found it out and so enraged was he that he thrashed her for being so wicked as to buy a lottery ticket. Time passed, the “drawing” occurred and Mrs. Anthony drew $5,000!!! Her righteous husband promptly captured the money, bought slaves with it, and inside of four years lost them! Just the mention of the “disgraceful, man’s name would throw my grandfather into a paroxysm of rage. “No matter what the woman had done · he should have been a gentlemen”. “He wasn’t born a gentlemen · hence he was not kin to him” · my grandfather! His friends played upon this “harp” considerably and could always stir him to a rage.

Now comes the sequel: My aunt Mrs. Susie C. Fraser, of 14 Baltimore Place, Atlanta, writes me that a grand-daughter of the said Anthony is now in Atlanta · a clerk in “Froshins” (a man tailor for women’s clothes), and there is consternation in grandfather’s family for fear they will “come in contact”. They evidently resent her presence in Atlanta, and her being a business woman. Poor thing! Here she is bearing the “sins of her fathers”! All in ignorance. She is blissfully ignorant of how jealously the name of “Cozart” is guarded in Georgia! You will find this same spirit running thro’ Mr. G.T. Cazort’s letter.

Mrs. Finch writes me that she thinks the threads are “very tangled”, but she will be glad, to have them unraveled, if possible. I am willing to help all I can, so “command me ”. I’ll send every bit of data I can scrape up. Since my grandfather, Hubbard Cozart was born about 1789-1800 at least · and his father was William C. Cozart and the son of (cousin Thomas Granville Cozart says) Jacob Cozart. I do not know, and Aunt Mary Cozart Bass says· she doesn’t know either, tho’ she does know her father was William Cozart. She also says that tradition has held in the family that we came from “Anthony, son of Anthony, Son of Anthony”; this I’ve heard all my life. Well, now, instead of Jacob maybe it was Anthony son of the man who left Raritan, New Jersey, and this would make dates and traditions appropriate. Grandfather was married in 1831; Grandmother was Twenty-five years old and Grandfather was between Thirty and Thirty-five years of age. He died in 1865. She died in 1879. None of us in Georgia knew anything definite back of Grandfather Williamson Cozart, and the fact that his wife was Holly Maggum. The Bumpass wife is information obtained from Arkansas · but church and court records in Granville County, North Carolina ought to prove a few of these things as the old North State kept her records as carefully as New England · being so “Cannily Scotch”. And Mr. Cazort states, as does Mrs. J.R. Cazort (his sister-in-law) that in 1772-75 Anthony Cazort took part in the “Tryon movement” · his wife was a Bumpass; this is evidently “Anthony No. 3”. His son was James Bumpass Cozart, and his son was Sidney Bumpass Cozart father of G.T. Cazort · it seems quite straight. But what I cannot understand is, where did cousin Thomas G. Cozart get the “fact” of Jacob? Now, I’ve never heard that name mentioned in all our discussions of family history · but always Anthony, Anthony, Anthony! Please try to clear that up.

I am inclined to believe that help right there will come from the records and data of Mr. G. T. Cazort. Please get into communication with him, and I will also. Let me know what he sends you and I will let you know what he sends me.
Are you enlarging and revising the Genealogy you have already put forth, or will your book be an entirely new one? Will it contain the “Coat-of-Arms”?

I wish you were near enough for me to help you in your compilation. I have had fine training: I studied history laboratory for five years under Dr. George Petrie of Alabama Polytechnic and John Hopkins, and have served a hard apprenticeship under Dr. Thomas M. Owen, director of Alabama History and Archives; so you see my natural bent. Next week I am to begin my labors in the regular newspaper field; I am to have exclusive direction of the Woman’s department of a large Newspaper. I have been contributing to newspapers for several years. I forwarded you a copy of our supplement “Our Women in the War”, which I assisted Mr. Owen in arranging. Did you get it? Mrs. Finch received her copy.

Hoping you will find data of assistance in the mass sent. I am very sincerely,

/s/ TOCCOA P. COZART.”

********************************************************************

Here here here from here
Here here here from here
Here here here from here

RECORD OP THE CROZAT-COZART FAMILY OF
NORTH CAROLINA AND GEORGIA.
This record was written by Toccoa Cozart, now of Montgomery, Alabama, and the daughter of Wiley Pearson Mangum Cozart of Atlanta, Georgia. The data herewith furnished has been collected and preserved by Thomas Granville Cozart of Durham, North Carolina. Mrs. Mary Cozart Bass and her sister Mrs. Susie Cozart Fraser of Atlanta, Georgia. Mrs. Bass' address is 51 East Cain Street, she states that she went with her parents, when she was a little girl, to visit the "old home" in Granville County, North Carolina; the father of the writer of this - a brother of Mary Cozart Bass was also of the party, and the Hon. Wiley Person Mangum named the little boy for himself; but Mrs. Mass' letter is included in this data.

I

Thomas Granville Cozart's account of the Cozarts.

(He was a cousin of the above Mary, Susie and Wiley Pearson Mangum Cozart: the fathers being brothers (Hubbard and James) and born in the old North Carolina Home.)

THE BEGINNING OF THE COZARTS IN AMERICA.

Jacques Cossart, a French Huguenot, went from France to Leyden, Holland. He joined the Huguenot church at that place. On October 14th 1662 Jacques with his wife Lydia Willems and their two children sailed for America on the ship Pumerlander Kerch. They settled on Manhattan Island - Now New York City — but afterwards moved across to Long Island the present site of Brooklyn. In 1665 they joined the Dutch Reformed Church by letter from Leyden.

After coming to America they had four children, viz:

CHILDREN:

i. Janet Cossart who married Jacob Goelet.
ii. Jacques Cossart Jr., born April 11, 1668; married Anna Maria Springstein.
iii. David Cossart, born June 18, 1671; died in 1740; married in 1698 to Slaintiat George.
iv. Anthony Cossart, born November 19, 1675; married Elizabeth Valentine Tymensen on July 17, 1698.

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THE CASSATT-COZART BRANCH.

Generations:

1st JACQUES COSSART; and Lydia Willems.
2nd. (son) David Cossart, wife Slaintiat George.
3rd (son) Francis Cossart, wife, Margaret Van Nest or Ness: they lived. in Middlesex County, N.J., About 1764 they moved to York County, Pennsylvania.
4th (son) Peter Cassatt - later Cozatt; moved to Kentucky where he was killed by the Indians.
5th (son) Jacob Cassatt or, later Cosatt, born in Pennsylvania. Moved to TN
6th (son) Abram Cosatt, later COZART, born in Tennessee, late in life moved
to Columbus, Georgia. Died there.
( ) 7th (son) Abram W. Cozart, lawyer, now living in Columbus, Georgia.

Note:
The descendants of Francis Cosart, who remained in Pennsylvania, spelled their name Cassatt. By doing this they have gotten farther away from the historic name than any other branch. A.J. Cassatt, who was President of the Pennsylvania Railroad is a member of this branch.

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II

LETTERS FROM NORTHERN SOURCES.

February 24, 1897,
"Mr. T.G. Cozart,
Winston, North Carolina.

Dear Sir:

I have not the genealogy of the CROZAT family. I would refer you to the New York Genealogical and Biographical Record, No. 226, West 58th Street, New York City, in whose records you may see my paper on my Converse ancestry, which began in Normandy over a thousand years ago at Chateau Corgisis, and whence came so I understand my name “CROZAT” and from which I reckon. In Appleton’s Cyclopedia of Biography, you will find “Claude Crozet” one of Napoleon's 1st officers, and later a teacher at West Point. When I was in Paris, I saw the grave of the sculptor Crozatier, in Pere La Chaise, I suppose they - Crozet, Crozatier, the Crozats and the Cozarts, et al., sprang from the same source as I did - remotely.

Very truly yours,
C. CROZAT CONVERSE."

Note:
I wrote to Converse for the Crozat genealogy of the family of that name. Converse is the author of many hymns: “What a friend I have in Jesus” is his best.

/s/ THOMAS G. COZART.

***********************************************************************

"No 80 Ann Street,
Newberg, New York,
July 2, 1894.
Mr. T.G. Cozart,
Durham, North Carolina.

Dear Sir:

Dr. James Cozad of Reynolds, Illinois, sent me your address as being one interested in tracing the lines of your ancestry from Anthony Crozat of the Grant of 1712.

I have long been interested in the "Cozads" as one of them married an ancestor of mine, and I am trying to connect him with Anthony of the grant. The Anthony, who seems to have been the "Original settler" in Somerset County, New Jersey was the father of: (Note: The below are children of Jacob 601).
Samuel, born 1722, died 1811, married Ann Clark, 1750.
Job, born 1726, died 1815, married Hannah Winans.
Jacob, born 1724, died 1812, married Elizabeth Sutton,

Elizabeth married Eliphalet Lewis, 1743.
Anthony, born about 1740, died about 1820, married Catherine Coon.

The first four were residents of Morris County, New Jersey from 1742, and are all named in the church records and county records, some of them have headstones in the cemetery. The name is spelled in various ways. I have four original deeds of land with dates 1765; 1768; 1774 and 1775 in which the names are written COZART, CAZORT, COSAT and COZAD.

On the records is written Cusat, Cozatt, Cosat. Please let me know how far back you can trace the names of each generation of Cozarts and who they married, and greatly oblige,
Yours truly,
H. C. Clark.”

III

THE NORTH CAROLINA BRANCH OF THE COZARTS.

Anthony Cozart bought land in Granville County, North Carolina, in 1755. It is not known when he located in North Carolina. It is known by tradition that he came from New Jersey, and originally from France. Tradition has it that he was married twice and that one wife was a McKenny: name of the other unknown to Thomas 0. Cozart.

ANTHONY COZART (Mentioned in above paragraph).
His sons were:
i. David.
ii. Anthony Jr.
iii. Jacob
iv. James
v. John
vi. Simon
vii. Peter
viii. Elias

Jacob Cozart, the third. son of Anthony (603), married ....... Williams.

CHILDREN:
(a) Benjamine
(b) Thomas
(c) Williams. His name was later changed to Williamson Cozart. Married Holly Mangum of the distinguished Mangum family of North Carolina.
(d) James
(e) Herbert (Ariglicised “Hubbard”).
(f) Jamima.

Williamson Cozart, married Holly Mangum of the distinguished Mangum family.

CHILDREN:
CHILDREN:

(a) Mary E. Cozart, born in 1836; married William A. Bass, lived in Atlanta, Ga. 1907.

(b) Louisa C. Cozart, born in 1838, married Maddison Harrison of North Carolina. Lived in Atlanta, Ga. (1907).

(c) Anne M. Cozart, born in 1840, married Lee Smith, deceased. She lived in Atlanta, Georgia in 1907.

(d) Susie E. Cozart, born in 1843, married Collin McFraser, deceased. She survived husband and lived in Atlanta, Ga., 1907.

(e) Hubbard Cozart Jr., born in 1848, died at Atlanta, Ga., unmarried.

See legend.

(f) Sarah V. Cozart, born in 1851, married Robert Simonton and died in 1877.

(g) Ella E. Cozart, born in 1853, married Lawrence J. Trotti of Charleston, S. C.

ii. Fannie Cozart, born in North Carolina. Married .... (?) of Carrington, Va. Husband died in North Carolina. Fannie moved with her brother William Cozart to Mississippi. She bought a plantation near Aberdeen, Miss., on James Creek. Here she raised her family of girls and boys. She finally moved to Texas with all her children except Luther who lived in Columbus, Miss., and died of wounds received during the Civil War: and Raina Cozart who married Mr. Patterson. Raina Carrington had one daughter - Fannie Patterson who married Billie Pope of Columbus, Miss., and had children: Billie Jr., Rosa, Fannie and Mary, and all lived at Columbus, Miss.

iii. Wiley Cozart, born in North Carolina, named for the distinguished North Carolinian. He died young.

iv. William Mangum Cozart, born in North Carolina, moved to Georgia, and married in Wilkes County to Sarah Murray. They removed to Columbus, Miss. Here William Cozart amassed a great fortune. He was senior partner in the Mercantile firm of Cozart, Billups and Humphreys, that did a million dollars worth of business a year before the war. An interesting thing concerning William Cozart is, he believed the day would come when the Texas Pecan would have a high commercial value; he procured many trees from Texas, set them out, and today (1907) there are 150 trees in bearing on the plantation then owned by said William Cozart. They readily bring fifty cents per pound in the northern markets.

CHILDREN:

(a) William Cozart Jr., born in Mississippi, 184..(?), died when 21 years old. See legend.

(b) Henry Cozart, born in Miss., lived unmarried and died at age of 21.

(c) Helen Cozart, born in Miss., lived unmarried and died in Ga., in 189...(?).

(d) Annie Cozart, born in Miss., married Captain Joseph Phillips: lived and died at Nashville.

v. Green Pearson Cozart, born in North Carolina, and moved to Washington, Wilkes County, Ga., and married Mary Pettis. Here he amassed quite a fortune, and died in 1878. His sons family still inhabit the old homestead. His daughter lived in Georgia.

CHILDREN:

(i) John Cozart, born 1850, in Washington, Ga., died in 1892. Married Fannielu Anderson. Children were Mary, Anderson, John Jr. and Annie.

(ii) Annie Cozart born in Washington, Ga., 1853. Married Archie Baker of Augusta, Ga. She was a widow in 1917. Children were: Cozart, Mary and Hinton Baker.

(iii) William Cozart, born in Washington, Ga., died in Augusta, 1901. Married Bessie Martin of Augusta and had several children.

(vi) James Cozart, born and lived all his life in North Carolina. Name of wife not known. Had several children. Thomas Granville Cozart the one who
furnished most of these facts was the most important one of the family. He married Betty ...(?) and had two daughters, one was Hallie Mrs. Robert Crawford of Winston, Salem, North Carolina.

( ) vii. David Cozart, lived and died in North Carolina.

MISS TOCCOA COZART’S ACCOUNT OF HER GRANDFATHER’S FAMILY

1. HUBBARD (Herbert) COZART, son of Williamson Cozart.
   CHILDREN:
   ( ) i. Wiley Cozart, married Hannah MacIntyre of Alabama.
   CHILDREN:
   ( ) a. Toccoa Page Cozart born in Atlanta, Ga., 1855; unmarried. See account of her on page 500, 509, 512.
   ( ) b. Wiley Green Cosart, born in Atlanta, Ga., 1857, died in 1858.
   ( ) ii. Mary Elizabeth Cozart, married William A. Bass and lived, at Atlanta, Ga., in 1907. Children were: John, Claudia, Hubbard, Annie Bass.
   ( ) v. Susan Emma Cozart, married Collin McKenzie Fraser of Marietta, Ga., Widow, with five children. Fred C., Wallace C., Irene F., Ruth C., and Mary Sue.
   ( ) vi. Sarah C. Cozart, married Robert Simonton of Alabama, and died in 1877.
   ( ) vii. Ella Evans Cozart married Lawrence J. Trott of Charleston, S.C. Widow:
   Children: Lawrence, Erwin T., Annie T. and Hugh T.
   ( ) viii. Hubbard Jr., died in Atlanta in early manhood. See legend.

Hubbard Cosart Sr., was a successful merchant of Atlanta, Ga., and left a comfortable provision for his family in spite of the Civil War. He died in 1865.

THE MANGUM-COZARTS.

51 East Cain Street,
Atlanta, Ga.,
February 21, 1901.

Dear Toccoa:

I received your letter yesterday morning. You ask me about our Cozart kin. My grandfather was Williamson Cozart: he married Holly Mangum: she was a very near relative of Hon. Wiley Person Mangum. (She was an Aunt - being the youngest sister of William Mangum). This is where your father got his name. When he was born Papa and Mama named him Wiley Person Cozart, but when he went to North Carolina on a visit to Papa’s old home, we visited our ‘Honorable Cousin Wiley Person Mangum’. Brother was about 5 years old, I about 3. Senator Mangum asked brother where he got his name and said that as long as he had been named for him (the senator) he (brother) must have his full name: he took him on his knee, put a hand on his head and said, "Wiley Person Mangum Cozart, now". So that is the way your father was named.

My great Grandmother was Miss Persons of North Carolina. Write to Tom Granville Cozart and he will tell you all about us.
Your affectionate Aunt,
MARY COZART BASS.”

THE BUMPASS-COZART FAMILY.


“I recall these statements, made by my husband’s father, (        ) Sidney Bumpass Cozart, which he obtained from his father prior to his death in 1846.

James Bumpass Cozart’s father’s name was (        ) Anthony Cozart, who lived in Orange County, North Carolina; his occupation was that of a planter; he married a Miss Winnifred Bumpass, a sister of John Bumpass, who was Captain of a Company raised perhaps in 1772 or 1773, to demand some redress from Governor Tryon.

Anthony Cozart was a member of this company, which met at his (Cozart’s) house, molded bullets, and discussed the method of procedure.

These deliberations were not made public until a stated time, as they might be considered insurrectionary by Governor Tryon; but the news reached the Governor, who made preparations and dispersed them. Captain Bumpass was arrested and sentenced to death, but for some cause was not executed. Tryon then sent out men, whom the people called “Pressgangs” to take the arms of all engaged in this movement but Cozart’s wife substituting an old gun procured from a tenant, and hiding the good one, saved it, to be afterwards carried by her husband in the Revolution.

On the breaking out of the war, Anthony and his brothers, John, David, and his brother-in-law Bumpasses, entered the Revolutionary Army and served throughout the war.

The roster of the Revolutionary soldiers, published by North Carolina, shows that David was a sergeant.

James Bumpass Cozart (my father-in-law) was about 16 years old when the war closed; and about 6 or 8 years old when the bullets were molded, and could remember the above described circumstances.”

NOTE:
The above writer, Mrs. J.R. Cozart of Lamar, Arkansas, is a sister-in-law of G.T. Cazort of Haroldton and Fayetteville, Ark. G.T. Cazort’s letters are included in this collection.

It will be noticed that there is a change in the spelling of the name within the limits of the same family. The below is a copy of a letter of G. T. Cazort of Haroldton and Lafayette, Ark.

“Haroldton, Ark.,
March 6, 1907.

Miss Toccoa Cozart,
Montgomery, Alabama.

My dear Cousin:
My sister-in-law, Mrs. J. R. Cozart has forwarded me your letter to her of the 11th ult., for reply.

In August 1877, I met one Green Person Cozart and wife, at Hot Springs, Ark. He was then 65 years old - if I remember correctly - and resided in Columbus, Ga., or Miss. He called me, when we first met, “Cousin”, saying the Cozarts were all kinfolks. I had heard my father use the same expression before, so, in addressing you as I do, I think I am following a well established Cozart or Cazort precedent.

I presume that the “Thomas Cozart of Greensboro, N.C.”, to whom you refer, is identical with Thomas Granville Cozart of Durham and Winston North Carolina, with whom I have had much correspondence - but (so I hear) died some years ago. He came out to Arkansas to Little Rock and was engaged in the tobacco business for one or two years, where I first met him in 1872 or 1873: his first question to me was why had I changed my name. I answered by asking him the same: for he wrote his “T. G. Cozart”, and mine “T. G. Cazort”.

I had the impression that the original name was CROZAT. He, T.G. Cozart, thought his great grandfather, Jacob (son of Williams — you have it Williamson) was a brother or half brother of my great grandfather Anthony.

Your letter to Mrs. J. R. Cozart was received in last mail, I intended this for a short and hurriedly written one, and a promise of what I will do hereafter. I will explain that my portfolio containing all the old letters and notations, is at my home at Fayetteville, where my wife Caroline, daughter of the late John Mock of that county, and our daughter Vivian spend their principal time, as it is regarded as more healthful there than on this plantation - especially in the summer season. Our son Ralph is with me here, and we go home for Sundays when we can conveniently.

This place is on the Arkansas River ten miles below Van Buren and about sixty miles from Fayetteville, as you may see by referring to a map of this state. We have telephone communication direct from our office here, to our residence in Fayetteville. We have three daily passenger trains each way. My father Sidney Bumpass Cazort, who married Martha H. Wallace of Pears on County, North Carolina, came to Arkansas the first of the year 1850, and located near the present site of Lamar, where I was born and lived until ten years ago: in fact I have some interests there yet, and sometimes call it “home” - especially when I am in the neighborhood. One of my brothers stated some time ago that my home was anywhere over north-west Arkansas.

My mother died June 29th 1899 just 51 years from the day she was married: my father died on the 24th day of September 1902. During their lifetimes I wrote down what I knew of their family history and traditions, which in many respects agree with the data collected by T. G. Cozart, but differs in other respects, both from his data and the scraps of history which I have collected, here and there of the Cozart-Cazort family in America, and the Crozat family in France.

I have never visited North Carolina, but hope to do so this summer. But I remember many things about persona and places there of which I have heard my parents speak.

I have often heard them speak of Wiley P. Mangum and a brother of his - I think Judge Mangum. I think they all went to school once to one Bushrod Mangum. I cannot for the lack of time and my records attempt to give you the Cazort traditions at present. However, I will say that the Crozats were one of the most prominent families of France during the reign of Louis XIVth. I have a copy of the grant made by this King to Anthony Crozat, who was fabulously rich. A merchant and the
secretary of the treasury, he was called Crozat “The Rich”, and his brother was called “The Poor”, tho’ this poor brother built a castle equal in elegance to that of the King’s, and collected no less than 1500 pieces of costly treasury; this he provided by will should be sold at his death and the proceeds distributed among the poor in Paris, which was done. The statuary was purchased by the Duke of Orleans. The Crozat family came into note probably near the year 1500. There was one who won fame as a General in one of the French wars. I find no record of Anthony Crozat of the grant, ever having come to America, and I do not think he ever did. He had a daughter who published a geography, which was taught in France till recent date.

Judge N. M. Rose of Little Rock, one of the most prominent lawyers of the state, is also a French scholar and has an Encyclopedia of French Biographies, and he furnished me with a copy in English of the Crozat family in France. When I find leisure next summer, if you wish, I will, furnish a copy of the grant and the French biography. My great grandfather was named Anthony, and his father was named Anthony. My grandfather had a brother of that name also, but he died young.

I leave it to the other Cozarts or Cazorts to trace the connection - if they like or can - to the noted French Crozat family, till then, I will cherish this tradition.

“That a young Frenchman, not rich, of Paris, fell in love with the daughter of a wealthy parent who lived in Holland. She was on a visit to Paris. He followed her to Holland and sought out her parents, and after some opposition, finally won the girl. They were married, came to America to live.

The estate was afterwards stolen - so - I work as other poor mortals do!

I think T. G. Cozart, son of James Christmas Cozart - so called because he was born on Christmas day - must be a cousin of your father, that is, a first cousin. My grandfather James Bumpass Cazort was called. “Smiling James” to distinguish him from James Christmas Cozart.

If you will favor me with any information you have or may obtain, I will appreciate it; and when I go home I will examine my records and if I am reminded of something else that I think would interest you, I will take the liberty of writing again.

Your cousin,

G. T. CAZORT.”

LEGEND OF THE COZART FAMILY.
By Toccoa Cozart.

As told to her by her grandmother - wife of Hubbard Cozart. This had been handed down in the family for so many generations, and has held good (or, as we think, bad), for so many years that we who come into the family and learn of it, get very nervous, and apprehensive.

“I really have forgotten where it all happened; you know, I stood the siege of Atlanta, then we had to bundle up and get out on twenty-four hours warning, your little uncle was almost in a dying condition from camp dysentery and my hands and heart were full! Then, when I had nursed Hubbie back to life and we could once more think of returning to the dear old Atlanta home, your grandmother suddenly sickened and died. A sorrowful band we were when we were finally permitted to take your grandfather’s body into the city for burial. Troubles dim one’s memory and I forgot where your Cozart people lived when it all happened. Oh! ever so many long years ago.

And now I remember there were two brothers by the name of Cosart. They had learned somehow
or where to be brewers; they neither liked the calling but they went on being brewers just the
same and it seemed as if they could not quit, though the very rich, proud, haughty wife of one of
them gave them no peace about it. They knew that their family had condescended from a high
social plane, when they became brewers, but it is now lost in the mists of the past why it had
never come to pass. These brothers were kind and just in their dealings with their employees, and
the comfort of their families was as strictly considered as that of their own. Hence the men
worked with heart and hand for their masters welfare.
Their foreman was a young fellow who also belonged to a family above the social rank of brewers,
yet there was he brewing for the Cozarts, as they were brewing for the public.

In some way this proud spirit of this young man had come into conflict with the domineering
spirit of the haughty wife of one of the brothers. She disliked him violently, and never lost an
opportunity to insist that her husband should dismiss him from their service. He politely
explained the value of the services rendered by this young man; but to no avail; she refused to be
reasonable, and still insisted that her wishes have weight.

Time passed on, and the young man dare to marry without consulting the Cozarts or the haughty
wife. This enraged the haughty woman until, in her senseless passion, she would accomplish his
dismissal or his ruin.

So it happened that one of the brothers was called away to a distant country or city, or some
place, and, after his arrival, found that his brother's presence would be necessary. The other
brother, before leaving home, left full instructions with the young foreman as to the conduct of
the business, and full power to manage for them.

When the haughty woman was sure that her husband and his brother were safe at a distance, she
prepared to carry into effect her long delayed plans for vengeance. She immediately assumed
authority and demanded that she be consulted about everything: of course this led to much
confusion. The workmen were embarrassed and the foreman greatly troubled, as he desired to do
his duty to his employers. The proud lady walked up and down through the brewery, ordering and
upsetting everything as planned by her husband before he left. And still the young foreman was
patient and courteous.

One day, when the other workmen were at dinner, she commanded the foreman to remain as she
wished to talk over some work with him. There was a narrow foot-path across the tops of the
great vats, made by planks across, and it was up on this dangerous place they met to consult.
The foreman evidently did not agree with the lady in her ideas, and she grew angry. He was
determined to conduct the business as he knew the masters would have it, so he was obdurate.

She finally lost all control of herself and after upbraiding him bitterly, so forgot her haughty
claims to superiority as to motion to strike him. It will never be known whether she really
intended to strike, or just frighten him into submission. However, he, stepping backward to
prevent her from thus degrading herself as well as him, stepped into space - and down, into the
choking depths of the vat he was hurled. A piercing shriek was mingled with a frenzied shout of
denunciation. The great walls of the structure rang with the tumult. When the startled workmen
ran to give assistance, they found two struggling figures on the brink of the vat. One was clinging
with desperation to the frail walk, while the other struggled to break her hold upon the edge of
safety; it was evidently a life and death matter. Quickly the men clambered up and separated the
frantic wife of the foreman from the now cowering mistress, while in the depths below floated the
body of the poor young foreman. No help could be rendered him by the two women, and her
helplessness had driven the wife frantic. Her temporary madness had endowed her with weird
power, and turning toward the lady, from whom she was held back, she cursed her and hers. She
told. her that never more would. she see her husband; that the spirit of the Vat would. henceforth for ever more claim one of her children · for all succeeding generations. She, the great lady had made her, the workman’s wife desolate, and her children orphans: but the just God, would see that she was avenged. Half chanting, she swayed as she looked into space. “I see” she declared, “a procession of beautiful boys coming down the ages, and · they are drowning! Drowning! Some in the wine cup; some in · something I do not know what, but they are drowning, for the spirit of the vat is there! Go, woman, I would not kill you; you will wish I had”

There was sorrow in the village that day and the night brought its own shadow. When the morning came, the once proud lady was gibbering like a maniac. Truly, she never saw her husband again, for when he returned, she was hopelessly mad. So great had the strain been upon her young son, the pride

of her mother-heart, that she tried to drown his sorrow of the terrible scene, in wine and so he become a confirmed drunkard. The spirit of the vat had quickly demanded its prey.

So, down the generations it has come, this curse of the poor, frantic wife; and we who have followed the fortunes of the Cozarts, rock our babies and pray God that it be not visited on ours! Yet it comes, it comes! I have no direct knowledge back of your grandfather’s a generation · there are whispers of what has gone on before us · but I know that I grew so nervous I had to pray over it. Then I just told your grandfather I could not stand it, he must give up the old Virginia custom of the sideboard full of wines and liquors, and the men visitors coming to drink to this and that. He was really patient with me and gave it all up. How happy I felt when there was never a bottle or decanter to be seen! I didn’t care if they were costly glass, I just took them out to a safe-place and broke them to pieces!

Then I began to feel safe about your father, my Wiley, and of course you know what a fine Christian man he made: never a drink or an inclination,

There’s your little uncle, “Duddie” as you call him, he is only · twenty · don’t know · only God · can tell.

There is your grandfather’s brother, Green Person Cozart, while your grandfather and brother William, are sober men, Green will take his toddy, and he uses wines at table Mary is a fine housekeeper and hostess · but pride would, never make me forget the old curse! And there is that dear, bright boy of theirs, John, I hear — I hear he is · ” Here the story ended by the grandmother.

My grandmother lived to realize in her own baby boy, just twenty, the fearfulness of that relentless spirit of the Vat. Some uncontrollable thirst for “spirits” seemed to come and possess him; he manfully battled against it but to no purpose. She closed, his repentant eyes in death, assuring him that “God would understand”. Years after her own head was under the sod, her eldest daughter was called on to take up this strange cross. Her noble boy John Cozart Bass, one of the brightest men ever born in Atlanta was seized with this insatiate craving. I have seen him stand up and ask the prayers of his church that the curse might be mitigated. Oh, such prayers as was offered up. Again to no lasting effect. He died firmly believing that he was the victim of the vat!

Extract of letter from Toccoa Cozart (author of above) to Oliver L. Cozad of Marion, Ohio.

1040 South Perry Street,
Montgomery, Alabama.
May 15, 1907.

Dear Sir:

In regard to the “legend”, do not think that all our men "indulge", for they do not. But when the curse comes it takes our best and there seems to be no help. There is never any scandal, or loss of respect: the public only entertains a friendly sympathy, patience and appreciation of the other virtues possessed by the unhappy victim. Religion is the consolation of the afflicted one and the family.

The southern branch is on record as standing for God, truth and righteousness, without fear or favor · you see it runs in the blood.,

Grandfather Hubbard Cozart was a “Pillar” of the First Methodist Church in Atlanta; he facetiously said, they could call him any part of the church, pillar or brace · but never the "sleeper". My father was an honored member of the church from early boyhood. The daughters and their husbands and children have been reared in its sacred shadow. Only one daughter · Susan · went with her Scotch- Presbyterian husband to the Presbyterian Church. I also am a Presbyterian with my mother · as my father dying in my infancy, left me to mother's influence and she belongs to the Scotch- Presbyterian family of MacIntyres of Wilmington, N. C.

This afternoon, I was elected Historian of my Chapter of the D.A.R.

I think I forgot to say in my other letter that my father’s mother, Ann Turner, was of the famous Maryland family that produced the great artist: and also of the Hicks and Carroll families of Maryland. The Turners emigrated and settled in Georgia in 1791. They were Revolutionary War soldiers.

Anthony, Peter, Jacob and James Cozart all died in North Carolina.

Sincerely yours,

/s/ TOCCOA COZART,

G.T. CAZ0RT
General Merchandise, Mules, Cattle and Cotton.
100 choice farm mules. 200 head graded short-horn cattle for sale at present.

Lamar, Arkansas,
September 30, 1908.

Dr. James Cozad,
Reynolds, Illinois.

Dear Sir:

I have recently re-read the letters of T.G. Cozart of Winston, Salem, N.C., who died in February 1904. We had been acquainted for about thirty years and corresponded at intervals.

He mailed me a letter from you dated June 8th 1891 of which I have a copy. You refer to the autobiography of Mrs. Lydia Sexton which I had the pleasure of reading about twenty years ago through the courtesy of her granddaughter Mrs McDermid who resided at that time in Little Rock. Of course I knew that she was in error as her grandfather Anthony Cozad being the same as Anthony Crozat of the Louisiana grant. You state the facts that there were four brothers, Jacob, Job, Samuel and Anthony, sons of Jacob Cozad and Mercy Cozad nee Cox, etc. Now I think
this elder Jacob was a son of Anthony, my Anthony No. 1. He had a son Anthony baptised at Raritan, N.J. in 1712 who married Wilhelmina ......(9), whom I call Anthony No. 2. The family name of the wife of Anthony No. 1, I should have said. the maiden name was Elizabeth Valentine. Anthony No. 2 moved to North Carolina between 1752 and 1755 and had eight sons one of whom, my Anthony No. 3 married Winnifred Bumpass, whose brother John Bumpass was a Captain in the Revolutionary war and was taken prisoner at the battle of Guilford Court House.

This Anthony had four sons one of whom was named James Bumpass, who had two sons one of whom was Sidney Bumpass my father. I also have two brothers, James R. Cozart and William A. Cozart living and we all have families. T. G. Cozart had met Marcus E. Cozad and had read a book written by Justus L. Cozad of Cleveland, Ohio, and had some correspondence with Mrs. Keezel of Ottawa, Kan. Dr. Cozart Converse of New York and H.S. Clark of Newburg, N.Y. and mentions Prof. Edmund James of the University of Chicago. I have recently been corresponding with Mrs. Jennie Cossart Finch of Syracuse, N.Y. and Miss Toccoa Cozart of Montgomery, Alabama, who are taking quite an interest in the history of the family with Mr. O. L. Cozad of Marion, Ohio, who informs me he is writing a history of the family. I had for a long time supposed that our original name was Crozat, though I knew that we did not descend from the one who obtained the grant or lease to the Territory of Louisiana, for our ancestors were in America prior to the date of the lease, however, I obtained a copy of that grant also the biographies of some of the Crozats of France and forwarded duplicates to T.G. Cozart and I think he stated that he had mailed copies to you, but since I am now convinced or rather believe that Crozat and Cossart are different names and that ours were originally the latter: I am not so interested in the former unless the names were connected or related in France. Crozat himself did not come to America, but sent his agent Cardillac who built Fort Rosaline or Netches under the hill.

I am now making an effort to learn something of the Cossart family. O. L. Cozad thinks that our ancestors fled from France to Holland or Germany to escape religious persecution. I have a different tradition which I will not relate at this time as my letter has grown long already for an introductory one. I suppose you have gained much information on the family since 1891 and I would much appreciate a letter from you. I would like very much to know the family name of Wilhelmina the wife of Anthony No. 2 and such other information as you may have about the family.

Yours truly,
/s/ G. T. CAZORT.

(9) ANTHONY COZAR: WILLS.

N.J., Secretary of State, Liber A, p. 88. “Anthony Cozar was a witness to the will of Edward Doty, October 18, 1717.”

THE COZART—CAZORT—BUMPASS FAMILIES.

“Haroldton, Arkansas,
February 13, 1910.

Mr. O.L. Cozad,
Marion, Ohio,
Dear Sir:

The family name of Bumpass originated in the Southern part of France, and was spelled “Bon Pass”, and was conferred upon a cavalier, for making a brave pass in carrying a despatch, from one commander to another, at the Pont De Bon Pas ... . Many protestant families were driven from France during the persecution, and took refuge in Holland, afterwards going to America, while others went to England and Wales. This is the tradition of the Moore, Cazort and Webb families of Person County, NC who were our neighbors, and as I have beard them relate it from time to time.

Dr Hornance Bumpass, of the Museum of Natural History, New York City, states that his ancestors came over from England to America in the sailing ship “Fortune” In 1730 the ancestors of the writer were tobacco planters in Bedford County, Va, and sometime afterwards settled in Person County (This refers to the Bumpass family) John Bumpass obtained a large grant of land on Tar River, from the King of England, and was afterwards known as Tar River John. On the north and north-east similar grants were awarded to the Cozarts About 1730, the King of England issued a Royal proclamation pledging Civil and Religious liberty to all who would settle in North Carolina, and these emigrants had taken and improved the lands under that pledge hence when the king issued the proclamation, making it a Royal Colony, and the church of England the established church, and attempted to collect tithes for the support of the church, these protestant settlers prepared to resist this encroachment on their rights, and held a meeting at Goshen, about 25 miles northeast of Hillsborough, and signed articles of protest (See the Cazort incident in the initial number of the Journal of American History) As soon as the English authorities heard of this, they sent the light horse out there and arrested twelve or fifteen of the citizens, who was at that meeting, including Colonel Parsons, Cazort and “Tar River” John Bumpass Robert Bumpass father of John, hearing the light horse had started to Goshen, and fearing they would secure the articles of protest, mounted his fine imported mare, and started on a 25 mile run, in order to reach the place first, and destroy the papers to prevent their being used as evidence. He succeeded, but in doing so, killed his valuable animal. It is on record in the Archives of the State of North Carolina that after Governor Tryon defeated the people of the state, at the battle of Alamance, he issued an amnesty proclamation and pardoned every citizen of the State, excepting the twelve or fifteen men arrested at Goshen which included Colonel Parsons, Cazort and John Bumpass and probably John McVey It is needless to say that these were volunteers for the Colonial cause at the outbreak of the Revolution.

I presume that the above will suffice as a quotation from the Bumpass History, but will say that at one of these meetings of protestors was held at the residence of Anthony Cozart, and bullets were molded and preparations made to restrict the force of arms, if necessary. The proceedings of this meeting was intended to be kept secret, until all plans were perfected, but it was reported to Governor Tryon who sent out and took all the guns of the parties who attended these meetings.

I am anxious to learn how far you have progressed with your History of the family, and when I shall be offered an opportunity to procure a copy. “Time makes no halt.” “Delays are dangerous”. “Whatsoever thy hand findeth to do, that do with thy might”. I am not sure that I have the quotations right, but the idea is clear. I hope that you may be granted many days, but old age comes soon even to those that are young and if you should postpone or delay its completion for a great while, many of your friends and relatives may be deprived of the pleasure the information contained therein would afford.

Yours truly,

/s/ G.T. CAZORT.”

************************
“Haroldton, Arkansas,
February 1, 1910.

Captain W. P. Bumpass,
Farmersville, Texas.

My dear Kinsman:

I am very thankful to you for offering to give the Cozart data space in the Bumpass History. The Cazort memories to which I refer, cover about 225 pages of foolscap paper, and were mostly written 20 to 30 years ago, and were left incomplete. I have always intended to perfect them, but found little time, and almost neglected them, until two years ago.

As a man may be judged by his company, so a family may be judged by its matrimonial alliances, hence I give you a sketch of the Cazorts down to Anthony, who married Winifred Bumpass.

My room at Haroldton is in an old time hewed low cabin, the chinks filled with lime mortar, then weather boarded outside and ceiled inside with yellow pine ceiling The large open fireplace, deep enough to take a big back log, similar, I suppose to the one that you had in North Carolina. I do my writing and spend most of my spare time in this room, connected with my business office by telephone.

Yes, it was James Bumpass Cazort that ran across the field from a rain shower, after he was eighty years old. My father who was about sixty years younger, said that he had to take a good clip to keep up with him. He died at the age of 82 years. Father thought that he might have lived to be much older, possibly might have lived to reach 100 years, if he had not taken an overdose of tartar emetic, which injured his stomach, and shortened his life.

Your cousin,
/s/ G. T. CAZORT.”

The letter heading as used by the late G. T. Cazort read as follows:

"G. T. Cazort, dealer in General Merchandise, Mules, Cattle and Cotton. Home of McGregor- Kankakee and Royal Walter, two superb horses, standard bred and registered in the American Trotting Register. Fifty choice farm mules; Fifty head graded short-horn Cattle; Twenty-five head very fine Jacks and Jannets."

A SKETCH OF THE CAZORT FAMILY.
By
G. T. Cazort, Haroldton, Ark.
January 24, l910,

The name Cossart appears in the charters of the 12th century, at Rouen, France. At the beginning of the 15th century a Cossart from Liege, and settled in France. He was the ancestor of the branch of Cossarts afterwards ennobled in France, under the name of Cossart d'Espies".

Whether this family had left France at an earlier date, and returned or whether the Cossarts in France during the 12th century came originally from Liege, is not known. Noel Cossart was murdered in France in 1572, during the massacre of St. Bartholomew. After this event, some of the
family left France and settled in Holland, England and Ireland, while others remained in France. Jean Cossart was Sheriff of Cork, Ireland in 1775. Another was an Alderman of Dublin, Ireland, near the end of the 17th century. Andrew Fanuel the donor of Fanuel Hall in Boston married Marie Catherine Cossart. There is still a family of Cossarts in London, or was at the end of the last century, and one of this family, Charles J. Cossart, was at this time in business on the Isle of Maderia and from a letter of his, was obtained, most of the above information. One family was granted a coat of arms in Holland, which is registered at the Hague and is different from the coat of arms of the Cossarts of Normandy.

In 1656 Jacques Cossart married Lea Villeman, (English Lydia Williams) in Frankenthal, Bavaria, and in 1662, came with his wife and two children and settled in America. The passage was made in the ship “Pumerlander Kerch”. They settled on Manhattan island. In 1666, he was appointed collector of the weekly assessment for the pay of the clergy and soldiery, by the court of Burgomaster and Schepens of New York City. He built a horse-mill on Syck Steegh, or Dirty Lane, afterwards the name of the street was changed to Mill Street, and so remained until 1836, when it was changed to South William Street. He had the following children born in America: Janet, Jacques Jr., David and Anthony. Janet married Jacob Goelet, and this couple are the ancestors of the immensely rich family of New York City by that name. One of whom was Ogden Goelet who entertained the Prince of Wales, later King Edward VII, on the Goelet yacht.

The descendants of David settled in Pennsylvania and from this family descended Alexander Johnson president of the Pennsylvania Railroad system and it is said that at one time he received the highest salary of any Railroad President, and Miss Mary Cassatt, believed by many to be the greatest artist that America Two of her canvasses hang in the Luxemburg galleries in Paris, and thus far she is the only American woman who has ever received this coveted honor. See “The Art of Mary Cassatt” in the Delineator for August 1909. Not only the Cassatts of Pennsylvania but the Cozads in West Virginia, the Cassatts in Kentucky and of the Cozarts in Kentucky and Tennessee can claim descent from this David, son of the immigrant.

Anthony Cozart or Cossart or Cossart married Elizabeth Valentine, settled, in Brooklyn. The ancestor of the Valentine family of Westchester, New York, was from Saxarlant in Transylvania, a province in Hungary. His sons were the first proprietors of Valentine Hill, Yonkers, New York. Two children, Lea and Jacob were born to Anthony and Elizabeth in Brooklyn. A Brooklyn census shows that his family at that time consisted of a wife, two children, an apprentice, and ten slaves, evincing the fact that the second generation of Cossarts in America were slave owners. In 1703, they sold their house and lot in Brooklyn, and in 1712 were living at Raritan, N.J., where another son Anthony was born and was baptised into the Reformed Dutch Church, August 6, 1712. The eldest son Jacob, who is buried at Bound Brook N.J., having lived to be 70 years old, had four sons, Jacob, Job, Samuel and Anthony. The descendants of the first three spell the name Cozad and the others Cosad and Casad. These have many descendants in Ohio, Illinois and some of the Western states, among whom are Dr. Edmund J. James of the University of Chicago, commissioned by Governor Deenen to make a careful study of recent developments in Germany and other European countries for the benefit of the State educational commission of Illinois, and Justus L. Cozad of Cleveland, Ohio, who ran a part of the boundary line between Nebraska and Kansas and who made a set of books from the records of his county which sold for over $100,000, and has had two daughters serving as missionaries in Japan for the past twenty years. Oliver Lindley Cozad of Marion, Ohio, who is preparing an elaborate history of the Cossart families also descended from Jacob son of Anthony Sr.

The other son, Anthony Jr., married 1733 to 1735 and the name of this couple appears in the church records as Anthony Cossart and his wife Wilhelminia. The writer has not been able to ascertain the family name of the woman who married Anthony Jr. This Anthony Jr., had eight sons presumably by this wife, Viz: 
He had three sons by his second wife Nancy whom he is supposed to have married in North Carolina:

- David
- Anthony III
- Elias
- Peter
- Jacob
- John
- Simeon
- James

The exact date of this family leaving New Jersey is not known, but the sons David and Anthony answered the call and are shown on the muster roll in Granville County, N.C., in 1754, and their father was paying taxes in the same county on land in 1755, and all the eight sons first mentioned purchased land before 1776. This Anthony formerly designated as Anthony Jr. may now be called Anthony of Granville. He died, as the records of the court shows, between the dates of his will December 23, 1780 and the May term of the court in 1781. Some of his sons were soldiers in the Patriot Army, among whom were David, Anthony and John and it is presumed all others living at the time and able to bear arms, were also soldiers in the Revolutionary cause.

His son Jacob married a Williams and from this union descended the most of the Cozarts of North Carolina, prominent among whom are Ex-sheriff W. S. Cozart of Stems; B. H. Cozart of Durham, an Ex-state Senator, and the late Thomas G. Cozart of Winston Salem. Some of this branch are also very prominent merchants in Columbus, Miss., Washington and Atlanta, Ga., and Birmingham, Ala. This family still has a representative in Miss Toccoa Cozart, articles from whose pen appear from time to time in the Birmingham papers. The son of Anthony mentioned above, as a soldier, married Winnifred, sister of Captain (Tar River) John Bumpass, and became Anthony of Orange County, North Carolina. One of the meetings which led, to the arrest of Captain Bumpass by Governor Tryon was held at his residence. An account of which was published in the initial number of the Journal of American History. He was a successful tobacco planter and the owner of slaves and valuable agricultural lands. His name frequently appearing on the records of deeds in Hillsborough. He died in 1817 which was seventy-eight years from the date of his baptism at Raritan, New Jersey, and his will is on record at Hillsboro, North Carolina. His wife Winnifred survived him. They were the parents of four sons:

- James Bumpass Cozart
- William Cozart
- Robert Cozart
- Anthony Cozart

There were also three daughters born to this union. Their names are unknown to the compiler.

- Anthony Cozart died when young.
- William Cozart moved west with his family, but where he located is not known to the writer.
- Robert Cozart moved to Tennessee and had several daughters and one son,
- Solomon Cozart who went to Arkansas and raised a family. Some of Solomons sons were lost in the Civil War and others became prominent cotton growers in central Arkansas.
- James Bumpass Cozart, married his cousin Piety McVey, daughter of John McVey whose wife was Mary Bumpass a sister of Winnifred and Captain John Bumpass. They settled in
Granville County, North Carolina, and to them were born two sons
( ) Wilburn Cozart
( ) Sidney Bumpass Cozart

James and Piety Cozart had six daughters, one of whom died young and the others married and reared large families.

( ) Sidney Bumpas Cozart died young. The other son, Wilburn will be mentioned later.

( ) James Bumpass Cozart sold his plantation in Granville County and removed to Parson County about 1833 and purchased land near the present village of Helena or Timberlake Station. His wife Piety died about 1822 and he in October 1846, being 82 years of age. He was a well to do planter, the owner of about fifty slaves which he bequeathed to his children. He is said to have been a man of excellent habits and good morals. Very kind to the unfortunate and needy, and was called “Smiling James” to distinguish him from the other Cozarts of the same name. Shortly before his death he built a residence on his plantation which was considered elegant for the vicinity at that date and gave it to his son Sindey B. Cozart. The door steps were huge blocks of granite taken from the quarry on his estate and the large chimneys were built of smaller stones from the homestead which afterwards became a family cemetery and the spot is marked by an unpretentious marble shaft erected by the sons of Sidney Bumpass Cozart as a token of their respect.

Soon after the death of his father, Sidney Bumpass Cozart married Martha Harrell, daughter of Robert Wallace who was a neighbor and friend of James B. and in October 1849 sold his homestead and moved to Arkansas with his wife and one child, James Robert Cazort. He settled in the eastern part of Johnston County, and there were born three other sons, i.e., George Thomas Cazort, Sidney Bumpass Cazort Jr., and William A. Cazort and one daughter Valeria J. Cazort, who married, at the age of seventeen and died nine days later. Sidney Bumpass Cazort Jr. died after an hours illness at the age of fifteen years. The mother, Martha H. Cazort died June 29, 1899, this being the fifty-first anniversary of her wedding day. She was a devout Christian, one of the best of wives and mothers, but the writer will not attempt a eulogy nor will he on Sidney Bumpass Sr., who followed her in October 1902. They rest side by side in the Cazort cemetery near the town of Lamar, Ark. A sketch of thei’r lives has been written by one of their sons to be preserved with the Cazort memories. The remaining sons have been engaged for forty years in planting and merchantile business and are the largest planters on the Arkansas River west of Little Rock, Ark., and are well known in the business circles of the country. One of them has served two terms in the State Senate of Arkansas, and all have raised families, which will be noted more at length in the Cazort memoirs. (There was a Cazort who became Lieutenant-Governor of the state of Arkansas about 1932. J.A.C.)

The writer acknowledges himself indebted to the following parties for a part of the above information:

Thomas G. Cozart, late of Winston-Salem, N.C.
Miss Toccoa Cozart of Birmingham, Ala.
Mrs. Jennie Cossart Finch, Syracuse, N.Y.
Oliver Lindley Cozad of Marion, Ohio.
Justus L. Cozad of Cleveland, Ohio.

The foregoing data was furnished to Captain William B. Bumpass of Farmersville, Texas, at his request, to be included in his History the Bumpass Family.
MISCELLANEOUS COZART MATERIAL.

( ) David Cozart, born April 28, 1797 in Granville County, North Carolina, and removed to Carroll County, Tennessee, and died at Wildersville, same state. He went to Tennessee about 1826. Was married only once to Mary Carrington, born February 9, 1802 and died November 1896.

CHILDREN:
( ) Wiley Davis Cozart, born April 1821, died in the summer of 1867 at Robertson Landing, Coahoma County Miss. Married Eliza Peel.
( ) Hannah Caroline Cozart, born 1822, married 1850 (?), died in 1900 at Moores Hill, Tenn. Married Presley Carrington. Lived at Pleasant Exchange, Tenn.
( ) Eliza Jane Cozart, born 1823, married 1843 (?), died at Wildersville, Tenn., 1850. Married Howell Mitchell and lived at Pleasant Exchange, Tenn.
( ) William Hubbard Cozart, born March 1, 1831, married 1851, date of death unknown. Married Molly Gates, and was living in Dongola, Texas in 1918.
( ) James Monroe Cozart, born April 15, 1833, married in 1866. Died in 1908 at Moores Hills, Tenn. Married Jane Davis and lived at Pleasant Exchange, Tenn.
( ) Frances Cozart, born May 1835, married 1875, died in 1910 at Spelling, Tenn. She married Stephen Hollowill and lived at Pleasant Exchange, Tenn.
( ) Ridley Hally Cozart, born October 1839, married February 1866, died 1898 at Wildersville, Tenn. Married Simeon Curnal and lived at Pleasant Exchange, Tenn.
( ) Rufus David Cozart, born July 22, 1842, married 1st to Amanda Hill Miller, February 28, 1867; married 2nd time Josephine Bary February 28, 1877. Lived at Wildersville, Tenn. (Later called Pleasant Exchange). 1st wife died here. (Bible record).

David Cozart above was buried on his own farm near Wildersville, Tennessee. Lived in Carroll County only one year. Another brother William Cozart came to Tennessee and remained only a short time and then removed to Columbus, Miss., where he died. His brother Green Cozart went to Atlanta, Georgia.

Rufus David Cozart, son of David above, states that he is the only one of his father's family now living in Tennessee, excepting John Dolph Cozart who lives in Carroll County, Tenn. I know of no other Cozarts in the state excepting my son Sam Cozart who lives at Alberton, Tenn., and Mack Cozat at Wilbersville, Tenn. and Hubbard Cozat at Dale, Oklahoma.

You ask the relation between me and John Dolph Cozart of McKenzie, Carroll County, Tenn. He is the son of Solomon Cozart. Solomon Cozart was the son of Robert Cozart you spoke of as coming from Granville County, North Carolina, said Robert Cozart being a second cousin of my father.

William Hubbard Cozart was living at Mongolie, Texas, in 1918.

Willey David Cozart, the eldest son of David, was in the Mexican War of 1848, and when he returned served in the Confederate Army two years as a Corporal. Served in General Chalms (?) Cavalry and settled in Mississippi where he died. Mickeus Henderson Cozart served, in the Union Army under Major Hardy and died in Nashville, Tennessee.

( ) Rufus David Cozart, born July 20, 1842. Married 1st time Amanda Hill Miller, February 28,
1867: married 2nd time Josephine Bray, February 28, 1877.

CHILDREN:  
( ) Hubbard Addison Cozart, born May 12, 1868 to Curl Griggs; Dale, Oklahoma.
( ) Samuel Cozart, born April 8, 1870; married to Millie Rush; Resided on R.R. No. 2, Lexington, Tenn.
( ) Amanda D. Cozart, born February 23, 1873; married June 1913 to Budd Dodd. Lived at Wildersville, Tenn. Died near same place.
( ) Magdalena Cozart, born February 12, 1878. Lived at Wildersville, Tenn.
( ) Mollie Jane Cozart, born December 4, 1879; lived at Wildersville, Tenn.
( ) Lucy Jane Cozart, born April 11, 1881; Married Joe Butler. Lived at Wildersville, Tenn.
( ) Ruthie Cozart, born April 15, 1883; married Jim Horn, Lexington, Tenn.
( ) Nellie Gray Cozart, born April 5, 1885; married John Azbill. Lived at Wildersville, Tenn.
( ) McCallem David Cozart, born July 12, 1889; married Lessie Rhodes. Lived at Wildersville, Tenn.
( ) Mindey Cozart: born March 26, 1892; married Newt Cole. Lived at Wildersville, Tenn.

The above was submitted by Rufus David Cozart the father of the above family and he states that: “I failed to keep a correct record of the other dates in my own family, so I cannot make out as correct a list as in the case of my father’s family as I had his old Bible record to go by.”

( ) Joshua Cozart: married Polly Morris (?); came from North Carolina to Tennessee.

CHILDREN:
( ) Gilbert Cozart  
( ) Madison Cosart  
( ) David Cozart  
( ) Haywood Cozart  
( ) Connoco Cozart  
( ) Mahuldy Cozart  
( ) Ginchy Cozart  

( ) Gilbert Cozart, son of Joshua, married Susan Boals.

CHILDREN:
( ) Robert Williams Cozart  
( ) Gilbert Cozart, Jr.  
( ) Joshua Cozart  
( ) Jasper Cozart  
( ) Newton Cozart  
( ) Henderson Cozart  

( ) Robert Williams Cozart, son of David above; married and had five sons and five daughters. Two sons living. Robert Williams Cozart, deceased.

CHILDREN:
( ) Alison Cozart, railroad man in Cincinnati, Ohio.  
( ) Jessie Cozart, railroad man in Cincinnati, Ohio.  
( ) Mrs. Demetrie Elthridge lives in Indianapolis, Indiana.  
( ) A daughter who lives in Tennessee.  
( ) A daughter who lives in Tennessee. 

The above data on Robert Cozart's family furnished by Mrs. C.P. Cozart, R.R. 10, Humbolt, Tennessee, September 13, 1918.

CHILDREN:
( ) Jesse Elsbury Cozart
( ) Jarret Cozart
( ) Hillary Houston Cozart, born October 2, 1856, resided at Gadsen, Tenn.
( ) Lemuel Madison Cozart
( ) Silas Cozart
( ) Payton Cozart
( ) Hillary Houston Cozart, son of Madison Cozart above. Lives at 409 Kensington Court, Louisville, Ky. (1933). Born October 2, 1856 at Gadsen, Crockett County, Tenn. Married October 2, 1883 to Mary Ophelia Fisher, deceased; born July 10, 1865 at Dyer, Tennessee; died December 23, 1924 at Louisville, Kentucky. Hillary H. Cozart was an Independent in politics.

CHILDREN:
( ) Grover Cleveland Cozart, born July 28, 1884; Humbolt, Tenn.
( ) Mattie Ethel Cozart, born September 22, 1888, Humbolt, Tenn.
( ) Ida Cozart, born June 1, 1894, Humbolt, Tenn.
( ) Fred Cozart, born January 19, 1898, Humbolt, Tenn.
( ) Lillian Cozart, born October 16, 1901, Humbolt, Tenn.
( ) Ida Cozart, daughter of Hillary Houston Cozart, born June 1, 1894 at Humbolt, Gibson County, Tennessee. Resides at 409 Kensington Court, Apartment 2, Louisville, Kentucky. Single. She States: “There are a good many people of our name in North Carolina, though we do not know any of them. We are supposed to be the descendants of the French Huguenots who settled in the Carolinas, though we have no positive data about this. The spelling of the name has evidently been changed several times. (Accent last syllable).

We know nothing of the "Cossarts" who settled in Boonesborough, Kentucky. We are native Tennesseans and our Great Grandfather came there from Georgia - the family had previously moved to Georgia from North Carolina. There is a man in politics in Arkansas who spells his name "Cazor". May be some of the same "species". There is a Cozart in Columbus, Georgia, who is a lawyer.

A number of our family - my grandfather's brothers' children, and one of his sisters moved, to Texas - years ago.
We know nothing at all of the Abraham W. Cozart of Philadelphia, East Tennessee. Our family lived only in West Tennessee, where my grandfather, great aunt, and great grandfather came as pioneers and settled in Crockett County, West Tennessee.”

( ) Solomon Cozart, born August 24, 1814, died November 20, 1876; married Letha born November 28, 1814, died May 27, 1880.

CHILD:
( ) Walter Alexander Cozart, born October 4, 1843; married Rebecca Louisa Barger.

CHILDREN:
( ) John Dolph Cozart, born January 23, 1873 at Lexington, Tennessee. Resides at Bryson, Texas. (1933). Has one son Walter Cozart living in Long Beach, Calif., who is manager of the “Cozart Beauty Shoppe”.
( ) W. C. Cozart of Abilene, Texas.
( ) G. O. Cozart of Graham, Texas.
( ) W.A. Cozart, last heard from was at Amarillo, Tex.
( ) W.R. Cozart, last time heard from was living in Los Angeles, Calif.
( ) Mrs. T.L. Stephens of Trent, Texas.
( ) Mrs. Lulu Duckett of Fahrens, Texas.
( ) Mrs. May Cox of Fahrens, Texas.
James Cosart, born in Somerset County, New Jersey. Died in 1838 at San Augustine, Texas. Married October 19, 1797 to Frances Howard who died in 1839 at Shelbyville at the home of her daughter Isabella Darnell.

CHILDREN:

( ) Pickney Cozart, born 1804 (?); married Trenie Cozart and lived in Tennessee.  
( ) Broadie Cozart, born in 1807 (?). Lived in Tennessee.  
( ) Haywood Cozart, died on Easter Sunday March 27, 1836 at Goliad, Texas. Was a Patriot in the Mexican War.  
( ) Hiram Cozart, died at San Augustine, Texas.  
( ) Hannah Cozart, married Rowland Groch and they lived in Tennessee.  
( ) Isabella Cozart, born 1809; married 1828 to General Nicholas H. Darnell. Died at Handley Texas.  
( ) Emily Cozart, born 1811, married 1830, died March 5, 1863. She married Benjamin Patton Ayers and lived in Tennessee and died at Fort Worth, Texas.

“Dallas, Texas,  
May 2, 1918.  
Mr. O.L. Cozad  
Marion, Ohio.

Dear Sir:

I see that you have my great grandfather James Cozart listed as having been born in Somerset County, N.J. I have no authentic data, but I have been informed by Miss Toccoa Cozart that his father was Jacob Cozart, son of Anthony of Granville County, North Carolina, and that he was married in 1797 to Miss Frances Howard October 19, 1797. It seems that he could be either one. I would like to be set right on this point. Miss Cozart has not given me any record on the family, except a very far off-hand one, as she has been ill ever since I have been corresponding with her (1918), which has only been since the first of January of this year. I know very little about the early family history of James Cozart and his wife Frances Howard, but my mother's cousin Miss Addie Darnell of Handley, Texas (Tarrant County near Fort Worth) could give you a great deal of information, she is the only surviving child of Isabella Cozart Darnell. She is a very bright old lady, and it has been through her that I have learned what little I know about the family.

James Cozart and his wife Frances Howard leaving North Carolina in the 1820s for Tennessee, remained there some years. My grandmother, Emily, was married there and came to Texas with her husband Benjamin Patton Ayers and two children. I am not sure from what part, but I believe from Muray County (or Maury). They settled in what was then, I think, and now is Shelby County, Texas. My mother Mary Jane Ayers was born there in 1842 the last year of the Republic of Texas.

My great grandparents followed their son Handerson Cozart to Texas. He had enlisted with General Gannin's men, who were composed, chiefly of young college men of Tennessee. He was with the whole band that was captured by the Mexicans at the Battle of Goliad and on Easter Morning of March 27, 1836 was marched out and shot and then the bodies were burned. Of course when his parents and sisters and brothers reached Texas, he had been dead some time.

My great grand-parents did, not live long after they arrived in Texas. James Cozart died in 1838 and in San Augustine and his wife died about a year later in the home of her daughter Isabella Darnell in old Shelbyville, Texas. No tombstone marks their graves and no record is to be found of them in the court house of San Augustine as the court house with all the records were burned a long time ago as well as the court house of Shelby County.
My grandfather Benjamin Ayers was quite prominent in the early days of Texas; as also great uncle Darnell who was General on the Governors Staff in Tennessee before he came to Texas and was also an officer in the Mexican War. There are not many descendants of James Cozart in Texas. Only three of his children married and left descendants in Texas. Hiram left two children. Emily my grandmother and Isabella Darnell who died before my time leaving a limited number of descendants.

Can you give me any information regarding my great-grandfather's father, Jacob Cozart? It is said that he married a Miss Williams.

The below are Cozart people and their descendants:

- Gilbert Cozart, Newbern, Tenn.
- Hilary Cozart, Newborn, Tenn.
- Lila Cozart, Humbolt, Tenn.
- Mrs. Florence 0. Welsh, Vernon, Texas.
- J. P. Ayers, Electra, Texas.

/s/ MRS. ADA C. MCKNIGHT.

Another of Mrs. McKnight's letters, dated May 9, 1918:

- James Cozart married Frances Howard in 1797 in Granville County, North Carolina.

CHILDREN:

- Pickney Cozart
- Hannah Cozart
- Hayward Cozart
- Broady Cozart
- Isabella Cozart
- Emily Cozart
- Henderson Cozart
- Hiram Cozart

Pickney and Heyward left no children.

Broady Cozart left three · one died during the war; James and Julia Cozart lived at Jackson, Tenn. Julia married a Williamson.

Hannah married Rolad (Roland?) Gooch of North Carolina. They had seven or eight children, one was named Rinnah and married a Howard in Tennessee.

Isabella Cozart married Nicholas Henry Darnell in Paris, Tenn. in 1829 (March 3). Her children were Dewitt who died at the age of seventeen; Jerome who married Miss Harris; Henderson, Edwin, Nicholas, Nannie, Addie and Sidney. Addie and Sidney never married. Emily Cozart married Benjamin Patten Ayers near Paris, Tenn. about 1830. Their children were: Francis born in Tenn. and married William A. Sanderson in Shelby County, Texas, in 1846, she had two children, Mary and James Ayers. Mary married James married Louise Baer in Tarrent County, Texas, and they had eight children: Benjamin, Pauline, John, Henderson, Alice, Jefferson D., Ida and Mary. Henderson Cozart died in the war with Mexico. Hayward Cozart did not marry.

Hiram Cozart, son of James, married Mary Brinson in Shelby County, Texas, and they had two children: Mary and Mathew. Mathew was commonly called "Buck".

May Jane Ayers married Aaron Shannon Chambers in Bryan, Texas in 1869 and they had · Josephine who died in infancy and Adah Elizabeth (Now Mrs. A.H. McKnight), Benjamin, James
and Queenah Ayers.

Emily Cozart married 1st time Mr. Baker by whom she had two children, Thomas and Fannie. She
married 2nd time Mr. Yarbrough by whom she had two daughters, Mary and Florence. All married
and have families.

Joseph never married.

“Nelson, Virginia,
February 11, 1918.

Mr. O.L. Cozad,
Marion, Ohio.

Dear Sir:

My mother was Mary Cozart who was a daughter of Allen Cozart. Allen Cozart was born in 1804,
died 1862. His father was Hubbard Cozart.

There are now living in Granville and Pearson Counties, North Carolina, several families of
Cozarts who are all supposed to be related. Some of the older Cozarts of whom I have heard
their names mentioned were Jacob Cozart, David Cozart, Thomas Cozart and possibly Anthony
Cozart. I think some of the Cozarts emigrated to Tennessee along before the Civil War, and one
went to Mississippi. I am about 50 years old and live in the northern part of Grenville County,
N.C.

/s/ L. M. CARRINGTON.”

( ) Allan Cozart born 1804, died 1862. Married Sarah Rogers of Wake County, North
Carolina.

CHILDREN:
( ) Isabella Obedient Cozart, never married.
( ) Benjamin Hubbard Cozart, who died about 1914.
( ) Mary Annie Cozart, married Carrington, died in 1882.
( ) Sarah Cozart, married W. K. Thomas, dead.
( ) Rebecca Cozart, married J. P. Thomas, dead.
( ) Emma Cozart, died when young.
( ) Allen Cozart Jr., killed in the Civil War near Petersburg, Virginia, in 1864.
( ) W. S. Cozart, now living at Stern, Granville Co., N.C.
( ) J. T. Cozart, living near Oxford, Granville Co., N. C.
( ) Mrs. R. C. Jones, living near Oxford, Granville Co., N. C.
( ) Mrs. I. C. Lyon, living near Stern, Granville Co., N. C.

There lives now at Moriah, Person County, N.C., ( ) Cicero Cozart who is about Seventy-five
years old or older. His father was Jacob Cozart who was a cousin of Allen Cozart (1918).

( ) Dr. Cicero Cozart, now living (1918) born in 1837, sons of Anthony Cozart, Jacob Cozart,
Thomas Cozart. Jacob Cozart below.

( ) Jacob Cozart married ..... Johnson.

CHILDREN:
( ) D. C. Cozart, married Annie Bumpass.
( ) Rhiana Cozart, married Thomas Ellis.
( ) Isabella Cozart, never married.
( ) Joshua Cozart, married .... Yarbarough.
Erasmus Cozart, married ... Cozart. Neal Cozart, married Elizabeth Moore.

Minerva Cozart, married Henry Jones.

Martha Cozart, married Sterling Oakley.

Termine Cozart, married Pinkney Cozart.

Frances Cozart married Joseph Clayton.

Neal Cozart, above mentioned separated from Elizabeth and went to Arkansas and later to Commanche Post Office, Texas, and was last heard from in 1869. It is not known whether he ever married again.

All the above were probably married in Person County, N. C. All the members of this family that we know are now dead, excepting D. C. Cozart.

**NORTH CAROLINA MARRIAGES.**

- Jesse Cozart and Elizabeth Walker, May 14, 1786.
- William Cozart and Lydia Cuthershouse, August 23, 1793.
- James Cozart and Frances Howard, October 19, 1797.
- Hubbard Cozart and Mary Howard, August 23, 1802.
- Ruben Cozart and Elizabeth Wesier, August 10, 1798.
- Wiat Cozart and Polly Whitelaw, November 14, 1815.
- Person Cozart and Wilmouth Williamson September 5, 1820.
- Sarah Cozart and Benjamin Clayton, in 1833.
- Carrington Cozart and Ailsay Parrish, October 15, 1851.
- Benjamin Herbert Cozart and Frances Rogers, March 27, 1864.
- Thomas Cozart and Clayton, August 27, 1864.
- Mary Ann Cozart and A. S. Carrington, October 31, 1867.
- William D. Carrington, September 6, 1813. His wife is the one who wrote so many of those old letters from Henderson Co., Tenn., and is most probably a sister of William D. Cozart. (Letters are in possession of members of the Cozart family of North Carolina).
- Thomas Cozart and Mary Goss, February 9, 1791, son of Jacob who was a son of Anthony and Wilhelmina. Thomas has a son named Jacob Cozart who is the father of Dr. Cicero Cozart mentioned above who was living in Person County, N.C., near the Granville line in 1918.
- Benjamin Cozart married Sally Reeves, October 7, 1776. (My sister writes me that Benjamin married an Eaks but the court records show that he married Reeves). May have been married, twice.
- Nancy Cozart married Simon Clement (Daughter of Herbert Cozart).
- Ellender Cozart married Nathaniel Desseran, April 15, 1786.
- Rebecca Cozart and Robert Davis, January 29, 1824.
- Hannah Cozart, and Rolling Gooch, November 27, 1817.
- Nancy Cozart and Thomas Jones (Most likely this is Anthony’s widow who married Thomas Jones instead of Thomas James) June 13, 1792.
- Maria Cozart and Alexander Lunsford, February 21, 1829.
- Jemima Cozart and Woodson Lyon, December 17, 1833 (Daughter of Herbert Cozart).
- Minnae or Jemima Cozart and Thomas Philpott, August 9, 1799. (This name is spelled Minnal on the records but was somewhat illegible. My sister tells me that it was Jamima who married Thomas Philpott. Jemima was a sister of Herbert).
- Mary Cozart and John Rogers, December 22, 1834. (Daughter of Herbert Cozart).
- Clarry Cozart and Allen Walker, November 19, 1829.

Collected and submitted. by L. M. Carrington.

**NORTH CAROLINA DEEDS**
Deed from John Adcock to Anthony Cozart, March 1, 1755 — 360 acres of land · consideration 100 pounds. Witnesses: David Cozart.

Deed from Robert Harris to David Cozart, October 21, 1760 — 150 acres of land · consideration 5 pounds sterling.

Deed John Cozart to James Cozart June 5, 1774 — 100 acres of land · price 66 pounds. Witness Peter Cozart and Anthony Cozart.

Deed John Bowling to Jacob Cozart July 30, 1774 — 200 acres of land · price 5 pounds sterling.

Deed E. Partee to William Cozart October 24, 1796.

Deed Jacob Cozart to William Cozart June 8, 1798.

Deed Jacob Cozart to James Cozart June 20, 1798.

Deed Willia Mangum to James Cozart April 9, 1805.

Deed Fowler Holgood to James Cozart July 29, 1805.

Deed William Cozart to Hubbard Cozart March 1, 1808.

Deed Gray Mangum to Hubbard Cozart May 28, 1816.

**NORTH CAROLINA WILLS.**

Anthony Cozart’s will dated June 14, 1780, proved February term of court 1781. Devisees: Jesse, Jeremiah, Joshua and Nancy the widow.

Simeon Cozart’s will dated January 14, 1837. Devisees: His mother, Mary Cozart, his sisters Gemima Cozart Lyon, Mary Ann Cozart Rogers and his brother Allen Cozart.

Mary Cozart’s will dated July 13, 1842. Devisees: Nancy Cozart Waller, Maria Cozart Lundsford. Rachel Cozart Gooch, Jemima Cozart Lyon and Mary Ann Cozart Rogers.

_The above are all the wills of the Cozart families from 1746 to 1850._

“C. B. COZART GRAIN CO
Oklahoma City, Okia.,
September 24th 1917.
O. L. Cozad,
Marion, Ohio.

Sir:

In answer to your favor of the 20th inst., I will say that I have little knowledge of the Cozart family.
My father's name was Jasper Cozart, born, raised and lived in Western Tennessee. I do not know his father's name. He has one brother living, Gilbert Cozart of Newbern, Tennessee. Write Hillary Cozart of Newbern, Tenn., he may be able to give you the names of a great many of the family. Also write to Mrs. Kate Strader of Miami, Texas, and Mrs. George Coon of Hickman, Ky.

/s/ C. B. COZART."

( ) LEVI COZART:

Levi Cozart, farmer Section 11, P. O., Olin, Iowa, born in Virginia in 1824: came to Ohio, then to Iowa in 1862. Now owns 160 acres of land: made improvements. In politics a Democrat: in religion a liberal. He has been school director. His wife, Sarah Emberson, was born in Ohio in 1830: married in 1849 and they have nine children.

CHILDREN:
( ) Andrew Cozart
( ) Susan Cozart
( ) John Cozart, died in infancy.
( ) Charlie Cozart died at the age of 5 years.
( ) Henrietta
( ) Jarah E. Cozart
( ) Flora F. Cozart
( ) Abel Cozart
( ) Mad Ma Masella died at the age of 4 years.
(Reference: History of Jones County Iowa, 1879 - page 644).

COZART AND MASON.

In the “War of the Rebellion, Series 2, Vol. 2 · · 1897, pages 1550-6 under “Suspected and Disloyal Persons" may be found the following which is quoted in part: “....case of Asa Hodges, a private citizen of the Confederate states of America who was arrested by Brig. General Adams, Confederate Army, in which it mentions in part — “John R. Mason states that Col. Asa Hodges called at the office of “Cozart & Mason, of which firm the witness was a partner, and settled an account for James Streeter and received a balance due Streeter of some $700.00 by order from Streeter” ..... “John R Mason states that defendant's business to Columbus, Miss., was of a private and pecuniary character: that he settled and received money on the same from “Cozart and Mason”.

..........Columbus, Miss., July 1, 1862."

( ) SIDNEY BUMPAS CAZORT:

Sidney Bumpas Cazort was left an orphan in North Carolina, at an early age. In some of his father's documents the name is spelled both COZART and CAZORT. Sidney Bumpas spelled it CAZORT, regularly. He married Martha Wallace in North Carolina and came to Arkansas about 1848. I believe the eldest son, James Robert Cazort who died three years ago, was about two then. George Thomas (G. T.) was two years younger, then William Alexander (now living), and Valerie, who was married to a Caldwell and died without children.

CHILDREN:
( ) i. James Robert married Bell Garner, of Quitman, Arkansas.
Children:
1. Sidney Garner Cazort
2. James R. Cazort Jr.
3. George Thomas Cazort
4. Charles Cazort
5. William Lee,
6. John Guy Cazort
7. Martelle Cazort
8. Henryetta Cazort
9. Mary Cazort,
10. Florence Cazort

NOTE:
2. James R. Cazort Jr. killed by accident in childhood.
3. George Thomas Cazort, died before marriage.
5. William Lee Cazort married Rachel Cline Children: Lee Cazort Jr. (no children), married. Elizabeth Bell Cazort, unmarried. Rachel Cornellia, unmarried. James Ronald, unmarried. Lee Sr. has the unique distinction of having served two terms as a speaker of the State House of Representatives, two terms as a president of the senate before Arkansas had a Lieutenant-Governor under the new system.
6. John Guy Cazort married Willie May McIntosh: Children:
   Jane, unmarried, Ann, unmarried.
7. Martella Cazort, died in infancy.

( ) ii. George Thomas married Caroline Mock of Prairie Grove, Arkansas.
CHILDREN:
1. Ralph Cazort, died unmarried.
2. Vivian Cazort, married Robert E. Dent. No children, nor will be.

( ) iii. William Alexander Cazort, married May Garner, identical twin of Bell Garner who was James Robert Cazort’s wife.
CHILDREN:
1. Etta Cazort, died in early childhood.
2. Valera Cazort, unmarried.
6. Ruth, unmarried.
8. Inez, died in infancy.
Jacques Cossart, probably from Picardy, in Normandie or Bratagne, France, about 1657, with two children (of ages 18 months and 2 years) and wife Lydia. (Baird’s Huguenots, Vol. 1, p. 183). Another authority says they came to this country in 1663 by way of the river Delaware. The name is variously spelled, Cossart, Cousart: he had children.

CHILDREN:

(7) 1. Jacques (or Jacob), baptised 1668, April 18, in New York. Married 1695 Anna Mary Springsteen (daughter of John Casper).

(8) 2. David, baptised 1671, June 18, died between 1736 and 1740, Married 1696 Styntie Van Hoorne, (daughter of Joris Jansen), born 1677; had children.

CHILDREN:

(96) 1. Joris (George), born 1699, November 19. Married Lisabeth; had Jannete, baptised 1723, October 29.

(97) 2. Jacob, born 1702, January 28. Married Henna and had children.

CHILDREN:

(109) 1. Lydia, baptised 1723 December 28.

(110) 2. Lisabeth, baptised 1725, February 7.

(111) 3. Jacob, baptised 1739, November 14.

(98) 3. David, born 1704, April 23. Married Catalyntie and had:

CHILDREN:


(114) 2. David, baptised 1738, September 17.

3. Geertie, baptised 1740, June


(116) 5. Catalyntie, baptised 1744, August 18.


(120) 8. Efye, baptised 1752, January 20.

(121) 9. Marya, baptised 1754, January 12.

(122) 10. Neltie, baptised 1756, August 22.


(100) 5. Susanna, born 1709, April 10. Married Canine.


(103) 7. Francis, probably married Margarita and had:

CHILDREN:

(123) 1. Mardalena, baptised 1741, January 1.

(124) 2. David, baptised 1743, June 5.

(126) 3. Jacob, baptised 1751, May 12.

(127) 4. Stynte, baptised 1755, September 7.

(128) 5. Elizabeth, baptised 1755, August 22.

(102) 8. (?)

(104) 9. Jane

(105) 10. Eva

(95) 11. Leah, deceased at date of father’s will: had son Hendrick Harpending.

(9) 3. Anthony, baptised 1673 Married 1696, Elizabeth Valentine (Daughter of Jan
Tymensen); had children:

**CHILDREN:**

(601) (I) Jacob, born at Brooklyn, 1701, died at Bound Brook, N.J. 1772, April 19.
Married Ann ....; will (Bridgewater, Somerset County), dated 1772, February 4, probated May 2. Names children.

**CHILDREN:**

(606) 1. Jacob, born 1724, died 1812, January 26, at 88, buried at Mt. Olive, Morris County, N.J. Married Elizabeth ......., born 1724, died 1812, March 12, at 88, buried same place, probably had:

**CHILDREN:**

(628) (a) “Deacon” Samuel, born 8/26/1760, died 1841, March 7, married Lucretia, born 1783, died 1840 at 57 (?).
(629) (b) Lea, baptised 1743, August 28.

(607) 2. Samuel, born 1725, died 1811, married 1st Ann Clark; 2nd. Percilla Burt, (the widow Fairchild), will (Mendham), dated 1806, February 15, probated 1811. Mentions wife Percilla and her son Ebenezer Fairchild" and children.

**CHILDREN:**

(  ) (a) Polly
(  ) (b) Eunice
(  ) (c) Rody
(631) (d) Anna, wife of Nathan Bonnel.
(652) (e) Samuel
(653) (f) Henry
(  ) (g) Eliphalet
(  ) (h) Caty
(634) (i) Aby, married Andrew McGreath.
(655) (j) Elizabeth, married Thomas McGreath.
(636) (k) Mary
(637) (l) Phebe, married Ziba Casterline.

(608) 3. Job, died 1815. Married Hannah ......(?), born 1733, died 1815; will dated, Newton, 1812, August 8; probated 1815, September 25. Mentions "Congregational meeting house which I built", and children.

**CHILDREN:**

(659) (a) Anna, married Peter Fisher.
(645) (b) Phebe
(646) (c) Hannah, married John Allet
(642) (d) Job
(640) (e) Nathaniel
(645) (f) Elihu

(609) 4. Anthony, whose will, dated 1790, May 4, probated June 10, names children.

**CHILDREN:**

(649) (a) Jacob
(650) (b) Aaron
(651) (c) John
(  ) (d) Mary Compton
(652) (e) Elizabeth
(653) (f) Catherine
(654) (g) Hannah
(647) (h) Thomas
(648) (i) Samuel
5. Anna, married Onesinus Bell
7. Leah, married Joseph Riggs. The will also mentions a grandson Abraham Lewis
8. Elizabeth, married 1743, April 12 Elphalet Lewis.

(602) John Cossart, probably great grandson of Jacques, the emigrant; will dated 1757, January 13, probated May 19,

CHILDREN:
1. Derrick (Richard), married Barbara Hilldebrandt (daughter of John), who died 1806; had children.

CHILDREN:
1. John, born 1786, September 8; married Mary Seals (daughter of John); had children.

CHILDREN:
2. Maria, married a Bogart.
4. Barbara
5. George
6. Herbert       NOTE:
7. James
8. Catherine
9. Ellen
10. Amos.

(664) George, married Phebe Cregor.
(665) Richard, married Catherine Cregor.
(666) Elizabeth, married Harmon Hilldebrandt, son of Stoffel.
(667) Barbara, born 1794, January 2; married Jacob Leffler.
(668) Catherine B., born 1782, May 29 - unmarried.
(669) Polly, born 1791, October 11, married Christopher Leffler.

ii. Benjamin, went to the “South Seas”.


************************************

COZART-COZAT COZATT


CHILDREN:
1. Melinda Cozart, m. a Mr. Brown.
2. Nancy Cozart, m. a Mr. Bliss
3. Kate Cozart, m. a Mr. Bliss.
4. Eliza Cozart, m. Mr. Donihue.
v. Wilse (Doc) Cozart, changed name to Cozat.
vi. Samuel Cozat, b. 1812 ca. in Pennsylvania, died in August 1887 in Darke County, Ohio. Married Deborah Byers b. in Darke County, Ohio, and died there in 1863. Daughter of William Byers and Miss Adkins.

CHILDREN:

a. Lebeska Cozat, b. Darke Co., Ohio, d. 1863 at Charlestown West Virginia.
b. Suzanna Cozat (Dines) b. September 24, 1840 in Darke County, Ohio.
c. Amanda Cozat, b. September 24, 1844, in Darke Co., Ohio, d. March 1, 1874 same Co.
d. Warren Franks Cozat, b. September 1842 in Darke County, Ohio, d. at Indianapolis Ind. 1914. (See record of his family below).
g. Mary Ann (Molly) Cozatt, b. May 31, 1852. Lives at Entiat, Washington. m. Mr. Hopper.
i. Laurinda (Lorinda or Myranda) Cozat, b. May 1860. Married Mr. Hanna and they reside at Indianapolis, Indiana.
j. Martha Frances Cozat, b. March 1862 in Darke Co.

2. Jacob Cozatt, no further record.
3. John Cozatt, no further record.

Warren Franks Cozatt, above mentioned, son of Samuel Cozat, was born in Darke County, Ohio, and died at Indianapolis, Indiana in 1913. Married at Loganport, Indiana in 1868 to Martha Jane Kinsey, born, about March 28, 1840, the daughter of Benjamin Kinsey and Elizabeth Ashenfelter. Warren was a Republican in politics and a member of the Baptist Church. He also belonged to the Grand Army of the Republic. Mrs. Cozatt died April 17, 1890 at Adamsboro, Indiana.

CHILDREN:

i. Tecumpsa Grant Cozatt, b. 1870, d. 1881, Cass Co., Ind.
ii. Charles E. Cozatt, b. 1874, d. 1926 at Indianapolis, Ind.
iii. Effie Wynona Cozatt, b. 1872, d. 1907 at Grand Rapids, Michigan. She married a Mr. White.
iv. Ella Florence Cozatt, b. at Onward, Cass Co., Indiana, February 19, 1871. Married 1st time September 17, 1889 to Aaron Cowell Black who died May 3, 1902 - there was born to this union - Grace Alma, James Glen, Elbert Harold, William Charles, Jessie Mae and Russell Aaron Black. Married 2nd time to a Mr. Quillen and they had Floyd Everett Quillen. Married 3rd time to a Mr. Bowley.
v. William Henry Cozatt, b. 1875, d. 1896 at Butler, Indiana.
vi. Earl E. Cozatt, b. September 12, 1877, resides at 429 East Morrison Street, Portland, Oregon.


CHILDREN:

a. Eleanor Irene Cozatt, b. July 8, 1902, m. Randall H. Huges, resides at Cresview, Fla. and at Montgomery, Alabama,
b. Ursula Evangeline Cozatt, b. October 20, 1903, m. John Wagner and they reside at Boupay, Fla.
c. Joseph Powell Cozatt, b. September 20, 1906, m. Margaret Yearin, and they
reside at Atlanta, Ga.

( ) d Thelma Lucile Cozatt, b. 8/15/1911: single. Resides at Miami, FL

( ) 1. Walter Raleigh Cozatt, b. June 15, 1885 at Logansport, Ind. and resides at Watertown, Wis. Is a Democrat in politics. Married June 30, 1908 at Oakland, California, to Etta. Price, b. April 19, 1893 at San Francisco, Cal., the daughter of Howard Price and Lema Hammond.

CHILDREN:
( ) i. Walter Raleigh Cozatt, Jr., b. April 25, 1909 at Oakland, Calif. Resides in Los Angeles, Calif.
( ) iii. Durthea Luna Cozatt, b. August 8, 1915.

( ) Melton Cozatt, a cousin of Walter Raleigh Cozatt Sr., above, was born in the state of Kentucky and now resides at Detroit, Michigan.

( ) Samuel Cosatt is shown as head of a family by that name in the census for the 1840 in Van Buren Township, Darke County, Ohio.

1 male between 60 and 70 years of age.
1 male between 20 and 30 years of age.
1 male under 5 years of age.
1 female under 5 years of age.

This must have been the Samuel Cozart of Pennsylvania that is shown at top of See page 537, herein.

In the same locality and in the same year above mentioned is shown:

Wilson Cozart Jr. as head of a family consisting of:

1 male between the ages of 20 and 30 years.
1 female between 15 and 20 years of age.

COSSART.

Families using the name of COSSART whose lineage has not been traced to-date.

( ) JOHN E. COSSART:

John E. Cossart, born ca. 1822. Resided in New York City; married Georgiena. E. A. Gildersleeve who was born at Fishkill, New York, in 1822, died in New York City in November 1899, the daughter of William Gildersleeve, a baker of Fishkill and New York City, born at former place 1796 and died there April 26, 1848, and Eliza Miller or Sneckner born 1795 died July 20, 1873 at 31 Cottage Place, New York City. Named in her father's will in 1848. Surrogates Couzt, Dutches Co., Pokeepse, N.Y. “¼ house and lot in Fishkill and gold watch.”

CHILDREN:
( ) i. Fannie Cossart, married a Mr. Clark. Resided at West 95th Street, west of End Ave. New York City.
( ) ii. Ethel Cossart, married Warren Bigelow.
JAMES COSSART:

James Cossart, born in Virginia, died in Missouri. Married Caroline Gunter who was born in South Carolina.

CHILDREN:

( ) i. William Cossart born June 5, 1862 at Quincy, Adams County, Illinois, died October 26, 1925 at Lincoln, Nebraska. Married Mary Welch born in Queenstown, Ireland, in 1879. After husband's death she married a Mr. Herst and resided at Lincoln, Nebraska.

CHILDREN: (By 1st marriage).

( ) (a) Edward William Cossart, born at Lincoln Nebraska, April 23, 1908. Salesman - single (1932) Resided at Wheatridge, Colo., last heard from at Oakland, Calif. (1934).

( ) (b) Harold Woodrow Cossart, born May 12, 1914, at Lincoln, Nebraska. Resides at that place.


( ) iii. Francis Edward Cossart, born at Quincy, Adams Co., Illinois, September 3, 1866, died September 1, 1892, married at Ayr, Nebraska., September 15 1888 Mary Irene Oatman, born January 3, 1872 at Prophettown, Whiteside County, Illinois.

CHILDREN:

( ) (a) Hazel Cossart, born March 28 1892 in Lancaster County, Nebraska; married M. B. Monson and had six children.

( ) (b) May Viva Cossart, born 1889, March 21, in Lancaster County, Nebraska.

( ) iv. Joseph Henry Cossart, born 1854 at Quincy, Ill., died January 20, 1919 in Keokuk, Iowa and is buried at that place (May have been born in Mo.). Married Frances Harris, born November 24, 1856, died May 17, 1926 at Carthage, Ill., and is buried there. Daughter of Solomon and (Kennedy) Harris whose family originally came from South Carolina and the Kennedy family from Adams County, Ill. This couple had ten children, seven of whom were boys. Four are dead.

CHILDREN:

( ) (a) Francis (Frank) Cossart, an auctioneer, lived in Minn.

( ) (b) Frederick Cossart, single.

( ) (c) Oliver Cossart, deceased.

( ) (d) Ralph Cossart, married Ruth, lived at Wasta, S.D.

( ) (e) Charles Harris Cossart, died. about 1926. Married. Mabel Hall, who resides in Milwaukee, Wis.

CHILD:

( ) (I) Glenn Hull Cossart, born about 1910.

( ) (f) Ernest Cossart.

( ) (g) Alma Cossart, married Ray Adair of near Bowen, Ill. Resides at La Harpe, Ill.

( ) (h) Walter Cossart, married Gertrude Hilbert · Oak Park, Ill.

( ) (i) Faye Cossart, married Glenn A. Willis, 2230 Durant Ave., Berkley, Calif.

( ) (j) Jennie Cossart, married John Van Winkle and they reside at Takoma Park, Maryland.
v. Edward Cossart, who once lived in Utah.

vi. Mary Cossart, no further record.

*(Submitted by Edward William Cossart)*

Another account of James Cossart mentioned on page 539 submitted by Mrs. Amelia Cossart Adair of La Harpe, Illinois.

( ) **JAMES COSSART:**

James Cossart was born in Virginia in November 1822 and died near Chatton, Illinois, March 31, 1864. Married Caroline Gunter who was born in South Carolina, November 18, 1828.

**CHILDREN:**

(i) Joseph H. Cossart, born June 20, 1850 in Adams Co. Illinois; died January 20, 1917. Married Mary Frances Harris of Adams County, September 30, 1875 who died May 16, 1926.

**CHILDREN:**

(a) Elizabeth Jane Cossart born March 29, 1877 married John Van Winkle at Bowen, Ill.

**CHILDREN:**


(II) Ielene Margaret Van Winkle, born at Bowen, Ill., December 18, 1902; married Leo Hubbard at Carthage, Ill., they have two children — Eleanor and Vivian and they reside at Takoma Park, Maryland.

(b) Oliver H. Cossart, was born November 24, 1878, died March 1, 1918. Married Jennie Mathews, Adams County, Illinois.

**CHILDREN:**

(I) Hazael Cossart, married Ray Robertson, now Sheriff of Adams County, Ill. (1934).

(II) Jessie Cossart, married Lillian Newbery, Beardstown, Ill. Reside at Bowen, Ill.


(IV) Francis Cossart, married Nova Willard, now deceased.

(c) Fred L. Cossart, born August 27, 1880, died October 14, 1931.

(d) Charles H. Cossart, born July 2, 1883, died January 17, 1926. Married Mabel Hull — one son

(I) Glenn Cossart.

(e) Lawrence Ralph Cossart born July 17, 1886, died March 1, 1934 at Lead, South Dakota Married Ruth.....?

**CHILDREN:**

(I) Lawrence Cossart.

(II) Frances Cossart.

(III) Grace Cossart.

(IV) Velma Cossart.

(V) Roberta Cossart.

(VI) Roger Cossart, resides at Wasta, S.D.
George E. Cossart, born June 4, 1888 - single.

Alma J. Cossart, author of this sketch born March 5, 1890, married Roy K. Adair and they reside in La Harpe, Illinois. No children.

Frank Edward, born October 29, 1893. Married Florence ...(? at Hampton, Iowa.

CHILDREN:
(I) Kenneth Cossart.
(II) Bobby Cossart.
(III) Mary Frances Cossart.

Walter R. Cossart, born August 16, 1895, married Gertrude Hilgert. They reside at 1106 South East Avenue, Oak Park, Illinois.

CHILD:
(I) Russell Cossart.

Lenora Faye Cossart, born July 13, 1897, died August 5, 1933. Married G.A. Willes and they had one son - Roger.

-------------------------------------------------------------------

JOHN COSSART:
John Cossart, 1st Battalion, 2nd Establishment, Captain Mead's Company, 1st Regiment, Revolutionary War. (Ref. Penna. Archives).

John Cossart at the age of fifteen was a private in the continental line, in the Revolutionary War, and was with the New Jersey Troops at Trenton, Brandywyne, Germantown, Valley Forge and Yorktown, and served until the end of the war. He was born in Morristown, Morris County, New Jersey, and removed to New York in 1790 and died at Utica, New York. Married and reared a family. Captain Anderson's Company, 3rd. Regiment.


John Cossart (or Cosart), a Methodist preacher who lived in New York and removed to Michigan.

CHILDREN:
(i) Francis (or Frank), married Abbie .... (?) several years ago. She is a widow and lives at Spokane, Wn. (1932).
(ii) Amma Cossart, married a Mr. Johnson and they reside at Clarkford, Idaho. (1932).
(iii) Addie Cosart, married a Mr. Allen and they resided at Hemet, Riverside County, Calif. (1932).

John Cossart of Philadelphia, Pa., married 1828 to Elizabeth Capehart born 18...(?), died July 7, 1881. John lived to be 92 years old. Elizabeth was the daughter of James Capehart born 1793 died March 23, 1844 in Philadelphia. He served in the Pennsylvania Militia in the war of 1812 from Northen Liberties District of Philadelphia. Married July 17, 1813 to Sophia Einwechter, born 1797 died March 23, 1873. James Capehart was the son of Andrew Kephart (Capehart) born 1754, probably near Frankford, Philadelphia County, Pa., married Elizabeth Wright probably the daughter of James Wright December 4, 1788 at the 3rd Presbyterian Church, Philadelphia (Ref. Penna Archives, 2nd Series, Vol. 9, page 548). Andrew died September 26, 1809. Both Andrew and his father served during the Revolutionary War. Andrew was the son of the immigrant Heinrich Gebhart (Gephart or Capehart) born circa 1725, and arrived in Philadephia. Pa., in the ship St.
Andrew on September 23, 1752; Heinrich was a miller at Frankford, Philadelphia County, Pa. He was from the Gebhart family that goes back from Basel, Switzerland to Rheinfelden, Switzerland, to a Rudolf Zingg genannt Gebhart, councilman and judge there shortly after 1500. Thus the surname was changed from Zingg to Gebhart in the 1480s. The Zingg (or Zinke) name goes back to the Lords of Erlach, a village about 15 kilometers southeast of Wurzburg, Lower Franconia, Germany, in a great bend in the Main River. Their ancestors in medieval times, father and son of same name, Heinrich von Erlach were in the First Crusade of 1096-1099. The father was killed at the capture of Jerusalem in 1099 and the son returned in 1103. The Zinke or Zingg was a younger line later, assumed by the descendants of a branch in which the person was a master on the zinke, a medieval cornet.”


Children of John Cossart and his wife Elizabeth Capehart.

CHILDREN:
(i) Joseph Cossart, born circa 1829; married let time Elizabeth ......(?); married. 2nd. time Barara Rosenfeldt.

CHILDREN:
(a) Emily Cossart, born circa 1831: married Mr. Stilts and they had. a daughter who married. Edwin Walton an attorney of Philadelphia.  
(b) George Cossart, born circa 1833.  
(c) Mary Cossart, born circa 1833.  
(d) John F. Cossart, born 1835, died February 14, 1921 at the age of 86 years; married 1st time at age of 19 to Mary Collins; married 2nd. time to Margaret Eisenbery born 1842 died 1912. They had a daughter that died young.  
(e) William Penn Cossart, born July 1837, was living in 1923 in Philadelphia, Pa. John and Elizabeth had other children. Members of this family are buried at Laurel Hill cemetery, Philadelphia.

( ) DAVID COSSART:

David Cossart was born in Philadelphia, Pa., in 1780, died at this place August 1, 1822; married Mary Ann Henry born May 11, 1782. She was also born in Philadelphia and died there March 11, 1861. She remembered seeing George Washington when he lived at 6th and High Streets (now 6th and Market), Philadelphia. At this time she resided at 2nd. and High Streets. Mrs. Cossart was seventeen years old at the time Washington died on December 19 1799. In 1800 at the age of 18 she married David Cossart in Christ's Church, Phila. They were married by Bishop White. Washington worshiped under Bishop White when the former was a resident of Philadelphia.

CHILDREN:
(i) Lewis Cossart, born June 22, 1802 at Philadelphia. Deceased.  
(iii) Elizabeth Cossart, born September 1, 1806 at Philadelphia. Deceased.  
(iv) Mary Ann Cossart, born July 19, 1808 at Philadelphia, Deceased.  
(v) John Cossart, born May 2, 1811 at Philadelphia: Deceased.  
(vi) George Cossart, born November 11, 1813 at Philadelphia, died November 18, 1913 at Philadelphia, Pa. Married April 24, 1848 to Harriet Isabella Haverstock born September 3, 1821 while parents were visiting at Halifax, Nova Scotia, died in May 1893 at Philadelphia. She was the daughter of George and Jane Margaret (MacCausland) Haverstock. George Cossart was a methodist and a member of the Republican party.

CHILDREN:
(a) George Henry Cossart, died in 1881.
( ) John Haverstock Cossart, born September 23, 1850 at Philadelphia Pa. and resided at 4614 Greene Street, Germantown Pa. Married Bella Neuman, born March 3, 1850, at Philadelphia and died there in May 1922. She was the daughter of Edward Neuman and Hannah McGinley Neuman. Mr. Cossart was 82 when he retired from the book binding business at 1009 Filbert Street. He stated that he had completed sixty-two years work at his office, having gone there in 1870. He was very much interested in the Cossart genealogy and contributed the data on the descendants of his grandfather David Cossart. The compiler had the pleasure of meeting this gentleman about 1915 and found him to be of pleasing personality and genteel breeding. Mr. Cossart died about June 1933. No children.

( ) (c) William Cossart who died in infancy.

( ) ix. Amelia Cossart, born July 28, 1820.

( ) GEORGE COSSART:

The following newspaper clipping was taken from one of the Philadelphia newspapers of July 9, 1913 relative to George Cossart who is mentioned (vi.) on previous page:

"George Cossart, aged 100, is dead. John Jack's uncle was hale and hearty till several days ago. Only once before had former policeman been treated by physician. Apparently hale and hearty until several days ago, George Cossart, uncle of John Jack, who trod the boards with Booth and Forrest, died last night in the home of his son at 4614 Greene Street. He was 100 years old.

Only once before his fatal illness had Mr. Cossart been treated by a physician, and that was against his will. A few years ago he contracted a cold, and his son fearing complications, summoned medical aid.

The doctor examined Mr. Cossart and wrote a prescription, but he refused to take the medicine.

For twenty-five years Mr. Cossart was a policeman, he was born in Philadelphia, in the section at that time known as the Northern Liberties, and served as a policeman under Mayor Conrad, the first chief executive of this city. He was a staunch Republican and never missed a vote.

Mr. Cossart was a comparatively new arrival in the division in which his son's home was located at the time of the last primaries. He walked to the polling place unescorted, and when the judge asked his age and the applicant replied 99 the former seemed astonished.

Mr. Cossart celebrated his 99th birthday on November 11th last. His nephew, John Jack, who was 79 years old, appeared at the celebration. He was assisted into the house by his uncle, who had walked briskly to the barber shop a few hours previous.

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( ) JAMES WILLIAM COSSART: (or COSART).

James William Cosart, born in New Jersey and went to Ohio. Married Rachel Austin.

CHILD: ( ) i. Sylvester Cosart, born June 4, 1836 in Knox County, O. died January 25, 1902 in Shelby County, Ill. Married in same county May 18, 1854 to Sarah (Jones) Cosart born January 14, 1837 in Knox County, Ohio. She was 94 years of age in 1932.
CHILD:  (a) Dudley Cosart, born November 5, 1877 at Cowden, Shelby County, Ill., November 15, 1895 married Jessie Leonard Torrance born April 21, 1879 at Cowden, died September 14, 1931 at Oakwood Hospital, Charlestown, Illinois.

CHILD:  (I) Herring Gleason Cosart, born January 20, 1901 at Cowden, Ill. Resides at 181 South Commonwealth Ave., Los Angeles, Calif. His statement follows:

“The Cosarts and Jones are of old pioneer stock, the two families emigrated from Ohio in the early Fifties to what is now Shelby County, Illinois, then a virgin wilderness. I have heard my grandmother, while her mind was still very active, speak of the hardships of making a home in the wilderness: where lots of clearing had to be and where the wild boar, panther, and other wild animals, now extinct in that part of the country, were plentiful. My grandmother received very little schooling, as her people came to Illinois when she was quite young and settled in a place where there were no educational facilities at that time to speak of. The trip was made overland from Ohio to Illinois via ox carts or wagons pulled by oxen. My grandfather followed farming all during his lifetime. My father has been a farmer, in his father’s footsteps, for the greater part of his active life, however, the past twelve (1932) years he has been a proprietor of a hotel: and, in addition, is now acting in the capacity of State Game Warden. My father has always been a staunch Republican as his father before him was, and has been active in politics in the vicinity of where he has passed his life.”

(Reference: H. Gleason Cossart, Los Angeles, Calif.)

( ) PETER COSSART.
( ) SUSANNA COSSART:

An extract from the will of Andrew Faneuil of Boston, Mass., September 12, 1734, in which he mentions:

“....my loving brother-in-law :Peter Cossart of Cork, Ireland, and his sister Susanna Cossart of Amsterdam, Holland. ....”


( ) THEOPHILUS COSSART:

“.......but as the Sauer Almanac was held in such high repute, a Mr. Theophilus Cossart, of Lancaster, Penna., attempted an improved imitation of "Sauer's Emblematical Plate", and printed the almanac from 1779 to ....“

(Reference: Penna. Magazine, Volume 6.)

( ) GEORGE CUSSART:

“About 1700 a George Cussart purchased land of Thomas Rudyard and built a house where the Bound Brook Hotel now stands in Bound Brook, N.J.

(Reference: Early German Settlers in New Jersey, By Chambers).

THE CORZATT FAMILY.

( ) GEORGE CORZATT:


CHILDREN:
i. Mary A. Corzatt, born October 7, 1811, died September 23, 1830.

ii. Wesby Corzatt, born May 17, 1813, died June 6, 1884.

iii. Hannah Corzatt, born December 10, 1814, date of death not known.

iv. Samuel Corzatt, born November 26, 1816, died October 1864.

v. John Corzatt, born January 11, 1819, date of death unknown.

vi. Sarah Corzatt, born May 7, 1821, date of death unknown.

vii. Elizabeth Corzatt, born May 9, 1823, died October 23, 1838.

viii. Ruth Corzatt, born August 11, 1825, date of death unknown.

ix. Phoebe Corzatt, born June 9, 1826, died September 29, 1884.

x. Barbary Corzatt, born April 22, 1830, died April 29, 1830.

xi. George Henry Corzatt, born in Warren County, Ohio, on July 22, 1831, died in Darke County, Ohio September 14, 1904. He died at Gordon and is buried in the Baptist cemetery at that place. He was a member of the Baptist Church since 1856. A cooper by trade. During the Civil War he enlisted and served in the 4th Ohio Cavalry for three years. Married 1st time to Margaret Mence, May 22, 1856 and who died shortly after marriage. No children by this union. Married 2nd time to Eliza Douglas, March 26, 1860 at Dayton, Ohio by the Rev. F. W. Dickinson. She was the daughter of Thomas W. Douglas and Mary (Harlan) Douglas. Eliza was born in Huntington County, Pa., April 7, 1841 and died at Verona, Ohio, November 26, 1920, and is buried in the baptism church cemetery at Gordon, Darke County, Ohio. She had been a member of that church since 1855, &nd also a member of the W.C.T.U.

CHILD: (a) Margaret Ellen Corzatt, born in Montgomery County, Ohio, February 8, 1861, died.....(?), married Henry J. Bollinger, August 22, 1881.

(b) Claudia Ellen Corzatt, born Montgomery County, Ohio, April 1, 1866, died November 16 1870.

(c) Nelle Belle Corzatt, born Montgomery Co., Ohio, November 27, 1864, married Andrew J. Roberson August 25, 1883, and resides at Arcanum, Ohio.

CHILDREN:

(I) Bessie Mae Roberson, born at Arcanum, 0., December 26, 18...(?), married Ray Johnson at Ohio City, Ohio.

(II) Mabel Irene Roberson, born at Arcanum, 0., May 31, 1891. Married Russel B. Harris June 8, 1911 at Piqua, Ohio. They have three children.

(d) George Edward Corzatt, born in Dance County, 0., July 2, 1871. Married Louise Koeller and they reside at Gordon, Ohio.

(e) Alice Blanche Corzatt, born Darke Co., 0., July 1, 1876, died May 19, 1880.
Maude Mae Corzatt, born Darke County, 0., October 3, 1874. Married James Longenecker and reside at Gordon, Ohio.

Charles Guy Corzatt, born Darke County, Ohio, April 6, 1878. Married Addie Mae Coombs December 25, 1907. Residence: Arcanum, Ohio.

Lula Jane Corzatt, born Darke County, Ohio, April 20, 1880; married William Long, August 29, 1899. Residence Arcanum, Ohio.

WOODWARD COZARD:

Woodward Cozard or Cozart, was granted a pension of $2.00 per month by the Government in 1880 on account of support of his father who was a Civil War veteran. Residence: Rose Hill, Darke County, Ohio.

A RECORD OF THE COZAD FAMILY

By

O. L. Cozad

(607) SAMUEL COZAD

Samuel Cozad was born about the year 1725. He came to what is now Morris County, New Jersey, and there married Anna Clark second daughter of Henry Clark. She was born in 1729. Samuel Cozad and Anne Clark were married, in 1753. They had four children.

CHILDREN:

(631) i. Anne Cozad.

(632) ii. Samuel Cozad Jr.

(633) iii. Henry Cozad

(635) iv. Eliphalet Cozad.

(633) HENRY COZAD:

Henry Cozad, son of Samuel and Anne Clark, was born about the year 1761, died in 1812. He married Mrs. Catherine Lozier Drake who died in 1832. Removed from New Jersey to Pennsylvania.

CHILDREN:

(703) i. Eliphalet Cozad, born April 16, 1794, died November 10, 1853 (?).

(704) ii. Catherine Cozad, born March 22, 1801, died November 28, 1831.

(705) iii. Oliver Cozad, born January 25, 1808, died September 6, 1888.

(703) ELIPHALET COZAD:

Eliphalet Cozad, son of Henry and Catherine, married Polly Anne Montgomery March 11, 1818. From Pennsylvania to Ohio, to Illinois.

CHILDREN:

(863) i. Lucinda Cozad, born May 27, 1820.

(864) ii. Henry Cozad, born October 15, 1823.

(865) iii. Stephen Montgomery Cozad, born October 19, 1827.

(704) CATHERINE COZAD:

Catherine Cozad, daughter of Henry and Catharine, married William Houghland, September 17, 1817. Lived in Washington County, Pennsylvania.
(866) CHILDREN:
(867) i. Deliah Houghland
(868) ii. Alonia Houghland
(869) iii. Samuel Houghland
(870) iv. Mary Houghland
(871) v. Melinda Houghland
(872) vi. Milton Houghland
(873) vii. Emeline Houghland
(874) viii. Catherine Houghland

(870) OLIVER COZAD:

Oliver Cozad, son of Henry and Catherine, married Jane Van Kirk, January 19, 1832. She was born November 12, 1817, died March 16, 1884, Washington County, Pennsylvania.

CHILDREN:
(874) i. Henry Cozad, born March 31, 1834.
(875) ii. Caroline Cozad, born June 14, 1836, died May 6, 1884.
(876) iii. Mary Ellen Cozad, born February 28, 1846.
(877) iv. Ruth Cozad, born July 10, 1842, died February 5, 1877.
(878) v. Cassius Clay Cozad, born June 12, 1844.
(879) vi. Samuel Weir Cozad, born August 10, 1847.

(1270) CHILDREN:

(1271) i. Eliphalet Montgomery.
(1272) ii. William Edmund Montgomery.
(1273) iii. Eivin Eliphalet Montgomery.
(1274) iv. Henry Stephenson Montgomery.

(863) LUCINDA COZAD:

Lucinda Cozad, daughter of Eliphalet and Polly Anne, married J. W. Montgomery, September 25, 1838.

CHILDREN:
(1270) i. Eliphalet Montgomery.
(1271) ii. William Edmund Montgomery.
(1272) iii. Eivin Eliphalet Montgomery.
(1273) iv. Henry Stephenson Montgomery.

(864) HENRY COZAD:

Henry Cozad, son of Eliphalet and Polly Anne, married Mary Tuttle, May 9, 1847. She was born August 18, 1826. From Pennsylvania to Ohio, thence to Kansas and on to the state of Colorado.

CHILDREN:
(1274) i. Elizabeth Mary Cozad., born June 18, 1855.
(1275) ii. Stephenson Edmund. Cozad, born July 31, 1852.
(1276) iii. James Oliver Cozad, born January 15, 1855.
(1278) v. William John Cozad, born September 22, 1859.
(1279) vi. Charles Cutler Cozad., born June 17, 1862.
(1281) viii. Henry Walker Cozad, born June 14, 1867.
(1282) ix. Arthur Bronson Cozad., born September 17, 1869.

(866) STEPHENSON MONTGOMERY COZAD:

Stephenson M. Cozad, son of Eliphalet and. Polly Anne, was married. May 15, 1871 to Martha Joseph. From Pennsylvania, Ohio and to Illinois.

CHILDREN:
(1283) i. Sarah Belle Cozad, born November 20, 1874.
(1284) ii. Walter Frank Cozad, born November 27, 1876.

(874) HENRY COZAD:

Henry Cozad, son of Oliver and Jane, was married May 24, 1860 to Elizabeth Anne McCollister who was born November 11, 1839. From Pennsylvania to Illinois, thence to Pennsylvania.

CHILDREN:
(1285) i. Oliver Lindley Cozad, born March 23, 1862.
(1286) ii. Lawson Baker Cozad, born January 23, 1865.
(1287) iii. Cary Allen Cozad.
(1288) iv. Charles L. Cozad.
(1289) v. Arthur B. Cozad.

(875) CAROLINE COZAD:

Caroline Cozad, daughter of Oliver and Jane, married Robert Johnson, August 12, 1856. From Pennsylvania to Illinois, thence to Pennsylvania.

CHILDREN:
(1290) i. Oliver Allen Johnson, born May 9, 1857.
(1291) ii. Ella Jane Johnson, born March 26, 1861.
(1292) iii. Ellsworth Windom Johnson, born September 4, 1863.

(876) MARY ELLEN COZAD:

Mary Ellen Cozad, daughter of Oliver and Jane, married Isaac Riggle October 15, 1869.

CHILDREN:
(1293) i. Marcus Cassius Riggle, born August 12, 1870.
(1294) ii. Francis Riggle, born February 22, 1872.
(1295) iii. Ruth O'Ella Riggle, born May 18, 1874.
(1296) iv. John Oliver Riggle, born November 15, 1877.
(1297) v. Mary Jane Riggle, born July 15, 1880.
(1298) vi. Isaac Clyde Riggle, born June 14, 1884.

(877) RUTH COZAD:

Ruth Cozad, daughter of Oliver and Jane, never married. Lived in Pennsylvania.

(878) CASSIUS CLAY COZAD:

Cassius Clay Cozad, son of Oliver and Jane, was married May 23, 1872 to Mary O'Ella Stockton who was born December 2, 1851. No children. Pennsylvania to Cincinnati, Ohio.

(879) SAMUEL WEIR COZAD:

Samuel Weir Cozad, son of Oliver and Jane, was married September 18, 1872 to Anna Elizabeth Lindley who was born March 19, 1853. Lived in Pennsylvania.

CHILD:
(1299) i. Orville Oscar Cozad, born September 6, 1875.

(1274) ELIZABETH MARY COZAD:
Elizabeth Mary Cozad, daughter of Henry and Mary, married Henry H. Hillyard January 19, 1869.

CHILDREN:
(1782) i. Albert Chester Hillyard, born July 7, 1868, died February 18, 1879.
(1783) ii. Estelle Crystal Hillyard, born December 25, 1875, died February 20 1879.
(1784) iii. Florence Irene Hillyard, born September 2, 1875, died February 22, 1879.

(1275) STEPHEN EDMUND COZAD:

Stephen Edmund Cozad, son of Henry and Mary, married Hope Bobothan, March 15, 1877. Illinois to Kansas.

CHILDREN:
(1785) i. Minnie May Cozad, born June 1, 1878, died March 11, 1879.
(1786) ii. Lewia Elmer Cozad, born January 25, 1880.
(1787) iii. Charles Stephen Cozad, born September 14, 1882.
(1788) iv. Mary Elizabeth Cozad, born March 25, 1884.

(1277) DAVID ELIPHALET COZAD


CHILDREN:
(1793) i. Henry Amos Cozad., born May 20, 1881.
(1794) ii. Mary Elizabeth Cozad, born February 7, 1883.
(1795) iii. Charles Cozad, born June 27, 1885.
(  ) iv. A son.

(1278) WILLIAM JOHN COZAD:

William John Cozad, son of Henry and Mary, married India Bishop, November 9, 1882. Illinois to Kansas.

CHILDREN:
(1800) i. Eulalie Inez Cozad., born January 27, 1884.
(1801) ii. Issola. Cozad, born September 27, 1885.

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SAMUEL COZAD JUNIOR BRANCH.

By
O. L. Cozad

(632) SAMUEL COZAD JR.

Samuel Cozad Jr., son of Samuel and Abbe Clark, was born June 12, 1756 and died. March 3, 1822. Married. Jane McIlrath March 28, 1875, All of this branch went from Morris County, N.J. to what is now Cleveland., Ohio.

CHILDREN:
(695) i. Jacob Cozad, born April 6, 1786.
(696) ii. Elias Cozad, born May 6, 1790.
(697) iii. Anne Cozad, born March 19, 1792, died. August 12, 1813.
(698) iv. Samuel Cozad, born April 4, 1794, died May 22, 1875.
(699) v. Henry Cozad, born January 8, 1796, died February 27, 1813.
vi. Sarah Cozad, born May 11, 1799, died January 10, 1855.

vii. Andrew Cozad, born July 11, 1801, died May 20, 1873.

viii. Nathaniel Clark Cozad, born July 26, 1803, died September 22, 1828.

ELIAS COZAD:

Elias Cozad son of Samuel and Jane, married Hannah Palmer, from New Jersey to Ohio.

CHILDREN:

i. Cynthia L. Cozad, born July 14, 1814, died July 16, 1845.

ii. Julia Anne Cozad, born January 14, 1816.

iii. Ethan Allen Brown Cozad, born November 8, 1819, died December 29, 1849.

iv. Amelia H. Cozad, born April 18, 1822, died Sept. 5, 1847.

v. Aurilla. (Dates not given).

SAMUEL COZAD 3rd:

Samuel Cozad, 3rd., son of Samuel and Jane, married Mary Condit, January 11, 1816.

CHILDREN:

i. Hester Ann Cozad, born November 7, 1816.

ii. Silas H. Cozad, born March 3, 1819, died October 26, 1847.

iii. Mary C Cozad, born April 7, 1821, died August 6, 1869.

iv. William Mather Cozad, born April 22, 1823, died February 2, 1872.


vi. Martha Jane Cozad, born January 12, 1834, died September 9, 1858.

DESCENDANTS OF DAVID COSSART (8)

JACOB COSSART:

Jacob Cossart, son of David (8) baptised at the Dutch Church January 28, 1702, named for his grandfather Jacques Cossart (3).

He seemed to have married at about the age of 21 to Wilhelmina Kinney or Kenne. The fact that her family name does not appear on the Raritan church records but does appear on the Harlingen Church records and further fact that she had one of her children baptised at the Harlingen Church indicates that her people lived over in Montgomery Township in the vicinity of Harlingen. David Cossart’s will was made on June 10, 1736 and in this will he made provisions for the three children of his son Jacob, then deceased. While the Raritan Church records show that Jacob had a son Jacob baptised at that church November 14, 1736 indicating that Jacob must have died either from accident or after a brief illness shortly prior to the time his father’s will was drawn and that his fourth child, a posthumous child, was born after his death. Nothing further is known of his widow or children. She may have remarried and taken the children to some other locality.

CHILDREN:

i. Elizabeth Cossart baptised 4/4/1725 at Raritan, N.J.

ii. David Cossart, baptised 3/29/1732 at Harlingen, N.J.

iii. Lydia Cossart, baptised 12/23/1733 at Raritan, N.J.

iv. Jacob Cossart, baptised November 14, 1736

DAVID COSSART JR:

David Cossart Jr., son of David (8), baptised at New York Dutch Church April 23, 1704. But very
little is known of him. The fact that the Raritan Church records show that his eldest child was born 1735 indicates that he like his brother George did not marry until near 30 years of age.

The will of his father shows that he received from him a one hundred acre tract of land in the vicinity of Bound Brook and Raritan, and the fact that all his children (eleven) were baptised at the Raritan church indicates that he lived somewhere in that vicinity. His wife's Christian name was Catherine and appears on the records of the Raritan Church but her surname or family name does not appear on these or any other records now to be found, so the name of her family is unknown. The book "First Houses of Bound Brook", published by Rev. T. E. Davis, for many years pastor of the Bound Brook Presbyterian Church says that David Cossart in 1744 sold a parcel of land at Bound Brook to Joseph Blackford, a merchant at that place. (See Somerset County Historical Quarterly, Volume 5, page 2).

Rev. Davis is also the sole authority for the statement that a 'George Cussart" in 1700 purchased a large tract of land where Bound Brook now stands and erected one of the first houses in Bound Brook, and that at his death about 1740 the property passed to his son David Cussart. This is the most perplexing problem that I have met with in Bridgewater Township, Somerset County, New Jersey. The best eastern authorities think that Rev. Davis was simply mistaken in some of his statements regarding not only the Cossart but the Blackford and other early Bound Brook families. (Reference: Ibid. Volume 6, page 242: also Volume 4, page 160).

My personal opinion is that Mr. Blackford purchased the Bound Brook lot from David Cossart(98) the subject of this sketch.

The name of David Corzort appears with the name of many other customers on the day book of Jacob Vossler, proprietor of the store at Pluckemin which was situated in the north part of Bridgewater Township near Bedminster and Bernard Township. If this store record made in 1785 refers to this David (98) he was then 81 years of age, while if it refers to his eldest son David (114), he was then 47. We can find no record at Trenton, N.J. bearing the name of either of these two Davids. (See Ibid. Volume 2, page 270 for list of customers of the Plucemin store).

David seems to have been the last of his father's four sons remaining in Somerset County, N.J. George the eldest returned to New York City. Jacob the second died before his father and Francis (103) the youngest accompanied a party of New Jersey Colonists to the Conewago Valley in York County, Pennsylvania. The children of David Cossart (98) and Catherine Cossart Were as follows:

CHILDREN:
(112) i. Christina Cossart, baptised July 13, 1735.
(114) ii. David Cossart, baptised September 17, 1738.
(114) iii. Gertrude Cossart, baptised June 29, 1740.
(115) iv. Susanna Cossart, baptised June 8, 1742.
(116) v. Catherine Cossart, baptised August 18, 1744.
(117) vi. Jacobus Cossart, baptised October 6, 1745.
(119) viii. Francis Cossart, baptised August 5, 1750.
(120) ix. Efie Cossart, baptised January 20, 1752.
(121) x. Maria Cossart, baptised April 5, 1754.
(122) xi. Nellie Cossart, baptised August 22, 1756.

Note: All the above children were baptised at Raritan, now Somerville, Somerset County, New Jersey.
Maria (or Mary) Cossart, daughter of David (8) baptised at New York City July 3, 1706. She was baptised at the New York Dutch Church as Maria Cossart but in her father's will she is called Mary Williamson. The fact that her father names a Peter Williamson as one of the executors of his will indicates that was the Christian name of his son-in-law. This family which later became very numerous in Somerset County seems to have first settled about Bound Brook and Raritan. The first mention I find of the name is in 1706 when a David Williamson and wife appear as witnesses to a baptism at Raritan on February 24, 1739 a Peter Williamson and wife Mary appear at this church to have a son Jacob baptised and again on January 25, 1745 they have a son Theodore baptised, but whether the mother was Mary Cossart or not we do not know. As but very few of the name appear on the early Raritan records, I judge that most of the family belonged to the Bound Brook Presbyterian church whose records cannot be found, it being the custom of the Presbyterian pastors of this period to take the records with them when they changed pastorates. The records of the early Bound Brook church were they now available, would doubtless throw much light on many of these early Bound Brook families. The name Peter Williamson appears on many public documents now recorded in the Secretary of States Office at Trenton, New Jersey. His services seem to have been much in demand in the settlement of estates, transfers of land and etc, by men of this locality, but whether he was the same Peter who married Mary Cossart or a later Peter, that we do not know. The name of the common ancestor of this family or from whence they came, we have not yet been able to learn.

Susanna Cossart, daughter of David (8), baptised at New York City April 10, 1709. She married Richard Conine and on September 20, 1733 they appear at the Raritan church to have their first child David baptised. The child was doubtless named for its grandfather David Cossart (8) and the name of the grandmother Christina Cossart appears as a witness.

The following month October 29, her brother George Cossart (96) and wife Elizabeth Hoaglandt have their daughter Jannetie baptised when their mother Christina again appears as the witness and on December 23 following another brother Jacob Cossart (97) and wife Wilhelmina Kinney have a daughter Lydia baptised. Susanna Conine is named as witness to this baptism. Rev. Theodore J. Frelinghuysen then being pastor of the Raritan church. July 25, 1736 Richard and Susanna again appear to have a son John baptised. Her brother George Cossart (96) and wife Elizabeth appear as witnesses. On January 1, 1740 Richard Conine appears alone at the Raritan church to have a son Jacob baptised. The witnesses being William and wife Elizabeth Krock. On this same day Susanna's cousin John Cossart and wife Catherine Hoagland had a son John baptised. This being very near the date on which Susanna's father David Cossart (8) died. Probably accounts for her as well as others of her father's family not being present at this time.

As the name of Richard and Susanna Conine do not appear on the records of the Raritan church it is also possible that Susanna may have died when this son was born, or that they removed from this locality after her father's death.
Johannes (John) Cossart, son of David (8), baptised at New York City November 6, 1711. As we find no further mention of him either in his father's will or elsewhere, it is supposed that he must have died in childhood.

**ELEANOR COSSART:**

Eleanor Cossart, daughter of David (8) baptised at New York City December 7, 1712. She was living but not married at the time of her father's will was made. No further trace of her.

**JANNETIE (or Jane) COSSART:**

Jannetie (or Jane) Cossart daughter of David (8), baptised at New York City, May 15, 1715. Living but not married in 1736 when her father's will was made. No further record of her.

**EVA (or Effie) COSSART, daughter of David (8),** baptised at New York City, September 23, 1719. She was 17 when her father's Will was made and unmarried. We find no further trace of her.

**JANNETIE (or Jane) COSSART:**

Jannetie (or Jane) Cossart, daughter of George (96), baptised at the Raritan, N. J. Dutch Church October 29, 1733. The witness of her baptism being her grandmother Christina Van Horne Cossart. From the “New England Historical and Genealogical Register”, Vol. 47, pp. 48-60: the “Weaver Family”. I take the following: William, son of Samuel and Anne Weaver, born about 1730 in New York, married at New York in 1753 to Jane Cossart born October 12, 1733, she being the only child of George Cossart baptised at New York, November 19, 1699 (last seen near 1750) and Elisabeth Hoagland, born 1706 Died 1792, aged 86. William Weaver died at Raway, New Jersey, during the fall of 1777. His widow Jane Cossart was appointed. Admin. of his estate August 13, 1786 in New York City. (See Liber 2, p. 475.) Jane died September 1, 1817 in her 84th year. The baptismal records of their ten children (except the 5th and 10th) may be found on the records of the 1st and 2nd Presbyterian church of New York City.

The New England Historical and Genealogical Register, 1893, Vol. 47, p.p. 53, 54 and 55, says: "Joris Cossart, baptised in the City 19 November 1699, the son of David Cossart (8), mason, baptised 18 June 1671, who married 11 October 1696 Styntje Joris, and was a son of Jacques Cossart (3), who emigrated to New Netherlands, landing October 1662, a passenger on the “Pumerland Church”, and settling at Bushwick, Long Island, with his wife Lydia Willems. David Cossart (8) removed in 1735 to Somerset County, East New Jersey, conveying his city lot to his son-in-law John Harpending, Jr., a Cordwainer; his son Joris or George, whom tradition would make Dr. George Cossart, may have been the George Cossart, bricklayer, freeman, of New York, 7 May 1745. He was married in the Dutch Church 16 September 1730 to Elizabeth Hoaglandt, and in order it is said, to secure some property in Europe to which he was heir (The Gentleman’s Magazine iii, 157, mentioned the death in March 1733 of a Hamberg Merchant, named Cossart, worth 50,000), left the city, a few years after marriage, on a ship which was never after heard from.

Elizabeth Hoaglandt wife of Joris Cossart, was baptised in New York, 20 November 1706, the oldest daughter of Johannes Hoaglandt, by his second wife Jauneke Andries. Elizabeth was born in 1706, and died in the 86th year of her age in 1792. Her spinning wheel, ingeniously converted into a foot drill by Dr. Greenwood, is still preserved. Joris and Elizabeth had —

Jane Cossart, born October 12, 1733 (OS), the only child of Joris Cossart, married about 1753 William Weaver, born about 1730, in New York: the only surviving child, he inherited the entire
estate, which, though small was in those days a competency; and, pursuing no business or occupation, was distinguished on the records, from the year 1754, as, “gentleman”. On the night of August 23, 1775 the Liberty Boys and students of Columbia College, among whom was Alexander Hamilton, being engaged in removing cannon from the Battery, were repeatedly fired upon by the guns from the “Asia” a man-of-war, Captain Vandeput lying in the harbor. Weaver, who had been attracted to the place by the noise, was struck on the calf of one of his legs by a ball, and never entirely recovered from the injury. The family now removed to Broodbridge Township, in Middlesex County, New Jersey and here he died from his wound during the fall of 1777; he was buried in the Quaker ground at Spanktown, now port of Rahway. Jane, the widow was appointed administratrix, 18 May, 1786, in New York (Lett. of Adm. Lib. ii, p. 475), and an inventory is both on file and record (Book A of Inventory, 1776 to 1786, p. 531). After her husbands death, Jane endeavored, with the aid of her two older daughters, to support herself and family by taking in sewing, an effort in which she was ably seconded for a while by her eldest son, Samuel. The next son, William, was in the City ostensible for the purpose of collecting the rents and interests due the estate, with what result we gather from the following letter addressed to Governor William Livingston of New Jersey.

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"Elizabeth Town, 14th August 1780.

SIR:

At the desire of widow Weaver, beg leave to trouble your Excellency with these few lines, her helpless and reduced situation, without assistance can be afforded her soon. She with her children must come on the town. Her husband died about 2 years ago at Rahway where the family has lived since the enemie got possession of New York. Her oldest son, whom was her chief dependence here, died 10 days ago · her second son is in New York, where her property is, I think they told me the house rented for £ 300 per annum, · but this second son is such a spendthrift, that out of the rents he receives, he does not remit them a single farthing.

What she now requests is, that your Excellency would be pleased to grant her a permit to go to New York with liberty to return, to endeavor to procure some rent for her houses for the support of herself and family.

Her deceased husband was the only person that was wounded at the time the Asia fired on the City of New York, and a family that has always acted the friendly part in their country's cause. Your Excellency's Complyein will be greatefully acknowledged.

I am, Your Excellency’s Most Obedt. humble Servant, JOHN ADAM."

The daughter Elizabeth (Mrs. Greenwood) used to tell of her having been rewarded on one occasion, by the lady to whom she had carried some work, with a small box full of salt: an article then selling at $3.00 a bushel, and which, before the close of the war, rose to $8.00. As the house they occupied was located in a district liable to be overrun by the troops from either side, amusing
anecdotes have been told of these frequent visitations; indeed both American and English officers were at times under the same roof, unknown to each other.

With the declaration of peace the family returned to the City; the real estate was sold after a few years, and the proceeds divided equally between the seven children and the widow, who, her two sons taking their shares and moved out west, continued to live with her daughters Ann, Jane and Catherine until her death, which took place September 1, 1817, when in her 84th year. Her remains were laid in a vault at the north-west corner of the Presbyterian ground, corner of Beekman and Nassau Streets, but removed, when the brick church was taken down in 1856, to the Greenwood vault in the marble cemetery, New York. (Reference: New England Historical and Genealogical Register, 1893: Volume 47, p.p. 53, 54, and 55).

CHILDREN:
( ) i. Samuel Weaver b.8/30/1754, baptised Sept.8, same year.
( ) ii. William Weaver, born 11/17/1756, baptised December 5.
( ) iii. Ann Weaver, b.1/15/1759, baptised March 4, same year.
( ) iv. Henry Weaver, b.4/15/1761, baptised May 3, same year.
( ) v. Elizabeth Weaver, born March 6, 1764.
( ) vi. John Weaver, born 9/16/1766, baptised September 28th.
( ) vii. George Weaver born 7/24/1768, baptised August 1st.
( ) viii. Jane Weaver, born 7/28/1769, baptised August 13th.
( ) ix. Mary Weaver, born April 27, 1772, baptised May 17th.
( ) x. Catherine Weaver, born May 8, 1777.

The following New York City marriage record has also been found January 24, 1788. John Mathews to Jane Cosart the widow of William Weaver.

(110) ELIZABETH COSSART:
Elizabeth Cossart, daughter of Jacob (97), baptised at Raritan, New Jersey, April 4, 1725.

( ) DAVID COSSART:
David Cossart son of Jacob (97) baptised at Harlingen, N.J., March 29, 1732.

(109) LYDIA COSSART:
Lydia Cossart, daughter of Jacob (97), baptised at Raritan, New Jersey, December 23, 1733.

(111) JACOB COSSART:
Jacob Cossart, son of Jacob (97), baptised at Raritan, N.J., November 14, 1736.

NOTE: Jacob Cossart (97) the father of these four children was dead when his father’s will was drawn, June 10, 1736, so Jacob (111) the youngest of these four children was born after his father’s death and after his grandfather’s will was drawn.

(112) CHRISTINA COSSART:
Christina Cossart, daughter of David (98), baptised at Raritan, N.J. July 13, 1735.

(113) DAVID COSSART:
David Cossart, son of David (98), baptised at Raritan, N.J., September 17, 1738. Married Jannetie Steinmitz, went from Somerset County, N.J. to Fonda, Montgomery County, New York, in 1771 or
1772: have records of only four of his children.

**CHILDREN:**

1. David Cossart, born near Readington, N.J., baptised there April 14, 1771.
2. Benjamin Cossart, born December 24, 1772, baptised March 31, 1773 at Fonda, New York.
4. A child, born in either 1776 or 1777.
5. Catherine Cossart, born November 25, 1779, baptised 1780 at Fonda, New York.

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**GERTRUDE COSSART:**

Gertrude Cossart, daughter of David (98), baptised at Raritan, N.J., June 29, 1740.

**SUSANNA COSSART:**

Susanna Cossart, daughter of David (98), baptised at Raritan, N.J., June 8, 1742.

*At this point in the original edition the pages skipped a page number so it appeared that someone had removed a page for some reason. The current publisher.*

**EFFIE (or EVA) COSSART:**

Effie or Eva Cossart, daughter of David (98), baptised at Raritan, N.J., January 20, 1752.

**NELLIE COSSART:**

Nellie Cossart, daughter of David (98), baptised at Raritan, N.J., August 22, 1756.

**MADALENA COSSART:**

Madelina Cossart, daughter of Francis (103), baptised at Raritan, N.J., October 17, 1740. As we find no further trace of her either in Somerset County, N.J., or Adams County, Pa., it is generally supposed that she must have died in childhood.

**DAVID CASSAT:**

David Cassat, son of Francis (103), baptised at Raritan, N.J., April 11, 1743: married to Sarah, daughter of David Van Duyn and Ida Montfort, baptised at Readington, N.J. Dutch Church December 25, 1740. They were probably married shortly before leaving New Jersey and coming to Hunterstown or what is more commonly known as the Conewago Pennsylvania Dutch Colony where he is found to have acquired 240 acres tract of land lying just to the north-east of present Hunterstown in Straban Township. Here he lived and died and he and his wife Sarah Van Duyn are buried at the Conewago Dutch church yard some two miles to the south-east of Hunterstown. Here their tombstone may be seen. David died December 29, 1823, his wife died December 28, 1800.

In the Archives of Pennsylvania, 3rd Series, Volijnme 21, p. 114, Tax returns of Straban Township, York County, year 1779, he is listed as David Cozat, 240 acres, 5 horses, 7 cattle, 2 negroes. In the year 1780, Volume 21, page 246, he is listed as David Cozart, 240 acres, 5 horses, 8 cattle, 1 negro. The following year 1781, Volume 21, p. 240 he is listed as David Cossart, 240 acres, 5 horses 11 cattle, 1 negro. Next year, 1782, p. 652 his name is given as David Cozart, same taxables, and in 1783 he is listed as David Cozat, 240 acres and ten inhabitants.
His will dated 1822. Probated January 24, 1824. Recorded in will Book "C", page 348, at Gettysburg, Penna. Names the following children and grandchildren: Francis (deceased): David Jr. Peter (deceased); Peter's children Susan and Peter Alexander. Dennis (deceased): Jacob, Ida, wife of George Brinkerhoff; Margaret wife of Peter Williamson: Mary wife of Peter Hulick.

Executors: Son Jacob and son-in-law Peter Hulick.

/s/ DAVID CASSAT Sr."

The oldest living resident about Hunterstown, Pennsylvania, yet bears testimony to the worth of this man as a citizen and to his reputation for honesty and integrity in all his dealings with his fellow men. A most enviable reputation for any man to have left behind.

The first U.S. Census of York County, Pa., (1790) lists David's family as David Cozart, 2 males over 16; 2 males under 16; 5 females. His children as named in his will and as baptised at the Conewago Dutch church were as follows:

**CHILDREN:**

- (130) i. Francis, baptised November 30, 1766, died 1814.
- (131) ii. David Jr., baptised October 23, 1769, died May 28, 1824.
- (132) iii. Peter, baptised May 31, 1772, died in 1852.
- (133) iv. Margaret, baptised March 13, 1774.
- (134) v. Dennis, baptised March 10, 1776, died 1810.
- (135) vi. Jacob, baptised March 8, 1778, died December 1839.
- (137) viii. Mary, baptised January 20, 1782, died November 7, 1862.

**JACOB CASSAT:**

Jacob Cassat, son of Francis (103), baptised at Raritan, N.J. April 21, 1751. Came with his parents from near Bound Brook, N.J. to near Hunterstown, York (now Adams) County, Pa., where on April 23, 1778, he married Mary, daughter of John Montfort and Catherine (Kitty) Manten.

John and Kitty Montfort had two sons, Peter and Lawrence baptised at the Readington, N.J. Dutch church but Mary’s baptism is not shown on these records, however it is stated that she was born in 1758 and died in 1814. The tax records of York County, Penna., lists Jacob as owning 150 acres of land in Straban Township in the vicinity of Hunterstown, but unlike his father Francis (103) and brother David (124) no slaves are listed on his tax returns. In the military records of York County Penna., as per the Penna. Archives, 6th series, Volume 2, page 506, we find as follows: 4th Batallion, 8th Company, York County Militia: William Smith (Captain), Colonel Thomas Stockton's Regiment 1st Lieutenant Jacob Cossart: April 5, 1778 Volume 4, page 526, 3rd Regiment 1st Company York County Militia, Jacob Cossart, Ensign: December 7, 1795. Volume 4, p. 719 York County Light Infantry Company February 15, 1799 Jacob Cassat, Ensign.

In the will of his sister Christina (Cossart) Clopper (127) dated November 24, 1801. Recorded at Gettysburg, her brother Jacob Cassat is named as one of the Executors. In the History of Adams County, Pa., by Warner Beers and Company (1886), part 3, Page 95. the name of Jacob Cassat appears as a County Commissioner in 1805.

During the lifetime of Francis (103) he and his children are found to have used the surname Cossart or Cosart but after his death, which occurred sometime prior to 1790, we find his sons David and Jacob both giving their names on the Census rolls that year as Cozart, while David’s eldest son Francis (130) gave his name as Cosatt, then shortly before Adams County was set off from the west part of York County in 1801, we find David taking the name of Cassatt while Jacob
is found signing his name as Cassat, and all members of the family at the present day who are found using those surnames are descended from one of these three brothers, David (124) Peter (125) or Jacob (126), sons of Francis (103).

Jacob’s will dated April 17, 1813, Probated May 17, 1815. Recorded in Will Book “B”, page 234 at Gettysburg, Pa., names his wife, Mary and children: Kitty, wife of John Magoffin; Christina; Mary; Lenah; Elizabeth and Jacob. His signature being JACOB CASSAT. He had the following eight children.

CHILDREN:
(145) i. Kitty Cassat, born July 5, 1779, died December 19, 1860.
(146) ii. Peter Cassat, born November 13, 1781, died May 19, 1785.
(147) iii. Margaret Cassat, born July 27, 1784, died February 25, 1867.
(149) v. Mary Cassat, born May 9, 1790, died October 31, 1863.
(150) vi. Lenah Cassat, born August 5, 1792, died January 16, 1861.
(151) vii. Elizabeth Cassat, born August 28, 1796.
(152) viii. Jacob Cassat, born July 13, 1798, died June 19, 1864.

(127) CHRISTINA COSSART:

Christina Cossart, daughter of Francis (103), see page 285 for her record.

(128) ELIZABETH COSSART:

Elizabeth Cossart, daughter of Francis (103), baptised at Raritan, N. J., November 26, 1758. She married Lawrence son of John Montfort and Catherine (Kitty) Manton, baptised at Readington, Hunterdon County, N.J., April 22, 1753.

Anthony probably had 7 or 8 children although the records of the Conewago Pennsylvania Dutch Church only lists six as having been baptised.

Lawrence Montfort with his family removed to south-western Ohio soon after the country was opened up to white settlers after the signing of the Treaty of Greenville (1795). Three of his sons Francis, Peter and David became Presbyterian ministers, as did also several of their sons.

The late Rev. John Monfort D.D. of Cincinnati, Ohio, long the well known editor of the "Herald and Presbytr", the western organ of the Presbyterian Church, with his four brothers, Rev. Joseph Glass, Rev. Francis C., Rev. Isaac W., and Rev. David, were sons of Francis.

Peter Montfoort came from the Netherlands in 1639 or earlier. being in that year at Wallabout (within present Brooklyn).

Previously (1630) a John Monfoort was in New Amsterdam, presumably Peter's brother. Peter married, January 1630 in Amsterdam, Holland, Sarah de Plancken. His sons were John whose descendants went to Somerset County, N.J., and Peter whose line went up the Hudson into New York State. Peter (son of John) settled near Millstone, N.J., where he had four sons: Peter, John, Jacob and Abraham. Except Abraham they all settled at Conewago Pa. The second. son John, married Catherine or Kitty Manten and had first settled near Readington, N.J., where four sons: Peter, John, Francis and Lawrence, who married Elizabeth Cossart.
Additional information concerning the Monfoor, Monfoort, Monfort, Montfort, etc., family may be found in the Somerset County, N.J. Historical Quarterly, Volume 4, page 165 and Volume 5, page 281.

CHILDREN:

(155) i. John Montfort, baptised. August 6, 1775.
(156) ii. Margaret Montfort, born Nov. 8, 1776.
(157) iii. Kitty Montfort, baptised January 10, 1779.
(159) v. Rev. Francis, baptised January 19, 1783.
(160) vi. Rev. Peter Montfort, baptised April 9, 1786.
(161) vii. Lawrence Montfort, born February 4, 1788.
(162) viii. Rev. David Montfort, baptised April 4, 1790.
163) ix. Polly Montfort, born March 12, 1792.
(164) x. Jacob Montfort, born September 3, 1794.
(165) xi. Christina Montfort, born June 3, 1797.

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DESCENDANTS OF ANTHONY COSSART (9)

(601) JACOB COSART:

Jacob Cosart, son of Anthony (9) baptised at Brooklyn, N.Y., November 16, 1701. Named for his grandfather Jacques Cossart (3). He accompanied his parents to the vicinity of Raritan, Bridgewater Township, Somerset County, New Jersey.

Every family historian who had occasion to trace his ancestry through the early settlement about New York, Long Island and New Jersey, will bear testimony to the fact that he is fortunate if he finds his family were affiliated with the early Dutch churches, for the records of these early Dutch churches have as a rule been well preserved, likewise he finds himself greatly handicapped if he finds his family were affiliated with the early Presbyterian or Baptist churches as these churches are found to have been exceedingly careless and indifferent about the preservation of their church records, as a result of which but very few of their records were to be found at the present day. It is very largely due to the fact that we have found the first few generations of the Cossart family were members of these early Dutch churches that we have been able to present the early records of our family in as complete form as is found in this work. But we have now reached the period when we find the younger members of the family breaking away from the Dutch church and identifying themselves with the Presbyterian and Baptist organizations. This from a genealogical point of view is much to be regretted. Could we but have access to the early records of the old Bound Brook, Morristown, Mt. Olive, Succasunny, New Jersey and Hunterstown, Pennsylvania, Presbyterian and Mt. Bethel and Mt. Olive Baptist churches, what a flood of light the records of these early churches would throw on these early settlements of our family.

Jacob Cosart the subject of this sketch seems to have been one of the first of the Bound Brook and Raritan, N.J. families not to have his children or at least part of them baptised at the Raritan Dutch Church. The fact that he seems to have been a life long member of the Presbyterian Church leads me to suspect that he may have been married into one of the English or Scotch Presbyterian families, either about Bound Brook or up in the hill country on the Succasunny Plains on the headwater of Black River in western Morris County. There has been much speculation regarding the identity of Jacob's wife Anna, the fact that their youngest son Anthony Cosad is named as one of the executors in the will of Phillip Cox has led some to believe that she was a member of the Cox
family, others have maintained that she was a Sutton, but outside of the marriage of her daughter
Mary to Nathan Sutton I find no proof that she was related to either the Cox or Sutton families. I
think it probable, however, that her son Job and possibly her son Samuel may have been named
for her people. The only two records we have been able to find, which seems to establish the fact
that Jacob had at one time been a resident of the Succasunny Plains near the Black River is found
in the history of the First Presbyterian Church of Morristown 1742 to 1891. On page 1, appears the
marriage record April 12, 1743 of Elizabeth Lewis and Elizabeth Cusat of Black River and on page
6 appears the baptismal record August 28, 1743 of Lea daughter of Jacob Cusat of Succasunny.
Elizabeth was Jacob’s eldest daughter, while Lea was the youngest.
The Succasunny Presbyterian church had not at this time been organized and it is evident that
Jacob must have attended the Morristown church at this period, he doubtless had children other
than the eight mentioned in his will, but if so, they must have died in childhood and no record of
them can now be found. Jacob's will which is here given was probated at Perth Amboy but is now
on file at Trenton. When he went to what is now Roxbury Township in western Morris County is
not known but his will shows that some time after 1743 he had returned to the scenes of his
childhood in Bridgewater Township, Somerset County, where we find him a resident and land
owner at the time of his death in 1772.

He is buried in the old Presbyterian church yard, near the corner of East Main Street and East
Street at Bound Brook, N.J., of which church he doubtless was a member. The red sandstone slab
erected by his executors lies broken on his grave. His three eldest sons, Jacob (606), Samuel (607)
and Job (608) became the fathers of practically all that part of the family in America and those in
foreign lands who now use the name COZAD while his youngest son Anthony is the father of those
wh now using the names COSAD and CASAD. The order of birth of some of Jacob's children we do
not know, farther than the fact that Jacob (606) is named as being the eldest son, Elizabeth the
eldest daughter must come up next, otherwise she would not have been old enough to marry in
1743. As Samuel is named before Job in their father’s will it is assumed that he was the eldest.
Anthony’s descendants say that he was born in 1740 and died at the age of 50 in 1790. Lea who
seems to have been the youngest was baptised at Morristown In 1743.

THE WILL OF JACOB COSART.

“The fourth day of February, one thousand
seven hundred and seventy-two.

In the name of God, Amen.

I, Jacob Cosart of the Township of Bridgewater, in the County of Somerset and Province of East
New Jersey, being in a weak state of health, but of perfect mind and memory, thanks to God
therefor, and calling to mind the mortality of the body and knowing that it is appointed for all,
men once to die. Do make and ordain this my last will and testament, revoking all former wills
made by me, or caused to be made, and I desire this to be received by all as such.

FIRST:

I commend my soul into the hands of God who gave it, and my body to the dust from whence it
came, to be buried in a descent Christian like manner at the discretion of my friends and
executors, not doubting but that I shall have soul and body united again at the general
resurrection at the last day and hope through the mediation and intercession of the blessed
Redeemer to be presented faultless before God, and as touching my worldly estate wherewith God has been pleased to bless and intrust me with this life. I will and positively order that all my just debts and funeral charges and the cost of a decent headstone be paid.

ITEM: I give unto my beloved wife Anna one bed, her choice with all its furnishings. One cupboard, one chest and other household goods sufficient for her to keep house, withall together, with liberty of living in the east room of my house in which we now live, as also one cow, her choice, with liberty to pasture her on this place, as also the interest on all money my land will bring. All of which I bequeath to her during her natural life.

ITEM: It is my will and I do so order that soon after my decease my executors make sale of the remainder of my movable estate and in six weeks to make sale of my lands at public vendue, reserving the liberties to my wife as aforesaid.

ITEM: I give to my son Jacob five shillings sterling in the first place for his birthright and then an equal dividend or share with my other sons, Viz: Samuel, Job and Anthony, so that after my Legatees hereafter named have what I order for them, then my sons be made equal as aforesaid.

ITEM: I order and will that after my wife's decease, my sons or their lawful heirs shall be made equal in what she leaves excepting her lawful wearing apparel.

ITEM: I give to my daughter Anna at present the wife of Onisimus alias Simeon Bell twenty pounds, light money, to be paid in one year after my decease.

ITEM: I give to my daughter Mary Sutton, at present a widow twenty pounds like money to be paid at the same time.

ITEM: I give to my daughter Leah at present the wife of Joseph Riggs twenty pounds like money to be paid at the same time, one year after my decease.

ITEM: I give to my grandson, Abraham Lewis, ten pounds, like money be paid with my daughter's legacies.

ITEM: I do order and my will is that in case my son Anthony should buy my lands, then and in that case only he shall have fifteen pounds light money as a gift from the dividend be made among my sons and this to be taken out of the price of the lands and thereafter that he come in for a equal share with his brethern. Furthermore I do constitute and appoint my sons Samuel Cosart and Anthony Cosart together with my trusty friend Thomas Terril Esq. Executors of this my last will and testament Whom I empower, authorize and charge with the sale of my estate and etc., and as trustee of my dear wife.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and seal the day and year above written.

Signed, sealed, pronounced, published and declared by the said Jacob Cosart to be his last will and testament in the presence of us the undersigned witnesses.

JACOB COSART (Seal).  
/s/ Thomas Coon Senr.  
/s/ Philip Wineans, Senr (           )    His  
/s/ Edward Terrel             +  
Mark

Be it remembered that on the second day of May 1772 Thomas Coon and Philip Winans two of the subscribing witnesses to the above will appeared before Bowes Reed duly authorized and etc., and
they being severally sworn did depose they were present and did see Jacob Cosart sign and seal the above instrument and heard him publish, pronounce and declare the same to be his last will and testament, that at the doing thereof he was of sound and disposing mind and memory as far as these deponents know and as they verily believe and that Edward Terrel the other subscribing evidence was present at the same time and signed as a witness together with these deponents in the presence of the Testator.

Bowes Reed.

Also at the same time Samuel Cosart, Anthony Cosart and Thomas Terril appeared before me and were duly qualified as executors of Jacob Cosart by taking the oath of Executors as by law appointed.

Bowes Reed

(This will is in the Somerset County will box 1770-1778 and is recorded in Liber K. folio 423. Secretary of States Office, Trenton, N.J. Copied by Anna M. North, Genealogist).

The children of Jacob Cosart were as noted below:

CHILDREN:
(606)  i. Jacob, born 1723 or 1724, died January 26, 1812.
(612)  ii. Elizabth.
(607)  iii. Samuel, died in 1811.
(608)  iv. Job, died in 1815.
(610)  v. Anna.
(611)  vi. Mary.
(609)  vii. Anthony, born 1740, died June 1790.
(613)  viii. Leah, baptised August 28, 1743 at Morristown, N.J.

JOHN COSART or CUSAART:

John Cosart or Cusaart's place and date of birth is unknown. His baptism cannot be found either at New York, Brooklyn, or Raritan, N.J., but he is supposed to be the son of Anthony (9) and his first wife Elizabeth Valentine, and was probably born after they left Brooklyn and was doubtless named for his grandfather John Valentine, the fact that he named his eldest son Anthony and his eldest daughter Elizabeth is evidence that he was a son of Anthony Cosart (9) and Elizabeth Valentine. He married Catherine Hoaglandt a daughter of Johannes Hoaglandt and his second wife Jannetie Andries (Andrews), she being baptised October 4, 1813 and a younger sister Elizabeth Hoaglandt who became the wife of John's cousin George Cossart (96) so as will be seen George and John Cosart became both cousins and brothers-in-law.

The Alexander papers at the New York Historical Society rooms show a list of 97 surveys of New Jersey lands, on this list may be found the three following surveys:

No. 23 - May 23, 1729, 100 acres to David Cusart.
No. 32 - May 23, 1749, 20 acres of John Cusart.
No. 54 — September 12, 1753 30 acres to John Cusart.

This 100 acre tract surveyed for John’s uncle David (8) in 1729 is I think the same tract which later passed to his son Francis (103) and which lay along the Somerset-Middlesex County Line and Green Brook, north-west of Bound Brook. These surveys do not indicate the total amount of land owned by David (8) and his nephew John - they are simply the only surveys we have been able to find. The fact that John made no mention of his wife in his will indicates that she had preceded him in death, they both seemed to have died near middle life. Three of their children: Anthony, John and Jannettie were baptised at the Raritan, N.J. Dutch Church. The other daughter
Elizabeth was baptised at the Harlingen Dutch Church and the baptism of the other three sons, Richard, Benjamin and Jacob cannot be found, so the order of their birth is not known.

The following is an abstract of John’s will, as recorded in Liber F., folio 426-428, Secretary of States Office, Trenton, New Jersey.

Will of John Cusaart of Bridgewater Township, Somerset Co., New Jersey, Yeoman.

Date · January 13, 1757. Wife · none named. Sons · (Eldest) Anthony, Richard, Benjamin, Jacob. Daughters · Elizabeth, Jane. Executors: My friends Peter Williamson and Abraham Van Tuyl of Somerset County. Witnesses: Joseph Ross Jr., James McIlrath, Sarah McIlrath “X”(her mark); Probated: May 19, 1757. /s/ JOHN CUSAART

Peter Williamson one of the Executors was probably the son-in-law of John’s uncle David Cossart (8). We do not know whether Abraham Van Tuyl was related to the Cosart family or not. The Scotch Presbyterian McIlrath family of Bound Brook a few years later intermarried three times into the family of John’s nephew Samuel Cosart or Cozad of Mendham, New Jersey. Some of John’s sons and grandsons served in the Revolutionary war.

CHILDREN:
(614) i. Anthony, baptised March 13, 1736, at Raritan, N.J.
(617) ii. Richard.
(618) iii. Benjamin, baptised January 1, 1740, at Raritan, N.J.
(615) iv. John.
(619) v. Jacob.
(620) vi. Elizabeth, baptised April 22, 1746 at Harlingen, N.J.
(616) vii. Jane, baptised September 24, 1749, at Raritan, N.J.

WILLIAM CASAD

William Casad, supposed son of Anthony (9). Date and place of his birth unknown. Only two statements can be found in which this man’s name appears and they do not establish his identity. While taking investigations through various New Jersey Genealogies, histories, church and public records, I found in a genealogy of the first settlers of Passaic Valley, N.J., published by John Littell in 1851, this statement on page 232. “Robert (son of Daniel) Littell married Rebecca Casad, daughter of William Casad. Robert and Rebecca lived at and kept the Blue Ball Tavern in Washington Valley. They subsequently removed to Sterling Valley where he died an old man.” A list of the ten children of Robert and Rebecca followed.

Being unable to find any further trace of William Casad In New Jersey or elsewhere, I then placed the matter in the hands of Mr. A. Van Doren Honeyman, Corresponding Secretary of the New Jersey State Historical Society and also Editor of the Somerset County Historical Quarterly. Mr. Honeyman on making his next visit to the New Jersey Historical Societies’ rooms at Newark made an investigation with the following results. Among a lot of old Pension papers dated 1833 and 1834 in which widows of Revolutionary soldiers and others had made application of pensions he found the following statement by Rebecca Littell. Mr. Honeyman says is a confused statement, but the apparent facts are that in or about October 1833 Rebecca Littell was applying for a pension and stated that she married Robert Littell in August (year not given) by the Rev. Crodley minister of the Mt. Bethel Baptist church in Somerset County, that her husband had been for many years a constable in said county, that he had a large bound book of laws, in which was also kept their family records, but which was now lost, that she and her husband had two children when he enlisted in the Revolutionary war, that she was 87 years of age on the previous 29th. of May, that she lived, when married, with her father William Cozad, who resided in Warren Township,
Somerset County, N. J., near Mt. Bethel Baptist Church, that her husband enlisted in Captain Howell’s Company in Colonel Winds Regiment that her husband died in Morris County, N.J., December 11, 1864.”

The foregoing abstract of testimony given by Rebecca Littell, somewhat confused though it is doubtless caused by her advanced age and not having access to the book containing the family records, which she states was then lost, yet it seems to fix the date of her birth as being May 29, 1746. If her father William Cosart, Cosad, Cozad or Casad of near Mt. Bethel Baptist church was 23 or 24 years of age at the time of her birth then he could not have been born later than 1722 or 1723, or if he had been from 40 to 50 when she was born then he might have been born as early as 1700. It is assumed by the very best eastern genealogists, as well as myself, that both William and the preceding John (602) were sons of Anthony (8) although the most diligent search has failed to uncover any records in proof of this assumption. It has already been stated under Anthony (9) that the Brooklyn records are incomplete and unsatisfactory and also that there is a break in Anthony’s family between the baptisms of Jacob (601) and Brooklyn and that of

Jannetie () at Raritan, N.J. in 1708. So as will be seen there was sufficient time for two or three other children to have been born between those dates. Then as no record can be found showing when Anthony’s first wife Elizabeth Valentine died or when he married his second wife Judith, it is therefore merely a matter of speculation as to which of these two wives is the mother of Anthony’s younger children. It is also possible that Anthony may have had other children of whom no trace can now be found. Had the records of Mt. Bethel Baptist Church been preserved as were the records of the Raritan Dutch church they doubtless would throw much light on not only William's family but others of our family who were known to have worshiped at that church.

We find nothing to indicate that William had children other than the daughter Rebecca. He like his cousin George (96) may have died early in life leaving only one child, while on the other hand he may have been the father of several children of whom we can find no trace.

**CHILD:**

( ) i. Rebecca., born Ca. May 29, 1746.

**JANNETIE COSART:**

Jannetie Cosart, daughter of Anthony (9), baptised at Raritan, N.J. Dutch Church April 28, 1708.

This is the first trace we have of Anthony Cosart about Raritan, N.J., although he may have lived in that locality for some years previous to this time. Jan Thuenissen and wife (her name was Catherine) are named as the witnesses at Jannetie’s baptism.

When the Raritan Dutch Church was organized in 1699 the first name appearing on the records that year were those of Van Nest, Vroom, Thuenissen, Hanson, Middagh, Allen, Van Vechten, Gerritse and Woertman, so it is assumed these were among the first families to settle about what was then known as Raritan (now Sommerville). The Thuenissen family of that period is the Thuenissen family of the present day. John and Cornelius Thuenissen seem to have been brothers. Nellie wife of Cornelius appears as a witness to the baptism of Anthony Cosart's next child in 1712 indicating that Anthony and the Thuenissen family must have either been related in some way or that they were neighbors and friends. We can find no further trace of Jannetie Cosart so we are unable to state what became of her.

**ELIZABETH COSART:**
Elizabeth Cosart, daughter of Anthony (9), baptised at Raritan, N.J., April 15, 1723.

(605) **DAVID COSSART:**
David Cossart or Cosart, son of Anthony (9) baptised at Raritan, N.J., August 1, 1725.

These two children, Elizabeth and David Cossart baptised at Raritan N J Dutch Church are supposed to be the children of Anthony (9) by a second wife whose Christian name was Judith, her surname being unknown. It may have been Thuenissen. As the most diligent search has failed to reveal any will left by Anthony (9). It is therefore unknown when he died, or where he died or whether he had other children than those listed in this work. These two children like those of Jacob (97) we are unable to trace.

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(617) **DERRICK COSSART:**

Derrick Cossart, son of Johannes, died 1806 in Hunterdon County, New Jersey. Married Barbara Heldebrandt, daughter of John Hi1debrant.

CHILDREN:

(668) i. Catherine Cossart, born May 29, 1782, never married.
(665) ii. Richard Cossart, married Catherine Cregar.
(663) iii. John Cossart born September 8, 1786, married Mary Seals, daughter of John Seals.
(664) iv. George Cossart, married Phoebe Cregar.
(669) v. Mary Cossart born October 11, 1791, married Christopher Leffler.
(667) vi. Barbara Cossart, born January 2, 1794, married Jacob Leffler.
(666) vii. Elizabeth Cossart, married Harmon Heldebrandt.

(663) **JOHN COSSART:**

John Cossart, born September 8, 1786, Hunterdon County, New Jersey.

CHILDREN:

(801) i. Benjamin, born May 6, 1808.
(802) ii. Maria Cossart.
(803) iii. John Cossart, born May 11, 1814.
(804) iv. Barbara Cossart.
(805) v. George Cossart.
(806) vi. Herbert Cossart
(807) vii. James Cossart.
(808) viii. Catherine Cossart, Tioga County, Penna.
(809) ix. Ellen Cossart, Tioga, County, Pa.
(810) x. Amos Cossart.

NOTE: Barbara Cossart (667), daughter of Derrick married John Leffler and had six daughters and two sons. One of her granddaughters was Mrs. Marilla Marshall of Santa Barbara, Calif.

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(673) **JOHN COZAD:**

(Son of Jacob 825). John Cozad, died in February 1842. Married Mary E. Haney.

CHILD: i. Samiel Haney Cozad, born in 1832; died February 6, 1909 at Oakland, Calif. Born in Dayton, Ohio, and resided in Oakland, Calif. until his death in 1909. Married January 17, 1852
at Edwardsville, Ill., to Minerva Dobbins of Edwardsville, Ill., the daughter of John Dobbins. Samiel was a Republican in politics and a member of the Baptist Church.

**CHILDREN:**

a. Elizabeth Cozad.

b. John Dobbin Cozad, born June 6, 1858 in Missouri. Died at San Rafael, Marine Co., Calif., January 5, 1923. Belonged to the order of W.O.W. Resided at San Rafael. Married in Kansas September 10, 1879 to Mary Elizabeth Hollenbeck who died March 1, 1931 at Fairfax, Calif. John was a Republican in Politics.

**CHILDREN:**


3. Samiel Oscar Cozad born June 1884; died February 1885 at Santa Rosa, Calif. Buried there.

4. William Edward Cozad, born December 9, 1885; Santa Rosa, Sonoma Co., Calif.

5. Ralph Orren Cozad, born March 18, 1892; Santa Rosa, Sonoma Co., Calif.

6. Merie Ethelyn Cozad (Longland), born May 6, 1904; Santa Rosa, Sonoma, Calif.

7. Merle Edith Cozad, born December 22, 1902; Glenn Ellen, Sonoma, Calif.

c. Daniel Cozad, born 1861; died January 17, 1928; San Francisco, Calif.

d. Samiel Cozad, born at Levansworth, Kansas.

e. Minerva Cozad, born February 23, 1874 in Kansas.

( )

**JOHN HENRY COZAD:**

(See above).

John Henry Cozad of San Rafael, Calif., was born September 13, 1880 at Holton, Jackson County, Kansas; married December 24, 1906 at Oakland, Calif. to Ellen Jeanetta Hardman born April 24, 1886 the daughter of Milton and Ellen Hardman.

**CHILDREN:**


v. Merey Ellen Cozad, born July 9, 1930 at San Francisco, Calif., Residence - San Rafael, Calif.

*(Reference: John Henry Cozad, 720 4th Street, San Rafael, California.)*

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(138) **Francis Cossart** married Margaret de Groft or de Graff about 1790 and lived on land adjoining his grandfather Francis Cossart (103) only a short distance northeast of Hunterstown, Straban Township, Adams County, Pennsylvania.

(See Page 291).

**CHILDREN:**

( ) i. Solomon Cassat.

( ) ii. Sarah Cossart, baptised Oct. 16, 1791, died February 2, 1856; married Jonathan Baldwin.
( ) iii. Jacob Cassat (or Cossaert), served in war of 1812.
( ) iv. Richard Cossart or Cassat, went to West Virginia. (Also said to have gone west).
( ) v. Samuel Cassat, lived and died in Adams County, Pa.
( ) vi. John Cozad of Preston County, West Virginia.

NOTE: There may have been other children.

( ) Solomon Cassat, of Gettysburg, Hanover and Elsewhere in Pennsylvania. Said to have been son of Francis and Margaret above.

CHILD:
( ) a. David Cassat, of Gettysburg, Penna., aged about 70 years in 1920: a respectable but uneducated man, stated to Alfred R. Justice, genealogist that he could remember that his father, Solomon Cassat, mention that he was a son of Francis and Margaret (de Graff) Cassat.

“David Cassat to Samuel G. Cook et al for tract of land situate in Gettysburg Borough, Adams County, Pa., dated September 28, 1877 and recorded in Deed Book FF at page 514.

Title: S. Wolf, Sheriff to Danner and Ziegler: Danner and Zeigler to John H. Bushmen, March 31, 1868 and John H. Bushman to David Cassat September 13, 1873.”

( ) Sarah Cossart, daughter of Francis (138), baptised October 16, 1791, died February 2, 1856. Said to have been the second daughter in the family. She lived and died in Straban Township, Adams County, Pennsylvania. Married Jonathan Baldwin.

CHILD:
( ) Jonathan Jefferson Baldwin, born in 1818. Married, the daughter of Henry Brinkerhoff. He was considered a rolling stone. "His picture shows some resemblance to the Cassat family, but he did not have the alert eye that most of the family possessed." He attended the funeral of his grandmother Margaret (de Graff) Cassat at Kingwood, Preston County, W. Va. Jonathan married 1st time to Sarah Brinkerhoff March 9, 1842 and they had six sons and four daughters: she died in November 1860 in Clinton, Illinois, where she had arrived with the family on April 9, 1858. After the death of his first wife Jonathan returned to Gettysburg, Pennsylvania, thence to Carroll County Maryland, where in October 1861 he married Rebecca Roger. In 1863 he took up 40 acres of land 2¼ miles east of Neoga, Cumberland, Illinois, to this he added till he had near 200 acres - was a trustee of the Neoga First Presbyterian Church. Had one son and three daughters living in 1921. He was the oldest son of his fathers family. He learned the hatters trade under William Paxton.

( ) Samuel Cassat, of Gettysburg, Adams Co., Pa., is said to have lived and died there in that County. Son of Francis (138). Letters of administration granted a Samuel Cassat of Adams County, November 30, 1840. No. 2180. Court record.

CHILDREN:
( ) b John Cassat, married Mary Phillips.
( ) c David Cassat.
( ) d Samuel Cassat Jr.,
( ) e Peter Cassat was a blacksmith, went to West Virginia and married his full cousin Eliza Cozad, the daughter of his Uncle John Cozad. Settled near Kingwood, W. Va.
( ) f Sarah Cassat
( ) g Eliza Cassat
( ) h Mary Cassat.

( ) Samuel J. Cassat, probably son of Samuel mentioned above.
Title: John F. McClellen to Samuel J. Cassatt November 30, 1867.

CHILDREN:
( ) a Jefferson Cassat, married Margaret.

"Jefferson Cassat and wife Margaret to Franklin Robenstine for a tract of land situate in Straban Township, Adams Co, Pa., dated April 2, 1890 and recorded in Deed Book UU at page 575.

Title: Christian Benner to David Troxel; David Troxel to James Noel; James Noel to Jefferson Cassatt.

CHILDREN:
( ) 1 Mary Elizabeth Cassat, married August 4, 1900 to Joseph Whittinton. Residence: Cumberland Twp., Adams County, Pennsylvania.
( ) 2 Blanche Cassat, married July 14, 1904 to Howard Weikert. Residence: Cumberland Township, Adams County, Pennsylvania.
( ) 3 Lydia M. Cassat, married September 9, 1907 to Paul Herbert. Residence: Gettysburg, Pa.

( ) b Blanche (or Blance) Cassat, who lived at Abaline, Kan., may have been daughter of Samuel J. Cassat.
( ) c William Gulden Cassat who lived at Washington, D.C. may have been son of Samuel J. Cassat.

( ) John Cozad, son of Francis (138), married Elizabeth Skidmore of Pendleton.

CHILDREN:
( ) a John P. Cozad, married Lydia Martin.
( ) b Edward Cozad, married Catherine Miller-Mouon.
( ) c Nathan or Nathaniel Cozad, married Lucinda Thomas.
( ) d Samuel Cozad, married Hester Bird.
( ) e Alpheus or Alfred Cozad, married Elizabeth Criss-Cassidy.
( ) f William Cozad, married Lydia Plum.
( ) g Elijah Cozad or Kentucky.
( ) h Eliza Cozad, married her cousin Peter Cassat, son of her uncle Samuel Cassat of Adams County, Pennsylvania. They settled near Kingwood, West Virginia.

NOTE: The children above and their descendants are believed to be the only descendants of David Cossart (8) to use the surname “Cozad”. J.A.C.

( ) John Cassat, son of Samuel (p. 528) of Gettysburg, Pa., married Mary Phillips.

CHILDREN:
( ) Peter Graft Cassat, of Gettysburg, Pa., died intestate. Married Catharine Tate. "Peter G. Cassatt, deceased, heirs, to John W. Cassatt for a tract of land situate in Menallen Township, Adams County, Pa., dated September 26, 1914 and recorded in Deed Book 77 at Page 387.

Title: Deborah Reed, deceased, heirs, to Mary A. Reed; Mary A. Reed to Lydia J. Shetter; Lydia J. Shetter to Peter G. Cassatt.

Heirs of Peter G. Cassatt: Susan C. Cassat, Calvin J. Moose, Alice Moose, Martha Reigel, Anna
Stallsmith, Charles Stallsmith, Ella S. Dotterer, John H. Dotterer, Charles B. Cassatt, Mary Cassatt.”

The children of Peter Graft Cassat were as follows.

**CHILDREN:**

a  John W. E. Cassat, born July 31, 1867, married Laura A. Staly (or Slaty), March 18, 1890 in Adams County, Pa. (Butler Township). Was married by the Rev. B. F. Bourman. “John W. Cassat and wife Laura A. to Milton Wagoner, for six tracts of land situate in Straban Township, Adams County, Pa., dated March 29, 1912, and recorded in Deed Book 67 at page 300.

**Title:** Peter G. Cassat to John W. Cassat.”

**CHILD:**

1  May Cassat, born May 9, 1899, married Leroy Miller Sprenkle, December 12, 1918, and they had a daughter Catherine.


c  Mrs. Annie Stallsmith who lived on North Straton Street, Gettysburg, Pa.

d  Alice Cassat, married December 4, 1886 to Calvin K. Moose, Straban Township, Adams County, Pa.

(      )  b  **Grafft Cassatt**, son of John Cassat. Mrs. Bell of Hunterstown writes:

"I saw the Grafft Cassat family bible and there was no family record mentioned in it, but has a marriage certificate of John Cassat who married Mary Philips, that was Grafft Cassat’s father I am assured by his niece.

**CHILD:**


The following contains material written by the late Alfred R. Justice, genealogist, and Mrs. Bell of Hunterstown and most of the material refers to the foregoing family.

(      )  **Levi Cassat** married Lizzie. *(Someone made hand written notation: Elizabeth Jacobs)*

**CHILDREN:**


(      )  c  Alvin Paul Cassat, married June 12, 1917 to Bertha E. Jacoby. Residence: Mt. Pleasant Twp., Adams Co.

(      )  d  Emry Cassat married July 1, 1920 to Myrtle B. Snyder, Tyrone Township, Adams Co., Pa.

(      )  **John Cassatt**, married Catherine.

**CHILD:**

(      )  a  Mattie J. (Martha) Cassat, married December 5, 1891 to Emry L. Reigel.

(      )  **Beniah Cassat**, married Lydia Ann.


Wife:  Lydia Ann.
Date of Death: September 8, 1920.

Probate: September 14, 1920 and recorded in Will Book P at page 469.”

“Beniah Cassat and wife Lydia to Charles B. Hoffman for two tracts of land situate in Cumberland Township, Adams County, Pennsylvania, and recorded in Deed Book 66 at page 484.

Title: No. 1. Elizabeth Cassat to Beniah Cassat, May 1, 1890. No. 2, William Patterson, November 9, 1898, to Baniah Cassat.”

Extracts from letters of Mrs. James F. Bell, Route No. 10, Gettysburg, Pa., written in 1920 and 1921:

"Believes that Graff Cassat ( ) was great grandson of Francis and Margaret (De Graff) Cassat (138), or he may have been the grandson of Samuel Cassat and that his father was John Cassat. Graff Cassat had a brother Samuel Cassat who was dead in 1921. Hopes she can locate the old family bible."

“George Huther (Luther?) Cassatt, 53, 125 Hanover Street, Gettysburg, Pa. died this afternoon at 12:30 o'clock in the Warner Hospital of a complication of diseases. He had been admitted to the institution in a critical condition on Wednesday after a week's illness.

He was employed as a laborer by the Pennsylvania Highway Department.

A native of Adams County, he was a son of the late Levi Cassatt and Mrs. Elizabeth (Jacoby) Cassatt, who survives.

Mr. Cassatt was twice married. His first wife was Sarah Jane McGaughey, and one daughter survives from that union, Mrs. Charles Beales, North Stratton Street. His second wife, the former Mary M. Fissel and sisters survive.

The deceased was a member of the Methodist Episcopal church.

Brothers and sisters:
Mrs. Andrew Criswell, Hunterstown.
Mervin Cassatt, Palinyrs.
Mrs. Charles Snyder, Gardners, Pa. (RD.)
John Cassatt, Adams County.
Allen Cassatt
Emory Cassatt, New Chester, Pa.
Mrs. Guy Naylor near Bendersville, Pa.
James Cassatt, near Harrisburg, Pa.
Ethel Cassatt, near Harrisburg, Pa.”

(April 2, 1938)

(130) DR. FRANCIS CASSATT:

Dr. Francis Cassatt, a physician went to Warren County, Ohio, from Adams County, Pa., via New York State.
The New York Dutch Colony composed of the Brinkerhoffs, Bodies, Van Tyne, Dates, Purcell, and Luyster families.

Dr. Francis Cassatt settled at Watkins Glenn, near Owasco Lake in Cayuga County, New York. It made two and one half months to make the trip from York County, Pennsylvania, settlement to Owasco Lake New York. The party went in 1793. Dr. Francis, the eldest child of David and Sarah (Van Duyn) Cassat, born November 30, 1776, was accidentally killed by a falling tree while on his way to visit a patient.

Dr. Francis had removed from Gettysburg, Adams County, Pa., to the vicinity of Watkins Glenn, Cayuga County, N.Y., where his father had bought him a farm. This is proved by a deed on record Cayuga County, N.Y. and from David’s (124) will of which the following is a extract: “Will of David Cassat, dated 1822, proved January 24, 1824. Whereas I have at sundry times made advances to my son Francis (now deceased), also given him about 100 acres in New York State, I further give to his children (not named) 100 to be equally divided between them”.

Dr. Francis was born November 30, 1766 in York (now Adams) County, Penna., died 1814; married Martha Van Zant born December 10, 1761. Two of their children will be mentioned here.

CHILDREN:
( ) Neeltie (Nellie or Helen), baptised December 20, 1789 at Conewago. No further record, doubtless died young.
(166 ) David C. Cassatt, born near Gettysburg, Pa., February 15, 1788. David was a very intelligent man, though of limited advantages, but had a strong, attractive personality.

(562 ) MILLIE CASSAT:
Millie Cassat, daughter of Elias Cassat, born February 11, 1870; married Belmer Dater.

CHILDREN:
( ) i. Mildred, married Ross Fetters and they had Margaret, Harold and Chester.
( ) ii. Wright, died in infancy.
( ) iii. Paye, born June 1896.
( ) iv. Raymond, born January 1901.
( ) v. John Elias, born May 1905.

(563 ) JAMES EDWIN CASSAT


CHILDREN:
( ) i. Bertha (Lillian) Cassat, married Oulie Kent and they had a daughter Josephine.
( ) ii. Fern Cassat. (m. Pearl Peck, Moulton, Iowa.)
( ) iii. Harold (Elias) Cassat. (m. Chloe Chruthers, sister of Helen below)
( ) iv. Tumar (Lamar Spaker) Cassat. (m. Ruth Pearl Barker) Tumar was crossed out.
( ) v. Helen (Victoria) Cassat. (m. Hester Simmons)
( ) vi. Ross Cassat. (m. Helen Chruthers)
( ) vii. Joe (Joseph Taswell) Cassat, twin. (m. Margaret Hulls) Joe was crossed out.
( ) viii. Phylis Cassat, twin. (m. Jackie Davis)
( ) ix. Opal (May) Cassat. (m. Bennett Roberts)

Publishers note: The information above in script was written into the text in pencil by some reader
of the volume. Decide for yourself if it is accurate.

(564) **ETTA MAE CASSAT:**

Etta May Cassat, daughter of Elias, born September 6, 1879, Moulton, Iowa. Married Samuel P. Evans.

CHILDREN:
( ) i. Mayme, born February 14, 1906.

(565) **MARY CASSAT:**

Mary Cassat, born August 23, 1882, married Walker Canfield.

CHILDREN:
( ) Alice, b. June 1905;
( ) Gertrude, born January 1907.

(566) **HARRISON CASSAT:**

Harrison Cassat, son of Elias, born April 30, 1887; married Sadie Ingersoll.

CHILD:
( ) James Carson Cassat.

**Connewago Baptisms.**

( ) **ANNA COSHOW** (Kershow) and Peter Brokaw.

CHILDREN:
( ) i. Joores, baptised November 23, 1777.
( ) ii. Josowa, baptised January 10, 1779.
( ) iii. Pieter, baptised July 28, 1782.
( ) iv. Margarita, baptised April 4, 1784.
( ) v. Wilhelmina, baptised November 6, 1785.
( ) vi. Annatie baptised October 14, 1787.
( ) vii. Isaac, baptised June 1790.

Burials in the “Low Cutch” graveyard of the Conewago Colony about two miles East from Hunterstown.
(103) Francis Cossart and wife Margaret Van Nest - graves not marked.
(124) David Cassat, son of Francis 103, and his wife Sarah Van Dyne. The headstone is marked: “David and Sarah Cassat, 1823.”
(126) Jacob Cassat (son of Francis 103), 1813 and his wife Maria Montfort 1814.
(146) Peter Cassat, son of Jacob and Maria 126, died aged 4 years.
(137) Mary (Polly) Cassat, wife of Peter Hulick.
(126) Jacob Cassat, b. 1751, d. May 14, 1813/14.
(126) Maria Montfort, his wife, b. December 17, 1756, d. March 18, 1814.

Burials in the “Great Conewago” Presbyterian Church graveyard at Hunterstown, Adams County, Pa.
(135) Jacob Cassat (son of David 124, and his wife Mary McConoughy.
(181) Susen Cassat, daughter of Peter a brother of above Jacob. (Peter died in Baltimore, Md.) She was of middle age at her death. She was an aunt of Addie Cassat at Columbus, Ohio.
(152) Jacob Cassat, son of Jacob 126, and his wife Sarah McIlhenny.
(235) Their daughter Maria, aged 18. They had two small boys buried in the Low Dutch graveyard, mentioned above.

Submitted by Mrs. Bell of Hunterstown:

(150) "Magdalena Cassat, daughter of Jacob and Maria Montfort Cassat, married Peter Montfort, son of John and Sarah (Van Arsdale), born, in Adams County, Pa., January 22, 1792 died November 1859. Second wife Magdalena, born August 5, 1792, died January 16, 1861. Both were buried in the "Great Conewago" Presbyterian graveyard at Hunterstown.

(126) "In the same graveyard are these:

"Jacob Cassat, died December 20, 1838, aged 60 years. Also his wife Mary, died aged 86. I remember the old lady, having visited her with my grandmother when a child. Both names are on a slab, covering the grave. She was Mary McConoughy. Near there, presumably their son, David Cassat, September 18, 1825, aged 18 years. Another is Susan Cassat, died December 20, 1843, aged 44 years. She was a daughter of Peter, son of David whose wife was Sarah Van Dyne, son of Francis 103, the mother was Susan Stansbury.

Also these —
"Sarah Cassat, died November 4, 1857, aged 57 years.
Jacob Cassat, died June 19, 1873, aged 74 years.
Maria Louisea Cassat, died June 6, 1852, aged 57 years.

(149) MARY CASSATT:

Mary Cassatt, born May 9, 1790 on the Cassat farm near Hunterstown, Pa. Died at Gettysburg, Pa., October 31, 1863. Married William Thompson.

CHILDREN:
(  ) i. Jacob Cassat Thompson, b. January 24, 1820, Single.
(  ) ii. Sarah E. Thompson, b. March 21, 1827, married Montfort and lived at Gettysburg, Pa.
(  ) iii. Maria C. Thompson, born March 5, 1824 - unmarried.
(  ) v. Mrs. Anderson Thompson, born December 21, 1831, died June 1843.

(132) PETER CASSAT:

Peter Cassat, born August 14, 1781 in York County, Pa. died December 19, 1806 at Baltimore, Md. Married January 4, 1798 to Susan Stansbury born February 15, 1775, died February 12, 1849. Peter was a wholesale merchant of Baltimore, Md.

CHILDREN:
(  ) i. Ann Maria Cassat, b. December 6 1798, died in 1801, in infancy at Baltimore, Md.
(  ) ii. Sarah Vandine Cassat, born September 3, 1800, died 1801.
iii. Susan Stansbury Cassat, born March 15, 1802, died December 20, 1843 in Adams County Pa.
iv. Elizabeth Cassat, born April 17, 1803, died August 6, 1818 at Baltimore, Md.
v. Peter Alexander Cassat, born August 28, 1807 died September 19, 1853, married Sally Ann Clark, died Cleveland (Parma), Ohio.

This line of Cassats are now extinct.

(259) GIDEON MINOR CASSAT, married Winona Wolf. Living at Northville, S.D. in 1921.

(172) FRANCIS CASSATT, married Judith and they had:

CHILDREN:
i. Charles Carroll Cassatt.
ii. Mary Ellen Cassatt.
iii. Henry Clay Cassatt.
iv. Virginia Cassatt.
v. Francis Cassatt.
vi. Gideon Minor Cassatt.

vii. Myrtilla Barber Cassatt, married Mr. Green.
viii. Lafayette Cassatt, lived in Denver, drilled oil wells.
ix. Thomas Haynes Cassatt.

All the above are now dead.

(98) DAVID COSSART:

David Cossart (son of David and Styntje) line that went to the Mohawk Valley in New York from Bound Brook, N.J. just prior to the Revolutionary war:

"Canandagua, N.Y.,
June 5, 1905.

My great grandfather, James Cossart came from Mohawk Valley near Amsterdam, N.Y. He died here April 6, 1821 aged 73 years, his son David Cossart died here April 20, 1861 aged 71 years his son Charles Cossart was born November 8, 1825 (living in 1905), his son Edgar W. Cossart was born May 24, 1856, living at Canandagua, N.Y., in 1905.

Edgar W. Cossart."

( ) THEOPHILUS COSSART:

The Pennsylvania Magazine Volume 6, 1882, page 68, mentions a Mr. Theophilus Cossart of Lancaster, Pa., as printing the Sauer Almanac for that and following years from 1779, inclusive.

"Lancaster Press Club,
Lancaster, Penna.,
March 2, 1902.

O. L. Cozad, Marion, Ohio.
My dear Sir:

Theophilus Cossart came to this city from Philadelphia and opened a printing establishment in 1778. In 1779 he published his first almanac with the following title (translated) “The Republican Almanac for the year 1779. The first time issued, Published and sold by Theophilus Cossart and Company.” In Lancaster, near the prison the same year he published a book with the title "Conversation between Dr. Beale and Jehemino.” He published Almanacs in the year 1780 and 1781. After this year he seems to have mysteriously disappeared. His name appears on the assessors list in the County Court House for the years mentioned but there is no conclusive trace of his whereabouts afterwards. Private records to which I have had access, after some research, seem to indicate his having gone to Baltimore, but this is not positively authentic. I am extremely sorry I am not better able to serve you in the matter.

Respectfully yours,

/s/ D. R. McNeal, Lancaster, Pa.”


(222) MARY CASSATT:

Mary Cassatt, daughter of Henry 143, married George Parrott.

CHILDREN:

(394) i. Harriet Parrott, born September 3, 1847.

(953) ii. Henry Parrott, born October 15, 1849

(396) iii. George Parrott, born January 21, 1860.

(394) Harriett Parrott and J. C. Thornburg were married December 22, 1870.

CHILDREN:

( ) i. Mary Thornburg, born November 3, 1871, deceased.

( ) ii. Ernest Thornburg, born March 18, 1873.

( ) iii. Martha Thornburg, born December 25, 1874. married William Brunfield December 18, 1895

CHILDREN:


( ) b. Sylvia Brunfield, January 20, 1900.

( ) c. Lucille Brunfield, born September 21, 1902, dead.

( ) d. Belie Brunfield, born June 6, 1908,

( ) e. Neil Brunfield, born November 25, 1910.

( ) f. Joseph Brunfield, born June 8, 1914.

( ) iv. Rhoda May Thornburg, born May 17, 1877, deceased.

( ) v. Bert W. Thornburg, born March 15, 1885.

CHILDREN:

( ) a. Tarlton Thornburg, born April 6, 1907.

( ) b. Marcel Thornburg, born February 3, 1909.

( ) vi. Earnest Thornburg married Irene Turner October 1893.

CHILDREN:


( ) b. Margaret H. Thornburg, born August 28, 1900.
Henry Parrott, born October 15, 1849, died October 17, 1898, married Almira Cox October 12, 1878.

CHILDREN:
- i. Nola E. Parrott, born October 20, 1878.

CHILD:
- b Francis Henry born July 24, 1912.


"Lebanon Warren County, Ohio Records."

MARRIAGES:
- (144) Albert Cozat, and Magdalena Banta marriage license issued July 20, 1803.
- (166) David E. Cassat, and Mary See married February 20, 1816 by Rev. William Gray, Presbyterian minister of Lebanon.
- ( ) John Cozart and Mary Miller, marriage license July 20, 1824.
- ( ) Luezer Cozat and Sarah Bliss, marriage license Feb. 7, 1827.
- (196) Elisha Cozat, and Elizabeth Cramer September 23, 1830 by J. S. Williams, Justice of the Peace.

DEEDS:
- (141) Daniel Banta conveyed October 25, 1818 40 acres to Peter Cossart (141), and 77 acres to Albert Cossart (144) and another tract to Henry Cossart (143).
- (141) Peter Cossart sold his land to Dennis Cassatt (173).
- (196) Elisha Cozat also owned land in the same vicinity 2½ miles north-east of Lebanon.

PROBATE COURT RECORDS:
- (130) Estate of Francis Cassatt deceased 1814, minor children named: Peter, Francis, Dennis, Bernard, Maria. Noah Cory appointed guardian October 18, 1814.
- (143) Will of Henry Cossairt (Cassatt) date June 5, 1849, Probated April 9, 1853. Elisha Cozat (196) was one of the witnesses.
- (196) The will of Elisha Cozat probated March 25, 1853, names wife Elizabeth, daughter Margaret and Mary, wife of Stephen Keever and Mary wife of John Keever.
- ( ) Will of Elizabeth Ann Cozart probated September 1863, names daughter Susan. They lived on the east side of the Little Miami.
- (143) The will of Henry Cassant probated April 9, 1853 (died March 31, 1853), was executed June 5, 1859. The name is signed Cassant and so written in the body of the will, but witnesses in probating the will call the testator Henry Cassatt.

Data by Josiah Morrow, Attorney at Law, Lebanon, Ohio, October 3, 1918.”
"Warren County, Ohio, Data

The name Cozad was not a common surname in the county in 1790 when the census were taken.

The name Banta does not occur there in 1790.
The name Deryea, Dejea, Duryea is found borne by 40 heads of families consisting of 185 persons for the year 1790.
Josiah Morrow, Attorney at Law,
Lebanon, Warren County, Ohio."

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Cozart Data

"C.B. Cozart Grain Co.,
Oklahoma City, Okla.,
September 24th 1917.

O.L. Cozad,
Marion, Ohio.

Sir:

In answer to your favor of the 20th inst., I have little knowledge of the Cozart family.

My father's name was Jasper Cozart, born raised and lived in Western Tennessee. I don't know his father's name. He has one brother living, Gilbert Cozart, Newbern, Tennessee,

Write Hillary Cozart, Newbern, Tenn., he may be able to give names of Cozart families. Also Mrs. Kate Strader, Miami, Texas and Mrs. George Coon of Hickman, Kentucky.

C.B. Cozart."

The above refers to the descendants of Anthony Cozart (603) mentioned in first part of this addenda.

Data furnished by Miss Betty Diehl of New Oxford, Pa.:

"I have often passed the Low Dutch burying ground about half way between New Oxford, Pa. and Hunterstown, Pa. It used to look like a wilderness but several years ago through funds donated by the late Alexander J. Cassatt (274) (President of the Penna. R.R. Company) it was restored and the one and only time I was in it, I found it to be in good condition. My mother never mentioned, as far as I can remember, just where the church stood, but my sister said she thought it stood in the graveyard enclosure. Will inquire of some of the older life-long residents. I shall copy what my Adams County history says of the Dutch reformed congregation:

"Reformed Dutch Church of Conewago

"This church in its entirety was brought by the Dutch with them from Holland. The site of the first church was on what is now the York Pike, two miles east of Hunterstown, and down the Pike to Two Taverns - long known as the Low Dutch Road. In March 1817, the Legislature authorized the
congregation to sell their property, which was done, and the church dissolved and merged into the Presbyterian Church. The congregation had internal dissensions, a split at one time, but the chief cause of its winding up its affairs was the fact that the Dutch were a migrating people and many were leaving the area.

The Dutch emigration from Adams County commenced in 1800 in two directions north and west. Daniel Boone was a native of Bucks County, Pa. born in 1735. He was the pioneer that led the way to Kentucky in that time only inhabited by the red man. He was in Kentucky in 1769, and founded the site of Boonesboro, where he lived until 1792. Following him to the Indian lands the first to go were some of the Dutch from Conewago. Collins, in his “History of Kentucky,” says: “The first Dutch emigration to Kentucky, in a group or company, was in 1781, to White Oak Springs Station, on the Kentucky River, one mile above Boonesboro. Among the emigrants were Henry Banta Jr., Abraham and John Banta, Samuel, Peter, David, Henry and Albert Duree, Peter Cosart or Casad (Cassat) Frederick Riperdan and John Fluetz (Yeury). Those names are all familiar names in Adams County. It tells very plainly where they were from, This was the commencement of the stream that poured into Kentucky from Pennsylvania for many years.”

At the end of the reading it states that the branch that emigrated to New York were led by the Brinkerhoffs in 1793 and settled in what is now Cayuga County. A good many Brinkerhoff graves are in the Low Dutch yard. Mrs. Margaret (Brinkerhoff) Toughinhaugh in Hunterstown has an old grandfather clock that belonged to the Cassat family. She has the history of its possession from the early days. It was made in Germany of curly maple and has the days of the week on the dial. I think Mrs. Toughinhaugh’s ancestors were related to the Cassats, but I am not sure about that. I know her family quite well and will ask her anything you wish me to.

The location of the old church as given in a sketch in the "Gettysburg Compiler" is very confusing. The graveyard is about two miles north of the Lincoln Highway (York Road) and the Low Dutch Road is further up the highway (west), three miles long and running to the south of the highway, meeting the Baltimore Pike about the Two Taverns.

The Cassats are mentioned frequently in my book and if you are not familiar with this history (Bates) I will give you the names and corresponding incidents. The older generation pronounced the name with the emphasis on the first syllable, but the present generation puts the emphasis on the last syllable. This is the only form of spelling in this community, or the Philadelphia papers so far as I have noticed.

The Jacob Cassat to whom I referred to in my article was the father-in-law of my Great uncle Col. James L. Neely. I have childhood recollections of mother’s aunt Sarah (Cassat) Neely. We often visited her and her two daughters who lived with her in an old stone house near Hunterstown, The 'girls' (maiden Ladies) later moved to Hunterstown but are both dead now. All belonged to the Conewago Presbyterian Church as did my mother and her folks. Col. Neely died April 23, 1863. Sarah Cassat was the eldest daughter of Hon. Jacob Cassat and married December 18, 1829. The Neelys had three daughters and two sons. The only ones I knew were the above, Josephine, Margaret and their mother. One son Jacob Cassat Neely, who was called "Kaz" was an attorney in Gettysburg for many years,, and his son, Samuel Neely is an attorney there now. You will notice that he is a great grandson of Hon. Jacob Cassat.

From the marriage record of Rev. Dobbin, pastor of Reformed Presbyterian Church, 1774-1808 is the following:

"John Magoffin and Kitty Cassat, March 25, 1800, Mt. Pleasant Township."
At a political gathering the following toast was given by Mr. Jacob Cassat: 
"May the co-partnership of Democracy, folly and corruption be dissolved, and the debts and credits of the firm placed to the account of James Madison."

Attending the first court in Gettysburg, one of the visiting attorneys was David Cassat, and in 1819 he was on an examining board with Thaddeus Stevens. If you have lived in Penna. you know how prominent the latter was in politics.

A description of the Low Dutch Church by the Rev. Demarest who knew more of its history than any man then living. Here is what he says of the location of the church:

"It was on a piece of land which had been patented, had a stone foundation, which some still living have seen and had a spacious, perhaps rather thin, airy, spiritual superstructure of pine boards, barn-like in style of architecture, (suggesting, I trust, its spiritual harvests) which also some living have seen, though its form had been changed. But of this more anon. The site of the church first and always was on what is now the York Pike, near the Duther railway station (Guldens) about a half mile from the cemetery." A long half mile I think. A friend of mine said it was on her grandfather’s farm and said that at one time there were some gravestones there.

At one time the Brinkerhoffs were offered $1000 for the old grandfather clock.

Aunt Sarah Neely lived in an old stone house of good size and somewhere between the church and New Chester, but about a half mile from the former. The 'girls' and the mother used to walk to church.

/s/ BETTY DIEHL.
New Oxford, Pa.,
January 23, 1935.

(601) JACOB COSART:

Jacob Cosart. In the old burying ground north of, and near to, the railroad at Bound Brook, N.J., stood, until recently, a tombstone with the following inscription:

“Here lies the body of Jacob Cosart deceased April 19th AD, 1772 in the 71st year of his age. Few and evil here on the stage, Hath been ye days of my pilgrimage. Our life is short come here and see! Prepare for death and follow me! That you may join the throng and sing! And promise the name of Christ King.”

The gravestone is on line and near the headstone dedicated to Thomas Coon, to Thomas Coon Jr., and to the latter's wife Elizabeth being next to the last. The stone is of red sandstone, evidently brought from England, polished on one side and rough on the other, like so many of the stones in the same and neighboring cemeteries.


The Presbyterian burying ground above mentioned at Bound Brook is located near the corner of East Main Street, on East Street and High Street.

J.A.C.

(8) DAVID COSSART:
David Cossart baptised June 18, 1671, New York City, died 1739 in Somerset County, N.J. Married October 11, 1696 to Christinna Van Horne, born May 9, 1677.

CHILDREN:
(95) i. Lea baptised July 21, 1697, married March 31, 1716 to John Harpending.
(96) ii. George (Joris) Cossart baptised November 19, 1699, married September 16, 1730 to Elisabeth Hooglandt. He was lost at sea enroute to Europe.
(97) iii. Jacob Cossart, baptised January 28, 1702 married Wilhelmina Kenney of Somerset County, N.J.
(98) iv. David Cossart, baptised April 23, 1704, married Catherine of Somerset County, N.J.
(99) v. Mary Cossart, baptised July 3, 1706, married Williamson of Somerset County, N.J.
(100) vi. Susanna Cossart, baptised April 10, 1709, married Conine of Somerset County, N.J.
(101) vii. John Cossart, baptised November 11, 1711, died in Childhood.
(102) viii. Eleanor Cossart, baptised December 7, 1912. (Neeltje).
(104) ix. Jane Cossart, baptised May 15, 1715.
(103) xi. Francis Cossart, baptised July 21, 1717, married Margaret Van Nest, both died 6 miles east of Gettysburg, Pa.
(105) xi. Eva Cossart, baptised September 23, 1719 (Aefje).

Cossart Data obtained from New Jersey State House
"N.J. Secy. of State,

DEED:
April 2, 1727  David Cossart (8) of Somerset County, N.J., Yeoman, to Aaron and Moses Louzada both of same, merchants, land in town of New Milford in said County, on north side of Rarington River.
David Corsade and wife Stanchy Cosaart
(By Mark)"

"N.J. Secy. of State

DEED:
July 29, 1734  David Cossart Sr., of Somerset County, Yeomen, to Aaron and Moses Louzada, both of said county, merchants. Land in New Milford on north side of Rarington River.
David Corsade and wife Stanchy Cosaart
(By Mark)"

"N.J. Secy. of State,
Volume 32, page 479.

DEED:
November 1740  Francis Cosort and wife Margaret of Piscataway, Middlesex County, Yeoman, to Jonathan Dunn of Elizabethtown, Essex County. P1antation which Cosort bought of Peter Williamson 13 May, in 13 of Lord George, and Williamson bought of Even Drummond and James Alexander Esqrs. 17 May 1756 and being in Piscataway, of 162 acres."

"N.J. Secy. of State,
DEED
Oct. 1745 Thomas Wetherell, Burgen County, Yeoman to John Croshaw of New Hanover Twp.,
Burgen Co., Yeoman, 100 acres below the falls of the Delaware which was bought of the Indians."

"N.J. Sec. of State,
DEED
June 1788 John Croshaw of New Hanover Twp., Burgen County, to Greshom Shreve of same,
land that adjoins land sold by said Croshaw to Thomas Earl Jr. and by William Fox and Benjamin
Harkirs and by Thomas Croshaw and land late George Croshaw and Joseph Lamb of 230 Acres,
and being part of land devised to John Croshaw by his Grandfather John Croshaw, deceased."

"N.J. Secy. of State,
Liber A, p. 18.
WILL:
( 9 ) Anthony Cosar, witness to will of Edward Doty, October 18, 1717.
( ) Hiaram Cozart, son of James, married Mary Brinson in Shelby County, Texas and they
had two children, Mary and Mathew (commonly called Buck).
( ) Mary Jane Ayers, married Aaron Shannon Chambers in Bryan, Texas in 1869 and they
had Josephine who died in infancy and Adah Elizabeth (now Mrs. McKnight), Benjamin, James
and Queena.
( ) Emily Cozart married 1st time Baker by whom she had two children, Thomas and
Fannie; married 2nd time to Yarborough by whom she had two daughters, Mary and Florence all
married and have families. Joseph never married.

Miscellaneous Data:

( ) The last of the Cossart family at Frankenthal, Germany, was Konrad Cusart.
( ) The compiler has a photograph of the Cusart house where Konrad Cusart lived It
was the old homestead of that family.
( ) The compiler also has a photograph of the Walloon Huguenot Church in
Frankenthal, Germany, which had probably been attended by Jacques Cossart (3)
and his wife Lea Villman. The building is still in use and is now a Catholic church in
that city.
( ) St. Peter, the oldest church in Leyden, Holland. The compiler has a photograph of
this church. Perhaps Jacques Cossart attended there. The following plaque with
inscription was placed on church by Americans:

"The Mayflower, in memory of Rev. John Robinson, M.A. pastor of the English Church A.D. 1609-
1625. Thence at his prompting went forth the Pilgrim Fathers to settle in New England 1620.
Buried under this house of worship 4 March 1625: XLIX years. Erected by the National Council of
Congregational Churches of the U.S.A. A.D.1891"
Francis Cossart. The compiler possesses a photograph of the house of Francis Cossart built in 1760 and was located in Straban Township, York (now Adams) County, near Hunterstown and Gettysburg, Pa. This building was recently razed to make room for another building.

Jacques Cossart was married August 14, 1656 to Lea Villemin (Lydia Willems).

Jacob Cossat, Cousseau, Cossow etc., baptised at New York, April 11, 1668, married September 28, 1695 to Anna Maria Springsteen, daughter of John. They lived in Brooklyn.

Jacob Cosart, or Cossow of Brooklyn born about 1706. Married Jannete Bogart, daughter of Tunis.

Jacob Caeshow, Kershaw, of Brooklyn, married Rachel Smith, license dated November 19, 1783, they later settled in Bridgewater Twp., Somerset County, N. J. He was born February 25, 1748, died November 21, 1822, and is buried in the Vosseller burial ground west of South Branch, New Jersey.

Jacob and Margaret Brokaw.

Jacob Kershaw born in Bridgewatar Twp., Somerset Co., N.J. November 28, 1810 was baptised at the Readington Church April 14, 1811, he married Elizabeth De Mott the young widow of Wyckoff. They lived in Branchburg Twp., where he died in January 1863.

Gilbert Lane Kershow.

John and Mary Simonson had children:
  i. Jacob, m. Lena Stockholm.
  ii. Frederick m. Margaret Hardenbergh
  iii. Mary m. Abraham Snedaker
  iv. John m. Antonette Snedeker
  v. Mouris m. Catherine Van Wicklen
  vi. Abraham, m. Sarah Downing

Jacob and Janette Bogart had children:
  i. Tunis m. Effie Cook
  ii. Jacob m. Rachel Smith
  iii. Isaac m. ......?
  iv. Maria m. Oakey Voorhees.

Jacob and Phoebe Van Cleef.

Janette m. Cornelius Duryea.

m. Maria and had children:
  i. Jacob m. Catherine, m. 2nd Mary Brokaw
  ii. Mary I
  iii. Mary II
  iv. Aeltje m. Adrian Voorhees
  v. Cornelius m. Wilhelmina Nevius
  vi. Abraham m. Anna Kennedy
Jerome and Jane Nevius had children:

i. Jacob

ii. Maria

Abraham m. Janete Nevius and had children:

i. Maria m. Barnet Bloom

ii. Wilhelmina m. John Neafe

iii. Jacob m. Elizabeth Rapalye

iv. Martha m. Mercy

v. Anna

vi. Catherine

SURROGATES OFFICE NEW YORK CITY.

Liber 21, page 102 Will of Jacob Cassow, Brooklyn.
Date May 31, 1745 wife - none named.
Sons: John, Jacob, Jeronemus, Abraham, .
Daughters: Anna, Jannete, Agnes, Catherine.
Executors: Sons Jacob and Abraham, nephew John Culver.
Witnesses: Rem Remsen, Jacob Remsen, Albert Schenck,
Probated October 2, 1858.

Liber 25, page 249 Will of Jacob Cassow, of Brooklyn.
Date May 23, 1765 Wife · Phoebe Van Cleef.
Sons: Anthony, Jacob and Isaac
Daughters: by 1st wife: Maria, by 2nd. wife Jannete
Executors: Sons Anthony and Jacob and friend Cornelius Duryea, and Abraham
Schenck. Witnesses: Jacob Remsen, George Remsen and Anthony Rapalye.
Probated June 14, 1766.


Probated: September 5, 1785.

Liber 35, page 33 Will of Jannete · Widow of Jeremiah Remsen late of Brooklyn, mentions Wilhelmina daughter of Abraham Casyou deceased. Dated February 7, 1780 Probated June 28, 1782,

Liber 4, page 430 Letters of Administration granted to Mary Cashow of New York City widow of John Cashow, grocer of same place, deceased.


Surrogates Office Kings County, N.Y. Letters of Administration. Liber 2, page 134 Estate of Tunis Casshow late of the town Bushwick, deceased to Gabriel Carshow son and to John McKnight and William Fox sons-in-law Date October 16, 1819.
Deed of Tunis Cershow and Effee his wife. Abraham Cook and Catherine his wife. Garret Cook, Maria Cook, Margaret Gilbert Cook, deceased of Bushwick. Date December 20, 1805. Recorded April 13, 1833.

Deed of Tunis Kershow · Gabriel Kershow and wife Elizabeth, Maria Kershow, Jane Kershow of Bushwick for land to John Floyd. Signatures: Gabriel Carshow, Elizabeth Curshow, Maria Kershow Jane Kershow, Tunis Kershow, Elisabeth Cershow. Date May 9, 1816. Recorded July 10, 1816. Liber 11, p. 537.

Deed of John McKnight and wife Maria, William Fox and wife Jane of Newton to Gabriel Carshow and Elizabeth Carshow (single) of Bushwick, land there, fate June 30, 1820, Recorded July 1, 1820. Liber 12, page 540.


Deed of Martin Carshow to Jacob Kershow for land at Bushwick. Date June 23, 1786, Recorded April 27, 1830. Liber 28, p. 268.


Deed of Tunis Rapalye to Martin Cushow of Bushwick of half part of land at the Wallabout date January 13, 1798. Recorded September 1, 1798. Liber 7, page 136.


$9,000 bond of Martin Carshow, also called Kershow, in which he is to pay Ann or Anne Carshow or Kershow the sum of $4,500 before March 21, 1800, Date March 25, 1798. Recorded June 7, 1798. Liber 8, page 178.

Somerset County, N.J. Cemetery Inscriptions.

Harlington Churchyard:
“Catherine wife of Jacob Kershow died June 27, 1777 aged 66 years.
Vosseller Burial Grounds of South Branch:
“Jacob Kershow, died November 21, 1822, aged 74 years 8 mos, 27 days (born Feb. 25, 1748). Rachel Smith wife of above died October 22, 1847, aged 83 years 7 months
29 days (born February 23, 1764)."

Middlebush (Cedar Grove) Cemetery:
("Maria Kershow, second wife of Cornelius S. Nevius died May 10, 1891, aged 85 years, 6 months. Born 1806.

Caster-Compton burial grounds north of Somerville:
("Mary Kershow, wife of George Remer, born 1837, died 1815."

Notes of these inscriptions.

There is a big blunder in the first item. This Catherine was the first wife of Jacob Cershow (Kershow) who was baptised. November 27, 1737 (son of Joost) the age is about 30 years too much. She must have been born about 1741 four years later than her husband, and was married about 1762. She must have been 36 years old, not 66.

The date and age of Jacob Kershow who died in 1822 proves he was a son of Jacob and Jannetje Bogart, there is no other place for him. You will notice that he was 16 years older than his wife when they were married in 1783 - she being 19 and he 35 years old.

I know nothing about the other two items. I don't seem to find the first in the Nevius book.

Dutch Names and their English Equivalent:

Neeltje is equivalent to Cornelia.
Helena, Lenah and Ellen are equivalent to Eleanor.
Aefje is equivalent to Effie or Euphemia. It is pronounced. AFFEE
Joris or Jores pronounced. YORAS and means George.
Frans is Francis.
Angentie usually written Angenietje is Agnes.
Jeronemus same as Jerome.
Brigie or Brectje is Bridget.

The Great Conewago Presbyterian Church,
Hunterstown.

That edifice is exactly as old as the Constitution of the United States. It was the "new" church back in 1787 because nearby in the old graveyard enclosure stood its predecessor, organized in 1740. That was the fifth Presbyterian church erected in America and it was constructed of unhewn logs. The first regular pastor held that pulpit 30 years and nearby was his large and fruitful farm named Castle Hill. It was here that he erected one of those old academies for boys. Worshipers carried their own foot stoves to that ancient house of worship - a sheet iron box filled with hot charcoals, Great Conewago's architect was the Rev. Joseph Henderson and his annual salary seven years prior to the erection of that edifice consisted of 697 bushels of wheat. Wonder why those frugal parishioners didn't make it an even 700, yet the fact is they did not.
The Rev. David McConaughy, first honor grad at the then new Dickinson College at Carlisle held the pastorate for two congregations at a yearly pay of $400.
State Senator Jacob Cassat (135) was a member of that congregation. It was he who made a ringing appeal against the "Buckshot War" raiders, but he was driven out and was found dead in bed next morning.
Only five miles from Gettysburg, Great Conewago Church was used as a Confederate hospital. The pastor sent a barrel of sermons for safekeeping to Chambersburg only to have them burned by Confederates the following summer.

Great Conewago stood within the realm of Pen's “Manor of Maske” laid out in 1741. That vast estate which the proprietors of this Commonwealth retained for private purposes stretched along the branches of Marsh Creek. Penn’s surveyor permitted the Irish settlers there to live in the capacity of tenant and landlord. After the harassed surveyor said it was “as much as a man’s life is worth to go amongst them.” Yes those Irish did their own thinking, they formed a goodly portion of McPherson’s battalion in 1775 and were among the first contingent of Pennsylvania Troops to march at a speed of 35 miles a day to get to the fighting at Boston.

( ) **William Franklin Cozad**, farmer, 514 Lander Ave., Turlock, Calif., married Mildred Bernice Gildersleeve born at Napa, Calif 1 June 1903, daughter of Edward Smith and Lillian Edith (Topping) Gildersleeve. They were married at Merced, Calif. 7 October 1921.

CHILDREN:

( ) i. Leonard Melvin Cozad, born 15 May 1925.

( ) **Anthony Cosart**, married Phebe Moore born August 10, 1772, and removed to the vicinity of Utica, N.Y., from Morris County, N.J. Her parents were David Moore who married March 30, 1769, Betha Cutler, daughter of Uriah and Rachel (Canfield) Cutler who was baptised November 25, 1750 and were united with the 1st Presbyterian Church at Morristown, N.J., July 18.

( ) **General Kershaw**, took part in the battle of Sailors Creek which was the last great battle of the civil war which was one of the severest conflicts of the civil war. Comparatively little is heard of the battle because it completely over—shadowed by the surrender of the Confederacy only three days later. The battle took place on April 5, 1865 and the scene was in the general neighborhood of Amelia Court House, about 30 miles west of Petersburg, Va. (See p. 211u).

( ) **“R. G. Cossaart**, a descendant of David Cossart (8): farmer, Post Office, Crete, was born in New York State September 29, 1824, and is the son of David and Ellenor (Griggs) Cossaart, farmer, a native of New York: soldier of the war of 1812: mother from New Jersey in 1850, moved to Onida County, New York, here he was engaged in the manufacture of scythes, pitchforks and farming implements: in 1854, he came west to Illinois and was engaged in working in different parts of Wills County, Illinois, at the carpenters and joiners trade: in 1864, he removed to the present homestead, here he has remained ever since, engaged in farming. Married twice: 1st wife C. Talmage of N.J. : 2nd. wife Sarah McClain: they have two children. Mr. Cossaart owns a fine improved farm of 228 acres. (Reference: History of Wills County, Illinois, 1878, page 891).

( 544 ) **Ephriam Cossaart** was named for Ephriam Dent of Hicky County, Mo., a friend of Jacob Cossaart. Charles was also named for a friend of Jacob,

( ) **Don Francisco Cruzat** born at Taffalor, Navarre, Spain. Captain of Grenadiers
and came to Louisiana 1769 and became a Lieutenant-Governor of upper Louisiana.  
(Reference: History of Louisiana).

David Cossart:

In 1688 the valuation of realestate in the South Ward, New York City was £ 29,250. And the valuation in the West Ward for the same year was £ 9,600.

Crests and Coats of Arms.

Duryea:
Arg 3 boar’s heads gu each holding a ball. Crest: A boars head of the field. Motto: “Fide et fortutitudine.”

Duryee:

Van Nest:
Az of fess arg met by pale from the chief to the fess point, between two stars of six points in chief and another in base (or). Motto: Pro Deo et Noblissima, partes Batavarum.

Alchorn, Kent

Mount, English: Crest:
A demi man in armor, brandishing a scimitar prpr. Plate 27, Crest 11.

Mount, Kent.
A fox, salient, supporting the trunk of a tree, raguled.

********* Adah Cozat, daughter of Benjamin, married June 7, 1825 to William Skellinger. *********

Benjamin Cosad son of John, married Betsy Van Atta.

Elizabeth Corzatt, daughter of Richard, married Hermanes Hilderbrandt, born 1783, had children: Barbara Ann, b. 1807 January 25th; Elisha, born 1810, December 26th; Christian Beavers, b. 1815 May 11th.

Mary Cossart, daughter of Jacob married Richard Sutton.

Nancy Corzat, born 1764, died 6 December 1851; married John Wolf and they had: George, Augustus, Christopher, Elizabeth, Mary, Lydia and Jacob,

As an average, how many descendants has an American Settler at the 10th generation?

A. Great differing estimates have been made. Donald L. Jacobus, the New England genealogist is of the opinion that the total number of descendants of any one colonist of the period from 1620—40 amounts to over 200,000.
J. Gardner Bartlett, from an examination of 10,000 families of New England, estimates 78,125 descendants in eight generations.

**Authorities for Cossart Records.**

1. Dutch Church of New York.
2. Somerset County, N.J. Historical Quarterly.
4. John Montfort's will.
6. Bound Brook Presbyterian Church.
7. Weaver Family of New York.
8. Dutch Reformed Church Hartigen, N.J.

(149) **Mary Elizabeth Montfort**, daughter of David and Sarah, born April 5, 1857, living 1920 at Springtown, Bucks County, Pa., married October 14, 1880 at Gettysburg, Pa., Rev. Oliver Hoffman Melchor born December 23, 1848, living 1920.

Mrs. Melchor has been interested in genealogical records for many years and has been of great assistance to the compiler in obtaining records of Francis and Margaret Cossart's descendants. She has in her possession the Bible of Maria Montfort Cassatt, her great grandmother, which contains the birth records of Jacob and Maria's children, and confirms the baptismal records of the Conewago Low Dutch Church, published in the Somerset County, N.J. Historical Society's Quarterly, which interesting publication has unfortunately been suspended.

(113) **Elizabeth Doty**: 1449 Record of Wills. Elizabeth Doty, late Elizabeth Lewis of Mendham Township, Morris County, N.J. "To Presbyterian Church at New Market Twp., £ 21. Grandchildren: Phebe Conger, Elizabeth Conger and Abraham Lewis Conger rest when of age and if they die then to my sister Sarah Riggs the daughter of Peter Cox and Hannah Cozad the daughter of Job Cozad. Executors: Joshua Jennings Esq., Ebenezer Coe Esq., Hiram Condict. Signed by mark. Will made 29 December 1797. Probated December 10, 1811.

(612) **Frank and Sarah Blacksheire**, natives of Delaware, came to Pennsylvania early in life and settled, in Greene County. Had four children. (a) - James E. born April 15, 1832 in Greene County, Pa., was farmer and stock grower.

(612) "Eliphalet Lewis married April 12, 1743, Elizabeth Cosad, daughter of Jacob Cosad of Black River (or Bridgewater). Her name is variously given as Cusat or Cosart. He was a trustee of the Sucasunna Presbyterian Church in 1768. The estate of Eliphalet Lewis was administered on by Samuel Cosad, December 10, 1787 (683N). No record of children, but Jacob Cosad's will, dated 1772, names a grandson, Abram Lewis.

*(Reference: Somerset Historical Quarterly, Volume 6, page 118 · 1917).*

(103) **Francis Cossart**: 

"The Pennsylvania Provisional Conference of 1776; by James Gibson, October 1954, Volume LVIII No. 232, page 312: The Historical Society of Penna., 1300 Locust Street, Philadelphia · mentions
delegates to this convention:

Col. James Smith    Robert McPherson
Col. Henry Stagle   Richard M. Chester
James Egan          Donald Kennedy
William Rankin      Capt. James Read.

( ) John Corzatt and Elizabeth Bogart married February 7, 1812. Hunterdon County, N.J.

( ) Mary Coats and Christopher Lifler, married March 14, 1812. Hunterdon County, N.J.

THE COSHOW FAMILY HISTORY

March 31, 1952.
Luelle Wood MacKenzie,
Moulton, Iowa.
Dear Madam:

I was glad to receive your favor of the 26th instant regarding the Coshow lineage. I have been searching for a good many years to find the earliest person by that name in America. Had I been more thoughtful as a boy, my grandfather Coshow could doubtless have told me. My father, after he became quite old, told me that his father informed him that two men by the name of Coshow came to this country with Lafayette, took part in the Revolutionary War, and settled in Virginia after the war. His information is not accurate. My grandfather Coshow was born near Lexington, Kentucky, in 1808, early enough, it seems to me, for him to have known at least the name of his father or grandfather, whichever it was who served in the Revolutionary War. Only a very few people came with Lafayette to America. In my quest, I have found the name of one Coshow who lived near Wilmington, Delaware, and who served as an interpreter on Lafayette's staff during the Revolutionary War. I presume that his service shows the true connection between the Coshows and Lafayette.

That Coshow, however, is not my ancestor, because he lived and died in the vicinity of Wilmington, Delaware, part of the time living in Maryland, near Wilmington while my grandfather was born, in Kentucky, as stated above. I have been unable to identify my great-grandfather. He might have been killed by the Indians in the early Indian wars. A man by the name of William Coshow, who might have been my great-grandfather, was the grantee in a deed to a tract of land in which deed Daniel Boone was the grantor.

My grandfather, Robert Coshow, crossed over into Ohio while he was yet a very young man, and lived near Cincinnati I remember him telling me that he worked in a distillery in Cincinnati. He married Julia Perrin. My father was born July 4, 1831, at Connersville, Indiana. Father has one sister living, but I could get no reliable information from her. Her mother died when she was very small, and she seems to know very little about her father's ancestors.

I received a letter to-day from Annie Walker Burns, Duvall Building, 210 West Main Street,
Frankfort, Kentucky. She describes herself as "historical research and publisher of history and art books and literature". Probably you have received a similar letter from her. It is my opinion, however, that the work she mentions in her letter would not reveal any information of the Coshow family.

I do not know anything of the Coshows who must have been living in Jennings County, Indiana. I have run on to several different Coshows from different families during my research, but none of them knew anything about their ancestors other than their immediate parents or grandparents and I have been unable to connect them with my great grandfather.

I will be very much interested in knowing what information you have gathered, and would be very glad to give you any further information that I have about the early Coshows. This name was originally spelled something like Cachean. The Cashow family that are near Wilmington, Delaware, that I mentioned above, so spelled the name when first we find it, but later it was spelled just as we spell our name now.

Very truly yours,

O. P. COSHOW."

**************************

"Coshow and Stockman,
Attorneys and Counsellors,
Title and Trust Building,
Portland, Oregon,

July 29, 1932.

Mrs. Luella Wood Mackenzie,
Moulton, Iowa.

Dear Mrs. Mackenzie:

Referring again to my letter of March 31, 1952, in answer to yours of the 26th of the same month, we have our family reunion the 30th and 31st of this month, and in preparing a report as historian, I have run onto a number of items which I didn't call to mind, when I wrote my last letter to you.

To sum up briefly, I am convinced that my great-grandfather's name was William Coshow who was born in Virginia. My grandfather's name was Robert Coshow. He was born near Lexington, Kentucky, in April 1808. He moved with his father to Indian Creek, Ohio, and then to Clermont County, Ohio, where William Coshow died. It is my belief now that the said William Coshow was a son of Benoni Coshow who lived in Virginia and moved to Kentucky.

There were two William Coshows, one of whom was killed by the Indians and left a son William, who moved to Missouri. I give you the benefit of a newspaper clipping regarding one of his sons, which was sent to me by Marie Coshow of Osage, Missouri, August 10, 1925. I hope this will help you in your search for your ancestry.

I received a letter from Maude L. Cosho, the widow of Harry Cosho. She is proprietress of the Hotel Bristol at Boise, Idaho. Her father-in-law was A. H. Coshow, who also descended from the Virginia-Kentucky family of Coshows. Her father-in-law died a number of years ago, her husband less than a year ago. She says: "My husband had often mentioned the Coshow tradition. Whether or not it is true, we do not know, but it seems that the family originally lived in northern Italy. At
the time family names were adopted, Co show took his name from a particular oiled cape or rain coat affair that was worn for protection against the weather. This, of course, must have been long ago. As time went on and generations passed, one of the descendants had reached a position of political prominence in one of those small northern Italy towns, and during one of the petty wars between France and Italy this Coshow was taken to France as a hostage. Time went on. He married a French woman and never returned to Italy. In a few generations the family were French, and it was one of the descendants, or possibly two, who accompanied Lafayette to America. Traditions are usually based on some facts, so it has quite pleased me to imagine this one is true.

I also found, in looking through my files, the information contained on a separate sheet enclosed herewith taken from the census of St. Charles County, Missouri, 1860. This was sent me by someone several years ago. I overlooked it in answering your letter. The William Coshow 394 must have been the William who came from Kentucky and whose father was killed by the Indians. 367 Jackson Co show must have been the A. J. Coshow with whom my father had some correspondence some twenty-five years ago. He then lived in Texas with one of his step-sons, and died there a good many years ago.

I hope that this information will be of use to you.

Very truly yours,

O. P. COSHOW.

O.P.C.

Encl.

P.S. I say in above, “there were two William Coshows”. I intend, course, to say that there were two by that name besides my great-grandfather, who is mentioned in the paragraph above.

O.P.C.

“Osage, Missouri,
August 10, 1925.
Mr. Oliver P. Coshow,
Associate Justice,
Salem, Oregon.

Dear Sir:

I am answering your letter of April 25, 1925 to my father regarding our ancestry.

My father, Mr. Edward Coshow died last April 1924. He has two brothers Edgar Coshow, 2818 Arlington Street, St. Louis, Mo. and John Coshow, Maplewood, Mo. My grandfather John A. Coshow is dead but his sister Tenny M. Coshow is living. She is deaf and dumb and her address is Elston, Mo.

We have a history of St. Charles, Montgomery and Warren Counties in which it gives a brief biography of my great-grandfather John B. Coshow. I have copied it for you and hope it will help you in your ancestral search.

“JOHN B. COSHOW.
(farmer and Stock-raiser, Post Office, Hamburg).

Mr. Coshow’s father, a pioneer settler of Missouri and a gallant old Indian fighter in the early days
of this state, a companion in arms with, and a friend of Daniel Boone, Callaway, Beshears and Dodge, the path finders of civilization in this wild and weird region, came to St. Charles County from Kentucky in 1799 in company with his mother and step-father, Jonathan Bryan, his father having been killed by Indians at the head of the Kentucky river during Armour's campaign, when John B. Coshow's father was but nine years old; this family were among the first who settled in this county. Mr. Bryan saw much hard service in the early Indian wars of that period, and it was his courage and industry that contributed to drive away the Indians and clear away the forests so that this might be the abode of a prosperous, populous and enlightened people. He lived to a good old age and reared a worthy family of children. Mr. Coshow finally yielded his body to the earth again and his immortal part to heaven in 1866. He was married in this country in 1813 to Miss Elizabeth Zumwalt, formerly of Virginia. They reared three children, all of whom are living. Of these, John B. Coshow, the subject of this sketch, was born in this county October 5, 1819. He was reared in those days of hard work on a farm, and had little school advantages. Mr. Coshow has followed farming continuously since youth, and has become well-to-do in life. He has 350 acres of good land, 300 acres of which are well improved. He was married to Miss Arthusie Brown in 1843. She died in 1866 leaving four children, all of whom are living, William F., Mary E., John A. and Tenny M."

This is a copy of a clipping from a paper of St. Charles County, telling of his death:

“DR. COSHOW DEAD.

Was one of the wealthy land owners in the county.

One of the oldest settlers of St. Charles County, if not the oldest native, Dr. John B. Coshow, died on Main and French Streets at 8 o'clock Sunday evening at the age of 77 years. Dr. Coshow at one time owned between 300 and 400 acres of farm land in St. Charles County, but he lost it all, and died in very poor circumstances. He lived with his daughter Lizzie, and has been in quite feeble health for some time.

Dr. Coshow was born in St. Charles county 1819 and has always resided here. The Coshows with Daniel Boone figured prominently in the early history of the county, and the following, taken from a history published several years ago telling of his grandfather and also his parents.

‘William Coshow, a native of Wales, married Mary Hughes, an Irish girl, and emigrating to America, settled in North Carolina. He went with Daniel Boone on one of his expeditions to Kentucky, and was killed by the Indians at the head of Kentucky river. He had but one child, a son named William. His widow married John Bryan, several years after the death of her husband and they came to St. Charles County in 1800. His son was raised by his stepfather as one of his own children. He served in the war against the Indians and afterwards married Elizabeth Zumwalt, of St. Charles County. They had three children, Andrew J., Phoebe A. and John B. Coshow."

I am nineteen years old and having finished high school at Jefferson City in 1924, I am now teaching school. I have two sisters and three brothers and a mother who is still living.

Respectfully,

/s/ MARIE COSHOW.”

*******************************************************************************

Census — St. Charles County, Mo. Missouritown 1860.
376 Jackson Coshow, 45 male farmer Born Mo.
Elvira L. Coshow 41 female
Warrillia Coshow 14 female
John W. Coshow 13 male
Maria S. Coshow
William Coshow 70 male farmer value of property
Eliesabeth Coshow 65 female. b. Va, $8250. Personal $7200.
John Coshow 40 male, farmer $10950. $3080.Born in Ky.
Wilhelm, Elisabeth, Phebion, John Andrew, & Tenny. Born in Missouri

THE COZART FAMILY OF NORTH CAROLINA.

Anthony Cozart, son of Anthony and Elizabeth (Valentine) Cossart. The first trace of him is in an old tax record in Granville County, North Carolina, in 1755. In this are given eight names supposed to be those of his sons, viz:

2 David,
3 Anthony Jr.,
4 Jacob,
5 James,
& John,
7 Simon,
8 Peter,
9 Elias.

4 Jacob, married Williams and had a son Williams who married Holly Mangeum. (10).
10 Williams had:
11 James C,
12 G. P.,
13 Herbert
14 William W.
15 David., (Knoxville, Tenn.).
16 Wiley, died young.

11 James C., married and had ten children. Seven were daughters and their names are not known. The sons were:
17 W. W. Cozart, b. 1832.
18 T. G. Cozart
19 ?

12 Green P. Cozart, married and had two sons and one daughter. Lived in Washington, Ga
21 William M. lived at Augusta Ga.
22 Daughter, lived at Augusta, married Dr. Baker.

13 Herbert Cozart, Atlanta, Ga., had 2 sons (dead) and daughters married. One son married and had a daughter in Atlanta. Mrs. Prof. Bass, c/o Public High School.
14 William M. Cozart of Columbus, Miss., had one son (dead), and one daughter, married and living in Nashville, Tennessee.

15 David Cozart, of Knoxville, Tennessee, had several sons and daughters that live near there.
**WILLIAMSON COZART**, of Granville County, North Carolina, married Holly Mangum of the same state.

**CHILDREN:**

16  i.  Wiley, died young.
15  ii.  David (?), we know nothing of him.
12  iii.  Green Persons; lived in Washington, Wilkes Co. Ga.; married Miss Mary Petus; both died there.

**CHILD**  John P.; married Fanielu Anderson

**CHILDREN:**

I  Mary;
II  Anderson;
III  Annie Vic; married Dr. Baker of Augusta, Ga. Their children: (a) Cozart; (b) Archie; (c) Hinton; (d) Willie; (e) Mary and (f) Annie.
IV.  William, married Bessie Martin; children: (a) Elizabeth and (b) Martin.

14  iv.  William Mangum Cozart; married Miss Sarah Murray of Columbus, Miss. They lived and died in Miss.

**CHILDREN:**

a  Henry, deceased.
b  William, deceased.
c  Annie, deceased.
d  Helen, deceased.

v.  Clara Cozart, married Waller. No further information.
vi.  Fannie Cozart, married and Mr. Carrington. They lived and died in Miss. Had several children.
vii.  Hubbard; married Ann Giles Turner. They lived and died in Atlanta, Ga.

**CHILDREN:**

a  Mary; married William A. Bass. They had: John, Hubbard and Annie who married Dr. L.R. Palmer of Atlanta, Ga.
b  Wiley Persons Mangum Cozart; married Hannah McIntyre of Montgomery, Ala. They had: Tocoa Cozart, of Montgomery, Ala.
c  Louisa Cozart, married Mr. Madison Harrold and lives in Atlanta Ga. Their children: Edward, Kate, Annie Lou, Joe, Madison, Mae Bell, and Louis.
d  Annie Cozart; married Mr. Levi Smith of Decatur, Ga. She is a widow. Their Children: Paul and Ella.
e  Susan Cozart, married C.M. Fraser of Atlanta, Ga. Their children: Fred, Wallace, Irence, Ruth and Mary Sue.
f  Sarah Cozart, married Robert Simonton of Atlanta, Ga. She and her son are both dead.
g  Hubbard Cozart, Jr. Dead.
h  Ella Cozart, married Lawrence Trotti of Atlanta, Ga. She is a widow. Children: Lawrence Jr., Erwin, Annie and Hugh. Mrs. Trotti lives at Atlanta, Ga.

This is the record of our family. We have not investigated any further back than my great grandfather - was his name Jacob?

James C. was the father of cousin Tom Cozart of Winston, N.C. your correspondent. No. 18 on first list.

Mrs. Bass.”
Winston, N.C.
April 25, 1898.

Mrs. J.W. Keezel,
Kansas City, Mo.

Dear Madam:

Your letter of the 18th inst gladly received. I am very sorry to hear of the death of your father Dr. James Cozad. I had thought several times recently of writing to him.

A few weeks ago I met in this city Marcus E. Cozad of Cleveland, Ohio. His brother Justus has sent me his book “Cozad Genealogy” and I find much data in it compiled by your father. I am not well so will defer answering your letter for a few days.

Yours truly.
T. G. COZART.”

“Winston, N.C.
April 25, 1898.

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Kansas City, Mo.

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Yours truly.
T. G. COZART.”

(Cozad·Keesel)

(601) Jacob Cozad Sr. (1st known ancestor); married 1st wife (name not known); 2nd wife was Mercy Cox.

CHILDREN:
(606) i. Jacob Cozad married Elizabeth Sutton, daughter of David and Sarah Sutton.
(607) ii. Samuel Cozad: married Anne Clarke.
(608) iii. Job Cozad: married Hannah Winnans (Winans).
(609) iv. Anthony Cozad: married Catherine Coon
( ) v. Hannah Cozad: married Benjamin Coddington.

(It is supposed that Anthony and Hannah were by 2nd. wife - some say this daughters name was Elizabeth and that she married Eliphalet Lewis).

(606) Jacob Cozad Jr., son of Jacob and (?): married Elizabeth Sutton. They were buried in the Baptist Cemetery at Mt. Olive in Morris County, N.J., and upon their headstones is inscribed:"

"Jacob Cozad died January 26, 1812, in his 88th year of his age."

"Elizabeth Cozad, widow of Jacob Cozad, died March 12th 1812 in the 88th year of her age."

This couple lived together 55 years and were members of the Baptist church for 50 years.

CHILDREN:
(626) ii. Mary Cozad: married 1st Coon; 2nd Benjamin Cutler.
( ) iii. Rachel: married Samuel Butler.
iv. Hannah; married John Collins.

v. Elizabeth; married John Stark.

vi. Barnabas Cozad. No further record.

(626) Mary Cozad, (daughter of Jacob and Elizabeth), married Coon of old New Jersey family and had two or three children captured by the Indians and living with them until grown. She married 2nd Benjamin Cutler and had children.

CHILDREN:
(683) i. Jacob Cutler.
(687) ii. Benjamin Cutler.
(685) iii. Mercy Cutler; married John Sutton who was nearly 19 years her senior.

(625) Jacob Cozad, III son of Jacob and Elizabeth married Mercy Woodward, daughter of William and Esther (nee Buckman).

CHILDREN:
(673) i. John, married 1st Sarah Powers; 2nd. Mary Elizabeth Haney.
(671) ii. Jacob, married 1st Sarah Taylor, 2nd. Rubia Beaman.
(677) iii. Elizabeth 2nd. wife of John Jackson.
(670) iv. William; married Maria Baily who was his 1st wife; married 2nd Charlotte Curtis.
(678) v. Samuel: married Mary Mercer the only daughter of Johnathon and Sophie Ogg.
(672) vi. Benjamin married Martha Mercer, (This must have the second son of this name as a Bennie Cozad was killed by the Indians in West Virginia when only 6 years of age. J.A.C.
(675) vii. Mary; married Moses Hall.


CHILDREN:
1. David Sutton Cozad. (He has several children).
2. John Powers Cozad, married Anna Shella.
3. William V. Cozad, married Mary De Miss and they had. two sons, viz.

CHILDREN:
1. David Cozad, Dayton, Ohio.
2. Abner Sutton Cozad, Decatur, Ill.
3. Sarah Cozad, married Robert Wilkinson and they have one son.

CHILD: Jacob Wilkinson of Bellefontaine, O.

Robert married 2nd Mrs. Matilda Ainsworth nee Cox a sister of John Cox of Osborn., Ohio.
Father J. C. Cox, Dayton, Ohio.

(673) John Cozad, son of Jacob Cozad and Mercy Woodward, married 2nd Mary Elizabeth Haney and has 7 children,

CHILDREN:
1. Jacob S. Cozad, decd No living children.
2. Sam’l H. Cozad, of Santa Rosa, Calif.
3. Benjamin G. Cozad, of Butler, Mo.
5. Martha Cozad, died young. No issue.

(671) Jacob Cozad, son of Jacob Cozad and Mercy Woodward, married 1st Sarah Taylor.

CHILDREN:

i. Jacob Woodward Cozad married Beede Beaman, died in 1831. (At Mason, Ohio)

CHILDREN:

a. Jacob C. Cozad, died in 1866, and has a married daughter at Fowler, Ind.

b. Felix Sutton Cozad of Newton, Iowa.


Jacob Woodward Cozad died in 1845. Married 2nd. Phoebe Beeman (sister of Beede) in 1832.

CHILDREN:

d. Clara Cozad, died in 1861. Married Black.

e. George W. Cozad, died in 1882. Has two married daughters at Cincinnati, Ohio.

George died at Wheeling, W. Va. He was a prominent newspaper man. Left two daughters, ages 14 and 16. Their mother died some years before. Sue Cozad is probably a daughter.

f. David S. Cozad of Cincinnati, Ohio.

g. Frances M. Cozad.

ii. Jackson Cozad, son of Jacob and Bedee, died in 1887. Corydon, Iowa.

CHILD:

a. Jacob W. Cozad.

Jacob Cozad, son of Jacob and Mercy, married 2nd to Rubia Beeman and had two more children. There may have been others.

CHILDREN:

iii. Elijah Cozad, Plano, Appanoose Co., Iowa.

(817) iv. Frank Cozad of Rockridge, Colo.

(677) Elizabeth Cozad, daughter of Jacob and Mercy (Woodward) Cozad. Married John Jackson who had been married previously, and his heirs reside at Buckhannon, W. Va.

The descendants of Elizabeth reside in Indiana, near Indianapolis. One of her daughters was Rebecca Jackson, married Washington Hall a son of Moses and Mary Hall (nee Cozad). He was her full cousin.

(670) William Cozad, son of Jacob and Mercy (Woodward) Cozad, married Mary Bailey (1st wife).

CHILDREN:

( ) i. Woodward Cozad, married Mercy Hall, his cousin, now deceased. Wapakoneta, Ohio.


( ) iii. Millie Cozad, married Coleman, and had children in Ill.

( ) iv. Mary C. Cozad, married Moses Hall, her cousin. St. Mary's Ohio.

( ) v. John G. Cozad of Lebeta, Colo.

( ) vi. Elizabeth Cozad, married Jacob Rockfield.

CHILDREN:

( ) a. William Rockfield, Dayton, Ohio.

( ) b. Martin Rockfield, Xemia, Ohio.

( ) c. Henry Rockfield, Springfield, Ohio.

( ) d. Elizabeth Rockfield Tritt, Union City, Ind.
Maria Rockfield Stine, Fairfield Iowa.

A daughter married and lived in Dayton, Ohio.

Rhoda Cozad, daughter of William and Mary (Bailey) Cozad, deceased, Married Shaffer and they had one son living in 1891.

William married 2nd wife, Charlotte Curtis.

Emma Cozad, married Charles W. Dewey, Osborn, Green County, Ohio.

Eliza Cozad, married Jacob Bennett of Fairfield, Ohio.

Benjamin Cozad, son of Jacob Cozad and Mary Woodward, married Marth Shaw. No record of their children.

Mary Cozad, daughter of Jacob and Mercy Woodward Cozad, married Moses Hall.

Moses Hall, married Mary C. Cozad, his cousin. St. Mary's, Ohio.

Mercy Hall, married Woodward Cozad, her cousin. Has children.

Charlotte Hall, deceased, married James Brammen and they had one son - Moses Brammen.

Washington Hall, deceased, married Rebecca Jackson, his cousin. Have heirs.

Rachel Hall, deceased, married John Riley Haddix, a son of John Haddix and Sarah Cox. He is a cousin of J. C. Cox of Dayton, Ohio.

William Hall, Deceased. No Issue.

Mercy Cozad, daughter of Jacob Cozad and Mercy Woodward, was born in 1800. Married 1st Samuel Williamson.

Emily Williamson, deceased. Married Harrison Gutheridge and they had Margaret who married William Greiner-Josephine and a son.

Mary Williamson, married J. O. Curtis a brother to Charlotte Curtis 2nd wife of her uncle William Cozad, Dayton, Ohio.

Elizabeth Williamson, deceased, married Dr. James Sample. Had Dr. Edmund F. Sample, deceased, who has heirs at Dayton, Ohio.

Sarah Williamson, deceased, married Eben Burrows.

William Williamson, deceased, married Harriet Smith, and they had Albert N.; Lizzie W. Utt and 1 child dead.

Mercy Isabelle Williamson, married Dr. William Higgins, Covington, Ohio. One son, J. J. Higgins, Indianapolis.

Albert Williamson, Piqua, Ohio. Has three children.

Margaret Ann Williamson, married William Alexander, have two daughters at Topeka, Kansas.

Samuel Sr., born about 1722, died in Mendham in 1811.

Jacob Sr., born 1723 or 4, died at Mt. Olive 1812.

Job Sr., born 1725, died at Branchville 1815.
Anthony born about 1740, died in Somerset 1820.

( ) John J. Cozad, son of William and Mary Bailey Cozad, married Rhoda Jane, daughter of Aaron and Charlotte.

CHILD:
a Margaret E. born 1844 married L. S. Shrewsbury

COZAD GENEALOGY

1891
Anthony Branch
(Cozad-Keezel)

(609) Anthony Cozad, son of Jacob and Mercy Cox Cozad, supposed to have been a half brother of Jacob, Job, &c. His mother Mercy Cox is supposed to have been a step sister (younger) of Philip Cox born in 1685 (could have been 1885 - hard to read), who was a son of Isaac Cox and Mary Trembly and he a son of Philip Cox. Anthony Cozad was the executor of Philip Cox's will and his trustworthy friend, likely his nephew. Anthony died August 20, 1825.

CHILDREN:
(647) i. Thomas Cozad, born September 13, 1763, married Abigail Tingley, born September 16, 1765. They were married in Somerset County, New Jersey.
(652) iii. Elizabeth Cozad, married Joshua Compton.
(653) iv. Catherine Cozad, married Steele.
(654) v. Hannah Cozad, married Harpending.
(650) vi. Mary Cozad.
(649) vii. Aaron Cozad, married Rhoda Dunn.
(651) viii. Jacob Cozad, married Hannah Shoupe. Came west to Cincinnati, Ohio, and finally settled in Green Co., Ohio.
(651) ix. John Cozad, married Sophia.

(647) Thomas Cozad, son of Anthony and Catherine Cox Cozad, lived at Newton, Sussex County, N.J. Died in same state, November 19, 1808. Married Abigail Trembly (Tingley).

CHILDREN:
(757) iii. Anthony Wayne Cozad, born May 2, 1791; married Anna Stites.
(759) v. Catherine Compton Cozad, born February 28, 1795, married Asa Elston, Sussex County, New Jersey.
(760) vi. Mary Coon Cozad, born April 15, 1797, married Abram Boodle, state of NY.
(761) vii. Lydia Cozad, born April 12, 1799.
(762) viii. Thomas Meade Cozad, born May 12, 1801. Married Margaret Baker of Ohio.
(763) ix. Isaac Meade Cozad, born September 18, 1803; married Caroline Townsley, OH
(764) x. Jacob Cozad.
(765) xi. John Cozad, born December 31, 1807, died in 1808.

CHILDREN:
(i) Amanda Arminter Dormer Cozad.
(ii) Adelia Emily Louise Cozad.
(iii) Adelia Adeline Linda Cozad.
(iv) Indiana Sophia Elizabeth Cozad.
(v) Philander Lorenzo Orpheus Cozad.
(vi) Andrew Jackson Cozad.
(vii) Thomas Cozad.

(757) Anthony Wayne Cozad, son of Thomas and Abigail, for some unknown and foolish reason changed the spelling of name to Cazad or Casad - general customary way is Cozad. Married Anna Stities as his 1st wife.

CHILDREN:
(i) Martha Cozad.
(ii) Thomas Cozad.
(iii) John Milton Cozad, married Moon.

CHILDREN:
(a) O. S. Cozad, Pittsburg, Kansas.
(b) Edgar Finch Cozad, Wichita, Kansas.
(c) Laura Cozad, Wichita, Kansas.
(Floyd Cozad, West Point, evidently belongs here.)
(iv) Harris Cozad
(v) Lavina Cozad
(vi) Caroline Cozad
(vii) Samuel S. Cozad
(viii) Amanda Cozad (Amanda Keziah Cozad)
(ix) Isaac Cozad
(x) Abigail Anna Cozad
(xii) Anna Cozad.

(756) Christian Tingley Cozad, daughter of Thomas and Abigail, married William B. Coddington.

CHILDREN:
(i) George Coddington
(ii) Cozad Coddington
(iii) Israel Coddington
(iv) William Coddington
(v) Christian Coddington
(vi) Mary Coddington.

Catherine Compton Cozad, daughter of Thomas and Abigail, married Asa Elston.

CHILDREN:
(i) Mordecia Wilson Elston
(ii) Thomas Cozad Elston
(iii) Mary Elston
(iv) Martha Elston
(v) Harriet Elston
(vi) Hannah Elston
(vii) Sarah Elston
viii. Theresa Elston, died at age of 16.
ix. Elizabeth Elston.

(760) **Mary Coon Cozad**, daughter of Thomas and Abigail, married Abram Boodle.

**CHILDREN:**
(1051) i. Abigail Boodle
(1052) ii. Van Tyle Carson Boodle, deceased.
(1053) iii. Alexander Boodle
(1054) iv. Amy Boodle
(1055) v. Lydia Boodle, deceased.
(1056) vi. Abram Boodle, deceased

(761) **Lydia Cozad**, daughter of Thomas and Abigail, married 1st Isaac Cox.

**CHILD:**
(1057) i. John Thomas Cox, Fredonia, Kansas.
Lydia married 2nd Moses Moore.

**CHILD:**
(1058) ii. Finley Moore.
Lydia married 3rd Joseph Sexton.

**CHILDREN:**
(1059) iii. Thomas Theodore Sexton
(1060) iv. David Finch Sexton
(1061) v. Joseph Zadoc Sexton

(762) **Thomas Meade Cozad**, son of Thomas and Abigail, married Margaret Baker; Fairfield, Ohio.

**CHILDREN:**
(1062) i. Abigail Jane Cozad
(1063) ii. Francis Baker Cozad, had son T. M. Casad, Corydon, Iowa.
(1064) iii. Thomas Finch Cozad
(1065) iv. Margaret Baker Cozad
(1066) v. Lydia Cozad
(1067) vi. Caroline Cozad
(1068) vii. Sarah Cozad, married Nathan Morey, Dayton, Ohio.
(1069) viii. Delia Cozad.

(763) **Isaac Finch Cozad**, son of Thomas and Abigail, married Caroline Cozad Townsley; yellow Springs, Ohio.

**CHILDREN:**
(1070) i. Abner Cozad
(1074) ii. Alice Cozad
(1077) iii. Hornance Cozad
(1071) iv. Cornelia Cozad
(1072) v. Thomas Cozad
(1073) vi. Clara Cozad
(1075) vii. Flora Cozad
(1076) viii. Caroline Cozad.

(648) **Samuel Cozad**, son of Anthony and Catherine (Coon) Cozad. Lived at Dundee, N.Y.,
married Rachel Smalley, December 6, 1792.

CHILDREN:

( ) i. Anthony Cozad, born December 14, 1794. No Issue.
( ) ii. Hannah Cozad, born February 14, 1797, married Larzelius.
(770) iii. Joel Cozad, born April 14, 1799, living in 1887 at Farina, Illinois.
(771) iv. David Cozad, born February 19, 1802, married Martha Yury.
( ) v. Catherine Cozad, born June 3, 1805, married John Carman.
(772) vi. Samuel Cozad, born December 3, 1807, lived at Waterloo, N.Y.
( ) vii. James Anthony Cozad, married.
(768) viii. Rachel Cozad, born January 3, 1814, married Samuel Huston, born November 19, 1810, lived at Walcotts, N.Y.,
(769) ix. Eliza Cozad, born October 27, 1816, married Augustus Maltby.
( ) x. Anthony Cozad, born May 28, 1819. No issue.

(654) Hannah Cozad, daughter of Anthony and Catherine, married Harpending.

CHILDREN:

( ) i. Andrew Harpending, Dundee, Yates Co., N.J.
( ) ii. Elizabeth Harpending, Dundee, Yates Co., N.J.
( ) iii. Anthony Harpending, deceased. Had two children, Spencer and Abraham.
( ) iv. Asbury Harpending, deceased, had Mrs. Chas. S. Baker and Henry of Dundee, N.J.

(650) Aaron Cozad, son of Anthony and Catherine, married Rhoda Dunn in 1802. Removed from N.J. to Fairfield, Ohio, early part of 1800.

CHILDREN:

(782) i. Reuben Cozad, married Mary Rockfield.

CHILDREN:

(1114) a Martin Cozad, married.
(1115) b Aaron Cozad, never married.
(1111) c Julia Ann Cozad, married Jessie Helmer, Fairfield, Ohio.
(1112) d Adrine Cozad, married Samuel Tritt, Logansport, Ind.
(1113) e Sarah Cozad, deceased, married 1st Steohen Card, 2nd Dawson. Had three children in Mo. And one in Ill.
(1118) f Harriet Cozad, married George Haddix, son of John and Sarah (nee Cox).
( ) ii. Dennis Cozad
( ) iii. Samuel Cozad
( ) iv. John Cozad
( ) v. Anthony Cozad
( ) vi. Polly Sarah Cozad. (Elizabeth)
( ) vii. Abigail Catherine Cozad.

Anthony moved to Logan County, Ohio in 1826 · married Ophia Williams. (?)

(654) Hannah Cozad, daughter of Samuel Cozad and Rachel Smalley, married Larzelius.

CHILDREN:

( ) i. Jane, married Smith, Hammond Lake Co., N.Y.
( ) ii. Ollie, Married Mr. Blount, Paliside, Nebr.
( ) iii. Malinda, married Root, Plymouth, Mich.
( ) iv. Julia, married Townsend, Chicago, Ill.
( ) v. Caroline L., married Sebring, Grand Rapids, Mich.
( ) vi. Hannah, married Bennett. Deceased, have one heir.
(771) **David Cozad**, son of Samuel and Rachel, married Martha Yury.

**CHILDREN:**

(i) Mrs. Litty Garret, Junius, Seneca County, N.Y.
(ii) Mrs. Louisa Groat, Junius, Seneca County, N.Y.
(iii) Mrs. Martha Bring, Junius, Seneca County, N.Y.
(iv) Mrs. Libby Garret, Junius, Seneca County, N.Y.
(v) Mrs. Rachel Lane, Junius, Seneca County, N.Y.
(vi) David Cozad, Oakes Corner, Ontario, County, N.Y. (Lawyer Cozad of New York City is a son of this man).

(768) **Rachel Cozad**, daughter of Samuel and Rachel, married Samuel Huson - one child, Mrs. Mary Huson Kenney, Dundee, Yates County, New York.

( ) **John Cozad** lives in Indiana.
( ) **Cassius Cozad** lives in Fairfield, Ohio.

( ) **Aaron Cozad**, his sons and daughters were: Dennis, Samuel, John, Anthony, Polly, Sarah, Elizabeth, Abigail and Catherine.

( ) **Anthony Cozad**, son of Aaron and Rhoda, was born in New Jersey. In 1826 he moved to Logan County, Ohio. He married Miss Orpha A. Williams in 1827 of Springfield, Ohio, is (1891) 81 years old. Six children, 3 sons and 3 daughters and (1891) all living. J. W. Cozad, Tipton, Iowa is oldest son, born in Bellfontaine, Ohio, September 6, 1830. Came to Iowa in 1856. Located at Tipton. June 6, 1871, married Miss Isa L. Gilbert. Have two children - Edith and J. Russell.

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**GRAVE STONE INSCRIPTIONS**

“**The Great Conewago Presbyterian Church graveyard, Hunterstown, Adams County, Pennsylvania.**

Copied by

Ethel Close Buckey and Edna M. Pearce of Baltimore, Maryland.

A colored and very antique inscription in Dial form on the church front reads:

“Joseph Henderson’s Meeting House, built 1787.”

**CASSAT:**

In memory of Jacob Cassat, Esqr., who died 12·26·1838, aged 60 years who served faithfully domestic relations, etc., and:

Mary Cassat, his wife b. 7·3·1777, d. 9·17·1863, Aged 86 y.

Jacob Cassat, d. 6·19·1873, Aged 74 y 6 m.

Sarah Cassat, wife of Jacob d. 11·4·1857, Aged 57 y 4 d.

Maria Louisa Cassat, dau. of Jacob d. 6·6·1852, Aged 18 y. 8 m., 26 d.

**ELLIOTT:**
Robert Elliot, d. 11-8-1831, Aged 25 y.
Mary Elizabeth Elliott d. 7-28-1830, Aged 8 m.
James Elliott d. 12-27-1817, Aged 3 y 9 m.
Rachel Elliott d. 10-16-1816, Aged 3 m.
John Elliott d. 11-12-1839, aged 37 y.
Catherine Elliott d. 11-5-1863, aged 37 y.
Elizabeth Elliott d 8-16-1842, aged 60 y.
Elisa Jane Elliott d. 8-15-1842, aged 44 y.

GALBRAITH:
William Galbraith d. 11-20-1859, aged 84 y 6 m.
Sarah Galbraith d. 5-20-1877, aged 87 y 7 m 1 d.
Elizabeth Galbraith b 3-13-1818 d. 1-5-1899.
Sarah Ann Galbraith b 11-10-1826 d. 5-27-1899.
Rosannah Galbraith b 6-7-1829 d. 7-16-1908.

MONTFORT:
Isaac Montfort d. 8-7-1866, aged 77 y.
Margaret Montfort, wife of above d. 6-7-1865, aged 74 y 7 m. 7 d.
Jacob Montfort d. 8-17-1866, aged 77 y.
Mary Montfort (Known as Aunt Polly) d 11-10-1888, aged 85 y 5 m 10 days.
Maria Montfort d. 5-11-1874, aged. 58 y.
Peter Montfort d. 11-13-1859, aged 66 y 9 m. 21 d.
Magdalena Montfort d. 1-16-1861, aged 68 y 5 m. 11 d.
Henry Montfort d. 12-10-1877, aged. 67 y 11 m. 16 d.
Martha Montfort 1st wife d. 6-15-1845, aged. 35 y 2 m.
Catherine Montfort 2nd. wife d. 524-1888, aged. 78 y 6 m. 4 d.
John A. Montfort d. 1-15-1888, aged 44 y 2 m 7 d.

DEATRICK:
Boreas Deatriok b 9-1-1828 d. 611-1917.
Eliza J. Reaver Deatrick b 5-11-1832 d. 10-20-1905.

RUPP:
Charlotte D. Rupp, b 5-28-1854 d. 12-24-1878.

LANE:
Rosa Lang D. 1-4-1841, aged 76 y 3 d.

GRIFFE:
Rebeoca Griffe d. 2-3-1858, aged 76 y.

GRISWELL:
Frederick Griswell d. 2-17-1882, aged. 36 y 5 m. 17 d.
Maria T. Griswell b 3-12-1825 d. 7-31-1891.
Elizabeth Griswell b 10-14-1848 d. 1-24-1912.
Priscella Griswell b 7-3-1861 d. 2-1-1912.
M. Elnora Griswell b 5-1-1878 d. 5-7-1921.
Moses Griswell d. 1-29-1844, aged. 49 y 2 d.
Leander John Griswell d. 3-21-1849, aged. 19 y 8 m.

BRINKERHOFF:
Lydia Ann Brinkerhoff b 12-1831 d. 11-2-1877.
SHRIVER
David Shriver d. 10-4-1871, aged 68 y 5 m. 18 d.
Luoretia Shriver d. 10-23-1886, aged 82 y 8 m 11 d.
Rev. John C. Shriver d. 1-31-1862, aged 25 y 9 m. 27 d.
HAGERMAN:
Martha Hagerman d. 5-22-1850, aged 61 y 2 m.
HARPER:
ROBINSON:
Thomas Robinson d. 3-2-1757, age 32 y.
Grizel Robison d. 2-27-1751, aged 40 y.
CAUSTEN:
Susan Causton d. 2-12-1849, aged. 74 y. 1 week.
MORITZ:
Hannah E Moritz d 11-28-1913, aged 98 years.
GALBRAITH:
James W. Galbraith d. 3-2-1863, aged 66 years.
Rebecca Galbraith d. 6-1-1878, aged 77 y.
SHERMAN:
John H. Sherman, MD d. 7-29-1905, aged 87 y.
SHEAKLEY:
George Sheaklay d. 5-20-1812, aged 54 y.
Andrew Thomas Sheakley d. 3-28-1759, aged 46 y.
STERLING:
Andrew Sterling d. 11-6-1739, aged 59 y.
GIFFEN:
Mary Giffen b 1737 d 1760
Stephen Giffon d 12-24-1803, aged 91 y.
Ann Giffen d. 8-4-1794, aged 80 y.
DICKSON:
John Dickson b 8-9-1802 d. 7-8-1850.
Martha A. Campbell Dickson, wife of John Dickson b 2-7-1820 d. 8-24-1903.
Nannie M. Dickson, d. 11-12-1883, aged 24 y. 9 m.
Maria Jane Dickson d 1-20-1868, aged 10 y 25 d.
James Watson Dickson, son of John and Martha Dickson b 6-29-1854 d. 10-11-1911.
Elizabeth Gilbert Dickson, wife, b 7-10-1855 d. 3-14-1927.
HUDSON:
George T. Hudson, d. 2-16-1902, aged 76 y.
Mary Ann Hudson d 8-5-1881, aged 51 y.
GILBERT:
John G. Gilbert d. 5-29-1877, aged 92 y 2 m 29 d.
Rose Anna M. wife d. 12-2-1898 aged 72 y 5 m 24 d.
John C. Gilbert, son d. 10-6-1885, aged 61 y 6 m 6 d.

**GRAFT:**
John Graft, d. 9-23-1822, aged 61 y 6 m 3 d.
Elizabeth Graft d. 1-3-1825, aged 63 y 6 m
John Graft d. 3-30-1869, aged 81 y. 9 m 5 d.
Jane Graft 1st wife d. 3-1-1836, aged 44 y 11 m 20 d.
Nancy Graft 2nd wife d. 5-12-1881, aged 79 y 5 m 1 d.
Phillip Graft d. 9-21-1811, aged 20 y 4 m 22 d.
James Graft d. 5-1-1811, aged 17 y 7 m.
John Graft d. 6-9-1820, aged 35 y.
Catherine Graft d. 9-9-1820, aged 31 y 5 m 1 d.
Philip Graft d. 2-26-1842, aged 83 y.
Elizabeth Graft d. 12-23-1820, aged 58 y. (Real daughter).

**DONOHOO:**
Hannah Donohoo d. 10-27-1822, aged 27 y 11 m (Real daughter) wife of Peter Donohoo (and daughter of Philip Graft).
Peter Donohoo b. 1793 in Philadelphia d. 2-6-1850, aged 56 y.
James S. Donohoo 1848, aged 6 years.
David Donohoo b. 3-28-1850 d. 10-29-1893.
Philip Donohoo b. 3-12-1880, aged 57 y 3 m.
Margaret Donohoo b. 3-14-1820 d. 9-24-1886.
Hannah Jane Donohoo dau of above d. 1860.

**GRAFT:**
Mary Graft b. 3-25-1799 D. 3-27-1883.
Elizabeth Graft b. 3-29-1796 d. 6-19-1893.

**MAJOR:**
Robert Major d. 3-3-1851, aged 53 y.
Sarah Major d. 11-30-1885, aged 79 y. 11 m 3 d.
Margaret Major d. 9-18-1865, aged 72 y 9 m 18 d.
James Major d. 3-27-1850, aged 57 y 3 m 18 d.

**TATE:**
Richard Tate d. 12-25-1793, aged 85 y "Life how short, “Eternity how long”.

**NEELY:**
James L. Neely b. 2-20-1901 d. 5-23-1863, aged 62 y.
Sarah Cassat Neely b. 1-14-1807 d. 1-2-1901, aged 94 y.

**FELTY:**
James F. Felty b. 3-15-1818 d. 3-17-1676.
Mary Neely, wife b. 8-14-1816 d. 7-20-1887.

**SMITH:**
Samuel J. Smith d. 10-15-1888, aged 61 y 8 m 19 8.
Mary A. Hankey Smith d. 5-4-1915, aged 76 y 9 m 10 d.

**NEELY:**
Margaret Neely, wife of Jonathan d. 7-25-1851, aged 20 y 1 m 5 d
George W. Neely d 10-21-1857, aged 5 y 8 m 12 d.

MAJOR:
Robert Major d 9-3-1829, aged 69 y 4 m 2 d.
Martha Major d 1829, aged 61 y.
John Major d 5-17-1829, aged 30 y.
Margaret Major d 12-4-1835, aged 27 y.

McILVAIN:
John McIlvane d 8-25-1833, aged 92 y.
Mary McIlvane d 5-6-1839, aged 81 y.
Andrew McIlvain d 8-10-1820, aged 69 y.
Margaret McIlvain d 2-26-1817, aged 64 y.

McILHENNY:
John K. Mc Ilhenny: d 9-10-1859, aged 30 y 9 m 15 d.
Martha Ann McIlhenny, wife, b 7-4-1831 d 11-19-1910
Samuel McIlhenny d 2-11-1857, aged 20 y 7 m.
Hannah McIlhenny wife of John d 2-13-1865, aged 60 y 7 m 16 d.
Robert McIlhenny d 8-17-1914, aged 72 y 4 m 21 d.
Maggie F. wife of Robert McIlhenny d 2-10-1879, aged 27 y 10 m.
George A. McIlhenny, wife of Robert d 12-21-1896, aged 37 y 4 d.
Hugh McIlhenny, b 7-10-1802, d 3-19-1893.
Annie McIlhenny, wife b 9-29-1803, d 1-14-1886.
Rosa M. McIlhenny, daughter b 3-4-1848, d 11-12-1868.
Mary Jane, wife of John K. McIlhenny, b 3-25-1854, d 7-24-1877.
William McIlhenny, d 9-28-1849, aged 50 y 9 m 16 d.
Jane H. McIlhenny, wife d. 2-9-1890, aged 80 y 5 m 2 d.
Robert and Maggie McIlhenny, b 9-3-1872 d 1-21-1873, twins of above.

CRISWELL:
John Leander Criswell 6 5-21—1849, aged 19 y 8 in 18 6.
Moses Criswell d 1-29-1844, aged 49 y 2 d.

LITTLE:
David Little b 12-5-1800, d 1-28-1870, aged 69 y 1 m 23 d
Nancy Little b 11-6-1806, d 9-18-1871 aged 64 y 10 m 17 d.

DUNDORE:
John Dundore b 11-6-1811 d 3-12-1890, aged 78 y 4 m 6 d
Fiannah, wife of John b 10-2-1828 d 3-16-1898.

RIAN:
Catherine Rian b 12-29-1809 ft 8-24-1883, aged 73 y 7 m 25 d
Sophia Rian b 4-22-1815 d 5-5-1886, aged 71 y 11 m 13 d.

CHESTNUT:
In memory of Rosannah Chestnut d 1-8-1774, aged 65 y, mother of William and Jane Walker.

BELL:
Martha Bell, wife of James Bell d 8-21-1882, aged 88 y.
James Bell d 6-13-1848, aged 51 y 11 m 10 d.
William Bell d 10-1-1811, aged 12 y 6 m 1 d.
Robert Bell b 2-9-1789, d 5-31-1865, aged 76 y 3 m 22 d.
James Bell b 1760 d 1-1-1852, aged 92 y.

In St. Marys Reformed Church yard on highway from Littletoun to Gettysburg, Pa., I find these two Gravestones which may be descendants of the Demarees of this article.
David Demaree d 9-12-1915, aged 52 y 9 m 24 d.
Mary Demaree, his wife d 8-1-1863, aged 64 y 6 m
Little, John b 9-15-1856.

McILVAIN:
Andrew J. McIlvain & 3-20-1843, aged 43 y 6 m 16 d.
Margery McIlvain d 2-15-1844, aged 45 y 1 d.
Mary McIlvain d 5-25-1864, aged 76 y 2 m 50 d.
Mary Jane McIlvain d 5-3-1845, aged 15 y 7 m 2 d.
Robert McIlvain d 9-20-1852, aged 59 y 6 m 10 d.
Margaret McIlvain d 1-21-1870, aged 76 y 10 m 11 d.

LOCKHART:
Moses Lockhart d 5-30-1842, aged 66 y.
Jane Lockhart d 3-15-1863, aged 76 y.
Mary Lockhart d 7-22-1844, aged 66 y 4 m 11 d.

KING:
James M. King, b 2-17-1813 d 3-21-1893.
Nancy King, wife b 8-7-1843 d 12-26-1901.

HULICK:
David Hulick b 11-9-1816 d 3-7-1888, aged 72 y.
Margaret Hulick d 10-3-1872, 49th year of her age.
Peter Hulick d 5-15-1852, aged 69 ye.
Mary Hulick d 5-7-1862, aged 80 y.
Jacob Hulick d 3-29-1882, aged 73 y 2 m 4 d.
Sarah Hulick d 6-11-1858, aged 45 y 9 m 13 d.

GREER:
Mary Greer d 3-23-1791 · Native of Holland.

MITCHELL:
James Mitchell d 5-13-1845, aged 80 y.

SAMPLE:
James L. Sample b 5-17-1796 d 6-21-1856
Margery Sample b 6-26-1798 d 6-5-1854

CHAMBERLAIN:
Jeremiah Chamberlain d 3-3-1776, aged 64 y.
Margaret Chamberlain d 1-30-1795, aged 79 y.
James Chamberlain d 6-3-1798 aged 2 y 6 m.
Sarah Chamberlain 6. 5-13-1810, aged 85 y.
Colonel James Chamberlain d 1-18-1819, aged 74 y.
Ann Chamberlain, wife d 9-11-1843, aged 74 y.
Nancy Chamberlain b 3-22-1792 d 5-22-1854.
McILHENNY:
Robert McIlhenny, d 8-9-1832, aged 71 y 9 d.
Ann McIlhenny, d 8-22-1845, aged 85 y 3 m
Robert McIlhenny, d 3-24-1856, aged 66 y 4 m 23 d.
Maria McIlhenny, daughter of John Dickson d 6-4-1875 in her 75th year.
John McIlhenny, b 5-14-1792 d 12-9-1860.
Maria McIlhenny, b 1-2-1801 d 2-24-1839.

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Tombstone inscriptions copied from stones in the Bound Brook Cemetery. Many stones are broken, and the Weather is fast wearing away the lettering. Fifty inscriptions copied and submitted by Joseph A. Cossairt, who visited here in August 1934.

At the entrance of this beautiful little graveyard may be found the following inscription of a bronze plaque at its gateway.

“In the year of the Pact of Paris, this gateway remembrance was placed here for the sake of George Mason La Monte a citizen of this borough who reverenced the past and worked for the future wherein war shall cease and goodwill shall prevail among men.”

This graveyard is located on East Street, near the corner of East Main Street.

The first stone met reads:

“Cesaer Van Duyn b. August 21, 1762, d. January 9, 1833 in the 66th year of his age.”

“Henry Vanarsdale, who died November 9, 1834 aged 28 years 5 months and 27 days”

“Otto Van Tuyl, son of Samuel Van Tuyl died January 13, 1833, aged 12 years and 6 months.

“Elizabeth Lory, d. January 16, 1836 in the 80th year of her age.”

“John Vanfleet who departed this life March 4, 1826 in the 56th year of his age.”

“In memory of David Taylor who died December 29, 1810, aged 74 years.”

“In memory of Elisha Taylor who departed this life September ____, 1789, aged 27 years and 3 months.”

“In memory of Robert Dennis who died December 31, 1790.”

“In memory of Abigail, wife of Benjamin Coon who died January 9, 1798, in the 69th year of her age.”

“In memory of Catherine, daughter of Benjamin and Abigail Coon, died August ye 4th 1777, aged 16 years.”

”Here lies the body of Jacob Cosart deceased April ye 19th A.D. 1772, in the 71st year of his age.”
“In memory of Jeremy Coon deceased October 18, 1764, aged 4 years and 10 months.”

“In memory of James Vorhees who departed this life October 11, 1810, aged 61 years 10 months and 8 days.

"Here lies ye body of Mary ye wife of John Coon who died August ye 24th 1779 aged 22 years and 9 days."

“In memory of Charles Beardsley who departed this life March 31, 1817 in the 26th year of his age.”

“In memory of Jacob Vandevanter who died May 24th 1810 in the 71st year of his age.”

“In memory of Thomas Cooper who departed this life December the 10th 1767, aged 78 years.”

“In memory of Peter Staats who died October 16, 1793 in the 53rd year of his age.”

“Peter son of Nicholas and Hanna Covenhoven died March 2, 1794, aged 5 months.”

“In memory of Susannah wife of Tunis Ten·Eick and daughter of Peter Trembly who died July 15, 1817 in the 60th year of her age.”

“In memory of Peter Trembly who departed this life May 20, 1797 in the 63rd year of his age.”

“In memory of Catherine wife of Ruelf Voorhees who died November 10, 1795, aged 38 years.”

“In memory of Ann, widow of Captain Peter Boyer also widow Captain Simon Hillyer who departed this life July 3rd 1810 in the 55th year of her age.”

“In memory of Garret K. Schmock who died July 1 1809, aged 32 years 3 months and 17 days.”

“In memory of an infant son of James and Elizabeth Sebring who died November 19, 1811, aged 1 day.”

“In memory of Jane Counet wife of John La Tourrette who departed this life December 13, 1839.”

“In memory of Luke Hoogland who died August 13, 1853 in the 75th year of his age.”

“In memory of Samuel Van Nortwich who died October 26, 1819 aged 28 years 7 months and 17 days.”

“In memory of Elisabeth widow of Thomas Coon who died July 30th 1804 in the 67th year of her age.’

"In memory of Mr. Thomas Coon who died August ye 14th 1785 in the 62nd year of his age."  

“In memory of Mr. Thomas Coon, deceased February 25th 1761 in ye 61st year of his age.”

“In memory of Mary wife of Benjamin Blackford Esq., who died April 6th 1788 in the 37th year of her age.
“Sacred to the memory of Benjamin Blackford Esq., who died August 14th 1797 in the 48th year of his age.”

“In memory of Jacob Bond died 14th February 1806, aged 68 years.

"In memory of Michall Vantuyl son of Mical and Sophia Vantuyl who died April l7, 1812, aged 12 years and 3 months.”

“In memory of David Kelly Esq., who died March 9, 1800 aged 60 years.”

“Erected to the memory of William De Groot who died August 28, 1840, aged 89 years, 2 months and 21 days.”

“In memory of Elizabeth wife of John Powers who died September 10, 1796, aged 45 years.”

“Sacred to the memory of David Howell for many years a ruling elder in the church who departed this life June 25, 1827: aged 88 years.”

“In memory of Martha Anderson who decaeaed July 1, 1795 aged 83 years.”
"Mary relict of John Miller who died February 6, 1836 in the 32nd year of her age.”

“Sacred to the memory of Elias Van Court who died December 10, 1817 in the 60th year of his age.”

“In memory of James Harris who died September 15, 1794, aged 70 years.”

"Grave of Mary wife of John Powers who died May 4th 1810 aged 64 years.”

“In memory of Mr. Eunis Graham late of New York who died September 17, 1777 in the 51st year of his age.”

“In memory of Henry Vanardale who died November 9, 1854 aged 28 years 3 months and 27 days." 

“In memory of Catherine relict of Abraham Smalley who died January 24, 1838, aged 82 years.”

“In memory of Synia wife of Peter Staats who died October 23, 1794 in the 52nd year of her age.”

"In memory of John Alfred Homot who died January 11, 1843, aged 24 years 2 months. Weep not 'for me.'

“This stone is erected sacred to the memory of Mr. Michael Field who departed this life January 13, 1792 aged 69 years.

“In memory of Samuel son of Alpheus and Elizabeth Coon who died July 19, 1809, aged 11 months and 8 days." 

"Here lies ye body of Mary ye wife of John Coon who died August ye 24th 1779 aged 22 years and 9 days.”

The old burying ground on the hill at Bound Brook, N.J., is the resting place of many of the early dead. The oldest stone on which an inscription is legible is that of Sarah McCoy, died 1744.
Inscription copied from the "Van Nest" burying ground on a road between Weston and Millstone, N.J. This graveyard is partly fenced in with a stone wall and covers less than 1/4 acre of land and is located in one corner of an old field.

At the entrance is a bronze plaque with the following inscription:

“In memory of General Frederick Frelinghuysen 1753-1804 of Revolutionary fame who is buried within these walls. This tablet is erected by General Frelinghuysen Chapter D.A.R. 1929”.

"Our baby Sare infant daughter of L.V. and C. E. Gulick died August 10, 1877."

"Lewis Vechte son of Houston and Sarah Labaw died December 31, 1861, aged 1 month and .....(?) days."

“Abraham N. Vechte died March 9, 1856 aged 81 years and 7 months, his wife Ann F. Van Neste aged 78 years 1844-1920.”

“In memory of Edward Christopher died August 19th 1826 aged 11 years and 9 days.”

“in memory of Edward Christopher who died January 23rd 1888, aged 72 years 10 months and 2 days.”

“In memory of Thomas Christopher who died July 6, 1831 in the 61st year of his age”

“In memory of Mary Clark wife of Thomas Christopher who died July 4, 1842 in the 61st year of her age.”

“In memory of Joseph Christopher who died October 3rd 1846 aged 75 years 7 months 8 days.”

“In memory of Clemence L. Shepherd widow of Joseph Christopher who died November 29, 1834 aged 63 years 2 months and 4 days.

“Samuel C. Christopher died October 7, 1863 aged 14 years 5 months and 5 days. U

"Alice Baird wife of Samuel C. Christopher died February 1, 1857 aged 38 years and 4 months.”

“Sarah Vaneste Cook 1857-1932.”

“R. T. Cook 1853-1904.”

“To our babe Mary Elizabeth daughter of Rev. George and Margaret VanNest born February 24, 1857 .........(?)

“In memory of George Bayless Van Neste born December 28, 1852 at Bound Brook, N. J. and who died March 24 1854.”

“In memory of George son of Rev. George J. and Margaret Van Neste .......(?).

“Margaret A. Buckalew wife of Rev. George J. Van Neste aged 74 years 5 months and 28 days.”

“Rev. George J. Van Nest died January 18, 1898 aged 75 years 4 months and 11 days.”

"Erected to the memory of John G. Van Neste who died November 29, 1844, 60 years 1 month 5 days, and Sarah Wortman his wife who died November 30, 1844 aged 51 years 11 months and 9 days.”

“In memory of Lemmetye Staats widow of George Van Neste who died 27 February A.D. 1816 aged 65 years a months and 3 days."  

“In memory of George Van Nest who departed this life October 4, 1806 in the 59th year of his age.”

“C.L.S.”

"Little Walter son of John and Mary Van Neste died January 31 1862, aged 5 years 3 days.”

“Our dear Kitty daughter of John and Mary P. Van Neste died February 20, 1805, aged 16 years 5 months and 1 day.”

“Mary S. Wickoff wife of Abraham G. Van Neste born September 1, 1833, died May 2, 1928.”

“A soldiers grave, Abraham Vanneste born April 24, 1824 ....... 1862 .....(?)."

“A.S.H.”

“Abraham N. Van ........(?).“

"J.V.N.V."

“James H. son of Edward and Ann Buick died January 29, 1855 aged 1 year, 6 months and 4 days.”

“Hagaman. Henry Hagaman 1813-1894, his wife Lenna S. Vanneste 1815—1904.”

“Here lies the body of Henry Schenk who departed this life the 31st day of January and in the year of our Lord 1767 in the 50th year of his age.”

“Peter Schanck departed this life January ye 27th 1780, aged 58 years.”

“Here lies the body of Geertje Volkerson who departed this life the 12th day of December in the year of our Lord 1759 and in the 74 year of her age.”

“Here lies the body of Derick Volkerson who departed this life the 7th day of June in the year of our Lord 1754 and in the 87th year of his age.”

"Sacred to the memory of Frederick Frelinghuysen Esq., who died on the 10th day of November A.D. 1820 aged 33 years.”

“Undecipherable ......(?).“

“Entombed beneath this stone lieth the remains of Frederick Frelinghuysen Esq., Major General of
the Military forces and representative of the General Assembly of his native state.”

“Allleta S. wife of Israel Harris died August 9, 1840 aged 83 years and 10 months.”

“Sarah H. Harris died June 1, 1845, aged 46 years 4 months and 20 days.”

“In ..... (?) rememberance of Margaret Mercer wife of Peter S. Mercer this stone is raised. She died on the 19th September 1814 in the 51st year of her age.”

“In memory of Jacob Van Neste who died July 8, 1814 in the 32nd year of his age.”

“In memory of Catherine relict of Abraham Van Neste who died October 9, 1834 aged 83 years 3 months and 1 day.”

“In memory of Abraham Van Neste who died November 18, 1833 aged 83 years 7 months and 5 days.”

There are a number of plain stones marking graves which appear to be older then those above. At Millstone, 3 miles distant is grave yard of the “Hillsboro Dutch Reformed Church, which has many old graves, many of them are members of the Van Nest family.

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Pioneers of Green County, Ohio, 1803 · 1830.

( ) John Casad, Bath, 1806; died March 15, 1854, aged 67; ) · John Casad buried at east graveyard, near Fairfield.
( ) John Casad, Jr., 1807.
( ) Abner S. Casad, Bath, 1817.
( ) Aaron Casad, Sr., 1806; died May 9, 1832, aged 62, buried in Fairfield cemetery.
( ) “Jacob Casad, Bath, 1806; soldier of War of 1812; died August 22, 1827, aged 72; buried in Casad graveyard.
( ) Samuel Casad, Bath 1806; soldier of War of 1812; kept tavern at Fairfield in 1817; January 1806 married Mary Mercer.
( ) Benjamin Casad, Bath 1810.
( ) William Casad, Bath 1810; died in Bath Township 1853.
( ) Anthony Casad Bath 1811.
( ) Paul Casad, 1818.
( ) Aaron Casad, Jr., Bath, 1820; died in Bath twp. 1839. Married October 26, 1818 to Mary Hall.
( ) William N. Casad, Bath 1820.
( ) John P. Casad, Bath 1826, died at Cleveland, Ohio, May 27, 1855.
( ) Isaac F. Casad, Bath 1826, died in Bath Twp., 1855; buried, in Fairfield cemetery. Married Caroline Townsley.
( ) Reuben Casad, Bath, 1826; died in Bath twp., in 1846. (First blacksmith in Fairfield). Brother of Aaron. Married Mary Rockfield July 29, 1821.
( ) Aaron Casad, Bath 1827. Married March 1, 1832 Mary Demit.
( ) William Casad, Jr., Bath 1827.
( ) Dennis Casad, 1828; married July 20, 1826 to Margaret Ogg.
( ) Benjamin Casad, Jr., Bath 1828,
( ) Rev. John Casad, Bath 1829.
( ) Thomas Casad, 1824. Married October 3, 1824 Margaret Baker.
( ) Mercy Casad, Bath 1830; wife of Jacob Casad, died 1835; aged 79, buried in Casad
graveyard at Fairfield.

( ) Martin R. Cased, Bath 1840, son of Reuben.
( ) Woodward Casad, Bath, 1840: married March 13, 1836 to Mercy Hall.
(Reference: Robinson's History of Green County, Ohio.)

Greene County, Ohio, Pioneers.

( ) Baily Casad, Bath, 1840. Married August 17, 1837 to Elizabeth Pharis.
( ) Samuel Casad Jr., Bath 1840: married June 2, 1858 to Mary Arts.
( ) Abel Casad, Bath 1840.
( ) Rhoda Casad, Bath, 1840.
( ) J. F. Casad, Bath 1840: married November 2, 1841 to Rhoda J. Casad.
( ) Samuel Cozad, a native of Virginia, assisted in laying out Fairfield, Ohio, in 1816. William Cozad assisted. Site located not far from old Indian town of Piqua (This Piqua is not the same town now bearing this name).
( ) Aaron Casad, b, October 16, 1832, d. December 10, 1883.
( ) Rueben Casad, d. August 14, 1846, aged 42 years.
( ) Mary A. Casad wife of Rueben, d. December 25, 1869, aged 59 years.
( ) Aaron Cusad, b. 1776, d. 1839.
( ) Rhoda Casad, b. 1780, d. 1849.

The above five people are buried in the cemetery at Fairfield, Ohio.

( ) David Cozad Of Dayton, Ohio, states that his father came from Fairfield. He has a sister in the Convent at Reading (Cincinnati, Ohio), 1929, who is a member of the Sisters of Notre Dame: and another sister in a hospital. His father died some years ago at the National Military Home at Dayton, while his mother met with a fatal accident a few years ago.

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(970) JEREMIAH COZAD:

Jeremiah Cozad born near Hallsville, Ross County, Ohio, lived in that and Vinton County, same state, till he became of age when he started west to seek his fortune in the California gold fields. He made the trip from Ohio to California on horseback and in a wagon, and had many narrow escapes from Indians. He followed mining in California, Colorado, New Mexico, Utah and all through that section. He finally struck it rich, made a fortune, then sold out his mining interests and with another man went to San Francisco, California, where they started a large wholesale and retail store. While engaged in this he took sick and while he lay on a sick bed his partner disposed of the business and fled with the proceeds, leaving Cozad a poor man.

After his recovery he went to Salem, Oregon, where he met and married Carrie Browning a maid of 13 years by whom he had 3 sons, viz., Joseph, William and Frank. From Salem he went to Silver City, Nevada. During their residence here small pox broke out and as Mr. Cozad had already had the small pox he went as an immune to help care for the sick. His wife and all three sons took the disease and all were dead in six weeks. All are buried in the Catholic Cemetery at Silver City. His wife was 18 years old when she died.

After a year or two of wandering he was stricken with paralysis, had three strokes and was a long time in recovering. Finally in 1867 or 8 he decided to visit his old home in Ohio. When after a long journey he arrived there and found his brothers and sisters gone and his mother married to a
Methodist minister and also gone. He did not remain in Ohio long but started back west to Dallas County, Mo., where he learned several of his relatives had gone. Here he bought some land and here he met and married Fanny Ellen Bradley, March 13, 1872. They lived here 14 years at the end of which time his health began to break down and in 1887 he sold out in Mo., and went to Southern California near San Diego. Here he suffered with asthma and consumption for eighteen years before he died, finally on May 19, 1901 he took la gripe and died four days later on May 23, 1901. He had a varied experience and could relate many interesting stories of life on the frontier, especially his experiences with the Indians and the many narrow escapes he had when out prospecting for gold. When he had the small pox his illness reached a stage when to all appearances he was dead. Those in attendance would have proceeded with the funeral had it not been for the protests of his cousin John J. Cozad () who was with him. Finally after laying in this condition for some 34 hours he regained consciousness and recovered. Ever after this experience he had different views in regard to the future life from those held by the Christian world of today. He claimed that while in this apparent dead condition things were revealed to him which it is not given those in life to know. He had six children by this second marriage as follows.

CHILDREN:
(1529) i. John Jay Cozad, b. January 17, 1874: San Diego, Cal.
(1531) ii. Nora May Cozad, b. March 15, 1876: Middle River, Ia. married William Martin Griswold, May 27, 1894. They lived at Middle River, Madison County, Iowa

CHILDREN:
( ) a. Frank Elmar Griswold, born September 4, 1895.
( ) b. David Earl Griswold, born November 14, 1897.

( ) iii. Myrtle Bell Cozad, b. in 1879, d. near Buffalo, Mo.
(1530) iv. Franklin Cozad, b. August 28, 1880: San Diego, Cal.
(1533) v. Blanche Cozad, b. July 9, 1884: San Diego, Calif.
(1534) vi. Clara Cozad, b. August 30, 1887: San Diego, Calif.

HEWEY ANDERSON COZAD: (Job line)

Hewey Anderson Cozad at the breaking out of the Civil war enlisted August 29, 1861 in the 100th Regiment of Penna. Volunteers which was first known as the North Guards, but later was known as the "round heads", Company "G", 9th Army Corps. He served as a Veterinary Surgeon under H. Bromdon, 1st Division, 9th Army Corps and under others till the close of the war. When his term of service expired he reenlisted, thus serving two terms. He served till July 29, 1865, after which he returned to Mercer County, Penna., where he remained till 1867 when he went to Galva, Henry County, Illinois, where he remained one year and in 1868 he went to Minnesota where he remained for six years. From there he went to Lamar, Missouri., where he met and married Mattie Williams. He then went from Lamar to Jasper, Mo, where he remained until his death February 4, 1890. His children by Rebecca Jane Reigle were as follows.

CHILDREN:
( ) i. Anderson D. Cozad, b. Feb. 9, 1855: Sandy Lake, Pa.
( ) vi. John Cozad, b. February 10, 1865, d. Sept. 22, 1866
OLD COZAD CLARK SETTLEMENT

Who settled on the head branches of the Whippany River, Roxiticus, Old Hunterdon County, New Jersey. In the year 1728.

(In the word “Oldham” above, only the “dham” was legible. As a guess the publisher provided the “Ol”.)
LAND TRANSACTION IN THE YEAR 1716.
(See sketch preceding page)


To Evans 1666 acres from which (1728) a tract of 563 acres was taken from northwest corner. Brookden's 1114 acres on south had a tract taken (1754) of 506 acres in two lots along north, bounded on South by Morristown Road and on east and west by three roads leading from said road to Brookeide. A tract of 22 acres (1757) from southwest corner of Penn's 3750 acres joined 563 acre tract along on north. Western boundaries of these surveys and tracts from base line beginning at first cross road east of Mendham, runs due north through Grey's Hollow, 160 chains to old tree corner.

Whippany River has its source in two main branches - east branch two miles long, rises at east Mt. Freedom, runs southwest, crossing southeast corner 277 acre tract, enters northeast corner 563 acre tract, bends due south at head of Dismal Glen through which flows one mile to junction with west branch, which, rising at West Mt. Freedom, runs southwest, bends south and at cross-roads unites with branch from west through Grey's Hollow and small branch from north. Another branch from south side of Cold Hill empties in at Brookeide and soon after joins east branch, now forming Whippany, crosses northeast corner 506 acre tract east five miles from junction to Morristown. The road from Mendham to Mt. Freedom northeast across 563 acre tract crossing a road from Brookeide northwest forms only cross-roads on the three tracts and half mile northeast of cross-roads forks to east and west Mt. Freedom. An old road from Grey's hollow through woods, bends east around a cleared field. Southwest from west line of this old field an old chestnut tree yet (1892) marks the corner of 563 acre tract (in deed of 1755 called “Sapling”). Two roads each side of glen "Tingley" on east, “Shores" on west.

THE HENRY SPENCER CLARK COLLECTION.

(607) SAMUEL COZAD:

Samuel Cozad Sr., born 1723, died 1811. Married Anne Clark born 1729, died about 1775. They were married about 1753. Anne was the daughter of Henry Clark, Sr., a Scotchman, who came to Suffolk County, L. I., Ronkonkoma, where, leaving wife and child with relatives who preceded. them and settled, he went in search of land on which to settle. Went west via Elizabeth to Morristown, then containing three families, and Mendham, one followed up river, then east branch to head of glen and bend in branch where a few chains west from eastern edge of plateau a spring emptied into branch. At this spring, on plateau, found it would make a good farm with water power near by, made a clearing, built log house, then returned to move out his family. Their nearest neighbor were two families who soon after settled at head of branch - - one named Cooper. For some years after they settled only a footpath to Mendham and Morristown, N.J.

No record of Henry Clark's first purchase of land is known, but the date is fixed by other facts. In 1734 built frame house by side of log house and put an iron knocker on door bearing date. About
1750 assisted by sons-in-law, built dam and saw mill at head of glen. This dam is yet standing (1892) firm as at first. September 15, 1754, bought the 506 acre tract of Charles Brockden (deed on small parchment). May 1768, deeded to grandson Samuel Cozad Jr. (632), 40 acres of southeast corner of 277 acre tract (deed on paper). The 506 acre tract probably sold soon after purchase as none of Henry's descendants are known to have owned any of it. Henry was known as “the Long Island Yankee”, was born about 1690, died about 1770. Anne, his wife, born 1693, died 15th November, 1756, and are buried in Hill Top Cemetery, with many others of their descendants. They had three children, viz: Abigail, Anne who married the subject of this sketch, and Henry Jr.

Samuel Cozad Sr. and his wife Anne settled in forks of west branch on 100 acre strip along west of 563 acre tract and bounded east by north fork west branch. He bought this of Henry Clark Jr., May 1755. Deed on paper, witnessed by Paterson, Boyd and Pitney. About 1800 moved upon north side Cold Hill and built cider works. He became wealthy and was for many years an elder in Hill Top church, Mendham. His will was made 15th February, 1806, recorded in Liber A, at page 301. He married, about 1785, second widow of Ezra Fairchild, nee Percilla Burt, born 1739, died 1825. Samuel Cozad Sr., and first wife had

CHILDREN: (1st marriage)
(631) i. Anne Cozad.
(632) ii. Samuel Cozad Jr.
(633) iv. Henry C. Cozad
(634) v. Abigail Cozad
(635) vi. Elizabeth Cozad
(636) vii. Mary Cozad
(637) viii. Phebe Cozad.

Anne Cozad (631) born 1754, died about 1825, married 1774, Nathaniel Bonnel, Sr., died about 1826. They settled near the bend in north fork, and in 1804 sold 52 acre tract to N. Clark and moved up to head fork, where they died.

(688) i. Elizabeth Bonnel, b. 1776, died 1850. m. about 1795 Reuben Hulbert and had Louis who married Hester Bell, Phebe married _______ Clary, 2nd Louis LaForge, Elizabeth married John Clark, Jane married Henry Stage, Berthania married William Howell.
(689) ii. Henry Bonnel, b. 1777.
(690) iii. Nathaniel Bonnel Jr., b. 1779, died 1 April, 1866, married 1800 Mary Sturges and had Carman S, Mary, Abigail, Barnabas, Nathaniel Jr., Emaline, Robert G., Martha A
(691) iv. Thompson Bonnel, b. 1782, d. 182—, married Massa Clark and had Charles married Jane Garbrant,. John married Sarah Wycoff, Aaron H. married Elizabeth Waller, Henry married Mary Doland, Miranda married Daniel Millen, Lawrence and three others died young.
(693) vi. Anne Bonnel, b. 24th March, 1786 d. 3rd November 1865, married 4th November 1804, Jacob Drake born 11th April 1787, d. 31st March, 1866 and had Rhoda married Peter Coe, Elipalet married. Caroline Stewart, Margaret married John Burnett, Catherine married Jacob Stewart.
(692) v. Aaron Bonnel, born 1784.
(694) vii. William Bonnel, b. 3rd August, 1778, d. 1844, married 20th April, 1811, Elizabeth Conger, b. 1st May 1794, d. 5th June 1882, and had Jacob D., Aaron, Elizabeth, Jane, Phebe, William, Squire L., Charles F.

Samuel Cozad Jr. (632), born 12th June, 1756, died 3rd March, 1822, married 28th March 1785, Jane, daughter of Elder McIlrath, b. 4th October, 1765, d. 6th October, 1824. They, with many
others, went, in 1796, to Redstone, Washington County, Pa, and then 10 years after to Euclid, near Cleveland, Ohio, where they are buried.

**CHILDREN:**

(695) i. Jacob Cozad, b. 1786.
(696) ii. Elias Cozad, b. 1790, m. Hannah Palmer.
(697) iii. Anne Cozad, b. 1792, d. 1813, m. John Carlton.
(698) iv. Samuel Cozad, b. 1794, d. 1870, married Mary Condid.
(699) v. Henry Cozad, b. 1796, d. 1813.
(700) vi. Sarah Cozad, b. 1799, d. 1855, m. William Mather, 2nd. Jonathan Hale?
(701) vii. Andrew Cozad, b. 1801, d. 1873, m. 1825, Sally Simmons and had eight children, third one, Justus L. Cozad, who contributed his branch to this record.
(702) viii. Nathaniel Clark Cozad, b. 1803, d. 1828, m. 1824, Anne Collier,

**Henry C. Cozad** (633) born 1758, died 1812, married 1792 Catherine Drake, nee Losier, b. 176_, d. 1832 (one son Jacob Drake) by second marriage had four children.

**CHILDREN:**

(703) i. Eliphalet Cozad, b. 16th April 1794, d. 10th November 1863, married 11th March 1818, Polly A. Montgomery.
( ) ii. Anne Cozad, died young.
(704) iii. Catherine Cozad, b. 22nd. March 1801, d. 28th November, 1831, m. 17th September, 1817, William Houghland, and had eight children.
(705) iv. Oliver Cozad, b. 11th January, 1808, d. 6th September, 1888, married 19th January, 1852, Jane Van Kirk, b. 12th November, 1817, d. 16th March 1884. They had Henry, Caroline, Mary Ellen, Ruth, Cassius C., Samuel W., (Oliver L. son of Henry, collected the Henry C. branch for this record.). Said Henry C., about 1807, went to Washington County, Pa., where his descendants are yet living.

**Abigail Cozad** (634) and Elizabeth Cozad (635) sons of Elder Mcilrath of Mendham. Andrew and Thomas.

**Phoebe Cozad,** (637) married Ziba Casterline.

Morris County, N.J. was taken from Hunterdon Co., 1738. Mendham was called Roxiticus prior to 1749. Most of the early settlers in this vicinity came from England. The Cozad family were settled in Morris County, 1742 - four brothers and one sister, she married Eliphalet Lewis of Roxbury. Samuel Cozad lived and died near Mendham. Jacob born 1724, died 1812, at Mt. Olive, where he settled. Job, born 1726, died 1815, at Branchville, N.J., married Hannah Winans, and had ten children. Anthony lived and died in Somerset County, married Katy Coon, and had nine children. Of the old land marks on the 563 acre tract, only three remain (1892) viz: Pond and dam at head of glen, old chestnut tree at north end of base line, hedge fence in woods half mile southeast of cross roads, marking offset in south line. Of mills, etc., later and prior to 1800, there were cider mill of Philip Till, at head of east branch, saw mill of Pools & McCord, above bend.

The parchment and paper deeds named in this record now owned by the writer, H. S. Clarke, 1892, of this sketch, who could have added to it much more if others of the descendants had taken equal interest. All the main facts and dates here given are correct, and have been collected with much difficulty, through a period of twenty years. (1872-1892).

*****************************************
Newburgh, N.Y.
January 2, 1887.

Justus L. Cozad,
Cleveland, Ohio.

Dear Sir:

Yours of the 19th received, am pleased that you are taking so much interest in this matter - since I last wrote you I have been constantly exercising my ingenuity to make new discoveries and am able to report some progress.

But of the David Cosart (113) whose name appears in the printed list of about 30 as being the founders or Charter Members of the Holland Dutch and French Huguenot Church in the Minesink region probably nothing now can be learned from the church record. If he owned land in this vicinity it is recorded either at Newton the County seat of Sussex County, if the records extend back far enough or at Trenton the Capital of the State. In Morris County the records go back only to 1785, of mortgages and wills to 1765. At least prior to this they are recorded at Trenton in the Secretary of States Office where they extend to date of 1685. I will say that my information and authority pertaining to the Huguenots and Hollands of these parts is taken from the local histories in the Newberg City library which, as they all substantially agree, I take it that they must be true and reliable. A book now before me, A History of the Minesink Settlement down the Wall Kill Valley from Eusopus, Rountent and Kingston on the Wall Kill river which rises in the southern part of Sussex and running north and eastward through the counties of Sussex, N.J., and Orange and Ulster, N.Y. Enters the Hudson 2/3rds of the way up from N.Y.C. to Albany. Now it was at and about Eusopus where the said people settled - then drifted on down to what was known as the old mine road 100 miles to the Delaware at Carpenters Point and lands were purchased in Patents as they were called. The Minesink Patent being a very large one extending down into Sussex County. Here the churches were founded and the records were kept in the Low Dutch language. Shortly before and through the Revolutionary war they were compelled to abandon preaching. But after the war they were again revived and this one among them the date of which I think was 1787. It is an account of Minesink churches in large volume of Historical Collections of Sussex County in our City library.

I haven't the book here to refer to as it has been returned to the library, but as his name is among the Low Dutch speaking people of the Dutch reformed or Lutheran church, David Cosart (113) could not have been a near relative of Samuel Cozad (607) who were a family of English speaking people (baptists). Yet the name most certainly is or was French originally. I am satisfied in my own mind they were French Huguenots who escaped from France into England after the famous Edict of Nantes -that they remained in England until the 18th century and then came to New York, some going to Sussex County by way of Wall Kill Valley and

with the aforesaid Huguenots and Hollanders. Others of the same class of people by way of Hackensack up the Passaic Valley to Morris and Sussex Counties. In this manner at present is the utmost we can arrive at. But this we know, as early as 1742 Jacob Cozad (601) and wife of Roxbury Township, Morris County, N.J. took their child Leah Cozad 1613) ten miles southeast course to the old Presbyterian Church of west Hanover, Morris County to be baptised. (It is of record in said
church 1742). Also on the same Church record in lists of marriages, Elizabeth Cozad (612) of Black River, Roxbury, Morris County to Eliphalet Lewis. Also in 1792 in list found of burials a child of Anthony Cozad (609). Of course this David Cozad (113) 1787 could not have been the father of Samuel Cozad Sr. (607). He here speaks of Anthony and his wife and names his nine children.

Of Job Cozad (608) I have since learned that he died of cancer at the age of 90, is buried by the side of his wife in Frankfort Union Church old cemetery near Branchville, Sussex County, N.J. He was a well-to-do farmer. Raised several sons who on arriving of legal age went west and were never afterwards heard from. One of them by the name of Elihu Cozad (643), one only daughter Hannah Cozad (646) born February 10th 1778 died September 26th 1813, left many descendants in Sussex County. Job Cozad (608) married second wife on his death bed -She married him to get his property. He gave to each of his sons as they left home a share, and he gave much to the churches of Frankford Township. This first wife Hannah Winans a Scotch lady has a headstone also a daughter Hannah (646) and her husband John Elliott. He died November 14th 1833, aged 57 yuars 3 months 26 days. Headstone of Job Cozad (608) is broken off and under snow. Frankford Township or where Job and family lived very near center of county on main route between Branchville and Augusta on old Juke Slage road from N.Y.C. to Oswego, N.Y. via Newton, Sussex County and Delaware Gap.

/Signed/ Henry S. Clark"

NOTE: The David Cosart or Cozad mentioned above may have been the grandson of David Cosart (8) of Bound Brook, N.J. J.A.C.

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"80 Ann Street,
Newburgh, N.Y.,

James Cozad M.D.,
Reynolds, Ill.

Dear Sir:

Received yours of 4th August requesting some information of the early history of the "Cozad Family" in New Jersey. If you look on a map of New Jersey, about 30 miles west of N.Y. City you will find Morristown. It is the county seat of Morris County. Six to seven miles west from said town two small rivers rise and run easterly (they bear the old Indian names of Whipping and Passaic). On the heads of these rivers the first surveys of land was made in 1715 · to William Penn, Colonel Evans and Charles Brockden, all of Philadelphia, Pa.

Twelve miles west of Morristown rises a branch of the Raritan River and flows south-westerly across a plain supposed by geologists to have at a remote period been the bed of a lake for some miles it is or was known as Black River brook. Here on or near this stream the records show that the Cozad and Doty families were settled as early as 1742. The records of the old Presbyterian church at Morristown extend back to 1742 and they with other records PROVE that there were at least four children of some as yet unknown ancestors who PROBABLY came with them and settled there. The children were: Jacob (605) born about 1720, married 1741 to, it is said, Mercy Cox. Samuel (607) b 1725 (or a year or two earlier) died in 1811. Elizabeth (612) married March 1742 to Eliphalet Lewis. Job (608) born about 1730, married Hannah Winans.

Nearly all the first settlers in Morris Co. came from England via Long Island where many of them
stopped while with relatives or friends who came earlier and settled there. My ancestors Henry and Anne Clark came from England to Central, L.I., thence to head of said rivers, six miles west of Morristown and settled on 563 acres or 1/3 north-west part of Evans survey in the year 1728. They had three children, viz: Abby, married 1753 Nathaniel Doty, Anne married Samuel Cozad Sr. (607) and Henry Jr.

Samuel Cozad Sr. (607) and his wife (1st) Anne Clark Cozad settled May 1755 on 100 acres of the 563 original (I own the original deed) and they had seven children, viz: Anne (631); Samuel (632); Henry C (655); Abby (634); Elizabeth (635) Mary (636); Phebe (637).

In 1768 County records show Jacob (606); and Job (608) then settled on another branch of the Raritan river, 6 miles westward and on a mountain near a lake, 1 x 3 miles. Here they owned much good land and gave 1 acre for a Baptist Church and grave yard. Jacob (606) had at least three children: Vis Samuel (628); he married Lydia (Coon probably): Ester (627, married a Tingley; Nancy (630), married John Wolf and they are buried in the same graveyard with Jacob (606).

Sometime between 1768 and 1800 Job (608) sold out to Jacob (606) his 50 acres and went some 20 miles north to the center of Sussex County near Augusta and bought a farm whereon he died of cancer at the age of 90. His wife died March 2, 1815 aged 82 and they are buried in the old Union Church burial ground where his wife’s headstone is or was a few years ago still standing but the headstone of Job is broken down.

There were three sisters of the Winans. Job Cozad (608) married Hannah; Peter Cox married Sarah; and a brother (probably) of Eliphalet Lewis married Elizabeth and she in 1800 became the second wife of Nathaniel Doty.

If I could go to Trenton to search the old land records I could probably learn more of the first settlement of the Cozads as the records of lands at Morristown date back only to 1785 but at Trenton they date back to 1685. My ancestors bought 1754 and 1757 two other tracts of 506 and 277 acres of which I have the original deeds on parchment and other old deeds from and to Samuel Cozad Sr. (607) On the deeds and records the name is spelled variously as “Cozad, Casad, Cosat, Cusat, Cosart, Cozart”. A learned Frenchman tells me that it is a French name and that they were originally French Huguenots who fled from France to England in time of Insurrection (persecution).

I am anxious to learn the names in order of birth with dates of birth and deaths of children of Job Cozad (608) and where Elihu (643) your grandfather settled and died in the west · also your father · please inform me of these and any questions you may like to ask that I am able to answer. How did you obtain your record back to Job (608)? Was it through Elihu Cozad (643)?

I have a complete record of the now past generations of my family on which I worked 12 years. Hoping to hear from you soon again, I remain Yours truly, /s/ Henry S. Clark.”

"Newburgh, N.Y.,
June 6th 1892.

James Cozad, M.D.,
Reynolds, Illinois."
Dear Sir:

Received yours of May 26th and am always glad to add to the Cozad records any new items.

I am surprised to learn by the record of Will at Newton that Job Cozad (608) died so early as 1815. My information as I gave you was obtained from what I considered a very trustworthy source, Viz: The History of Sussex County. It is there in the history of Frankford Township, gives a full account of building Union Church and of first organization of same which would make date of birth 1733-4.

If Job Cozad (608) died in 1815 at age of 90 he would have been born in 1725 and being 8 or 9 years younger than his wife. We know from dates on headstones that Jacob Cosad was born 1724 - then Job would have been next to Jacob, and Samuel must have been born in 1722 or 3. The date of Samuel's (607) death is on church Records as 1811 and family tradition says he died very old which could not be said of him and not of the other two had been less than 88, the age of Jacob (606) and that it was in the year 1820 the land being given by the heirs of Martin Ryerson and Job Cozad gave the building.

Now there is evidently a mistake either in the date of history or record of Will. I will accept the date of will at Newton as correct if it is there plainly written.

The history states that the organization of this Union Church of Frankford dates from 1820 so if Job Cosad (608) gave the building he must have been alive there or the date is Wrong.

The date of death of Hannah, wife of Job Cozad as copied from headstone according to said History is March 2, 1815, in the 82nd year of her age.

The “Theological Student” mentioned with whom I corresponded some years ago was a descendant of Job Cosad — he was then about completing his course at Princeton, N.J. and was going to travel. Since then have heard nothing of him. He seemed to know no more than he wrote me that “Jab Cosad (608) died of cancer at age of 90 and married on death bed second wife a “Wily old crone”, did it to get his property.

Very truly yours,
/s/ H.S. Clark.”

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"80 Ann Street,
Newburgh, N.Y.,
November 21, 1892.

James Cozad, M.D.,
Reynolds, Ill.

Dear Sir:

I am sorry to keep you waiting so long for an answer ***********.

I got my brother, R.H. Clark, to do the business for me at the Record office, knowing it would be faithfully and accurately performed. He found the record of the will of Job Cozad, (608) which
Cossart Family History - Addendum - Miscellaneous

informs us that he willed, his wife Hannah ½ of his real estate and personal property, 2nd his
daughter Anne who married Peter Fisher, 3rd daughter Phebe, 4th daughter Hannah who married
John Ellet, 5th sons Job, 6th, Nathaniel, 7th Elihu. Will made August 25th 1815; probated
September 25th 1815.

We now know that Job Cozad, (608) had 10 children - 6 sons and 4 daughters. Benoni Price eldest
and Hannah Cozad Elliot youngest born between 1760 and 1779. The years of birth of some of
them will be difficult to determine without the book. Phebe seems to have been unmarried at the
time of making of the will and the others probably dead.

In records of lands appear the following joint purchase of lands made January 7th 1779 by Job
Cozad (608). John Stephens and wife, Aunanius Seely, John De Witt. (These lands were in the
Frankfort Township and near Augusta and Branchville). Again October 30th 1797, Jacob Cozad,
son of Job, purchased land. Then again 14th January 1807 Job Cozad purchased land of Martin
Ryerson.

The above are the main facts and dates on record at Newton. The will as written, my brother says,
is a curiosity. I am trying to trace the Cozads to their first settlement in Jersey - which appears to
have been Warren Township, Somerset County, some 15 miles east of Morristown, on what was
known as the old Doty farm, on old main road between Elizabeth and Morristown and near
Springfield, Essex County, about ½ way between where I think the “Bethel Cemetery” must be
where Anthony is buried. I think I can find the location of Bethel Cemetery in the History of
Somerset County and it may have an account of the first Cozad settlement.

From the history of Sussex County I learned that Job Cozad (608) gave the timber to build old
Union Church 1820 - but he must have given it in his will to be used when the church should be
built, as he died in 1815 that is now certain. He died in the summer of 1815.

The theological Student then at Princeton - a descendant of Job Cozad (608) - grandson of John
and Hannah Elliot and son of the Elliot now of Branchville - have forgotten his first name and
have heard nothing of him for some years. Think he is now preaching somewhere in the west. If
my health holds good I shall go to Somerville and Trenton next summer to search records. H.S.C.

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“Newburgh, N.Y.,
April 1894.

Dear Sir:

I send herewith copy of will of Job Cozad (608), from which it appear’s that only six children
therein mentioned were then living. By a letter received from Mount Olive Township, Morris
County, N.J. I learn that Job Cozad (608) moved from there about 1798, as from that date to 1830
there are no church records and in 1804 he is by a deed known to have then settled in Sussex
County. He sold to his brother Jacob Cozad (606) the 50 acres near the church at that time 1798
for in the will of a son of Jacob, named Samuel (628) recorded in Morristown which I copied, it is
there so written. The said Samuel Cozad (628) was a Baptist preacher and died at Mount Olive in
the year 1841, aged 81 years 7 months, and with his two wives, Lydia and Lucinda are buried with
his father and his wife who died 1812. All five are buried in a row and have headstones in what is now Baptist Cemetery surrounded by a stone wall. I lived within 2 miles of that place for 5 years when a young man, but this was before I ever thought of family records. Jacob was married to second wife about 1756 as it states on headstone that they “lived together 55 years” and Samuel in said will mentions his half brother Jacob.

In the records of the 1st church, Morristown they are four times mentioned records of Cozads:

“August 28, 1743 baptism of child of Jacob Cozad”.
“April 12, 1743, marriage of Elizabeth Cozad to Eliphalet Lewis.
“1791 died a child of Anthony Cozad”.
“1794 died a child of Anthony Cozad”.

This record shows that the Cozads were then (1743) settled in Morris County and there was an old Cozad settlement in northeast corner of Somerset County which the last of them left 1820. I believe that to have been the original settlement in America of the fathers as the children were so young in 1743 that they would not have emigrated there alone. Probably recorded in Trenton, N.J. The settlement of Anthony Cozad or from where they moved to Central, N.Y. before 1820 was known as the Doty old farm and is in Warren Township, Somerset Co., N.J. and on “Turkey Brook” a branch of the Rahway river (now called) and not far from Turkey (now New Providence) and Springfield near the line of Morris County. It is on the “old road” first used between Elizabethtown and Morristown about 1720. My Clark ancestors came on this road from central L.I. via Elizabeth to Morristown, 1728, and settled 6 miles northwest of said town and from the circumstances connected together it seems certain that ‘Clark, Doty and Cozad” were acquainted on Long Island or on this road where Cozad and Doty first settled., and then the sons went on to Morris County and. there is tradition in the Anthony branch similar to that. It is unnatural and unreasonable to suppose that they would, any of them, after settling in Morris County 15 to 25 miles west go back and settle along a branch a back track and it is certain that the Cozads and Dotys were anciently connected in Warren Township. Now if the father, Jacob Cozad (601), of Samuel, Jacob and Job did settle here and buy land the deed most probably is recorded in the old record office in Trenton or in County Clerks office, Somerville, although the records of deeds in Morristown go back only to 1785, of wills only to 1800, of mortgages to 1765 and the same I think of other counties in the state. Prior to that they were all taken to Trenton, but all deeds were not recorded as I have one on parchment of my ancestors of 1754 not recorded at Trenton.

Anthony Cozad (609) died about 1820 (1790) and was probably buried in Somerset County. His wife (nee Katy Coon) is buried in Stark Cemetery, Dundee, N.Y. They had 11 or more children, viz: Jacob, Aaron, John, Thomas, Samuel, Polly, Katy, Hannah, Betsy, and 2 died young and are buried in Morristown Cemetery. It seems the old Cozad settlement was near or on the line of Somerset and Morris Counties as there is a record in the land office in Morristown of a sale of land by Jacob to his brother Samuel soon after 1800. It is there described as being located on Turkey Brook. I may be able to find out more about this old settlement which I think is the original one in Jersey and Anthony as being the youngest remained on the old homestead while the others went on further west. Samuel settling in Mendham, Jacob and Job at what is now called Mount Olive which is on Schooleys Mountain between Flanders at foot of east side on mountain and Hacketts-town on west side some 7 or 8 miles apart.

The small village of Mt. Olive being in a ravine and at church a road leaves main road north to Budd Lake which is only about a mile distant. On this road from church to lake is where they settled. And the sister Elizabeth who marred Lewis appears to have settled where the old stone house now stands two miles north from where I was born. It was called the old Lewis house 50
years ago and an old man then by that name lived there who was someway connected with my family.

Nathaniel Doty for second wife married the widow Lewis - her maiden name was Winans. She was a sister to Hannah Winans wife of Job Cozad (608). Said Lewis her first husband being a son of Eliphalet and Elizabeth Cozad Lewis.

Jacob and Job Cozad and man named Stephens bought 1768 land where church and cemetery now are.

Jacob Cozad (608) married 2nd wife a few days before his death - do not know her name.

I was also in the Army in time of war, I am now 61 years old (1894).

H. S. Clark.”

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“Newburgh, N.Y.,
May 14, 1894.

James Cozad M.D.
Reynolds, Ill.,

Dear Sir:

Looking over old correspondence found letter of J.C. Cox (deed) and thought it might be of interest to you to send it, with other items connected with Cozad genealogy and ancient antiques of N.J. Have since learned that Jacob Cozad (606) brother of Job (608) married Elizabeth Sutton and his son Samuel (628) married 1st wife Lydia Coon, no doubt a relative of Catherine Coon wife of "Anthony".

Expect to go down to Jersey next month and shall try to learn something of that old settlement in Warren Township and if able to get to Summerville to look over old records will no doubt find deeds, wills etc. of Cozads recorded there or at Trenton where the most ancient records are. Have wanted to go to Trenton for many years to look over “Index Books” but have never been able to get off, although only about 50 miles southwesterly from New York City. Am informed by surveyors of my acquaintance that the office is open to searchers and clerks.

Yours truly,
H. S. Clark.”

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"80 Ann Street,
Newburgh, N.Y.,

June 11, 1894.
Volume V

James Cozad, M.D.,
Reynolds, Illinois.

‘Dear Sir:’

I herewith return copy of "Grant" of which I made a copy and sent to Lawyer Cozad of New York City which he put in typewriting and sent me. He wishes to learn how you obtained it, as there is no official seal attached to it and only an extract. He would like to have the document in full with Liber page of record. Please give me some particulars of this in your next letter. He is also very anxious to see the book and as I have the fullest confidence that it will be safe - take the liberty to send it to him by express and he will either bring it up in two weeks or I will get it when I go down and then mail it to you. Shall be pleased to see anything you may send me on genealogy of any of the ancient Cozads. Of Jacob Cozad (606) would say that from the records it is clear that he was first married young and had: Leah, Jacob and then by 2nd. marriage to Elizabeth had Samuel, Eunice, Nancy - as Samuel in his will mentions half brother Jacob. Of Samuel Sr. (607) I have his record complete to third generation. On the four original deeds of lands to Cozads which I have dating from 1775 to 1755 the name is spelled 6 different ways - showing clearly they all mean one and the same person. I have just received word from Jersey that there is a special history of Somerset County - a large book which I feel sure must contain some mention of the Cozads first settlement. Am very anxious to see it as I have seen both histories of Morris and Sussex Counties which contain mention of Job Cozad (608) in Sussex, and Jacob, Job and Samuel of Morris County. I feel sure the Somerset county mentions Anthony. This latter county being older than the others may give valuable information of first settlement of the said Anthony (8) of the “Grant” who seems to have been the real progenitor of all the Cozads in America.

If Mrs. Sexton (761) had given more attention to the family genealogy in her younger days and less to theology we should have less trouble now of trying to trace this missing link to connect the two Anthonys.

But she is correct in one particular - "Samuel of Schoolys Mountain - he was the son of Jacob and probably then owned his fathers place and his father being very old, Mrs. Sexton did not remember him. This stopping place was about distance to N.Y.C. and Lamington , both nearly in straight line to New York via. Elizabeth, N.J. (the old route). My knowledge of these places from that here she is not mistaken.

Of Anthony of the “Grant” being her grandfather, that is a plain contradiction - if she had put it

great grand father then all would have been plain. But hope the history may have something in it to throw light upon the subject.

Yours truly,
/s/ H. S. Clark.”

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“Newburgh, N.Y.
September 30, 1894.

James Cozad, M.D.
Reynolds, Ill.
Cossart Family History - Addendum - Miscellaneous

Dear Sir:

------------ speaks of sending books, etc. to Lawyer Cozad of N.Y.C.  ------------

I have recently been to Morris County, N.J. and while there obtained a clue to most important documents which will show that there was a settlement of the Cozads in N.J. one generation prior to Samuel, Job, etc. You will remember that in some of my letters I had data then to cause me to believe there was such a settlement and located it on the “old road between Elizabeth and Morristown”. It now transpires that I was exactly correct in my calculation and have also located the old document which will show on large map, made 1749, of lands bought from Indians and in large tracts - afterwards sold to others in small parcels. Among such purchasers was David Cosart (8) who without a doubt was the original settler in New Jersey and either he or his brother was the real original ancestor of our family of Cozads. And I am anxious to see and copy that very important document of which there exists but one copy (as is supposed) in New Jersey and which is owned by the New Jersey Historical Society and can be seen and copied by any competent person although it might require some time to do it if it should prove to be a lengthy one.

This New Jersey Cossart (8) now appears to have been not related to the “Crozat” of the “Grant” but a different family and who came with my ancestor Clark from Scotland (as the dates of settlement are in the same years) and many collateral circumstances combine to strengthen the conclusion that the long sought problem is solved by this important document.

Yours truly,
H. S. Clark.”

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“New Burgh, N.Y.,
March 7, 1895.

James Cozad, M.D.,
Reynolds, Ill.

Dear Sir:

********While in New Jersey went to the rooms of the New Jersey Historical society and found and examined the original document of names of persons who purchased land of the proprietors or their heirs with dates and number of acres - taken from schedule No. 3 and accompanying map of Indian titles and land grants in Elizabethtown bill of Chancery. Published by James Parker, New York, 1747. It is quite a large volume with a map of Sir E. Camerons 2000 acres south of and joining onto Great Bend in Passaic - some 25 miles south-westerly from New York City and in north-eastern corner of Somerset Co. A spur of Morris County running down into Warren Township. A pocket map of N.J. by Rand McNally would show the relative positions of the four settlements of Cosads, viz’ Warren Township, Mondham, Mt. Olive, Frankfort.

Soon after I commenced collecting material for my record and before I had found and corresponded with any Cozad I found reason to suspect an original settlement of Cozads along the old road to Elizabeth and have so written in a diary or sketch book in which I noted down items and ideas as
they occurred 20 years ago.

It has turned out as I suspected - the first Cozads (8) settled on 100 acre tract, lot No. 107 of Sir E. Camerons 2000 acres bought 1727.

David Cossart (8) settled May 23 1729 and either he or a brother of his was the father of Jacob, Samuel, Job. This is as certain as any fact of the past can be proved to be. A dozen or more facts fit together to establish beyond the possibility of a doubt that here and these were the real genuine ancestors - the old line from whence all the later Cozads swarmed out and kept moving west - 1st move being to Mendham. These Cosarts no way connected with Anthony of the "Grant" that I can make out and cannot account for that tradition of Mrs. Sexton's. Crozats from the “Grant” seemed all to have settled in the south, but our Cosarts seem to have come from Scotland with Clark, Doty, Cox, Bonnel, Coon, etc., who are all on documents as settling there together from the east and not from the south.

On the four Cozad deeds I have of 1755 the name is spelled 6 times as Casart, in 1768 is spelled 6 times as Cozat, in 1774 is spelled 5 times as Cozad, in 1775 is spelled 5 times as Cozart. And also the name is spelled differently on the same deed. In the Morristown church records it is spelled Cusat, and Cozatt or Cazatt.

A man who lately died near here was named “Crosset” (pronunciation same as Cozad) and on inquiry found he was from Scotland and that the name was common in that country. But away back they may have settled there from France.

J. C. Cox, deceased of Dayton, Ohio, who had taken much pains to investigate wrote me that the father of the New Jersey Anthony was named Jacob 1st and that his mother was nee Mercy Cox, sister of Philip Cox, he is on documents as buying 50 acres off Cameron October 23, 1741 and was Executor of Anthony Cozad, Philip Cox will.

If any of these wills are on record they must be in Trenton. I think no records go back very far in Somerville. Do not know where most ancient records were kept in Somerset. Even in Morristown wills go only back to about 1800.

Anthony Cozad (9) died about 1720, aged about 80 and is buried in Mt. Bethel cemetery a few miles south great bend, but there is no headstone. The pastor of said church sent me a diagram of locality, roads, rivers, etc.

Yours truly,
H. S. Clark.”

Note: The above appears to be the last letter written to Dr. Cozad. Mr. Clark was still living in 1906 as was gathered from letters written in that year. J.A.C.

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"36 Wall Street,
New York City, N.Y.,
6th June 1894.

H.S. Clark,
80 Ann Street,  
Newburgh, N.Y.

My dear Friend:

I return to you herewith the copy of the “Grant” which you kindly sent me. Also a typewritten copy of same thinking you may have use for it sometime in the future. Do I understand rightly that this copy you sent me is a verbatim copy of what you have, or, have you a complete copy of the grant, from the records, from which you made extracts for me? The copy which you sent and which I now return is headed “Extract” which raised the question in my mind. This copy or “Extract” purports to be from the land records at Little Rock, Ark. It has however no mem: of the recording official to show when recorded, or, where (liber and page) it may be found. In case you have this data will you kindly let me have it also as I should like to get a copy of the grant, properly certified under the seal of the Register there. If you will be so kind as to let me examine Mrs. Sexton’s book I shall be greatly obliged to you. You may if you will send it by express at my expense. (the same address). Have you any idea about the change of name? i.e. from Crozat to Cozad or Cosad. I presume the changes from “t” to “d” and from “z” to “s” may be properly accounted for by reference to our ancestors ideas of euphony: but it would seem something rather unusual to account for the missing “r” in the same fashion.

I am glad to hear that you are coming to town, and I shall feel very much slighted if you neglect to call on me. If you could let me know, about when you will come, I will use my best efforts to be in. And I should like very much to see you at my rooms at the "Anglesea", 60 Washington Square, South. I am in, the majority of evenings, after 3 o’clock, and if I knew when to expect you, would gladly wait. Trusting you are in good health and that I may soon hear from you and the book, I am &c.,  
W. G. Cosad.”

The following clipping was taken from an Ohio paper dated Wednesday, March 23, 1892:

(761) · REV. LYDIA CASAD SEXTON:

“She lives in Seattle, Wash., and is the oldest woman preacher. (Special Correspondence). Seattle, March 17. · Rev. Lydia Sexton, of this place, is considered the oldest woman preacher in the United States. She was born on April 12, 1790, in Sussex County, now Rockport, N.J., and has been preaching for nearly fifty years of the 93 years that she has lived. She is a cousin of Bishop Mathew Simpson.

Her grandfather, Marquis Anthony Cozot, is a prominent character in the early history of America. He came to this country early in the last century, holding in his possession a grant of land taking in the Mississippi valley for five miles on each side of the stream from the Gulf of Mexico to “Alaska Lake”. When the territory was ceded to the United States in 1803, the marquis who was then quite old, abandoned his grant because, he said, “it would cost more than it would come to, to keep it”. He died in Somerset County, N.J., leaving nine children.

The descendants of these children now number many hundreds, and some of them are making efforts to gather the heirs together and make a united demand upon the government for at least a
part of the value of the grant which their ancestor let go so easily. The name Cozot has long since been changed by popular usage to Casad.

Mrs. Sexton was the daughter of Rev. Thomas Casad (647), a Baptist clergyman. Lydia found herself an orphan when she was nine years old, and four years later she left her home for the “far west”, the “Hios” as Ohio was then called. The trip was a perilous one of 800 miles over the Allegheny mountains without roads or bridges and infested with bears and wolves and roving bands of Indians. She grew to womanhood in Ohio, and learned the glove making and tailoring trades. When quite a young woman she married Isaac Cox, who accidentally met death soon after the wedding day. In April, 1824, she married Moses Moore, but he also died within a short time. On September 12, 1829, she married Joseph Sexton at Jackson-borough, Ohio, and with him she lived with him for over fifty years, until his death.

In 1834, after a life of doubt upon religious matters, she joined the United Brethern church and was baptised in the Great Miami river at Dayton, Ohio. A few days after joining the church she went to a dance, being very fond of the amusement. When she entered the hall she was suddenly stricken with a deep sense of disappointment and disapproval of her own past conduct, and then felt a call to teach the Word. She left the hall, deeply moved with the determination to become a minister. The opposition of her family, however, deterred her from carrying out her plans for several years, and it was not until eight or ten years later that she commenced to exhort in public. From the first her success was notable.

In 1851, Josiah Terrell, presiding elder at the quarterly Illinois conference of the United Brethern, gave her a license to preach, which license she still proudly exhibits. Her forte was in revival work, and her converts during the twenty or thirty years following her regular initiation into the ministry numbered many thousands.

In 1870 Mrs. Sexton, with her husband, moved to Kansas She was no sooner there than she was importuned to preach. It seemed as if half the people of the state knew good old Mother Sexton, for many of the citizens of the new state had emigrated from Ohio, Indiana and Illinois. Before she had fairly gotten to work, however, Governor Harvey appointed her prison chaplain at the state penitentiary. She took the position with some reluctance, for she was afraid she would not be able to successfully carry on the difficult duties. She was over seventy years old, and her kind, motherly and sympathetic tenderness awoke in many a poor man’s breast the love he had borne for his own mother years before. When her labors were finished there she counted ninety-five converts among the jail birds who had embraced the Christian faith. She went as a delegate in 1870 to the national prison congress at Cincinnati and was the only woman who addressed that distinguished body.

A year or two later, when the people of Kansas were in distress, owing to several successive crop failures, she started out to solicit aid. Her appeals through the eastern states were rewarded by bountiful gifts of food and clothing, and at one time she sent back a whole train load of flour.

Her good work was cut short by the receipt while in Washington city, of a dispatch from Governor St. John, telling her not to send any farther supplies, as the distress had been relieved.

About three years ago, 1889, Mrs. Sexton moved to Seattle from Kansas, and she still frequently preaches and makes trips to surrounding towns and holds revivals. During the past few weeks her eyesight has gradually failed, and this will probably deter her from doing much more active work in the way of preaching.
She remembers the war of 1812 distinctly. Her brother Abner Cozad was in that war, and her grandfather on her mother's side, Joseph Tingley, and his two sons, were soldiers under Washington in the Revolution. She still remembers of hearing her grandfather tell of his first meeting with General Washington. The old man with his two sons, approached the general with some trepidation. Taking off his hat and putting it under his arm, he said:

“I believe I have the honor of being in the presence of General Washington?”

“My name is George Washington”, replied the great man. “Put on your hat, daddy”.

“I came to offer you my services”, said the old man, “and that of my sons, such as it is, to help in this struggle.” “Noble offering”, said Washington. "Fall in ranks there, and at roll call report your names”.

Mrs. Sexton says that she is going to live to be a hundred years old, and is not at all unlikely that she will.

Elden W. Pollock.

The following is an extract from a letter written by the Rev. John James Cosat of Danville, Ill., which shows that his father was cognizant of the book written by Lydia Sexton in which appears the erroneous and misleading statement that Anthony Corzat of the “Grant” was the progenitor of our branch of the Cossart family. J.A.C.

"Danville
Vermillion County, Ill.,
February 16, 1906.

Mr. O.L. Cozad,
Marion, Ohio.

Dear Sir:

"I have heard my father say that his grandfather, "The Marquis De Cazote was guillotined in Paris, France during the French Revolution (Reign of Terror) on account of his being officially related to Louis 16th who also was guillotined about the same time or perhaps a year or two afterwards." I subscribe myself,


GRANT.

Louis King of France and Navarre to Anthony Crozat.

(Copy of Extract from Records at Little Rock, Arkansas).

(Dr. James Cozad, Reynolds, Illinois).
Volume V

“LOUISIANA

(Extract from the Grant to Crozat).

“Louis by the grace of God King of France and Navarre: to all who shall see these present letters, Greeting:

The care we have always to preserve the welfare and advantages of our subjects, having induced us notwithstanding the almost continued wars which we have been obliged to support from the beginning of our reign, to seek for all possible opportunity of enlarging and extending the trade of our American Colonies, we did in the year 1683, give our orders to undertake a discovery of the countries and Lands which are situated in the North Eastern part of America between New France and New Mexico and the Sieur De La Salle, to whom we committed that enterprise having had success enough to confirm a belief that communication might be settled from New France to the Gulf of Mexico by means of large rivers: this obliged us immediately after the peace of Ryswick, to give orders for the establishing of a Colony there and maintaining a garrison which has kept and preserved the possession we had taken in the very year 1683 of the lands, coasts and Islands which are situated in the Gulf of Mexico, between Carolina on the East and old, and New Mexico on the West. But a new war having broke out in Europe shortly after there was no possibility till now, of reaping from that New Colony the advantages that might have been expected from thence, because the private Men who are concerned in the Sea trade were all under engagements with other colonies which they have been obliged to follow:

AND WHEREAS, upon the information we have received concerning the disposition and situation of the said countries, known at the present by the name of the province of Louisiana, we are of the opinion that there may be established therein a considerable commerce, so much the more advantageous to our kingdom, in that there has hitherto been a necessity for fetching from foreigners the greatest part of the commodities which may be brought from thence and because in exchange thereof we need carry thither nothing but commodities of the growth and manufacture of our own kingdom. We have resolved to grant The Commerce of the Country of Louisiana to the SIEUR ANTHONY CROZAT OUR COUNSELLOR, Secretary of the household crown and revenue to whom we entrust the execution of this project. We are the more readily inclined hereunto because his zeal and the singular knowledge he has acquired in Maritime commerce, encourage us to hope for as good success as he has hitherto had in the diverse and sundry enterprises he has gone upon, and which have procured to our kingdom great quantities of gold and silver in such conjectures as have rendered them very welcome to us.

For these reasons being desirous to show our favor to him, and to regulate the conditions upon which we mean to grant to him the said commerce, after having deliberated this affair in our Council, of our certain knowledge, full power and royal authority, we by these presents, signed by our own hand have appointed the said Sieur Crozart solely to carry on a trade in all the lands possessed by us and founded by as aforesaid ‘all the established ports, havens, rivers, and principally the ports and haven of the Isles of Dauphin heretofore called Massaer’i: the river of St. Louis heretofore called Mississippi from the edge of the sea, as far as the Illinois, together with the river St. Philip, heretofore called the Missoury, and of St. Jerome heretofore called Onabache, with all the countries, territories, lakes within land and the rivers which fall directly or indirectly into that part of the river St. Louis.

THE ARTICLE.
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1. Our order is that all the aforesaid lands, countries streams, rivers and islands be and remain comprised under the name of the government of Louisiana which shall be dependent upon the general government of New France to which it is subordinate and further

2. That the lands which we possess from the Illinois be united so far as occasion requires, to the general government of New France and before part thereon, reserving to ourselves the liberty of enlarging as we shall think fit, the extent of the government of the said Country of Louisiana.

3. We permit him to search for, open and dig all sorts of mines, veins and minerals, throughout the whole extent of the said country of Louisiana and to transport the profits thereof to any port of France during 15 years and we grant in perpetuity to him his heirs and others claiming under him or them the property of, in and to the Mines, Veins and Minerals which he shall bring to bear, paying us in lieu of all our claim our 1/5 part of the gold and silver which he shall cause to be transported to France at his own charges, into which port he pleases and the 10th part of what effects he shall draw from the other mines, veins, minerals and which 10th he shall transfer to our magazine in the said Country in Louisiana.

4. We likewise permit him to search for precious stones and perls, paying us 1/5 part in the same manner as mentioned for gold and silver.

5. We will that the said Sieur Crozat, his heirs or those claiming under him or them the perpetual rights, shall forfeit the property of the said mines etc., if they discontinue the work during 3 years and that in such case the said mines etc., shall be fully remitted to our dominion by virtue of this present article, without the process of any formality of law.

6. Our edicts, ordnances and customs and the usage of the Mayorality and shurality (shrievalty) of Paris shall be observed for laws and customs in the said Country of Louisiana, GIVEN AT THE FOUNTAINBLEAU the 14th day of September in the year of our Grace 1712 and of our reign the 70th.

BY THE KING

LOUIS PHILIPEAUX, &c.

Registered at Paris in the Parliment the four and twentieth of September 1712.

Crozat surrendered his grant to the Crown in 1717, in which year Louisiana was granted to The Western Company with the same extent it had been granted to Crozat. The Western Company surrendered their grant to the Crown in 1730 or 40.

(Note of the edict of the land laws &c.)

Copied from the public records at Little Rook, Arkansas 1894.

********************************************************************************

“Branchville, N.J.,
August 7, 1891.”
Volume V

James Cozad, M.D.
Reynolds, Ill.

Dear Sir:

******** I have just returned from the burial ground of the persons you name and give you the inscriptions so far as I could find them:

“In memory of Hannah wife of Job Cosad who died March 2nd 1815 in the 82nd year of her age. ‘Look on me and you may see, As I am so you must be’.”

“Job Ellet died February 4, 1830, aged 24 years and 5 months. In life beloved now dead at rest, God calls away those he loves best.”

I have seen Job Cosad’s tombstone, many times long after it was broken. I am told a person living by and now occupying the burying ground as a pasture used the broken stone in the foundation of his barn.

Very respectfully,
/s/ William McDonald.”

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“Woodport, N.J.,
October 6th 1891.

Mr. James Cozad:

******** I went to Branchville and got what data I could from those old headstones. I found one of them under a man’s barn as a corner stone and I ordered it put back on the grave where it belonged.

Yours &c.
/s/ Alpheus Ellett.

*************************

“Newburgh, N.Y.,
May 25, 1900.

Mrs. J. W. Keezel:

Your first and only letter of May 18th 1900 received today. Owing to poor health am forced to quit much reading, writing and even thinking is painful so I must be brief. If your father “Dr. James Cozad, deceased, of Reynolds, Ill.” preserved the letters etc., I sent him from time to time and especially the printed Record of my family ancestors you will have about all the information I am able to give. The long list of names of early Cossarts sent appear to have been copied from “O.L Cozad’s” printed record. of his Samuel Cozad Sr. (607) branch. The said Samuel Sr. married Anne Clark an aunt of my grandfather, Henry Clark Jr., and that is the reason why I have taken such great interest in the Cozads.

If you cannot find the pamphlets I sent your father and would like to learn the genealogy of the Samuel Cazad Sr. (607) branch write me and I will mail you one. The Wifl of Job Cozad (608) is on
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record at Newton, N.J. I think your father has a copy. There is no will of John Cozad (602), b. 1757 that I ever heard of.

There was one lawyer “Willis G. Cozad” in New York some years ago with whom I had much correspondence but I think he died at Oaks Corners, N.Y. the home of his father David. W. Cozad. There are now no Cozads in N.J. that I know of. All went west many years ago, but many descendants with other surnames are yet in Morris and Sussex Counties, N.J.

I could talk over these subjects much easier than to write about them and might be able to give information or hints that would lead an inquirer into some clue by which information might be obtained. The localities in N.J. where Samuel Cozad (607) Sr., Jacob and Job lived are familiar to me.

I am delighted that one so young and competent is taking up a task laid down prematurely by a parent. May you live long and hand down to the next generation the completest of all genealogies of the Cozads.

I have had two pamphlets printed, a larger one giving a sketch of the history of the Clark-Cozad lands, etc., in Morris County, N.J. an imperfect record of the genealogy. The smaller one contains the complete genealogy from first to my fifth generation. I have preserved some of your fathers letters. If you would be interested in them would send you a few - also some letters received from other correspondents on the Cozad families. There are no Cozads in New York City that I know of.

Very Sincerely,
/s/ Henry Spencer Clark.”

THE J. C. COX RECORDS

The following are extracts and data copied from old letters and notes written in 1891 by J. C. Cox of Dayton, Ohio, to the late Dr. James Cozad of Reynolds, Illinois. Mr. Cox is a nephew of the Rev. Lydia, Sexton (761). He states that this genealogical data was mostly obtained by correspondence over a period of a long time.

“There was a David Crozatdt of New Jersey that changed his surname to Cozad. This was before the time of Job Cozad (608)."

Sutton. This Jacob was a brother-in-law to Isaac Cox and William Clerk.

(606) "Jacob Cozad, son of Jacob (601), married Elizabeth Sutton, a sister of Sarah and Hannah

CHILDREN:
(625)  i. Jacob Cozad married Mercy Woodward. Their eldest son John (673) was born 1776. (See addenda).
(626)  ii. Mary Cozad m. 1st John Coon, m. 2nd Benjamin Cutler.
 ( ) iii. Elizabeth Cozad m. John Stark
 ( ) iv. Hannah Cozad m. John Collins
 ( ) v. Rachel Cozad m. Samuel Butler.
 ( ) vi. William Cozad
vii. Barnabus Cozad

Mary Coon (nee Cozad) had three children, two sons and one daughter. The two sons were captured by Indians. One son was ransomed and the other son remained with the Indians. His name was John and married an Indian woman, and they have descendants in Indian Territory. (Reference: Dr. R. R. Cutler, Enfaula, Ind. Territory). No information as to name or other matters relating to the other son. The third child of John Coon and Mary was Carity Coon, born in 1768, died March 3, 1872, aged 104 years.

Carity Coon, above mentioned who lived to be 104 years of age, married Henry Hinzman.

CHILDREN:

i. Nancy Hinzman, married Jacob Heardman.

ii. Abraham Hinzman, m. Miss Means, and have two children: Perry G., and Margaret Schucher, lived in Harrison County, West Virginia.

iii. Thomas Hinzman, married, lived at Berlin, Lewis County, W. Va.

iv. Sallie Hinzman, m. Luntz, and had two children: John and Jane lived in Charleston, West Virginia.

v. Henry Hinzman, m. Miss — Starcher, Lewis Co., West Virginia.

vi. Betsey Hinzman, m. Robert Raines, Roane Co., W.V.


viii. William Hinzman, m. Miss Means, one son · John D. Camden, Lewis Co., W. V.


x. John Hinzman, m. Miss Bennett, m, 2nd. Miss West.


xii. Charity Hinzman, m. 1st Bennett. No issue. m, 2nd. Stephen Starcher, b. May 21, 1813. Charity was born February 25, 1819, m. October 3, 1837. (Charity & Charity. The publisher wonders about these spellings but they were carefully copied as they appeared in original volume. Typographical errors?)

Charity Coon Hinsman was 51 years of age when her youngest child, Charity, was born.

Mary Coon (nee Cozad married 2nd. in 1775 to Benjamin Cutler.

CHILDREN:

i. Jacob Cutler, m, 1ST Nancy Rowand, m. 2nd. Sinnia Clerk.

ii. Martha Cutler, m. David Johnson.

iii. Mercy Cutler m. John Sutton.

iv. John Cutler, m. Mary Johnson. (son of James & Hannah Cox.)

v. Benjamin Cutler · no issue.

vi. ( ) ( ) m. Shreeves.

Charity Hinzman, m. Stephen Starcher. and had:

CHILDREN:

i. John C. b. May 9, 1842.

ii. Isaac, b. August 1, 1843.

iii. Marion, b. March 18, 1845.

iv. Lafayette, b. February 11, 1847.

v. Perry D., b. January

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(    ) viii. Marcellus, b. October 15, 1859.

I have no other record of the children of Carity Hinzman, (nee Coon) only as given above.
/s/ J. C. Cox.”

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“Dayton, Ohio,
October 27, 1891.

Dr. James Cozad,
Reynolds, Ill.

Dear Sir:

Your last favor of September 26th with enclosed Samuel branch and the Cutler-Johnson
genealogy, for which I thank you.

Of course you understand that this Coon-Cutler-Johnson and Sutton genealogy all belongs in
general to the Jacob branch. All descendants of Mary (626), sister to Jacob (625) who married
Mercy Woodward, she being a daughter of Jacob and Elizabeth (nee Sutton).

I am anxious for info rmation if obtained of the first ancestors · for I have some doubts as to Jacob,
Samuel, Job, Elizabeth, Hannah and Anthony being of the same father. There is a general
tradition and understanding here or rather at Fairfield that years ago the descendants of Jacob
Cozad (625) and those of Anthony Casad (757) were not related (unless very distant). Nearer a
different set and spelled their name different for this reason and also for some political reasons ·
way back · they were enemies and the feud was handed down and they had little to do with each
other until the last two generations. And when spoken to they were particular always to say “we
are not of the set of so and so, we are not related and our name is Casad”, and the others would say
“we are Cozads.” One of these has the name of John Porter Casad as the father of Anthony. Now in
all the branches the names of Jacob, Samuel, Anthony, John, Elizabeth and Hannah seem to be
plenty and look like family names of descent, but do not find the name of Job in the other
branches, nor the other names common to his branch which seems singular. There may have been
a Thomas way back, for it seems a family name. I sometimes think the first Anthony, (The French
Marquis) that you have a record of had brothers John Porter and Thomas. The Anthony that
married Catherine Coon names his first and oldest son, Thomas · after whom? His youngest he
names John after whom? Possibly John’s grandfather was John Porter Cosad or he may have been
named after John Coon (a brother to Catherine) who married 1st the oldest child of Jacob and
Mary. Anthony also has a son Jacob (next to Thomas). Then Aaron (this may be a Coon name) then
Hannah, Elizabeth and Mary. Latter probably named after Mary (626) who married Coon and
Cutler.

Possibly there may have been a Thomas Cozad, a brother to Anthony, the grandfather of my Aunt
Lydia Sexton (761) that she neglected to include · for I find her memory is not clear and she gives
much that I know is positively wrong and entirely different. She has confused and mixed things
previous to her time. She is quite correct about those she knew during her lifetime. It may be that
her grandfather Anthony’s father was not Anthony but still she thinks he was the French Marquis,
and we know it was not her grandfather, but his supposed father and yet others have a tradition
of a John Porter Cosad being the father of Anthony (609).
There seemed to be an estrangement or non-recognition by Aunt Lydia and her relatives of the Jacob (601) set. They would speak somewhat contemptuously of each other. Yet the Jacob branch really stood higher as a set (not individuals) among the people than did the Anthony branch that settled at Fairfield · all of both branches were considered shrewd, natural aptness and bright · some of very fine education. Some of the Cozads were tricky and would get the best of a bargain even if not fair and yet most of them were very religious (?). It seemed to be a prevailing idea among the people, if you deal with a Cozad, look out", and some were prejudiced merely from talk, of enemies · and they were enemies in one sense to one another (the two sets).

The Jacob set were proud that they were Suttons and as such related to the Coxs who descend from aristocratic stock, as Coxs and besides are Tremblys and descendants of Lady Mary (Berkley) sister to Charles and James. They never claimed it as descending from a French Marquis · but the Anthony people claimed high blood as Casads. Their characteristics, traits, dispositions, zealous religionists, irrespective of real goodness were similar in both sets · good haters, jealous and envious, etc. My great-grandfather Philip Cox was proud and quite English. Nominally accepted the religion of England. Yet my grandfather, father and myself never belonged to church however, living moral and pure lives, believing in deeds of kindness rather than a showy profession of faith without any sincerity.

Yours truly,
J. C. Cox.

PS: Philip Cox born 1685 was a son of Isaac Cox, a brother to Dr. Daniel Cox who was Queen Ann’s physician, and Sarah (nee Sutton) was married 1st time to a Sutton · no issue, daughter of Lord and Lady Berkley (her name was Mary Bentley, she was a sister to Charles II and James of England. Isaac Coxes’ father was Philip and Philip’s father was Isaac who came to America in 1610. Philip’s (1685) father Isaac married 2nd. time Mrs. Mary Trembly (widow of John) and only daughter of Peter Noe also a French Huguenot born 1650. No issue. She had a daughter by Trembly. His brother George Trembly married Elizabeth, dau. of Lord and Lady Berkley whose dau. Hannah m. Philip Cox (1685) (Cousins).

"I enclose a clipping about my Aunt Lydia Sexton (761) that refers to Anthony Cozot as her grandfather. This is certainly wrong as her grandfather Anthony Cozad was not born before 1740 and he was no French Marquis. She has her grandfather and the one referred to in the Grant of Louis 14th of France (made September 17, 1712) confused. She does the same in her book. She is in error about some of her other ancestors I think. I believe Henry S. Clark of Newburgh, N.Y. nearer right than my aunt in the genealogy.”

J. C. Cox.

THE ANTHONY BRANCH
By J. C. Cox

(650) Aaron Cozad, son of Anthony and Catherine (609) born c. 1769, married Rhoda Dunn in New Jersey, c. 1790 and according to his grandson Henry Clay Cozad had children as follows:

CHILDREN:

(787) i. Aaron Cozad, b. 1798, d. 1833, m. Charlotte Curtis. She m. 2nd time William Cozad the father of John G. Cozad.

(788) ii. Anthony Cozad, b. 1800 m. Orpha A. Williams.

(789) iii. Catherine Cozad, b. 1802, m. William Goodfellow.
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(782) iv. Reuben Cozad, b. 1804, m. Mary Rockfield.
(783) v. Dennis Cozad, b. 1805, m. Margaret Ogg.
(785) vi. Elizabeth Cozad, b. 1807, m. 1st Samuel Ragan, m. 2nd Albert Guthridge.
(784) viii. Mary Cozad, b. 1810, m. Jesse L. Ragen.
(781) ix. Sarah Cozad, b. 1812, m. Aaron Compton.
(791) x. Samuel Cozad, b. 1814, m. Eliza Sparks.
(786) xi. Abigail Cozad, b. 1817, m. Samuel Chaney.
(787) xii. Aaron Cozad, son of Aaron and Rhoda, m. Charlotte Curtis.

CHILDREN:
(   ) i. John A., b. 1825, d. 1846. No issue.
(   ) ii. Rhoda, b. 1827, d. 1870, m. John G. Cozad, son of William Cozad who was son of Jacob and Mercy. (Woodward.) (This was penciled in margin).
(   ) iv. Isaac, b. 1831, m. Mary Ann Mathews 1850. Residence, Topeka, Kansas.
(   ) v. Mary Elizabeth, b. 1833, m. Dr. Joseph Hebble, Dayton, Ohio, 1855; residence Enon, Clark Co., O.

(   ) RHODA JANE COZAD, daughter of Aaron Cozad, Charlotte
(787), married John G. Cozad, son of William and Maria Baily. She died 1870. John G. lives (1891) near his son John G. Jr., at La Veta, Colo.

CHILDREN:
(   ) i. Margaret E. b. 1844, m. L. S. Shrewsbury.
(   ) ii. Mary E. b. 1845, m. M H. Madison.
(   ) iii. Corwine, b. 1847, died. 1848.
(   ) iv. Emily Jane, b. 1848, m. John W. Swaney.
(   ) v. Edward., b. 1851, d. 1875. No issue.
(   ) vi. California, b. 1854. m. David D. Ryns.
(   ) vii. Sarah J., b. 1855, m. Charles W. Alexander.
(   ) viii. John G. b. 1857, m. Mary L. Carroll. Residence; in 1891 was La Veta, Colorado.
(   ) ix. Catherine, b. 1859, m. William H. Ryan.
(   ) x. Fanny, b. 1861, d. 1885. No issue.

(   ) HENRY CLAY COZAD, married Mary An Hebble.

CHILDREN:
(   ) i. Cary, b. May 15, 1857, m. Alice Garrison.
(   ) iv. Mary Arminda, b. November 1, 1869. Resided with parents at Dayton, Ohio, 1891.
(   ) v. Lolo Louisa, b. January 6, 1875; residence Dayton.

(   ) SARAH COZAD, married Aaron Compton.
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i. Anthony Compton.

ii. James Compton.

iii. Charlotte Compton. m. Dr. Harris.

iv. A daughter, m. Coulston, Urbana, Ohio.


Reuben Cozad, married Mary Rockfield.

CHILDREN:

i. Julia Ann.

ii. Adrine.

iii. Martin.

iv. Aaron.

v. Sarah

vi. Harriet

vii. John

viii. Cassius.

Elizabeth Cozad, m. Samuel Ragen.

CHILDREN: (1st marriage)

i. Edward.

ii. William Henry

Elizabeth married. 2nd. Albert Guthridge.

CHILDREN: (2nd. Marriage)

iii. Julius.

iv. Maria Josephine.

Isaac Cozad, married Mary Ann Mathews. (Son of Aaron and Charlotte Curtis).

CHILDREN:

i. Frances, b. 1851, m. Reuben Nunnemaker.

ii. Henry Clay, b. 1852.

iii. Josephine, b. 1854.

iv. Pierce, b. 1856.

v. Charles, b. 1858.

vi. Curtis, b. 1860.

vii. Edgar, b. 1862.

xiii. Porter, b. 1864.

ix. Florence, b. 1867, d. 1868.

x. Walter, b. 1867, d. 1870.

xi. William, b. 1868, d. 1868.

xii. Reuben, b. 1870.

xiii. Ada, b. 1872, d. 1872.

Mary Elisabeth Cozad, married Dr. Joseph Hebble.

CHILDREN:

i. Emma, m. George Dillehunt.

ii. Catherine, m. W. Swadner.

iii. Rhoda.

iv. Pierie.
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v. Gertrude.
vi. David.
vii. Maud.
viii. Robert.

JACOB BRANCH

WILLIAM COZAD son of Jacob and Mercy, married 1st Maria Bailey Their daughter Mary C., married Moses Hall, a full cousin, son of Moses and Mary (Cozad) Hall. Moses Hall Jr. d. February 16, 1891. Mary C. died February 9, 1890.

CHILDREN:
i. John G. m. Mary Shear, resided at Cainesville, Mo.
ii. Maria, m. Israel Dear of Dayton, Ohio. She died May 30, 1885.

HANNAH COZAD daughter of Anthony Cozad and Catherine Coon, married Harpending.

CHILDREN:
i. Andrew Harpending, Dundee, Yates, N.Y.
ii. Mrs. Elizabeth A. Doughty, Dundee, N.Y.
iii. Anthony Harpending, Had children: Spencer and Abraham, Dundee, NY

Along early 1800 to 1820, Thomas, Aaron and John Cozad came to Ohio and settled and died at Fairfield., Green Co., 11 miles north-east of Dayton. (Sons of Anthony and Catherine). They have some descendants there yet, but most of them are in the western states. My grandparents came there in 1801. I was born one mile north of Fairfield August 2, 1841, So I was 50 last Sunday. Aaron Cozad had several children but I only knew Reuben Casad who married. Mary Rockfield.

J. C. Cox.”

JACOB COZART:

The descendants of Jacob Cozart.

CHILDREN:
i. Benjamin Cozart, m. Miss Reeves.
ii. Thomas Cozart, m. Miss Groso.
iii. Williun Cozart, m. Miss Holly Mangum.

CHILDREN:
1. David Cozart.
2. Hubbard Cozart.
3. Fannie Cozart.
5. William Cozart.
6. Green Cozart, m. Miss Nancy Pettus. See record below.
7. James Cozart.
8. Clara Cozart.
Volume V

iv. James Cozart, m. Miss Howard.
v. Hubbard Cozart, m. Miss Howard.
vi. Jaminca Cozart, m. Mr. Philpott.

Green Cozart and Nancy Pettus, his wife.

CHILDREN:
I James or (Jus) b. 1850, d. 1891, m. Fannielu Anderson.

CHILDREN:
(1) Wany 
(2) Anderson 
(3) Ansin 
(4) Thos. Wm. 
(5) Gus or Jus.
(6) Franklin.

II Annie b. 1855, m. Dr. A. H. Baker. Children: Archie, Cozart, Hinton, Marion, 
William, Mary, and Annie.

III William, b. 1860, m. Bessie Martin, Feb. 8th 1888.

CHILDREN:
(1) Elisabeth, b. August 11, 1891. 
(2) Alfred, b. October 16, 1895.

EPITAPHS IN THE OLD MT. OLIVE CEMETERY.

White marble stone in good condition.

"In memory of Deacon Samuel Casad, who died March 7th, 1841, Aged 80 years 7 months and 11 days".

He was a respected member of the Baptist Church of Schooleys Mountain many years and at his death left most of his property to that church, long may his memory be honored.

"Here lies the ashes of a man, 
That honored Christ below, 
and when death came to call him home, 
Was willing, glad to go. 
His talents time and money all, 
To Jesus cause were given, 
He knew that a Devine reward 
Awaiting him in heaven. 
He talked with God, his end was peace 
His memory is blest, 
and on the shores of Heavenly bliss, 
How perfect is his rest.

White marble stone, broken.

"In memory of
Lucretia A., wife of Samuel Casad, who died April 30th, 1840. in the 57th year of her age.”

Brown freestone almost entirely overgrown with moss.

“L.C., In memory of
Lydia Coon, wife of Samuel Casad, who died October 1st, 1813, in the 50th year of her age.
Within this gloomy darke abode this sister’s body lies, Whose spirit has arose to God, Above the starry skies with pleasure waiting for the time To see her sleeping flesh Awake with glory all sublime and join as one afresh.”

Brown freestone almost illegible.

J. C.
In memory of
Jacob Casad who died January 26, 1812. In the 88th year of his age.

“The body of our brother is in Sweet sleep reposing here, whose spirit has ascended high, And joinod in praise above the sky, with pleasure waiting for the day, That will awake his sleeping clay, To join in union as before, And sing God's praise forever more.

Brown freestone almost illegible.

E. C.
In memory of
Elizabeth, widow of Jacob Casad, Who died March 12th, 1812 in the 88th year of her age.

Which loving couple lived together 55 years and in the Baptist Church 50 years. A virtuous woman and sincere, A tender parent slumbers here, With Martha’s care she still had Mary’s part,
The world employed her hands but heaven
Her heart, While here she adored the Doctrine
she preferred, Her course is finished and her
Soul's at rest.”

(1278) WILLIAM J. COZAD:

(A clipping dated June 11, 1935 · Los Angeles Examiner).

‘Shades of Valley Forge Hover of Whittier Drum sticks.

Soldiers in torn uniforms · Valley Forge. Marches through swamps · 1812. Blue uniforms battling
grey · Bull Run. Grim-jawed troops “remembering the Maine”. Through it all the clear rat-tat-tat
of the drums · drums which sound their echo today in the Orange County Cozads, whose family
since American Revolutionary days has contributed drummer boys to America’s great wars.
Scion of generations of soldiers, William J. Cozad of Westminster has whittled drum sticks as a
hobby for the past 50 years. At present he has a collection of some 400 pairs which he keeps stored
in a chest at his home.
“TI guess I’ve used 100 kinds of wood”, Mr. Cozad said, “I have an old long-handled razor that’s just
about worn thin now. As far as I know I have the largest and most varied collection in the United
States.”

Gives sticks away.

Mr. Cozad has supplied the Spanish War veterans’ drum corps with their sticks and has probably
given away a hundred other pairs to old soldiers or friends.
“TI never sold a pair in my life”, Mr. Cozad said. Right now I have a request from a man in Berkley
who wants to send some to an old soldier he knows up in Northern California, so I’ll make them
and send them on to him.”

Ebony is the best material for the sticks, according to Mr. Cozad. He makes many of them from
lemon, orange, walnut, and Philippine mahogany. They are about six inches long and weigh from
12 to 14 ounces.

Father Made Drums.

Major Henry Cozad, his father, who was once a drummer, made 1,100 drums for use in the Civil
War, he said. When Mr. Cozad was a very small boy in Nebraska he made a fife from box elder.
Taught to drum when very young Mr. Cozad and his brothers have had their own fife and drum
corps for many years. They represented Long Beach 15 years at old soldiers reunions, held in the
middle west and east. Charles and Harvey Cozad played fifes, While William, Paul, Henry and Art
played snare drums, and Arthur bass drums.
“We did old fashioned drum playing”, Mr. Cozad said. “We played single and double drags.”
Recently the corps played at the annual reunion of the Cozad family when more than 75 of the
family gathered at Irvine Park.

GENEALOGY OF JACQUES COSSART
By Prof. E. J. James.

JACQUES COSSART:
Jacques Cossart came to the City of New York in the year 1663. He sailed in the autumn of 1662 from Lyden, Holland. He embarked with his wife Lydia Willems and two children, of these children we have no further account. It is presumed that they died. Jacques Cossart was born in Lyden, Holland, 1639, was admitted to the Walloon Church 1657; was married shortly after and went with his wife to Frankenthal a small Huguenot village in the Bavaria highlands; in about three years he returned to Lyden and in about two years he withdrew from the church and sailed to America with his wife. On April 1st 1663 he joined the Walloon Church and continued so for some years. He was among those that took the oath of allegiance to the British flag when New Amsterdam became New York. He was subsequently appointed collector of the church tithes; and it is supposed that he remained a member of this church until his death which occurred about the year 1685; for his name appears on the tax books for the year 1684 and his wife's name appears in his place for 1686 and the following years. Jacques Cossart, born 1639; at Lyden; received into the Walloon Church in 1657, married subsequently and took passage in Gilded Beaver for the City of New York; died it is not known in what year; in the city of Bushwick, Long Island.

Children of Jacques Cossart and Lydia Willems.
(6) i. Janetze, b. 11/28/1665 m. January 10, 1688 Jacobus Goelet, b. 1668; d. 1731.
(7) ii. Jacob Cossart, m. Anna Maria Springsteen.
(8) iii. David Cossart, m. Styntje Joris Van Horn.
(9) iv. Anthony Cossart, m. Elizabeth Valentine.

“ANTHONY COSAD AND CATHERINE COON.”

Anthony Cosad: (Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3).

Anthony Cosad was born about 1740. His will made May 4th, 1790: probate at Millstone, N.J. June 10th, 1790: mentions wife Catherine; sons, Thomas, Samuel, Jacob, Aaron and John; daughters, Mary Compton, Catherine and Hannah; desires that Jacob, Aaron and John be apprenticed to some good trade; and makes his brother Samuel Cossad and David Smalley his executors. Will recorded at Trenton New Jersey, Book 31, page 509. Lydia Sexton (761) one of Anthony’s granddaughters, in her Autobiography says Anthony Cosad married Catherine Coon. Thomas Coon of Bernard Township, Somerset County, N.J. mentions in his will, probated August 25, 1785 Trenton, N.J. Book 27, page 386, his daughter Catherine Coon wife of Anthony Cozad. There is an executors account of the estate of Anthony Cozad filed by Samuel Cozad and David Smalley April 17th, 1793 in Surrogates Office at Sommerville, N.J.

Catherine Coon Cozad wife of Anthony went later (1818-20) to the state of New York where her son Samuel and her son-in-law lived. She died at Dundee, N.Y. at an advanced age November 16th,

1824, 78 years of age.

Anthony and Catherine had children.
1. Thomas, b. September 13, 1763, d. November 19, 1808.
2. Mary, b. 1765, d. December 6, 1821.
Thomas Casad:
(Anthony 609; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3).

Thomas Casad, b. Somerset County, N.J. September 13, 1763, m. Abigail Tingley 1786 d. November 19, 1808.

Removed in 1787 to Sussex County, N.J. Was a Baptist Minister. Joined with Abigail Casad the First Baptist church of Wantage January 29, 1794; in 1796 he was licensed to preach by this church. He and 23 others were dismissed by this church May 20, 1797 to form the 2nd Baptist Church of Wantage of which Thomas Casad was Pastor until his death in 1808. He lived at first near Rockport adjacent to the New Jersey line; later not far from Newton the County seat. He was buried in the old cemetery at Beemerville. Abigail Tingley his wife was born September 16 1765 in Somerset County, N. J., and died in Ohio August 20 1825; and was buried near Greenville, Ohio. She married Rev. John Wintermute in 1811.

Thomas and Abigail had children.

i. Abner Sutton, b. June 9, 1787.
v. Catherine Compton, b. February 28, 1795.
vi. Mary Coon, b. April 15, 1797.
ix. Isaac Fince, b. September 18, 1803.
x. John, b. December 31, 1807, d. 1808.

Mary Cozad:
(Anthony 609; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3).

Mary Cozad married Reuben Compton.

Samuel Cozad:
(Anthony 609; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3).

Samuel Cozad, b. May 29, 1768 in Somerset Co., N. J. m. Rachel Smalley December 6 or 16, 1792 d. at Junies, N.Y. May 2, 1866.

Samuel Cozad and Rachel Smalley had children.

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ii. Hannah, b. February 14, 1797.
iii. Joel, b. April 14, 1799.
iv. David, b. February 19, 1802.
ix. Elisa, b. October 27, 1816.

Samuel Cozad and Sarah McCarn had child.

xi. Martin Van Buren, b. December 11, 1845.

(650) Aaron Cozad

(Aaron 609: Jacob 601: Anthony 10: Jacques 3).

Aaron Cozad, b. in the seventies very likely, d. 1833 at Fairfield, Ohio, m. Rhoda Dunn in New Jersey in 1790's. Rhoda Dunn, b. in New Jersey.

Aaron Cozad and Rhoda Dunn had children.

i. Aaron, b. 1798, d. July 8th, 1833.
ii. Anthony b. 1800.
iii. Kittie, b. 1802.
iv. Ruben, b. 1804.
v. Dennis, b. 1805.
vi. Bettie, b. 1807.
vi. John, b. 1809.
vi. Mary, b. 1810.
ix. Sarah, b. 1811.
x. Samuel, b. 1814.
xi. Abby, b. 1817.

(649) Jacob Cozad

(Aaron 609: Jacob 601: Anthony 10: Jacques 3).


(787) Aaron Casad:


Aaron Casad, b. 1798, d. 1833 at Dayton, Ohio, and was buried in the "old cemetery", body later removed and lost track of. Married Mary Hall, October 26th 1818. Mary Hall d. September 13th, 1822. m. Charlotte Curtis September 30th, 1823. Charlotte Curtis Casad m. William Cozad
February 20th, 1834, She died July 9th, 1869. Charlotte and Thomas M. Casad were appointed administrators of Aaron Casad’s estate September 2nd, 1833. An Aaron Casad was executor and security of Montgomery County, Ohio.

Aaron Casad and Charlotte Curtis had children:

i. John A., b. 1825, d. 1846.
ii. Jane, b. 1827, d. 1871.
iv. Isaac, b. 1831.
v. Elizabeth, b. 1833.

Anthony Casad:

(Aaron 650; Anthony 609; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3).

Anthony Casad born 1800.

Kattie Casad:

(Aaron ) b. 1802; m. Goodfellow.

Henry Casad:

(Aaron, Aaron, Anthony, Jacob, Anthony, Jacques).


CHILDREN:

iii. Charles H. b. 1861. m. Emma Yeazel.
v. Lola Louisa b. 1875.

Cary C. Casad, above, b. May 15, 1857, m. Alice Garrison in Dayton, Ohio, June 10 1880. (Probably the Carry Casad that lives near Yakima, Wn.)

Martin Van Buren Cozad:

(Samuel 648; Anthony 609)

He was born at Abilene, Dickson County, Kansas. Residence December 1896, 1014 Broadway, Oakland Calif., married Marion Arabella Stone December 12, 1871.

CHILD:

i. Albert Cozad, born May 23, 1875.

Isaac Cozad (Aaron 687).
Isaac Cozad or Casad born 1831, married Mary Ann Mathews, b. 1850. They lived at Topeka, Kansas.

CHILDREN:
(i) Frances, b. 1851. m. Reuben Nunnemaker.
(ii) Henry Clay, b. 1852.
(iii) Josephine b. 1854.
(iv) Pierrie b. 1856.
(v) Charles, b. 1858.
(vi) Curtis, b. 1860.
(vii) Edger, b. 1862.
(viii) Porter, b. 1864.
(ix) Florence, b. 1866, d. 1868.
(x) William, b. 1868, d. same year.
(xi) Reuben, b. 1870.
(xii) Ada, b. 1870-2, d. 1872.

JACQUES COSSART REFERENCES:

(3) JACQUES COSSART AND LYDIA WILLEMS: (Records taken from Dutch Reformed Church New York and Brooklyn except where noted).

CHILDREN:
(i) Jennetie, bapt. November 28, 1665, m. Jacobus Goulet (Gouldt or Goelet).

CHILDREN:
(II) Francis bapt. November 29, 1691.
(III) Philippus, bapt. August 13 1699.
(IV) Aefje, bapt. August 18, 1700.

(ii) Jacques, bapt. 1668 April 11, m. 1695 Anna Mary Springateen, daughter of John Casper. (Early Germans • Chambers).

(iii) David, a mason, bapt. Jane 18, 1671, m. Styntje Joris.

CHILDREN:
(II) Joris, bapt. N.Y., 10/19/1699, Jane Cosart only child, m. William Weaver.
(IV) Davidt, bapt. April 23, 1704.
(V) Maria, bapt. July 3, 1706.
(VI) Neeltje, bapt. December 7, 1715.
(VII) Jannetjem bapt. May 15, 1715.
(IX) Aefie bapt. September 23, 1719.

(iv) Anthony Cosaar, m. Elizabeth Valentine.

CHILD:
(I) Lea, bapt. June 4, 1697, R.D. Ch. N.Y.

Anthony Cousaar and Lysbeth (Pents ?)
CHILD:
(601) (II) Jacob baptised October 16, 1701, R. D. Ch. Brooklyn.
Anna Cossart:

Annah Cosart, daughter of Jacob Cosart (601), born November 21, 1734 in New Jersey. She married Onisismus Simeon Bell born on Long Island June 12, 1738, the son of John Bell. They were married June 14, 1759 and resided in Somerset County, N. J.

CHILDREN:

( ) i. Joseph Bell, married Abbie Eaton, went to Virginia and had five sons.
( ) ii. Nathaniel Bell, married Polly McIntyre, lived in Washington County, Pennsylvania. Had five children.
( ) iii. Simeon Bell, was born August 7, 1763, married Mary McLane, April 5, 1791. Had eleven children.
( ) iv. Lizzie Bell, married Augustus Case, had six children, moved from Washington County, Pa., to Wayne County, Ohio.
( ) v. Sarah Bell, married Abraham Drake, had nine children, settled in Trumble County, Ohio.
( ) vi. Annah Bell, married John Lawrence (originally Laranze - German) had nine children.
( ) vii. Jacob Bell, married Charity Lawrence, sister of John above, had five children, lived in Washington County, Penna.
( ) viii. Aaron Bell, married Polly Blachley, had ten children, settled in Wayne County, Ohio.
( ) ix. Phoebe Bell, married Miller Blachley brother of Polly, had six children. Removed from Ohio to Wisconsin.
( ) x. John Bell, married Hannah Williams, had four children. He died at age of 28 years and is buried at Greensburg, Pa., his family then moved to Ohio on the Miami River.

Family tradition says that Onisimus S. Bell above was a Captain in the French and Indian War. Annah Cosart's first husband was Kearnz. He was a soldier in the French and Indian war - the last ever heard or seen of him was in the brush on the retreat from the Indians in that war. Onisimus Bell went as a Lieutenant with the "Jersey" troops in the Revolutionary War and his three eldest sons were with him at a tender age, i.e. Joseph, Nathaniel and. Simeon. Onisimus married for his second wife Nellie Blachly when he was 75 years of age


COZART. COZORT.


CHILDREN:

( ) i. James W. Cozart, b. April 9, 1835.
( ) ii. William Cozart, b. November 27, 1837.
( ) iii. Martha Cozart, b. February 2, 1840.
( ) iv. Susan Cozart, b. February 18, 1842.
( ) v. Mary Cozart, b. February 13, 1844.
( ) vi. Nancy Cozart, b. August 24, 1846.
( ) vii. Winney Cozart, b. September 5, 1849.
( ) viii. Robert Cozart, b. December 12, 1851.
( ) ix. Chesley Cozart, b. March 17 1854.
Davy Cozart, born October 6, 1857 at Perry, Mo., died March 23, 1934 at Kime, Mo., where he previously resided. Was a republican in politics and a member of the Baptist Church. Married Eliza Adeline Huggins the daughter of Iverson Huggins. She died July 17, 1924 at Kime, Mo.

**CHILDREN:**

( ) i. Susan Cozart, born November 20, 1877, deceased.
( ) ii. James Osa Cozart, b. May 15, 1881.
( ) iii. William Iverson Cozart, b. October 21, 1883, of Chaonia, Wayne Co., Mo.
( ) iv. Hearit Henritter Cozart, b. August 22, 1885, deceased.

James Osa Cozart, married Delia Berry. All children living in 1935.

**CHILDREN:**

( ) i. Raymond Cozart, b. September 23, 1906.
( ) ii. Roscoe Cozart, b. October 1908.
( ) iii. Russell Cozart.
( ) iv. Nellie Cozart.
( ) v. Robert Cosart.
( ) vi. Raddie Cozart.
( ) vii. Ruth Cozart.

William Iverson Cozart, born October 21, 1883 at Kime, Wayne County, Missouri. Resides at Chaonia, Wayne Co., Missouri. Married at the latter place November 4, 1906 to Mary Artie Strickland, b. April 29, 1890 the daughter of Elisha Strickland and Martha Emmartirah Wilson. Mr. Cozart is a Republican in politics, a member of the Baptist Church and belongs to Masonic Lodge No. 107 at Greenville, Mo.

**CHILDREN:**

( ) i. Carrie Blanche Cozart, b. September 24, 1907; residence Piedmont, Mo. Born at Kime, Mo.
( ) ii. Ahmalee Irene Cozart, b. 4/19/1909; m. Williams and reside at Ojbway, Mo.
( ) iii. Clifford Milburn Cozart, b. February 7, 1911; residence Millspring, Mo.
( ) iv. Cleacy Wilburn Cozart, b. January 4, 1913; residence Taskee, Mo.
( ) vi. Eliza Emmatriah Cozart, b. 8/8/1917; m. Hughes; residence Greenville, Mo.
( ) vii. Iverson Strickland Cozart, b. January 10, 1928; residence Chaonia, Mo.
( ) viii. Mary Lea Cozart, b. March 8, 1931; residence Chaonia, Mo.

Davey Bumpass Cazort, was postmaster at Kime, Missouri from 1908 till date of his death in 1934. He was Judge of Wayne County, Missouri. 

(*The above data submitted by Miss Carrie Cozart, of Piedmont, Missouri, August 26, 1935.*)

CAZORT..

Sidney Bumpass Cazort, from North Carolina to Arkansas in 1849. Reversed the "a" and "o" in his name changing it from Cozart, to Cazort to distinguish his family from the others.

(*Reference: Mrs. Pauline Cazort Berry, 936 Fair Street, Franklin, Tenn., September 20, 1935.*)

COSHOW.
John Coshow, died at St. Charles, Mo. Married Miss Murdock who also died at St. Charles.

CHILDREN:

i. William Coshow, lived at St. Charles, Mo., married Carnila Reed; died 2/11/1873

ii. Teney Coshow - living in poor house at Jefferson City, Mo. 1935.

iii. Elizabeth Coshow, died at Poorhouse, Jefferson City, Mo.

iv. John Coshow, went to California about 1885.

William Coshow, above, born at St. Charles, Mo., married 1869 to Carnelia Reed, she died February 11, 1873.

CHILDREN:

i. John David Coshow, born January 22, 1870, married Ellen Swanker, residence Augusta, Mo.

ii. Edward Acy Coshow, b. November 17, 1871, died April 28, 1924, Osage City, Mo., married Katherin Goetsel died at Osage City, Mo.

iii. Edgar Acy Coshow, b. November 17, 1871; married October 12, 1899; married Otilie Stricker; residence Pacific, Missouri.

John David Coshow, above, has child - Chester who was born at St. Louis, Mo.

Edward Acy Coshow, above, has children - Edgar and Ralph who were born in St. Louis, Mo. Also has Cornelia, Marie and Dertha.

Edgar Acy Coshow, married and has -

CHILDREN:

i. Edwin, b. August 11, 1900: St. Louis, Mo.

ii. Walter, b. June 6, 1903: St. Louis, Mo.

iii. Dorothy, b. March 13, 1912: Rolla, Mo.

iv. Evelyn, b. August 26, 1916: St. Louis, Mo.

(Submitted by Walter Coshow, 1107 Herford Street, St. Louis, Missouri, August 18, 1935; see page 582c).

COSSAIRT.

JAMES CLAY COSSAIRT:


CHILDREN:

i. Therman Lavoy C. Cossairt, born April 9, 1909, Pauline Bargo: residence Colon, Michigan, m.6-8-1931.


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vi. Letha May Cossairt, born June 17, 1928; Colon, Mich.


viii. Wilmer LaVern Cossairt, Colon, Michigan, born September 30, 1931;


(Submitted by James Clay Cossairt, Colon, Mich., October 18, 1935).

(535) Mary Jane Cossairt married Mr. Porter, had three daughters and were living in the vicinity of Joplin, Missouri, about 1928. (Written in the margin in pencil: “b. 7-2-1854 in Henry Co., Ia., d. 9-4-1935 at Joplin, Mo. Services by Rev. C. Wagner. Interment in Mt. Hope Cemetery).

(335) Jacob Cossairt, the red silk sash worn by him during the Civil war is now on exhibition among the relics of the Jefferson Memorial, St. Louis, Missouri. A headstone furnished by the Government was erected to his grave in October 1935.

THE CAZORT FAMILY OF ARKANSAS.

By
Mrs. Pauline Garner Cazort Berry.

603 ANTHONY COZART:

(Anthony Cossart 9; Jacques Cossart 3; Jacques Cossart i).

Anthony Cozart of New Jersey married Wilhelmina Kenne of (McKenna).

622 ANTHONY COZART:

Anthony Cozart Jr., son of Anthony 603, baptised February 4, 1739 at Raritan, N.J., removed in 1753 with his parents to Granville County, North Carolina. Married Mary Bumpas, daughter of John Bumpass who was Captain of a company of soldiers raised in 1772 or 1773 to demand a redress from Governor Tryon. Anthony was a planter of Orange County, N. C.

( JAMES COZART:

(JAMES Bumpass, second son of Anthony? J. A. C.)

James Cozart, born in North Carolina, the son of Anthony Cozart Jr. (622). James married Piety McVey (his cousin J. A. C). (These notes by Dr. James A. Cozart, Historian and Registrar for The Cossart Family History Association.)

( ) SIDNEY BUMPASS CAZORT: (Son of James Cozart above).

Sidney Bumpass Cazort, born August 25, 1824 in Granville County, N.C., and was reared in Pearson County, same state. It is claimed by family tradition that he altered the spelling of his name to distinguish his branch of the family from those using the surname Cozart. Removed to “Piney Farm”, Lamar Johnson County, Arkansas, where he died September 24, 1902.

CHILDREN:

( )  i. James Robert Cazort, b. February 26, 1849, died May 12, 1935 and is buried at “Piney Farm”, Lamar, Arkansas.

( )  ii. George Thomas Cazort, born November 23, 1850, died August 9, 1935 and is buried at “Piney Farm”, Lamar, Arkansas.

( )  iii. Sidney Bumpas Cazort, born December 15, 1852, died October 23, 1867 and is buried at “Piney Farm”, Lamar, Arkansas.

( )  iv. William Alexander Cazort, born September 15, 1854; residence — Lamar, Johnson Co Ark.

( )  v. Valerie Jane Cazort, born September 14, 1856, died November 12, 1873 and is buried at “Piney Farm”, Lamar, Arkansas.

REMARKS:

“My father’s only sister, Valerie, married November 3, 1873 to William Caldwell. She died nine days after marriage on November 12, 1873 of typhoid fever.

“James Robert Cazort was the father of Arkansas’ present Lieutenant-Governor Lee Cazort.

“Sidney Bumpas Cazort, and Martha Wallace Cazort, moved from North Carolina to Arkansas, in 1849. A new carriage was purchased for the trip and it was drawn by two very fine thorough-breds, whose sires were quite famous in Virginia. (Mrs. Robert Dent who related this to me, knows the names of these settlers.) When they reached Pulaski, Tenn., my grandfather became ill, and the doctor, at whose house they were staying, advised them to wait a few days before going on. This illness was typhoid, and my grandfather sent the wagons, with the slaves, household goods, his favorite pack of fox hounds and his thoroughbred saddle mare on to Arkansas, in charge of a friend. By the time my grandmother had recovered sufficiently to travel, the fall rains had set in and since there were only trails through the swamps of western Tennessee, my grandfather was told he would not get through with his carriage. A citizen of Pulaski offered him a very fancy price for his fine horses and carriage, so he sold them and he, my grandfather, their 9 months old son James Robert, Mary, negro nurse and “Uncle” Ben my grandfather’s body servant took passage on a boat on the Tennessee River to the Ohio river, down the Ohio to the Mississippi river, and on down the Miss. to the mouth of the Arkansas River. A drouth in Arkansas and the country to the west, had forced the Arkansas River so low that boats could not pass over the many sand bars farther west. A great host of pioneers were waiting there for the rains and high water to come so they could continue their westward journey. A small boat called or nick-named the “Chicken Thief” lay there, whose Captain said he could navigate the river. My grandparents being young, impatient and thoroughly optimistic, engaged passage on this boat and reached Spadra, steamboat landing nearest Clarksville, near which town my grandmother’s brothers had settled a few years previously, on January 1, 1850. They were not expected, therefore the only conveyance there, was an ox wagon, which hauled the freight from the landing to Clarksville. Nothing daunted these youthful pioneers, so the last leg of the journey was made in an ox-cart or wagon. My grandmother often laughed at leaving North Carolina behind thoroughbreds and arriving at her new home in an ox wagon. Little do we know of the hardships and sacrifice through which our country has been settled” Married June 29, 1848, Person Co.

( )  WILLIAM ALEXANDER CAZORT:

William Alexander Cazort, son of Sidney Bumpas Cazort, born September 15, 1854 at “Piney
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Farm", Lamar, Johnson County, Arkansas. Residence: Lamar, Ark. In religion and politics William followed in the footsteps of his father. Both being members of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, and staunch Democrats in politics. William married May Garner born May 11, 1860 at Quitman, Arkansas. They were married on September 14, 1876 at Quitman, Ark. Mrs. Cazort died October 29, 1909 at “Piney Farm”, Lamar, Ark. She was the daughter of William Wakefield Garner, a Captain in the Confederate Army during the Civil War. Her mother was Henrietta Humphrey.

CHILDREN:
( ) i. Martha Henrietta Cazort, born February 21, 1878, died May 17, 1889 and is buried in the Cazort Family burying ground at “Piney Farm”, Lamar, Ark.
( ) ii. Valerie Cazort, born November 25, 1879; residence Lamar, Ark.
( ) iii. William Sidney Cazort, born October 15, 1881; residence El Dorado, Arkansas.
( ) iv. Edna Belle Cazort, born October 17, 1883; married N.H. Petterson and they reside at Woodward, Oklahoma.
( ) v. May Humphrey Cazort, born February 2, 1885; married J.I. McClerkin; residence El Dorado, Arkansas.
( ) vi. Inez Cazort, born March 3, 1887, died June 12, 1888; buried at “Piney Farm”, Lamar, Ark.
( ) vii. Ruth Wallace Cazort, born May 22, 1889; residence Lamar and Pine Bluff, Arkansas.
( ) viii. Pauline Garner Cazort, born September 25, 1891; married Mr. A.M. Berry; residence Franklin, Tennessee.
( ) ix. John Harold Cazort, born October 20, 1893; residence Smackover, Ark.
( ) x. Wakefield Anthony Cazort, born October 14, 1895; residence 119 Groveland Place, San Antonio, Texas.
( ) xi. Alan Garner Cazort, M.D., born March 6, 1900; residence Littlerock, Arkansas.

( ) PAULINE GARNER CAZORT BERRY:

Pauline Garner Cazort, daughter of William Alexander Cazort and Henrietta Humphrey Cazort, born September 25, 1891 at Altus, Franklin County, Arkansas. Married Wednesday, October 29, 1913 at “Piney Farm”, Lamar, Johnson County, Arkansas, to Albert McFerrin Berry, born June 12, 1888, the son of Thomas William Berry and Catherine Heydon. They reside at 936 Fair Street, Franklin, Tennessee.

CHILDREN:
( ) i. Betty May Berry, born August 14, 1914; at home.
( ) ii. Albert McFerrin Berry Jr., born October 27, 1918; living at home.
( ) iii. William Hugh Berry, born October 22, 1921, living at home.

REMARKS:

“Albert McFerrin Berry Jr., and William Hugh Berry were born at Clarksville, Johnson County, Arkansas.

“Betty May Berry was born at “Piney Farm”, Lamar, Johnson County, Arkansas.

“My birth occurred at Altus, because my mother had moved there for the school term, to place my eldest sister in Hiram-Lydis College at that place. This college was first established at Quitman,
Arkansas, by the Methodist Church, through the financial aid of my grandfather Garner. That is how my parents became acquainted. My father and his sister were sent there to school. About 1894 the school was moved from Altus to Conway, Ark, and became Hendrix College "one of the outstanding colleges in the South at present." (Submitted by Mrs. Pauline Garner Cazort Berry of Franklin, Tennessee).

********************************************************************************

671  HUGH VAUGHN COSSAIRT:

Hugh Vaughn Cossairt, was born June 5, 1893 in Wells County, Indiana. Married November 11, 1916 to Alma A. Jackson born November 29, 1889.

CHILDREN:
(  ) i. Esther La Vaughn Cossairt, b. August 8, 1917, residence Route No. 1, Montpelier, Blackford County, Indiana.
(  ) ii. Earl Cossairt, b. August 12, 1923, d. same date in Wells County, Indiana.
(  ) iii. Marvin Conway Cossairt, b. December 5, 1929; residence Route No. 1, Montpelier, Blackford County, Indiana.

672  OTTO CLELL COSSAIRT:

Otto Clell Cossairt was born November 11, 1895 in Wells County, Indiana. Married May 17, 1919 to Marion Clark.

CHILDREN:
(  ) i. Christene Frances Cossairt, born May 31, 1921.
(  ) ii. Eva Mae Cossairt, born March 8, 1923.
(  ) iii. Karol Gene Cossairt, born January 14, 1930.


671  HUGH VAUGHN COSSAIRT: (See above)

The following are extracts from a letter of Esther La Vaughn Cossairt, daughter of above.
“Residence Rural Route No. 1, Montpelier, Blackford County, Indiana.

“Mr. Cossairt was born in Chester Township, Wells Co., Ind. He married Alma Anna Jackson a member of a pioneer family of Liberty Township, Wells County, Ind."

"In 1934 Esther completed an extra journalistic commercial course and high school. Now employed (1936) by a newspaper correspondent as correspondent. Has been settling estate of a deceased person · was recommended for this by influential persons and a circuit court Judge."

Mr. Cossairt has a grocery and filling station at Nottingham, Ind.
The Cossart Family History

Volume 6

The Descendants of Job Cozad and His Wife Hannah (Winans) Cozad

Collected and Compiled by

Dr. James Cozad of Reynolds, Illinois,
Clara Cozad Keezel, his daughter of Ottowa, Kansas and
Oliver Lindley Cozad of Marion, Ohio
Cassatt, Cosad, Casad, Cozart, Cozad, etc., etc., are some of the ways in which a Family name is now spelled, which was originally "COSSART".

The first one of the family to come to America was one Jacques Cossart, who, after taking his letter from the Huguenot Church at Leyden, Holland, sailed with his wife and two children (aged 5 years and 18 months respectively) on the ship “Pumerlander Kerch”, October 14, 1662. They were Huguenots and at some time prior to this, they or their immediate ancestors had fled from France, to escape persecution. On reaching America they settled on Manhattan Island, and later removed to where Brooklyn now stands, and then called New Amsterdam, and in the spring of 1663, Joined the Dutch Reformed Church at that place. The name of Jacques’ wife appears on an old church list as “Lydia Willems Widow of Jacques Cossart”, and in Leyden, as “Lea Vilman”.

The exact location of the original home of the Cossart family in France is not fully determined. Prof. Edmund J. James - Chicago University - says they came from near Rouen, France, while in the History of Morristown, N.J., we find the statement, "They came from Picardy in Normandy, or
Bictague, France.” There are still Catholic families of that name in France — some using the prefix “de” and spelling the name thus, “de Cossard.”

The Descendants of Job Cozad

THE IMMIGRANT.

3. JACQUES COSSART:

(Jacques 1)

Jacques Cossart and wife Lydia Willems (Lea Vilman) had, after coming to America, children as follows:

7  i. Janet, married Jacob Goelet.
9  iii. David, bapt. June 18, 1671.

7 JANETJE COSSART:

(Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Daughter of Jacques Cossart and Lydia Willems; married Jacob Goelet whose father was Francis Goelet, younger son of a Huguenot family from Rochelle, France, who had fled to Amsterdam, Holland, in 1621. Francis Goelet, whose wife had died came to New York in 1676 with his younger son Jacobus. Here Jacobus married Janetje Cossar and dying in 1731, left six children.

Of these children Jan married Jannetje Cannon (another Huguenot maiden) • They had a son Peter Goelet, born in 1727. Peter married Elizabeth Ratse in 1755 and died at his house at No. 53 Broadway, N.Y. in 1790.

He had a son Peter Goelet born in 1764. This Peter married in 1799 to Almy Buchanan, daughter of Thomas Buchanon, and dying in 1828 left four children:

V. Peter, never married.
VI. Jean.
VII. Hannah, married Thomas Gerry and was the mother of Elizabeth T. Gerry.
VIII. Robert Goelet, b. 1817 d. 1879. He married Sarah Ogden in 1839. She was the daughter of Jonathan Ogden. They had two sons: 1, Robert, married Harriet Louise Warren (dau. of Gen. Henry Warren of N.Y.C.) in 1879. Their children were Beatrice b. 1881, d. 1901 and Robert Walton Goelet of N.Y.C.

IX Ogden Goelet, married Mary Wilson in 1877 (eldest daughter of Richard T. Wilson a Southern banker now of N.Y. City). They had:

XI. Mary who married 1903 to the Duke of Roxburghe.
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8  JACQUES COSSART JR:

(Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Jacques Jr. was baptised April 11, 1668; married in 1695 Anna Maria Springsteen (dau. of John Casper Springsteen).

9  DAVID COSSART:

(Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

David was baptised June 18, 1671, married in 1696 Styntie Joris (Dutch) or Stantiah George (English) Van Hoorn.

The “History of Morris County, N.J.”, says he married Styntie Van Horne, born 1677, daughter of Joris Jansen Van Horne. Was said to be of Flushing, L.I., was in New York in 1703 — a mason by trade. Bought land in 1708 and conveyed it in 1719 to his son-in-law John Harpending. In that deed he is called of Somerset County, N.J. His will of June 10, 1736 was probated in New York January 13, 1740 and is now recorded in Liber C at Trenton, N.J. A complete copy is in possession of the writer.

At the time of his death he was possessed of a large tract of land lying somewhere along the banks of the Raritan river near Bound Brook or Somerville in Somerset County, N.J. The land was divided among his three living sons, viz. George, David and Francis. He also bequeathed to the latter son a “Dutch Bible”, which has been preserved and is now in the possession of (276) J. Gardner Cassatt of Philadelphia, Pa.

Jacob, the second son was dead at the time his will was made (1736), as was also his daughter, Lea. The signature to his will is written “DAVID COSORT”.

The children of David and Styntje were as follows:

95. i. Lea, bapt. July 2, 16??, m. John Harpending.
96. ii. George, bapt. Nov. 19, 1699, m. Elizabeth Hooglandt.
97. iii. Jacob, bapt. Jany. 1, 1702, m. Williamtish Henna.
100. vii. Susanna, bapt. Apr. 10, 1709, m. Canine.
The Descendants of Job Cozad

10. ANTHONY COSSART:

(Jacques 3; Jacques 1).


They lived at Cripple Bush, Brooklyn, where they sold a lot March 20, 1703, shortly after which they settled in Somerset Co., N.J.

The children by this union were:

602. iii. John, b. Nov. 11, 1711, d. 1757.
603. iv. Anthony Jr., b. Aug. 6, 1712, bapt. at Raritan, N.J.

Anthony Sr., married 2nd Judith. Members of the Reformed Dutch Church. Engaged in farming. His descendants now use the surname of Corzatt, Crozatt, Cosad, Cozad, and Casad.

The son, Anthony Jr., moved to Orange and Granville Co., N.C. in 1753. His descendants are numerous in the South and Southwest. They use the Surname Cozart and Cazort.

By his second wife, Anthony Sr., had:

604. v. Elizabeth, bapt. April 15, 1723.

THIRD GENERATION
In America

96. JORIS (George) COSSART:

(David 9; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

George was baptised November 19, 1699; married September 16, 1730 to Elizabeth Hooglandt.

The New England Historical and Genealogical Register, 1893, p. 53, says he left soon after his marriage for Europe and was never heard of again, but he is mentioned in his father’s will in 1740, which would seem to indicate that he did not leave for Europe until after his father’s death. They had a daughter.


97. JACOB COSSART:
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(David 9; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Jacob was baptised January 28, 1702; married Williamtiah Henna, and was dead at time his father's will was made (1736) and had left three children:

111. iii. Jacob, bapt. November 14, 1729.

98. DAVID COSSART:

(David 9; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

David was baptised April 23, 1704; married Catalyntie. Lived in the vicinity of Somerville, Somerset Co., N.J. and were members of the Dutch Reformed Church at that place.

CHILDREN:

112. i. Styntie, bapt. July 13, 1735.
113. ii. David, bapt. September 17, 1738.
117. vi. Jacob, bapt. October 6, 1745.
121. x. Maria, bapt. April 5, 1754.

103 FRANCIS COSSART:

(David 9; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Francis was baptised July 21, 1717; married Margaret Van Ness or Nest who was baptised September 30, 1717. It is said that they lived in Somerset County, N.J., but it appears they must also have lived in Middlesex County, N.J., since we find a deed recorded at Trenton, N.J. in which they are called “Francis Cosort and wife Margaret of Piscataway, Middlesex Co., New Jersey”, deed being dated November 12, 1740.

About 1760 they moved to York County, Pa., where Francis was spelling his name Cassatt, became a prominent member of the Revolutionary Committee.

Francis was bequeathed the family “Dutch Bible” by his father, which has been preserved and is now (1901) in the possession of a descendant (276) Joseph Gardner Cassatt of Philadelphia.

(Names of children were not listed).
The Descendants of Job Cozad

601. JACOB COSART:
(Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Jacob was baptised October 16, 1701 at Brooklyn and died in Bridgewater Township, Somerset Co., N.J., near Beards town, April 19, 1772. His will of February 4, 1772 was probated at Perth Amboy, N.J., May 2, 1772 and is now recorded at Trenton, N.J. Liber K, folio 423. A complete copy is now in possession of writer. Wife was Annah Cox.

He is buried in the old cemetery at Bound Brook, not far from the church recently burned. The headstone lies broken on the grave. It is of fine red sandstone evidently imported from England. By placing it together, it still may be read.

CHILDREN:

606. i. Jacob Jr. born 1824, died July 26, 1812 and is buried at Mt. Olive, N.J.
Married Elizabeth Sutton.

607. ii. Samuel, died 1811. Married Anne Clark.

608. iii. Job born 1727 or 1728, died 1815. Married Hannah Winnans.


610. v. Anna, married Onismus Bell.

611. vi. Mary, married Nathan Sutton.


Genealogy of the JOB and HANNAH (Winans) COZAD branch of the Cossart Family In America.

608. JOB COZAD:
(Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Job Cozad was born 1725 - 30. Married Hannah Winans (Wineans) who was born 1733 and died March 2, 1815. They settled, lived and died in Frankfort Township, Sussex Co., New Jersey, near Branchville. (Penciled memo in border spells it "Winnans").

Job appears to have been interested in many real estate transactions, as the records of Sussex and other counties contain many documents, such as deeds, bearing his name. He was also prominent in church affairs, and in his will bequeathed "the meeting house which I built and named Bethel, to the inhabitants of the neighborhood adjacent". His will of August 8, 1812 was probated September 25, 1815 and is recorded at Trenton, N.J., and a complete copy is in possession of the writer. A headstone was erected at his grave, but was broken off and is now gone. It is said to be built into the foundation of a barn near by. As no mention is made in his will of children Benone Price, Abagail or Jacob, it is supposed these three were dead at time will was made.

The following record was found by Dr. James Cozad of Reynolds, Illinois, in 1876: While rummaging through an old attic in Pennsylvania he found an old Scotch Confession of faith, once
the property of Job Cozad. The record was on the fly leaf, and is now in the possession of his son James Mitchell Cozad, Reynolds, Illinois.

CHILDREN:

638. i. Benone Price, b. Sept. 27, 1761, d.
645. viii. Phoebe, b. 1776.

FIFTH GENERATION

Anne Cosad:

(Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1)

Anne Cosad was born December 13, 1762; married Peter Fisher and was living at time her father's will was made in 1812.

Nathaniel Cosad: (COZAD).

(Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1)

Soon after marriage Nathaniel went to Washington County, Pennsylvania. He was born July 16, 1769. In 1798 he removed to Mercer County, Penna., and settled in Lackawannock Twp., three miles north of West Middlesex. A history of Mercer County says: “The two who lay claim to the honor of being the first settlers of Lackawannock Twp., were James Young and Nathaniel Cozad. The best evidence at hand goes to demonstrate conclusively that each arrived in the region in 1798. Tradition says that an earlier settler than either of these began a clearing on what was afterward known as the Yanow farm, became discouraged and abandoned it, and sold his claim to Nathaniel Cozad for one dollar. He settled on it and made it his future home. It was surveyed for a man named Isaac Johnston, May 20, 1795 in pursuance to a warrant dated April 20, 1794.

Cozad, according to reports was a man of wonderful resources, possessing an indomitable will and an invincible determination, this - coupled with the fact that his physical strength was fully equal to his industry and energy, made him vastly superior to the average pioneer.”

A Presbyterian Church was organized near Greenfield in the spring of 1832, a plat of ground was procured from William Jewell and a petition prepared and presented to the Presbytery of Hartford, when it convened at Newcastle, June 26, 1832, by James Marquis. It contained fifty-four names, among them were the name of Nathaniel Cozad and wife. The Unity Church still exists - it is on the Mercer and Middlesex road. In a list of taxables for 1800-1-2 is Nathaniel Cozad's name.

CHILDREN:
The Descendants of Job Cozad

726. i. Mary b. July 5, 1785.
727. ii. Elizabeth, b. June 2, 1787.
728. iii. Catherine, b. Sept. 7, 1789.

642. REV. JOB COSAD (COZAD):  
(Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1)

The Rev. Job Cozad was born August 16, 1769. While yet a young man he went from New Jersey into Upshur County, Va., where he married Catherine Fink, the only daughter of a wealthy Virginia family, and settled near Buckhannon on the river. About 1800 he emigrated to Ohio, and settled near the present village of Hallsville, Ross County.

He was a Methodist minister and one of the pioneers of that church in Southern Ohio. Near the road leading from Hallsville to Chillicothe, 1½ miles from the former place stands a high hill or knob, known to this day as "Job's Knob". It is where, in early times, Job Cozad's congregation used to meet to hear him preach.

He and his two eldest sons, Henry and Daniel were in the war of 1812, and were surrendered to the British, by Gen. Hull at Detroit.

Rev. Job died of Cold Plague (Cholera) in 1820 while preaching on his circuit near McArthur, Vinton Co., in 1820 and was buried near McArthur.

His children settled about Allenavifle, they were as follows:

CHILDREN:

732. i. Henry, b. 1792, d. 1857.
733. ii. Daniel, d. 1820, unmarried, of Cholera.
734. iii. Abigail, b. ? d. ?
737. vi. Abraham, b. May 9, 1801.

643. ELIHU COSAD (COZAD):  
(Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1)

Elihu was born December 20, 1771; married September 18, 1801 to Ann McCoy. At time of marriage both were residents of Frankfort Twp., Sussex Co., New Jersey. Marriage record reads: "September 11, 1801 married Elihu Cosad to Ann McCoy, both of Frankfort Twp.", Signed John Stoll. In 1812 he moved to Mercer Co., Penna., joining his brother Nathaniel. He purchased a tract
of land near Mercer and some of his descendants still (1908) occupy portions of land. He died in 1829 and his wife died in 1843. Both were members of the Presbyterian Church at Mercer.

CHILDREN:
741. i. Abigail, d. 1802.
742. ii. Job, b. 1804, d. 1869.
744. iv. Solomon, b. 1809.
745. v. Jacob, b. 1811, d. Aug. 25, 1850.
747. vii. Matilda, b. 1814, d. 1868, never married.
748. viii. Thomas, b. 1814, d. in infancy.
749. ix. Mary Elizabeth, b. Apr. 11, 1816, d. 2-4-1893.
750. x. Henry Anderson, b. June 22, 1823, d. 2-4-1890 at La Mar, Baker Co., Mo.

641. HANNAH COSAD:

(Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1)

Hannah was born February 10, 1778; married about 1803-4 to John Allet of Frankfort Twp. She died September 26, 1812 and after her death, her husband married again. He died November 14, 1833. Their children were:

CHILDREN:
751. i. William Allet.
752. ii. A daughter.
753. iii. A daughter.
754. iv. Job Cozad Allet. He married and had four children. He died at twenty-four.

CHILDREN:

Henry M., a Presbyterian minister.

Among the descendants of Henry M. Allet is the Rev. F.A. Allet of Cairo, Mich. He is a Presbyterian minister - a graduate of Princeton Theology Sem. Daniel, was dead at 15.

ii. Elizabeth married Ray.

Elizabeth who married a Mr. Ray died at age of 21.

iv. Hannah, married Colvin S. Owen, raised large family and died at an advanced age.

Job Cozad, Hannah Winans Cozad (his wife) and John Allet, his wife Hannah Cozad Allet are all buried in the old Union Church Cemetery, Frankfort Twp., Sussex County, N.J.

SIXTH GENERATION
(In America)

730. JOB COZAD:

(Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

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The Descendants of Job Cozad

Job Cozad, born September 29, 1793 in Washington Co., Penna., went with parents to Mercer County. He was a soldier in the War of 1812. Married 1st Mary Culberson, 2nd Mary Jewell. He was a farmer.

CHILDREN (By 1st wife were):
888. i. John, b. July 10, 1813.
889. ii. Jacob, b. Apr. 4, 1816, d. Apr. 6, 1889.
890. iii. Martha.
892. iv. Nancy.
893. v. Anna.
895. viii. Sarah Jane, of Fayette City, Pa.

CHILDREN (by 2nd wife were):
896. xi. Margarett.
899. xiii. William Jewell, b. Dec. 9, 1836. Of Coalburg, Ohio

729. JACOB COZAD:

(Nathaniel 640: Job 608: Jacob 601: Anthony 10: Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Jacob was born September 3, 1795, in Washington Co., Penna. He moved with his parents to Mercer Co., Pa. He was a farmer.

He married first Hannah Jones, born in Winchester, N.J., died near Mercer, Pa. September 1, 1831; married second Elizabeth Dillinger, born 1811, died June 2, 1855.

CHILDREN (by 1st marriage):
880. i. Elias, b. Apr. 12, 1823, d. Apr. 27, 1899.
884. v. Aaron, b. Dec. 14, 1829, d. Apr. 29, 1886 was an iron manufacturer of Mercer, Pa.

CHILDREN (by 2nd marriage):
886. vii. William, died in infancy.

731. NATHANIEL COZAD:

(Nathaniel 640: Job 608: Jacob 601: Anthony 10: Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

731. NATHANIEL COZAD:

(Nathaniel 640: Job 608: Jacob 601: Anthony 10: Jacques 3; Jacques 1).
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CHILDREN:
900.  i.  John, died Feb. 7, 1900.
901.  ii.  William, died December 22, 1901.
902.  iii.  Ann.
903.  iv.  Eliza.
904.  v.  Dessa.
906.  vii.  Lucy.

732.  HENRY COZAD:
(Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Henry Cozad was born 1792 in Upsher County, Va., about 1800 he went with his father’s family to Ross Co., Ohio. He and his brothers Daniel and his father, the Rev. Job were soldiers in the war of 1812 and were surrendered by General Hull at Fort Detroit. After the war they returned to Ross County, married and settled about six miles south of the village of Hallsville, later removing to near the village of Allenville, Vinton Co., Ohio, where he remained until his death. He married four times: 1st to Jane Law; 2nd to Margaret Clark; 3rd to Mary Gregg and 4th to Scitha Fry. He had no children by the last two wives.

CHILDREN (by 1st marriage):

CHILDREN (By 2nd marriage):
912.  vi.  Job, b. Feb. 4, 1829, d. in 1870.
913.  vii.  John Jackson, b. Nov. 9, 1830.

734.  ABIGAIL COZAD:
(Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born in Upshur Co., W. Va., went to Ross Co., Ohio, with parents, thence to Vinton Co., Ohio. Married 1st John Lytle of Allensville, Ohio, by whom she had seven children. Married 2nd to Jacob Gregg by whom she had five children. She and her second husband settled, lived and died in Dallas Co., Mo.

CHILDREN (by 1st husband):
914.  i.  Andrew Lytle,
915.  ii.  John Lytle,
916.  iii.  Job Lytle,
917.  iv.  Stewart Lytle,
918.  v.  Henry Lytle,
919.  vi.  Mary Lytle,
920.  vii.  Isabella Lytle.

CHILDREN (by 2nd husband):
The Descendants of Job Cozad

921. viii. James Gregg,
922. ix. Elizabeth Gregg,
923. x. Abagail Gregg,
924. xi. George Gregg, twin.
925. xii. Nancy Gregg, twin.

735. JOHN COZAD:

(Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born December 8, 1797. He settled, married, lived and died near Allenville, Ohio. He married Sarah Colvin who was born November 16, 1801.
CHILDREN:
926. i. Elizabeth, b. Oct. 5, 1816.
930. v. Margaret, b. 1827.
931. vi. Job, b. Nov. 87, 1829; was of Chillicothe, Ohio.
933. viii. Jesse, b. Apr. 6, 1834.
935. x. Mary Marcia, b. July 24, 1838; of Allenville, Ohio.

736. SUSAN COZAD:

(Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born February 7, 1799. Married three times. Her first husband was Johhua Evans, they separated and she married second Lewis Gregg and her third husband was Wm. Gregg. With the latter she removed to Dallas Co., Mo., about 1840, where both died. Some of their descendants still live near Buffalo, Dallas County, Mo. (1902).
CHILDREN (by 1st husband):
926. i. Joshua Evans Jr.
CHILDREN (by 2nd husband):
934. ii. Sallie Gregg
934. iii. Abigail Gregg.
CHILDREN (by 3rd husband):
935. v. John Gregg.

737 ABRAHAM C OZAD:

(Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born May 9, 1801, probably in Ross Co., Ohio. He was married in 1820 to Charity Davis, b. July 10, 1802, d. Oct. 6, 1884. They lived and died near Allensville, Ohio.
CHILDREN:
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937.  i.  Susan, b. 1821, d. 1857.
938.  ii.  Elizabeth, b. 1823; of Cozaddale, Warren Co., Ohio.
939.  iii.  Catherine, b. 1825, d. 1860.
941.  v.  Job, b. 1820, d. June 9, 1890.
942.  vi.  Lydia, b. 1831, d. 1832.
945.  ix.  John H., b. 1841, died in Army at Young’s Point, La., June 20, 1865.
946.  x.  Abraham, b. 1843, died in infancy.

738.  JOB COZAD:

(Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born October 24, 1805, in Ross Co., Ohio. Married and first settled near Allensville, Ohio. His first wife was Kezia Clerk, 2nd was Elizabeth Spellman, 3rd was Melvina Beale. About 1845 or 50 he and his brother William went to Benton Co., Indiana and settled. He died near Oxford.

CHILDREN (by 1st wife):
946.  i.  Joseph, died Nov. 1855.
948.  iii.  Amy.
949.  iv.  James, died 1857.

CHILDREN (by 3rd wife):
950.  v.  Elizabeth, b. Sept. 11, 1841.
951.  vi.  Mary.
952.  vii.  Elihu, died in infancy.
953.  viii.  Martha Jane, b. May 1, 1846.
955.  x.  Rebecca Ann, died in infancy.
956.  xi.  Sarah Ellen, died near Oxford, Ind.

739.  WILLIAM COZAD:

(Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born June 4, 1806 in Ross Co., Ohio. Married and settled near Allensville, Ohio. By his first wife Martha Burchard he had nine children and by his second wife he had three children, she being Mary Ann Beals. About 1845-50, he and his brother Job went to Benton Co., Ind., and he died near Oxford. Some of his descendants still live there (1892).

CHILDREN (by 1st wife):
959.  ii.  Emaline, of Hoopstown, Vermillion Co., Ill.
960.  iii.  Eliza
961.  iv.  Nancy

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963. vi. Catherine
964. vii. Elizabeth, Agency City, Iowa.
965. viii. Rebecca, died near Allensville, Ohio.
966. ix. Isabella, of Morroco, Newton Co., Ind.
CHILDREN (by 2nd wife):
967. x. Amanda
968. xi. William
969. xii. Isaac

JOSEPH COZAD:
(Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born November 4, 1809 in Ross Co., Ohio. Married, settled, lived and died near Allensville, Vinton Co., Ohio. In 1850 he married Mary Davis by whom he had nine children. After his death she married a Mr. Neil and moved to Dallas’ Co., Mo. Returning in a few years she died in Ross Co. She was a sister to Charity Davis, wife of Abraham No. 737.

CHILDREN:
970. i. Jeremiah, born in San Diego, Calif., Apr. 4, 1831, d. May 23, 1801.
972. iii. Josiah, b. 1836, killed in 1862.
974. v. Mary Catherine, b. 1841, d. 1893.
976. viii. Benjamin Franklin, b. Dec. 5, 1847, near Helena, Mont.

ABIGAIL COZAD:
(Elihu 643; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born 1802 in Frankfort Twp., Sussex Co., New Jersey. Went with her parents to Mercer Co., Pa. where she married 1st David Fuver (or Luver), by whom she had eleven children. Her second husband was Judin Grifford. She died near Newcastle, Lawrence Co., Penna., February 26, 1876.

CHILDREN (by 1st marriage, named Fuver, Luver or Zuver):
(Penciled note in margin “Buyer”)
980. i. Elizabeth, Jan. 28, 1830, d. Apr. 6, 1901. M. 1st Emery; m. 1853 Wm. McCarns; m. 3d 1866 Henderson Wallace; m. 1876 J.P.C. Mordoc.
981. vi. Susan M., b. Sept. 14, 1840

x. An infant, b. Aug. 4, 1841.

742. JOB COZAD:

(Elihu 643; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born 1804 in Sussex Co., New Jersey. Went with parents to Mercer Co., Pa., where he lived and died. In 1829 he married Elizabeth Cork, b. 1810 d. 1869.

CHILDREN:


He was a member of Co. “B”, 140 Penna. Vol.

990. v. John L., b. 1840, died in infancy.
991. vi. James, died in infancy.
992. vii. Oscar, died in infancy.
993. viii. Mary, died in infancy.
994. ix. William Adelbert, b. Apr. 11, 1850, d. in infancy.

745. JACOB COZAD:

(Elihu 643; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born in 1811 in Sussex Co., N.J. He went with parents to Mercer Co., Penna. where in 1835 he married Catherine Shaffer August 10, 1841. They had three children. After her death, he in 1842 married Margaret Moore by whom he had three children. He died in Lee Co., Iowa of Typhoid fever 1850.

CHILDREN: (by 1st wife):

996. ii. Martha Jane, b. Jany. 17, 1839.
997. iii. Louis, b. June 1841, d. 1842.

CHILDREN: (by 2nd wife):

998. iv. Leonard, b. 1843.
999. v. Mary Ann, b. 1846.

746. JOSEPH M. COZAD:

(Elihu 643; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).
The Descendants of Job Cozad


CHILDREN:

1001 i. Anna Mariah, b. Apr. 9, 1836, d. 1866.
1003 iii. Mary Elizabeth, b. Nov. 20, 1839.
1006 vi. Narcissa Melissa, b. Feb. 5, 1845, of Smithers Station, Ohio.

749. MARY ELIZABETH COZAD:

(Elihu 643; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born April 11, 1816 in Mercer Co., Pa., married James Means who died in 1860. She died at Greenville, Pa. in 1893.

CHILDREN:

1009 i. Rosina, m. Woodbury, Bay City, Mich.
1010 ii. George, Westwilliamfield, Ohio.

iii. Edward, died at Greenville, Pa., in 1893.

750. HENRY ANDERSON COZAD:

(Elihu 643; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born June 23, 1823 near Mercer Co., Pa. While yet a young man he went to Illinois, where he married November 9, 1845 to Catherine Annis of Galesburg, who was born December 25, 1823. While living at Como, Whiteside County, Illinois, his wife died October 9, 1851 and is buried at Como. After his wife’s death he returned to Mercer Co., Penna., where, January 1853 he married Rebecca Jane Reigle by whom he had seven children.

In 1868 he again left Mercer Co. and went west finally settling in Jasper City, Mo. (or Jasper City, Nev.), where he died after a short illness. His second wife is still living (1901) at Franklin, Pa.

CHILDREN (by 1st wife):

1011 i. Catherine Nancy, b. October 1, 1846, of Winfield, Kans.
1012 ii. Mary Alice, b. May 7, 1849

CHILDREN (by 2nd wife):

iii. Anderson D., b. Feb. 9, 1854, Sandy Lake, Pa.

Henry Anderson Cozad married a third time and had a son, who attended Baker University about 1905.

SEVENTH GENERATION

(In America)

888. JOHN COZAD:

(Job 730: Nathaniel 640; Job 608: Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born July 10, 1813 in Mercer Co., Penna. Married in 1835 to Polly Smith and soon after marriage they settled near Watkins, Benton Co., Iowa, where both died.

CHILDREN:
1300 i. Mary, b. December 13, 1838.
1303 iv. Rebecca F., b. October 30, 1843.
1305 vi. Elizabeth, b. Oct. 21, 1852.

889. JACOB COZAD:

(Job 730: Nathaniel 640; Job 608: Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).


CHILDREN:
1306 i. Margaret Jane, b. Nov. 5, 1837, m. Calvin Reeder; No issue.
1309 iv. Lydia Marilda, b. July 5, 1847.
1310 v. Mary Frances, b. June 30, 1850.
1311 vi. Lovey Adelaide, b. April 18, 1853.

890. MARTHA COZAD:

Born in Mercer Co., Pa., married her cousin John Cozad (See No. 900).

CHILDREN:
1313 i. William, b. May 6, 1837, d. Nov. 22, 1866.
The Descendants of Job Cozad

1319  vii. Sarah Angeline, b. Feb. 17, 1855, d. 1874.

892.  NANCY COZAD:


Married Frank Hilkirk and lived and died near Sharon, Pennsylvania.
CHILDREN:
i. Lafayette.
ii. Isaac.
iii. Earnest.
iv. Elizabeth.
v. Pertty
vi. James
vii. Jane
viii. Hannah
ix. Frank
x. Martin
xi. Mable
xii. Laura.

893.  ANNA COZAD:


Married John Fisher, who, it is supposed was murdered.
CHILDREN:
i. Mary Ann, m. Joseph Ayers of Sharon, Pa.
ii. Isaac, d. in Andersonville Confederate Hospital.
iii. James.
iv. Conrad, lived at Soldiers Home, Dayton, Ohio.
v. Job
vi. Jane, married and died at Sharon, Penna.

891.  ELIZABETH COZAD:


CHILDREN:
1321 1. Isaac Job, b. Feb. 20, 1840, d. from wounds received in Amry in 1861; member 111 Penna. Vol. Infantry.

894. SARAH JANE COZAD:
(Job 730; Nathaniel 640; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born near Sharon, Mercer Co., Penna. Married James M. Clark who died in the Army in 1863. She was living with a daughter at Fayette City, Fayette Co., Pennsylvania.

CHILDREN:
i. John D.
ii. Samuel.
iii. Elizabeth.
iv. Emma
v. James W.
vi. Walter.

895. MARY COZAD:
(Job 730; Nathaniel 640; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born June 19, 1829, near Sharon, Penna., married January 16, 1847 to Daniel K. Kennard. They live at New Castle, Pa.

CHILDREN:
i. Mary Mariab, b. Mar. 1, 1848, m. William Plants, October 1865.
iv. Hannah Jane, b. May 12, 1858, m. Lewis Cramer July 3, 1877.

898. THOMAS PEARSON COZAD:
(Job 730; Nathaniel 640; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born January 16, 1831 near Sharon, Penna. His father died when he was seven years of age. He was taken by a German family of the community. He was married at Clarksville, Mercer County, Pa., to Jane Jones, b. April 2, 1838. Soon after this marriage they removed to Illinois and lived for
The Descendants of Job Cozad

many years at Cleveland, Rock Island, Illinois. During part of which time Mr. Cozad had charge of the mail route between Cleveland and Colna, Henry County. About 1888 all the family moved to Chicago, where Mr. Cozad became connected with a grocery house. He was a member of the M.E. Church and a Mason. Died of dropsy at 4725 Champlain Ave., June 20, 1899 and is buried at Mt. Hope Cemetery, Chicago.

Jane the wife of Thomas Person Cozad died in Chicago, Ill., June 8, 1919.

CHILDREN:
1329 ii. John Wesley, b. May 2, 1859.
1330 iii. William Ellsworth, b. May 23, 1861.
1336 ix. Ida Margaret, b. Aug. 4, 1874.
1337 x. Ella May, b. July 24, 1877.

897. HANNAH COZAD:
(Job 730; Nathaniel 640; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).
Born August 1, 1834, near Sharon, Penna., m. May 1852 to Francis Clee. They lived at Lowellville, Ohio, where she died in April 1855.

899. WILLIAM JEWELL COZAD:
(Job 730; Nathaniel 640; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).
Born December 9, 1836 in Mercer Co., Pa., went to Illinois, with his brother Thomas P. Cozad and lived with them until his marriage Jan. 9, 1858 to Eliza Edwards b. Mar. 28, 1839. He went into the Civil War from Illinois. He lives (1902) at Coalburg, Trumbell Co., Ohio.
CHILDREN:
  i. Mary, b. March 28, 1859.
  iv. Joseph Elmer, b. Mar. 23, 1865; Youngstown, 0.
  v. Marilda Jane, b. Sept. 23, 1866; Sharon, Pa.
  vii. Eliza Alice, b. Apr. 4, 1872.
  viii. William George, b. Apr. 1, 1875.
  x. Thomas James, b. Nov. 11, 1876, d. Sept. 7, 1877.

880. ELIAS COZAD:
(Jacob 729; Nathaniel 640; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born April 12, 1823, in Lackawannock Twp., near Sharon, Mercer County, Pa., m. June 14, 1846 to Rosanna Young of Warren, Ohio. She died July 27, 1879 and on March 17, 1881 he married Mrs. Agusta G. Ward. He was an extensive farmer and had large holdings about Sandy Lake, Mercer Co., Pa., and Utica, Venango County and owned a Rod Mfg. plant at Sandy Lake. He was a member of the Baptist Church and was one of the substantial business men of that section of Pennsylvania. He died at West Williamsfield, Ohio, where his widow still resides (1902).

CHILDREN:

i. Mary Josephine, b. Mar. 4, 1847; Broadford, Pa.


iii. Emily, b. July 8, 1851, Broadford, Pa.


There may have been as many as eight other children in this family.

881. HIRAM COZAD:

(Jacob 729; Nathaniel 640; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born October 8, 1824; married November 29, 1859, still living in 1900 in Mercer Co., Pa. His wife Rachel Gibson d. April 20, 1898. He was one of the substantial farmers of Mercer County, Pa.

CHILDREN:


ii. Frederick Curtis, b. Mar. 19, 1863; Mercer Co.

iii. Elizabeth Jane, b. Apr. 20, 1864; Leesburg, Pa.

iv. Charles Marsden, b. Nov. 3, 1865; Oil City, Pa.

v. Laura May, b. Sept. 13, 1867; Leesburg, Pa.

883. JULIA ANN COZAD:

(Jacob 729; Nathaniel 640; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Julia Ann Cozad was born January 19, 1828; married September 1851 to Wallace M. Sikes who was born October 18, 1829.

CHILDREN:

i. Lauretta Jane, b. May 8, 1853 m. James M. Brest.

ii. Diantha, b. Nov. 9, 1854 m. Lowrey Cummings, Mar. 1, 1880.

iii. Elmira Elizabeth, b. Aug. 24, 1856, m. Isaac B. Nicklin.


v. Alvin Carver, b. Dec. 29, 1859, m. Cellis Rositta McCracken; N. Ontario, Calif.


The Descendants of Job Cozad

884. AARON COZAD:

(Jacob 729; Nathaniel 640; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born December 14, 1829; married Mrs. Coates of Pittsburgh, Pa. Lived and died near Pittsburgh. He was an iron manufacturer and became wealthy. They had no children. They owned a beautiful home in the suburbs of Pittsburgh.

885. CARVER COZAD:

(Jacob 729; Nathaniel 640; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born August 23, 1831, near Mercer Co., Pa., where he now lives (1902). Married Ameila McClain. He was a manufacturer.

CHILDREN:


x. Lora, Mercer, Pa.

900.  **JOHN COZAD:**

(Nathaniel 731; Nathaniel 640; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born in Mercer Co., Pa. Married his cousin Martha Cozad, the daughter of Job and Mary, see No. 890. He was a farmer and a member of the baptist church. Died in Pymatroing Twp., near Sharpsburg. See record of children under No. 890.

901.  **WILLIAM COZAD:**

(Nathaniel 731; Nathaniel 640; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born in Mercer Co., Pa., married 1st Jane Gilkerson by whom he had one daughter; married 2nd Mrs. Sarah J. Stewart (nee McBride); and third Permila Heasley who survived him and lives at west Middlesex, Mercer Co., Pa. He for many years was a blacksmith at Charlestown (or Hill P.O.) where he died.

CHILDREN: By 1st marriage:
- i. Sarah Margaret, of New Bedford, Lawrence, Pa.

CHILDREN: By 2nd marriage:
- ii. Lulu J., died 1876.
- iii. William, died young.
- iv. Samuel Calud, b. February 17, 1868.

902.  **ANN COZAD:**

(Nathaniel 731; Nathaniel 640; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Married John Zahmiser and lived near Nashannook, Mercer County, Pa.

903.  **ELIZA COZAD:**

(Nathaniel 731; Nathaniel 640; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Married in Mercer Co., Pa., to Boston Steese. Both died at Sharon, Pa.

CHILD:
- i. William

907.  **WILLIAM COZAD:**

(Henry 732; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born February 26, 1814, probably near Hallsville Ross County, Ohio. Married November 20, 1835 to Mary Ann Gregg, near Allensville, Vinton County, Ohio. They both died a few years after marriage and left two children.

CHILDREN:
- 1347 i. Elizabeth.
- 1348 ii. Daniel Henry.

908.  **ELIZABETH COZAD:**
Born March 11, 1817; married December 16, 1835 to Aaron Gregg of Allensville, Ohio. Soon after marriage they removed and settled in the West.

909. DANIEL COZAD:

Born January 26, 1819 married December 15, 1839 to Sarah Gregg. Lived and died near Allensville, Vinton County Ohio.

CHILDREN:
1350 ii. Elizabeth, b. December 21, 1840, d. Nov. 21, 1890.
1352 iv. John D., b. December 21, 1843; of Allensville, Ohio.
1357 x. Mary L., Dec. 17, 1855; of Joplin, Mo.
1358 xi. Rev. Daniel Harvey, b. Jul. 11, 1857; of Allensville, Ohio.

910. CATHERINE COZAD:

Born April 6, 1822; married April 5 1842 to William Graves. Lived and died near Allensville, Ohio.

CHILDREN:
1363 i. Stacy A., m. A. Stewart, Allensville, Ohio.
1364 ii. Joseph, of Eagle Mills, Ohio.
1365 iii. Jane, m. Scott, of Allensville, Ohio.
1366 iv. Mary, m. Nicholas of Garden Grove Ohio.
1367 v. Maria, m. Babb, of Eagle Mills, Ohio.
1368 vi. Albert
1369 vii. Henry.
1370 viii. Wilson.
1371 ix. Sylvanus.

911. ABRAHAM N. COZAD:

Born February 23, 1827 married December 5, 1847 to Anna Graves, b. February 19, 1830. She is still living (1897) at Allensville, Ohio. He was one of the most prominent and influential of the Cozad Settlement. During The Civil War he lived in Illinois, and for a few years in Missouri, but
CHILDREN:

1372  i.  Elizabeth, b. Jan. 11, 1849.
1873  ii.  John Jefferson, b. Aug. 12, 1850; of Byer, Jackson County, Ohio.
1374  iii.  Anna Margaret, b. June 9, 1852; of Vigo, Ross County, Ohio.
1378  vii.  Charity Almira, b. Mar. 20 1862; of London, Madison County, Ohio.
1379  viii. Sarah Louisa, born August 26, 1864, died September 16, 1865.

912.  JOB COZAD:

(Henry 732; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born February 4, 1829. In 1858 he married Anna Claypool of an old and respectable Vinton County, Ohio family. He enlisted in The 42nd Ohio Volunteer Infantry and served throughout The War, in 1866 he and his family settled in Arkansas, where he died about 1870. Delayed search has failed to locate his family which is large. They are somewhere in Ind, Tenn. or Texas.

CHILDREN:

1380  i.  John
1381  ii.  Humphrey.

913.  JOHN JACKSON:

(Henry 732; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born November 9 1830 near Allensville, Ohio. When a very young man left his father’s home, and went to Circleville, Ohio, thence to Cincinnati, where he became known as one of the shrewdest gamblers that ever handled a deck of cards.

In 1858 he married Theresa Gatewood in West Virginia and about 1866 he settled in Warren County, Ohio, and founded Cozaddale on the B.&O. S.W. Railroad. When The Union Pacific Railroad was building he went to Nebraska and purchased about forty thousand acres of land lying along what was Dawson County and here he founded the town of “Cozad” or Cozad City. From here he later removed to Denver. He returned to Cozad to look after his large interests there and during his visit became involved in controversy with a man over financial matters. The man attacked him with a club, and drawing his revolver, Cozad slew him on the spot. He fled, it is said, to Europe. His whereabouts and business interests have since been shrouded in mystery. At the time of his trouble he was supposed to be worth nearly a million dollars. It is supposed his near relatives know where he is and have seen him occasionally since his flight.

CHILDREN:

1382  i.  John
1383  ii.  Robert.

926.  ELIZABETH COZAD:

(John 735; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born October 5 1816 married November 14, 1835 to William Wyatt. Lived and died near Allenville,
Ohio. CHILDREN:
i. Rachael, b. Feb. 23, 1836 m. Elisha Henderson, Allenville, Ohio.
iii. John W., b. Nov. 5 1841, m. Jannette Claypool.

927. CATHERINE COZAD:

(John 735; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born September 14, 1818; married Jan. 28, 1840 to Enoch Garret Dixon; lived and died near Allensville, Ohio. CHILDREN:
1392 ii. Henry, b. Mar. 5, 1842, m. Sarah Wyskiver, Lancaster, Mo.
1395 v. Elizabeth, b. June 27, 1851, d. Nov. 25
1396 vi. Hannah, b. Apr. 4, 1853 m. William Dolison.

928. BENJAMIN COZAD:

(John 735; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born October 28, 1822; married February 27 1841 to Sarah Dixon, b. October 22, 1844, died August 1, 1896.

In 1866 they went to Missouri and he in 1899 was still living at, or near Westboro, Atkinson County, Missouri. CHILDREN:
1402 iv. Lydia, b. Jan. 11, 1849; of Blanchard, Page County, Iowa.
1403 v. John Washington, b. May 1, 1852; of Westboro, Atkinson County, Mo.
1404 vi. Mary Elizabeth, b. Nov. 13, 1855; of Cawker City, Kansas.


xi. Charles, b. May 23, 1870; of Westboro, Mo.

929. SUSAN COZAD.

(John 735; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born January 6, 1825; married Caleb Alexander. Lived and died near Allensville, Ohio. CHILDREN:

i. Sarah

ii. Taylor; of Washington County, Ohio.

1410. iii. Rebecca


930. MARGARET COZAD:

(John 735; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born in 1827 married Charles Sperry. Lived and died in Vinton County, Ohio. CHILDREN:

i. Wesley; of Allensville, Ohio.

1412. ii. Hester

1413. iii. Sarah; of Ridgeville, Indiana.

1414. iv. Elizabeth

1415. v. Toca Ann

1416. vi. John W. of Ural, Ohio.

1417. vii. Mary, of Chillicothe, Ohio.

1418

931. JOB COZAD:

(John 735; Rev. Job 642; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born November 27, 1828 near Allensville, Ohio. On December 23, 1855, married Charity Fry born December 24 1836. He is a farmer and his present residence is near Chillicothe, Ohio. (1897). CHILDREN:


1419. ii. Melissa Mandana, b. Aug. 3 1858; of Allensville.

1420. iii. Scitha Loraine, b. Sept. 26, 1860; Chillicothe.

1481. iv. Sarah Elizabeth, b. Sept. 12, 1862; Chillicothe.

1422. v. Samantha Arilda, b. Apr. 28, 1865; Good Hope, Oh.

1423. vi. Lucretia Arumba, b. Apr. 13, 1869; Chillicothe.

1424. vii. Francis Clinton, b. Dec. 6, 1871; Do.


932. JOHN WASHINGTON COZAD:

(John 735; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born August 9, 1832; married near Allensville, Ohio; 1st and 2nd to Catharine Alders. About 1867
he went and settled near Precept, Furnas County, Neb. where he became very well known and highly respected.

CHILDREN: By 1st marriage.

1427 i. James Milton, b. August 8, 1853; of Vinta, Schuyler County, Mo.
1429 iii. William Orlando, b. Nov. 6, 1858; of Eaton, Weld County, Colorado.

CHILDREN: By 2nd marriage.

1430 iv. Elmer Ellsworth, b. Nov. 8, 1861; of Hamilton, Caldwell County, Missouri.
1432 vi. Sarah Elizabeth, b. Feb. 5, 1866; of Bever City, Furnas County, Neb.
1435 viii. Mary Leonora, b. August 27, 1870; of Almena, Norton County, Kansas.
1434 ix. Mary Samantha, b. June 5, 1875; Stanford, Harlan County, Nebr.
1436 x. Charles Albert, b. May 25, 1877; of Precept, Furnas County, Nebr.
1437 xi. Josephine, b. June 6, 1879; of Precept, Furnas County, Nebr.
1437½ xii. Franklin Pierce, b. Aug. 15, 1882; of Precept.

934. SARAH ANN COZAD:

(John 735; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born November 20, 1835; married near Allensville, Ohio, September 28, 1862 to Nathan Shaw.

CHILD:

1444 i. Clinton, b. July 16, 1863.

937. SUSAN COZAD:

(Abraham 737; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born in 1821; married Nathan Dixon and lived and died in Vinton County, Ohio.

CHILDREN:

1449 i. Charity, deceased.
1440 ii. Jesse, deceased.
1451 iii. Nancy, deceased.
1452 iv. Humphrey, in the west.

936. ELIZABETH COZAD:

(Abraham 737; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born in 1823 in Vinton County, Ohio; married there in 1841 to Humphrey Clark, illegitimate son
of Joseph Dixon and Margaret Clark. Said Margaret Clark afterwards became second wife of
Elizabeth’s uncle Henry (No. 732) and had three children by him. Elizabeth and Humphrey Clark
settled at Cozaddale, Ohio, where They reared a highly respected family. She is still living (1898).
He died about 1880.

CHILDREN:
1453  i. Mary, married David Claypool.
1454  ii. Charity, m. John Graves.
1455  iii. Abraham, never married.
1456  iv. Sarah, m. Dr. F.H. Darby, Columbus Ohio.
1457  v. Theresa, m. John Blevius (or Blevins).
1458  vi. Carrie, m. T. P. Free1and.

938.  
CATHARINE COZAD:

(Abraham 737; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born 1823, near ar Allensville, Ohio; married Charles Hapson, died near Byer, Jackson County,
Ohio.

CHILDREN:
1459  i. Elizabeth.
1460  ii. Charles.
1461  iii. Albert

939.  
LEVI COZAD:

(Abraham 737; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born May 16, 1828 near Allensville, Ohio. When a young man, he with his brothers moved to
Henry County, Illinois, where he married Catharine Segler born December 8, 1826, died August 6,
1870. By her he had ten children. September 28, 1877, he married Laura Isabella Ketvord (?), by
whom he had five children. After his death she married Andrew Sanders and was living recentLy
at Carbon Cliff, Illinois. Levi and his brother Henry moved from Illinois and settled near Marys-
ville, Nodaway County, Mo., where both died. Levi served through the Rebellion in an Illinois
Regiment.

CHILDREN: By 1st marriage.
1462  i. Matilda Jane b. Mar. 9, 1850.
1463  ii. Sam’l McGiffin, b. Dec. 30 1851 d. in infancy.
1464  iii. Lydia Ann, b. Dec. 23,1852, d. in childhood.
1465  iv. Abraham, b. Aug. 24, 1856, d. in childhood.
1466  v. William Allen, b. April 1, 1858: residence unknown.
1468  vii. Mary Etta, b. May 4, 1864; St. Joeseph, Mo.
1469  viii. Henry J., b. May 3, 1866; Malvern, Iowa.
1471  x. Sarah Elizabeth, b. May 30, 1870, d. in infancy.

CHILDREN: By 2nd marriage.
1472  xi. Ethan Allen d, in infancy.
1473  xii. Jonathan, died in infancy.
1474  xiii. Levi, b. Feb. 9, 1884; Carbon Cliff, Ill.
940.  JOB COZAD:

(Abraham 737; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born 1830 near Allensville, Ohio, married Nancy Dixon. Soon after his marriage, he with other members of his family, settled in Henry County, Illinois. At the breaking out of the Civil War he enlisted from Whiteside County, in Company "G", 156th Illinois, Volunteer Infantry. After the war he settled near Knoxville Knox County, Illinois, where his wife died in 1865. From Illinois he went to Iowa, and from Iowa in 1870 to Henry County, Missouri and in 1872 back to Henry County, Ill. In 1887 he removed to Cuba, Republic County, Kansas and in 1889 to St. Joseph, Missouri, where he died in 1890. His second wife was Margaret Jane Shaw, by whom he had seven children. She now lives (1898) at Mayville, Rock Island County, Illinois. (These are those bad ones around Illinois City).

CHILDREN: By 1st marriage.
1477  i.  Nathan, b. 1857; residence unknown.
1479  iii.  Miles Clinton, b. 1861, Do. do.
1480  iv.  Mary Belle, b. 1863; Rock Island, Ill.

CHILDREN: By 2nd marriage.
1481  v.  William J., b. 1866; Marysville, Rock Island, Illinois.
1483  vii.  Margaret Jane b. 1870, d.1872.
1484  viii.  Sidney A. b. 1873 of Marysville, Ill.
1485  ix.  Minta E. b. 1876, of Marysville, Ill.
1486  x.  Sarah A., b. 1879 of Marysville, Ill.
1847  xi.  Lillie L., b., 1884; of Marysville, Ill.

942.  MARY COZAD:

(Abraham 737; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born 1833 near Allensville, Ohio. Moved to Henry County, Illinois, where she married John Lewis of Genesco, Henry County and had by him a family of fourteen children.

943.  HENRY COZAD:

(Abraham 737; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born 1838 near Allensville, Ohio, moved to Henry County, Illinois, and there married in 1877, May 22, Samantha Shaw born in Henry Co., in 1859. He settled and died mar Marysville, Nodaway County, Mo.

CHILDREN:
1488  i.  Andrew Job, b. Feb. 24 1878 Marysville, Mo.
1489  ii.  Samuel Henry, b. June 1 1880; Do. do.
1490  iii.  Charity Jane, b. Sept. 17, 1882; Do. do.
1491  iv.  Estelle Elizabeth, b. June 9, 1886 Do. Do.
944. **JOHN H. COZAD:**

(Abraham 737; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born in 1841, in the Vinton Co. Settlement. Moved with his brothers to Henry County, Ill. He enlisted in The war of the Rebellion at Loraine, Ill. September 1861. In Louisiana was taken sick with fever and died at Youngs Point, June 20, 1863. Unmarried.

946. **JOSEPH COZAD:**

(Job 738; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born in Vinton County Settlement and went with with parents to Benton County, Indiana where he married Louisa Call. He lived and died in that county near Oxford.

CHILD:
1493 i. Joanna or Josephine; of McCork, Nebr.

948. **AMY COZAD:**

(Job 738; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Went with parents to Oxford, Benton County, Ind., where she married James Beals who is still living near Mountmorenci, Tappacanoe County, Ind.

949. **JAMES COZAD:**

(Job 738; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Moved with parents to Benton Co., Ind., where he married Minerva Beals and settled near Greenfield, Hancock Co., Ind., where he died not long after marriage. No children.

950. **ELIZABETH COZAD:**

(Job 738; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).


951. **MARY COZAD:**

Born near Oxford, Ind., married George Weible and died In 1858. (In Hardin County, Iowa).

953. **MARTHA COZAD:**

(Job 738; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born May 1, 1846 near Oxford Ind., married William Loddin and died in Livingston County, Illinois.
954. **WILLIAM NATHAN COZAD:**

(Job 738; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born February 12, 1848 near Oxford, Indiana; married Sarah S. Kief, and now lives in Canton, Lewis County, Mo., on the Banks of the Mississippi (1898). At twelve years of age lost a foot by catching it in a machine.

CHILDREN:

1493  i. Thomas Lee b. May 19, 1875; Canton, Mo.
1499  viii. Bessie Ellen, b. Jan. 9, 1892; Canton, Mo.
1501  ix. Emma Jessie, b. June 23, 1894; Do.
1502  x. John, b. June 23, 1894; died in infancy.

957. **MELISSA COZAD:**

(Job 738; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born October 27, 1855, near Oxford, Ind., m. Richard Skief (or Skiel) and died in Wayne County, Iowa. Married January 1883.

CHILD:

1503  i. Bertie Alvin; of Cape Fair, Stone Co., Mo.

958. **MARY ANN COZAD:**

(William 739; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born July 4, 1826 near Allensville, Ohio, and went with parents to Benton County, Ind., where she married first William Dougan by whom she had two children, married second Jonathan McLaughlin. They live near Oxford, Ind. (1898).

CHILDREN: By 1st marriage.


960. **ELIZA COZAD:**

(William 739; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).


CHILDREN: By 1st marriage.

1506  i. Henry, Hoopstown, Ill.
1507  ii. Rebecca Ann, do.
1508  iii. William, do.
1509 iv. John, Chicago, Ill.
1510 v. Ambrose, Ottawa, Ill.
1511 vi. Allen, deceased.
1512 vii. Andrew deceased.

961. NANCY COZAD:

(William 739; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born in Vinton County Ohio married John Flora and lived and died near Bourneville, Ross Co., Ohio.

962. ELIJAH COZAD:

(William 739; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born April 19, 1833 iii Vinton County, Ohio, went west with parents to Benton County, Indiana where he still resides. (1898). Married May 26, 1860 to Eliza Rollins, b. January 9, 1836 d. Dec. 21, 1893.

CHILDREN:
1517 iv. Mary Belle, b. Apr. 3 1869. Richmond, Ind.
1519 vi. Elmer A., b. Nov. 29, 1863; do.
1522 ix. Charles, b. Apr. 8, 1882; do.
1523 x. An infant.
(xi. Peter, m. Elizabeth Wingarner.) Penciled in margin.

963. CATHERINE COZAD:

(William 739; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born in Vinton Co., Ohio, moved to Benton County, Ind. Married first A. Eveshart, second John Smiley. She died at Hoopstown, Illinois

964. ELIZABETH COZAD:

(William 739; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born in Vinton Co., Ohio. Went to Benton Co., Ind. Present residence, Agency City, Iowa. Married 1st M. Ford by whom she had two children and 2nd Anthony Verdow by whom she had two children.

CHILDREN: By 1st marriage.
1525 1. Maria
1526 ii. Amanda
CHILDREN: By 2nd marriage.
1527 iii. Schuyler
1528 iv. Harriet

966. ISABELLE COZAD:

(William 739; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Married William Howell, residence, Morroco, Newton County, Indiana.

967. AMANDA COZAD:

(William 739; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Married first William Adkinson, second Isaiah Marse, living somewhere in Missouri. (1898).

970. JEREMIAH COZAD:

(Joseph 740; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born April 4, 1831, near Allensville, Ohio, went west and has lived in various places in Missouri and elsewhere; present (1898) residence San Diego, Calif. Was married Mar. 13, 1872 to Fannie Ellen Brady.

CHILDREN:
1529 i. John Jay.
1530 ii. Franklin
1531 iii. Nora May
1532 iv. Griswold Blanche
1534 v. Clara.
vi. Blanche (Penciled in).

971 HEZEKIAH COZAD:

(Joseph 740; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born September 22, 1833 in Vinton Co., Ohio. Married there to Margaret Burchard, Apr. 15, 1854, b. at Steubenville, Ohio, February 22 1835. Soon after his marriage he moved to Iowa and settled in Page County near Essex, his present home. His first wife dying, he married A. Dukeshire b. in Miami Co., Ohio.

CHILDREN: By 1st marriage.
1535 i. Josiah, b. May 5 1855, Glenwood, Mills Co., Ia.

By 2nd marriage.
1538 iv. Mary E., b. 1861, deceased.
1539 v. Lyda C., 1863, deceased.
1540 vi. William G., b. 1864.
1541 vii. George S., b. 1868; Shenandoah, Iowa.
1542 viii. Jeremiah, F., b. 1868; do.
972. **JOSIAH COZAD:**

(Joseph 740; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born 1836 near Allensville, Ohio married in 1858 to Taca Graves and afterwards settled in Stark County, Illinois. At the breaking out of the war he enlisted at Loriane, Ill., September 1, 1861 in Company "H", 47th Ill. Vol. Infantry. He was killed at the battle of Corinth, Miss. in 1862. His widow (1902) still resides in Stark Co.

**CHILD:**

1549  
 i. Riley.

973. **NANCY DELIA COZAD:**

(Joseph 740; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born August 14, 1838 in the Vinton County, Ohio settlement. Married John Irvine, settled at Sedalia, died there.

974. **MARY CATHERINE COZAD:**

(Joseph 740; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born 1841 in the Vinton County, Ohio settlement, went west with brothers and sisters; married Samuel Starr and lived and died at Silver Cliff, Custer County, Colorado.

975. **WILLIAM COZAD:**

(Joseph 740; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born August 11, 1843 in Vinton Co., Ohio. His father died when he was six, his mother married again and he was taken by an uncle, named Davis, to Montgomery County, Iowa. In this country he grew up, married and settled at Red Oak where he has lived continuously except four years spent in the service of his country in Company K, 4th Iowa Volunteers, Infantry. November 26, 1865 he married Mary Hewitt born in Howard Co., Indiana, November 1 1849. He is a prosperous farmer and a highly respected citizen of his county. They have had seven children.

**CHILDREN:**

1550  
 i. Charles W., b. Feb. 23, 1867; Red Oak, Iowa.
1551  
1552  
1553  
1554  
1555  
1556  
 vii. Donald E., b. May 20, 1894; Red Oak, Iowa.
SUSAN ABIGAIL COZAD:


Born 1845 near Allensville, Ohio, married Martin Countryman and lives near Bourneville, Ross County, Ohio.

BENJAMIN FRANKLIN COZAD:


Born December 5, 1847 in the Vinton County, Ohio, settlement. Went to Iowa to his mothers and was married at Red Oak December 28, 1874 to Louisa C. Weiland b. September 1, 1856. They now live at New Helena, Custer Co., Neb.

CHILDREN:

1557  i.  William H., b. May 1, 1876: New Helena, Nebr.

1558  ii.  Mary C., b. Nov. 20, 1878 do.


LUCINDA COZAD:

(Job 724 Elihu 643: Job 608: Jacob 601: Anthony 10: Jacques 3: Jacques 1).

Born August 5, 1831, in Mercer County, Pa., married September 11, 1856 to James W. Kerr; she died at Dixmont Hospital.

CHILDREN:

1561  i.  Mary E., b. Jan. 27, 1858.


1568  viii. James, b. Oct. 5, 1863. (or 1873).

SABINA COZAD:

(Job 724 Elihu 643: Job 608: Jacob 601: Anthony 10: Jacques 3: Jacques 1).

Born July 18, 1836 in Mercer Co., Penna., was for several years matron at Dixmont Hospital, at which place she died unmarried. Her sister preceded her in death by only five days.

JULIA ANN COZAD:

(Job 724 Elihu 643: Job 608: Jacob 601: Anthony 10: Jacques 3: Jacques 1).

CHILDREN:
1570  i.  George B. McClellan b. June 20 1863.
1572  ii.  Mary Elizabeth, b. Sept. 1, 1865.
1573  iii.  William Seymour, b. Aug. 19, 1868, d. 1-3-1870.
1573  vi.  Annie Laurie, b. July 4, 1875.

WILLIAM ADELBERT COZAD:
(Job 724 Elihu 643; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born April 11, 1850 in Lackawannock Twp., near Mercer and at present living at Sharon, Pa. Married 1874 to Amelia Stamm.

CHILDREN:
1574  i.  Charles; Sharon, Pa.
1575  ii.  Alice; Sharon, Pa.
1576  iii.  Ethel; Sharon, Pa.

JAMES (HART) COZAD:
(Job 745; Elihu 643; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born July 9, 1836 near Mercer Co., Pa. In 1846 he moved with his father's family to Lee County, Iowa, where his father died in 1850 of Typhoid fever. His stepmother and her children returned to Pennsylvania, leaving James and Martha in Iowa. After his sisters marriage he went to Whiteside County, Ill., there he taught school and studied medicine nights, being tutored by Dr. Cottle. He was almost entirely self taught, and became a man of broad culture and wide reading. He never ceased to study diligently as long as he lived. At his country's call he enlisted at the outbreak of the Civil War in Co. F, 93rd Illinois Volunteer Infantry. Soon after enlisting he was appointed a Hospital Steward of the Regiment and acted for sometime in that capacity and later as a surgeon. The summer of 1864 he was acting surgeon and had his papers appointing him to that position, but he thought the war so near over he never filed them. He was in many famous battles and participated in the famous "march to the sea". He was mustered out at Louisville, Ky. and received his final discharge at Chicago July 5Th 1865. He graduated from Rush Medical college Chicago, January 1866, and located at Andulusa, Illinois. To start in his chosen profession he borrowed of an old friend (David Parker of Garden Plain, Whiteside Co., Ill.), five hundred dollars for which Mr. Parker would not accept a scratch of a pen. From The first he was very successful a and soon paid back what had been so generously loaned. For sixteen years he practiced in Andulusa and surrounding country, as well as in Scott Co., Iowa, for miles in every direction from Buffalo. In 1882 he returned to Reynolds, Ill. (Rock Island Co.) where he continued to practice until a few days before his death, when his fatal illness cut short his work. He was a man of strong convictions, resolute will, heroic determination and sterling integrity. He was affable, generous, punctual in all his engagements faithful to all his practice and true to his friends and generous to his enemies. He was a kind and indulgent husband and father, a courageous soldier, a patriotic citizen, a careful, wise and devoted physician a most skillful surgeon. Spending his life in the smaller towns his skill was known and demanded in the nearby cities. He was prominent in G.A.R. and Masonic Circles and widely known in Rock Island and adjoining counties. In politics he was a staunch Republican.

The funeral cortege, which followed him to his last resting place was by far largest in the History
of Reynolds and bore testimony to the high regard in which he was held.

About 1890 he became interested in the COZAD History, and with characteristic energy took up the work collecting and compiling the records of his immediate branch. Always a busy man the work grew very slowly, yet most of the records here given are the result of his labors. He died August 14, 1897.

On the 11th of December 1867 he married Miss Martha Mitchell a daughter of David Mitchell and Isabella Mark Mitchell of Whiteside County, Illinois. She was born October 21, 1844 on the old Mitchell homestead near Fulton, Ill. Their children are as follows: Mrs. Cozad died at Reynolds, Illinois, on February 1, 1922.

CHILDREN:

996. MARTHA JANE COZAD:

(Jacob 745; Elihu 643; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born January 17, 1839 in Mercer County, Pa., went to Lee County with parents in 1846, was married November 24, 1845 to Johnathan E. Thompson, who died in 1890.

CHILDREN:

i. Addie Grace, b. Nov. 11, 1856 m. George W. Barlow; Tacoma, Wn.
iii. Lily May, b. June 6 1859, d. 1872; Venice, Ill.
viii. Charles Howard, b. May 4 1872 d. 1874; St. Louis.
ix. Lulu Viola, b. Feb. 20 1874, d. 1874; St. Louis.
x. Daisy Belle, b. Apr 17, 1876, d. 1894; Puyallup, Wn.
x. Francis Cozad, b. Aug 24, 1878, d. 1898; Payullup, Washington.

1001. ANNA MARIAH COZAD:

(Joseph 746; Elihu 643; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born April 9, 1836 near Mercer Co. Pa. Married July 1859 to James L. Cook. She died May 1866.

CHILDREN.

i. Emma Belle, b. May 1860, lived 8 mos.
ii. Ida May b. May 1862, m. Sherman Reiger, North Benton, Ohio.
iii. John, b. July 1864, d. in childhood.
iv. Mary Melisa, b. April 1866, d. in childhood.

1002. JAMES WILLIAM COZAD:

(Joseph 746; Elish 643; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born January 14, 1838 on The homestead originally entered by his grandfather, Elihu in 1812 in East Lackawannock Twp. about three miles from Mercer. A portion of this tract he inherited from his father Joseph M. Cozad. He added to this property until in early life he became known as one of the substantial farmers of Mercer County. Of a very kind disposition, he in an evil hour endorsed notes for some of his neighbors who were in need of assistance and these he later had to pay and as a result lost most of his possessions. When the Civil War broke out he enlisted in the 100 day service and afterward served as corporal in Co. A, 169 Penna. Vol. Inf. and since the war he belonged to Mercer Post No. 169, G.A.R.

Few, if any of the Mercer Co. Cozads stood higher than James W. He was a devout member of the M.E. Church at Mercer, his place in the Sabbath school and church service being rarely vacant. He died of cancer of the liver. In his death those who have been collecting material for a genealogy of the Cozad family have lost a valued assistant, as he was the most faithful correspondent in the Mercer County settlement and he and his daughters took a deep interest in the History. On April 24, 1871 he was united in marriage with Kate M. Stark of Baltimore, Md. She survives him and resides with her family at Greenville, Mercer Co., Pa.

CHILDREN:
iii. Kate Victoria, b. Mar. 20, 1875.
iv. James Morton, b. Nov. 16, 1876; Greenville, Ohio.

1003. MARY ELIZABETH COZAD:

(Joseph 746; Elish 643; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born November 24, 1839, near Mercer Co. Pa., m. August 16, 1866 Henry George Kerr who was born Apr 11, 1841, died Jan. 14, 1880 at Sharon, Pa. His widow lives at Mercer.

CHILDREN:
i. Mary Elizabeth, b. Mar. 18, 1868; Poland, Ohio

1004. JOHN ALEXANDER COZAD:

(Joseph 746; Elish 643; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born March 25, 1841, near Mercer, married July 3, 1864 to Mary E. Kennedy who died Jan. 18, 1881.

CHILDREN:
ii. Agnes Mary Belle, b. Sept. 3, 1869; Meadsville, Pa.
iii. Edward John, b. July 5, 1872; Meadsville.

1005. JOSEPH ALBERT COZAD:

(Joseph 746; Elibu 643; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born September 24, 1843 near Mercer, married December 24, 1863 to Elizabeth Arrow, b. May 2, 1841. Lived at Mercer.
CHILDREN:
i. Melissa May b. September 26 1864 Loraine, O.
iii. Jennie Kate, Sept. 11, 1868 do.
v. Blanche Anna, b. Mar. 22, 1874; Loraine, Ohio.

1006. NARCISSA MELISSA COZAD:

(Joseph 746; Elibu 643; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born February 5, 1845 near Mercer, Pa. m. December 20, 1870 to John S. Struthers of Struthers Station, Mahoney Co., O.
CHILDREN:
i. An infant died in infancy.
ii. Thomas December 1874 Struthers, Ohio.
iii. Mina, b. February 1876, d. Nov. 20, 1878.

1007. WINFIELD SCOTT COZAD:

(Joseph 746; Elibu 643; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born July 19, 1847 near Mercer, Pa., lived near there and at Livera and Toledo, Ohio, dying at latter place. Was married August 1874 to Mary A. Johnson. Was married August 1874. She was born in 1850, and resides at Mercer.
CHILDREN:
i. Maude b. 1875, d. 1881.

1008 NOBLE ALVIN COZAD:

(Joseph 746; Elibu 643; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

CHILDREN by 1st marriage:
1583 i. Frank G., b. May 15 1875; Greenville, Pa.
1584 ii. Myrtle M., b. Nov. 20, 1877; Greenville, Pa.
1011. **Catherine Nancy Cozad:**

Henry A. 750; Elihu 643; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born October 1, 1846 in Knox Co., Ill. Married November 5, 1868 to Thomas A. Morrison. They live at Winfield, Kansas, where Mr. Morrison is a prominent music dealer. Mrs. Morrison died at 3216 Charlotte St., Kansas City, Mo. on October 6, 1908.

**CHILDREN:**


iii. Pearl Ione b. Feb. 20, 1879, m. June 6, 1899 to Cyrus Hranchett.

1012. **Mary Alice Cozad:**

Henry A. 750; Elihu 643; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born March 17, 1849 in Whiteside Ill., m. Jany. 7, 1872 to Josiah Batty.

( ) **Anderson Cozad:**

Henry A. 750; Elihu 643; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born Feb. 9, 1854 in Mercer Co., Pa., and lives near Sandy Lake, That county. M. Sept. 21, 1872 to Eliz. Wimer from whom he was later divorced. Married September 15, 1880 to Josephine Collier of near Mercer.

**CHILD:**

i. Mary, b. December 11, 1880.

( ) **Azelia Cozad:**

Henry A. 750; Elihu 643; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born September 21 1855 near Mercer Co., Pa., m. Otis Hoag1e of Trumbell Co., Ohio. He is now dead and she lives at Meadvill e, Pa. m. 2nd Frank Morton.

**CHILDREN:**

i. Minnie

ii. Bert, killed December 29, 1894.

( ) **Charles Henry Cozad:**

Henry A. 750; Elihu 643; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).


**CHILDREN:**

i. Vivian Jannette b. Feb. 14, 1880, m. April 26, 1896 to Thomas O’Brien and have one daughter Virginia May, b. Dec. 6, 1902.
EIGHTH GENERATION.

In America.

1301  

BENJAMIN COZAD:

(John 888; Job 730; Nathaniel 640; Jon 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born August 8, 1840, lived and died near Watkins, Benton Co., Iowa. Married January 2, 1866 to Mary A. Hill.

CHILDREN:

1817  

1818.  

1819.  

1820.  
iv.  Orra, b. March 21, 1877: Eldora, Iowa.

1821  
V.  Lenora, b. Nov. 9, 1878.

1822.  
vi.  Emma, b. April 1, 1882.

1202.  

NANCY JANE COZAD:

(John 888; Job 730; Nathaniel 640; Jon 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born March 31 1842 near Watkins, Iowa, M. December 3, 1865 to Jacob Lichty.

CHILDREN:

1823.  

1824.  
ii.  Mary C., b. Jany. 18, 1873.

1825.  

1308.  

WILLIAM ALEXANDER COZAD:

(Jacob 889; Job 730; Nathaniel 640; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born February 12, 1844, m. February 14, 1865 to Sarah Elizabeth McCartney.

CHILDREN:

1826  
i.  James Edward, b. Nov. 18, 1865.

1827  

1310.  

MARY FRANCES COZAD:
(Jacob 889; Job 730; Nathaniel 640; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born June 30, 1850 in Mercer Co., Pa., married Dec. 25, 1866 to George W. Shaffer of that county. CHILDREN:

1828  i. Mathias, b. Dec. 16, 1867 xii. Susan Robb, April 18, 1899.
1830. iii. Sarah Ann, b. Aug. 21, 1872, m, Morgan Shellanberger.
1831. iv. Anna, b. October 13, 1875, d. in infancy.

1834. i. Mary Alice b. April 23, 1873, m. William Metcalf, 1889.
1836.  iii. Addie Belle, b. Oct. 6, 1880.

1837.  LOVEY ADELAIDE COZAD:

(Born April 18, 1853 in Mercer Co., Pa., married Dec. 22, 1870 to Joseph Webster of that county. CHILDREN:

1838. i. Mary Alice b. April 23, 1873, m. William Metcalf, 1889.
1840.  iii. Addie Belle, b. Oct. 6, 1880.

1841.  THOMAS JONES COZAD:

(Born October 2, 1854 in Mercer Co. 1 Pa., and moved with parents to Illinois. Lived for many years at Cleveland, Rock Island Co., Ill. Married December 1886 at St. David, Ill. to Lillian Miller. They now reside in Chicago. He is a book keeper. CHILDREN:

i. Haze1
ii. Irl
iii. Ghle.

1842.  JOHN WESLEY COZAD:

(Born March 2, 1859 in Illinois, present residence is Chicago. Married June 1896 to Clara W. Bronson of Chicago.

1843.  GEORGE JEWELL COZAD:

Born March 30, 1863 in Illinois. Married Mary Corbett of Chicago. CHILDREN:

i. Clarence, died in childhood.
1332. **MARY JANE COZAD:**

(Thomas P. 898; Job 730; Nathaniel 640; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).


( ) **ELMER ELSWORTH COZAD:**

(Son of Hiram 881).

Born January 4, 1862 in Mercer Co., Pa. and lived and died there in Charlestown, married April 14, 1886 to Maude Troutman.

CHILDREN:

i. Mable Elizabeth, b. Jan. 1, 1887.
ii. Ernest, b. May 10, 1890
iii. Frank, b. May 1892.

( ) **FREDERIC CURTIS:**

(Son of Hiram 881).

Born May 19, 1863 near Mercer, Pa. Married 1889 to Anna Miles, and lived near Mercer.

CHILDREN:

i. Edna, b. 1890.
ii. Francis, b. 1894.

( ) **ELIZABETH COZAD:**

(Daughter of Hiram 881).


CHILDREN:

i. Clarence Edward, b. July 25, 1890.
ii. Grace Elizabeth, b. March 12, 1892.
iii. Rachel Margaret, b. May 14, 1898.

( ) **CHARLES S MARSDEN COZAD:**
(Son of Hiram 881).

Born November 3, 1865 in Mercer Co. Pa., married March 12, 1889 to Mary Henderson. They live in oil city.
CHILD:
i. William Frederick, b. Dec. 11, 1889, d. July 26, 1890.

) LAURA MAY COZAD:

(Daughter of Hiram 881).

Born September 13, 1867 near Mercer Co., Pa., married April 24, 1876 to John W. Clark. Lives near Leesburg, Mercer Co., Pa..
CHILD:
i. Beulah, born March 6, 1897.

) HIRAM COZAD:

(Son of Carver 885).


) CHARLES MCCLAIN COZAD:

(Son of Carver 885).

Born December 21, 1857 near Mercer, Pa., married Mary Budd of Sharon. Is in business at Sharon.
CHILDREN:
i. Clarence, b. 1885.
ii. Welford, b. 1889, deceased.

) FRANK COZAD:

(Son of Carver 885).

Born near Mercer, Pa. He is a Presbyterian Minister at present (1900) located at Peterburg, Ohio. Married Mary Gibner.
CHILDREN:
i. Samuel,
ii. Eva,
iii. Robert.
iv. A son.

) WILLIAM KIRK COZAD:

(Son of Carver 885).

Born near Mercer, Pa., a Presbyterian Minister at present (1900) located at Finleyville,

CHILDREN:

i.       Amy,

ii.      Alita.

( ) NEUMAN COZAD:

(Son of Carver 885).

Neuman Cozad was born near Mercer, Pa., and lives near that town. Married Ida Horne.

CHILDREN:

i.         Ralph,

ii.        Mary,

iii.       Elizabeth,

iv.        Stephen.

( ) HENRY COZAD:

(Son of Carver 885).


CHILDREN:

i.          Ada,

ii.         Naornie, twin.

iii.        Leona, twin.

( ) AUSTIN COZAD:

(Son of Carver 885).

Born near Mercer, Pa., married a Miss Green of Pittsburg, Pa., at which place they live. They have a son and daughter.

1313    WILLIAM COZAD:

(John 900; Nathaniel 731; Nathaniel 640; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born June 12, 1837 in Trumbell Co., Ohio, near the Pennsylvania line. Married June 16, 1857 to Amanda Jane Watson. They first settled in Mercer Co., Pa., but about 1861 they settled in Venango Co., Ohio, in Cherry Tree Twp. between Oil City and Titusville. When the oil fields were developed in that part of Penna. Mr. Cozad sold his land to good advantage and intended to relocate. Before leaving, however while working about his home he injured himself by over-lifting and died in a few days from a hemorrhage of the bowels. After his death his wife and her children went to her parents in Michigan. Mrs. Cozad then married Mr. George W. Garoin and they now live near Romeo, Macomb Co., Mich. In Pennsylvania the family were members of the United Presbyterian Church, and were highly respected.
CHILDREN:
1842.  vi.  A girl, b. Sept. 11, 1865, d. in infancy.

1314.  JOHN CALVIN COZAD:

(John 900; Nathaniel 731; Nathaniel 640; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born April 7, 1839 in Mercer Co., Pa., married Feb. 12, 1863 to Mary Elizabeth Gill. Live near Sharpsville, Pa. and he is a well-to-do farmer. He has been agent for the Milwaukee Binder and Mower Co., for a number of years. Has helped materially in securing information concerning The Mercer Co. settlement.

CHILDREN:
1843.  i.  Ellis Elmer b. Nov. 20, 1863; 90 Oakland Ave., Sharon Pa.
1847.  v.  William Adrian b. Feb. 6, 1871; Sharon, Pa.

1315  NATHANIEL COZAD:

(John 900; Nathaniel 731; Nathaniel 640; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born February 12, 1844 in Mercer Co., Pa., married 1873 to Mary Mizner; lives at Dorset, Ashtabula Co., Ohio.

1317  NANCY JANE COZAD:

(John 900; Nathaniel 731; Nathaniel 640; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born in Mercer Co., Pa., married 1st time Kennedy Cramer by whom she had one daughter. They were divorced and she married Samuel Winsor, by whom she had four children. He died at Niles, Ohio, their home, June 5, 1897.
1318  DANIEL RICHARD COZAD:

(John 900; Nathaniel 731; Nathaniel 640; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).


1320  MARY ETTA COZAD:

(John 900; Nathaniel 731; Nathaniel 640; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born December 27, 1857; married Charles Fuller Perry. Their home was at Sharpsville, Pa., at which place Mr. Perry died October 5, 1893. They had six children.

( )  SAMUEL CLAUDE COZAD:

(William 901; Nathaniel 731; Nathaniel 640 Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born February 17, 1868 at Charlestown, Mercer Co., Pa. Travels as an Agent and has no permanent address. Married Emma A. Crist who died April 28, 1895 - also lost one infant child.

1350  ELIZABETH J. COZAD:

(Daniel 909; Henry 732; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born December 21 1840, near Allensville, Ohio married October 1, 1857 to Thomas Ankrum; died near Allensville.
CHILDREN:

i. John D.
ii. Mary
iii. Thomas J.,
iv. Milton H.,
v. Ida May.

1351  HENRY JACKSON COZAD:

(Daniel 909; Henry 732; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born June 17, 1842 in the Allensville, Ohio, settlement where he died. Married November 20, 1858 to Amy Clark.
CHILDREN:

i. Thomas Marion; Allensville, Ohio.


iii. Henry Jackson; Bertley, Redmilton Co., Nebr.

1352

JOHN D. COZAD:

(Daniel 909; Henry 732; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born December 21, 1843 near Allensville, Ohio; married October 18, 1867 to Louisa Dillon; lives near Allensville.

CHILDREN:

i. William P., b. March 24, 1868; Allensville, Ohio.


iii. Lilly J., b. Mar. 23, 1875; Allensville, Ohio.


v. Sarah Ida, b. Nov. 4, 1883; ditto.

1353

ALCY C. COZAD:

(Daniel 909; Henry 732; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born March 1, 1845; married September 17, 1862 to John H. Boley, he dying. She married 2nd John W. Sperry of Ural, Vinton Co., Ohio.

CHILDREN by 1st marriage:

i. Love L.

ii. John W.

iii. Charles A.

iv. Sanford R.

CHILD by 2nd marriage:

v. Jennie.

1353½

TACY A. COZAD:

(Daniel 909; Henry 732; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born October 4, 1846 near Allensville, Ohio; married April 10, 1864 to W. W. Belford. They had three children.

CHILDREN:

i. William R. b. Mar. 9, 1865; m. Annita Jane Sweepston in 1888; Joplin, Mo.

ii. Franklin F., b. June 5, 1867; m. Cora Carmine, August 12, 1890; Joplin, Mo.

iii. Martha Ann, b. July 0, 1869; m. William A. Clark, June 7, 1891; Joplin, Mo.

1335

SARAH M. COZAD:

(Daniel 909; Henry 732; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).
Born February 12, 1856, m. August 30, 1868 to Philip Argenbright, b. September 28, 1848.

CHILDREN:
i. Alta May, b. Aug 22, 1870.
ii. Theressa Alice b. May 21, 1872.
iii. Jemmie S., b. January 28 1874
iv. George B., b. Nov. 7, 1876.
ix. Chloe B., b. Nov. 22, 1887.
x. Carrie M., b. Feb. 22, 1890.

1357.  MARY L. COZAD:

(Daniel 909; Henry 732; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born December 17, 1855, m. May 4, 1870 to W. W. Belford -relick of her deceased sister l357½ Taca or Tacy A. They live at Joplin, Mo.

CHILDREN:
i. Matilda May, b. Aug. 13, 1871, m. James Walker, Jan. 11, 1891; Joplin, Mo.

1358  DANIEL HARVEY COZAD:

(Daniel 909; Henry 732; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born June 11, 1857 in the Allensville, Ohio, settlement. Was a minister in the Christian Church. Is said to have been a man of fine character and highly respected. He married Louisa Argenbright February 19, 1878.

CHILDREN:
i. Sarah L., b. January 17, 1879.
ii. Martha M., b. October 10 1880
iv. Lelia J., b. February 9, 1890.

1361  SAMUEL M. COZAD:

(Daniel 909; Henry 732; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born August 26, 1861 near Allensville Ohio, married December 25 1885 to Nancy J. Argenbright. Lives on a farm near Ural, Vinton County, Ohio.

CHILDREN:
ii. Mazie E., b. Jmie 23 1891.
1372 ELIZABETH COZAD:

(Abrabam 911; Henry 732; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born January 11, 1849 near Allensville, Ohio, married first Stephen Clark of that place by whom she had one daughter. Married second Thomas Colins and had a son. Married third Dr. E. D. Merrell and had a daughter and two sons. Married fourth James P. Bayham by whom she had a son.

CHILDREN:
i. Estelle Clark, b. Aug. 17, 1868, m. William Sailer.
iii. Motley Merrell, b. Nov. 3 1878.
vi. Harry Bayham, b. October 26, 1891.

1373 JOHN JEFFERSON COZAD:

(Abrabam 911; Henry 732; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born August 12 1850, near Allensville Ohio. He first married November 15, 1870 to Ella Hill. She died September 8, 1871 and May 15, 1873 he married Rachel McMullen b. May 23, 1850. Present residence is Byer, Jackson Co., Ohio, where he is a dealer in produce.

He was the best correspondent in The Vinton County, Ohio settlement. Few members of the family now living have done more faithful work along this line than John J. Cozad and Clinton Shaw. Through their efforts The Vinton County Cozads, so long inaccessible, have been recorded.

CHILDREN:
i. Anne Elizabeth, b. September 1, 1871, d. August 21 1890.
ii. John David, b. August 9, 1874.
iii. Daisy b. November 4, 1876.
v. Frederick, b. August 3, 1883.

1374 ANNA M. COZAD:

(Abrabam 911; Henry 732; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born June 9, 1852 in the Vinton County settlement, married Wesley Graves. Live at Vigo, Ross County, Ohio.

CHILDREN:
i. Infant, b. May 1, 1871, deceased.
ii. Mary Alice, b. Feb. 1, 1873.

iii. Thomas Alonzo, b. Feb. 9, 1875, m. Eliza Holden.
iv. Della Adacsy, b. Dec. 16, 1878.
v. An Infant, b. Nov. 8, 1881, deceased.

1376 CHARLES S ALBERT COZAD:

(Abrabam 911; Henry 732; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born September 10, 1857, near Allensville, Ohio. Married November 17, 1877 to Jane Berry, b. September 22 1857. They live at Foraker Harden Co., Ohio, where he is engaged in farming and teaming.

CHILDREN:
i. Mary Belford b. October 8, 1878, d. October 13, 1884.
ii. Ella Catherine, b. August 26, 1880.
iv. Franklin Henry, b. April 24 1886.
v. Chloë A., b. February 8, 1890.
vi. Icy Rebecca, b. Nov. 15, 1892.
viii. Charles Alfred, April 26, 1894.

1377 MARY L. COZAD:

(Abrabam 911; Henry 732; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born October 2, 1860, near Allensville, Ohio, married Alonzo J. Swepston who was from 1898 to 1901 Sheriff of Ross County, Ohio. They live at Chillicothe, Ohio.

CHILDREN:
i. Algie Effie, b. Feb. 23 1880; Chillicothe.
iii. Mattie Cline, b. Nov. 13, 1892.
iv. Donald Black, b. Nov. 23, 1894.
v. An infant b. Feb. 9, 1897, d. Feb. 9, 1897.

1378 CARRITY A. COZAD:

(Abrabam 911; Henry 732; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born March 20, 1862, married Dr. J. A. Vance of London, Madison Co., Ohio.

CHILDREN:

iii. Howe, b. June 8, 1886; London, Ohio.


( )

THOMAS LEONARD COZAD:

(Job 912; Henry 732; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born May 3, 1853 in Vinton County, Ohio, being the illegitimate son (supposedly) of Job No. 912 and one Fraces A. Cooper. He lived and died in Vinton County and after his death his widow remarried and moved to Sheffield, Alabama. Married Emma Shoemaker. This family and the following are inserted merely as a means of identification. In justice to the Vinton County Cozad settlement be it said that they have always repudiated these people and do not recognize them as belonging to the Cozad family.

CHILDREN:

i. Samuel; Sheffield, Ala.

ii. Louis; Sheffield, Ala.

iii. Anna Leona; Sheffield, Ala.

iv. Roy, Sheffield, Ala.

v. Bertba F., Sheffield, Ala.

1880

JOHN LOUIS COZAD:

(Job 912; Henry 732; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born June 3, 1856 in Vinton Co., Ohio, being an alleged son of Job Cozad and one Fraees Cooper, a colored woman. They are very poor and extremely illiterate. John Louis married Alice Drake, August 18, 1878.

CHILDREN:


iii. Delbert Lawrence, b. April 17, 1884; Circleville, Ohio.

iv. Bernard Palma, b. August 21, 1886; Circleville, Ohio.

v. John Arzie, b. May 24, 1889; Circleville, 0.

vi. Carrie Gertrude, b. July 6, 1891; Circleville, 0.


( )

LYDIA COZAD:

(Benjamin 928; John 735; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born January 11, 1849 near Allensville, Ohio, married April 18, 1866 to Nathan Clark of that place. They went to Iowa and settled Blanchford, Page Co. where Mr. Clerk died March 25, 1899. His widow still resides there.

CHILDREN:

i. Sarah, b. February 18, 1867, m. A. J. Barnes.
iii. Charles, b. Nov. 23, 1869, m. Della Stephens; Blanchard, Ia.
iv. Calvin, b. March 1, 1871, m. Flora Stephens; Blanchard, Ia.
v. Edgar, b. May 12, 1875, m. Maud Stephens; Blanchard, Iowa.
vi. Emery, b. December 10 1876; Blanchard, Ia.
ix. Anna, b. October 1, 1884: Blanchard, Ia.
xii. Bessie, b. Jan. 24, 1895:

1403

JOHN COZAD:
(Benjamin 928; John 735; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born May 1, 1852 near Allenville, Ohio, went west with his parents, married August 23, 1894 to Minnie Olive Ward, they live at or near Westboro, Atchison Co., Mo.
CHILDREN:
i. Ralph Jennings, b. May 6, 1896.

MARY E. COZAD:
(Benjamin 928; John 735; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born November 13, 1855 near Allenstown Ohio, went west with parents. Married September 20, 1897 to Willis O. Finley, b. September 15, 1849. They live at Cawker City, Mitchell County, Kansas.
CHILDREN:
iii. Carrie May, b. April 11, 1882: Cawker City.
iv. Lulu Maude, b. June 6, 1885 do Mary Elizabeth, b. May 16, 1887: Cawker City.

1405

CHARITY A. COZAD:
(Benjamin 928; John 735; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

**CHILDREN:**

i. Daisy Ethel, b. March 29, 1879; Burlington Jc., Mo.

ii. Clyde Henry, b. April 3, 1886; Burlington Jc., Mo.

1407 **HENRY E. COZAD:**

(Benjamin 928; John 735; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born September 13, 1865 in THE Vinton County, Ohio, settlement; moved to Illinois and thence to Missouri with parent. Married in Missouri in April 27, 1890 to Olive Webb. Live at Westboro, Missouri.

**CHILDREN:**

i. Lester Elsworth, b. April 8, 1891; Westboro.

ii. Merle Noble, b. April 26, 1893; Westboro.


iv. Floyd Benjamin, b. May 3, 1897; Westboro.

1408 **LOU COZAD:**

(Benjamin 928; John 735; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born June 26, 1868, near Princeville, Peoria Co. Ill., went west to Missouri with parents. Married April 10, 1886 to Alexander C. Banks; they live at Arkansas City, Kansas.

**CHILDREN:**

i. Percy, b. May 24, 1888; Arkansas City, Kan.

ii. Homer, b. March 13, 1892; do.

1409 **CHARLES COZAD:**

(Benjamin 928; John 735; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born May 23, 1870, near Princeville, Illinois; went with parents to Missouri. Married June 30, 1898 to Rosa Bainard. They live at Westboro, Missouri.

**CHILD:**

i. Daisy Ethel, b. April 11, 1899, d. June 7, 1899.

1420 **MELISSA M. COZAD:**

(Job 931; John 735; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born August 3, 1858 near Allenstown, Ohio; married June 26, 1883 to Eugene Stuck.

**CHILDREN:**

i. Job

vi. Golda
ii. John

iii. Alta

iv. Clyde

v. Horace

vii. Hazel

viii. Claude

ix. Carl

x. Leslie.

1421 SCITHA L. COZAD:

(Job 931; John 735; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born September 26, 1860 near Allensville, Ohio. Married August 11, 1879 to John Wesley Hildebrand. They live at Chillicothe, Ohio.

CHILDREN:

i. Lillie May

ii. Mary A.

iii. Bessie S.

iv. Charity E.

v. Daisy

vi. Jesse

vii. Pearl

viii. John

ix. Henry.

1422 SARAH E. COZAD:

(Job 931; John 735; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born September 2, 1862. Married March 4, 1887 to William J. Riley. They live near Chillicothe, Ohio.

CHILDREN:

i. Alva Lewis

ii. James Clinton.

1423 SAMANTHA A. COZAD:

(Job 931; John 735; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born April 28, 1865. Married September 22, 1885 to John D. Riley. They live at Goodhope, Fayette County, Ohio.

CHILDREN:

i. William Orris

ii. Lottie

iii. Ethel

iv. Glen.

1423 LUCRETIA A. COZAD:

(Job 931; John 735; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born April 13, 1869. Married September 21, 1889 to George W. Downs. They live at Chillicothe, Ohio.

CHILDREN:

i. Homer

ii. Wilber
iii. Zelma

1425 FRANCIS C. COZAD:  
(Job 931: John 735; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born December 6, 1871. Married September 21 1897 to Nellie Smith. They live on a farm near Chillicothe, Ohio.

1426 ANNA M. COZAD:  
(Job 931: John 735; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).


1427 JAMES M. COZAD:  
(Job Washington 932: John 735; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born August 8, 1853 near Allensville, Ohio. Moved to Nebraska with parents. Married March 6, 1873 to Mary Frances Bratman, b. November 30, 1855. They live near Vinita, Schuyler Co., Mo.  
CHILDREN:  
i. Melvina Elnora, b. Jan. 21, 1874; Vinita.  
ii. Walter Eugene, Dec. 13, 1875; Vinita.  
iii. Tacie Jane, b. Mar. 9, 1878; Vinita.  
v. Alice Mable, b. Aug. 4, 1882; Vinita.  
vi. Alice Viola, b. Feb. 7, 1885; Vinita..  
viii. Cecil Milton, b. Feb. 4, 1890; Vinita.  
x. Inis Eliza, b. Feb. 27, 1894; Vinita.  
xi. Iris Abigail, b. Feb. 27, 1894; Vinita.  
xii. Forest Dane, b. Dec. 29, 1896; Vinita.

1428. ANN ELIZA COZAD:  
(Job Washington 932: John 735; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born February 24, 1856 near Allensville, Ohio, went west with parents. Married July 24, 1873 to Charles Washington Shaw.  
CHILDREN:  
i. Alonzo Milton, b. Nov. 16, 1887, Eaton, Colo.  
ii. Carmen E., b. April 21, 1890.  
vi. Maud.

1430. **ELMER ELLSWORTH COZAD:**

(John Washington 932; John 735; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born November 8, 1861 near Allensville, Ohio, went to Nebraska with parents; residence Hamilton, Caldwell Co. Mo Married December 25, 1884 to Nancy Jane Sadler, b. May 6, 1867.

CHILDREN:
i. Rolland Emery, b. Apr. 7, 1886; Hamilton, Mo.
ii. Homer Ellsworth, b. Mar. 1, 1888; do.
iv. Roy Raymond, b. Aug. 22, 1897; do.

1431. **TACIE LORAINE COZAD:**

(John Washington 932; John 735; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born September 16, 1863 near Allenville, Ohio, lives at Wilsonville, Nebr.

CHILDREN:
ii. Harry, b. Nov. 10, 1884.
iv. Olive, b. Sept. 18, 1887.

**SARAH E. COZAD:**

(John Washington 932; John 735; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born February 5, 1866. Married April 6, 1884 to Abraham Sylvester Hardin. They live at Beaver City, Thomas County, Nebraska.

CHILDREN:
ii. Merlin Ralph, b. July 2, 1887.
iii. Rob Roy, b. July 9, 1889.
v. Eula, b. May 17, 1894.
vi. Lena, b. Aug. 9, 1896.

1433 **JOHN H. COZAD:**

(John Washington 932; John 735; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).
Jacques 1).  


CHILD:  
1. Lois Melisa, b. February 13, 1878.

1435  
MARY L. COZAD:  

(John Washington 932; John 735; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born August 27, 1870. Married February 19, 1893 to Joseph Elsworth. They live at / (Smith) /Almena, Kansas.

CHILDREN:  
i. Verne, b. Mar. 29, 1894.  
iii. Carl, b. Feb. 20, 1898.

1434  
MARGARET S. COZAD:  


CHILD:  
i. Francis Julius, b. October 14, 1897.

1438  
CHARLES E. COZAD:  

(Jesse 933; John 735; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born near Allensville, Ohio, and there died. He married Sarah Jones by whom he had two daughters. His wife married after his death and lives (1903) in Vinton Co., Ohio.

CHILDREN:  
i. Laura Belle  
ii. Dorcas May; South Solon, Madison Co., Ohio.

1440  
RILEY COZAD:  

(Jesse 933; John 735; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born near Allensville, Ohio. Married Lillie E. Riley, died near Frankfort, Ross County, Ohio.

CHILDREN:  
i. Lindsay, deceased.  
ii. Mary Jane; Allensville, Ohio. 1443:

1443  
LINDSEY E. COZAD:
Born March 6, 1872, near Allensville, Ohio. Married Myrtle Clark, lives near Anderson, Ross Co., Ohio.

CHILDREN:
i. Emmett
ii. Ernest Raymond. 1467.

1467  WILLIAM ALLEN COZAD:

(Levi 939; Abraham 737; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born April 1, 1858, probably in Henry County, Ill., his present place of residence (1904) is unknown to any of his people.

1467  JOHN H. COZAD:

(Levi 939; Abraham 737; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born September 6 1862, married at Sidney, Fremont County, Iowa, June 14, 1887 to Sarah Mayson. They live at Plattsmouth, Cass County, Nebraska.

CHILDREN:
i. Bessie, b. June 12, 1889.
ii. Clara, b. May 16, 1891.
iii. William Henry, b. May 14, 1894.
iv. Walter Albert, b. February 5, 1897.

1468  MARY ETTA COZAD:

(Levi 939; Abraham 737; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).


CHILDREN:
iv. Anna, b. Jan. 4, 1890.
Barthy, b. Aug.10, 1892.

1469  HENRY J. COZAD:

(Levi 939; Abraham 737; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born May 3, 1866. Married Mattie Elson, July 1, 1894. They live nine miles from Malvern, Wills Co., Iowa. No children.
IDA ELNORA COZAD:

(Levi 939; Abraham 737; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

CHILDREN:

NATHAN COZAD:

(Job 940; Abraham 737; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born in 1857, near Allensville Ohio, or in Henry County, Ill., when a young boy of 15 he had some difficulty with his father and left home and his whereabouts are unknown.

JOHN H. COZAD:

Born in 1859. Married in 1891 to Lottie Willoughby. They live at Cheney, Spokane County, Washington.

MILES C. COZAD:

(Job 940; Abraham 737; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).


MARY BELLE COZAD:

(Job 940; Abraham 737; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

CHILDREN:
   i. Elizabeth v. Silva, deceased.
   ii. James vi. Goldie
   iii. Harry, twin vii. Edward

WILLIAM J. COZAD:

1482 CHARITY E. COZAD:
Born in 1868. Married 1886 to Stephen D. Lewis. They live at or near Geneseo, Henry County, Illinois.

1484 SIDNEY A. COZAD:
Born in 1873 in Henry County, Illinois. Married in 1894 to Dora Conklin. Now divorced. Sidney was electrucated in Muscatine, Ia., Sept. 15, 1921. Left wife and three children.

1485 MINTA E. COZAD:

1486 SARAH A. COZAD:

1487 LILLIE L. COZAD:

1493 JOSEPHINE COZAD:
Born in Benton County, Indiana, near Oxford She married 1st John Purdy, by whom had nine
children. She and her husband separated and she married a second time. She lives at McCook, Red Willow County, Nebraska. Purdy lives near Boswell, Benton County, Indiana.

CHILDREN:
i. Viola b. 1871 married.
ii. Laresta, b. 1874, d. 1876 at Pine Valley Ind.
iii. Warren, b. 1876 Boswell, Indiana.
iv. Nellie F., b. 1878. m. Grant Meade or Wade.
v. Wallance, b. 1880.
vi. Edward, b. 1883.
vii. Earle, b. 1886.
viii. Guy, b. 1888 died 1888.
ix. William, b. 1889.

THOMAS LEE COZAD:

(William Nathan 954; Jon 738; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born March 19 1875; married April 27, 1899 to Bertha Poston. They live at Canton, Lewis Co., Mo.

1494 WILLIAM NATHAN COZAD JR:

(William Nathan 954; Jon 738; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born February 4, 1877; married Minnie Hamden and live at Canton, Mo.

1496 CLARA A. COZAD:

(William Nathan 954; Jon 738; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born September 3, 1881; married June 10, 1899 to Joseph Hivist formerly of Pulaski City, Va. They live near Canton, Mo. She is a good correspondent and has taken much interest in the Cozad history.

CHILD:

1514. JOHN W. COZAD:

(Elijah 962; William 739; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).


CHILDREN:
ii. Frederick, b. Oct. 20, 1884.
iii. Ida May, b. Aug. 15, 1886.
vi. Roy, b. May 12, 1892.

1516 FRANKLIN M. COZAD:

(Elijah 962; William 739; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born December 28, 1866, near Oxford Ind., his present residence. Married January 14~, 1890 to Alice D. Pletcher, b. August 8, 1871.
CHILDREN:
i. Clifford, b. Aug. 26 1890
ii. Franklin, b. Sept. 29, 1891.
iv. Alice, b. May 29, 1895.
v. Ruby, b. October 24, 1896.

1517 MARY BELLE COZAD:

(Elijah 962; William 739; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born April 3, 1869 in Benton Co., Ind. Married there to John Frazier. They now live at Richmond, Ind.

1518 ELIJAH COZAD:

(Elijah 962; William 739; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

CHILD:
i. Forest Leona, b. April 26, 1897.

1519 ELMER A. COZAD:

Born November 29, 1873, near Oxford, Ind. Married December 23, 1897 to Alice Underwood.

1520 BERTHA V. COZAD:

Born May 14, 1877, near Oxford, Ind., married April 1, 1894 to Charles W. Pletcher.
MARTHA J. COZAD:
Born October 16, 1879, near Oxford, Ind. Married November 2, 1897 to Hanc Harbolt.

JOSIAH V. COZAD:
(Hezekiah 971; Joseph 740; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).
Born May 1855, probably in Vinton Co., Ohio, settlement and went to Iowa with parents. Married 1880 to Ella Berry. They live at Glenwood, Mills Co., Iowa.

NANCY J. COZAD:
(Hezekiah 971; Joseph 740; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).
Born in 1857; married in 1872 to Henry Dille. They live at Red Oak, Iowa.

RHODA M. COZAD:
(Hezekiah 971; Joseph 740; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).
Born in 1860; married in 1878 to John Bellis, They live at Castana, Iowa.

LYDIA C. COZAD:
(Hezekiah 971; Joseph 740; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).
Born in 1863; married in 1884 to James Potts. She died at Castana, Iowa.

WILLIAM G. COZAD:
Born in 1864; married in 1883 to Mary A. Abbott. They live in Iowa.

JEREMIAH F. COZAD:
(Hezekiah 971; Joseph 740; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).
Born in 1868 in Page County, Iowa; married and lives in that county near Shenandoah. Married in 1888 to Grace B. Lyner, b. September 7, 1869.
CHILDREN:
i. Jennie J., b. Apr. 10 1889
v. Sarah A., b. October 5, 1897.

1543 CHARLOTTE D. COZAD:
(Hezekiah 971; Joseph 740; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).
Born in 1869 in Page County, Iowa; married there in 1886 to John Potts.

1544 CHARITY R. COZAD:
(Hezekiah 971; Joseph 740; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).
Born in 1871 in Page County, Iowa; married there in 1888 to William Bellis.

1546 CHARLES E. COZAD.
(Hezekiah 971; Joseph 740; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).
Born in 1876 in Page County, Iowa, near Essex; married in Montgomery County, Iowa in 1895 to Ida Molien, b. December 13, 1866.
CHILD:

1549 RILEY COZAD:
(Josiah 972; Joseph 740; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).
Born either in Vinton Co., Ohio, or Stark Co., Ill. Now lives at Mound City, Holt County, Missouri. Record not received.

1550 CHARLES W. COZAD:
(William 975; Joseph 740; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).
Born February 23, 1867 in Page County, Iowa married in Montgomery County, Iowa, December 19, 1888 to Ella E Burnison who was born in Henry County, Illinois, June 3, 1869.
They live at Red Oak, Iowa.
CHILDREN:
i. Marian L., b. Aug. 2, 1890.
ii. Ray C., b. May 19, 1892.

1552  OLIVE L. COZAD:
(William 975; Joseph 740; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).
Born January 13, 1872 near Red Oak, Iowa. married March 9, 1892 to Edward Medhurst, who was born in Montgomery County, Iowa, April 8, 1870.
CHILDREN:
i. Nellie F., b. May 20, 1873.
ii. Mildred B., b. May 23, 1897.

1577  CLARA ISABELLE COZAD:
(Dr. James 995; Jacob 745; Elihu 643; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).
Born September 15, 1868; married Joseph Winfield S. Keezel at Reynolds Illinois, on January 11, 1894. Mr. Keezel died on June 28, 1912.

1578  JAMES MITCHELL COZAD:
(Dr. James 995; Jacob 745; Elihu 643; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).
Born January 24, 1870, died January 6, 1922. He married Rose Caulfield at Rock Island, Illinois, in October 1905.
CHILDREN:
ii. Dorothy, b. October 1911.

1579  LETTITEA GRAY COZAD:
(Dr. James 995; Jacob 745; Elihu 643; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).
Born November 25, 1872, graduated 1894 from Knox College, Galesburg, Illinois. Taught several years in Reynolds, Illinois; married December 24, 1901 to Francis Lee Bash, Port Townsend, Wn.
CHILDREN:
i. Francis Cozad b. June 3, 1903.

(     )  CORA B. COZAD:
(James 1002; Joseph 746; Elihu 643; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).
Born January 28, 1872 near Mercer, Pa.. Married March 15, 1899 to George W. Snyder who is at present employed in the rolling mill at Greenville, Pa.

( )

JOSEPHINE B. COZAD:

(James 1002; Joseph 746; Elibu 643; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born July 19, 1873 near Mercer, Pa.., married March 21, 1900 to William E. Fell. She is a graduate of the Fredonia, Pa., Institute and taught four years in the public schools of Mercer County, Penna. and two years near Summer, Iowa. Her husband conducts a hardware business at Orangeville, Ohio.

CHILD:

i. A daughter, b. July 29, 1901.

( )

KATE VICTORIA COZAD:

(James 1002; Joseph 746; Elibu 643; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born March 20, 1875 at the old homestead known as Cozad Hill two miles west of Mercer. She graduated from the State Normal at Slippery Rock, Pa. in 1896. In a class of 110 graduates she ranked 1st as a First Primary teacher and stood ninth in scholarship. She taught three years in Mercer County Schools. Health failing after a year as First Primary teacher at Mt. Pleasant, Pa., she returned home where she remained one year. Was then elected Principal the Buena Vista, Pa. schools and later accepted the position of first primary teacher in the Wheatland, Pa., schools. She is now (1901) teaching her third year at that place. She has been offered positions in Pittsburgh and Allegheny City, but acting on her Physicians advice, remains outside city school work.

( )

JAMES M. COZAD:

(James 1002; Joseph 746; Elibu 643; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born November 16, 1876 at the Cozad homestead on the hill two miles west of Mercer. Lived there until his marriage April 29 1895 to Mary E. Barr. Is employed in the rolling mill at Greenville, Pa.

CHILDREN:

i. Frederick Morton, b. Aug. 23 1896.

ii. Clifford James, b. Mar. 19, 1898.

iii. Ruth, b. April 29, 1899.

( )

WILLIAM COZAD:

(John 1004; Joseph 746; Elihu 643; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born July 25, 1867, near Mercer, Pa., married Mary Nash of Erie, Pa.. He is in the Clothing business at Titusville, Penna.
CHILD:
i. Ruth Eugenia, b. Feb. 12, 1898.

AGNES COZAD:

(John 1004; Joseph 746; Elihu 643; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born September 3, 1869; married William Nipples. They live at Meadville, Pa.
CHILDREN:
iii. Mary Madeline, b. Sept. 11, 1896.

MELISSA M. COZAD:

(Joseph A. 1005; Joseph 746; Elihu 643; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born September 26, 1864, near Mercer, Pa., married November 10, 1896 to Andrew Leighton.
Their residence is at Loraine, Ohio.
CHILDREN:
i. George Andrew, b. Aug. 1, 1897.
ii. Blanch Melissa, b. Aug. 29, 1898.

JOSEPHINE A. COZAD:

(John 1004; Joseph 746; Elihu 643; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

CHILDREN:
i. George, b. December 1, 1890;
ii. Bedford, b. September 16, 1893.

JENNIE K. COZAD:

(Joseph A. 1005; Joseph 746; Elihu 643; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).


JOSEPH A. COZAD: Jr.

(Joseph A. 1005; Joseph 746; Elihu 643; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).
Born August 10, 1871, near Mercer, Pa. Present residence Forty Fort, Pa. (Fort Adams, Mass.)

( ) BLANCHE A. COZAD:

(Joseph A. 1005; Joseph 746; Elihu 643; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born March 22, 1874, near Mercer, Pa., married March 7, 1895 to Edward Beeman; present residence Loralne, Ohio.
CHILD:
John Floyd, b. February 1, 1896.

1583 FRANK G. COZAD:

(Noble A. 1008; Joseph M. 746; Elihu 643; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born March 1, 1875, near Mercer, Pa., married July 16, 1898 to Minnie Maude Barr. Live at Greenville, Pa.

1584 MYRTLE M. COZAD:

(Joseph A. 1005; Joseph 746; Elihu 643; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born November 20, 1877 near Mercer, Pa., married Feb. 15, 1898 to Frederick Foxall. Live at Greenville, Pa.
CHILD:
i. Helen Melissa, b. September 18, 1899.

( ) MARY ANDERSON COZAD:

(Anderson D. (); Henry A. 750; Elihu 643 Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

 Born December 11, 1880 near Mercer, Pa., md. June 6, 1900 to Charles Linton. Present residence New Castle, Pa. CHILD: i. Florence Isabelle, b. February 24,

1901

NINTH GENERATION
(In America)

1819 EDWIN COZAD:

(Benjamin 1301; John 888; Job 730; Nathaniel 640; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10;
Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born March 21, 1877, near Watkins, Benton Co., Iowa and resides there.

1820  **ORRA COZAD:**

(Benjamin 1301; John 888; Nathaniel 640; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born March 21, 1877 near Watkins, Benton Co., Iowa; married September 6, 1894 to Harry E. Troutman. They live at Eldora, Iowa.

1837  **ALICE A. COZAD:**

(William 1313; John 900; Nathaniel 731; Nathaniel 640; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born October 4, 1858 in Mercer Co., Pa. After her fathers death went with her mother and family to Oakland Co., Michigan; married May 11, 1887 to Jay Bradford Draper, who was born at Kalamazoo, Mich., March 26, 1860. They reside at Pontiac, Mich., where Mr. Draper is a prosperous business man.

CHILD:

i. Lenora, b. October 25, 1890.

1838  **MELISSA M. COZAD:**

(William 1313; John 900; Nathaniel 731; Nathaniel 640; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born August 11, 1860 in Mercer Co., Pa., went with family to near Pontiac Mich. She married Marshall Barkman. They reside at Flint, Genesee Co., Mich., and have two sons and two daughters.

1839  **JOHN C. COZAD:**

(William 1313; John 900; Nathaniel 731; Nathaniel 640; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

John C. Cozad was born March 31, 1862 in Cherry Tree Twp., Venango Co., Pa., moved with family to Michigan; married June 17, 1891 to Mary L. Palmer, born at Wayne, Mich., Oct. 18, 1869. They reside at Wayne where he is a prosperous hardware merchant.

CHILDREN:

i. John J., b. Apr. 24, 1892, d. May 15, 1892.

ii. Hazel Ella, b. June 2, 1893.


iv. Laura Marion, b. April 14, 1897.

1840  CHARLES E. COZAD:

(William 1313; John 900; Nathaniel 731; Nathaniel 640; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born November 7, 1863 In Cherry Tree Twp., Venango Co., Pa., moved with family to Michigan. Living in Oakland Co., fifteen or more years, then settled at Detroit. November 8, 1873 he married Lavina Risk, a. member of a Presbyterian Scotch-Irish family from Canada. Oliver L. Cozad of Marion, Ohio, visited them at their home 110 McGraw Ave., Detroit, August 18, 1900. He found them a most intelligent, hospitable and altogether charming family. Mr. Cozad is an Electrician and is connected with the Detroit Electric Light Commission. They are members of the McGraw Ave., Presbyterian Church. Mr. Cozad is tall, slender and of dark complexion. CHILD: Gladys Irene, b. February 5, 1897.

1841  LEROY W. COZAD:

(William 1313; John 900; Nathaniel 731; Nathaniel 640; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).


1842  WILLIAM B. COZAD:

(William 1313; John 900; Nathaniel 731; Nathaniel 640; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born January 22, 1867 In Venango County, Pa., moved to Oakland, Mich., married Emma Smitheman. They live at Ganes, Mich., where he is in hardware business.

1843  ELLIS E. COZAD:

(John 1314; John 900; Nathaniel 731; Nathaniel 640; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).


1845  PHILIP S. COZAD:
Born March 5, 1867 near Sharpsville, Pa., married January 20, 1892 to Rose Tidwell of Sharon, Pa. Their present residence.

1846  **HARRY S. COZAD:**

Born December 16, 1868, near Sharpsville, Pa. married August 1, 1892 to Emma Miller of Sharpsville. They live in Ashtubula Co., Ohio.

1847  **WILLIAM A. COZAD:**

Born February 6, 1871 near Sharpsville, Pa., married August 30, 1899 to Ammie Earnest. Present residence is at Sharon, Pa.

1848  **ALVA CLYDE COZAD:**


1849  **IRENE MAY COZAD:**

Born April 30, 1875 near Sharpsville, Pa., married April 1899 to Vincent Jordan. Present residence South Sharon, Penna.

1850  **JOHN JAY COZAD:**

( ARMINDA A. COZAD:

(William 1349; Daniel 909; Henry 732; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born near Allensville, Ohio, married Sherman Yearin. They live near Jackson, Jackson Co., Ohio. Have three children.
CHILDREN:
i. Ethel
ii. Floyd
iii. Dessa.

HIRAM COZAD:

(William 1349; Daniel 909; Henry 732; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born near Allensville, Ohio, married Sarah Jarvis. Lives near Allensville, Ohio.
CHILDREN:
Delvan
Goldie
Dessa.

THOMAS MARION COZAD:

(Henry J. 1351; Daniel 909; Henry 732; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born near Allensville, Ohio, married June 5, 1878 to Malalia Tacker.
CHILDREN:
i. William H., b. May 13, 1879; Allensville, Ohio.

ELIZABETH J. COZAD:

(Henry J. 1351; Daniel 909; Henry 732; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).


HENRY J. COZAD:

(Henry J. 1351; Daniel 909; Henry 732; Rev. Job 642; Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born September 6, 1862 near Allensville, Ohio; married January 9, 1886 to Emma Tibbetts. Residence Bartley, Nebraska.
CHILDREN:
i. Charles Chester, b. Oct. 15, 1886.
iv. Mary Agosta, b. Nov. 8, 1892.

( ) WILLIAM P. COZAD:

(John D. 1352; Daniel 909; Henry 732; Rev. Job 642 Job 608; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born March 24, 1868 near Allensville, Ohio, where he is now a photographer. Married May 29, 1890 to Lydia B. Brown, b. September 1, 1871.

CHILDREN:


( ) LILLY J. COZAD:

Born May 23, 1875 at Allensville, Ohio; married December 22, 1898 to Charles W. Brown. Lives near McArthur, Vinton County, Ohio

The End.

***************************************************

701 ANDREW COZAD:

(Samuel Jr. 632; Samuel 607; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born about 1800 in Pennsylvania, died about 1872 at Cleveland, Ohio. Was a Democrat in politics, and a member of the Congregational Church. Married Miss Simmons who died at Cleveland about 1884.

CHILDREN:

i. Justus L; of Cleveland, Ohio.
ii. Dudley; of Cleveland, Ohio.
858. iii. Henry Irving; of Cleveland, Ohio.
iv. Marcus Eugene; of Cleveland, Ohio.
v. Sarah (Duty); of Cleveland, Ohio.

358 HENRY IRVING COZAD:

(Samuel Jr. 632; Samuel 607; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born about 1841, at Cleveland, Cuyahoga Co., Ohio, died there 1874. Married January 1870 at Canfield, Maluring County, Ohio, to Lucy Emma Hine, b. March 7, 1849 at Canfield, Ohio, the daughter of Benjamine Hine and Silva Cerustock. Henry was a Republican in politics and belonged to the Congregational church.
CHILD:

1262   HENRY IRVING COZAD:

(Henry Irving 858; Samuel Jr. 632; Samuel 607; Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

Born September 22 1872 at Cleveland, Cuyhoga Co., Ohio; resides there (1935). Married May 5, 1900 in Richfield Twp., Summit Co., Ohio, to Celia Alide Humphrey, b. February 4, 1877, the daughter of Truman Humphrey and Alida Hale. Henry furnished data on this page.

CHILDREN:
   i.  Pauline Humphrey Cozad Newell, b. 1901, m. 1927. Have two children dead. Lives in Baltimore, Md.

613   LEAH COSART:

(Jacob 601; Anthony 10; Jacques 3; Jacques 1).

655   ELIZABETH RIGGS:

Daughter of Leah Cosart above. (The following is quoted from page 117, “The Riggs Family Genealogy”.)

“Elizabeth Riggs Hankins daughter of Joseph Riggs of Hightstown, N.J. was born there September 29, 1762. In the early spring of 1784 she was married to Enoch Hankins a young farmer of Middlesex County, N.J. who was born 1761. It was a runaway match, and the young people settled about eight miles from Pittsburgh, Pa., where they reared a family of ten children, lived to old age, and were buried in the burying ground of the Peters Creek Baptist Church. It is a remarkable fact that of seven daughters, six them died of consumption at about the age of 40. Elizabeth was a most devoted Christian mother, strong in her attachments to the Baptist Church, and she lived to nurse and bury most of her daughters. Enoch was a successful farmer, from a Quaker parentage.

CHILDREN:
   i.  Ramoth, b. Dec. 27, 1784 m. and left a large family in Ohio.
   ii.  Leah, b. Sept. 11, 1786, m. twice: issue to both: died old.
   v.   Enoch b. April 11, 1792, m. but nothing is known of his issue.
   viii. John, b. Aug. 8, 1800, m. issue by and living in Iowa.

NOTE: Elizabeth Riggs Hankins was the eldest child of Leah Cozad Riggs and Joseph Riggs.

(Submitted by: Homer H. Hankins, Deputy Recorder, Ottawa, Illinois).
HENRY COSSAIRT:

(Father unknown, but probably Francis).

Henry Cossairt was born about 1805; died May 6, 1876, aged 71 years. Married May 28, 1827 to Mary Caroline Kurtz.

CHILDREN:

i. Simon Peter Cossairt, born August 3, 1846 at Glasgow, Howard County, Missouri.
   Married October 9, 1870 at Florence, Switzerland County, Indiana to Elizabeth Louise Deppe, who died November 4, 1930. Simon Peter Cossairt died June 15, 1922, aged 76 years.
   CHILDREN:
   (1) William Henry Cossairt.
   (2) Charles Frederick Cossairt.
   (3) Margaret Ann Cossairt
   (4) Mary Louise (Cossairt) Newton.

(All four children are members of “Cossart Company, Florists, Shelbyville, Shelby County, Ind.).

ii. Charles Henry Cossairt, born September 1851, died in infancy.

WALTER CASAD:

Walter Casad was born January 8, 1873 in Hardin County, Illinois; married February 19, 1903 to Gertrude Adeline James born September 15, 1878. Residence: 3918 Fulton St., San Francisco, Calif.

CHILDREN:

   Residence: Belmont, Calif.
   CHILD:
   (1) Rosalyn Ann, b. August 6, 1934.

ii. Velma Jean Casad, b. March 1, 1907.

   Residence: 2950 Fulton Street, San Francisco, Calif.
   CHILD:
   (1) Robert William, b. March 26, 1936.

iv. Harriet Elizabeth Casad, b. January 7, 1911, d. at Merced, Calif.
May 25, 1918.

**152 JACOB CASSAT:**

Jacob Cassad, born near Hunterstown, Adams County, Penna., June 13, 1799. Died at Hunterstown, Pa., June 19, 1873. Married October 31, 1832. Was a Presbyterian by faith. Married Sarah C. McIlhenny born October 31, 1800, died November 4, 1857. She was the daughter of Alexander McIlhenny and Elizabeth Reid. James McIlhenny the father of Alexander was born about 1736 in Ireland.

CHILD:

238 i. David William Cassat.

**238 REV. DAVID WILLIAM CASSAT:**

Born on a farm near Hunterstown, Adams County, Penna. Died July 7, 1921 at Corning, Iowa. Married April 18, 1888 at Red Oak, Iowa. Was a Republican in politics. A member of the G.A.R., having served in Company "K", 184th Pennsylvania Volunteers. He was a Presbyterian minister for 42 years; graduated from The Pennsylvania College in 1870 and from Princeton Theo. Sem. in 1873. Married Lillian Berryhill born March 24, 1866 at Piqua, Ohio, the daughter of Aurelius Parnam Berryhill and Miss Dodds.

CHILDREN:

423. i. Paul Clifford Cassat, b. July 28, 1889, died May 14, 1936 at Beaufort, South Carolina.
425. iii. David Berrybill Cassat, b. 1894, at Vail, Iowa.
426. iv. Lillian Cassat Smith, b. February 19, 1900; residence 2754 Ridge Ave., Evanston, Illinois.

**426 DAVID BERRYHILL CASSAT:**

Born January 25, 1894 at Vail, Iowa. Married April 20, 1922 at Dubuque, Iowa, to Ruth Boleyn Lyon, born August 9, 1900, the daughter of Geprge Taylor Lyon and Sarah Boleyn. David resides at 890 Mt. Carmel Road, Dubuque, Iowa.

CHILDREN:

ii. Jean Boleyn Cassat, b. February 24, 1925.

(Reference: The data on the previous page furnished by David B. Cassat, No. 425 above).

( ) **HENRY COSSAIRT (Possibly No. 226, see p. 760).**

Henry Cossairt, probably son of Albert 144, born April 24, 1805, died at Vevay, Indiana, May 5, 1876, aged 71. Married May 28, 1827 to Mary Caroline Kurtz, born September 16, 1806 at
Philadelphia, Pa., died March 12, 1865 in Missouri. She was the daughter of Charles F. Kurtz, born at Karlsruhe, Germany, and Lecil (Cecil?) Grammer, born at Karlsruhe, Germany. Mr. Cossairt was a Presbyterian in religion.

CHILDREN:

i. Simon Peter Cossairt, born August 3, 1846, deceased.

ii. Charles Henry Cossairt, born September 1851, deceased, Circa 1854.

SIMON PETER COSSAIRT:

Simon Peter Cossairt, resided at Shelbyville, Ind., he was born August 3, 1846 at Glasgow, Howard County, Missouri, and died at the age of 76 years on June 15, 1922 at Shelbyville, Indiana. He was a Democrat in politics and a member of the Presbyterian Church. Married October 9, 1870 at Florence, Switzerland County, Indiana to Elizabeth Louise Deppe born September 24, 1851 in Germany. She died November 4, 1930 at Shelbyville, Shelby County, Indiana.

CHILDREN:

i. William Henry Cossairt, born May 7 1872.

ii. Mary Louise Cossairt, b. May 21, 1875.


iv. Charles Frederick Cossairt, b. Jan. 1, 1891.

v. Grace Elizabeth Cossairt, b. at Vevay, Indiana, April 2, 1888, died October 8, 1894 at Shelbyville, Indiana.

WILLIAM HENRY COSSAIRT:

William Henry Cossairt of Shelbyville, Indiana, was born May 7, 1892 in Galatan County, Kentucky (Gallatin Co.) married at Shelbyville, Ind., October 9, 1915 (?) to Ruby Du Bois, born March 20, 1880, the daughter of John Sanders Du Bois and Jane Du Bois.

CHILD:


MARY LOUISE COSSAIRT: (See above).

Mary Louise Cossairt of Shelbyville, Ind., was born May 21, 1875 at Vevay, Switzerland County, Indiana. Married January 11, 1898 at Shelbyville, Ind., to William Edward Newton, b. October 7, 1868 d. August 22, 1905 at Morristown, Indiana, the son of John Newton and Anne Mahaffy.

CHILD:

i. Norman Newton, b. July 7, 1901 at Morristown, Indiana.

MARGARET ANN COSSAIRT: (See page 760, 762).

Margaret Ann Cossairt of Shelbyville, Ind., born July 28, 1885 at Vevay, Switzerland County, Indiana. Manages a flower shop at Shelbyville. Unmarried. She has furnished data on the descendants of Henry Cossairt her Grandfather.
CHARLES FREDERICK COSSAIRT: (See page 760, 762).

Charles Frederick Cossairt of Shelbyville, Indiana, was born at that place January 1, 1891. Married January 14, 1915 at Shelbyville to Margaret Hansen Robins, b. December 9, 1896, the daughter of John Everett Robins and Deva Blanche Hanson.

CHILDREN:

i. Elizabeth Ellen Cossairt, b. October 25, 1916 at Shelbyville, Ind. She married June 30, 1936 to Kenneth Thomas in Shelbyville, Indiana.

ii. Mary Ann Cossairt, born February 27, 1921.

(Reference: Margaret Ann Cossairt, Shelbyville, Indiana, October 5, 1936).

SARAH COZAD:

John Day Oregon January 13, 1932. Funeral services were held in Canyon City yesterday for Sarah D. Cozad, 87, early resident of Grant County. Interment at the Canyon City cemetery was in charge of Rev M. G. Tennyson. Mrs. Cozad died late Sunday night at her home in Canyon City. Mrs. Cozad was born in California, Mo. January 28, 1845, and crossed the plains to the Pacific coast in 1853 with the Applegate caravan. She was married to Thomas G. Cozad in 1862 at Oakland, Oregon. The eight children surviving her are:

Mrs. William Ferre of Portland.
Mrs. C. J. McIntosh of Corvallis.
Mrs. P. F. Chandler, of Canyon City.
Mayme Cozad of Canyon City.
G. B. Cozad of Canyon City and Klamath Falls.
H. L. Cozad of Canyon City.
V. J. Cozad of Burns.

The End

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